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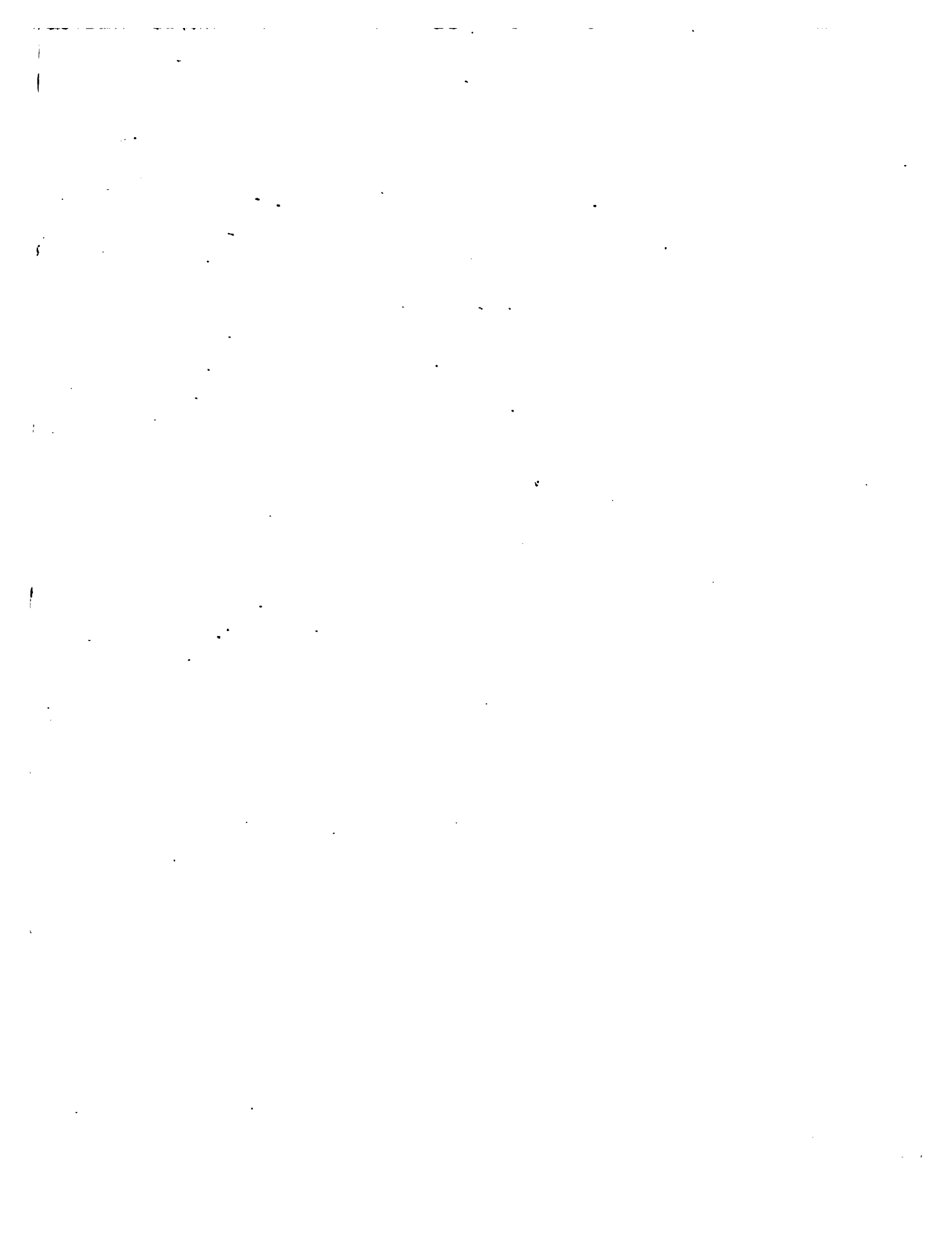
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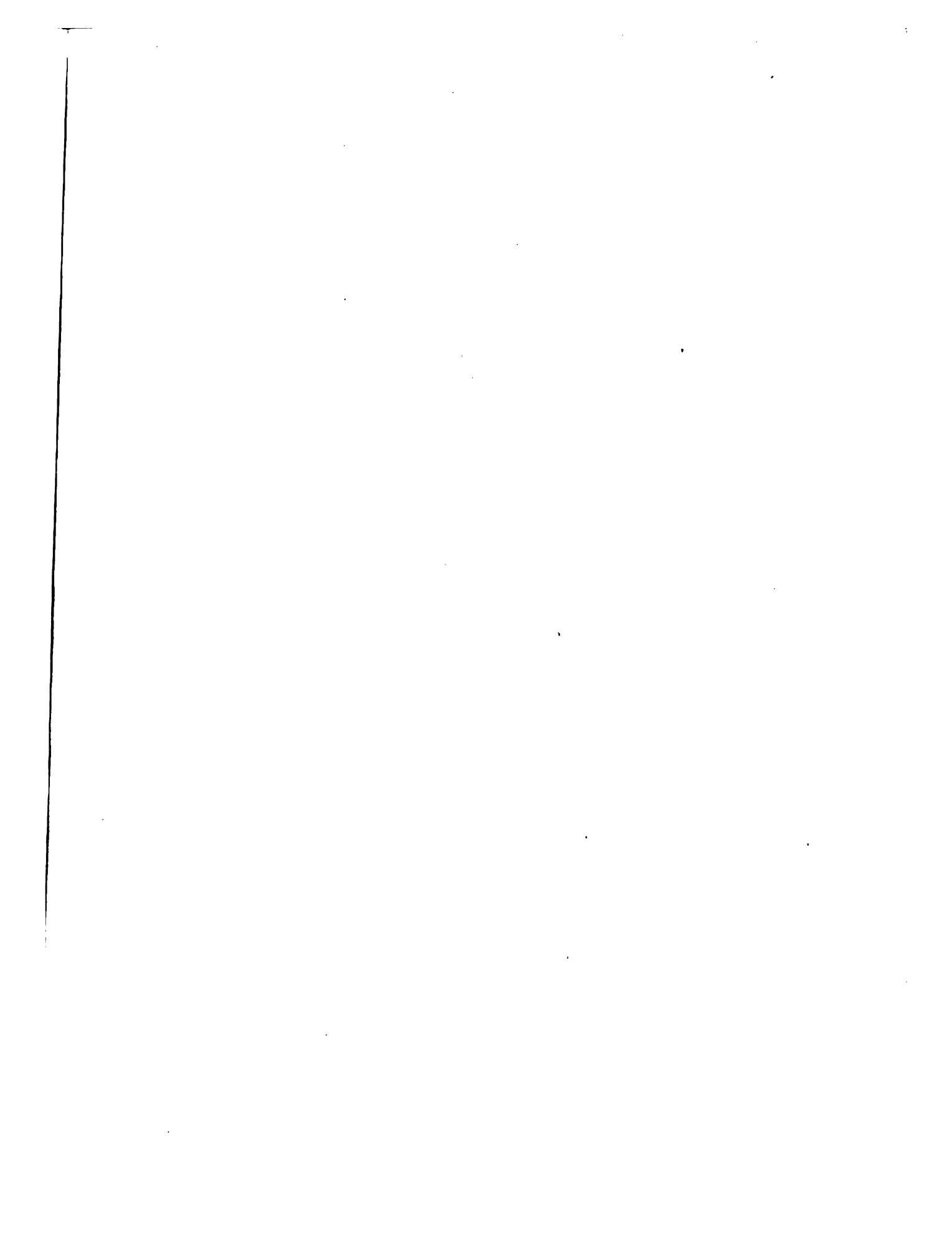
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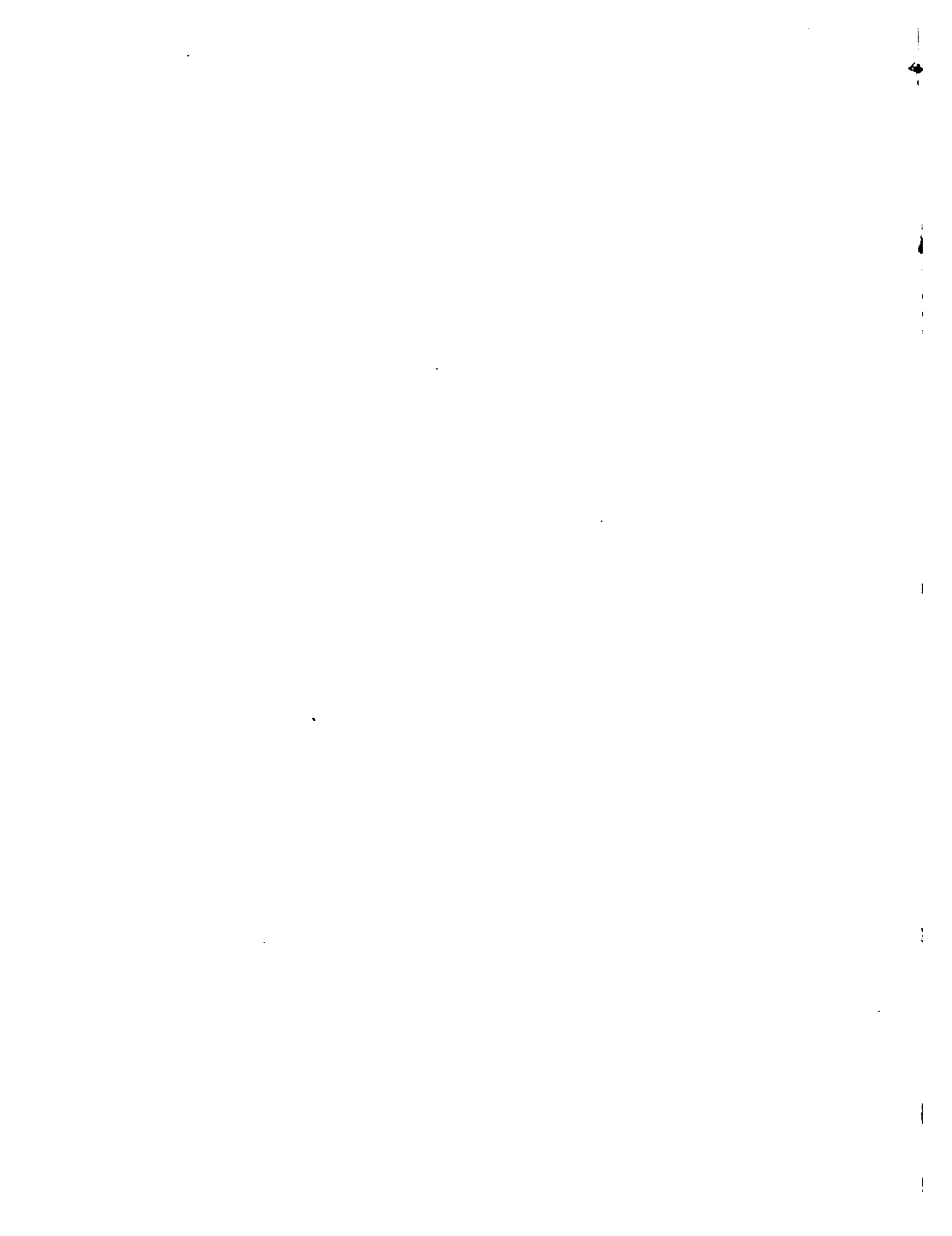


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SOCIÉTÉ JERSIAISE.

Rolls of the Assizes

HELD IN THE

CHANNEL ISLANDS

IN THE

Second Year of the Reign
of King Edward ii.

A.D. 1309.

PUBLICATION 18^{M.F.}



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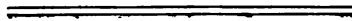
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PREFACE

The history of the Channel Islands during the centuries immediately following the Norman Conquest will remain obscure until that very important series of documents known as the Assize Rolls has been published. Not only do they throw much light on the rise and development of local institutions, judicial in particular, but it is possible to obtain from them a very perfect picture of the social condition of the Islanders in the middle ages.

The transcript of the Roll which is now published was made by Mr Arthur F. Heintz during the Secretary-ship of the late Mr Humphrey Marett Godfray, but at his death only a portion thereof had come into the possession of the Société Jersiaise, and it is only quite recently that Lord de Saumarez acquired the remainder and very generously presented the same to the Society.

A brief account of the nature of the Assizes held in the Islands by the Justices-Itinerant will not be out of place. The institution of Assizes is anterior to the separation of the Islands from Normandy. They were to be held at intervals of three years, and appear to have so taken place until the end of the reign of Edward I, after which period they were held at irregular intervals. In Normandy the Assizes were, with certain exceptions, presided over by the Seneschal or his delegates, but whether the Justices holding them in these Islands were nominated by the Seneschals or by the English Sovereigns must remain for the present an open question. After the conquest of the Duchy by Philip Augustus the Wardens of the Islands were often appointed, with others, to hold the Assizes, but under Edward I and his successors we find that Justices-Itinerant were specially named to conduct these judicial proceedings. It must not however be inferred that the institution of these Justices-Itinerant was derived from the Norman system of the holding of Assizes by three or four

sworn Barons or Knights. The custom of sending Judges on circuit through the Counties of England dates from the reign of Henry I, who brought the provincial judicature into connexion with the central judicature by means of the eyres of the Judges. It must not be assumed that England adopted the Norman polity in matters legal merely because we find a similarity in the institutions.

The Justices-Itinerant sent to the Islands were generally nominated by letters patent of the King in duplicate, i.e. the Commission itself was usually accompanied by a letter addressed to the permanent officers of the King and to the inhabitants notifying the appointment and demanding that obedience and assistance should be given to the Judges. The Commissions usually set out the matters of which the Justices were to take cognizance. Besides the usual business of Assize, they were sometimes specially directed to adjudicate on particular suits; sometimes to hear complaints against the King's Officers, the Jurats, &c. At times again it was the condition of the Royal Revenues or the Customs and Laws of the Islands that had to be enquired into. The King's revenues and profits indeed seem never to have been lost sight of and the great number of ameracements or fines inflicted by these Judges, which accrued to the Crown, leads one to conclude that there existed under the Norman Kings an intimate connexion between judicature and finance. Our countryman Wace has well pictured the condition of the people in those days of judicial exactions in the following graphic lines:

Ne poent une heure avoir paiz.
 Jur en jur sunt semuns de plaiz :
 Plaiz de forez, plaiz de moneies,
 Plaiz de purprises, plaiz de veies,
 Plaiz de biés, plaiz de moutes
 Plaiz de fautez, plaiz de toutes.

On the arrival of the Justices in the Islands all judicial functionaries and other officers were summoned to appear. A list of such was drawn up, to which was added a list of the Jurors of each parish, whose duty it was to make presentments of crimes and misdemeanours, of encroachments on the royal domain and of anything done to the detriment or prejudice of the King's revenues and rights.

The Justices then proceeded with the various pleas, Crown pleas, Common pleas, Pleas of "quo warranto", of Gaol Delivery, &c. An interesting account of these is to be found in "Les Cour Royales des Iles Normandes" by Julien Havet, a work which we would strongly recommend to any one desiring to profitably study and investigate the contents of this publication.

The present volume contains the pleas held in the 2nd year of Edward II's reign before John de Fressingfeld, John de Ditton, William Russel, and Drogo de Barentin. The original MS. is in the Public Record Office and though really forming only one roll, being a record of the proceedings of one assize, is catalogued as if it were two, under the numbers 1160 and 1161. Probably this arose from the second portion becoming detached from the first at some remote period during the custody of these documents in the Tower of London, which resulted in the second part being exposed to the effects of damp, whilst the first shared a better fate. It is to be remarked that the first part is in an excellent condition whilst a great number of the membranes of the second are very imperfect.

The Roll is one of the most important and interesting of these ancient manuscripts. It contains many and minute particulars as to the administration of justice, and the ecclesiastical relations of the Islands with Normandy and the See of Coutances. But perhaps the most important part of the roll is the enquiry held concerning the Customs obtaining in the Islands and the rights and privileges of the inhabitants to govern themselves according to such customs. The commonalty of each Island (*Communitas Insulae*) was called upon to put in a statement of the customs claimed and the laws by which they are governed, and the Justices having obtained this, the pleas of "quo warranto" against them were proceeded with, the whole in the presence of William des Mareys, the King's Counsel or Attorney General, who seems to have strongly contested the claims made by the Islanders, and in whose pleas will be found in full detail the complaints brought against them. A close study of the pleas recorded on both sides will shed considerable light on the subject of the judicature at the period of the separation of the Islands from Continental Normandy, as well as on the bearing of the document which is known as the "Constitutions" of King John.

It will be seen that the Justices of 1309 did not give any decision on the claims of the Islanders but referred the matter to the Court of the King's Bench, and it may be interesting to note that the points raised were not adjudicated upon for many years to come. In 1320 William de Bourne, Nicolas de Cheny and John de Carteret were appointed Justices in Eyre and these rendered judgment entirely in favour of the Islanders, who had based their claims and privileges on immemorial possession and use. But the King was not satisfied, fearing that his authority might be lessened, and three years afterwards other Justices, Henry Spigurnell and William Denon were sent over. They reversed the decisions given by William de Bourne and his associates. The question dragged on until the Islanders in 1333 resorted to a petition⁽¹⁾ to the King and Parliament, which was referred to a special Committee of the House. The Islanders questioned the legality of the writs of "quo warranto,"⁽²⁾ demanded that the prosecution of these suits should cease and prayed that new Justices be sent over and that their privileges be confirmed. The result was satisfactory; for a writ of the King, dated the 12th February, 1333, ordered the Judges of the King's Bench, to whom the question had been referred, to suspend all proceedings, and henceforth we hear no more of this remarkable episode. That the position was acute may be gathered from the fact that when in 1331 the itinerant Justices visited the Islands, they found the Islanders had formed an association, at the head of which were the Priors of St. Clement and the Vale and some members of the leading local families, with the object of defending their liberties. To the number of five hundred they presented themselves before the Justices, pleaded their case, and declared they would defend their liberties at the peril of their lives. They were arrested as rebels and tried, but the jury acquitted them.⁽³⁾ In pre-

(1) This petition (in Norman French) is printed in the Appendix to Havet's *Cours Royales des Iles Normandes*, Number xxxv, page 228.

(2) A writ of "quo warranto" was an action against persons who were supposed to have appropriated to themselves chattels belonging to the King or usurped royal rights. Unless the defendant could produce a legal title, the chattel or right usurped was recovered for the Crown.

(3) See Commissioner's Criminal Report for Guernsey (1848), page 310, where a considerable portion of the Roll of the Justices of 1831 is published. See also Dupont, *Histoire du Cotentin et de ses Iles*, vol. ii, pp. 245—248.

sence of this condition of affairs it is highly probable that Edward III, about to go to war with the French, did not wish to alienate the sympathies of his subjects of the Norman Archipelago. On many occasions, indeed, the Islanders had gently hinted their dangerous proximity to France & they knew well how to appeal to the King and his Council on this score. They had bravely withstood every attempt to wrest from them their liberties and franchises and a few years afterwards, on the 18th July, 1341, Edward amply confirmed to them their cherished customs and privileges.

It will thus be readily recognised how desirable it is that the contents of these Rolls should be published. The work is not only great but costly. Yet without this material it is impossible to bring to bear any sound criticism on the early institutions of these Islands. The Société Jersiaise having now entered upon the threshold of the task, it is sincerely to be hoped it may be in a position to continue the publication of these Rolls, the utility of which to the future historian of Jersey is indubitable.

The translation of the Roll is in the main the work of Miss E. M. Walford. The revision thereof was entrusted to us by the Executive Committee of the Society. The task has not been of the easiest, for many passages have presented considerable difficulties of interpretation. It is to be hoped therefore that allowance will be made for any errors that may have escaped notice. The reader's attention is drawn to the list of Errata which have been discovered in the course of the publication. Three indices which have been made as complete as possible accompany the work and will afford easy reference to the student.

GERVAISE LE GROS,
ED. TOULMIN NICOLLE.

ERRATA.

- Page
- 10, line 30. For "pardoned" read "granted."
- 11, " 14. For "consider" read "determine."
- 14, " 12. "Saynk" is doubtless "Saint's Bay," Guernsey.
- 23, " 9. For "principal things" read "things appertaining to the Prince."
- 44, " 27. For "reasonably" read "lawfully."
- 49, " 14. For "de Bosc" read "du Bois."
- 60, last line. For "Coolms" read "Coloms."
- 74, line 26. Between "Precentor" and "Chapter" insert words "of the."
- 80, 5 lines from bottom. For "Sheriff" read "Viscount."
- 95, line 17. For "cry of" read "Clameur de Haro."
- 113, " 22 (Latin). For "de Puten" read "Patenti Pomerio."
- 130, " 27. For "he is outlawed" read "his appearance is required and he is outlawed."⁽¹⁾
- 163, " 24. For "fumiage" read "fumage."
- 171, " 11. For "cited" read "accused."
- " last line. For "port assigned to" read "sentence pronounced on."
- " (Latin version), l. 8. For "rectatis" read "rectatos."
- " " 14. For "rec....." read "recto."
- " " 21. For "ven....." read "venerint."
- " " 24. For "Rot....." read "Rotulis."
- 176, lines 13 & 14. For "Gremdaveine" read "Greindaveine."
- 214, line 22. For "whose domestic servant he is" read "under whose authority he is."

Note to page 269.

CONSERVATORES PRIVILEGIORUM UNIVERSITATIS PARISIS: Pro tuendis autem ipsius Universitatis et suorum officiorum juribus instituti sunt duo Conservatores, scilicet Conservator Apostolicus, et Conservator Regius, coram quibus ipsius Universitatis supposita, quascumque personas sibi reas et in aliqua re obligatas faciunt convenire. (See Ducange under "Conservator").

The connection between the Islands & the University of Paris is not very clear.

(1) *Exigatur et ullagatur*.—The writ of *exigi facias* (writ of exigent) was so-called because it *exacted* the appearance of the party against whom it was issued within certain days of proclamation under pain of outlawry. The expression occurs frequently in this Roll and has been translated "banished and outlawed." In all cases therefore the translation given in the Errata above should be substituted.

Rolls of the Assizes

ADDITIONAL ERRATUM.

Page 228 (*Translation*).

line 28. For "Simon de la Haye" read "Simon de la Hague."

A. D. 1309.

2 Edward ii.
Record Office,
N^o 1160.

Plita querelarū coram Johne de ffresingfeld e
Wiffo Russel Justiciā d[ñi] Regis assignatis in Insulis ad
audiend querelas dñsoꝝ conquerenciū de ministris dñi Regis
e Ottonis de Grandisono in qñdena sc̃i Joh̃nis bapt̃ anno
regni dñi Edwardi Reg^o Angt̃ sc̃do finiente.

ffresingfeld.

(M. 1.) Dñs Rex mandavit hic liſas suas patenť in hec verba. Edwardus
Dei grā Rex Angt̃ Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit̃ dilectis e fidelibus suis
Joh̃ni de ffresingfeld e Wifmo Russel Sal̃m. Quia ex querela quo-
rundam Insulanoꝝ de Gernereye, Jerseye, Serk e Aureneye accepim^o
qd̃ qđā ministri e Balli tam p̃ dñm E quondam Regem Angt̃ patrem
nostrū q^m p̃ nos ad insulas p̃dcas quas dilectus e fidelis noster Otto
de Grandisono tenet ad terminū vite sue ex concessione d̃ci patris
nostri certis Raĉōnibꝫ missi necnō e ministri e balliui Insulaꝫ illaꝫ
per p̃d̃m Ottonem deputati iniurias t^{ansgressiones} e dampna d̃ſsa
voluntarie e absq̃ causa raĉōnabili p̃d̃cis Insulanis multipliciť in-
tulerunt; et qđ idem ministri e balliui iniurias t^{ansgressiones} e
dampna huiusmodi eisdem Insulanis adhuc de die in diem inferre
non desistunt p̃t in quibusdam petiĉōibus Insulaꝫ p̃dcoꝝ coram nobis
e consilio nr̃o exhibitis, quas vobis mittim^o sub pede sigilli nr̃i pleni^o
continent, volentes eisd̃m Insulanis de ministr^o e balliuis p̃d̃cis
coram vobis conqueri volentibus fieri celeris Justitie complementū
assig^{uim}^o vos Justiciarios nostros ad querelas om̃iū de Insulis p̃dcis
sup̃ Iniuriis t^{ansgressionibꝫ} e dampnis eis p̃ p̃d̃cōs ministros e balli-
uos illatis conqueri volenciū audiendū e ſminandū et ad justiciam
inde p̃tibus p̃d̃cis faciendū sc̃dm legem e consuetudinē Insulaꝫ p̃dcaꝫ

Pleas of the Plaints before John de Fresingfeld & William Russel Justices of the Lord the King appointed to hear in the Islands the plaints of divers plaintiffs concerning the officers of the lord the King and of Otto de Grandison ending in the quindene of St. John the Baptist in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England.

Fresingfeld.

(M. 1.) The lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld & William Russel greeting. Because through the complaints of certain islanders of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney we understand that certain officers & bailiffs sent for certain reasons as well by the lord E. formerly King of England our father as by us to the islands aforesaid which our beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison holds for the term of his life of the grant of our said father, also the officers & bailiffs of those islands deputed by the aforesaid Otto, have very often inflicted divers wrongs, trespasses & damages, voluntarily & without reasonable cause upon the said islanders; & that the said officers & bailiffs do not cease from day to day to inflict such wrongs trespasses & damages upon the said islanders as is more fully contained in certain petitions of the said islanders exhibited before us & our council which we send to you under the foot of our seal, willing that to the same islanders wishing to complain of the officers and bailiffs aforesaid before you there be made the accomplishment of swift justice, we have appointed you our justices to hear & determine the plaints of all those of the islands aforesaid wishing to complain of the wrongs, trespasses & damages done to them by the aforesaid officers & bailiffs, & to do justice thereupon to the parties aforesaid according to the law & custom of the islands aforesaid. And there-

Et ido vobis mandan^o qđ ad ctos dies e loca quos ad hoc puideritis querelas pdcas audiatis e tmine^t in forma pdca ffruri inde qđ ad Justic^o ptinet scđm legem e consuetudinē p^m illaz Saluis nobis am^o ciam^otis e aliis ad nos inde spectantibus; Mandauim^o enim Balliuis Insulaz p^ocaz qđ ad ctos dies e loca quos eis fac^o facietis venire faciat^o coram vobis tot e tales p^obos e leg^o hoies de Insulis pdcis p quos Rei veritas in p^omissis melius sciri po^oit e inquire. In cui^o Rei testimoniū has li^oras n^oras fieri fecim^o patentes. T. me i^opo apđ Westm̄ xx die maii anno reg^o n^o. scdo.

Mandauit t̄ quoddam b^or clausum in hec verba. Edwardus dei gra^o Rex Ang^ol D^ons Hib^on Dux Aquit dilectis e fidelibus suis Jo^ohni de ffresingfeld e Wil^olo Russel Justic^o suis ad querelas Insulanoz de Ger^onereye Jerseye Serk e Aureneye sup iniuriis e dampnis e g^ouaminibus eis p ministros e balliuos Insulaz illaz illatis vt decitur audiend^o e t^ominand^o assig^otis sal^om. Mittim^o vobis petico^om Jordani filii Guiffi Leuesque de quodam annuo reddi^ot septē buss^o fr̄i duoꝝ panū e duaꝝ gallinaꝝ in poch^o scē Marie de Arso monastio in dcā Insula de Jerseye de quo p ballios e ministros Ottonis de Grandisono Custodis insulaz predcaꝝ asserit se iniuste erectum⁽¹⁾ fuisse p^osentibus interclusam mandantes qđ inspecta petico^one predca^o et vocatis ptibus vobis auditis q^o huic inde eazdem racōnibus pfato Jordano inde faciat^o debitum e festinū Justice complementū p^out scđm legem e consuetudinē p^om illaz ffr̄it faciend^o. T. me i^opo apđ Kenyngto^on xxiiij die maii anno reg^o n^o. scdo. Et est peticio talis Enrequerant la g^ocē n^ore seign^or le Roy se complaint Jordā Leuesque filz Guillame Leuesque come Jordan Leuesque pere du dist Giff & ael du dist Jordan eust achate vn buss^o de ffirmēt ij pains & ij gellinus en la poisse de seinte Marie de Arsmoster en lysle de Jer^os de annuel rente de Geruase file de Rich^o Leuesque en tens de sa venezte. La quele rente auant dite le auant-

(1) For ejectum.

fore we command you that at certain days & places which you shall provide therefor you hear & determine the said plaints in the form aforesaid, doing therein what belongs to justice according to the law & custom of those parts; saving to us the amerçiements & other things which belong to us therein. We have also commanded the bailiffs of the islands aforesaid that at certain days & places which you shall cause to be made known to them they shall cause to come before you all & such good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may the better be known & enquired into. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 20th day of May in the second year of our reign.

He sent also a certain closed writ in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld & William Russel his Justices appointed to hear & determine the plaints of the islanders of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney upon the wrongs, damages & grievances done to them by the officers & bailiffs of those islands, as it is said, greeting. We send to you in these presents enclosed the petition of Jordau son of William Levesque concerning a certain yearly rent of seven bushells of wheat, of two loaves & of two hens in the parish of St. Mary of the burnt Monastery in the said island of Jersey out of which he declares himself to have been unjustly ejected by the bailiffs & officers of Otto de Grandison Warden of the said islands commanding you that having inspected the petition aforesaid & the parties having been called before you & having heard their reasons therein, you make to the said Jordan therein the due & speedy accomplishment of Justice as according to the law & custom of those parts it ought to be done. Witness ourself at Kenyngton the 24th day of May in the second year of our reign. And the petition runs thus: Desiring the grace of our lord the King Jordan Levesque son of William Levesque complains that whereas Jordan Levesque father of the said William & grandfather of the said Jordan had bought one bushell of wheat, two loaves & two hens of annual rente in the parish of St. Mary of the burnt Monastery in the island of Jersey, of Gervase daughter of Richard Levesque in the time of her

dit Jordan tynt ben & poysiblemēt tote sa vie & en murust en peisible
seisine & le dit Gillame son fiz la tynt bien & peisiblement ieks ala
venue sire Ottes de Granson le quel laresta ou fit arester en la mayn
nostř seign^r le Roy saunz cause ne mes defaus encusours des queux il
auoit trop en lauand dite paroisse en tel tens & la encuserunt en
sa absence pur la quele chose ledit Jordan requert la grace nostre
segnur le Roy qe il ly pleyse afcē ly aueir vne leale enqueste de
douze pdes hoīmes de la paroisse desuzdite assauoir si il ē issi com il
dist. E si ledit Gillame en fist vnges chose p quey il endit pdre
seisine ne ly ne ces hirs. E si il est issi trouee come il dist qe len-
queste ne demoerge pas a passer pur les roules des arestez. E requert
ledit Jordan q̄ droit li soit fait sur ces qar il a autrefoiz eu brefs sur
ceste peticion e le bailif de la dite Isle ly a respondu qe il niliapar-
tenieit pas tenir enqueste de ces. E qe il apteneit as Justiç le Roy
erraunz par qei ledit Jordan requert la gē nre siř le Roy qe le bref
seit enuoye as Justices qe sunt assignes atener dreit en la dite Isle
de par ly sur les ministres sire Ottes. E si il est troue qil est issi
prie le dit Jordan qe les ministres siř Ottes li facent restituçōn des
choses desuzdites. Et quesitum est a pdco Jordān qui fecit ei Inju-
riam & de quibus vult conqueri et nichī scit dicere nisi qđ mortui
sunt. Postea die mercuř pxima ante festum assumpçōnis be marie
pdçus Jord venit e dicit qđ Lucas de Tauy fecit arestari pdçm reddm
qui mortuus est tē. Et quesitis rotulis eiusdm Luce inuentū est
recordū in eisdm in hec verba Iīm vn busseff fruṃti qui fuerunt⁽¹⁾
escheta dñi reg^o p forisfcūram Ricī dci Epi tenent ptem Normanī
arestaī p dn̄m J. Wyg quos tenuit Wiflms dcus Epūs eo vocaē coram
nobis peciit dcus⁽²⁾ vñ busseff a dño rege nobis afferentibus qđ eos
ñere non debuit qz futūnt esē dñm Reg^o p Ricīn dcm Epm tenent
ptem Norīm e qđ ingressū quem fuit fuit ab illis qui nullū ing^rssum
ñuerunt de Jure. Ille vero asseruit qđ nō clamabat aliqd Jus p dcm

postea ad die
idē cop̄ Justiç
de Banco dñi Rē
apd L.....⁽³⁾ Jords
nō est psecuē
Et Id sit in mīa
Et nichī cepiat
p petiçōm suam.

(1) Sic.

(2) The word Jordanus appears to have been omitted here by error in the original.

(3) Erased.

widowhood : which said rente the said Jordan held well & peaceably all his life & died in peaceable seisin thereof, & the said William his son held it well & peaceably until the coming of Sir Otto de Granson who seised or caused it to be seised into the hand of our lord the King without reason but by false accusers of whom he had too many in the said parish at that time, & they accused him in his absence, for which thing the said Jordan desires the grace of our lord the King that it may please him (the King) to cause him to have a lawful inquisition of twelve good men of the parish aforesaid to ascertain if it be as he says, & whether the said William ever did anything whereby he ought to lose seisin to him or his heirs. And if it is found then as he says that the inquisition will not delay to pass the judgment rolls. And the said Jordan requests that right be done to him therein because he has formerly had writs upon this petition & the bailiff of the said island answered him that it was not within his province to hold an inquisition thereupon ; & that it appertained to the Justices of the King in eyre, wherefore the said Jordan desires the grace of our lord the King that the writ may be sent to the Justices who are appointed to do justice in the said Island on his behalf on the officers of Sir Otto. And if it be found that it is thus, the said Jordan prays that the ministers of Sir Otto make restitution to him of the things abovesaid. And the said Jordan was asked who did him wrongs & about whom he wishes to complain & he could only speak of those who are dead. Afterwards on the Wednesday next before the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Mary the said Jordan comes & says that Lucas de Tavy caused the said rente to be seized, who is dead &c. And the rolls of the said Luke being searched a record is found in them in these words : Also 1 bushell of wheat which were [*sic*] the escheats of the lord the King by the forfeiture of Richard called Bishop having taken the part of the Normans seised by Sir J. Wyger which William called Bishop held ; thereupon being called before us the said (Jordan) claimed one bushell from the King, we alleging that he ought not to have them because they were the escheats of the King through Richard called Bishop having taken the part of the Normans & that the entry which he had he had from those who had no entry of right. But he asserted that he did not

Afterwards
on the same
day before
the Justices
of the Bench
of the lord
the King at
L..... Jordan
did not sue
And therefore
he is fined &
shall take
nothing by
his petition.

Ricm set p Geruas fit suam que vendidit p̄fatū frumentū paī d̄ci
Willi e nos p pte Reg^o dixim^o qd illa non fuit aliquod Jus in tram
quam paī suus forisfecit vt in frumentū et que fr̄tū fuit ab eo p̄t
multas al̄cacōnes vtrum vellet sustineī inquis sup̄ hiis que dixim^o e
que ipe dixit respondit qd noluit sustinere aliqui inquis vt Judm e
sic p consideraōm Cuī remanet d̄cm fr̄ in mañ dñi Reg^o e tra sim̄r
vnde puenit fruītū anted̄cm qz dicitur qd p̄dcūs Ricūs Epūs feoffauit
tra illā Jordano d̄cō Epō postq^m forisfecit e de hiis debet inquiri p
balliuos.—Et p̄dcūs Jord̄s nō potest dediceī qñ recordū istud sit de
diſsa p̄lita p̄dcō red̄d̄ quem ipe modo petīt. Et Ideo datus est ei dies de au-
diendo Iudicio suo coram dñō reg^o a die sc̄i Michis in vnū mensem
vbicumq; t̄c. Et recitatis biletis de querelis diusoꝝ comptum est qd
sunt quasi in quatuor ptes vnde quedam sunt de Justiç hic alias
Itifantibus de quibus Justiç hic dixunt querentibus qd ip̄i non s̄nt
Waī cognoscendi de fc̄is Justiç. Quedam t̄ sunt de ministris dñi
Reg^o tēpe Gwerī qui tunc cepant batellos quozdam ad hurdicianđ
inde Cast̄ dñi Reg^o e quidam alia vt vittualia t̄c quibuscum non
posset doceri qd dñs Rex assignasset aliquem ad soluend̄ phi^o captis
e constat qd Insule cū exitibz tunc f̄sumt⁽¹⁾ in manu dñi Reg^o e
Hen̄ de Cobham custos p̄ tempe t̄c. Et Nichūs de Chesny fuisset
custos alio tempe t̄c. d̄m est hi^o querentibus qd sequant̄ erga con-
sil̄m dñi Reg^o vt inde p̄uideat̄ r̄medm t̄c. Quedam t̄ e p̄ maiori
pte s̄nt originē de debili moneta Turoneñ currente tempe guerre
que dum currebāt currebant⁽¹⁾ nomine & loco bonoꝝ. Et post inhibi-
coēm inde fc̄am tres illoꝝ t̄m valebant vnū bonū Turroneñ post q^m
Inhibicoēm ministri p̄dci Otonis petierint e adhuc petunt suāam
debittoꝝ tempe guerre solui in bona moneta Turroneñ sine diminu-
cōne suē t̄c. Vnde debitores putant se posse quietā p̄ vnū bonoꝝ

(1) Sic.

claim any right by the said Richard but by Gervase his daughter who sold the said wheat to the father of the said William, & we on behalf of the King said that she had not any right in the land which her father forfeited or in the wheat, and which wheat was sought from him ; after many altercations whether he wished to sustain the inquisition upon those things which we said & which he said, he answered that he did not wish to sustain any inquisition or judgment, & so by consideration of the court the said wheat remains in the hand of the lord the King & likewise the land whence came the said wheat because it is said that the said Richard Bishop enfeoffed that land to Jordan called Bishop after he made forfeiture, & as to these things enquiry ought to be made by the bailiffs. And the said Jordan cannot deny that that record concerns the aforesaid rente for
divers pleas. which he now petitions. And therefore a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael whersoever &c. And the bills being recited of the plaints of divers [people] it is found that they are nearly in four parts whereof certain are of the Justices sometime in eyre here of whom the Justices here said to the plaintiffs that they had not a warrant to take cognizance of the acts of the Justices. And some are of the officers of the lord the King in time of war who then took the boats of some to barricade the castle of the lord the King & certain other things as victuals &c. to whom it cannot be proved that the lord the King assigned anything to be paid for these things taken ; & it appears that the Islands with the issues were then in the hands of the King & Henry de Cobham was Warden for the time &c. And Nicholas de Chesny was the Warden at another time &c. It is granted to the plaintiffs to sue before the council of the lord the King so that remedy may be provided &c. And certain & for the greater part have their origin in the bad moneys tournois current in the time of war which were current in the name & place of good. And after the inhibition thereof made, three of those were only worth one good tournois, after which inhibition the officers of the said Otto prayed & still pray that the whole of the debts of the time of war may be paid in good money tournois without diminution of the sum &c. Whereupon the debtors deem that they may acquit them-

Turoneñ p̄ tribus de debili tē. que currebant tempe guerre sup quibz certis de causis Justiç hic decreverunt inde tractand̄ cum consilio dñi Reg^o Et hitis inde quibzdam altcaçõnibus dcm̄ fuit querentibus qđ expectent ind̄ coram dño Regē a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vnū mensem ubi-cumq; tē Et sequat̄ unus loco om̄n tē. Ita qđ solo inde fiet generalit̄ scđm̄ qđ videbitur consilio dñi Reg fore faciend̄. Quedam t̄ sunt de quibusdam qui ffunt ministri pd̄ci Otonis e iam abeo descesserunt ante tempus querelaç e nich̄ hnt̄ in Insulis p̄ qđ possint atack̄ nec ibi possunt Inueniri. Sup quibus consimitr̄ Justiç hic volunt h̄re tractaã cū pd̄co consilio dñi Reg^o p̄fatū l̄minū. Et int̄im̄ expectet̄ tē

Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ P̄hus de Carteret e quidā alij Insulani optulerunt se nōie om̄n̄ conquerenciū quo ad monetam tē. Et quia dedici nō potest q̄u moneta nūc currens in Insulis tal̄ est et euisdem valoris qualis ffat̄ ab antiquo ante temp^o vltime guerre, et simili^o de quali redditus firme e añciamentā que sub c̄ta suā p̄cu-nie assessa ffunt ab antiquo, nō videt̄ Cuñ dñi Rē qđ illi p̄ maliciam siue p̄ negligenciā suā recumerūt redd̄s firmas vel añciamēta hui^o-modi dum quieti pot̄ant extitisse p̄ debilem monetam si ea soluisse voluissent sub eadem suā dū debil̄ moneta currebat loco bone de-beant modo consequi pficuū de maliçosa detençõne hui^omodi Et Ido soluant̄ hui^omodi arreragia p̄ monetam nūc currentē in forma qua soluerent̄ si de moderne tempe debent̄. Et q^o ad firmas debitas de molend̄ e aliis q̄ dimissa fuerūt tēpe pd̄ce deb̄it̄ monete multo carius p̄ debilitate monete illi^o soluāt̄ ar̄i fir̄i^o hi^o iux^a verū valorē teñ s^o dimissoz scđm̄ qđ iam dimittunt̄ ad firmā.

selves by one of the good tournois for three of the bad &c. which were current in the time of war; upon certain of which causes the Justices herein decided to refer the matter to the council of the lord the King. And there being some altercations thereupon it was said to the plaintiffs that they should attend before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And one should sue in the place of all &c., so that to one therein should be done generally according to that which shall seem to the council of the lord the King ought to be done. And certain are concerning some who were the officers of the said Otto & have now departed from hither before the time of the plaints & have nothing in the Islands whereby they can be attached nor where they can be found. Whereupon likewise the Justices here wish to have them referred to the said council of the lord the King in the said term. And in the meantime let it be attended &c.

Afterwards at that day at Westminster Philip de Carteret & certain other islanders put themselves in the name of all the plaintiffs as to the money &c. And because it cannot be denied that the money now current in the Island is such and of the same value as it was of old before the time of the last war, and likewise for such rents, farm & amerciements which of old were assessed under a certain sum of money, it does not seem to the court of the lord the King that those who by malice or their negligence retained such rents farm or amerciements while they could have been quit by bad money if they had wished to pay them under the same sum while bad money was current in the place of good, ought now to obtain the profit of such malicious detention. And therefore such arrears should be paid in the money now current in the form in which they would be paid if they were owing of modern time. And as to the farm due for mills & other things which were leased in the time of the said bad money much more dearly through the depreciation of that money, the arrears of farm of that kind be paid according to the true value of the tenements so leased according to what they are now let to farm.

Adhuc de pl̄tis querelaz in Gerner̄.

Gerneř Jord̄s Listarc queř qđ cum ipe fuisset Grangiarius⁽¹⁾ Reg^o anno Reg^o nūc p̄mo tē et Idm̄ Jord̄s assignat̄ fuisset ad vendend̄ blada dñi Reg^o p Robtm̄ de Haddy tunc Receptorem tē Et Idm̄ Jord̄s in vendendo blada illa recepisset cōes monetas currentes scit̄ grossum Turoneñ p vni Turoneñ e duabus ptibus vnius Turoneñ et sterlingū p iiij Turoneñ et grossum Turoñ argenteū vulgaliř vocatū a la flour e alo p xiiij Turoñ e ĩcia pte vnius Turoñ Petrus de Puasiaco nūc Receptor tē non vult recipere de p̄dco Jordo p̄dcm grossum Turoñ p̄f q̄m p viij Turoñ e sterlengū p iiij Turoñ e ob⁽²⁾ e grossum Turoñ a la flour p xiiij Turoñ ad magnū detrimentū e dampnū ip̄ius Jordani vnde petit remeđ.

Et p̄d̄cus Pet̄r non veñ nec est acach̄⁽³⁾ q̄ non est in Insulis tē Et petrus de Garrys qui est loco p̄dci Pet̄r in hac In̄s veñ e ḡtis respondet p p̄dco Pet̄r e dicit qđ Otto de Grandisono tenet locū dni Reg^o in In̄s e dicit qđ d̄cus Rex Angl̄ potest e debet recipere monetas Reg^o ffran̄c currentē in terra sua modo e forma quibz idem Rex francie eas recipit in terra sua et dicit qđ p̄d̄cus Rex ffran̄c recipit p̄d̄cas monetas s. grossum Turoñ p viij Turoñ e grossum Turoñ a la flour p xiiij Turoñ e sterlengū p iiij Turoñ vbi p̄d̄cus Pet̄r illum recipit p J. ob̄ vlt̄ius. Et hoc offert v̄ificař mod̄ quibz Cn̄r cōs Et Jord̄s nō potest hoc dedicere. Et Justīc hic ppendentes qđ blada pueniencia de red̄du hic vendunt! foro m̄catorio et inde fieri debet solūcō et de consimilibus in forma qua vendunt! adiudicafunt recep̄cōm inde fieri s̄b ead̄m form̄ Et de redditibz firmis e debitis sub antiqua consuetudine p ĩtum minū computat! fiat solūcō dño Reḡ Et eiusd̄m locū tenenti sub ead̄m forma, qua de consimilr̄ moneta e consimilibz redditibz debitis e firmis soluit! Reḡ ffrancie in scc̄io suo

(1) Grangia = a grange, a farm-house belonging to a Monastery.

As to Granger, see Précepte d'Assize (Guernsey) in Warburton's Treatise, p. 151.

(2) Obolus. (3) Attachiare = to take in pursuance of a writ.

Continuation of the pleas of the plaintiffs in Guernsey.

Guernsey. Jordan Listarc complains that whereas he was granger of the King in the first year of the King that now is &c., and the said Jordan was assigned to sell the corn of the lord the King by Robert de Haddy then receiver &c., & the said Jordan in selling that corn received the common moneys current to wit, the large tournois for 1 tournois and two parts of one tournois and the penny for four tournois and the large silver tournois commonly called "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois and the third part of one tournois: Peter de Parvasiaco now receiver &c. will not take from the said Jordan the said large tournois except for 8 tournois & the penny for 4 tournois & a halfpenny & the large tournois "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois to the great detriment & damage of the said Jordan, whereupon he claims remedy.

And the said Peter does not come nor is he attached because he is not in the Islands &c. And Peter de Garrys who is in the place of the said Peter in this Island comes & answers freely for the said Peter & says that Otto de Grandison holds the place of the lord the King in the Island & says that the said King of England may & ought to take the moneys of the King of France current in his land in the manner & form in which the same King of France takes them in his land, & says that the said King of France takes the said moneys, to wit, the large tournois for 8 tournois & the large tournois "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois & the penny for 4 tournois, where the said Peter took it for one halfpenny more. And this he offers to establish by the means to which the Court is accustomed. And Jordan cannot deny this. And the Justices here, considering that the corn forthcoming from the rent is sold here in the market to the merchant that the payment thereof & of similar things ought to be made in the form in which they are sold, have adjudged that the receiving thereof shall be made under the same form. And as to the rents farms & debts under an ancient custom as is computed by a certain number let the payment be made to the King & his lieutenant under the same form in which of like money & like rents debts & farms there is paid to the King of France into his Exchequer of Normandy while it shall seem to the council of the lord the King that it ought

Normanū dum tamen consilio dñi Regē videat! sic fore faciendū Et ind loquendū est cum eodm consilio a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vnū mensem. Et dcm̄ est om̄ibz quos hui⁹ negoꝝm contingit qđ p se vt vnū loco om̄i tunc sint coram eodm̄ consilio decretum suū auditū e receptuꝝ scđm qđ ibidm̄ disc̄netur. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̄ nullus se optulit quo ad ea que tangunt q̄relam istā.

(M. 1. d.) Droḡ de Barentyn p attorñ suū e Joñes de Dyttoñ optulerunt se p quinq, dies vsus Cōitatem hui⁹ Insule sc̄itt de Gerneꝝ de p̄tibus e diſsis querelis in quibus t̄nsgressionēs nimis enormes continent! licet ppet̄ta non fuissent vt dicunt de quibus querunt! qđ p Insulanos nup f̄iat sup eos facta magna querimonia corā consilio dñi Reg⁹ in Angt p cedulas seu billas p Insulanos ibidem p̄positas e ostensas e iam de nouo Wiffo Russel vm⁹ Justic̄ hic p Insulanos hui⁹ Insule lib̄atas ad psequend cū effectu vt dicit! Et Insulani hic p Justic̄ sup hiis allocuti diſsis viabus e diebus dicunt & singlis viabz dixerunt qđ quid Insulanoꝝ nō gerentes se contentos de ministris p̄posuerunt tam in Angt q̄m p̄dcō Wiffo hic cedulas illas absq, sc̄itu e consensu Cōitatis e ip̄i om̄no deadvocant noīē Cōitatis om̄es illas cedulas. Ita tamen qđ salua sit cui⁹libet conq̄eri se volenc̄i secta sua de t̄nsgr̄sione sibi f̄ia si qua f̄uit. Et petunt qđ p̄positoꝝ puniant! e non Cōitas que ad f̄cm̄ illud nō consensit si ullo de tota Cōitate cont̄dicente nisi quidam singillatim conquerentes qui dixerunt se velle psequi q̄relas suas quilibet eoꝝ p se Et q, p̄dcus Wiffo recordatur qđ q̄ndo bille ille seu cedulae sibi lib̄ate f̄iūt ad pseqund noīē Cōitatis e ip̄e petiit pleḡ de p̄s dcm̄ fuit p p̄tes qđ quilibet foret pleḡ alius e hoc in p̄sencia maioris partis totius Cōitatis hic nullo eoꝝ cont̄dicente nisi tantūmodo illi qui sunt familiares ip̄ius Otonis Et hito sup hiis longa tractatu cons̄ est qđ p̄dcā Cōitas p nō secta sit in m̄ia ad quilibet

so to be done. And thereupon it is reserved for pleading before the said council in one month from the day of St. Michael. And it is said to all whom this business concerns that they be by themselves or one in the place of all before the said council to hear & receive their decree according to what shall therein be determined. Afterwards at that day at Westminster no one presented himself as to those things which touch this plaint.

(M. 1. d.) Drogo de Barentyn by his attorney & John de Dytton presented themselves for five days against the commonalty of the said island, to wit, of Guernsey, concerning the pleas & divers plaints in which are contained the very enormous trespasses although they were not perpetrated as they say, of which they complain that grave complaints were lately made about them by the islanders before the council of the lord the King in England by schedules or bills brought & shown by the islanders there and now newly delivered to William Russel one of the Justices here by the inhabitants of this Island to prosecute with effect as it is said. And the islanders here being challenged by divers means and days say & to each point said that certain of the islanders not being content with the officers brought those schedules as well in England as to the said William here without the knowledge & consent of the commonalty & they altogether disavow all those schedules in the name of the commonalty. So that nevertheless it be reserved to any one to take up if he should wish his suit for the trespass done to him if any such were. And they pray that the prosecutors may be punished & not the commonalty which did not consent to that deed if none of the whole commonalty were gainsaying it except certain plaintiffs in particular who said that they wished to prosecute their plaints each one for himself. And that the said William recorded that when those writs or schedules were delivered to him for prosecution in the name of the commonalty & he demanded pledges for the prosecution it was said by the parties that each should be the pledge for the other & this in the presence of the greater part of the whole commonalty here, no one gainsaying them except only those who are the servants of the said Otto. And having had upon these things a long discourse it is considered that the said commonalty shall be amerced for non-suit upon each of the

cedulaꝝ Et ꝑdċi Drogo e Joĥnes inde sine die set ꝑtis ex causis puniċō fiet inde ꝑ amċāntū⁽¹⁾ consilii dñi Reg^o a die sc̃i Michis in vnū meñs.

Thoñ de Estfeld ꝑ se e Olivero le moigne e Matĥo de Saumareys libavit Justiċ hic s̃b pede sigilli dñi Reg^o septem cedulas querelaꝝ e petitionū alias pliameto dñi E quond Reg^o Angl ꝑris dñi Reġ nūc de ĩmiō sc̃i Michis anno r̃ sui xxx^{mo} ꝑ eosdem ꝑpoitas versus ministros Otonis de Grandisono Scilt Henr̃ Priorē de Wenlok e Joĥem de Newent de diūsis querimoniis sicut plenius patet in eosd̃m Et in quaz ꝑhibus indorsatur qđ mittantꝑ Justiċ in Insulas ad inquirend̃ tċ Et in longa cedula indorsatꝑ inl̃ ceġa qđ Prior se posuit in Inquis tċ Et qđ coñs fuit ꝑ consil̃m tċ qđ mittentꝑ huc Justiċ tċ qui in ꝑsencia ꝑc̃m rite ꝑmunitaꝝ inquirent rei veritatem tċ Et ꝑdċi Thoñ e alii alias hic ad festum sc̃i Barnabe apl̃i in ꝑsencia Joĥis de ffresingfeld libaſūt Balfo hui^o Insule tanq̃m locum tenenti ꝑfati Otoñ brē dñi Reg^o claũs directum ꝑfato Otoñ ṽl eius locum tenenti, ꝑ qđ dñs Rex mandafiat ꝑfato Otoni qđ venire facẽr coram Justiċ hic ad certos diem e locum quos Justiċ ei scire fecissent ꝑdċos Priorem e Joĥem de Newent inde respoñs tċ Et Thoñ e Aliċ ṽx eius Oliġs e Matĥus modo veñ sed Prior e Joĥes non veñ Et Balliui Insulaꝝ tam ad brē directum ꝑfato Otoni q̃m in br̃ibus sibi directis respoñd qđ Prior e Joĥes non sunt Inuenti nec f̃fūt in Insulis a tempe br̃im tċ Et Thoñ e alii ꝑẽr qđ Justiċ ꝑcedant ad Inquirend̃ Et sup hoc Pĥus le Euesk Balliui de Jerseie una cum Matĥo de Cuř Balfo huius Insule qui se dicunt tenere locū ꝑfati Otoñ dicunt noīe ipius Otonis qđ Thoñ nō debet admitti ad aliquid petend̃ de tempe ꝑdċi pliam̃ti ꝑ eo qđ Idem postea in hac Insula feloniam fecit ꝑ qua Insulas abiuravit. Et sic

(1) Amerciamentum = Fr. amercement.

schedules. And the said Drogo & John are to go 'sine die' therein, but for certain reasons the punishment therein shall be made at the discretion of the council of the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael.

Thomas de Estfeld for himself & Oliver le Moigne & Matthew de Saumareys delivered to the Justices here under the foot of the seal of the lord the King seven schedules of complaints & petitions elsewhere proposed by them in the Parliament of the lord E. formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is of the term of St. Michael in the 30th year of his reign against the officers of Otto de Grandison, to wit, Henry, Prior of Wenlok & John de Newent concerning divers complaints as more fully appears in the same And on many of which it is endorsed that they are sent to the Justices in the Islands to be enquired into &c. And in the long schedule it is endorsed among other things that the Prior put himself in the inquisition &c. And that it was considered by the council &c. that they be sent here to the Justices &c. who in the presence of the parties lawfully forewarned shall enquire into the truth of the matter &c. And the said Thomas & others elsewhere here at the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the presence of John de Fresingfeld delivered to the bailiff of this island as lieutenant of the said Otto the writ of the lord the King closed directed to the said Otto or his lieutenant whereby the King commanded the said Otto to cause the said Prior & John de Newent to come before the justices here at a certain day & place which the justices should let him know, to answer therein, &c. And Thomas & Alice his wife, Oliver & Matthew now come, but the Prior & John do not come. And the bailiffs of the islands answer as well to the writ directed to the said Otto as to the writs to them directed that the Prior & John are not found nor were they in the islands from the time of the writs &c. And Thomas & the others pray that the justices may proceed to enquire. And upon this Philip L'Evesque, bailiff of Jersey, together with Matthew de la Court, bailiff of this island, who say that they are the lieutenants of the said Otto, say in the name of the said Otto that Thomas ought not to be admitted to any plea from the time of the said parliament because he afterwards in this island committed a felony for which he abjured

dicunt qđ om̄ia bona e catalla que Thoñ fuit tempe abiuraçonis illius debent esse ip̄ius Otonis tanq̄m forisfcā t̄c r̄oe d̄m̄issionis q̄m p̄dc̄us d̄ns Rex pal̄ t̄c fecit ip̄i Otoni de Insulis istis cum forisfcuris e aliis t̄c Et sim̄tr debent esse cāi p̄d̄ci magistri Wilfi qui sim̄l̄ feloniam fēc̄ p̄ qua abiuravit t̄c qualreumq̄ Prior v̄l Joh̄es plitavit t̄c Dicunt t̄ p̄ d̄no suo qđ n̄cqūm consuetudinis fuit in Insulis qđ h̄edes potent catalla āncessoꝝ suoꝝ v̄l h̄rent nisi fuissent p̄ antecessores eis legata tanq̄ ex̄neis Et hoc offer̄t verificā p̄ d̄no suo t̄c Et petiuit qđ nich̄ attemptet̄ in p̄uidm̄ p̄d̄ci d̄ni sui p̄ p̄tm̄ p̄d̄coꝝ Prioris v̄l Joh̄is.

Et Thoñ e alii dicunt qđ ip̄i sunt in Cuř d̄ni Reḡ^o vbi Oto non est nisi v̄t eoꝝ vicinus Et ex quo n̄o est p̄ attorn̄ t̄c non f̄nt ip̄i n̄c̄e ad hec respondere sed instan̄t petunt qđ Justiç hic Inquirant sicut d̄ns Rex eis demandavit v̄l qđ Justiç eis relibent petiçõnes suas sub sigillo suo Et t̄tis de causis dāt̄ est eis dies de audiendo Juđo suo coram d̄no Reḡ a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vn̄u men̄s vbicumq̄ tunc f̄uit in Angl̄. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ venunt p̄d̄ci Thomas e Oliñs et qz n̄o possunt dediçe qđ p̄dc̄us Thomas post p̄dcas Octab̄ sc̄i Mich̄is qūdo ad̄sarii sui se posuerunt in Inquiç abiuravit Insulas sicut p̄dc̄m est, et sic amisit om̄em actõem quam p̄us hab̄rat t̄c et p̄dc̄a actio fuit ip̄oꝝ cõiunctim e p̄ indiuiso et ip̄i licet satis expectati nich̄ sciunt vl̄t̄ius ostendere p̄p̄t̄ qđ p̄dc̄o Thome debeat̄ responderi nisi tantū qđ dicunt qđ d̄ns Rex p̄donavit ei inde sectam pacis sue ; iõ nich̄ fiat vl̄t̄ius de p̄dc̄is petiçõibz, sed sibi p̄quirat de nouo q̄ voluit.

the islands. And so they say that all the goods & chattels which Thomas had at the time of that abjuration ought to belong to the said Otto as forfeitures &c. by reason of the demise which the said lord the King the father &c. made to the said Otto of these islands with the forfeitures & other things &c. And likewise ought it to be with the chattels of the said master William who likewise committed felony for which he abjured &c. as the Prior & John shall plead &c. And they say for their lord that there was never a custom in the islands that the heirs might have & hold the chattels of their ancestors unless they were bequeathed to them as if to strangers. And this they offer to establish for their lord &c. And they pray that nothing may be attempted to the prejudice of their said lord by the plea of the said Prior or John.

And Thomas & the others say that they are in the court of the lord the King where the said Otto is not except as their neighbour. And as he is not there by his attorney &c. it is not necessary for them to answer to these things, but they at once claim that the justices may enquire herein as the lord the King commanded them or that the justices may redeliver to them their petitions under their seal. And in certain of the causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wherever he might then be in England. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Thomas & Oliver, and inasmuch as they cannot deny that the said Thomas abjured the said islands as is aforesaid after the said Octaves of St. Michael when his adversaries put themselves in the inquisition, and so lost all action which he first had &c. and the said action was of them jointly & undivided & they although fully expectant know nothing further to show why the said Thomas ought to be answered, except only that they say that the lord the King pardoned him therein the suit of his peace: therefore nothing shall be done further concerning the said petitions, but let him who will acquire them anew.

(M. 2.)

Plita coram Johne de ffresingfeld, Drogone de Barantyn e Johanne de Dittone Justiciariis Itinantibz in Insulis die Lune prima ante fin̄ sancti Barnabe apti, anno regni Regis Edwardi, filii Regis Edwardi Secundo. e p̄tim corā p̄fatis Johanne e Johne p̄ lit̄as dñi Regis patentcs.

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř Dñs Rex p̄ Guilm̄ des mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ eo petit vsus Abbem de Blancalanda aduocacoem ecclie de Bellosa vt ius t̄c Et vnde p̄dcus Guiff̄ dicit p̄ dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex auus t̄c tempe suo tempe pacis fuit in seisina de p̄dcā aduocacōe vt de feodo e iure ——— (1) Corone sue e ad eccliam illam p̄sentauit quendam Rob̄tm Cliticum suū qui ad p̄sentacōem suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut̄ Et qđ tale sit ius dñi Reḡo offert v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege sicut Cuř cons̄.

Et Abbas veñ Et dicit qđ ip̄e mirat̄ qđ dñs Rex vult peŕe vsus eum p̄dcām aduocacōem p̄dcē ecclie narrando de seisina p̄dci dñi H. aui sui Quia dicit qđ ip̄e Abbas e p̄decessores sui quondā Abb̄es de Blancalanda fuerunt e tenŕunt p̄dcām aduocacōem p̄dcē ecclie a tempe quo nō extat memoria sine temp̄is intrupcōe Et hoc patus est v̄ficare p̄ sac̄m xij. t̄c.

Et dñs Rex p̄ p̄dc̄m Guilm̄ petit Jud̄m de ip̄o Abb̄te tanq̄ in defenso maxime ex quo p̄dc̄s Abbas nō defendit ius suū in forma debita nec aliquid respondere ad ius ip̄ius dñi Reḡo qđ eidem Abbi cedere possit in defensionem iuris sui. Dicit t̄ v̄lius qđ nō potest dedici quin quidam Rex ffraucie exhedauit dñm Joh̄em quondam

(1) Sic.

(M. 2.)

Pleas before John de Fresingfeld Drogo de Barantyn & John de Ditton Justices in eyre in the islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of King Edward, and partly before the said John & John by letters patent of the lord the King.

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the Church of Bellosa⁽¹⁾ as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. in his time in the time of peace was in seisin of the said advowson as of fee & right of his Crown and presented to that Church a certain Robert his clerk who was admitted on his presentation & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall consider.

And the Abbot comes & says that he wonders that the lord the King should wish to claim against him the said advowson of the said Church by narrating the seisin of the said lord H. his grandfather because he says that he the Abbot & his predecessors formerly Abbots of Blanchelande had and held the said advowson of the said Church from time immemorial without interruption of time. And this he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c.

And the lord the King claims judgment against the said Abbot as undefended chiefly for that the said Abbot did not defend his right in due form nor answers anything to the right of the lord the King that he may yield to the said Abbot in the defence of his right. And he says further that he cannot deny but that a certain King of France disinherited the lord John formerly King of England of the

(1) St Martin's Church, Guernsey.

Regem Angl̄ de Ducatu Norman̄ et tunc idem Rex ffrancie p̄ duas vices egerat p̄d̄c̄m dn̄m Jōhem Regem t̄c̄ de hiis Insulis e illas occupat̄ tanq̄m annexas p̄d̄c̄o Ducatui Et p̄d̄c̄us dn̄s J. Rex vi armata p̄ binas vices reconquestavit has Insulas sup̄ ip̄m Regem ffrancie. Et a sc̄d̄o conquesto suo p̄d̄c̄o ip̄e e posteri sui Reges Angl̄ Insulas istas ten̄runt hucusq̄. Et dicit q̄d̄ p̄d̄c̄us dn̄s J. Rex post eundem cōquestū suū in hiis Insulis sicut e in Angl̄ exulavit e exhereditavit om̄es Normannos in ffrancia seu Normannia commorantes tam religiosos q̄m laicos, et de t̄ris e bonis eoz̄ disposuit p̄ sua voluntate vbi constat p̄decessores ip̄ius Abb̄is tunc fuisse. Et dicit q̄d̄ postea toto tempe p̄d̄c̄i dn̄i J. Regis nūq̄m Normanni illi sibi ffr̄ant reconciliati set idem dn̄s J. Rex de tenementis eoz̄ que p̄us nō dederat obiit in seisinā. Post eui⁹ mortem p̄d̄c̄us dn̄s H. Rex ei successit in regnū vt filius qui quidem dn̄s H. Rex consimilem statum de tenuris hui⁹modi Normannoꝝ continuavit p̄ magnū tempus quousq̄ pax int̄ ip̄os Reges Angl̄ e ffrancie ffr̄at reformata. Et q̄d̄ ita est p̄d̄c̄us Guillelm̄ offert v̄ficare p̄ dn̄o Rege sicut Cūr considerat̄ Et petit Jud̄m p̄ dn̄o Rege si p̄d̄c̄s Abbas possit clamare ab antiquo tenenciam suam, de p̄d̄c̄a advocac̄oe, s̄b forma qua clamat. Dicit t̄ vlt̄ius p̄ dn̄o Rege q̄d̄ reuera post p̄d̄c̄am pacem int̄ p̄d̄c̄os Reges reformatam p̄d̄c̄us dn̄s H. Rex p̄tes Normannos Religiosos e laicos reconciliauit Et eo tempe quidam Abbas de Blancalanda p̄decessor t̄c̄ se intrusit in p̄d̄c̄am eccl̄iam e illam occupavit in pp̄os vsus Et quidam tūc Abbas maioris monast̄ii in Cūr xp̄ianitatis petiit p̄d̄c̄am advocac̄oem p̄d̄c̄e eccl̄ie vsus ip̄m qui tunc fuit Abbas de Blancalanda e pace int̄ eos ibi inita. Idem Abbas de Blancalanda concessit p̄d̄c̄o Ab̄bi maioris monast̄ii duas p̄tes decime garbaz̄ ad eccl̄iam illam p̄tinentis vna cum annua pensione quinquaginta solidoz̄ qui quidem Abbas maioris monast̄ii e successores sui Ab̄bes ibidem semp̄ postea ten̄runt p̄d̄c̄as duas p̄tes

Duchy of Normandy & then the said King of France on two occasions had ejected the said lord John the King &c. from these islands and occupied them as annexed to the said Duchy. And the said lord J. the King with armed force on two occasions reconquered these islands from the said King of France. And from that his said second conquest he & his posterity Kings of England have held these islands up to the present time. And he says that the said lord J. the King after his said second conquest in these islands as also in England banished and disinherited all the Normans living in France or Normandy as well ecclesiastics as laymen, and disposed of their lands & goods at his will where it appears that the predecessors of the said Abbot then were. And he says that afterwards for the whole time of the said lord King J. those Normans were never reconciled to him but the said lord King J. died in seisin of those of their tenements which he had not already given away. After his death the said lord King H. succeeded him in the kingdom as his son, which said lord King H. continued a like estate of the tenures of such Normans for a long time until peace was renewed between the said Kings of England & France. And that it is thus the said William offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall consider. And he claims judgment for the lord the King if the said Abbot may claim from ancient times his tenancy of the said advowson under the form in which he claims. And he says moreover for the lord the King that in very deed after the said peace was renewed between the said Kings the said lord H. the King reconciled many Normans ecclesiastics & laymen. And at that time a certain Abbot of Blanchelande the predecessor &c. intruded himself into the said Church & occupied it to his own uses. And a certain Abbot then of the larger monastery in the court of Christianity claimed the said advowson of the said Church against him who was then Abbot of Blanchelande & peace was made between them. The said Abbot of Blanchelande granted to the said Abbot of the larger monastery two parts of the tithe of the sheaves belonging to the said Church together with a yearly pension of fifty sols: which said Abbot of the larger monastery & his successors Abbots there for ever afterwards

e pensionem vt de aduocacōne sua pp'a Quod fcm nō fuisset si p̄dcūs Abbas de Blancalanda e p̄decessores sui tenuissent p̄dcām aduoca-
coem in forma qua clamat vnde sicut p̄ns petit Judm p̄ dño Rege.

Et Abbas nō potest dediēe quin plitum sic fuit e pax inde
reformata f̄fiat in forma qua p̄dicit̄ sed dicit qđ ip̄e patus est v̄ficare
p̄ pat̄am qđ ip̄e e p̄decessores sui Ab̄bes de Blancalanda a tempe
quo nō extat memoria semp f̄f̄unt in possessione p̄sentandi ad p̄dcām
eccl̄iam Et qz viso scripto p̄ quod Abbas maioris monast̄ii claīn h̄re
aduocacōes eccl̄iaꝝ suaꝝ in hac Insula de dono Wiffr̄i quondā Ducis
Norman̄i anteq̄ Regnū Angl̄ adeptus fuisset. Comptum est qđ
idem Wiffr̄i inl̄ alias eccl̄ias, dedit Ab̄bi maioris monast̄ii eccl̄iam de
Bellosa, quesitum est a p̄dcō Ab̄be de Blancalanda si h̄eat aliquod
fcm speciale p̄ quod possit ostendere qđ aduocacō p̄dcē eccl̄ie data
f̄f̄it alicui p̄decessoꝝ suoꝝ et ad hoc nō respondit atr̄ q̄m p̄dc̄m est
Et dat̄ est ei dies de Juđo suo audiendo de assensu ip̄ius Ab̄bis coram
dño Rege a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicumq̄, tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄.
Et Abbas po. lo. suo Ricm̄ le Herice v̄l Petrum fil̄ Pet̄ Dartys. Et
sciendū qđ Juř testant̄ qđ ip̄i numq̄ audierunt nec p̄ p̄genitores
suos intellexerunt qđ alius p̄sentasset ad dcām eccl̄iam q̄m Abbas
de Blancalanda. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p̄dcūs Abbas
p̄ attorñ suū e ct̄is de causis dat̄ est eis ⁽¹⁾ dies coram dño Rege de
Juđo suo aud̄ a die Pasche in vnū menš vbicumq̄, tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄.
Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas p̄ attorñ suū veñ e dat̄ est ei ⁽¹⁾ dies vl̄tius
a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq̄, t̄c Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas
non venit Ideo p̄cedatur ad iudic̄m p̄ eius defaultam, sed ct̄is de causis
ponit̄ in resp̄tum usq̄, a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicumq̄, t̄c Et deinde
respectuat̄ vt p̄ns vsq̄, a die Pasch̄ in vnu mensem vbicumq̄, t̄c Et

Quia pl̄tm
istud fuit
sine die
coram Rē
p̄nt pz seq̄
Rex de nouo
si t̄c.

(1) Sic.

held the said two parts & pension as of their own advowson. Which would not have been done if the said Abbot of Blanchelande & his predecessors had held the said advowson in the form in which he claims, whereupon as before he claims judgment for the lord the King.

And the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the plea was such & that peace was renewed in the form in which it is said, but he says that he is ready to establish by the verdict of the country that he & his predecessors Abbots of Blanchelande from time immemorial were always in the possession of presenting to the said Church. And because having seen the writing whereby the Abbot of the larger monastery claimed to have the advowsons of his Churches in this island of the gift of William sometime Duke of Normandy before the kingdom of England was obtained: it is found that the said William among other Churches gave to the Abbot of the larger monastery the Church of Bellosa. The said Abbot of Blanchelande was asked if he had any special deed whereby he might show that the advowson of the said Church was given to any of his predecessors, and to this he does not answer otherwise than as is aforesaid. And a day is given to him to hear his judgment with the assent of the said Abbot before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot put in his place Richard le Herice or Peter son of Peter Dartys. And be it known that the jurors witness that they had never heard neither had they understood from their progenitors that any other but the Abbot of Blanchelande had presented to the said Church. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given before the King to hear his judgment in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot comes by his attorney & a day is given to him further in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore they proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter &c. And thence it is respited as before until the

Because
that plea
was "sine
die" before
the King
as it
appears
let the
King sue
anew if
&c.

deinde respectuat: vt p'ns vsq, In crastino aīaz vbicūq, tē. Et deinde respectuat: vt p'ns a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In crastino aīaz vbicūq, Et deinde resp'uat: vt p'ns a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē vbicūq, Deinde respectuat: vt p'ns a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbicūq, tē. Et deinde resp'uat: vt p'ns a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Et deinde respectuat: indicatiū a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq, sept̄ p̄x futur̄ in vnū annū.

Idem Abbas suū fuit ad respondend̄ dn̄o Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoz suoz Regum Angl̄ clam p̄cipe e h̄ere lib̄am espkeriam apud Saynk de piscibz p̄ hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dn̄m Regem ptinet tē.

Et simitr de
ist p̄t se^r
Rex ut p̄lus.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit qđ dñs J. quondam Rex Angl̄ p̄ Cartam suam datam anno regni sui p̄mo dedit ecclie sc̄i Nic̄i de Blanca-landa e Abbi e Canonicis ibidem deo s̄uientibz in lib̄am puram e p̄petuam elemosinam p̄bendam de Cesaris burgo quam Rob̄tus de sc̄e Marie ecclia ibi fuit cū omibz ad eam ptinentibz et concessa q̄ntum in ip̄o fuit qđ conf̄tent eam in p̄p̄os vsus suos et p̄fert p̄dc̄am Cartam que hoc testat̄, et dicit qđ ip̄i tenent hic in hac Insula maiorem p̄tem t̄raz suaz que sunt e fūnt de p̄dc̄a p̄benda. Et dicit qđ p̄dc̄us Rob̄tus dum p̄bendam illam tenuit, et om̄es alii p̄bendarii eiusd̄ p̄bend̄ ante eum semp vsi f̄lūt h̄ere lib̄am espkeriam in p̄dc̄o loco e simitr om̄es Ab̄bes de Blancalanda a tempe quo p̄benda illa sic eis data fuit, sic vsi f̄lūt h̄ere ibidem lib̄am espkeriam et qđ ita est offert v̄ficare p̄ patriam.

Et Wilfus dicit p̄ dn̄o Rege qđ Espkeř mere spectat ad p̄ncipem terre in qua existit quam nemo potest h̄ere nisi de concessione p̄ncipis Et ex quo Abbas nō ostendit inde aliquod sc̄m speciale petit Judm p̄ dn̄o Rege. Dicit t̄ qđ p̄dc̄us Abbas fiet p̄pe p̄dc̄am espkeriam p̄tes

Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever. And thence it is respited as before in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence it is respited as before in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited in five weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year.

The same Abbot was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England he claims to take & have fee esperkeria at Saynk of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King which belongs to the lord the King &c.

And likewise of this plea let the King sue as before.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. sometime King of England by his charter given in the first year of his reign gave to the Church of St. Nicholas of Blanchelande & to the Abbot & Canons serving God there in frankalmoign the prebend of Cherbourg which Robert of the Church of St. Mary had there with all things to the same belonging & granted as much as in him was that they should convert the same to their own proper uses, and he produced the said charter which witnesses this, & says that they hold here in this island the greater part of their lands which are & were of the said prebend. And he says that the said Robert while he held that prebend, and all the other prebendaries of the said prebend before him always used to have free esperkeria in the said place, & likewise all the Abbots of Blanchelande from the time in which that prebend was so given to them were accustomed to have there free esperkeria & that it is so he offers to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the esperkeria only belongs to the prince of the land in which it is which no one can have except of the grant of the prince. And inasmuch as the Abbot did not show therein any special deed he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that the said Abbot has besides the said esperkeria many other men & tenants who are not of the fee or

alios hoīes e tenentes qui nō sunt de feodo vī dn̄io p̄d̄ce p̄bende vt de feodo malueysin de quibz e quoꝝ piscacōibz p̄dcūs Abbas capit e h̄et espkeriam p̄dcām adeo sicut de hoībz p̄d̄ce p̄bende et hoc petit qđ inquirat̄ p̄ dn̄o Rege et Abbas simitr. Iđo fiat inde Jurata Juř dicunt sup sacr̄m suū qđ p̄dcūs Abbas h̄et in feodo de malueysin circiř nouem tenentes piscatores t̄c, et dicunt qđ Idem Abbas adeo pcipit comodū espkeř de illis tenentibz sicut de aliis qui sunt de feodo p̄bendo Dicunt t̄ qđ ip̄i credunt qđ řra illoꝝ vbi espkeria est fuit de p̄d̄ca p̄benda et qđ p̄bendam ip̄i e Abbes illi postea řuerunt ibi espkeriam ab antiquo. Et quidam Abbas de Blancalanda iam tarde p̄quisiuit feod̄ de malueysin qui in nullo spectat ad p̄dcām p̄bendam. Et de assensu ip̄ius Abbis dař est ei dies de Juđo suo audiendo coram p̄fato dn̄o Rege ad p̄fatum řminū t̄c. Et Abbas po. lo. suo p̄dcōs Ricm̄ vī Petrum. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p̄dcūs Abbas p̄ attorñ suū et řtis de causis dař est eis dies coram dn̄o Rege de Juđo suo aud̄ a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicumqz tunc řřit in Angl̄. Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas p̄ attorñ suū venit e dař est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicumqz t̄c. Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas non venit Ideo p̄cedit̄ ad iudicm̄ p̄ eius defaltam. Sed řtis de causis ponit̄ in resp̄tū vsqz a die Pasch̄ in xv dies v̄bicumqz t̄c Et deinde respectuat̄ vt p̄ns iudm̄ vsqz a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicūqz t̄c Et deinde ——— respectuat̄ vt p̄ns vsqz in crastino aiāz v̄bicūqz t̄c Et deinde a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicumqz t̄c. In Crastino annuaz v̄bicūqz t̄c. Et de inde resp̄tuatur indicm̄ vt sup̄ vsqz a die Pasch̄ in vnū menš v̄bicūqz t̄c. Deinde resp̄tuat̄ t̄c vsqz a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ v̄bicūqz t̄c. Et deinde resp̄tuatur vt prius a die Pasch̄ in xv dies v̄bicūqz t̄c. Et deinde respectuat̄ iudicm̄ a die Pasch̄ in quinqz sept̄⁽¹⁾ p̄xio futuř in vnū annū.

(1) Sic.

lordship of the said prebend as of the fee of Malvoisin of whom & of whose fisheries the said Abbot takes & has the said esperkeria as of the men of the said prebend, & he demands that this may be enquired into for the lord the King. And the Abbot likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Abbot has in fee of Malvoisin about nine tenants, fishermen &c., & they say that the said Abbot therefore takes the profits of the esperkeria of those tenants as of others who are of the fee of the prebend. They also say that they believe that the land of those, where the esperkeria is, belonged to the said prebend & that they & those abbots afterwards held the prebend where the esperkeria was of old time. And a certain Abbot of Blanchelande not long ago purchased the fee of Malvoisin which in no way belongs to the said prebend. And with the assent of the said Abbot there is given to him a day to hear judgment before the said lord the King at the said term &c. And the Abbot puts in his place the said Richard or Peter. Afterwards at the said day at Westminster comes the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given to them before the lord the King to hear his judgment in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come. Therefore they proceed to judgment through his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence as before judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence it is respited &c. until three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence let it be respited as before in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence let judgment be respited in five weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year.

(M. 2. d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Justiciār p̄fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit

Abbas de Chireburḡ in miā p̄ plibz defaultis.

Gerneř

Idem Abbas & Prior de Erm suū f̄iunt qđ essent hic ad respondendū dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia & voluntate dñi Reg^o & pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regū Angl̄ clamant p̄cipe e h̄re oīmmoda p̄ficua p̄ueniencia de Insula de Erm & Wrecū maris ibidem accidens tam in fra sua q̄m in aquis dñi Reg^o in costera maris ibidem adiacente / que p̄ manus ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de Insula de Gerneř ad opus dñi Reg^o debent deuenire vt ea que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem suam Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re standardū, mensur̄, e ponderū de suo pp̄o p̄ totam fram suam de Erm absq̄ libacone vt visu ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de Gerneř Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re catalla homim̄ suoꝝ feloñ dñi Reg^o vt fugituoꝝ que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o Et t̄ quo Waranto claīm h̄re eschetam de fr̄is homim̄ suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg^o quietam e exemptam Ita qđ Dñs Rex p̄ficua nō p̄cipiat inde p̄ vnū anū e vnū diem p̄t spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem suam Et t̄ quo Waranto claīm p̄ quēcumq̄ hōiem volūnt Cuř suam p̄efe e h̄re de singlis hōibz suis ex* Cuř dñi Reg^o Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re libam espkeriam apud Erm de piscibz p̄ hōies suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem p̄tinent t̄ Et sciendū qđ p̄d̄cus Prior Abbe licet sumonito tunc absente e dixit qđ p̄d̄ca Insula de Erm est Insula p̄ se nō contenta in Waranto Justiciār hic et p̄ciit inde allocoem e Judm t̄.

Et Wiffus des mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ dñō Rege dicit qđ a tempe quo nō extat memoria p̄d̄ca Insula de Erm fuit ps e membrū hui^o

(M. 2. d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the
said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

+ dead

Guernsey.

The Abbot of Cherbourg amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of Herm were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have all manner of profits forthcoming from the island of Herm & wreck of the sea there happening as well in their land as in the waters of the lord the King in the sea coast there adjoining, which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King of the island of Guernsey ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those which belong to his Crown & dignity. And also by what warrant they claim to have standard, measure & weight of their own throughout all their land of Herm without delivery or view of the officers of the lord the King in Guernsey. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the chattels of their men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have escheat of the lands of their men felons of the lord the King quit & exempt. So that the lord the King may not take the profits thereof for one year & one day as belongs to his Crown and dignity. And also by what warrant they claim by whatsoever man they wish to claim & to have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & to have free esperkeria at Herm of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King &c. And be it known that the said Prior came at another time, the Abbot although summoned then being absent, & said that the said island of Herm is an island by itself & is not contained in the warrant of the Justices here & claimed therein allowance & judgment &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that from time immemorial the said island of Herm was part &

Insule Et qđ quocienscūq; hōies de Erm se conqueri voluerunt de p'dc̄is Abb̄e e Priore de namio iniuste capto vl iniusto Judo venient ad Bassm hui⁹ Insule Et hic fit inde iusticia. Et Prior nō potest hoc dediĉe.

Et Abbas e Prior modo veñ. Et Abbas dicit qđ p'c̄us Prior nō est Prior ppetuus / licet Prior sic vocat̄ sed est immitandus p voluntate Abb̄is de Chireburgh qui p tempe f̄uit . Et Prior hoc cogñ Et Abbas claīm om̄imoda p̄ficua p̄ueniencia de p'dc̄a Insula de Erm Wreccū maris lib̄am Warennam catalla hoīm t̄c lib̄am esperiam t̄c sicut in br̄i continet̄ h̄re p antiquam tenuram a tempe quo nō extat memoria p Cartam dñi H. Reg⁹ filii Impat'cis quam p̄fert sine data in hec verba. H. Rex Angt e Dux Normanñ e Aquit̄ e Comes Andeḡ / H. Rothom̄ Archiep̄o e Ep̄is Abb̄ibz Comitibz / Justiciar̄ / Baroñ / ministris e om̄ibz fidelibz suis Normanñ / saltm. Sciatis me dedisse e concessisse deo e Canonicis deo servituris in Insula que vocat̄ Erm totam Insulam illam cū om̄ibz p̄tiñ suis ad ponendū ibidem Conuentū vnū Canōicoꝝ regulariū / et quicquid ego f̄im in p'dc̄a Insula cū piscac̄oe ad eandem Insulā p̄tinente / Quare volo e firmif̄ p'cipio qđ Canōici qui ibidem mansuri sunt teneant in pace e quiete e lib̄e e honorifice e integre Insulam p'dc̄am cū piscac̄oe e om̄ibz p̄tinenciis suis et cū om̄ibz lib̄tatibz e lib̄is consuetudinibz quas alie religiose domus de Normanñ h̄ent. T.T. Cancellario e Wiffo filio Hamon e ffole fil Wař apđ saresbiř. Et dicit qđ ip̄e e p'decessores sui a tempe p'dc̄i doni semp continue vsi f̄rūt p'dc̄is lib̄tatibz Et qđ ita est patus est v̄ficare p sacrm̄ xij t̄c si nec̄e f̄uit Et quoad eschetam t̄c dicit qđ nō est aliquis lib̄e tenens in p'dc̄a Insula Nec h̄ent standardū t̄c eo qđ Insulani illi nō sūt m̄catores infra Insulam nec ex̄tent m̄candisas nisi alibi e in alienis villis t̄c Et quo ad Curiam

parcel of this island. And that as often as the men of Herm wished to complain of the said Abbot & Prior concerning distress wrongly taken or unjust judgment they come to the bailiff of this island. And that here justice was done therein. And the Prior cannot gainsay this.

And the Abbot & Prior now come. And the Abbot says that the said Prior is not a perpetual Prior, although he is so called Prior, but is admitted at the will of the Abbot of Cherbourg for the time being. And the Prior acknowledged this. And the Abbot claims to have all manner of profits forthcoming from the said island of Herm, wreck of the sea, free warren, chattels of men &c. free esperkeria &c. as is contained in the writ, by ancient tenure from time immemorial, by the charter of the lord H. the King son of the Empress which he brings without date in these words. H. King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Earl of Anjou to H. Archbishop of Rouen & to the Bishops, abbots, counts, justices, barons, ministers & to all his faithful people of Normandy greeting. Know ye that I have given & granted to God and to the canons serving God in the island which is called Herm all that island with all its appurtenances to put there a community of regular canons, and whatever I have in the said island with the fisheries to the said island belonging. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the canons who shall dwell there may hold peaceably & quietly & freely & honourably & wholly the said island with the fisheries & all the appurtenances & with all the liberties and free customs which the other religious houses of Normandy have. Witnesses the Chancellor & William son of Hamon & Fulk son of Warwick at Salisbury. And he says that he & his predecessors from the time of the said gift have always continuously enjoyed the said liberties. And that this is so he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c. if it should be necessary. And as to the escheat &c. he says that there is not any free tenant in the said island. Neither have they a standard &c. because those islanders are not merchants within the island nor do they carry on their business except elsewhere & in foreign towns &c. And as to claiming & obtaining his court outside the court of the

suam petendam e optinendam ex^a Cuř dñi Reg^o coram Balfio de Insula tē dicit qđ ipe e omēs p^odecessores sui Abbēs de Chireburgh a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp consuefunt peře Curiam suam p Priorem Senescallū vī p^opositum suū de hōibz suis iuquerelatis coram Balfo ad sectam alioz de minoribz plitis quoz cognicō spectat ad Cuř i^opius Abbis e illam optiōe. Et hoc simitr patus est vificare p sacrm xij tē si nece fuit. Cognē eciam qđ quociens Insulani de Gerneř con- queri volūnt de aliquo homin^o suoř de Erm coram Balfio de Gerneř de debitis vī contractibz fcīs in hac Insula Prior e Balfo i^opius Abbis de Erm semp consuefunt faře venire coram Balfo de Gerneř hui^o- modi hōies suos ad faciend e recipiend Justiciam.

Dñs Rex tē p Willm des mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus eundē Abbem p^odčam Insulam de Erm vt Jus tē et vnde dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit in seisina de p^odča Insula cū ptiñ vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue tempe pacis capiendo inde explecia ad valenč tē Et qđ tale sit Jus i^opius dñi Reg^o offert vificare p dno Rege tē.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit qđ ipe clař p^odčam Insulam ab antiquo ex p^odča concessione p^odči dñi H. Reg^o p p^odčam Cartam suam in forma qua supius est exp^ossum.

Et Willm des mareys dicit p dno Rege qđ p^odčus Abbas nō defendit Jus suū in forma competenti et petit Judm p dno Rege. Dicit tē qđ p^odčus Abbas p Cartam dñi Reg^o quam pponit nec alio modo docet vel ostendit qđ p^odča Insula vnq^a data fuit p^odecessoribz suis Abbibz de Chireburgh, sed tantū Canōicis deo seruitur in eadem Insula vnde petit Judm p dno Rege p toto tē. Dicit tē qđ in p^odča Carta Reg^o continet^r qđ p^odčus dñs H. Rex dedit p^odčam Insulam Canōicis deo seruituris in eadem ad ponend ibi Conuentū vnū tē. Et dicit qđ a magno tempe nō fūūt ibi nisi tantum duo Canōici qui

lord the King before the bailiff of the island &c. he says that he & all his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg from time immemorial have always been wont to claim their court by their Prior, steward or provost of their men pleading before the bailiff at the suit of others concerning the minor pleas the cognizance whereof belongs to the court of the said Abbot, & to obtain it. And this likewise he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c. if it should be necessary. He acknowledges also that as often as the islanders of Guernsey wished to complain of any of their men of Herm before the Bailiff of Guernsey as to the debts & contracts made in this island the Prior & Bailiffs of the said Abbot of Herm were always wont to cause such men to come before the bailiff of Guernsey to do & receive justice.

And the lord the King through William des Mareys who sues for him claims as against the said Abbot the said island of Herm as his right &c. & thereupon says that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was in seisin of the said island with the appurtenances as of fee & by right of his crown in the time of peace taking thereof rents to the value &c. And that the right of the King is such he offers to establish for the lord the King &c.

And the Abbot comes & says that he claims the said island from ancient time by the said grant of the said lord H. the King by his said charter in the form in which it is above expressed.

And William des Mareys says for the lord the King that the said Abbot does not defend his right in proper form & he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that the said Abbot neither by the charter of the lord the King which he propounds nor in any other manner proves or shows that the said island was ever given to his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg, but only to the Canons serving God in the said island, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King for all &c. And he says that in the said charter of the King it is contained that the said lord H. the King gave the said island to the Canons serving God in the same to place there a community &c. And he says that for a long time there were only two Canons there who rarely celebrate & that there is no one

raro celebrāt nec est alius ibi diuina celebrans, et sic abstracta est ibi Cantaria p̄ qua data fuit Insula vnde p̄ Judm̄ vt p̄us t̄c̄. Dicit t̄ qđ p̄d̄c̄us Abbas e quidam p̄decessor̄ suor̄ s̄b colore p̄d̄c̄e Carte, Licet Jus nō h̄erent app̄raūunt sibi aduocaōem eccl̄ie Insule illius in cui⁹ p̄c̄h̄ tota Insula existit, et illam tenent in p̄p̄os vsus e simitr̄ approp̄raūūt sibi regalem Jur̄dicōem Judicii vite e membroz̄ e forisf̄curas anni e vasti e alioz̄ Jur̄m̄ Regaliū e Wrecci p̄cipiendi et t̄ constituendi Justic̄ suos p̄p̄ris ad assisas suas tenendas sine scitu e voluntate dñi Reg⁹, de quibz̄ manifeste liquet qđ nō licet p̄d̄c̄o Abbi sic vti vt h̄re max̄ie cum p̄d̄c̄us Abbas dediōe nō possit quin ip̄e e hoīes sui de p̄d̄c̄a Insula sint Justiciab̄les dñō Regi coram Baffio suo de hac Insula in forma sup̄d̄c̄a, vnde petit Judm̄ p̄ dñō Rege. Dicit t̄ sicut p̄us dixerat vsus Abbem de Blancalanda qđ dñs J. Rex t̄c̄ p̄ forisf̄curam Normanū fuit in seisina de p̄d̄c̄a Insula et Inde obiit in seisina. Et p̄d̄c̄us Abbas nō ostendit qualr̄ p̄decessores sui postea intraūunt in Insulam vnde petit Judm̄ t̄c̄.

Et Abbas nō potest hec dediōe nec aliud scit diōe p̄ se nisi qđ ip̄e e p̄decessores sui Abbes de Chireburgh sic vsi f̄runt a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ p̄riam. Et Abbas diō se h̄re diem festinan̄t qđ Ep̄us suus visitabit domū suam petens licenciam recedendi. Et po. lo. suo Priorem de Erm in p̄d̄c̄o pl̄ito. Et in c̄stino p̄d̄c̄us Abbas sollempni⁹ vocat⁹ nō veñ ante m̄ridiem nec eius attornat⁹. Et cū Justic̄ adiudicassent defalt̄ Abbis tūc demū veñ p̄d̄c̄s Prior offerens se tanq̄ attorn̄ Abbis t̄c̄ Tū post horam nonam ip̄is Justic̄ adhuc sedentibz̄ in Banco ad pl̄ita t̄c̄. Et h̄itis multis al̄caōibz̄ sup̄ defalt̄ Et Prior Jurans se citius nō posse batellū adipisci ad veniend̄ coram Justic̄ qz̄ batellarii f̄rūt ad

else there celebrating divine service, and so the chantrey there was withdrawn, for which the said island was given, whereupon he claims judgment as before &c. And he says that the said Abbot & certain of his predecessors under colour of the said charter, although they had no right, appropriated to themselves the advowson of the Church of that island, in whose parish all the island is, & hold it to their uses, & they likewise appropriated to themselves the royal jurisdiction of the judgment of life & limb & of taking forfeitures of year & of waste & of other royal rights & of wreck & of constituting their own justices to hold their assizes without the knowledge & will of the lord the King, by which it manifestly appears that it is not lawful for the said Abbot so to enjoy or have, especially as the said Abbot cannot gainsay that he & his men of the said island are under jurisdiction of the lord the King before his Bailiff of this island in the form aforesaid, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says, as he said before, against the Abbot of Blanchelande that the lord King J. by the forfeiture of the Normans was in seisin of the said island & died in seisin thereof. And the said Abbot does not show in what way his predecessors afterwards entered into possession of that island, wherefore he claims judgment &c.

And the Abbot cannot gainsay this & has nothing else to say for himself except that he & his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg were wont so to enjoy from time immemorial. And this he offers to establish by the verdict of the country. And the Abbot asks that he may have a day speedily inasmuch as his Bishop is about to visit his house, praying for leave to withdraw. And he puts in his place the Prior of Herm in the said plea. And on the morrow the said Abbot being solemnly called did not come before noon, nor his attorney. And when the justices had adjudged the default of the Abbot, then at length came the said Prior offering himself as the attorney of the Abbot &c. Then after the hour of nine the said Justices still sitting on the Bench for the pleas &c., & having many altercations upon the defaults. And the Prior swearing that he could not obtain a boat sooner to come before the justices because the boats were out fishing

Seq^r Rex de
nouo qz Abbas
ob.

piscand^t tē. Tandem posuit se in gram^m dn̄i Reg^o de xx. ii. p^r p^rdca defalta et admittunt^r si rex acceptet^r p^r p^rtm Prioris sc̄i Elerii Et de assensu ip̄ius Abbis qui postea veñ in pp^ra psona datus est ei dies de audiendo Ju^o suo coram dn̄o Rege a die sc̄i mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicumq^z tunc fūit in Angl̄. Et Abbas amouit p^rdcm Priorem quem p^rus tē. Et po. lo. suo f^rem Nich̄m Leuesk Concanōicum suū v^t Petrū f^rim Petri Dartys Et sciend^t qd̄ Ju^r testant^r qd̄ ip̄i nō recolunt nec a p^rgenitorib^z suis audierunt qd̄ alius teneret Insulam de Erm q^m Abbas de Chireburgh. Postea, ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p^rd^rus Abbas p^r attorñ suū e^t etis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Ju^o suo aud^r coram dn̄o Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men^s vbicumq^z tūc fūit in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p^rd^rus Abbas p^r attorñ suū veñ e^t datus est ei dies vsq^z a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq^z fūit in Angl̄ tē. Ad quē diē p^rd^rus Abbas nō venit Ideo pcedat^r ad iudm̄ p^r ei^o defaltam sed etis de causis ponit^r in resp^m vsq^z a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicumq^z tē. Et deinde vt p^rus resp^tuat^r iudm̄ vsq^z a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq^z tē.—Et deinde in crastino aiāz vbicumq^z tē. Et deinde a die pasch̄ in vnū men^s vbicumq^z tē. Ad quē diē testatū est p^r fidedignos qd̄ p^rd^rus Abbas mortuus est p^r quod mand^t est Odoni de Grandisono vel ei^o locū tenenti qd̄ inde etificet. Et in crastio aiāz vbicumq^z tē Ad q̄ diē tenēs locū tē mand^t [hic] p^r lras ball [signatas ?] patentes⁽¹⁾ consutas q̄ testant^r qd̄ p^rd^rus Abbas mortuus est.

(1) The interlineations here are not decipherable. MS. slightly torn.

The King
sues anew
because the
Abbot died.

&c. Finally he put himself in the grace of the lord the King for 20 livres for the said defaults & they are admitted if the King accepts, by the pledge of the Prior of St. Helier. And with the assent of the said Abbot, who afterwards came personally, a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot removed the said Prior whom before &c. And put in his place Brother Nicholas Levesque his fellow-canon or Peter son of Peter Darty. And be it known that the jurors testify that they do not recollect nor have they heard from their progenitors that any other than the Abbot of Cherbourg held the island of Herm. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given to them [*sic*] to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came and a day is given to him in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever he shall be in England &c. On which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore they proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence as before judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day it is witnessed by trustworthy men that the said Abbot is dead, whereupon it is commanded to Otto de Grandison or his lieutenant that he shall certify this. And in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. On which day the lieutenant &c. directed [here] by his own letters patent to his bailiff sealed with his seal sewn to this roll which testify that the aforesaid Abbot was dead.

(M. 3.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ p̄fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř

Nichus de Cheney e magř Phūs frat̄ eius suñ fũunt ad respond
dn̄o Regi de pl̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dn̄i Reḡo e
p̄genitoř suoz Regum Angl̄ clamant ĩre quartam p̄tm Wrecci maris
accidentis in dn̄icis ĩris e aquis dn̄i Reḡo iux^a Castrum Reḡo e alibi
in ĩris ip̄ius dn̄i Reḡo e aquis suis e terris tenenciũ suoz p̄ totam
costeram Insule de Gerneř que n̄o sunt de feodo vt dn̄io ip̄oz Nichi e
Phi et illud in pp̄os vsus suos conũte. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant
pcipe e ĩre quartam p̄tem omiñ regaliũ pisciũ p̄ quoscumq̄ mari-
nellos captoř in aquis dn̄i Reḡo vbicumq̄ applicanciũ in p̄dca Insula
que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dn̄i Reḡo. Et t̄ ostensũ quo
Wař clamant fugare p̄ totam ĩram dn̄i Reḡo de p̄dca In̄ et Cuniclos
dn̄i Reḡo cape p̄ voluntate sua sine licencia ip̄ius dn̄i Reḡo e minis-
troř suoz potestatem ĩnciũ licenciam hui^omodi concedendi. Et t̄ quo
Waranto clamant p̄ quemcumq̄ hoiẽm volũnt Curiam suam peře e
ĩre de singlis hoībz suis ex^a Cuř dn̄i Regis t̄c.

Et Nichus e Phūs veñi. Et quo ad Wreccum t̄c dicunt qđ p̄d̄cus
Nichus tenet solus tenementa ad quẽ Wreccũ illud ptinet. Et Ni-
chus dicit qđ teñ que ip̄e modo tenet quond̄ fũũt cui^ođ Robti Comitis
Moritoñ qui teñ illa dedit cuidam Baldewyno de Veer qui inde obiit
seisitus. Et postea Wilfus pater ip̄ius Nichi cui^o heres ip̄e est teñ
illa cum p̄tiñ p̄quisiuit de ĩede p̄d̄ci Baldewyni. Et dicit qđ tam
p̄d̄ci Comes e Baldewyn^o et om̄es alii qui teñ illa tenũunt a tempe
quo n̄o extat memoria, q^m p̄d̄cus pat̄ suus e ip̄e semp̄ vsi fũunt
pcipe e ĩre hui^omodi Wreccũ et hoc offert v̄ificare p̄ pat̄am. —

(M. 3.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

Nicholas de Cheney & Master Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have the fourth part of the wreck of the sea occurring in the demesne lands & waters of the lord the King next the castle of the King & elsewhere in the lands & waters of the said lord the King & in the lands of his tenants throughout the whole coast of the island of Guernsey which are not of the fee or demesne of the said Nicholas & Philip & to convert it to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take and have the fourth part of all the royal fish taken by whatsoever mariners being found in the waters of the lord the King wheresoever in the said island, which belong to the crown and dignity of the lord the King. And also to show by what warrant they claim to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King of the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the licence of the lord the King & his officers having power to grant such licence. And also by what warrant they demand, by whatsoever man they will, to claim and have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King &c.

And Nicholas & Philip come. And as to the wreck &c. they say that the said Nicholas alone holds the tenements to which that wreck belongs. And Nicholas says that the tenements which he now holds belonged formerly to a certain Robert Earl of Mortain who gave those tenements to a certain Baldwyn de Vere who died seised thereof. And afterwards William father of the said Nicholas, whose heir he is, purchased those tenements with the appurtenances from the heir of the said Baldwyn. And he says that as well the said Count & Baldwyn & all others who held those tenements from time immemorial, as his said father & himself, have always used to take & have such wreck, & this he offers to establish by the verdict of

Et quo ad regales pisces disclam̄ tē dum cū balena e porpiscus nō comp̄hendant̄ s̄ hoc noīe. — Et quo ad fugam Cunictōz tē dicunt qđ ip̄i et om̄es alii tenentes teñ que ip̄i modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi fūunt fugare Cunictos cum cane e bacto sine alio ingenio. Et qđ ita est pati sunt v̄ificare p̄ p̄riam et sic clamant ip̄i fugare e non alī. — Et quo ad Cuř suam tē dicunt qđ quando aliquis tenenciū suoꝝ implitatus est in Cuř dñi Reg^o coram Ballo tē de catañ e aliis minutis p̄litis, de quibz ip̄i cognosce possunt in Cuř suis ip̄i claī inde pefe Curiam suam p̄ Senescallū aut p̄p̄oitum suū e illam optifse. Et sic vsi fūunt om̄es alii tenentes teñ que ip̄i modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offerunt simitr v̄ificare p̄ pat'am.

Et Wiffus des mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ dñō Rege dicit qđ feoffator p̄dci Wiffi p̄ris tē nunq̄ fuit in seisina p̄cipiendi Wreccū in tra Reg^o, sicut p̄dcus Nichus illud modo claī, et hoc offert v̄ificare p̄ patriam p̄ dñō Rege. Et de aliis tē, petit simitr qđ inquirat̄ p̄ dñō Rege. Et Nichus e P̄lus simitr Ido fiat inde Juř. Et quicquid accidat de Juř p̄dcus Wiffus petit Judm̄ p̄ dñō Rege, ex quo ip̄i nō ostendunt qđ aliquis Regum hec eis concesserit. Juř dicunt sup sacr̄m suū qđ p̄dci Comes e Baldewynus v̄q̄ eoꝝ p̄ tempe suo p̄cipe solebant Wreccū in dñicis tris suis, et simitr p̄dcus Wiffus tē. Et postmodū dū mater p̄dci Nichi tenuit teñ que p̄dcus Nichus modo tenet, fcā fuit p̄locucō inl̄ Batm̄ dñi Reg^o de hac Insula e Batios Abb̄is de monte sc̄i Michis e p̄dcē matris tē s̄ hac forma qđ ad sedandū om̄es controuersias cui^omodi p̄us habite fūūt inl̄ eos, de t̄minis e bundis traꝝ suaz vbi Wreccū acciderat p̄dcus Abbas solus p̄cipet Wreccum maris accidens in dñicis tris suis de Wale e Lyho p̄ eo vidett qđ ip̄e Abbas multo plus t̄re fuit in costera maris vbi Wreccum accidit q̄m aliquis

the country. And as to the royal fish he disclaims &c. provided however that whale & porpoise are not comprehended under that name. And as to the chase of conies &c. they say that they & all others holding the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial were always used to chase conies with a dog & staff without other engine. And that it is so they are ready to establish by the verdict of the country & so they claim to chase & not otherwise. And as to their court &c. they say that when any of their tenants is impleaded in the court of the lord the King before the Bailiff for chattels & other small pleas, of which they can have cognizance in their courts, they claim their court by their steward or provost & to obtain it. And so used all others holding the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial. And this they offer likewise to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the grantor of the said William the father &c. was never in seisin of taking the wreck in the land of the King, as the said Nicholas now claims, & this he offers to establish by the verdict of the country for the lord the King. And as to the other things &c. he prays likewise that it may be enquired into for the lord the King. And Nicholas & Philip likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed. And whatever may result from the jury the said William claims judgment for the lord the King inasmuch as they do not show that any of the Kings granted these things to them. The jury say upon their oath that the said Earl & Baldwyn each of them in his time were wont to take wreck in their demesne lands, & likewise the said William &c. And afterwards while the mother of the said Nicholas held the tenements, which the said Nicholas now holds, an overture was made between the Bailiff of this island of the lord the King & the Bailiffs of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & of the said mother &c. under this form, that to allay all controversies whatsoever which before were had between them concerning the terms & boundaries of their lands where wreck should happen, the said Abbot alone should take wreck of the sea happening in his demesne lands of the Vale & Lyhou, because the said Abbot had much more land on the coast of

alius et de toto Wrecco residuo accidente p totam Insulam p̄lq^m in dñicis fris mathi de Sauzmareys qui solus ibi fiet Wreccum fierit equa pticio Ita qđ medietas integre remanebit dño Regi, et alia medietas equaliter ptiret^r int̄ p̄d̄cm Abbem ex vna pte e tenentes lras p̄d̄ci Comitis quas p̄dcus Nic̄us modo tenet ex alia, saluis semp dño Regi p̄ncipalibz rebus antiquitus exceptis, vt aurū nō opatū, serica nō opata, scarletta integra, mantellū sine attachia, aues regales e hui^omodi t̄c. Et sunt triginta anni elapsi e amplius qđ p̄locucō illa vltimo fca fuit t̄c. Et dicunt qđ semp postea vsi sunt ptiri Wreccū in forma p̄d̄ca sed nesciunt si dñs ad hoc p̄buit assensum nec ne. Et de aliis p̄dcis libtatibz t̄c. dicunt qđ om̄es dñi qui tenfunt teñ que ip̄i modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̄funt gaudere libtatibz illis, in forma qua ip̄i modo clañ, hoc excepto qđ nulli licet fugare Cunicos, nisi tempe assueto, scilt a mens̄ Septembr̄ vsq, ad mensem ffebr. Et tunc dñs Rex e ministri sui fugabunt p voluntate sua. Et postea q^m pfugañt p̄d̄ci Abbas e Nic̄is cū cane e bacto sine ingenio t̄c. Et P̄us e quidam alii libe tenentes postea simitr t̄c. Et qz largius clamañt t̄c Ido ip̄i in miã. Et de Wrecco e aliis t̄c. de assensu eoꝝđ dat̄ est eis dies de audiendo Juđo suo coram dño Rege a die sc̄i Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq, tunc f̄fuit in Angl. Et p̄dcus P̄us po. lo. suo p̄d̄cm Nic̄m vt Hen̄ de Trente. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄ci Nic̄us e P̄us. Et et̄tis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Juđo suo auđ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc f̄fuit in Angl. Et Nic̄us e P̄us po. lo. suo Hen̄ de Trente P̄m de Cheny vt Simonē de Esse tam in p̄d̄ca loquela q^m in om̄ibz aliis ip̄os tangentibz de eođ Itifē. Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Nic̄s e P̄s p attorū suū veñ, e dat^o est eis dies corā dno Rē a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc f̄fuit in Angl.

the sea where wreck happens than any one else, & that of the residue of the whole wreck happening throughout the whole island, except in the demesne lands of Matthew de Sauzmareys, who alone there has wreck, an equal partition should be made. So that the moiety should wholly remain to the lord the King, & the other moiety should be equally divided between the said Abbot of the one part, & those holding the lands of the said Count, which the said Nicholas now holds, of the other part, saving always to the lord the King the principal things of old excepted, such as gold not worked, silk not worked, scarlet whole, cloaks without fastening, royal birds & such like &c. And 30 years & more have elapsed since that overture was last made &c. And they say that always afterwards they used to divide the wreck in the form aforesaid, but they do not know if the lord gave his assent to this or not. And as to the other liberties aforesaid &c. they say that all the lords who held the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial have always used to enjoy those franchises, in the form in which they now claim with this exception that it was not lawful for any one to chase conies, except in the customary season, viz. from the month of September up to the month of February. And then the lord the King & his officers chased at their will. And afterwards the said Abbot & Nicholas shall chase with dog & staff without engine, &c. And Philip & certain other free tenants afterwards likewise &c. And because they claimed more, &c. therefore they are amerced. And concerning the wreck & other things &c. with their assent a day is given to them to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the said Philip puts in his place the said Nicholas or Henry de Trente. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Nicholas and Philip. And for certain reasons a day is given to them to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Nicholas & Philip put in their place Henry de Trente, Philip de Cheny or Simon de Esse as well in the said plea as in all other things concerning them of the said eyre. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip by their attorney come, & a day is given to them before the lord the King in

Ad quē diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veñ e c̄tis de causis datus est eis dies
veñ : a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies v̄bicūq, t̄c. Ad q̄ diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e p̄hs
veñ e c̄tis de c̄ais datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bi-
cūq, t̄c. Et deinde dat^o est eis dies in c̄stino Annuaz v̄bicūq, t̄c.—
veñ Et deinde dat^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicūq, t̄c.
in c̄s. aiaz In Crastino aiaz v̄bicūq, t̄c Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e p̄hs veñ e datus
est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s v̄bicūq, t̄c Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s
v. sep̄t pas. e p̄hs veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasche in tres sep̄t v̄bicūq, t̄c
Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e p̄hs veñ e datus est eis dies a die
Pasch̄ in xv dies v̄bicūq, t̄c. Ad quē diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veni^{unt}
e dat^o est eis dies de audienđ̄ Judicio suo a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq, septias
p̄x futu^r in vnū annū v̄bicūq, t̄c

Seq^r Rex
de nouo.

Oliuerus le moigne e p̄ticipes sui, e Thomas de Estfeld e Alicia
vxor eius allocuti de eo qđ cum dñs E nup Rex Angl̄ pat̄ dñi Reg^o
nunc in Cu^r sua coram mag^{ro} Rob̄to de Leisset e sociis suis Justic̄
assign^{atis} ad Itifandū hic t̄c recupasset seisinam suam vsus Rob̄tm
le marchaunt e Ceciliam v̄xem eius modo defunctos e p̄d̄cos Oliuū,
Thomam e Aliciam de om̄ibz tenementis que fuerunt mag^{ri} Guilli
de sc̄o Remigio qui teñ illa tenuit de p̄d̄cō dño Rege p̄ homağ e fide-
litate e sectam ad tres magnas Cu^r dñi Reg^o sine sumoñ t̄c et qui
fecit feloniam p̄ qua Insulas dñi Reg^o abiu^r v̄ p̄ quod teñ illa ff̄ūt
escheta dñi Reg^o v̄ p̄d̄ci Oliu^s, Thomas e Alicia adhuc teñ illa dño
Regi iniuste detinent occupata t̄c.

Et Oliu^s e alii veñ, Et dicunt qđ post assisas illas ip̄i secuti
ff̄ūt coram dño Rege qui nup obiit e eiu^o consilio conquerentes de
p̄cessu illo, et hoc offerunt v̄ficare p̄ record̄ Rotloz p̄d̄ci dñi Reg^o de
p̄d̄cō tempe. Et Ido de assensu eozđ datus est eis dies coram dño

Came. one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain reasons a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain reasons a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day

Came. In the Morrow of All Souls. is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said

5 weeks to Easter. Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them to hear judgment in five weeks next to come from the day of Easter in one year wheresoever &c.

The King sues anew.

Oliver le Moigne & his parceners & Thomas de Estfeld & Alice his wife questioned as to this that whereas the lord E. late King of England father of the lord the King that now is in his court before Master Robert de Leisset & his fellow-justices assigned for the eyre here &c. recovered his seisin against Robert le Marchaunt & Cecilia his wife now deceased, & the said Oliver, Thomas & Alice, of all the tenements which were of Master William de St. Remy who held those tenements of the said lord the King by homage & fealty & suit at the three great courts of the lord the King without summons &c., & who committed a felony for which he abjured the islands of the lord the King whereby those tenements were the escheats of the lord the King—the said Oliver, Thomas & Alice still unjustly detain from the lord the King those tenements occupied &c.

And Oliver & the others come & say that after those assizes they were sued before the lord the King who lately died & his council, complaining of that process, & this they offer to establish by the records of the rolls of the said lord the King of the time aforesaid. And therefore with their assent a day is given to them before

Rege a die sc̃i Michis in vnū meñs vbicumq; tūc f̃fuit in Angl. Et infim querant̃ Rotli. Et qz timebat̃ qđ causa ref̃sionis p̃cessus f̃iti, coram pd̃cō magrō Rob̃to posset esse p̃ eo qđ certa q̃ntitas teñ nōiata nō extitit. Ido de nouo fc̃us est vsus eos p̃cessus p̃ dno Rege p̃ formam pl̃iti de escheta / modo quo sequit̃

Respice in tergo de eod̃.

(M. 3. d.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis coram p̃fatis Iusticiar̃ p̃fatis die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř

Dñs Rex p̃ Guifm des mareys qui sequit̃ p̃ eo / petit vsus Oliū le moigne, Joñem e Radm f̃res eius medietatem duodecim mesuagioꝝ quatuor curtilagioꝝ, duaꝝ bouataꝝ e Centū e quaf̃inginti e tresdecim virgataꝝ ĩre e d̃i, decem e octo librataꝝ e sexdecim solid̃ redd̃s, et reddit̃ sexaginta e q̃tuor quartioꝝ e vnus buss̃ fr̃i, duodecim panū, sexdecim capoñ e viginti gallinaꝝ cū p̃tiñ in pochis sc̃i Petri in portu, sc̃e Marie de Castro, sc̃i Saluatoris, sc̃i Andř, sc̃i Martini de Bellosa, sc̃i Samp̃s, sc̃i Pet̃ de Bosco, de Wale, Torteual, e fforesta. Et vsus Thomam de Estfeld e Aliciam ṽxem eius medietatem duodecim mesuagioꝝ quatuor curtilagioꝝ, duaꝝ bouataꝝ e Centū e quaf̃inginti e tresdecim virgataꝝ ĩre e d̃i, decem e octo librataꝝ e sexdecim solidataꝝ redd̃s, et redditus sexaginta e quatuor quartioꝝ e vnus buss̃ fr̃i, duodecim panū, sexdecim caponū e viginti gall̃n cum p̃tiñ in eisđ poch̃ vt Jus e eschetam suam p̃ eo / quod Wilfs de sc̃o Remigio qui pd̃ca meš, curtilagia, fram e redd̃s de dño Edwardo quondam Rege Angl̃ patre dñi Reg̃ nūc tenuit feloniam feč p̃ qua Insulas dñi Reg̃ abiurauit. Et vnde Idem Guifm dicit p̃ dño Rege qđ pd̃cus Wilfs de sc̃o Remigio tenuit pd̃ca teñ de dño Rege patre tē p̃ fidelitatem e S̃uiciū secte ad magnam Cur̃ dñi Reg̃ in Gerneř ter p̃ ann sine sumoničoe tē.

the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael where-soever he shall then be in England. And in the meantime let the rolls be searched. And because it was feared that the cause of the reversion of the process had before the said Master Robert might be because a certain number of the tenements named do not exist, therefore process is made anew against them for the lord the King by the form of the plea of escheat in the manner which follows

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 3. d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against Oliver le Moigne, John & Ralph his brothers the moiety of 12 messuages, 4 curtilages, 2 bovates⁽¹⁾ & 193½ virgates⁽²⁾ of land and domain, 18 librates⁽³⁾ & 16 sols rent, & the rent of 64 quarters & 1 bushell of wheat, 12 loaves, 16 capons & 20 hens with the appurtenances in the parishes of St. Peter-port, St. Mary de Câtel, St. Saviour, St. Andrew, St. Martin de Bellouse, St. Sampson, St. Peter in the Wood, the Vale, Torteval & the Forest. And against Thomas de Estfeld & Alice, his wife, the moiety of 12 messuages, 4 curtilages, 2 bovates & 193½ virgates of land and domain, 18 librates & 16 sols rent, & the rent of 64 quarters & 1 bushell of wheat, 12 loaves, 16 capons & 20 hens with the appurtenances in the said parishes as his right & escheat inasmuch as William de St. Remy, who held the said messuages, curtilages, land & rents of the lord Edward sometime King of England father of the lord the King that now is, committed a felony for which he abjured the islands of the lord the King. And there-upon the said William says for the lord the King that the said William de St. Remy held the said tenements of the lord the King the father &c. by fealty & the service of suit at the great court of the lord the King in Guernsey three times a year without Summons &c.

(1) Bouvées. (2) Vergées.

(3) Livrée de terre : as much land as would bring in an annual revenue of one pound.

Et Oliſus e alii veñ e dicunt qđ postq^m pd̄cus Wifus abiurafiat tē, pd̄cus dn̄s Rex pal̄ tē pdonauit pd̄co Wifto, tam feloniam quam feč, q^m abiuracōem Insulaz, quam fečat p eadem et p̄tea de grā sua speciali reconcessit ei om̄ia teñ sua que ea occ^one capta ffūt in mañ dn̄i Reg^o. Et dicunt qđ pd̄cus Wifus inde ptulit brē dn̄i Reg^o Custodi Insulaz qui p brē illud teñ sua sibi relibauit vnde dicunt qđ pd̄cus Wifus sic obiit seisitus de pd̄cis teñ vt de feodo, et post eius mortem intrafunt ip̄i in pd̄cis teñ vt fides, tē., et offerunt v̄ficare p patriam qđ pd̄cus Wifus sic obiit seisitus de pd̄cis teñ vt de feodo. Et simitr offunt v̄ficare p recordū Rotloz dn̄i Reg^o de Cancellaria e pliameto qđ pd̄cus dn̄s Rex concessit pd̄co Wifto teñ sua in forma pd̄ca. Et sciend qđ Jur̄ testant^r qđ pd̄cus Wifus obiit in seisina de pd̄cis teñ in forma pd̄ca. Et qđ pd̄ca Alicia soror eius fuit, e Oliſus e alii ffūt filii al̄ius sororis eius, et sunt fides ein^o p̄pinqiores tē. Et cum Justicia^r die Jouis post festum Ap̄toz Petⁱ e Pauli adiornasse voluissent pd̄cōs Oliſum e alios, pd̄ci Thomas e Alicia veſunt, sed pd̄ci Oliſus e alii nō veñ, quosq, defalt^r eoꝝ adiudicata fuit, e tūc circi^l meridiem veſunt petentes grām de defalt^r tē dicentes qđ scdm consuetudinem pat^re nō debent puniri, ex quo veſunt dū Justicia^r sederunt in Banco. Postea optulerunt dn̄o Regi decem libr̄ p sic qđ possint p̄litare in p^rncipali tē. Et eis concedit^r si dn̄s Rex acceptet tē, pp̄im singloz ip̄oꝝ p om̄ibz tē. Et dat^o est eis dies coram dn̄o Rege a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vnū men̄s vbicumq, tunc ffūt in Angt de vtroꝝ p̄lito tē. Et Alicia po. lo. suo pd̄cōs Thomam vt Oliſum. Et pd̄cus Thomas po. lo. suo suo pd̄cm Oliſū. Et pd̄cus Oliſus po. lo. suo pd̄cm Thomam. Et pd̄ci Joñes e Radus po. lo. suo pd̄cm Oliſum. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ pd̄ci Oliſus e alii. Et ctis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dn̄o Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū

And Oliver & the others come & say that after the said William had abjured &c., the said lord the King the father &c. pardoned the said William as well for the felony which he committed as for his abjuration of the said islands which he made for the same, and moreover of his special grace regranted him all his tenements which on this occasion were taken into the hands of the lord the King. And they say that the said William brought a writ of the lord the King to the warden of the islands, who by that writ redelivered to him his tenements, whereupon they say that the said William so died seised of the said tenements as of fee, & after his death they entered into the said tenements as heirs, &c., & they offer to establish by verdict of the country that the said William died so seised of the said tenements as of fee. And likewise they offer to establish by the record of the rolls of the lord the King of his Chaucery & Parliament that the said lord the King granted to the said William his tenements in the form aforesaid. And be it known that the jurors testify that the said William died in seisin of the said tenements in the form aforesaid. And that the said Alice was his sister, & Oliver & the others were the sons of his other sister & are his next heirs &c. And when the justices on Thursday after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul wished to adjourn the said Oliver & the others, the said Thomas & Alice came, but the said Oliver & the others did not come until their default was adjudged, & then about noon they came praying grace for their default &c. saying that according to the custom of the country they ought not to be punished because they came while the justices were sitting on the bench. Afterwards they brought to the King 10 livres so that they may plead on the main issue &c. And it is granted to them if the lord the King accepts &c. by the pledge of each of them for all &c. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England for each plea &c. And Alice puts in her place the said Thomas or Oliver. And the said Thomas puts in his place the said Oliver. And the said Oliver puts in his place the said Thomas. And the said John & Ralph put in their place the said Oliver. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Oliver & others. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear

mensem vbiūq, tūc fuit in Angl. Et Oliūs po. lo. suo p̄d̄c̄m Thoñ.
Et p̄d̄ca Alicia v̄x̄ p̄d̄ci Thome po. lo. suo p̄d̄c̄m Thomam iñ loquela
p̄d̄ca t̄c̄ Ad quem diem veñ ptes p̄ attorñ suos e datus est eis dies a
veñ die Pasch̄ in vnu mensem vbiūq, t̄c̄.—Ad quē die veñūt p̄d̄ci Oliverus
e alii, e etis de causis datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbi-
cumq, t̄c̄ Ad q̄ diē veñūt p̄d̄ci Oliūs e alii e etis de cais datus
veñ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbiūq, t̄c̄ Ad quē diem
veñūt p̄d̄ci Olyūs e alii e etis de cais datus est dies in Crastino aiaꝝ
veñ vbiūq, t̄c̄. Et deinde dat^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem
veñ vbiūq, t̄c̄ In Crastino aiaꝝ vbiūq, t̄c̄ Ad q̄ diem p̄d̄ci Oliūs Joñes
e Raðs veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbiūq, t̄c̄
etis de cais vt sup^a t̄c̄ Ad q̄ diem p̄d̄ci Olyūs Joñes e Raðs veñ e
v^qh sept̄ pas. dat^o est eis dies a die pasche in tres sept̄ vbiūq, t̄c̄, etis de cais t̄c̄.—
Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Olyūs Joñes e Raðs Thoñ e alicia veñ e datus
est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbiūq, t̄c̄, etis de cais t̄c̄ Ad quē
Seq: Rex die p̄d̄ci Oliuerus Joñs Raðs Thoñ e Alič veñ. Et dat^o est eis dies
de nouo a die Pasch̄ in qñq, septias p̄x̄ futuř in vnū annū vbičq, t̄c̄

Matñus de Curia Bañus hui^o Insule, e qui se dicit teñe locum
Otonis de Grandisono hie in ista Insula loco dñi sui p̄d̄ci querit: de
Rohto de Haddy nup Receptore p̄d̄ci Otonis e Thoñ de Estfeld
de eo videlt qđ cum p̄d̄cs Thomas nup infecisset quemdam fidelem
hoiem dñi Reg^o e fugiisset ad refugiū ecclie e ponens se in eccliam
recōgnouisset fcm̄ e abiurasset Insulas p̄ quod fre e catalla que tūc
sũunt ip̄ius Thome forisfca sũunt ip̄i Otoni řone dimissionis ip̄i Otoni
nup fce p̄ dn̄m E. quond Regem t̄c̄ p̄rem dñi Reg^o nūc de Insulis hic
ad t̄minū vite ip̄ius Otoñ cum om̄imodis p̄ficuis eschetis e obuē-
cōibz inde em̄gentibz que ad dn̄m Regem deuenirent si Insulas in

judgment before the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Oliver puts in his place the said Thomas. And the said Alice wife of the said Thomas puts in her place the said Thomas in the said plea &c. At which day came the parties by their attorneys, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & the others came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & others came & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & the others came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes as above &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph came & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph, Thomas & Alice came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes &c. At which day the said Oliver, John, Ralph, Thomas & Alice came. And a day is given to them in five weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Came.

Came.

5 weeks
from Easter.

The King
sues anew.

Matthew de la Court, Bailiff of this island, & who says that he is lieutenant of Otto de Grandison here in this island in the place of his said lord, complains of Robert de Haddy late receiver of the said Otto & Thomas de Estfeld, for this that whereas the said Thomas lately killed a certain faithful man of the lord the King & fled to the sanctuary of the Church & putting himself in the Church acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands whereby the lands & chattels which then belonged to the said Thomas were forfeited to the said Otto by reason of the grant lately made to the said Otto by the lord E. formerly King, &c. father of the King that now is, of the islands here for the term of the life of the said Otto with all manner of profits, escheats & revenues arising therefrom which would come to the lord

manu sua tenet p̄dcs q, Otto dñs suus p̄ ministros suos f̄ras e catalla illa seisiri fecisset in manū suam oc̄ōne p̄dca p̄dci Robtus e Thomas p̄dca f̄ras e catalla occuparunt e elongaūunt a seisina ip̄ius Otonis aine scitu e voluntate ip̄ius Otonis e absq, causa r̄onabili Et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ dñō suo sicut Cuī cons̄ e petit remediū p̄ dñō suo t̄c.

Et Robtus e Thomas veñ, Et Robtus dicit p̄ se qđ tempe delibacōis p̄dcoꝝ f̄re e catall̄ t̄c fuit ip̄e Receptor t̄c e executor b̄rim dñi Reg^o directoꝝ p̄dco Otoni v̄l eius locum tenenti t̄c Et p̄dcs Thomas detulit ei br̄e dñi Reg^o in hec v̄ba. — Edwardus dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hiñ e Dux Aquit̄ v̄l d̄itco e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi Insulaꝝ de Gerneseye e Gereseye v̄l eius locum tenenti salm̄. Cum p̄ lit̄as n̄ras patentes p̄donauim^o Thome de Estfeld sectam pacis n̄re que ad nos ptinet p̄ morte Robti du Celer et eciam abiuraçōem Insulaꝝ p̄dcaꝝ e cetaꝝ Insulaꝝ adiacentiū quam fecit p̄ morte p̄dca put in d̄cis tris n̄ris eidem Thome inde confectis plenius continet v̄l volentes eidem Thome gr̄am face v̄biorem, voꝝ mandamus qđ om̄es f̄ras e teñ que f̄runt ip̄ius Thome in Insulis p̄d̄cis die abiuraçōis p̄d̄ce e que de noꝝ tenent v̄l ac t̄ om̄ia bona e catalla sua oc̄ōne mortis e abiuraçōis p̄dcaꝝ in manū n̄ram capta si f̄re ille e teñ tanq^m escheta n̄ra, ac bona e catalla p̄dca oc̄ōne p̄dca tanq^m forisfca ad nos debeant ptinere eidem Thome lib̄ari faciatis de gr̄a n̄ra sup̄dca. Saluis voꝝ p̄fate Otto iuribꝝ ad vos spectantibꝝ in hac pte. T. me ip̄o apud Lyncoīn sc̄do die Januař. Anno ř. ñ. Tricesimo f̄cio. Et dicit qđ ip̄e detulit br̄e illud in plenam Cuī hic coram Petro le marchaunt tunc Ballo e Juř Reg^o qui se dicunt Judices ad om̄ia t̄c Et ip̄i adiudicafunt p̄ br̄e illud f̄ras e catalla illa p̄dco Thome quiete fore delibanda. Et hoc in p̄sencia eoꝝd̄ offert v̄ficare sicut Cuī cons̄. Sed n̄ts eoꝝ in aliquo sibi cont̄dicit. Et Thomas dicit qđ nō debet p̄dco

the King if he held the islands in his hands & the said Otto his lord by his officers caused those lands & tenements to be seised into his hands for the reason aforesaid—the said Robert & Thomas occupied the said lands & chattels & removed them from the seisin of the said Otto without the knowledge & will of the said Otto & without reasonable cause. And this he offers to establish for his lord as the court shall determine & he claims a remedy for his lord &c.

And Robert & Thomas come. And Robert says for himself that at the time of the delivery of the said lands & chattels &c. he was Receiver &c. & executor of the writs of the lord the King directed to the said Otto or his lieutenant &c. And the said Thomas brought to him the writ of the lord the King in these words—Edward by the grace of God King of England, Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison warden of the islands of Guernsey & Jersey or to his lieutenant greeting: Whereas by our letters patent we have granted to Thomas de Estfeld the suit of our peace which belongs to us by the death of Robert de Celer and also the abjuration of the said islands & of the other islands adjoining which he made for the said death as in our said letters to the said Thomas thereof made it is more fully contained, we willing to show to the said Thomas our abundant grace command you that you cause to be delivered to the said Thomas of our grace aforesaid all the lands & tenements which were of the said Thomas in the said islands on the day of the said abjuration & which are held of us & also all his goods & chattels taken into our hands by reason of the said death & abjuration if those lands & tenements as our escheats & the said goods & chattels for the reason aforesaid as forfeitures ought to belong to us. Saving to you the said Otto the rights belonging to you in this behalf. Witness ourself at Lincoln the 2nd day of January in the 33rd year of our reign. And he says that he produced that writ in open court here before Peter le Marchant then Bailiff & the Jurats of the King who call themselves judges for all things &c. And they adjudged by that writ that all those lands & chattels should be quietly delivered to the said Thomas. And this in their presence he offers to establish as the court shall determine. But none of them gainsaid him in anything. And Thomas says that he ought

Ballio nec alii q^m p^dcō Ottoni si infisset in pp^a psona v^t p attorñ suū inde respondere. Et peī Judm. Dies dat⁹ est eis coram dnō Rege a die scī Michis in vnū mens vbiq³ tē. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm. Etis de causis respectuat^r reddendū coram dnō Rege a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbiq³ tūc fuit in Angl^t in statu quo nūc tē Et sciend^r qd p^dcūs Robus modo nō veñ. Ad quem diem indicm respectuat^r in forma p^dcā tē. Ad quē diē iudm respectuat^r vsq³ a die Pasch in xv. dies vbiq³ tē in forma p^dcā tē. Et deinde resp^tuat^r iudm vsq³ a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbiq³ tē Ad quem diem Judicm respectuat^r vsq³ in Crastino aiāz vbiq³ tē Et deinde respectuat^r iudiciū vsq³ a die Pasche in vnū mensem vbiq³ tē. In Crastino aiāz vbiq³ tē Ad q̄ die iudiciū p^dcēm respectuat^r vt sup^r vsq³ a die Pasch in vnū mens vbiq³ tē. Ad q̄ diem iudiciū p^dcēm resp^tuat^r vsq³ a die Pasch in tres sept^r vbiq³ tē.—Ad quem diem iudm p^dcēm resp^tuatur vsq³ a die Pasch in xv dies vbiq³ tē. Ad q̄ diē p^dcēm Judm resp^tuatur vsq³ a die Pasch in q̄nq³ sept^r p^x futur^r in vnū anñ vbiq³ tē

v^h sept^r pas

Seq^r Oto
de Grandisono.

(M. 4.) **Adhuc de p^litis coram p^rfatis Justiciar^r p^rfatis
die f anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneñ Cōitas huius Insule allocuta qua lege vtunt^r, e p quam legem clamant deduci an videlt p legem Angl^t v^t Normanñ, aut p speciales consuetudines eis p Reges concessas tē, dicunt qd nec p legem Angl^t nec Normanñ sed p certas consuetudines in hac Insula visita^r a tempe quo memoria nō existit. Et dicunt qd ipi kent de indigenis hui⁹ Insule duodecim hoies Ju^r Regis qui vna cū Ballio Insule in ausencia Justic^r e vna cū Justic^r cum huc adueñint debent Judicare de oīmbz

not to answer therein to the said Bailiff nor to any other except the said Otto if he should be present personally or by his attorney. And he claims judgment. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes let it be respited to be continued before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England in the state in which it is now &c. And be it known that the said Robert does not come now. At which day the judgment is respited in the form aforesaid &c. At which day judgment is respited up to 15 days of the day of Easter wheresoever &c. in the form aforesaid &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks
from Easter.

Otto
de Grandison
sues.

(M. 4.)

**Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said
day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

The commonalty of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed i.e. whether by the law of England or of Normandy, or by special customs granted to them by the Kings &c., they say neither by the law of England nor of Normandy but by certain customs used in this island from time immemorial. And they say that they have of the natives of this island 12 men Jurats of the King who together with the Bailiff of the island in the absence of the justices & together with the justices

casibz in hac Insula qualicūq; emgentibz Et ipsi duodecim debent vna cum Justic de hiis que coram eis fiūt in coi e vna cū Basso de hiis que coram ipis fiunt in absentia Justic face record tē. licet post assisas, scribi debeat solummodo Justic ad fac venire record plitoz hui⁹ Insule coram dnō Rege cum necesse fūit.

Postea p'dca Cōitas suū fuit ad respondend dnō Rege de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dnī Reg⁹ e pgenitoz suoz Regn Angl clam fire de seipis vnam duodenam hoim Jur dnō Regi qui Judm e recordū facient de omimod plitis agitatis e plitatis coram Bassis dnī Reg⁹ de Inš. Et t coram Justic ipius dnī Reg⁹, cum ad ptes istas venint, tam de plitis Corone dnī Reg⁹ q^m aliis plitis quibzcuq; et t de contemptibz e t^mngf fcis ipi dnō Regi e Corone e dignitati sue e t Curie sue e ministris suis que quidem cognicoes e Judicioz reddicoes ad ipm dnā Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suā e ministros suos p ipm ad hoc spali⁹ deputatos e nō ad aliū mere spectant. Et Wilf des mareys qui sequit^r p dnō Rege diē p dnō Rege qd vbi ab antiquo cū dnō Rex qui p tempe fūit miserit Justic huc ad Itifand tē vt ad audiend e vminand certa negocia tē Justic illi solent pcedere ad Judm iuz^a discrecoes suas nisi tantūmodo in casibz totalr tangentibz Insulanos e tenuras suas adinvicem petitas de quibz ijdem Justic quibz consuetudines Insule sunt incognite petierunt amfamentū a xij. Jur tē auteq^m pcesserint ad Judm tē p'dca Cōitas iam de nouo p hui⁹ Jur suos volunt sibi attrahere Jur⁹diccoem regiam tē in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dnī Reg⁹ tē Et qd Ita est offert vificare p dnō Rege sicut Cur conš.

Et Cōitas veñ e diē qd ipsi e eoꝝ pgenitores Insulani hic a tempe quo memoria nō existit semp vsi fūūt habendi xij Jur hui⁹, de seipis

when they shall come hither ought to judge of all cases in this island in what way so-ever arising. And those 12 ought together with the justices to make a record of those things which are done before them in common & together with the bailiff [to make a record] of those things which are done before them in the absence of the justices &c. although after the assizes, it ought to be written only to the justices to cause the Records of the pleas of this island to come before the lord the King when it shall be necessary.

Afterwards the said commonalty was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have of themselves a dozen men jurats of the lord the King who make judgment & record of all manner of pleas moved & pleaded before the bailiffs of the lord the King in the island; and also before the justices of the said lord the King when they shall come to those parts, as well of the pleas of the crown of the lord the King as of other pleas whatsoever & also of the contempts & trespasses made upon the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & also his court & his officers: which said cognizances & returns of judgments belong only to the said King & to his crown & dignity & to his officers specially deputed by him for this purpose & not to any other. And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that where of old the lord the King for the time being sent justices hither in eyre &c. or to hear & determine certain matters &c. those justices are wont to proceed to judgment according to their discretions, except only in cases altogether touching the islanders & their tenures mutually sued for, concerning which the said justices, to whom the customs of the island are unknown, have sought the amerciamment of the 12 jurats &c. before they proceeded to judgment &c.—the said commonalty now in a new manner by their said jurats wish to draw to themselves the royal jurisdiction &c. to the damage of the crown & the dignity of the lord the King &c. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the commonalty come & say that they & their progenitors the islanders here from time immemorial were always used to have

qui eligi debent p ministros dñi Reg^o, e optimates p̄rie cū opus f̄uit. Scit̄ post mortem vni^o eoꝝ al̄ fidedignus simīr si quis eoꝝ conuict^o fuisset a casu de falsitate loco suo debet al̄ s̄stitui. Et debent Jura sine condiçõe ad manutenend̄ e saluand̄ Jura dñi Reg^o e patriotaꝝ. Et ip̄i xij. debent Judicare de om̄ibz causis p̄litis contemp̄tibz t̄nsḡr felonis fc̄is dño Regi ministris e Cūr sue vicinis ex̄neis e aliis quibzcumq; exceptis tam casibz nimis arduis siç si quis recesserit a fide dñi Reg^o vel mañ inieçit violent̄ in ministros dñi Reg^o e emend̄ oim̄ p̄missoꝝ p̄dçis arduis exceptis debent ip̄i xij taxare. Dicunt t̄ qđ si dñs Rex velit çtiorari de recordo p̄liti coram Justiç e ip̄is xij. agitati Justiç vna cū illis xij. debent record̄ illud façe. Sed si diũsificent in̄ eos, tunc debent Justiciā vna cū militibz e magnatibz assedentibz cū eis in Banco ad p̄lita façe record̄ hui^o. Et de agitatis coram Ballo e ip̄is, h̄nt ip̄i recordū cōiunctim tē Et sic vti solet ab antiquo. Et qđ Ita sit pati sunt v̄ficare.

Et Wilts dicit p̄ dño Rege qđ p̄dç̄i xij. nūq̄ consuevunt h̄re record̄ nisi tantū in casu vt sectatores Cūr Baronū tē. Dicit enim qđ cū quis inpl̄itans v̄t inpl̄itatus coram Ballo e Jūr façe velit attornatū hoc façe nō potest nisi ps ad̄sa p̄sens f̄uit qū fit attorn̄ siç e in Cūr Baronū vbi si plenū record̄ fuissent p̄nt clamant possent ip̄i tam in absentia q̄m p̄senç̄ ptis attorn̄ recipe e receptū recordari. Dicit t̄ qđ si p̄dç̄i xij. cū ves̄int coram Justiç velint al̄r recordari cont̄ partem aliquam q̄m scđm id quod coram eis f̄uit agitatū, e ps allegavit qđ p̄litum al̄r se h̄et q̄m ip̄i recordant̄, e illud volūt p̄bare cū effectū, debet e solet ad hoc admitti quod nō fieret si xij. illi plenū record̄ fuissent. Dicit t̄ p̄ dño Rege quod al̄r vsitatū est coram Justiç q̄m siç ip̄i clamant. Quia diç qđ cū quis cōunicat̄ coram Justiç de t̄ns-

12 such jurats of themselves who ought to be elected by the officers of the lord the King & the magnates of the country when there shall be need. To wit, after the death of one of them another trustworthy person ; likewise, if any of them should be convicted in a case of corruption, another ought to be substituted in his place. And they ought to swear without condition to maintain & preserve the rights of the lord the King & of their countrymen. And those 12 ought to judge of all causes, pleas, contempts, trespasses & felonies done to the lord the King his officers & his court, on the inhabitants, strangers & others whomsoever, except only in cases too arduous, such as if any one shall withdraw from the fealty of the lord the King or shall lay his hands violently on the officers of the lord the King, & the said 12 ought to fix the amends of all the premises, the said arduous [cases] excepted. They say also that if the lord the King shall wish to be certified of the record of a plea moved before the justices & the said 12, the justices together with those 12 ought to make that record, but if they should differ among themselves, then the justices together with the knights & magnates sitting with them on the Bench for the pleas ought to make such record. And as to those things moved before the bailiff & themselves they have a record jointly &c. And so it was wont to be used of yore. And that it is so they are ready to establish.

And William says for the lord the King that the said 12 were never wont to have the Records except only such as *Sectatores*⁽¹⁾ of Courts Baron &c. He says also that when anyone suing or being sued before the bailiff & the jurats shall wish to appoint an attorney he cannot do this unless the opposing party be present when he appoints the attorney as also in a Court Baron, whereas if they had full record, as they claim, they might appoint an attorney as well in the absence as in the presence of the party, receive the attorney & record the admission. He says also that if the said 12 when they shall come before the justices should wish to be recorded against the party otherwise than according to that which was moved before them & the party should allege that he has the plea otherwise than they record & should wish to prove that with effect, he ought & is wont to be admitted thereto which could not be done if those 12 had full record. He says also for the lord the King that it is used before the justices otherwise than as they claim. Because they say that when

(1) *Sectatores* : persons who owe suit of Court.

gressiōibz p qua redimi debeat vt t̄ contemptū faĉ Cuř dñi Reg^o in
p̄sencia Justiĉ ip̄i Justiciar̄ iux^a discreĉōem suam inde ordinabunt e
admittent finem ip̄is xij. ad hoc nō vocatis. Et hoc diĉ bn p̄afe corā
Robto de Leisset e sociis suis nup Justiĉ Itifantibz hic de Robto du
viner e plibz aliis e coram aliis Justiĉ similt̄ in casibz consimilibz.
Dicit t̄ qđ p̄dci xij. iam de nouo leuantes consuetudines cont^a statū
Corone dñi Reg^o e cont^a sacrñ suū pp^um abusi sunt legibz e con-
suetudinibz Insulař ab antiquo f̄itis e optentis, sic de plibz latronibz
captis cū manuope e aliis felonibz e quasi innum̄is latronibz de diuisis
latrocinis indictatis e p magna pte coram Ballo applegiatis ad as̄ tē
quos ip̄i Juř adiudicauit e consenserunt qđ de grā sua abiurarent
Insulas in plena Cuř Reg^o e alibi p voluntate sua Licet nūq^a ad
locum refugii deuesunt vbi p legem e consuetudinem Insulař nullus
deř Insulas abiurare nisi tantum illi qui deuesunt ad refugiū ecclie.
Et sic concedunt felonibz p̄donacōem de amissione vite e mēbroř
qđ nulli licet nisi soli Regi. Dicit t̄ qđ p̄dca xij. sbornaũunt p̄dcm
Robtm de Leisset e soĉ suos Justiĉ qđ quedam Alicia Alianor capta
p receptamento Matif̄ Loer que Insulas abiurafat e ducta coram ip̄is
Justiĉ, e inde cōiucta iux^a testiñ ip̄oř xij. de consuetudinibz suis
abiur̄ Insulas vt sic p fcm Justiĉ maliciam suam pp^um possent pal-
liař. Et nullus de cōitate cont^adixit tē nec in aliquo reclamauit
vnde petit Judm de om̄ibz tē Dicit t̄ qđ p̄dci xij. cōuincūt^r in hiis
assis de q^am plibz hui^o abiuraĉōibz quas fieri fecunt e pmiserunt
coram ip̄is fieri ex^a locū refugii. Et t̄ qđ adiudicauit inquis ifato
capi sup indictatis de feloniis e sic indictati coram ip̄is quietati sunt
cont^a legem e consuetudinem tē vnde dediĉe nō possunt quin legibz
e consueř Insulař totař abusi sunt. Et petit Judm vt p̄ns tē Diĉ

anyone is convicted of trespasses before the justices for which he ought to make amends, or commits contempt of the court of the lord the King in the presence of the justices, those justices shall ordain therein according to their discretion & determine the fine, the said 12 not being called for the purpose. And this he says appears fully before Robert de Leisset & his associates late justices in eyre here concerning Robert du Vivier & many others, & before other justices likewise in like cases. He also says that the said 12 now in a new manner raising customs against the state of the crown of the lord the King & against their own oath, have abused the laws & customs of the islands of old time had & obtained; as concerning many thieves taken with stolen goods & other felons & as innumerable thieves indicted for divers robberies, & for the great part bailed before the bailiff at the assizes &c. which those jurats judged & consented that by their grace they should abjure the islands in the open court of the King & elsewhere at their will, although they never came to a place of refuge, whereas by the law & custom of the islands no one ought to abjure the islands except only those who have arrived at the refuge of a Church. And so they grant to felons pardon for the loss of life & limbs which is not lawful to anyone except only the King. He says also that the said 12 deceived the said Robert de Leisset & his fellow justices, in that a certain Alice Alianor being taken for receiving Matilda Loer who had abjured the island & being led before the said justices & thereof convicted according to the declaration of the said 12 concerning their customs, abjured the islands, so that they were able to cover their own malice by the act of the justices. And none of the commonalty contradicted it &c. nor objected in anything, wherefore he claims judgment in all things &c. He says also that the said 12 are convicted in these assizes of many such abjurations which they have caused to be done & permitted to be done before them without a place of refuge. And also that they have adjudged an inquisition to be taken again upon those indicted of felonies & so those indicted are acquitted before them contrary to the law & custom &c. whereupon they cannot gainsay but that they have altogether abused the laws & customs of the islands. And he claims judgment as before &c. And he says that

t̄ qđ Cōitas hic nō vtit̄ ad p̄sens antiquis consueť. Dič enim qđ manifestū est qđ omēs Insulani sunt vni^o e eiusđ lingue e tēpe quo Ducat^o Normāñ fuit Ducē ffūt Insule Ducis illius et quociens Insulani faciunt p̄quisitū a Cuř dñi Reg^o semp ad eoř suggestionē scribit̄ scđm legem e consueť Insulař e sic patet qđ in omibz hiis Inš debet esse vna lex e vna consuetudo. Et dič qđ Insulani hic p̄ voluntate sua assumpser̄t sibi p̄ lege e consueť quedam quibz vtunt̄ que om̄ino discordant legibz e consuetudinibz aliař Insulař e hoc iam in lege de heř, de dote, e Corona de ponderē e mensur̄ q^m de cons̄ e customis que quasi totatr̄ contrariant̄ sen discordant vnde narrare foret infinitū. Et hec om̄ia dič se patum esse v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege tē e petit Judm. Dič t̄ qđ plibz modis aliis abutunt̄ tē Quia dič qđ vbi Bařs Insule quociens viderit expedire faciet Inquiř suas p̄ xij. ip̄i suadent Justič cū v̄sint qđ p̄ sacr̄m vj t̄m in vna inquisiçõe debent p̄cedere ad inquirend̄ de feloñ e Juribz dñi Reg^o qđ oīo discordat legi. Dič t̄ qđ simitr̄ suadent ip̄is Justič qđ Indictatores debent amofi ex offiçõ Justiciarioř⁽¹⁾ cū indictat^o se ponat in Inq̄siçõe licet indictat^o excepçõem aliquam nō fuerit vsus eos ponentes p̄ causa ne Indictatores incurrant infamiam piurii si indictatū q̄tarent cū t̄m Jurent iux^a consciencias, vnde petit p̄ dño Rege qđ p̄missa corrigant̄ tē

Et Cōitas bñ cogñ qđ nullus deř abiurař Insulas nisi loco refugii e recognoscens feloñ. Cogñ t̄ qđ lex e consuetudo quibz vtunt̄ discordant aliis sic̄ p̄dcm̄ est. Et dicunt qđ cū quis t̄nsg^odiat̄ puniendus est t̄nsgressor e eoř t̄nsgressiones nō debent imputari Cōitati. Dicunt t̄ qđ pati sunt v̄ficare sicut Cuř cons̄ qđ p̄genitores eoř Insulani hic vsi ffunt lege e consuetudie quibz ip̄i clamant vti tē. Dies datus est eis de aud̄ Judio suo coram dño Rege a die sc̄i Michis in

(1) *Justiciariorum* : evidently meant for *Juratorum* (Jurors).

the commonalty here does not use at present the ancient customs. For he says that it is manifest that all the islanders are of one & the same tongue & in the time when the Duchy of Normandy had a Duke the islands belonged to that Duke, & as often as the islanders demand an enquiry of the court of the lord the King, it is always written therein at their suggestion [that it is] according to the law & custom of the islands, & so it is clear that in all these islands there ought to be one law & one custom. And they say that the islanders here at their will have assumed to themselves for law & custom certain ones which they use, which differ altogether from the laws & customs of the other islands & this as well in the law of inheritance, of dower, & of the crown rights of weights & measures as well as of customs & duties which are almost entirely opposed to or differ from them, whereof it might be narrated indefinitely. And all these things he says he is ready to establish for the lord the King &c. & claims judgment. He says also that in many other ways they have abused &c., because he says that whereas the bailiff of the island as often as he shall deem it expedient should make his inquisitions by the 12 they persuade the justices when they come that they ought to proceed by the oath of 6 only in one inquisition to enquire touching felonies & the rights of the lord the King which is altogether at variance with the law. He says also that they likewise persuade those justices that accusers ought to be removed from the office of jurors when the person indicted puts himself on an inquisition although the person indicted shall not have any exception against them, putting forward as the reason lest the accusers shall incur the infamy of perjury if they acquit the accused when they only swear according to their consciences; wherefore he asks for the lord the King that the premises may be corrected &c.

And the commonalty knows well that no one ought to abjure the island except from a place of refuge & acknowledging the felony. They also acknowledge that the law & custom which they use are at variance with the others, as is aforesaid. And they say that when anyone transgresses, the transgressor is to be punished & their transgressions ought not to be imputed to the commonalty. And they say also that they are ready to establish as the court shall determine that the islanders their progenitors herein have used the law & custom which they claim to use &c. A day is given to them to hear

vnū menš vbicumq, tē. Et Cōitas po. lo. suo Ricm̄ le Herice, Joñem
de Vinario vt Henř Trente. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ
p̄dca Cōitas p̄ attorn̄ suū. Et etis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Juđo
suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc fūit
in Angl. Ad quem diē p̄dca cōitas p̄ attorn̄ suū veñ, e dat^o est eis
dies corā dño Rē a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. Ad quē
veñ a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies. Ad q̄ diem p̄dca cōitas veñ, e etis de cais̄
datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. Ad quem
veñ aiaꝝ vbicūq, tē. Et deinde datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū
mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino annuaꝝ vbicūq, tē.—Ad q̄ diē p̄dca
veñ Cōitas veñ e etis de cais̄ vt p̄lus datus est dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū m̄
veñ vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē p̄dca cōitas veñ e etis de cais̄ vt p̄lus datus a
dies eid̄ cōitati a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbicūq, tē.—Ad quem diem
p̄dca cōitas veñ e etis de causis vt prius datus est dies eidem cōitati
a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē p̄dca cōitas veñ et etis
v⁹ de cais̄ dat^o est eidem a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq, sept̄s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū
anū vbičq, tē.

Seq^r Rex
de nouo

(M. 4. d.)

**Adhuc de plitis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ p̄fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř
—
Inquirat^r

Mathus de Sauzmareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alicia vxor eius,
+ obiit
Johanna e Nichaa sorores dci Mathi, e Johannes de Barantyn suñ
fūunt qđ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respondend̄ dño Regi de plito

their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And the commonalty put in their place Richard le Herice, John du Vivier or Henry Trente. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said commonalty by their attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said commonalty came by their attorney & a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty by their attorney came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter. At which day the said commonalty came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes as before a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes as before a day is given to them in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty comes & for certain causes as before a day is given to the said commonalty in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks
from Easter.

The King
sues anew.

(M. 4. d.)

**Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the
day & year aforesaid.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

—
To be
inquired
into.

Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife,
dead
Joan & Nicholaa, sisters of the said Matthew, & John de Barantyn
were summoned that they be here at this day to answer to the lord

quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl clām hīre Wreccū maris p totam t̄ram suam de Gerebourgh, e illud in pp'os vsus conf̄te. Et t̄ quo Waranto clām pcipe e hīre costumam makereff assessam tempe dñi Edwardi nup Regē Angl p̄ris dñi Reg^o qui nūc est de om̄ibz tenentibz ip̄ius Mathi e alioꝝ p̄dcōꝝ de p̄dcā Insula que ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o ptinent. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regū Angl clām hīre libam Warennam in om̄ibz dñicis t̄ris suis de Gerebourgh. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant fugare p totam t̄ram dñi Reg^o de p̄dcā Insula e Cuniclos dñi Reg^o cape p voluntate sua / sine licencia ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e ministroꝝ suoꝝ potestatem hñciū licenč hui^o concedendi. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p quemcūq, hoīem volūint Curiam suam peŕe e hīre de singlis hoībz suis ex^a Cuī dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant pcipe e hīre libam espker in t̄ra sua de Gerebourgh de piscibz p hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem ptinent.

Et Mathus e alii veñ, Et Thomas e Alicia dicunt qđ ip̄i tenent teñ sua vbi p̄dcē libtates sunt in dotem ip̄ius Alicie de hēditate p̄dcī Mathi. Et alii dicunt qđ ip̄e Mathus hēt exueciam de hēditate p̄dcā e pcipit Wreccū e hēt libtates hui^omodi, e ip̄i pticipes cū p̄ficuū inde veñit pcipiunt ptem ip̄os inde contingentem p manus ip̄ius Mathi. Et Mathus dič qđ ip̄e clamat Wreccū accidens in t̄ris suis p̄dcis / p̄tq^m p̄ncipalia excepta t̄c Ita cū qđ dñs Rex p ministros suos hēt inde visum anteq̄ hoīes sui mañ apponant e simitr libam Warennam ibidem e espkeriam ab antiquo / Et dicit qđ ip̄e e antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̄funt sic Wreccū pcipe cū ibidem accidisset e vtebant^r simitr liba Warennam e espkeria ibidem sine aliqua tempis inŕrupcōe. Et hoc petit qđ inquirat^r p p̄riam. Et

the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors, Kings of England, they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of Jerbourg & convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have custom of mackerel assessed, in the time of the lord Edward, late King of England, father of the lord the King, who now is, of all the tenants of the said Matthew & of the others aforesaid of the said island which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of Jerbourg. And also by what warrant they claim to chase throughout the whole land of the lord the King of the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers having power to grant such license. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have free esperkeria in their land of Jerbourg of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King.

And Matthew & the others come. And Thomas & Alice say that they hold their lands where the said franchises are in dower of the said Alice of the inheritance of the said Matthew. And the others say that the said Matthew has primogeniture of the said inheritance & takes wreck & has such franchises, & they participating when the profit thereof shall come take the share coming to them thereof through the hands of the said Matthew. And Matthew says that he claims wreck occurring in his said lands, after the things appertaining to the Prince have been taken &c. Wherefor the lord the King by his officers has view thereof before his men lay their hands upon it, & likewise free warren there & esperkeria of old. And he says that he & his ancestors from time immemorial were always wont so to take wreck when it should occur there & used likewise free warren & esperkeria there without any interruption of time. And he claims that this may be enquired into by verdict of

quo ad fugam Cuniculoꝝ dicunt qđ claũ fugare cū cane e bacto sine ingenia et sic fecunt om̄es antecessores sui ab antiquo e hoc simitr petit qđ inquiratꝝ p pat'am. Et quo ad Curiam suam petendam tē dicunt qđ si aliquis tenenciū suoꝝ implicetꝝ corā Ballo Insule de aliquo minori plito quod potest det̄minari in Cuĩ Baronū tē ip̄e e antecessores sui soliti sunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria peŕe p se v̄l p̄p̄oitum suū Cuĩ suam in hui⁹ casibꝫ e illam optisse tē. Et hoc offert simitr v̄ificare sicut Cuĩ cons̄ tē.

Et Wills des mareys qui sequitꝝ p dño Rege, dič qđ Abbas de monte s̄ci Mich̄is quo ad lib̄tatem Wrecci sui in hac Insula ptulit Cartam dñi E. quond̄ Reg⁹ Angl̄ p̄ris dñi Reg⁹ nunc que testatꝝ qđ p̄decessores ip̄ius Abbis ab antiquo consueŕunt e debent p̄cipe quartam ptem totius Wrecci maris in om̄ibꝫ locis hui⁹ Insule, et Idem dñs E. Rex p eandem Cartam sic concessit Wreccum hui⁹ p̄d̄ce Abb̄ie imp̄petuū Et sic patet p eandem cartam qđ p̄decessores p̄d̄ci Abb̄is p̄ceperunt quartam ptem Wrecci maris accidentis in p̄d̄cis f̄ris p̄d̄ci Math̄i vbi p̄d̄cus Math̄us iam claũ integre totū Wreccū ab antiquo vnde petit Judm p dño Rege de toto Wrecco ip̄m Math̄m e p̄ticipes suos contingente.

Et Math̄us dič qđ in p̄d̄ca Carta dñi Reg⁹ continetꝝ qđ dñs Rex accepit p inq̄sičoem ita esse. Et dič qđ nec ip̄e nec antecessores sui f̄f̄ūt ad inq̄sičoem illam capiendam nec ptes ad eandem. Et dič qđ ip̄e patus est v̄ificare p pat'am qđ antecessores sui vsi f̄f̄ūt pacifice p̄cipe totū Wreccū accidens in f̄ris suis in forma qua claũ tē. Et Justiciarii hic et̄tis de causis p̄cesserunt ad inquirendū inde veritatem in p̄sencia p̄d̄ci Abb̄is ad hoc p̄muniti p s̄scriptos. s. p Petrū le Markaunt, Guilm le Gros, Math̄m de la Curt, Jordanū Choffyn, Petrum de Lestak, Rddm Turleye, Ranulpl̄m Galt̄i, Ricm̄ le Herice, Rob̄tm Blanche, Petrum le Hageys, Petrū Ernald, Aug⁹tinū de la Curt.

the country. And as to the chase of conies they say that they claim to chase with dog & staff without engine, & so did all their ancestors of old, & they likewise pray that this may be enquired into by verdict of the country. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that if any of their tenants be sued before the bailiff of the island for any minor plea which may be determined in a Court Baron &c. he & his ancestors are wont from time immemorial to claim by themselves or their provost their court in such cases & to obtain it &c. And this he also offers to establish as the court shall determine &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael with respect to his right of wreck in this island brought the charter of the lord E. formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is which witnesses that the predecessors of the said Abbot of old were wont & ought to take the fourth part of all wreck of the sea in all places of this island, & the said lord E. the King by the same charter so granted such wreck to the said Abbey for ever. And so it appears by the same charter that the predecessors of the said Abbot took the fourth part of wreck of the sea occurring in the said lands of the said Matthew whereas the said Matthew now claims wholly all wreck as of old, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King for the whole wreck touching the said Matthew & his parceners.

And Matthew says that in the said charter of the lord the King it is contained that the lord the King accepted it to be so by inquisition. And he says that neither he nor his ancestors were at the taking of that inquisition nor were parties to the same. And he says that he is ready to establish by verdict of the country that his ancestors were wont peaceably to take all wreck happening in their lands in the form in which he claims &c. And the justices here for certain causes proceeded to enquire into the truth thereof by the underwritten in the presence of the said Abbot hereto summoned, viz., by Peter le Marchant, William le Gros, Matthew de la Court, Jordan Choffyn, Peter de Lestak, Ralph Turleye, Ranulphus Galtier, Richard le Herice, Robert Blanche, Peter le Hageys, Peter Ernald, Augustin de la Court, who say upon their oath that the

Qui dicunt sup sacr̃m suū qđ p̃d̃c̃us Math̃us e om̃es antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̃f̃unt in p̃d̃c̃is t̃ris suis p̃cipe e t̃re Wreccum integre in forma qua p̃d̃c̃us Math̃us modo illud clãm̃. Et quo ad fugam Cunicloꝝ, dicunt qđ ip̃i e om̃es antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria tempe seisonē fugandi Cuniclos scit̃ a fine meñs Septemb̃r vsq̃ ad meñs f̃feb̃r solebant fugare cum cane e bacto, in forma qua clãm̃ t̃c̃. Et quo ad Cũr suam petendam t̃c̃., dicunt qđ ip̃e e om̃es antecessores sui sic vsi f̃f̃ūt ab antiquo. Et Wiſſs quo ad fugam t̃c̃. petit Jud̃m p̃ d̃ño Rege, ex quo clãm̃ fugãr p̃ totū ãnū t̃c̃. Et quo ad espkeriam que regalis est dignitas, Et quo ad Warennam simit̃r e alias dignitates regales, de quibz nō p̃ferunt Cartam Reg^o petit Jud̃m p̃ d̃ño Rege. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Jud̃o suo coram d̃ño Rege a die sc̃i Mich̃is in vnū meñs vbicumq̃, tūc f̃f̃uit in Angl̃. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̃ veñ p̃d̃c̃us Math̃us qui sicut p̃us respondet p̃ om̃ibz t̃c̃. Et t̃tis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Jud̃o suo aud̃ coram d̃ño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicumq̃, tūc f̃f̃uit in Angl̃. Et p̃d̃c̃s Math̃s po. lo. suo Thomam de Estfeld vt̃ Simonem de Esse in loquela p̃d̃c̃a t̃c̃. Ad quem diem p̃d̃c̃us Math̃us p̃ attor̃ñ suū veñ, e datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq̃, t̃c̃.—Ad quē diē venerūt p̃d̃c̃i Joh̃s e om̃es alij, p̃f̃ p̃d̃c̃os Johanna e Joh̃es Barentyn e daŃ est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in xv. dies vbicūq̃, t̃c̃. Et quo ad p̃d̃c̃os Johannam e Joh̃is Barentyn p̃cedat̃r ad iud̃m. Sed ponit̃r in respectū vsq̃ ad diem p̃d̃c̃m t̃c̃. Ad q̃ diem veñ p̃d̃c̃i Joh̃ns e om̃es alij p̃f̃ p̃d̃c̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃m Barentyn. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensē vbicumq̃, t̃c̃. Et quo ad p̃d̃c̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃em Barentyn p̃cedat̃r ad iud̃m. Sed poñt̃r in respectum vsq̃ ad p̃fatū f̃miñ t̃c̃. Ad quē diem om̃es alij veñ p̃f̃ p̃d̃c̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃em Barentyn. Et datus est eis dies in Crastino aiaꝝ vbicūq̃, t̃c̃. Et quo ad p̃d̃c̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃em p̃cedat̃r ad iudiciū sed ponit̃r in respectū vsq̃ ad p̃fatu f̃minū t̃c̃. Ad quē diem p̃d̃c̃i

Seq^r Rex t̃c̃

aforesaid Matthew & all his ancestors from time immemorial were always used to take & have wreck wholly in their said land in the form in which the said Matthew now claims it. And as to the chase of conies, they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial in the time of the season for chasing conies viz., from the end of the month of September until the month of February were wont to chase with dog & staff in the manner in which he claims &c. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that he & all his ancestors were so accustomed of old. And William as to the chasing &c. claims judgment for the lord the King for that he claims to chase throughout the whole year &c. And as to esperkeria which is a royal dignity & as to warren likewise & other royal dignities of which they do not bring a charter of the King he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. Afterwards at that day at Westminster comes the said Matthew & answers as before for all things &c. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the said Matthew puts in his place Thomas de Estfeld or Simon de Esse in the plea aforesaid &c. At which day the said Matthew by his attorney comes, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day came the said John & all the others, except the said Joan & John Barentyn, & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment, but it is put in respite until the day aforesaid &c. At which day came the said John & all the others except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment. But it is put in respite up to the said term &c. At which day they all came except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John let it proceed to judgment but it is put in respite up to the said term &c. At which

The King
sues &c.

Joñes e omēs alii veñ p̄t̄ p̄d̄cos Joñam e Joñem Barentyn. Et dat^o
est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē vbicūq; t̄c. Et quo ad p̄d̄cos
Joñam e Joñem Barentyn p̄cedat̄ ad iud̄m̄ sed ponit̄ in respectū vsq;
ad p̄d̄c̄m diem t̄c. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diē omēs p̄ter
p̄d̄cos Joñem e Joñam veñ e dat^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū
mensē vbicūq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diē omēs p̄ter p̄d̄cos Joñem e Joñann veñ e
datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbicūq; t̄c. Et deinde
datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq; t̄c. Ad que diē
omēs p̄t̄ p̄d̄cos Joñem e Joñann veñ e dat^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄
in q̄nq; sept̄s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū añū vbicūq;
veñ ut p̄ius
v^o sept̄

Nichus de Cheny e P̄lus frāt̄ eius suū f̄f̄unt ad respond̄ d̄no
Regi de p̄t̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate d̄ni Reg^o e p̄ge-
nitoř suoř Regum Angl̄ clamant p̄cipe e fire duodenam garbam de
om̄imodis bladis crescentibz in xj. bouatis fire in pochia s̄ci Sampsonis
que ad dn̄m Regem p̄tinent rācoe Campti spectantis ad Coronam e
dignitatem ip̄ius d̄ni Reg^o de om̄ibz blađ crescentibz in feodo ip̄ius
d̄ni Reg^o. Et Nichus e P̄lus veñ, Et dič qđ p̄d̄cus P̄lus ad p̄sens
solus tenet p̄d̄c̄m Camptū siml̄ cū quibzdam teñ ibidem e aliis teñ
alibi noīe p̄partis sue de h̄ediř Wilfi p̄ris ip̄oř Nichi e P̄hi cui^o h̄edes
ip̄i sunt. Et dicunt qđ d̄ns H. Rex auus d̄ni Reg^o nūc dedit p̄d̄co
Wilfo p̄ri ip̄oř om̄ia teñ que f̄f̄unt Joñnis e Sampsoñ de Anneuiff cū
om̄ibz p̄tiñ suis tenend̄ p̄d̄co Wilfo e h̄edibz suis adeo integre sicut
p̄d̄ci Joñnes e Sampson ea tenf̄unt. Et dicunt qđ p̄d̄ci Joñnes e
Sampson toto tempe suo quo tenf̄unt teñ illa sic p̄cipe consuef̄unt
camptū illud sicut ip̄e P̄lus illud modo p̄cipit. Et hoc offerunt v̄ifi-
care p̄ p̄riam. Dicunt t̄ qđ Carta p̄d̄ci d̄ni H. Reg^o inde f̄ca patri
suo est in Anglia e illam huc nō detulerunt qz nō putabant sup̄ hiis
inquerelari. Et petunt diem ad ostendend̄ Cartam illam. Et dat^o

day the said John & all the others come except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment but it is put in respite up to the said day &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in five weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever.

they come
as before.
5 weeks.

Nicholas de Cheny & Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have the twelfth sheaf of all manner of corn growing in 4 bovates of land in the parish of St. Sampson which belong to the lord the King by reason of the champart belonging to the crown & dignity of the said lord the King of all corn growing in the fee of the said lord the King. And Nicholas & Philip come & say that the said Philip at present holds solely the said champart together with certain tenements there & other tenements elsewhere in the name of his parceners of the inheritance of William father of the said Nicholas & Philip whose heirs they are. And they say that the lord H. the King grandfather of the King that now is gave to the said William their father all the tenements which belonged to John & Sampson de Anneville with all their appurtenances to hold to the said William & his heirs as fully as the said John & Sampson held them. And they say that the said John & Sampson the whole time they held those tenements were wont to take that champart as the said Philip now takes it. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country. And they say that the charter of the said lord H. the King thereof made to their father is in England & they did not bring it here because they did not think that these things would be impleaded. And they pray for a day to

[o]stend
[car]tam

veñ

veñ

est eis dies coram dño Rege, a die S̄ci Mich̄is in vnū men̄s vbicumq̄, tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Et sciend̄ qđ Juř dicunt sup̄ sacr̄m̄ suū qđ p̄d̄c̄i Joħes e Sampson vsi f̄f̄unt p̄cipe captū tempe suo Juř ģeditař in forma qua p̄d̄c̄us Pħus illud modo capit. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄us e Pħus veñ. Et et̄is de causis dat̄^o est eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄us e Pħs p̄ attor̄n̄ suū veñ, et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq̄, t̄c̄. Ad quē diē p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄s e Pħs veñ e et̄is de causis dat̄^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicūq̄, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄s e Pħs veñ e et̄is de cais̄ dat̄^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq̄, t̄c̄. Ad quem diem p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄us e Pħus veñ. Et datus est eis dies vsq̄, in Crastino aīař vbicūq̄, t̄c̄. Et deinde datus est eis dies a die Pasche in vnū men̄s vbicū t̄c̄. In Crastino aīař vbicūq̄, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄us e Pħus veñ e dat̄^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē vbicūq̄, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄s e Pħs veñ e dat̄^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicūq̄, t̄c̄. Ad [q̄] diē p̄d̄c̄i Nich̄s e Pħs veñ e dat̄^o est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq̄, sep̄tas p̄x̄ futuř in vnū annū vbiq̄, t̄c̄.

(M. 5.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis coram p̄fatis Justiciař p̄fatis die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit. inq̄rat̄ t̄c̄.

Gerneř

Abbas de monte s̄ci Mich̄is in picto maris in m̄ia p̄ pluribz defaultis

Idem Abbas e Prior de Wale suñ f̄f̄unt qđ essent hic ad respond̄ dño Regi de pl̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi

Charter
to be
produced.

produce that charter. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And be it known that the jurors say upon their oath that the said John & Sampson were used to take champart in their time by right of inheritance in the form in which the said Philip now takes it. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Nicholas & Philip came. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip by their attorney come, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come, & a day is given to them up to the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At [which] day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 5.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the day & year aforesaid.**

Fresingfeld.

dead. let it be enquired into &c.

The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' amerced for many defaults.

Guernsey.

The said Abbot & the Prior of the Vale were summoned that they be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by

Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Anglⁱ clamant h̄re Wreccū maris p totam fram suam de Wale e costeram maris contigui e illud in pp^os vsus conf̄te. Et t̄ quo Waranto claīm h̄re quartam ptem Wrecci maris accidentis in dñicis fris e aquis dñi Reg^o iux^a Castrum suū e alibi in fris ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e aquis suis e fris teneuciū suoꝝ p totam costeram Insule de Gerneř que nō sunt de feodo vt dominio ip̄oꝝ Abbis e Prioris e illam in pp^os vsus conf̄te. Et eciam quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re quartam ptem oīm regaliū pisciū p quoscumq, marinellos captoꝝ in aquis dñi Reg^o vbicumq, applicanciū in p̄dca In̄s. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re custumam makereff assessa tempe dñi Edwardi nup Reg^o Anglⁱ p̄ris dñi Reg^o qui nūc est, de oīmibz tenentibz ip̄oꝝ Abbis e Prioris de p̄dca Insula que ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o ptinent. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄ clamant h̄re liřam Warennam in oīribz dñicis fris suis de Wale. Et eciam quo Waranto clamant fugare p totam fram dñi Reg^o in p̄dca Insula e Cuniclos dñi Reg^o cape p voluntate sua sine licencia ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e ministroꝝ suoꝝ potestatem h̄nciū licenciam hui^omodi concedendi. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄ clamant p̄cipe e h̄re oīmimoda pficua pueniencia de Insula de Geyteho e Wreccū maris ibidem accidens que p manus ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de p̄dca In̄s de Gerneř ad opus dñi Reg^o debent deuenire vt ea que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem suam. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re standardū mensūr e ponderū de suo pp^o p totam fram suam de Wale absq, libačoe vt visu ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de Gerneř. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re fras suas ibidem sic exemptas qđ de viis regalibz in eisdem nō debeat visus fieri p ministros sup^odcoꝝ quoꝝ emende spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄ clamant p̄cipe e h̄re catalla hominū suoꝝ felonū dñi

what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of the Vale & the sea-coast adjoining & to convert it to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have the fourth part of the wreck of the sea occurring in the demesne lands & waters of the lord the King next his castle & elsewhere in the lands of the said lord the King & in his waters & the lands of his tenants throughout the whole coast of the island of Guernsey which are not of the fee or demesne of the said Abbot & Prior & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the fourth part of all the royal fish by whatsoever mariners taken in the waters of the lord the King wheresoever found in the said island. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the custom of mackerel assessed in the time of the lord Edward late King of England, father of the lord the King that now is, of all the tenants of the said Abbot & Prior of the said island which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of the Vale. And also by what warrant they claim to chase throughout the whole land of the lord the King in the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers having power to grant such license. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to take & have all manner of profits forthcoming from the island of Jethou and wreck of the sea there occurring which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King in the said island of Guernsey ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those (things) which belong to his crown & dignity. And also by what warrant they claim to have a standard of weights & measures of their own throughout their whole land of the Vale without permission or view of the officers of the lord the King in Guernsey. And also by what warrant they claim to have their lands there so exempt that view ought not to be made of the royal ways in the same by the officers aforesaid, the fines whereof belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to take & have the chattels of their

Reg^o vī fugitiuoz que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re eschetam de h̄ris hominū suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg^o quietam e exemptam. Ita qđ dñs Rex p̄ficua nō p̄cipiat inde p vnū annū e vnū diem p̄t spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem suam. Et t̄ quo Waranto claī p quemcūq, hoīem volūnt Cuī suam peſe e h̄re de singlis hoībꝫ suis ex^a Cuī dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re sepalem⁽¹⁾ piscariam in quinq, maris exemptam de dño Rege e ministris suis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re libam espkeriam apđ la Wale de piscibꝫ p hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem p̄tinent. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re de omībꝫ tenentibꝫ suis costumam de fumagio sine moneaḡ, que ad dñm Regem p̄tinet.

Idem Abbas e Prior de Lyho suī f̄iunt qđ essent hic ad respondēd dño Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl clamant h̄re Wreccū maris p totam h̄ram suam de Lyho e costeram maris contigui e illud in pp'os vsus conf̄ſſe quod spectat ad Coronam dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re libam Warennam in omībꝫ dñicis h̄ris suis de Lyho. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re sepalem piscariam in la Russemare exemptam de dño Rege e ministris suis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p quemcūq, hoīem volūnt Cuī suam peſe e h̄re de singlis hoībꝫ suis ex^a Cuī dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re de omībꝫ tenentibꝫ suis costumā de fumagio sine moneaḡ que ad dñm Regem p̄tinent. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia tē clamant p̄cipe e h̄re de singlis tenentibꝫ suis in poch̄ s̄ci Petri de Bosco p manus p̄poīti dñi Reg^o in eadem villa auxiliū regale quod ad dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suam p̄tinet.

Dñs Rex p Guiffm des Mareys qui sequit' p eo petit vsus eundem Abbem aduocaōes eccliaꝝ de Wale, Castro, s̄ci Saluatoris e

(1) Sic.

men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which things belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have the escheat of the lands of their men who are felons of the lord the King quit & exempt. So that the lord the King may not take the profit thereof for one year & one day as belongs to his crown and dignity. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have a several fishery in five seas exempt from the lord the King & his officers. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have free esperkeria at the Vale of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have of all their tenants the custom of fumage or moneage, which belongs to the lord the King.

The Abbot & the Prior of Lyhou were also summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of Lyhou & the sea-coast adjoining & convert it to their own uses which belongs to the crown of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of Lyhou. And also by what warrant they claim to have a several fishery in la Russemare⁽¹⁾ exempt from the lord the King & his officers. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have of all their tenants the custom of fumage or moneage which belong to the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to have & take of all their tenants in the parish of St. Peter-in-the-Wood by the hands of the provost of the lord the King in the said village the royal aid which belongs to the lord the King & his crown & dignity.

The lord the King by William des Mareys, who sues for him, claims against the said Abbot the advowsons of the Churches of the

(1) Rousse-Mare, Claire Mare & Grande Mare were three ponds on the west of Guernsey, all belonging to Mont S: Michel, but now drained.

s̄ci Petⁱ de Bosco vt ius t̄c. Et vnde Idem Guifls dic̄ p̄ d̄no Rege qđ d̄ns H. Rex auus t̄c fuit seiscus de p̄dc̄is aduocāoibz tempe pacis, et ad ecclias illas p̄sentauit Clicos suos qui ad p̄sentac̄oes suas ff̄unt admissi e in eisdem instituti. Et qđ tale sit ius Reg^o offert v̄ificare sicut Cuř cons̄.

Idem d̄ns Rex p̄ eundem Guiflm qui sequit^r p̄ eo petit vsus eundem Abbem Insulam de Geyteho cū p̄tiñ vt ius t̄c. Et vnde Idem Guifls dicit p̄ d̄no Rege qđ d̄ns H. Rex auus t̄c fuit seiscus de p̄dc̄a Insula vt de feodo e iure Corone sue tempe pacis capiendo inde explecia ad valent̄ t̄c. Et qđ tale sit ius Reg^o offert v̄ificare sicut Cuř cons̄.

Et Abbas e p̄dc̄i Priores ven̄. Et Abbas dicit qđ p̄dc̄i Priores sunt remutabiles p̄ voluntate sua. Et p̄dc̄i Priores hoc idem cognoscunt. Et Abbas dicit qđ quo ad regales pisces ip̄e disclām t̄c dū tamen balena e porpiscus nō conphendant^r s̄ hoc noiē. Et quo ad standardū mensur̄ t̄c, ip̄e disclām t̄c. Et quo ad catalla hominū suoꝝ felonū t̄c, dicit qđ si hoīes sui cicus possint appon̄e manus ad hu^o catalla hominū suoꝝ latronū q^m hoīes d̄ni Reg^o, tunc clām h̄re catalla illa e aliū nō, et dicit qđ sic vs^o est ip̄e e om̄es p̄decessores sui Abbes de monte s̄ci Mich̄is, a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad fugam Cunicloꝝ t̄c, clamat fugare tempe seiscione t̄c cū cane e baco sine ingenio postq^m ministri d̄ni Reg^o pfugaſunt t̄c. Et quo ad exemp̄coem de fr̄is suis t̄c, disclām e bene cognoscit qđ d̄ns Rex debet h̄re de fr̄is hominū suoꝝ felonū annū e vastum t̄c. Et quo ad Cuř suam t̄c dicit qđ de p̄lito de cataſt e hui^omodi minutis t̄c vsus est ip̄e e p̄decessores sui peſe Cuř suam de hoībz suis ex^a Cuř d̄ni Reg^o p̄ Priorem, Senescallū vt p̄poitum suū e illam optinere. Et quo ad auxiliū regale, disclām, sed dicit qđ q^{ndo} p̄poitus d̄ni Reg^o

Vale, of Castel, of St. Saviour & of St. Peter-in-the-Wood as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the said lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised of the said advowsons in the time of peace & to those Churches presented his clerks who were admitted on his presentations & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

Likewise the lord the King by the same William who sues for him claims against the said Abbot the island of Jethou with the appurtenances as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised of the said island as of fee & right of his Crown in the time of peace taking thereof rents to the value &c. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot & the said Priors come. And the Abbot says that the said Priors are removeable at his will. And the said Priors acknowledge this. And the Abbot says that as to the royal fish he disclaims &c. provided nevertheless that the whale & porpoise are not comprehended under this name. And as to the standard of measures &c. he disclaims &c. And as to the chattels of his men who are felons &c. he says that if his men can lay hands more quickly upon such chattels of his men who are thieves than the men of the lord the King, then he claims to have those chattels & not otherwise, & he says that he & all his predecessors Abbots of Mount St. Michael have so used from time immemorial. And as to the chasing of conies &c. he claims to chase in the time of the season &c. with dog & staff without engine after the officers of the lord the King have chased &c. And as to the exemption of his lands &c. he disclaims & fully acknowledges that the lord the King ought to have of the lands of his men who are felons year & waste &c. And as to his court &c. he says that concerning the plea of chattels & such like small things &c. he & his predecessors are wont to claim their court of their men outside the court of the lord the King, by their Prior, steward or provost & to obtain it. And as to royal aid, he disclaims,

leuaſit fumaĝ in pocht ſc̄i Pet' de Bosco Idem p̄poſitus tenet' faſe eidem Ab̄bi reſtituōem in Prioratu ſuo de Lyho de fumaĝ recepto de tenentibz ipius Ab̄bis eiuaſt poch, et ſe extendit coibz annis ad viginti ſolid. Et dicit qđ quidam Rex Angt dedit denarios illos in offerendā ecclie p̄d̄ci Prioratus de Lyho, ſed nō oſtendit inde aliquod ſc̄m ſpeciale tē. Et quo ad cuſtumam makereſt tē dicit qđ q̄ndo dñs E. Rex paſ dñi Reg^o nūc aſſedebat cuſtumam illam ſup tenentes ſuos piſcatores tē Idem Abbas de aſſenſu homīu ſuoꝝ piſcatoꝝ aſſedebat conſimilem cuſtumam ſup hoīes ſuos piſcatores tē ſicut ei bene licuit vt dicit, e a p̄d̄co tempe recepit ip̄e hui^o cuſtumam. Et quo ad Wreccū tē, dicit qđ Idem dñs E. Rex tempe quo fuit dñs iſtaꝝ Inſulaꝝ p'uaſq^m fuit Rex, fecit fieri inq̄iſ ſup Wrecco p̄d̄co, et poſtq^m fuit Rex confirmauit Wreccū illud p̄deceſſori ip̄ius Ab̄bis p Cartam ſuam quam p̄fert in hec verba. —

Edwardus dei gr̄a Rex Angt Dñs Hiĕn e Dux Aquit, om̄ibz ad quos p̄ſentes ſre p̄ueſiint Saltm. Inſpeximus Cartam quam dudū anteq^m guĕnacula regni n̄ri ſuſcepamus fieri fecimus diſcis noſ in xp̄o Ab̄bi e Conuentiū ſc̄i Mich̄is de piclo maris in hec v̄ba. Edwardus Illuſtris Reg^o Angt p̄mogenitus, Achiepis, Ep̄is, Ab̄bibz, Prioribz, Comitibz, Baronibz, Juſtič, vič, p̄poſitis, miniſtris, e om̄ibz Baſtis e fidelibz ſuis, Saltm. Quoniam p inq̄iſiōem quam p dictm e fidelem n̄rm Drogonem de Barantino tūc Baſtm n̄rm Inſulaꝝ de Gerſ e Gerneſ fieri p̄cepim^o accepimus qđ Abbas e monachi de piclo maris ex antiqua e app̄bata conſuetudine p̄cipe conſueſtunt tempibz p̄deceſſoꝝ n̄roꝝ Regum Angt e dnoꝝ Inſulaꝝ p̄d̄caꝝ quartam p̄tem tocius Wrecci maris in om̄ibz locis Inſ n̄re de Gerneſ, tam illius Wrecci quod p ſe e ſine alicui^o auxilio venit ad litus maris q^m illius qđ p auxiliū aliq^oꝝ coadinuanciū trahit' ad litus. Et qđ intus Walium e Lyho e Guetehou totum Wreccū e om̄es auenturas maris p viſum

but says that when the provost of the lord the King shall levy fumage in the parish of St. Peter-in-the-Wood the said provost is held to make to the said Abbot restitution in his priory of Lyhou for the fumage taken from the tenants of the said Abbot of the said parish & it extends common years to 20 sols. And he says that a certain King of England gave that money as an offering to the Church of the said priory of Lyhou, but he does not show any special deed thereof &c. And as to the custom of mackerel &c. he says that when the lord King E. father of the lord the King that now is, assessed that custom upon his tenants, fishermen &c., the said Abbot with the assent of his men, fishermen assessed a like custom upon his men fishermen &c. as was fully lawful for him to do, as he says, & from the said time he took such custom. And as to wreck, &c. he says that the said lord King E. at the time that he was lord of these islands before he was King, caused an inquisition to be made on the said wreck, & after he was King he confirmed that wreck to the predecessor of the said Abbot by his charter which he brings in these words :—

Edward by the grace of God, King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all to whom these present letters shall come greeting. We have inspected the charter which lately, before we took upon us the government of our kingdom, we caused to be made to our beloved in Christ the Abbot & community of St. Michael 'de periculo maris' in these words: Edward first-born son of the illustrious King of England to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, priors, earls, barons, justices, sheriffs, provosts, officers, & to all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. For-as-much as by inquisition which we commanded to be made by Drogo de Barantin then bailiff of our islands of Jersey & Guernsey we understand that the Abbot & monks 'de periculo maris' by old & approved custom were wont to take in the times of our predecessors Kings of England & lords of the said islands the fourth part of all wreck of the sea in all places of our island of Guernsey as well of that wreck which by itself & without the aid of any comes to the sea-shore, as of that which by the aid of any helpers is brought to the shore. And that within the Vale, & Lyhou & Jethou they were likewise wont to have all wreck & all

Balli p̄dcoꝝ Regum simitr p̄cipe consueſunt, exceptis auro, serica nō opata, escarleta nō scissa, et pallus de escarleta nouis sine tachiis que ad Regm̄ ptinent dominiū. Et qđ in Inš de Gereš p̄cipe consueſunt totū Wreccū maris p̄ totam fram suam quam h̄ent in eadem Inš, volum⁹ e concedim⁹ p̄ nob̄ e h̄edibz n̄ris qđ p̄dci Abbas e monachi e eoꝝ successores h̄eant e p̄cipiant e possideant sine impedimento aut calumpnia n̄ri v̄l h̄edum aut Ballioꝝ n̄roꝝ quartam p̄tem tocius Wrecci maris applicantis p̄ se sine alicui⁹ auxilio, et t̄ p̄ aliquos coadinuantes ad litus adducti in om̄ibz locis Inš n̄re de Gerneš. Et qđ intus Walium e Lyhou e Guetehou p̄cipiant totū Wreccū e auenturas maris p̄ visum Balli n̄ri qui p̄ tēpe f̄ſit. Saluis nob̄ auro, serica nō opata, escarleta nō scissa, et pallus de escarleta nouis sine tachiis. Et qđ in Inš de Gereš p̄cipiant totū Wreccū maris p̄ totam fram suam quam h̄ent in ead̄ Insula ✓ Saluis nob̄ Wrecco in fra sua que est in poct̄ S̄ci Clementis in ead̄ Insula e h̄edibz n̄ris, nisi nob̄ monstrare poſint alias r̄onabiliſ qđ ip̄i illud h̄re debeant de iure. Et p̄hibemus ne cont̄ hanc concessionem in aliquo vexent̄ in p̄ostum. Hiis testibz Dominis Henrico fit nobilis Reg⁹ Aleman̄, Rog⁹o de Leybur̄n, hen̄ de Bathōn, Drogone de Barantino, Wiffo de Chany, Adam de Gesemuth, Joſe Burdet e aliis. Dat⁹ p̄ manū n̄ram ap̄d Bermundeš s̄cdo die Nouem̄br, anno regni d̄ni Reg⁹ p̄ris n̄ri quadragesimo quarto. Nos autem p̄dcam cōcessiōem ratam h̄entes e ḡtam volum⁹ e concedim⁹ eam obseruari in futurū, sicut Carta illa r̄onabiliſ testat̄. In cui⁹ rei testimoniū has Iras n̄ras fieri fecim⁹ patentes. T̄ me ip̄o apud Westm̄ quarto decimo die Maij anno r̄. n̄. Nouo. Et sic Idem Abbas clām h̄re Wreccum put in p̄dco breui continetur.

Respice in tergo de eodem.

(M. 5 d.)

Et quo ad aduocaçones eccliaꝝ t̄c, et Insulam de Geyteho, e alias libtates t̄c dicit qđ quidam Robtus quondam Dux Norman̄ e d̄ns Insulaꝝ istaꝝ dedit cuidam p̄decessori suo Abbi de monte s̄ci Michis,

the ventures of the sea by the view of the bailiff of the said Kings, except gold, silk not worked, scarlet not cut, & cloak of scarlet new without fastenings which belong to the royal domain. And that in the island of Jersey they were wont to take all wreck of the sea throughout all their land which they have in the same island: we will & grant for us & our heirs that the said Abbot & monks & their successors may have & take & possess without impediment or challenge of us or our heirs or our bailiffs the fourth part of all wreck of the sea drifting by itself without the aid of any, & also brought by any helpers to the shore in all places of our island of Guernsey. And that within the Vale & Lyhou & Jethou they take all wreck & the ventures of the sea by the view of our bailiff for the time being, saving to us gold, silk not worked, scarlet not cut, & cloak of scarlet new without fastenings. And that in our island of Jersey they may take all wreck of the sea throughout their whole land which they have in the said island, saving to us & to our heirs wreck in their land which is in the parish of St. Clement in the said island, unless they can show to us reasonably elsewhere that they ought to have that of right. And we forbid that in the time to come they should be vexed in any way contrary to this grant: these being witnesses, the lords Henry son of the noble King of the Germans, Roger de Leybourn, Henry de Bath, Drogo de Barantin, William de Cheny, Adam de Gesemuth, John Burdet & others. Given by our hand at Bermundes the 2nd day of November in the 44th year of the reign of the lord the King our father. Now we having ratified & confirmed the said grant will & grant that the same may be observed in the future as that charter reasonably witnesses. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 14th day of May in the 9th year of our reign. And so the said Abbot claims to have wreck as is contained in the said writ.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M 5 d.)

And as to the advowsons of Churches &c. and the island of Jethou & the other franchises &c. he says that a certain Robert formerly Duke of Normandy & lord of these islands gave to a certain predecessor of his Abbot of Mount St. Michael the moiety of this island, &

medietatem istius Insule, et inde pfert quoddā sc̄ptū cū signis sine sigillo quod inl̄ cēsa continet sic in p̄ncipio. In noīe s̄cē Trinitatis tē Ego Rob̄tus fit magni Riči, gr̄a dei Dux e p̄nceps Normannoꝝ reddo s̄cō Michi altare suū cum toto monastio tē. Et ex inde continet sic inl̄ cēsa, Concedo t̄ de rebz quas ad pp̄os vsus iur̄ hereditar̄ possidebam, e in vsus seruoꝝ dei ip̄i in eodem loco s̄cī Michis Archanḡli seruienciū sollempniū t̄nsfundo id est medietatem In̄s que dicit̄ Gerneř ad integrū, et ex al̄ta medietate quam quidam fidei n̄r noīe Nigellus in b̄nfičō tenet om̄es consuetudīes, quas in meos vsus detinebam, hoc est melaḡ, e om̄ia quecūq; ex ip̄o b̄nfičō meis vsibz pueniūt. Et ex inde inl̄ cēsa sit continet volo vt hec Iur̄ p̄petus teneant possideant heant absq; vlla reclamačoe e publicoꝝ ministroꝝ in quietudine sicut res ad fiscum d̄nicum p̄tinentes. Et dicit qđ a tempe p̄d̄ci doni ip̄i e p̄decessores sui Ab̄bes de monte s̄cī Michis tenent pacifice p̄d̄cas aduocačoes e Insulam de Geyteho, tanq̄m de p̄te medietalis hui⁹ Insule sic date p̄decessori suo, e quasdam alias t̄ras suas in hac Insula sine intrupčone tē et vsi sunt p̄d̄cis lib̄tatibz in forma qua modo claḡ. Et qđ ita sit offert v̄ficare sicut Cuř considerafit.

Et Guiffus quo ad catalla felonū tē, dicit qđ p̄d̄cus Ab̄bas nō h̄et aliquam Jurisdicčoe cognoscendi sup aliquo furto vt alia felonia, nec p̄decessores sui vnq̄ h̄re consueſunt, et ex quo p̄d̄cus Ab̄bas nō potest dedediče quin d̄ns Rex h̄ebit catalla hoīn ip̄ius Ab̄bis feloñ de latrocinio, si ministri Reg⁹ possint ad illa manus appoñe petit Iud̄m si Ab̄bas aliquid claḡ possit in hui⁹ catañ ex quo nō ostendit aliquod f̄m speciale tē. Et quo ad restitučoe fumagii tē petit similr Iud̄m p̄ d̄no Rege ex quo Ab̄bas nō ostendit inde aliquod f̄m speciale tē. Et quo ad Custumam makereff, dicit qđ b̄n patet p̄ Cartā d̄ni Reg⁹ qđ custuma illā t̄m spectat ad d̄m Regem in hac Insula, et qđ p̄ nullo alio d̄no assessa fuit custuma illa, et ex quo

thereof he produces a certain writing with signatures without a seal which among other things contains thus in the first place. In the name of the Holy Trinity &c. I Robert son of the great Richard, by the grace of God Duke & prince of the Normans, give to St. Michael his altar with the whole monastery &c. And therein is contained thus among other things: also I grant of the things which I possessed to my own use by right of inheritance & I transfer them to the use of the servants of God solemnly serving Him in the said place of St. Michael the Archangel, that is, a moiety of the island which is called Guernsey in full, & out of the other moiety which a certain faithful man of ours named Neel holds in benefice all the customs which I retained to my use, that is melagium & all things whatsoever outside that same benefice which belonged to me. And therein it is contained thus among other things: I will that they may hold possess & have these rights for ever without any reclamation & without interference of the public officers, as things belonging to the royal revenue. And he says that from the time of the said grant he & his predecessors Abbots of Mount St. Michael held peaceably the said advowsons & the island of Jethou as of part of the moiety of this island so given to his predecessor & certain other his lands in this island without interruption &c. and used the said liberties in the form in which he now claims. And that it is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

And William as to the chattels of felons &c. says that the said Abbot has not any jurisdiction to take cognizance of any theft or other felony, neither were his predecessors ever wont to have it, & for that the Abbot cannot gainsay, but that the lord the King should have the chattels of the men of the said Abbot convicted of theft, if the officers of the King may lay their hands on those things, he claims judgment as to whether the Abbot may claim anything in such chattels for that he does not show any special deed &c. And as to the restitution of fumage &c. he claims judgment likewise for the lord the King for that the Abbot does not show therein any special deed &c. And as to the custom of mackerel he says that it appears clearly by the charter of the lord the King that that custom only belongs to the lord the King in this island, & that for no other lord

ſcd̄s Abbas nō ostendit inde aliquod f̄m speciale petit Judm̄ p̄ dño Rege, et maxie cū Receptores dñi Reg^o in hac Insula ex pp̄a voluntate sua admiserint quand̄ pixidem a Pore de Wale in qua deponūt ad opus p̄oris denar̄ p̄ceptos de hoīb̄z suis de hui^o custuma sine Waranto. Et quo ad aduocações eccliaꝝ e Insulam de Geyteho, dicit qđ ſcd̄s Abbas nō defend̄ Jus suū in forma competenti nec simitr̄ respondit ad seisinam antecessoꝝ dñi Reg^o t̄c̄ vnde petit Judm̄ t̄c̄. Dicit t̄ qđ Insula de Geyteho licet modica sit e p̄na, nō est pars hui^o Insule, sed Insuletta p̄ se fere contigua Insule de Erm. Et hoc petit qđ inq̄rat̄ p̄ dño Rege. Et petit Judm̄ p̄ dño Rege. Petit t̄ p̄ dño Rege qđ inq̄rat̄ de Wrecco t̄c̄, ex q^o p̄ legalem inq̄is̄ captā in p̄sencia ip̄ius Abb̄is vsus Mat̄im de Sauzmareis cōuictū est qđ dñs Rex pat̄ t̄c̄ in inq̄is̄ capta que in Carta continet̄ deceptus fuit. Et Guilfs le Gros, Jord̄s Choffin, Pet̄r del Estak, Riçus le Herice, Pet̄r Nicole, Pet̄r le Hageis, Pet̄r Ernald, Aug^otinus de la Curt, Wilfs le Gay, Riçus Bernard, Hen̄r de vaugerard e Colinus de la Curt Jūdicunt sup̄ sac̄m̄ qđ Abb̄es de monte sc̄i Mich̄is a tempe quo nō est memoria semp̄ tenuerunt Insulettam de Geyteho licet raro moret̄ ibi aliquis homo, e fr̄as e teñ e aduocações ſcd̄caꝝ eccliaꝝ in forma qua ſcd̄s Abbas modo tenet. Dicunt tū qđ nūq̄ antea audierunt qđ ſcd̄ca Insuletta plus sit pars vni^o medietatis istius Insule q̄m̄ al̄ius medietatis, nisi tantū qđ Abb̄es de ſcd̄co monte illam tenuerunt vt Insulettam p̄ se, sicut ſcd̄s Abbas eam modo tenet. Distat enim ab hac Insula p̄ duas leucas e amplius. Et quo ad alias lib̄tates p̄lq̄m̄ de Wrecco, dicunt qđ Abb̄es de ſcd̄co monte vti solebant ſcd̄cis lib̄t̄ib̄z in forma qua ſcd̄s Abbas eas modo clām̄, a tempe quo memoria nō existit. Et quo ad Wreccū t̄c̄, dicunt qđ p̄ p̄res suos intellexerunt qđ Abb̄es de ſcd̄co monte p̄cipe solebant totum Wreccū accidens in

was that custom assessed, & for that the said Abbot does not show therein any special deed he claims judgment for the lord the King & chiefly as the Receivers of the lord the King in this island of their own will admitted a certain chest from the Prior of the Vale in which they place to the use of the Prior the money taken from his men of such custom without warrant. And as to the advowsons of Churches & the island of Jethou, he says that the said Abbot does not defend his right in proper form nor likewise does he answer to the seisin of the ancestors of the lord the King &c. wherefore he claims judgment &c. And he says that the island of Jethou although it is moderate & small is not part of this island but is a little island by itself almost adjoining the island of Herm. And he prays that this may be enquired into for the lord the King. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. He claims also for the lord the King that it may be enquired into concerning wreck &c. for that by the lawful inquest taken in the presence of the said Abbot against Matthew de Saumareys it was proved that the lord the King the father &c. was deceived in the inquest taken which is contained in the charter. And William le Gros, Jordan Choffyn, Peter de L'Estak, Richard le Herice, Peter Nicole, Peter le Hageis, Peter Ernard, Augustin de la Court, William le Gay, Richard Bernard, Henry de Vaugerard & Colin de la Court, jurors, say upon their oath that the Abbots of Mount St. Michael from time immemorial always held the little island of Jethou, although there rarely lived there any man, & the lands & tenements & the advowsons of the said Churches in the form in which the said Abbot now holds them. They say also that they never before heard that the said little island is more part of one moiety of this island than of the other moiety, unless only that the Abbots of the said Mount held the same as a small island by itself, as the said Abbot now holds the same, for it is distant from this island two leagues & more. And as to the other franchises except wreck, they say that the Abbots of the said mount were wont to use the said franchises in the form in which the said Abbot now claims them, from time immemorial. And as to wreck &c., they say that they were told by their fathers that the Abbots of the said Mount were wont to take all wreck occurring in their lands

fr̄is suis p̄ totā hanc Insulam. Et tunc pre diūsis discordiis e dissensionibz̄ sepius ortis p̄ locis vbi Wreccū accidit existentibz̄ in dubio sine ſta meta e aliis de causis, vt de Wrecco t̄nsferendo de loco ad locū v̄t furando t̄c, inf̄ Baſſos e ministros d̄ni Reg^o e Abb̄is, e de feodo Comit̄is quod Nich̄us de Cheny modo tenet inf̄ ip̄os Baſſios concordatū fuit qđ p̄d̄c̄us Abbas solus p̄cipet Wreccū maris accidens in d̄nicis fr̄is suis de Wale e Lyho p̄ eo videt̄ qđ ip̄e Abbas multo plus fr̄e fuit in costera maris vbi Wreccū accidit, et de toto Wrecco residuo accidente p̄ totam Insulam p̄lq̄m in d̄nicis fr̄is Math̄i de Sauzmareis qui solus ibi fiet Wreccū fieret equa pticio Ita qđ medietas integre remanebit d̄no Regi, et alia medietas equatr̄ ptiret̄ inf̄ p̄d̄c̄m Abb̄em ex vna pte, e tenentes fr̄as p̄d̄ci Comit̄is quas p̄d̄cs Nich̄us modo tenet ex alſa. Saluis semp̄ d̄no Regi p̄ncipalibz̄ rebz̄ antiquitus exceptis vt aurum nō opatum, Serica nō opata, escarleta integra, mantellū sine attachia, aues regales e hui^omodi t̄c. Et sunt triginta anni elapsi e amplius qđ p̄locučo illa vltimo f̄ca fuit t̄c. Et dicunt qđ semp̄ postea vsi sunt p̄cipi Wreccū in forma p̄d̄ca, sed nesciunt si d̄ns Rex ad hoc p̄bnit assensum nec ne. Et dicunt qđ diu antea f̄ſat inf̄ baſſos e ministros eoz̄ de hui^omodi Wrecco consimilis p̄locučo. Et de assensu Abb̄is datus est eis dies de audiendo Iudo suo coram d̄no Rege a die s̄ci Mich̄is in vnū mensem, vbiq̄q; tūc f̄ſit in Angl̄. Et Abbas po. lo. suo Joh̄em leffay v̄t Orlūm le moigne.

Et Abbas p̄ter p̄d̄cas lib̄tates claūm duce victualia blad̄, carnū e pisciū ad Abbiam suam ex^a hanc Insulam lib̄e p̄ fr̄as patentes d̄ni H. Reg^o aui t̄c quas p̄fert e que testant̄ qđ p̄d̄cs d̄ns H. Rex sic eis cōcessit sed no continet̄ in eisdem qđ sic concesserat p̄ se v̄t fr̄idibz̄ suis nec successor̄ Abb̄is imp̄m, sed tantum qđ maudavit Baſſis In-

throughout the whole island. And then by reason of divers discords & discussions often arising through the places where wreck occurs being in doubt without certain bounds & for other causes such as by wreck being taken from one place to another or stolen &c. between the bailiffs & officers of the lord the King & of the Abbot & of the fief Le Comte which Nicholas de Cheny now holds, it was agreed between those bailiffs that the said Abbot alone should take wreck of the sea occurring in his demesne lands of the Vale & Lyhou, for that to wit, the said Abbot had much more land on the sea-coast where wreck occurs, & of the residue of the whole wreck occurring throughout the whole island except in the demesne lands of Matthew de Saumareys, who alone has wreck there, an equal division shall be made; so that the one moiety shall wholly remain to the lord the King & the other moiety shall be equally divided between the said Abbot of the one part & those holding the lands of the said Count which the said Nicholas now holds of the other part. Saving always to the lord the King the princely things of old excepted as gold not worked, silk not worked, scarlet in the whole, cloak without fastening, royal birds & such like &c. And 30 years & more have elapsed since that arrangement was last made &c. And they say that always afterwards wreck was wont to be taken in the form aforesaid but they do not know whether the King gave his consent to this or not. And they say that long before there was a similar arrangement between their bailiffs & officers concerning such wreck. And with the assent of the Abbot a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot puts in his place John Leffay or Oliver le Moigne.

They do not
come.

And the Abbot besides the said franchises claims to carry victuals, corn, flesh & fish to his Abbey outside this island freely by letters patent of the lord H. the King grandfather &c. which he brings & which witnesses that the said lord H. the King so granted to them but it is not contained in the same that he so granted it for them or their heirs nor their successors, abbots there, for ever, but only that he commanded the bailiffs of the island by the said letters

sule p easd tras qđ pmitēnt Abbem duce hui⁹modi victualia ad
Abbiam suam pđcam. Et postea p̄cipiens qđ ire ille nō sunt aucto-
ritatis ad Wař ei ad p̄sens duce hui⁹ victualia absq; custuma inde
danda ex q^o Abb̄ia nūc existit in alio regno tē, supponit inde in grañ
dñi Reg⁹ tē. Clañ t̄ qđ in fine Itiñis debet ipe face portare virgam
dñi Reg⁹ p omēs altas vias in feodo suo de Wale ad scrutand si fce
ffint ibi p̄presture. Et debet ipe emendare face p̄presturas illas, e
emeud inde p̄cipe e sic solebant eius p̄decessor tē ab antiquo. Et
inde g^otis respondet e poñ se sup Juř p̄rie, sed nich scit ostendere de
aliqua concessione regia inde sibi fca nec qđ alias in Cuř dñi Reg⁹
ffit allocuř, sed tm qđ dicit qđ sic vsi ffunt ab antiquo. Et Juř
dicunt sup sacrñ suū qđ p̄dci Abb̄es sic vsi ffunt ab antiquo. Dicunt
tñ qđ vie ille sunt pp̄e vie dñi Reg⁹ p quas hoies Reg⁹ de tota In-
sula fiēt. Iter snū cum bestiis suis ad cōam ipius dñi Reg⁹ quesita
est quasi in medio feodi p̄dci Abb̄is, e dñs Rex semp hucusq; solebat
emend p̄cipe de omimodis p̄presturis fcis in p̄dca cōa p quoscumq;
Dies datus est p̄dco Abbi de audiendo Juđo suo coram p̄fato dño
Rege ad p̄fatū f̄minū. Et Abbas po. lo. suo p̄dcos Joñem vt Oliñum.
Posteo ad diem illū ap̄d Westm̄ p̄dcs Abbas veñ p attorñ suū. Et
ctis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Juđo suo aud de vtroq; coram dño
Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū menš vbicūq; tūc ffint in Angl̄ Ad quem
diē p̄dcs Abbas veñ p attorñ suū e dat⁹ ei dies vsq; a die Pasch̄ in
vnū mensem vbicūq; tē.—Ad quē diem p̄dcs Abbas venit e dat⁹
veñ est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicumq; tē. de vt^oq; plito tē. Ad
q̄ diem p̄dcs Abbas veñ, e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men-
sem vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diem p̄dcs Abbas non venit io p̄cedat^r ad
nō venit Judm̄ sed ponit^r in resp̄tū vsq; in Crastino aīaz vbicūq; tē. Et deinde
a die Pasche in vnu menš vbicūq; tē. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq; tē.

to permit the abbot to carry such victuals to his said abbey. And afterwards perceiving that those letters are no authority to warrant him to take at present such victuals without giving custom for them because the abbey is now in another kingdom &c., he puts himself in the grace of the King &c. He claims also that at the end of the eyre he ought to cause the rod of the lord the King to be carried throughout all the high-ways in his fee of the Vale to search whether any encroachments shall have been made there. And he ought to cause those encroachments to be fined & to take the fines thereof, & so his predecessors were wont to do from ancient times. And he answers freely therein & puts himself upon the jury of the country, but he cannot show any royal grant made to him therein nor that it was allowed elsewhere in the court of the lord the King, but only that he says they were so used from ancient time. And the jurors say upon their oath that the said Abbots so used to do from ancient times. But they say that those ways are the high-ways of the lord the King, by which the men of the King of the whole island have their way with their beasts to the common of the said lord the King which is situated nearly in the middle of the fee of the said Abbot, & the lord the King has always been wont up to the present time to take the fines for all manner of encroachments made by whomsoever in the said common. A day is given to the said Abbot to hear his judgment before the said lord the King at the said term. And the Abbot puts in his place the said John or Oliver. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Abbot comes by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear the judgment of both before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot comes by his attorney & a day is given to him in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. of each plea. At which day the said Abbot comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come, therefore let it be proceeded to judgment, but it is respited up to the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls where-

Comes.

Does not
come.

J^m resp^r Ad q̄ diē iudičm resp^tuat^r vt sup^a vsq₃ a die Pasch in vnū menš vbi-
cūq₃ tē. Ad q̄ diē iudičm resp^tuat^r vt p^lus vsq₃ a die Pasche in tres
sept̄ vbiuq₃ tē. Ad quē diē iudm̄ resp^tuat^r vt prius vsq₃ a die Pasch
in xv dies vbiuq₃ tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ p̄d̄cūs Abb̄ obiit. Sed
et sciat^r inde rei f̄itas manda^r est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē
ētificet a die Pasch in quq₃ sept̄s p̄x̄ futu^r in vnū annū vbičq₃ tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

(M. 6.)

Plita coram Johne de ffresingfeld e sociis suis Justi-
ciariis dñi Regis Itiflantibz in Gernereye die Lune p̄xima
ante festū s̄ci Barnabe Apli anno Regni Regis Edwardi
secundo.

Gernerē

Radus de Bosc Burgenš Rotomageñ alias coram Matho de Curia
tenente locū Ottonis de Grandisono in hac Insula peciit delibācoem
vinoz suoꝝ que dixerat occupata e sibi detenta p̄ Ricm̄ le Herice,
Roſtm̄ Dagenas, Petrum la Cornaille, e Lucam le Corner e quosdam
alios Insulanos hic eis adherentes. Et iidem Ričus e alii tunc dixe-
runt qđ cum quedam nauis de Grestem in qua p̄d̄ca vina simul cū
aliis vinis cartata fuerunt, e de qua Johannes le Maceon fuit magister
piclitauit in costera maris p̄pe hanc Insulam e marinelli cū m̄cato-
ribz sine custodibz vina illa conducentibz rogauerunt eos vt efficax e
festinū auxiliū eis impenderent ad saluandū nauem suam cum rebus
in eadem existentibz e ip̄i satisfācent eis de competenti salario. Et
cum ip̄i Ričus e alii eis respondissent qđ hoc nō fačent vllō modo
nisi p̄ medietate mercandisaꝝ saluataꝝ scđm̄ consuetudinem p̄rie.
Willus le Maceon pa^r p̄d̄ci mağri dixit qđ consuetudo no fuit f̄ca
parciali^r p̄ vllō eoꝝ sꝝ p̄ om̄ibz in cōi e tam ip̄e Willus e marinelli e
m̄catores sine custodes vinoꝝ illoꝝ ibi tunc p̄sentes q^m magis^r nauis
e marinelli e m̄catores sine custodes ad nauem existentes ad hoc

Judgment
respited.

soever &c. At which day judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before up to 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it was testified that the said Abbot was dead. But in order that the truth of the matter may be known it is commanded to Otto de Grandison to certify to the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Let the King
sue &c.

(M. 6.)

Pleas before John de Fresingfeld & his fellow-Justices in Eyre of the Lord the King in Guernsey on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of King Edward.

Guernsey.

Ralph de Bosc' burgess of Rouen elsewhere before Matthew de la Court lieutenant of Otto de Grandison in this island claims delivery of his wines which he says are taken & detained by Richard le Herice, Robert Dagenas, Peter la Cornaille, & Luke le Corner & certain other islanders here adhering to them. And the said Richard & others then said that whereas a certain ship of Grestain⁽¹⁾ in which the said wines together with other wines were conveyed, & of which John le Maceon was master was in peril on the sea-coast near this island, & the sailors with the merchants or keepers conducting those wines requested them to render them effectual & quick help to save their ship with the things being in the same & they would give them a sufficient reward. And whereas the said Richard & others answered them that they could on no account do this except for the moiety of the merchandizes saved according to the custom of the country. William le Maceon father of the said master said that the custom was not made specially for any of them but for all in common & as well the said William & the sailors & merchants or keepers of those wines then being present there as the master of the ship & the sailors & merchants or keepers being in the ship agreed to this &

(1) Grestain was in the diocese of Lisieux, and possessed an Abbey.

concordarunt e totaīr concesserunt. Et sic ip̄e Riçus e socii sui p̄dçam nauem que fere plena erat aqua salsa saluauerunt ad magnos labores e pictosos e guindauerunt vina ex^a nauem quousq̄ nauis f̄rat repata e de assensu e bona voluntate p̄dçoz marinelloz e m̄catoz sine custodū vinoz illoz sic saluatoz, fuerunt vina illa equalīr partita p̄ mediū, et vna medietas reposita fuit in nauem ad opus m̄catoz, et alia medietas iux^a consuetudinem patrie e conuençõem p̄dçam remansit ad f̄ram e equalīr partita fuit p̄ mediū, et vna medietas inde remansit ip̄is saluatoribz, e alia medietas medietatis illius partita fuit equali^r in duas ptes, quaz vna pars remansit dño Regi, e alia pars p̄ equali porçõe partita fuit in^r Priorem de Wale noīe Abbtis de monte sc̄i Mich̄is ad cui⁹ voluntatem idem Prior extat remitta bilis e Nich̄m de Cheny iux^a consuetudinem de rebus in mari piclitantibz sic saluatis hacten⁹ vsitatam parciendis. Et sic tam ex causa Wrecci, q^m p̄ p̄dças conuençõem e consuetudinem clama^runt ip̄i pp̄etatem vinoz illoz. Et cum quesitum fuisset ab eis vtrum illa clamare voluissent ex causa Wrecci, v^t p̄ p̄dças conuençõem e consuetudinem cū p̄ vtrasq̄ r̄ones nō potuissent ✓ ip̄i se tenuerunt ad p̄dças conuençõem e consuetudinem renunciantes Wrecco. Et h̄itis loquelis hui⁹-modi p̄ consensum oīm loquela inde in^r eos remansit indiscussa vsq̄ ad has as̄, vinis illis remanentibz in arresto dñi Regis.—Et p̄dçus Rad̄s modo venit.—Et p̄dçi Abbas, Nich̄us, Riçus, Rob̄tus, Petrus, e Lucas modo ven^runt. Et p̄dça Riçus, Rob̄tus, Petrus e Lucas offerunt se respondere p̄ aliis saluatoribz. Ita tamen qđ Curia dñi Regis sit eis in auxiliū ad Justiciand̄ socios eoꝝ nunc absentes si necesse f̄rit. Et p̄dçus Rad̄us dicit qđ ip̄e fidei^r emit vina illa e soluit p̄ eis oīmmodas custumas debitas nec p̄ se v^t aliū vnq^a forisfecit vina illa, et petit qđ dñs Rex illa sibi delib̄ari faciat, v^t qđ ea occupantes ostendant quare sibi delib̄ari nō debeant.

granted it fully. And so the said Richard & his fellows saved the said ship which was nearly full of salt water with great trouble & at great danger & took charge of the wines out of the ship until the ship was repaired, & with the assent & good will of the said sailors & merchants or keepers of those wines so saved, those wines were divided equally in half, & one moiety was placed in the ship for the use of the merchants, & the other moiety according to the custom of the country & the agreement aforesaid remained on land & was equally divided in half & one moiety thereof remained to the salvors & the other moiety of that moiety was divided equally in two parts, whereof one part remained to the lord the King & the other part by equal portions was divided between the Prior of the Vale in the name of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael at whose will the said Prior is removable & Nicholas de Cheney according to the custom hitherto used for dividing those things so saved from the peril of the sea. And so as well on account of the wreck as by the said agreement & custom they claimed the ownership of those wines. And when it was asked of them whether they wished to claim them on account of wreck or by the said agreement & custom, as they could not do it for both reasons, they held to the said agreement & custom, renouncing wreck. And such pleas being had, by the consent of all, the plea thereof remained undiscussed among them until these assizes, those wines remaining in the arrest of the lord the King. And the said Ralph now comes. And the said Abbot, Nicholas, Richard, Robert, Peter & Luke now came. And the said Richard, Robert, Peter & Luke offered to answer for the other salvors. So nevertheless that the court of the lord the King should aid them in compelling their associates now absent if need should be. And the said Ralph says that he bought those wines in good faith & paid for them all manner of customs due, & that neither for himself or others did he ever forfeit those wines, & he prays that the lord the King will cause them to be delivered to him or that those keeping them may show why they should not be delivered to him.

Et Abbas e alii dicunt qđ iux^a pđčas consuetudinem e conuen-
coem pđča medietas vinoꝝ saluatoꝝ mere spectat ad iꝑos Abbem e
alios in forma qua pđdicit^r excepta quarta pte vinoꝝ illoꝝ que p eandem
consuetudinem remanet dño Regi. Et dicunt qđ dñs Rex sine causa
put eis videt^r vina eoꝝ in pp^a possessione iꝑoꝝ inuenta fecit arres-
tari. Et petunt qđ dñs Rex ammoneat manū suam de arresto, e
iꝑi parati erunt vna cum consilio dñi Regis p pparte iꝑm inde con-
tingente respondere pđdco Rađo put de iure fñit faciend. Et hoc
manucapñmt quilibet eoꝝ scilt p porcoe iꝑos inde contingente tē.
Et eis concedit. Et dictum est eis qđ plitent p se / e dñs Rex sup
hoc habebit amšamentū.

Et Rađus petit versus eos triginta e sex pipas vini albi p'cij
cuiuslibet ix. liĉr saluo sibi e retento beneficio legis micatorie scđm
qđ inde pbare poñit^r vna cum dampnis suis tē que se ptestatur peti-
turū. Et Abbas e alii bene cognoscunt qđ medietas vinoꝝ que fuerunt
iꝑius Rađi in pđča nauī, que remansit parcienda inĉ dñm Regem e
eos in forma qua pđdicit^r se extendit tantūmodo ad t'ginta e duas
pipas, e de plibꝝ nō cognoscunt nec concedunt p'ciū quod Rađus
apponit^r in pđcis pipis. Sed dicunt qđ de vinis illis nō tenent^r pđco
Rađo faĉe restitucoem nec sibi inde respondere. Quia dicunt qđ con-
suetudo in hiis Insulis de rebus piclitantibꝝ in mari saluatis p Insu-
lanos hacten^o ab antiquo vsitata talis est vt pđdicit^r. Et dicunt qđ
iꝑi parati sunt vificare qđ pđča conuencio fca inĉ iꝑos e ptes de
pđcis marinellis e micatoribꝝ sine custodibꝝ vinoꝝ, et postea p omes
e singĉos eoꝝ concessa e anullo dedicta talis fñat, qđ bona p iꝑos
saluata p mediū partirent^r inĉ eos iux^a consuetudinem patrie sup^a-
dčam. Dicunt etiam qđ iꝑi Riĉus e alii pati sunt pbare qđ iꝑi
saluarunt nauem pđčam cum vinis sicut est pđčm, e qđ consuetudo
talis existit.

And the Abbot & others say that according to the said custom & agreement the said moiety of the wines saved merely belong to the said Abbot & others in the form abovesaid, except the fourth part of those wines which by the same custom remains to the lord the King. And they say that the lord the King without cause as it seems to them caused their wines found in their own possession to be arrested. And they pray that the lord the King will raise the arrest, & they will be ready together with the council of the lord the King to answer for the share coming to them therein, to the said Ralph as of right ought to be done. And this each of them gave surety for, to wit, for the portion coming to them, &c. And it is granted to them. And they are told to plead for themselves, & the King will have advice hereupon.

And Ralph claims against them thirty-six pipes of white wine, the price of each 9 livres, saving & retaining to himself the benefit of the merchant law according to what might be proved thereof, together with his damages &c. which he protests that he will claim. And the Abbot & the others well know that the moiety of the wines which were of the said Ralph in the said ship, which remained to be divided between the lord the King & them in the form aforesaid extends only to thirty-two pipes & of a greater number they are ignorant nor do they admit the price which Ralph put on the said pipes. But they say that they are not bound to make restitution of those wines to the said Ralph nor to answer to him therein. Because they say that the custom in these islands of things saved from the peril of the sea by the islanders hitherto used from ancient time is such as is aforesaid. And they say that they are ready to establish that the said agreement was made between them and many of the said sailors & merchants or keepers of the wines, & afterwards was granted by all & each of them, and such had been denied by no one, that the goods saved by them should be divided in half between them according to the custom of the said country. They also say that the said Richard & the others are ready to prove that they saved the said ship with the wines as is aforesaid, & that the custom is such.

Et Radus dicit qđ p costeram maris Angl, Normanñ e Insul in tali casu nō est consuetudo nisi de Wrecco cum acciderit. Et ex quo pđci Riçus e alii renunciauerunt Wrecco sicut pđcñ est, e si petuisse voluissent legale salariū libent̄ illud soluisset, e si conuentū fuisset inl̄ eos e marinellos, hoc fuit scđm consuetudinem pñie, e hic nō est consuetudo in tali casu, nisi Wreccū acciderit e ipi renunciauerūt Wrecco / petit Judm si ipi ñre debeant medietatem vinoꝝ suoꝝ, vł aliud qm legale salariū.—Et Justiç sup hiis volentes ñre pleni^o anisamentū, nec inuenientes aliquem sup hui^omodi consuetudine noticiam ñntem, qui nō sit adherens alicui parciū pđcāꝝ, pceserunt ad scrutandū inde plenius veritatem p sacriñ legalioꝝ hui^o Insule minus suspectoꝝ, ptibus ad hoc nō vocatis nec in aliquo sup hoc requisitis. Et inuenerunt p eoꝝ sacriñ qđ ipi recolunt de tempe dñi H. Regis aui Regis nunc qđ accidit hic de quadam nauī de Wynchelse piclitante e saluata consimilr fçam fuisse ptiçoem in forma qua pđicit̄ antecessoribꝝ ipoꝝ tūc dicentibꝝ consuetudinem Insule extitisse. Et postea consimilr fçm fuisse de quadam nauī de Chirebourgñ in Normanñ que vocabat̄ la Bastarde, similr piclitante e saluata. Et postea de duabꝝ nauibꝝ Petri Lupe de Ispannia, videlt vna in vno anno e alia in anno seqñti, similr piclitantibꝝ e saluatis. Et postea de quadam alia nauī de Normanñ e de alia nauī Almaria vicery de Vascoñ similr piclitantibꝝ e saluatis. Et eciam de plibꝝ aliis e semp de bonis saluatis hui^omodi paracio fçā fuit. Sed nō recolunt qđ consuetudo illa fūat vnq̄ approbata vł repbata p dñm Regem vł eius consiliū, nec qđ vnq̄ antea venit in discussionem. Et Justiç hic ppendentes dñm Regem e eius pgenitores p tantum tempus fuisse in possessione picipiendi tale pficuū de rebus sic saluatis in Insul Et etiam qđ pđci Abbas p successionem e Michus p descensum clamant hui^omodi pficuū pcipe / noluerunt vlñius pcedere dño Rege sup hiis inconsulto. Et Ido de consensu pđcāꝝ parciū datus est eis dies coram ipo dño Rege de audiendo Iudicio suo a die

And Ralph says that along the sea-coast of England, Normandy & the islands it is not the custom in such case except as to wreck when it shall happen, for that the said Richard & others renounced wreck as is aforesaid, & if they wished to have asked their lawful salary he would have paid it willingly, & if there was an agreement between them & the sailors, this was according to the custom of the country, & here it is not the custom in such a case, unless a wreck should occur, & they renounced wreck. He claims judgment whether they ought to have the moiety of his wines, or other than their lawful recompense. And the justices wishing to have fuller advice upon these things, & not finding anybody having knowledge of such custom who is not a partizan of either of the said parties, proceeded to search more fully the truth thereof by the oath of lawful men of this island above suspicion, the parties not being hereto called nor required in anything hereupon. And they found by their oath that they remember in the time of the lord H. the King grandfather of the King that now is that a certain ship of Winchelsea happened to be in peril & was saved & in like manner partition was made in the form aforesaid to their ancestors who then said that the custom of the island was such. And afterwards it was done in like manner concerning a certain ship of Cherbourg in Normandy which was called la Bastarde, likewise in jeopardy & saved. And afterwards concerning two ships of Peter Lupe of Spain, viz., one in one year & the other in the following year, similarly in peril & saved. And afterwards a certain other ship of Normandy & another ship Almaria Viceroy of Gascony similarly in peril & saved. And also of many others & such partition was always made of the goods saved. But they do not remember that that custom was ever approved or disapproved by the King or his council, nor that it ever before came to discussion. And the justices here considering that the lord the King & his progenitors were for such time in possession of the right of taking such profit of things so saved in the island. And also that the said Abbot by succession & Nicholas by descent claim to take such profit, they do not wish to proceed further, without consulting the King upon these things. And therefore with the consent of the said parties a day is given to them before the said lord the King to

Seq^r pars si
velit tē.

s̄ci Mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicumq; tūc fuerit in Angl. — Et Radus
po. lo. suo Petrum Baudewyn ad lucrandū v̄t pdendū in loquela p̄d̄ca.
Et Abbas e alii po. lo. suo p̄d̄cos Ricm̄ le Herice, v̄t Petrum la Cor-
naille. Postea ad diem illū ap̄d Westm̄ veñ ptes p attorñ suos. Et
ctis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Juđo suo aud coram dño Rē a die
Pasch̄ in vnū mens̄ vbicūq; tūc f̄uit in Angl. Ad quē diē p̄d̄ce partes
p attorñ suū veñ e dat^o est ei dies vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē
vbicūq; tē. In crastino aīaz vbicūq; tē.

(M. 7.) **Adhuc de p̄lis coram p̄fatis Justiciar̄ in Insula
de Jeresepe de eod̄ Ḡni.**

ffresingfeld.

Jeresepe. Dñs Rex p Willm des mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus Abbem⁺
de Blancalanda aduocaōem ecclie s̄ci Lauř vt Jus tē. Et vnde Idem
Willus dicit p dño Rege, qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit seisisus de p̄d̄ca
aduocaōe tempe pacis, vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue tē et ad eccliam
illam p̄sentavit quemdam Radm̄ du Val Chicum suū qui ad p̄senta-
ōem suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut^o. Et qđ tale sit Jus
ip̄ius dñi Reg^o offert v̄ficare p dño Rege sicut Cuř cons̄.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit qđ dñs J. quondam Rex tē, dum fuit Comes
Moritoñ e dñs Insulaž anteq^m Rex f̄uat dedit Abb̄ie de Blancalanda
p̄d̄cam eccliam p Cartam suam quam pfert in hec v̄ba tē. Om̄ibz
s̄ce matris ecclie filiis ad quos p̄sens scriptum puenit, Joñnes Comes
Moritoñ saltm. Nos̄itis me pietatis intuitu dedisse e p̄senti carta
mea confirmasse Abb̄ie s̄ci Mich̄i de Blancalanda e fr̄ibz ibidem deo
suientibz in puram e p̄petuam elemosinam, eccliam s̄ci Lauř in In̄s
sič ad Jus meū e p̄sentaōem meam ptinebat integre e plenarie cū

Let the party
sue if he will
&c.

hear their judgment in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Ralph put in his place Peter Baudewyn to gain or lose in the said suit. And the Abbot & others put in their place the said Richard le Herice or Peter le Cornaille. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the parties by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said parties by their attorney came & a day is given to them until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Saints wheresoever &c.

(M. 7.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the Church of St. Lawrence as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King grandfather &c. was seised of the said advowson in the time of peace as of the fee & right of his crown &c., and presented to that Church a certain Ralph du Val his clerk who was admitted on his presentation & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the said lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. sometime King &c. while he was Earl of Mortain & lord of the islands before he was King gave to the Abbey of Blanchelande the said Church by his charter which he produces in these words, &c. &c. To all the sons of Holy Mother Church to whom this present writing shall come, John Earl of Mortain greeting. Know ye that I of pious intent have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Nicholas of Blanchelande & to the brethren serving God there in frankalmoign the Church of St. Lawrence in the island as belonged to my right & presentation wholly & fully with all its

om̄ibz p̄t̄n̄ suis quam Galf̄i sacer̄d̄ e Decanus tenuerat Ita qđ in p̄d̄ca Abb̄ia p̄d̄m̄ vexero memoria mei fiat̄ e post decessum meū solēmpne e p̄petuū annūsār̄ ibidem p̄ me celebret̄ e eiusd̄ loci conuent̄⁹ in die obitus mei in victualibz celebrī p̄curet̄. T Joñe Ab̄be de Doul Rađo P̄ore de Pless̄, Gernaš Canōico, Nicho Capellano, Ričo de ffent̄, Regñ de Vire, Wilfo de Eula, Hušte de Bingo, mađro Heñr de Haya, apud Tenerchebr. viij die ffebr, anno regni Reg⁹ Riči Nono. Dat⁹ p̄ mañ Joñnis de Graio.

Et Wilfus dicit qđ dñs H. Rex filius p̄d̄ci Joñnis postea fuit in seisina de p̄d̄ca aduocaōe p̄d̄ce ecclie. Et ad eandem eccliam p̄sentauit p̄d̄cm R. qui tūc fuit clicus Drogonis de Barantin Custodis Insulaz, qui ad p̄sent̄ īpius dñi Reg⁹ admissus fuit ad p̄d̄cam eccliam e institutus in eadem, e inde obiit p̄sona t̄c. Et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege.

Et Abbas dicit qđ plitum motum fuit in p̄d̄cm dñm H. Regem quendam Ab̄bem de Blancalanda, sed dicit qđ tandem ad rogatum p̄d̄ci Drogonis Abbas ille p̄sentauit p̄d̄cm Clicum īpius Drogonis ad eccliam illam, Ita qđ Clicus ille fuit admissus ad eccliam illam e institut⁹ in ead̄ ad p̄sent̄ īpius Ab̄bis, e nō ad p̄sentaōem p̄d̄ci dñi H. Regis. Et de hoc ponit se sup p̄riam. Et Wilfs instant̄ petit Judm̄ p̄ dño Rege, ex quo Abbas nō potest dediĉe quin Clicus p̄ īpm̄ dñm Regem p̄sentatus fuit p̄sona, inpsonata de p̄d̄ca ecclia, et Abbas nō ostendit aliquod f̄cm̄ speciale p̄ quod doĉe possit Clicum illū admissum fuisse ad eandem ad p̄sent̄ p̄deces̄s sui. Petit t̄ ex habundanti qđ rei v̄itas inquirat̄ p̄ dño Rege.

Jur̄ dicunt sup sacr̄m̄ suū, qđ p̄d̄cus Clicus admissus fuit ad p̄d̄cam eccliam ad p̄sentaōem Ab̄bis, e nō ad p̄sentaōem īpius dñi Reg⁹ t̄c. Dies dat⁹ est ei de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege, a

appurtenances which Geoffrey priest & dean held. So that in the said Abbey for as long as I shall live the memory of me may be had & after my decease an anniversary may be celebrated there for me solemnly & for ever, & the community of the same place on the day of my death may be thoroughly provided with victuals. Witnesses : John Abbot of Dol, Ralph Prior of Plessis, Jervase the canon, Nicholas the chaplain, Richard de Fentes, Reginald de Vire, William de Eula, Hubert de Bingo, Master Henry de Haya, at Tenchebray the 8th day of February in the ninth year of the reign of King Richard. Given by the hand of John de Gray.

And William says that the lord H. the King son of the said John was afterwards in seisin of the said advowson of the said Church. And to the same Church presented the said R. who then was clerk of Drogo de Barentin keeper of the islands who on the presentation of the said lord the King was admitted to the said Church & instituted into the same, & died parson thereof &c. And this he offers to establish for the lord the King.

And the Abbot says that a plea was moved between the said lord H. the King & a certain Abbot of Blanchelande, but he says that at length at the request of the said Drogo that Abbot presented the said clerk of the said Drogo to that Church, so that the clerk was admitted to that Church & instituted into the same on the presentation of the said Abbot and not on the presentation of the said lord H. the King. And for this he puts himself upon the verdict of the country. And William earnestly claims judgment for the lord the King, inasmuch as the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the clerk presented by the said lord the King was the person beneficed of the said Church, & the Abbot cannot show any special deed whereby he can prove that that clerk was admitted to the same on the presentation of his predecessor. And he claims over and above that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

The Jurors say upon their oath that the said clerk was presented to the said Church on the presentation of the Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord the King &c. A day is given to

die s̄ci Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq; tunc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Et Abbas
po. lo. suo Ričm le Herice vt Petrum f̄it Petri Dartyz. Postea ad
diem illum ap̄d Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄c̄us Abbas p̄ attorñ suū. Et c̄tis de
causis dat^o est ei dies de Juđo suo aud̄ coram d̄no Rege a die Pasch̄
in vnū menš vbicūq; tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Ad quem diē p̄d̄c̄us Abbas
p̄ attorñ suū veñ. Et datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē
nō veñ vbicumq; tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄c̄us Abbas non veñ Iō de ip̄o ad iudi-
ciū tē sed ponit^r in respectū vsq; a die Pasche in xv dies vbicumq; tē.
Et deinde resp^otuat^r vt plus vsq; a die pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tē.
nō veñ In Crastio annuaꝝ vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp^otuat^r vsq;
a die Pasch̄ in vnū menš vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp^o-
tuat^r vsq; a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄t vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diem iudm
p̄d̄c̄m resp^otuat^r vsq; a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diē
v^o sep. pa. Judm p̄d̄c̄m resp^otuat^r vsq; a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq; sept^s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū
annū vbicq; tē.
Seq^r Rex tē

+

Petrus de Saumuareys suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad respondendū d̄no
Regi de pl̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate d̄ni Reg^o e p̄ge-
nitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ clañ ĩre Wreccū maris p̄ totam ĩram suam
in poch̄ s̄ci Clementis e s̄ci Elerii, et illud in pp̄los vsus conũte. Et
t̄ quo Waranto clañ ĩre furtas⁽¹⁾ in eadem poch̄. Et t̄ quo Waranto
clamat p̄cipe e ĩre liřam eskeriam in poch̄ p̄d̄ca de piscibz p̄ hoies
suos captis in aquis d̄ni Regis, que spectant ad Coronam e digni-
tatem d̄ni Regis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat ĩre liřam Warennam in
monte s̄ci Elerii. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat p̄cipe e ĩre catalla
hōinū suoꝝ felonū d̄ni Reg^o, vt fugituoꝝ, que spectant ad Coronam e
e dignitatem d̄ni Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat ĩre bestias de
Weif, que ad d̄nm Regem ptinent. Et Plus de Carteret suñ fuit tē

(1) furcas = gallows.

him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot puts in his place Richard le Herice or Peter, son of Peter Dartyz. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came. And a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore of him to judgment &c., but it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Did not come.

Did not come.

5 weeks
from Easter.

Let the King
sue &c.

Peter de Saumareys was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the parishes of St. Clement & St. Helier, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the parish aforesaid of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have free warren in the hill of St. Helier. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif, which belong to the lord the King.

de plito quo Waranto tē clamat hēre libam Warennam in omibz dñicis fr̄is suis in poch̄i sc̄i Audoeni. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat hēre maram suam in eadem poch̄i libam e sepalem. Et t̄ quo Waranto clām hēre Wreccū maris p̄ totam fr̄am suam in p̄dca poch̄i, et illud in pp̄os vsus conf̄te. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat hēre libam espkeriam de piscibz p̄ hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reḡo. Et t̄ quo Waranto clām hēre bestias de Weyf. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat pcipe e hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reḡo v̄l fugituoꝝ, que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Regis. Et Guiffus des Augreys suū tē de plito quo Waranto tē clamat hēre libam Warennā in omibz dñicis fr̄is suis in poch̄ia sc̄e Trinitatis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat hēre Wreccū maris p̄ totam fr̄am suam in p̄dca poch̄ia, et illud in pp̄os vsus conf̄te. Et t̄ quo Waranto clām hēre bestias de Weif. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat pcipe e hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ feloñ dñi Regis v̄l fugituoꝝ que spectāt ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reḡo. Et Joñnes de Carteret e Lucia vxor eius suū tē de plito quo Waranto tē clām hēre libam Warennam in omibz dñicis fr̄is suis in poch̄i sc̄i Audoeni. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat hēre Wreccū maris, p̄ totam fr̄am suam in p̄dca poch̄i, et illud in pp̄os vsus conf̄te. Et t̄ quo clamāt hēre libam espkeriam de piscibz p̄ hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reḡo. Et t̄ quo Waranto clām hēre bestias de Weif. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reḡo v̄l fugituoꝝ que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reḡo. Et Pñus Leueske suū tē de plito quo Waranto tē clamat hēre Wreccū maris accidens in feodo quod fuit Nichi de Wyncheſ, et illud in pp̄us vsus conf̄tere.

Et p̄dci Petrus, Pñus, Guiffus, Joñnes e Lucia, e Pñus veñ. Et dicunt quo ad catalla hoīm suoꝝ fugituoꝝ e felonū tē qd̄ ip̄i clām hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ latronū, fuḡ e dampnatoꝝ ad que ip̄i v̄l eoꝝ Bassi

And Philip de Carteret was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant he claims to have his pond in the same parish free & separate. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout his whole land in the said parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have free esperkeria of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And William des Augreys was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of Holy Trinity. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the said parish, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belongs to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And John de Carteret & Lucia his wife were summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout their land in the said parish & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have free esperkeria of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant they claim to have the chattels of their men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And Philip Levesque was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have wreck of the sea occurring in the fee which was of Nicholas de Vinchelez & to convert the same to his own uses.

And the said Peter, Philip, William, John & Lucia & Philip came. And they say that as to the chattels of their men fugitives & felons &c. they claim to have the chattels of their men, thieves, fu-

cicius possint manus apponere quam homines domini Regis. Et quo ad huiusmodi catalla et alias libertates, simul cum ista libertate de causa huiusmodi percipiendi clamant ipsi ab antiquo. Et dicunt quod ipsi et omnes antecessores sui a tempore quo non extat memoria illas habuerunt sicut ipsi illas modo clamant. Et hoc offerunt verificare sicut Curia consensit.

Respice in tergo de eod.

(M. 7 d.)

Et Willus des Mareys qui sequitur per domino Rege, dicit per domino Rege quod nullus de hac Insula possit ministros domini Regis habere potestatem Judicandi latronem vel felonem, unde dicit quod nullus eorum potest eorum catalla vendicare propter dominum Regem. Et quo ad Warennam dicit quod nullus illam habere possit, nisi inde habuerit speciale Warantum de domino Rege, maxime cum omnes hic Indigene statum suum habeant in Insula de tempore domini Regis J. de ultimo conquestu suo cuius tempus continetur infra tempus memorie. Dicit tamen consimiliter quo ad libertatem de espker hnd, et de Wrecco percipiendi que mere sunt regales dignitates. Et quo ad bestias de Weif dicit similiter quod regalis est dignitas illas optinendi. Et dicit quod omnes Insule debent esse sub eadem lege. Et dicit quod dominus Rex seisitus est de omnibus huiusmodi bestiis euenientibus de Weif in Insula de Gerne sine cuiuscumque contradictione et sic debet esse in hac Insula et esse consuevit. Et petit quod ipsi ostendant quando et qualiter huiusmodi libertates regales allocate fuerunt antecessoribus ipsorum in Curia domini Regis, que potestatem fuit inde cognoscendi.

Ad que nullus ipsorum respondet nisi tamen quod ipsi et antecessores eorum a tempore quo non extat memoria semper visi fuerunt habere libertates huiusmodi, in forma qua ipsi illas modo clamant. Et sciendum quod hec petitio generaliter facta fuit omnibus et singulis Insulanis libertates habere clamantibus tunc. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Iudicio suo coram domino Rege a die sancti Michielis in unum mensem ubicumque tunc fuerit in Anglia. Postea ad diem illum apud

gatives & condemned, upon which they or their bailiffs can put their hands more quickly than the men of the King. And as to such chattels and other franchises, together with that franchise concerning the taking of such chattels they claim of old. And they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial had the same as they now claim them. And this they offer to establish as the court shall judge.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 7 d.) And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that no one of this island except the officers of the lord the King has power to judge a thief or felon, wherefore he says that none of them may claim their chattels except the lord the King. And as to warren he says that none can have it unless he has a special warrant from the lord the King, especially as all the natives here should reckon their status in the island from the time of the lord J. of his last conquest, the time of which is contained within the time of memory. And he says likewise as to the franchise of esperkeria to be had & wreck to be taken, that they are purely royal dignities. And as to the beasts of waif he says likewise that the dignity of retaining them is royal. And he says that all of the island ought to be under the same law. And he says that the lord the King is seised of all such beasts of waif coming out [of pound] in the island of Guernsey without contradiction of any & so it ought to be in this island & is wont to be. And he claims that they will show when & how such royal franchises were allowed to their ancestors in a court of the lord the King which had power to take cognisance thereof.

To which none of them answer except only that they & their ancestors from time immemorial were always used to have such franchises in the form in which they now claim them. And be it known that this petition was made generally to all & singular the islanders claiming to have franchises &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Peter & the others

Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄ci Petr̄ e alii p̄ attor̄n̄ suū. Et et̄is de causis dat̄^o est eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram d̄no Rege a die Pasch̄ in vaū men̄s v̄bicūq; tūc s̄f̄it in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Petrus e alii veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicūm; t̄c. Ad quē diē p̄d̄cus Petrus e alii veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasche in xv dies v̄bicūq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diem p̄d̄ci Petrus e alii veñ e dat̄ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicūq; t̄c. In Crastino aīaz v̄bicūq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat̄ vt p̄lus vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s v̄bicūq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat̄ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ v̄bicūq; t̄c. Ad quē diē Jud̄m p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat̄ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq; sept̄s p̄x̄ futūr̄ in vnū aū v̄bicūq; t̄c.

nō veñ⁽¹⁾

v^o sep. pa.

Seq̄ Rex t̄c

+

Plus de Carteret e maḡ Galf̄rus frā eius suū s̄f̄unt qd̄ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respondēd̄ d̄no Regi de p̄t̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate d̄ni Reḡ^o e p̄genitoz̄ suoz̄ Regum Angl̄ claīn̄ l̄re Wreccū maris in feodo Paynelli quod ad d̄m Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suam p̄tinet, qui veñ Et dicunt qd̄ d̄ns E. quond̄ Rex Angl̄ pā d̄ni Reḡ^o nūc, dedit Regiñ de Car̄tet p̄rī ip̄oz̄ Phi e Galf̄ri cui^o h̄edes ip̄i sunt, f̄ras e teñ que Rob̄tus de Melesches tenuit ad f̄r̄m vite sue de cōcessiōe p̄d̄ci d̄ni Reḡ^o de f̄ris que s̄f̄unt in manu ip̄ius d̄ni Reḡ^o de forisf̄ura Thome Paynel Normanni t̄c h̄nd̄ e tenend̄ p̄d̄co Regiñ e h̄edibz̄ suis p̄d̄ca teñ cū p̄tiñ ad feodi firmam. Et dicunt qd̄ ip̄i clamant Wreccū tanq̄m p̄tinens ad p̄d̄ca teñ. Et dicūt qd̄ p̄d̄cus Rob̄tus dū vixit sic h̄uit ibi Wreccū t̄c. Et simitr̄ p̄d̄cus Thomas e oīnes antecessores sui teñ illa tenf̄unt a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offerunt v̄ficare p̄ p̄riam.

Iidem Plus e Galf̄r̄ in p̄libz̄ locis ad p̄lita Corone sepius allo-
cuta de quibz̄ñ teñ que post mortem p̄d̄ci Rob̄ti deuesunt ad manus

(1) Sic.

by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited as before up to one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever, &c.

Did not come.

5 weeks of
Easter.

Let the King
sue &c.

Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey his brother were summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea in the fee of Paynel which belongs to the lord the King & his Crown & dignity, who come & say that the lord E. formerly King of England father of the King that now is, gave to Reginald de Carteret father of the said Philip & Geoffrey, whose heirs they are, the lands & tenements which Robert de Melesches held for the term of his life of the grant of the said lord the King of the lands which were in the hand of the said lord the King of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel the Norman &c. to have & to hold to the said Reginald & his heirs the said tenements with the appurtenances in fee farm. And they say that they claim wreck as belonging to the said tenements. And they say that the said Robert while he lived thus had there wreck &c. And likewise the said Thomas & all his ancestors held those tenements from time immemorial. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

The same Philip & Geoffrey repeatedly challenged in many places at pleas of the Crown regarding certain tenements which after

dñi Reg^o p eschetas de diuisis felonibz tē que nūq̄ fūunt in seisina
p̄dci Robti, sed de eo tenebant̄, et t̄ de quibz̄d̄ teñ que Idem Robtus
tenuit de aliis forisf̄curis vt de forisf̄cura Buteuileyn. Simitr dicunt
qd̄ om̄ia p̄dca teñ claīn ex concessione p̄dci dñi Reg^o p Cartam suam
quam p̄ferunt in hec v̄ba. Edwardus dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hibn e
Dux Aquit̄ om̄ibz ad quos p̄sentes lit̄e p̄ueñint. saltm. Quia acce-
pim^o p̄ inquisiçoem p̄ difem e fidelem n̄rm Ottonem de Grandisono
Custodem n̄rm Insulaꝝ de Jereseye e Gerneꝝ de mandato n̄ro f̄cam e
in Cancellaria n̄ra returnatam, qd̄ queđ t̄re e teñ cum p̄tiñ que fūunt
Thome Paynel in p̄dca Inš de Jereseye dudum ad manus p̄genitoꝝ
nroꝝ quond̄ Regum Angl̄ tamq̄ escheta sua p̄ forisfacturam p̄fati
Thome e sic ad manus n̄ras post modū deueñunt, e qd̄ t̄re e teñ illa
cū p̄tiñ p̄ mortem Robti de melesches qui ea tenuit ad f̄miñ vite sue
ex dimissione n̄ra in manu p̄fati Ottonis ad f̄minū vite sue ex com̄is-
sione n̄ra existunt qd̄ q̄ nos t̄ras e teñ p̄dca cum p̄tin concedere
possumus cui volūimus, h̄nd in feodo post mortem p̄fati Ottonis absq̄
iniuria alicui facienda Nos difco e fideli n̄ro Reginaldo de Carfet qui
p̄fato Ottoni de eo qd̄ ad ip̄m Ottonem inde p̄tinet satisfecit sicut p̄
Joh̄em de Dittoñ tenentem locum p̄fati Ottoñ in Insulis p̄d̄cis coram
noš est testificatū, volentes gr̄am in hac pte façe specialem, dedim^o
e concessimus eidem Reginaldo t̄ras e teñ p̄dca cum p̄tiñ, h̄nd e
tenenda eidem Reginaldo e h̄edibz suis de noš e h̄edibz n̄ris in p̄p̄m.
Ita videt̄ qd̄ Idem Regiñ ea teneat toto tempe vite sue quiete e
soluta absq̄ aliquo ſuicio noš aut h̄edibz n̄ris inde faciendo. Et qd̄
h̄edes sui post mortem ip̄ius Reginaldi sexaginta lib̄ puoꝝ Turoñ e
vnam lib̄ Cumin ad quas t̄re e teñ p̄dca cū p̄tiñ extendunt̄ p̄ añū
noš e h̄edibz n̄ris inde soluant annuatim p̄ om̄i ſuicio ad nos inde
p̄tinente. In cui^o rei testimoniū has t̄ras n̄ras fieri fecimus patentes.

the death of the said Robert came to the hands of the lord the King by the escheats of divers felons &c. which were never in the seisin of the said Robert, but were held of him, & also regarding certain tenements which the said Robert held of other forfeitures as of the forfeiture of Boutevillon. They say likewise that they claim all the said tenements of the grant of the said lord the King by his charter which they produce in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all to whom these present letters shall come greeting. Because we understand by the inquisition made at our command by our beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison keeper of our islands of Jersey & Guernsey & returned into our Chancery, that certain lands & tenements with the appurtenances which belonged to Thomas Paynel in the said island of Jersey formerly came into the hands of our progenitors formerly Kings of England as their escheats by the forfeiture of the said Thomas, & so came to our hands afterwards, & that those lands & tenements with the appurtenances by the death of Robert de Melesches, who held them for the term of his life, by our lease are in the hands of the said Otto for the term of his life by our deed, that we can grant the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances to whom we will, to be held in fee after the death of the said Otto without doing injury to any: We willing to show our special grace in this behalf to our beloved & faithful Reginald de Carteret who satisfied the said Otto of that which belongs to the said Otto therein, as is testified before us by John de Ditton, lieutenant of the said Otto in the said islands, have given & granted to the said Reginald the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances: to be had & to be held to the said Reginald & his heirs of us & of our heirs for ever, so that the said Reginald may hold them all the time of his life quietly & freely without doing any service to us or our heirs therefor. And that his heirs after the death of the said Reginald shall pay yearly therefor 60 livres of small Tournois & 1 lb. of cummin (at which the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances are valued yearly for us & our heirs) to be paid annually for all service to us thereunto appertaining. In witness whereof we have caused these

T. me ip̄o apud Lauretost iiiij^{to} die Decemb̄r anno regni n̄ri xxxv^{to} p̄ petiç̄oem Retornatam de consilio in pliamto. Et dicūt qđ illa om̄ia cadebant in extentam inde f̄cam t̄c.

Et Wifus des Mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ d̄no Rege dicit qđ ex quo nec Wreccū nec f̄re de hui⁹ esch̄ continent̄ in p̄d̄ca Carta d̄ni Reg⁹ ip̄i no possunt illa clām p̄ Cartam illam. Et pē qđ occupata que nō continent̄ in Carta cap̄t̄ in manū d̄ni Reg⁹ t̄c. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Judo suo coram d̄no Rege a die s̄ci Michis in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tūc f̄uit in Angl̄ t̄c. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄cus P̄hus. Et p̄d̄cus Galf̄r no veñ, sz p̄d̄cus P̄hus petit admitti p̄ integro t̄c dicens qđ p̄d̄cus Galf̄r nich̄ fiet in teñ illis nisi tantū ad f̄m̄ vite sue de h̄ditate ip̄ius P̄hi. Et et̄is de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram d̄no Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tūc f̄uit in Angl̄. Et tūc fiet Judm̄ de defalt̄ t̄c. Et P̄hus po. lo. suo Hen̄r de Trente vt̄ Wifm̄ Renulf̄ in hiis e aliis p̄litus usus Dn̄m Regē t̄c. Postea coram R̄f̄ p̄d̄cus P̄hs po. lo. suo Johem de s̄co Martino in loquela t̄c. Ad quē diē p̄d̄cus P̄hs per attorn̄ suos veñ. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; t̄c. Ad quē p̄d̄cus P̄hus p̄ at̄ suū veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq; t̄c. Et deinde dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; t̄c. In Crastio aīaz vbicūq; t̄c veñ vt̄ p̄⁹ e dat⁹ est ei dies a die pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq;.

Et sciend̄ qđ p̄d̄cus Galf̄r liç̄avit hic in cedula extentam quam dicit se credere inde f̄cam fuisse que dicit sic, In p̄ochia s̄ci Elerii p̄ mañ p̄poiti de firma triginta libr̄, vnde ps colligit̄ in p̄ochia s̄ci Saluatoris. Itm̄ in p̄och̄ s̄ci Elerii Decime de feodo as Coloms ad quadraginta solid̄. Itm̄ in p̄d̄ca p̄och̄ s̄ci Saluatoris de firma d̄ca la Gre-

Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄cs
P̄hs veñ p̄ at̄
suo e dat⁹ est ei
dies a die [pas]ch̄
in tres sept̄ vbi-
cūq; t̄c [Ad] quē
diem [p̄d̄]cūs P̄hs
p̄ [att]orn̄ suū
veñ e datus est
ei dies a die pasch̄
in xv dies vbi-
cūq; t̄c. Ad quē
die p̄d̄cs P̄hs
veñ p̄ at̄ suū
Et Galfridus
... veñ e dat⁹
est ei dies a die
pasch̄ in q̄nq; sept̄s
in vnū annū
vbicūq; t̄c.

our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Lauretost the 4th day of December in the 35th year of our reign by petition returned from council in parliament. And they say that all those things are set down in the extent thereof made &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that inasmuch as neither wreck nor lands of such escheat are contained in the said charter of the lord the King, they cannot claim them by that charter. And he claims that those things which are occupied which are not contained in the charter may be taken into the hands of the lord the King &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Philip. And the said Geoffrey did not come, but the said Philip prays to be admitted for the whole &c. saying that the said Geoffrey has nothing in those lands except only for the term of his life of the inheritance of the said Philip. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And then judgment will be made concerning defaults, &c. And Philip puts in his place Henry de Trente or William Renulf in these & other pleas against the lord the King &c. Afterwards before the lord the King the said Philip puts in his place John de St. Martin in the plea &c. At which day the said Philip by his attorneys came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which [day] the said Philip by his attorney came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. he came as before & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever.

At which day the said Philip came by his attorney & a day is given to him in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. [At] which day the said Philip by his attorney came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip came by his attorney And Geoffrey ... came & a day is given to him in 5 weeks from the day of Easter in one year wheresoever &c.

And be it known that the said Geoffrey delivered here in court the extent which he says he believes to have been thereof made, which says thus: In the parish of St. Helier by the hand of the provost 30 livres of farm whereof part is collected in the parish of St. Saviour. Also in the parish of St. Helier tithes of the fief of Coolms 40 sols. Also in the said parish of St. Saviour of the farm

uerie xvij. ſ. e Campū de Carucata Dyne ad lx. ſ. Itm̄ in pochl̄ ſc̄e
Trinitatis Decima de feodo de Buron ad xl. ſ. Et in pochl̄ ſc̄i Joh̄nis
de feodo Buteuileyn de firma xxvij. ſ. Et de Greueria xxvij. đ.
Et quarta ps vnus molend ad lx. ſ. Itm̄ in pochl̄ ſc̄i Lauř de firma
sep̄t pa. xij. li. iij. đ. Decima de feodo Paynel in hiis duabz pochl̄ L. ſ. Itm̄
veñ in om̄ibz pochiis p totū redditus quinq, q̄r̄ f̄ri ꝑcii L. ſ. xv. pañ ꝑcii
cui⁹bz I. đ. xv. galliñ ꝑcii xxx. đ e xx. oua ꝑcii iij. đ. ob. Itm̄ plita
e pquisita Cuř e inde nō liřauit extentam, nec in Carta sua con-
tinent. Et inde simiř ħent diem de Juđo suo auđ sicut e de aliis.
Sciend̄ t̄ qđ ꝑdc̄us Galfř ꝑcipit de oibz tenentibz de ꝑdc̄o feodo rele-
uia e om̄imoda ſuicia que debent. in eodem feodo.
Seq. Rex.

(M. 8.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis coram ꝑfatis Juſticiař in Inſula
de Jeresepe de eod̄ Blin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Jeresepe.

Dñs Rex p Wiltm des mareys qui sequit. p eo petit ſus
+ obiit inquirat. tē
Robtm Constanciē Epm̄ vuū meš quinquaginta e quinq, solidatas
redd, e reddm̄ trm̄ quartioř fruñti, e duas solidatas firme de Cus-
tuma cū ptiñ in Insula de Gerneř. Et vsus eundem Epm̄ aduocaçoem
ecclie de Serk. Et ſus eundem Epm̄ quadraginta solidatas redd̄
cum ptiñ in pochl̄ be Marie, et aduocaçoem medietatis decime garbař
ecclie ſc̄i Saluatoris in hac Insula vt Jus tē. Et vnde dicit qđ dñs
H. Rex, auus dñi Reg⁹ nūc, fuit in seisina de ꝑdc̄is teñ tempe pacis
vt de feodo e Jure Cronc sue tē. Et de ꝑdc̄is aduocaçoibz simiř,
e ad easdem ecclias psentauit Clicos suos qui ad psentaçones suas
ffunt admissi e instituti in eisdem tē. Et qđ tale sit Jus ipius dñi
Reg⁹ offert vřificare p dño Rege sicut Cuř cons.

7 parishes. called la Greverie 18 sols and the champart of the ploughland of Dync at 60 sols. Also in the parish of Holy Trinity the tithes of the fief of Buron at 40 sols. And in the parish of St. John of the fief Boutevillon 28 sols of farm. And 28 deniers of Greverie. And the 4th part of one mill, 60 sols. Also in the parish of St. Lawrence 12 livres 0s. 4d. of farm. The tithes of the fee of Paynel in these 2 parishes 50 sols. Also in all the parishes a total rent of 5 quarters of wheat price 50 sols, 15 loaves price of each 1 denier, 15 hens price 30 deniers & 20 eggs price 1½ deniers. Also the pleas & profits of the court, & thereof he did not deliver an extent, neither is it contained in his charter. And thereof likewise he has a day to hear his judgment as also of the other things. Be it known also that the said Geoffrey took from all his tenants of the said fief reliefs & all kinds of services which are owing in the same fief.

Came.

The King
sues.

(M. 8.) **Continuation of the pleas before the Justices aforesaid in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey. The Lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made &c. claims against Robert⁽¹⁾ Bishop of Coutances 1 messuage, 55 sols rent, & the rent of 3 quarters of wheat, & 2 sols of farm of custom with the appurtenances in the island of Guernsey. And against the same Bishop the advowson of the Church of Sark. And against the same Bishop 40 sols rent with the appurtenances in the parish of the Blessed Mary, & the advowson of the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Saviour in this island as of right &c. And thereupon he says that the lord H. the King grandfather of the now lord the King, was in seisin of the said tenements in the time of peace as of fee & right of his Crown &c. And of the said advowsons likewise, & to the same Churches presented his clerks who at his presentations were admitted & instituted into the same &c. And that the right of the said lord the King is such he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

(1) Robert d'Harcourt, brother of the Admiral Jean d'Harcourt.

Et Ep̄us misit huc de Clivis suis qui p̄ eo allegarunt qđ p̄deces-
sores sui solebant cū nccē fuisset p̄litare coram Justiĉ hic p̄ p̄curatoř.
Et petierunt sic posse fieri ad p̄sens p̄ ip̄o asserentes qđ ad mandatū
Reg^o francie, iam est Itinans ūsus eum. Et Thomas de Ausses
ptulit hic quasdam lras sigillatas magno sigillo ip̄ius Ep̄i in hec v̄ba.
Vniūsis hec visuř e audituř Robtus p̄missione diuina Constanciēñ
ecclie minist̄ humilis saltm in dño. Notum facim^o qđ nos ditcos n̄ros
Decanū n̄rm in Insula de Jereseye e Thomam de Ausses Rectorem
ecclie s̄ci Martini vetis in eadem Insula, latores seu exhibitores p̄sen-
ciū p̄curatoř n̄ros constituim^o facimus e ordinamus ad compend̄ p̄
noř in as̄ Illustrissimi p̄ncipis dñi Reg^o Angl^o p̄ gentes suas in In-
sulis tam Jereseye q^m Gerner̄ tenend̄ deputatas nosq̄ defendend̄ vbi
put e quando necesse f̄uit e viderint aut alter eoř expedire. Dantes
cisdem p̄curatoř e eoř cuilibet in solidum Ita qđ nō sit melior con-
dicio occupantis potestatem e mand̄ speciale ad p̄missa om̄ia e singla,
nec nō e ad om̄ia facienda que faĉe potest, e debet p̄curatoř legitime
constitutus e quecumq̄ faĉemus si p̄sentes essemus. Ratum e g^otum
ñturi quicquid cum ip̄is p̄cur̄ e eoř quemlibet in solidū ac p̄ vnū-
quemq̄ eoř agi contigit in p̄missis e singlis eořdem p̄mittentes p̄ ip̄is
p̄curatoř e eoř quolibet insolidū tam qūtūm q^m diuisim si necesse
f̄uit Judiĉ solui. In cui^o rei testimoniū sigillū n̄rm lris p̄sentibz est
appensum p̄cur̄ n̄ris at̄ constitutis quos p̄ p̄sens p̄cur̄ nō intendimus
reuocare, in suo nichomim^o Robore duraturis. Dat^o valeñ die martis
in Octab̄ festi Natiuitatis b̄i Joñnis Bap̄te Anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} Nono.
Et petiit admitti loco attorñ gen̄at̄ ip̄ius Ep̄i ex quo f̄cus est gen̄at̄
eius p̄curator quod est vis eiusd̄. Et offert inuenire bonos pleġ qđ
Ep̄us ratum h̄bit ip̄m p̄ hui^o attorñ t̄c. Et admittit^r si dñs Rex
acceptet pplm Pet^l de s̄co Elerio dñi de Saumuareys, Guiffi Payn
bursette, Joñnis de s̄co Martino p̄sbif̄i e Joñnis de Caleys. Et dicit

And the Bishop sent hither from among his clerks some who alleged for him that his predecessors were wont when it was necessary to plead before the Justices here by their proctors. And they prayed that it may be done so at present for him, asserting that at the mandate of the King of France the eyre is now against him. And Thomas de Ausses brought here certain letters sealed with the great seal of the said Bishop in these words. To all who shall see & hear these, Robert by divine permission the humble minister of the Church of Coutances greeting in the Lord: We make it known that we constitute, make & ordain our beloved our Dean in the island of Jersey & Thomas de Ausses, rector of the Church of St. Martin the old in the same island, the bearers or exhibitors of these presents, our proctors to appear for us in the assizes of the most illustrious prince the lord King of England deputed to be held by his people in the islands as well of Jersey as of Guernsey & to defend us where & when it shall be necessary and they or either of them shall deem it expedient. Giving to the same proctors & to each of them entirely (so that the condition of the person acting be not better than the other), the power & special mandate to all & each of the premises and also for doing all things which a proctor lawfully constituted can & ought to do & whatsoever we should do if we were present, holding ratified & confirmed whatsoever shall be done by the said proctors & each of them entirely & by either of them in the premises & each of them, promising for the said proctors & each of them entirely as well jointly as severally, if it shall be necessary, to suffer judgment. In witness whereof our seal has been affixed to the present letters, our proctors elsewhere constituted whom by these presents we do not intend to revoke as proctors this notwithstanding to remain in full force. Given at Valognes on Tuesday in the Octaves of the feast of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist in the year of our Lord 1309. And he claimed to be admitted in the place of the attorney general of the said Bishop because he is made his general proctor which is of the same authority. And he offers to find good pledges that the Bishop will hold him properly constituted as such attorney &c. And he is admitted, if the lord the King will accept, by the pledge of Peter de St. Helier lord of Samarès, of William Payn (Bursar), of John de St. Martin priest & of John de Caley. And he says that

quod predictus Episcopus et omnes predecessores sui Episcopi Constancieſis a tempe quo non extat memoria semper pacifico tenuerunt predicta tenent, aduocaciones et reddunt sicut ipse Episcopus ea modo tenet. Et quod Ita est officium verificare per priam.

Et Willelmus dicit per domino Rege quod fides conquestorum clamare possunt ab antiquo Et non religiosi qui nichil fient nisi ex collacione Regum vel fidelium suorum. Et dicit quod ipse patus est verificare per domino Rege quod Insule fuerunt antiquitus de Episcopatu Exoniensi. Et ex quo predictus Episcopus non profert fidei spale de tenuris suis, nec in forma competentis respondet ad seisinam domini Regis, petit Iudicium per domino Rege. Dies datus est ei de audiendo Iudicio suo coram domino Rege a die sancti Michielis in unum mensem vbiicumque, tunc fuerit in Anglia tunc. Postea ad diem illum apud Westmonasterium venit predictus Thomas offerens se per predicto Episcopo in forma qua plus tunc. Et etis de causis datus est ei dies de Iudicio suo aut coram domino Rege a die Pasche in unum mensem vbiicumque, tunc fuerit in Anglia. Ad quem diem predictus Thomam offerens se ut plus venit, et datus est ei dies a die Pasche in unum mensem vbiicumque, tunc. — Ad quem diem predictus Episcopus non venit. Ideo procedat ad iudicium per eius defaultam sed etis de causis ponitur in respectum usque a die Pasche in xv. dies vbiicumque, tunc. — Ad quem diem predictus Episcopus non venit. Ideo ut plus respectuatur iudicium usque a die Pasche in unum mensem vbiicumque, tunc. In Crastino autem vbiicumque, tunc. Ad quem diem iudicium predictum ut plus respectuatur usque a die Pasche in unum mens vbiicumque, tunc. Ad quem diem iudicium respectuatur usque a die Pasche in tres septem vbiicumque, tunc. — Ad quem diem iudicium respectuatur usque a die Pasche in xv dies vbiicumque, tunc. Ad quem diem testatur quod predictus Episcopus obiit Sed ut sciat inde rei veritas mandatum est Otoni de Grandisono ut eius locum tenent quod Rex inde etificet a die Pasche in quinque septem plus futurum in unum annum vbiicumque, tunc.

Abbas non venit

Episcopus venit

non venit

non venit

Sequitur Rex si tunc.

Idem Episcopus sum fuit ad respondendum domino Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia et voluntate domini Regis et progenitorum suorum Regum

the said Bishop & all his predecessors Bishops of Coutances from time immemorial always peacefully held the said tenements, advowsons & rents as the said Bishop now holds them. And that this is so he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the heirs of acquirers may claim from ancient times, and not ecclesiastics, who have nothing except of the collation of kings or of their faithful people. And he says that he is ready to establish for the lord the King that the islands were anciently of the bishopric of Exeter. And because the said Bishop does not bring a special deed of his tenures nor answers in proper form to the seisin of the lord the King, he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Thomas offering himself for the said Bishop in the form as before &c. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. On which day the said Thomas offering himself as before comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore it is proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore as before judgment is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment as before is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited in 3 weeks to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day it is witnessed that the said Bishop has died, but that the truth of the matter therein may be known it is commanded to Otto de Grandison or his lieutenant to certify the King therein in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

The Abbot
did not come.
The Bishop
came.

Did not come.

Did not come.

The King
sues if &c.

The same Bishop was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the

Angl̄ vsurpauit e sibi attraxit cogniōem plitoꝝ de t̄nsḡr̄ssionibz in Insulis dñi Reg^o de Gerneŕ, Jereseye, Serk, e Aureny cont^a pacem ip̄ius dñi Reg^o f̄cis, et de cataŕ e debitis que nō sunt de testamento v̄l matrimonio quoꝝ cogniō mere spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem ip̄ius dñi. Et vnde Wilŕs des mareys qui sequit^r p̄ dño Rege dicit qđ licet Cognicio oĩm plitoꝝ de t̄nsḡr̄ssionibz qualif̄cumq, quibzcumq, p̄ quoscumq, illatis in Insulis, et de debitis e cataŕ laicalibz que nō sunt de testamento v̄l mat^omonio, simitr quibzcumq, a quibzcumq, debeant^r, tam de Jure q^m de consuetudine spectet ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o, et ip̄e dñs Rex e oĩnes p̄genitores sui Reges Angl̄, e dñi Insulaꝝ a tempe quo nō extat memoria extif̄int inde in seisina e possessione pacifica, p̄d̄c̄us Ep̄us iam de nouo vsurpauit sibi attraxit e intendit attrahere cogniōem plitoꝝ de t̄nsḡr̄ssiōibz in Insulis f̄cis cuicumq, Cl̄ico p̄ laicum v̄l aŕm e cuicumq, laico p̄ Cl̄icum, e de debitis e cataŕ laicalibz Cl̄icum qualif̄cumq, contingentibz simitr cont^a fidem qua dño Regi tenet^r de temporalibz suis in lesionem e p̄iudm̄ Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^o, e ad dampnū suū mille libr̄. Et qđ Ita est offert v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege. Quer^r t̄ p̄ dño Rege qđ cum moris f̄f̄it a tempe quo nō extat memoria qđ cum Cl̄ici capti fuissent p̄ c̄minibz, p̄ quibz liŕandi sunt Ordinario debent e solent Cl̄ici hui^o p̄ Ep̄os peti coram Justiĉ v̄l aliis Judicibz potestatem h̄entibz inde cognoscendi e in casibz consuetis ei v̄l illi qui p̄ ip̄m p̄ l̄ras suas patentes ad hoc assign̄ liŕari cū inhibiĉoe si liŕandus male credit^r de c̄mine qđ nō delibet^r a p̄sona sine competenti purgaĉoe t̄c̄. Et sic vsitatū f̄f̄it in Insulis tempibz p̄genitoꝝ ip̄ius dñi Reg^o Regum Angl̄ e p̄decessoŕ ip̄ius Ep̄i e alioꝝ Ep̄oꝝ in quoꝝ Diocesi Insule solent esse p̄d̄c̄us Ep̄us iam quasi de nouo q^mmcicius aliquis Cl̄icus captus sit p̄ c̄mine v̄l attach̄ p̄ Baŕm̄ Insule p̄ qualicumq, t̄nsḡr̄ssione statim p̄ tras Offic̄ sui Constanĉ, qui nō est de ligiancia dñi Reg^o, nec ad

lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he usurped & took to himself cognizance of the pleas of the trespasses made against the peace of the lord the King in his islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, & of the chattels & debts which do not relate to wills or marriage, the cognizance whereof belongs only to the Crown & dignity of the said lord. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that although the cognizance of all pleas of trespasses of whatsoever nature they may be arising in the islands, & of debts and lay chattels which do not relate to wills or marriage likewise by whomsoever they may be owed, belongs to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King as well by law as by custom ; & that the said lord the King & all his progenitors kings of England & lords of the islands from time immemorial have been in seisin & peaceable possession thereof, the aforesaid Bishop now anew usurped, took to himself & intends to take to himself the cognizance of the pleas of trespasses made in the island to any clerk by a layman or other, or to any layman by a clerk, & of the debts & chattels of laymen in any way touching the clerk, likewise against the fealty by which he holds his temporalities of the lord the King, to the loss & prejudice of the Crown & dignity of the lord the King & to his damage to the value of 1000 livres. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King. And it is also claimed for the lord the King that whereas it has been the custom from time immemorial that when clerks were taken for crimes for which they are to be delivered to the ordinary, such clerks ought & are wont to be claimed by the Bishops before the Justices or other judges having power to take cognizance thereof & in ordinary cases to be delivered to him or to that one who shall be assigned thereto by him by his letters patent with the inhibition that if the one to be delivered be thought guilty of the crime that he shall not be delivered out of the prison without sufficient punishment &c. And so it was used in the islands in the times of the progenitors of the said lord the King, Kings of England & of the predecessors of the said Bishop & of other Bishops in whose diocese the islands were wont to be ;—the said Bishop now almost as if anew as soon as any clerk is taken for crime or attached by the bailiff of the island for whatsoever trespass forthwith by letters of his official at

eius fidem minatorias e excoicatorias singlis Capellanis Insulaꝝ directas compellit Baſſm ad hui⁹ Clicum statim deliſand Decano Inſule cū casu e causa attachi, et Decanus illū mittet cū sibi placūit p̄dco Officē ex^a regnū Angl, eciam licet t^ansgressio illa fca sit ipi dño Regi de Cuniclis suis vt aliū. Et tūc p̄dçus Officē p voluntate sua facit illi Clico ḡram tç., e cum fr̄is suis remittit eum in Insulas, purgacōe modo legitimo nō fca, nec aliquo Insulanoꝝ inde p̄munito, e sic p compulsionem Epi morant^r hui⁹ Clici in Insulis tanq^m hoies pacis, nec ob timorem excoicaçom ipoz Epi e Officē sui audet aliquis ad illos manus appone, licet nec dño Regi, nec pti lese fuit in aliquo satisfcm in magnam p turbaçoem pacis dñi Reg⁹ e dampnū ppli sui tç. Et qd Ita est offert v̄ficare p dño Rege tç. Et petit ad hoc nō veni remediū adhiberi tç. Et Thomas dicit qd ip̄e nō audet nec vult de Jurisdicçoe dñi sui coram ministris seclaribz plitare, nec aliud vult inde diçe licet sepius ad hoc inſpellat⁹.

Respice in tergo de eodem.

(M. 8 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Justiciari in Insula de Beresepe de eodem Glin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Et Willus dicit qd ex quo p̄dçus Thomas optulit se p gefali pcuratore ipius Epi petens se admitti vt eius gefalem attorū hic in Cuī e inuenit secuī de Rato tç put constat Cuī debet ip̄e Epus p ipm Thomam qui psens est in Cuī dño Regi inde Respondere vt haberi p indefenso. Et instanē petit Judm p dño Rege tç. Dies dat⁹ est ei de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sc̄i Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq, tūc fuit in Angl. Et dcm est p̄dco Thome qd nisi dñs suus habuit attorū ad hoc fcm p Cancellariam Anglie totū

Coutances who is not of the allegiance of the lord the King nor of his fealty [by] threats & excommunications directed to all chaplains of the islands compels the bailiff to forthwith deliver such clerk immediately to the Dean of the island with the case & cause of attachment, & the Dean shall send him when it shall please him to the said official outside the kingdom of England, even although that trespass be made to the said lord the King of his conies or otherwise. And then the said official at his will shows favour to that clerk, &c., & with his letters he sends him back to the islands, punishment not having been made in lawful manner, nor any of the islanders having been warned thereof, & so by compulsion of the Bishop such clerks live in the islands as men of peace, nor for fear of excommunication of the said Bishop & his official dare anybody lay hands upon them, although neither to the lord the King nor to the party wronged was satisfaction given in any thing to the great disturbance of the peace of the lord the King & to the damage of his people &c. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King &c. And he claims that remedy may be applied for this &c. And Thomas says that he neither dares nor will plead for the jurisdiction of his lord before secular officers, neither will he say anything therein although again & again questioned on the subject.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 8 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

And William says that whereas the said Thomas presents himself as the general proctor of the said Bishop praying to be admitted as his attorney-general here in the court & finds security for his proper appointment &c. as it appears to the court, the said Bishop ought to answer to the King by the same Thomas who is present here in court or to be considered as undefended. And he earnestly claims judgment for the lord the King &c. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And it is said to the said Thomas that unless his lord shall have an attorney hereto

Eps nō veñ
nec Thom̃ tē

amittet tē. Postea ad diem illū ap̃d Westm̃ pd̃c̃us Thomas veñ sicut e plus tē. Et dicit se nullo modo velle plitare de Jur̃dic̃oe dñi sui in Cuñ hic. Et h̃itis inde plibz al̃cãcoibz tē, dat^o est eis⁽¹⁾ dies de Juđo suo auđ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū menš vbicūq, tūc f̃uit in Angl. Ad quem diem pd̃c̃us Thomas venit, et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicumq, tē. Ad quem diem pd̃c̃i Eps e Thom̃ non veñ, Iō de ip̃o Eps̃o ad iudiciū tē, sed ponit^r in respectū vsq, a die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Et deinde resp̃tuat^r iudm vsq, a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aiāz vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ die iudiciū pd̃c̃m vt sup^a resp̃tuat^r vsq, a die Pasch̃ in vnū menš vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ die iudiciū pd̃c̃m resp̃tuat^r vsq, a die Pasch̃ in tres sep̃t vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diem iudm resp̃tuat^r vsq, a die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē Judm resp̃tuat^r vsq, a die Pasch̃ in q̃nq, sept^{is} p̃x futuñ in vnū annū vbicq, tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

Dñs Rex p̃ Guifm des mareys qui sequit^r p̃ eo petit vsus Abbem obiit inquirat^r de monte sc̃i Mich̃is in pic̃to maris vnū molendinū e reddm̃ Camp̃ti bladoz oim̃ tenenciū ip̃ius Abbis in nigro monte in poch̃i sc̃i Broelardi, et aduocaçones Prioratus de Laik, e eccl̃ie sc̃i Audoeni vt Jus tē. Et vnde Idem Guifus dicit p̃ dño Rege, qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit seisitus de pd̃cis teñ e aduocaçoiibz tē, tēpe pacis, vt de Jure e feodo Corone sue, Et qđ tale sit Jus Reg^o offert ṽficare p̃ dño Rege sicut Cuñ cons̃.

Idem Abbas suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad respond̃ dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̃genitoz suoz Regum Angl̃ clam̃ h̃ere libam Warennam p̃ totū feodū suū de nigro monte, e Wreccum maris ibidem accidens que spectant

(1) Sic.

appointed by the Chancery of England he will lose all &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Thomas came as before &c. And says that he does not in any way wish to plead concerning the jurisdiction of his lord in the court here. And pleas, altercations, &c. being had therein, a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Thomas came & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop & Thomas did not come. Therefore concerning the said Bishop to judgment &c., but it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. On which day the said judgment as above is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said judgment is respited in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

The Bishop
did not come
nor Thomas
&c.

The King
sues &c.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made. claims against the Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' one mill & the rent of the champart of the corn of all the tenants of the said Abbot in Noirmont in the parish of St. Brelade, & the advowsons of the Priory de Lecq & of the Church of St. Ouen, as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was seised of the said tenements & advowsons &c. in the time of peace as of the right & fee of his crown. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

The same Abbot was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren throughout all his fee of Noirmont, & wreck of the sea occurring there, which belong to the

ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et Abbas p attorñ suū veñ,
Et dicit qđ quidam Pñus de Cartrahio p Cartam suam dañ anno dñi
m^o c lxxij^o dedit Abbie de monte s̄ci Michis p̄dčam eccliam s̄ci Au-
doeni cum oñibz ad ip̄am spectantibz p̄ter id solum quod de decimis
frugum monach̄ s̄ci Saluatoris e sc̄imoniales h̄ere debent. Et simitr
dedit eis Capellam h̄e marie cū p̄tiñ eiusdem in eadem poch̄ e iux^a
illam quamdam mansionem vbi P'orat^o ille puus p p̄decessores suos
constitutus est. Et pfert Cartam p̄dčam que hoc testat. Et dicit
qđ oñes p̄decessores sui Abbes de p̄dco monte, e ip̄e a tempe quo
nō extat memoria post p̄dcm donū semp tenſunt pacifice p̄dčas
eccliam Capellam e mansionem. Et hoc off^t v̄ificare p p̄riam. Et
quo ad molend̄, reddm Campti e lib̄am Warennam, dicit qđ ab an-
tiquo quidam Rex Angl̄ dedit cuidam p̄decessori suo quond̄ Abbi t̄c
feod̄ de Nigro monte in hac Insula cū oñibz p̄tiñ suis, vnde molend̄
illud est mem̄br e Camptū simitr in escamb̄ p̄ teñ que ip̄e Abbas fuit
in Insula de Auren̄y que dño Regi remanserunt e adhuc remauent.
Et oñes Abbes t̄c e p̄decessores sui a tempe p̄dci doni e illi qui
antea feod̄ illud tenſunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi
ff̄nt h̄ere lib̄am Warennam in feodo illo. Et hoc offert v̄ificare p
p̄riam. Et quoad Wreccū dicit sicut e in Insula de Gerneñ qđ dñs
E. Rex pañ t̄c p Cartam suam testat. qđ anteq^a Rex fuit dum dñs
erat Insulaꝝ inquiri fecit de Wrecco ad Abbiam illam ptinente, et qđ
inuenit qđ p̄decessor̄ ip̄ius Abbis ab antiquo h̄ebant e p̄cipiebant
Wreccum hui^o in oñibz fr̄is suis in hac Insula ab antiquo p̄ter teñ
sua in poch̄ s̄ci Clementis, Et hui^o Wreccum p p̄dčam Cartam suam
eis confirmavit imp̄p̄m. Et sic clañ ip̄e p̄cipe Wreccum t̄c.

Et p̄dčus Guiffus qui sequit^r p dño Rege, quo ad p̄dca eccliam,
Prioratum, molend e Camptū, petit qđ rei v̄itas inquirat^r p dño Rege.

crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the Abbot by his attorney comes & says that a certain Philip de Carteret by his charter dated A. D. 1167, gave to the Abbey of Mount St. Michael the said Church of St. Ouen with all things belonging to the same except that only which the monks of St. Saviour & the holy nuns ought to have of the tithes of the fruit. . And he likewise gave to them the Chapel of the Blessed Mary with the appurtenances of the same in the same parish and next to a certain mansion where that small priory was established by their predecessors. And he produces the charter aforesaid which witnesses this. And he says that all his predecessors Abbots of the said mount & himself from time immemorial after the said gift always held peaceably the said Church chapel & mansion. And this he offers to establish by verdict of the country. And as to the mill, rent of the champart & free warren he says that in ancient times a certain King of England gave to a certain one of his predecessors formerly Abbot &c. the fee of Noirmont in this island with all its appurtenances, whereof that mill is a member & the champart likewise in exchange for the tenements which the said Abbot had in the island of Alderney which had remained & still remain to the lord the King. And all the Abbots &c. and their predecessors from the time of the said gift & those who before held that fee from time immemorial were always used to have free warren in that fee. And this he offers to establish by verdict of the country. And as to wreck he says as & in the island of Guernsey that the lord E. the King father &c. by his charter witnesses that before he was King while he was lord of the islands he caused enquiry to be made concerning wreck belonging to that Abbey, & that he found that the predecessors of the said Abbot of old had & took such wreck in all their lands in this island from ancient times except their tenements in the parish of St. Clement. And such wreck by his said charter he confirmed to them for ever. And so he claims to take wreck &c.

And the aforesaid William who sues for the lord the King, regarding the said Church, Priory, mill & champart, claims that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

Et quo ad Warennam tē, dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē dedit pdča teñ in escamb̃ cuidam Abbi p̃decessori tē vnde dicit qđ Abbas nō potest claĩ Warennam ab antiquo. Et ex quo Abbas nō ostendit inde f̃c̃m speciale petit Judm p̃ dño Rege. Et quo ad Wreccū dicit simitr qđ ex quo pdčus dñs H. Rex auus tē dedit pdča teñ in escamb̃ tē et p̃decessores pdči Abbis nich̃ habũunt in illo feodo ante donũ illud, pdčus Abbas nō potest clamare Wreccū p̃ virtutem pdče Carte dñi Reg^o que continet qđ inuent̃ fuit p̃ inquis qđ Abbes pdče domus fuerunt Wreccū in feodo illo ab antiquo, ex quo p̃ recordũ Rotloz pdči dñi H. Regis aui tē, repiet^r qđ Abbes tē feodũ illud fuerunt de dono suo, p̃ quod clamare nō possent fire Wreccū, nisi in Carta sua continet^r, vnde petit Judm p̃ dño Rege. Et Jur̃ quo ad aduocaões pdčoꝝ Prioratus e ecclie, dicunt sup sac̃m suũ qđ Abbes de pdčo monte eas tenũunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria in forma qua modo eas tenet. Dicunt t̃ qđ simitr tenũunt pdča molend̃ e Camptum a tempe pdči escambii tē. Et qz pdčus Abbas nō ostendit hic aliquam Cartam dñi Reg^o de pdčo escambio. Iō tam inde q^m de Warennam e Wrecco, datus est ei dies de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sc̃i Michis in vnũ mens̃ vbicumq; tũc f̃f̃it in Angl̃ tē. Et Abbas po. lo. suo Johem le moigue vl̃ Wifm Siglel. Postea ad diem illũ ap̃d Westm̃ pdčus Abbas veñ p̃ attorñ suũ. Et etis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Judo suo aud̃ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnũ mens̃ vbicũq; tũc f̃f̃it in Angl̃. Ad quem diem pdčus Abbas p̃ attorñ suũ veñ e dat^o est eis dies vsq; a die Pasch̃ in vnũ mensem, vbicũq; tē.

veñ Ad quē diem pdčus Abbas p̃ attorñ suũ veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasche in xv dies vbicũq; tē. Ad q̃ diē pdčus Abbas veñ, Et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnũ mensē vbicũq; tē. In Crastino aĩaz vbicũq; tē.

veñ Ad q̃ diē pdčs Abbas veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnũ mensē

And as to the warren, &c. he says that the lord H. the King, the grandfather &c. gave the said tenements in exchange to a certain Abbot a predecessor &c. whereupon he says that the Abbot cannot claim the warren of old. And inasmuch as the Abbot does not show any special deed thereof, he claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to the wreck he says likewise that inasmuch as the said lord H. the King the grandfather &c. gave the said tenements in exchange &c. and the predecessors of the said Abbot had nothing in that fee before that gift, the aforesaid Abbot cannot claim wreck by virtue of the said charter of the lord the King which contains that it was found by inquisition that the Abbots of the said house had wreck in that fee of ancient time, because by the record of the rolls of the said lord H. the King the grandfather &c. it appears that the Abbots &c. had that fee of his gift, by which they cannot claim to have wreck unless it is contained in their charter, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the jurors, regarding the advowsons of the said Priory & Church, say upon their oath that the Abbots of the said Mount held them from time immemorial in the form in which he now holds them. And they say that they likewise held the said mill & champart from the time of the said exchange &c. And because the said Abbot does not show here any charter of the lord the King of the said exchange, therefore as well thereof as of warren & wreck a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot put in his place John le Moigne or William Siglel. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Abbot came by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the said day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came, & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said

Came :

vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄c̄s Abbas veñ, e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbicūq, tē. Ad quem diem p̄d̄c̄us Abbas veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ Abb̄ obiit, sed vt sciat^r inde rei f̄itas mand̄ est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē certificet a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq, sept^os p̄x̄ futuř in vnu añ vbicūq, tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

(M. 9.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis coram p̄fatis Justiciāř in Insula de Yeres de eod̄ Yfinē.**

ffresingfeld.

Jereseye.

Cōitas hui^o Insule allocuta qua lege vtunt^r e p̄ quam legem clamant deduci an videt^r p̄ legem Anglie vel Normanñ, aut p̄ sp̄ales consuetudines eis p̄ Reges concessas tē, Dicunt qđ p̄ legem Normanñ excepto qđ ip̄i f̄ient etas consuetudines in hac Insula vsitatas a tempe quo memoria nō existit diūsantes tū a legibz Normannoz put patet plenius in quadam cedula quam hic liřarunt. Et dicunt qđ ip̄i f̄int de Indigenis hui^o Insule xij hoīes Juř Reg^o qui vna cū Balfo Insule in absentia Justiç e vna cum Justiç cū huc adueřint debent Judicare de oībz casibz in hac Insula qualiřcumq, enīgētibz, exceptis casibz vbi spectat redempço p̄ voluntate dñi Reg^o e Cuř sue, vnde taxaço mere spectat ad dñm Regem e Cuř suam tē. Sed ip̄i xij debent vna cum Justiciāř de hiis que coram eis fiunt in cōi e vna cū Balfo de hiis que coram eis fiunt in absentia Justiciarioz façe record̄ tē. Et post as̄ totū record̄ erit ip̄oz xij. vna cum Balfo tē, cū dñs Rex scribere volřit ad faciend̄ inde record̄ venire coram eo.

Postea p̄d̄ca Cōitas suñ fuit ad respondend̄ dño Regi de pl̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoz suoz Regū Angl̄ clamant ĩre de seip̄is vnam duodenā hoīm Juř dño Regi

Came : Abbot came & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came, & a day is given to him in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it is witnessed that the Abbot is dead, but that the truth of the matter may be thereof known it is commanded to Otho de Grandison that he certify the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

**The King
sues &c.**

(M. 9.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in
the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

The commonalty of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed whether to wit, by the law of England or of Normandy, or by special customs granted to them by the Kings &c. say by the law of Normandy, except that they have certain customs used in this island from time immemorial differing however from the laws of the Normans as appears more fully in a certain schedule which they have here delivered. And they say that they have of the natives of this island 12 men jurats of the King, who, together with the bailiff of the island, in the absence of the justices & together with the justices when they shall come hither ought to judge of all cases in this island in what way soever arising, except cases where the redemption appertains to the will of the lord the King & of his court, whereof the taxation belongs merely to the lord the King & his court &c. But those 12 ought to make a record &c. together with the justices of those things which are done before them in common, & together with the bailiff [to make a record] of those things which are done before them in the absence of the justices. And after the assize the whole record shall be of those 12 together with the bailiff &c. when the lord the King shall wish to write to cause the record thereof to come before him.

Afterwards the said commonalty was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of

qui Judm e record facient de om̄imodis plitis agitatis e plitatis coram Ballis dñi Reg^o de Inñ. Et t̄ coram Justiciar̄ ip̄ius dñi Reg^o, cum ad ptes istas ven̄int tam de plitis Corone dñi Reg^o q^m aliis plitis quibzcumq^b. Et t̄ de contemptibz e t^ansg^r f̄cis ip̄i dño Regi e Corone e dignitati sue e t̄ Cu^r sue e ministris suis que quidem cognicoes e Judiçoꝝ reddicoes ad ip̄m dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suam e ministros suos p ip̄m sp̄alr ad hoc deputatos et nō ad a^tm mere spectant. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant qđ nō liceat dño Regi vt Justiç suis p ip̄m sp̄ali^r assign^atis ad Itin^and in hiis Insul̄ inquirere de feloñ e aliis f̄cis cont^a pacem dñi Reg^o p ptes hoies ponend in Inqui^s q^m sex vt ad maius octo quod manifeste cedit in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^o. Et vnde Wiffts des mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege dicit p dño Rege qđ vbi ab antiquo, cum dñs Rex qui p tempe f̄sit miserit Justiç huc ad Itin^and t̄ vt ad audiend e t̄minand c̄ta negocia t̄ Justiç illi pcedere solent ad Judm iux^a discreçoes suas nisi tantūmodo in casibz totalr tangentibz Insulanos e tenuras suas adinvicem petitas de quibz Iidem Justiç quibz consuetudies Insule sunt incognite petierunt am̄samentū a xij. Ju^r t̄ anteq^m pcesserunt ad Judm t̄ p̄dca Cōitas iam de nouo p hui^o Ju^r suos volunt sibi attrahere Ju^rdicçoem regiam t̄ in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^o. Et qđ Ita est offert v̄ficare p dño Rege sicut Cu^r cons̄.

Et Cōitas ven̄, e diç qđ ip̄i e eoꝝ p̄genitores Insulani hic a tempe quo memoria nō existit semp vsi f̄sunt f̄ndi xij Ju^r hui^o de seiçis, qui eligi debent p ministros dñi Reg^o e optimates p̄ie cū opus f̄sit scit̄ post mortem vnus eoꝝ alⁱ fidedignus, simitr si quis eoꝝ cōiuctus fuisset a casu de falsitate loco suo debet alⁱ s̄stitui. Et debent Jurare sine condiçione tantum ad manutenend e saluand Jura dñi Reg^o e pat^otaꝝ. Et ip̄i xij. debent iudicare de om̄ibz causis

England they claim to have of themselves a dozen men sworn to the lord the King who make judgment & record of all manner of pleas moved & impleaded before the bailiffs of the lord the King in the islands, and also before the Justices of the same lord the King when they shall come to these parts as well of the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King as of other pleas whatsoever. And also of contempts & trespasses made against the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & also against his court & his officers; which said cognizances & delivering of judgments belong only to the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & his officers specially deputed by him for this matter, & not to any other. And also by what warrant they claim that it is not lawful to the lord the King or his Justices by him specially assigned to go in eyre in these islands to enquire concerning felonies & other things done against the peace of the lord the King by putting more men on an inquisition than 6 or at most 8 which manifestly tends to the contempt of the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that where of old when the lord the King, who then was, sent justices here in eyre &c. or to hear & determine certain causes &c. those justices were wont to proceed to judgment according to their discretion excepting only in cases altogether touching the islanders & their tenures mutually sued for, of which the said justices to whom the customs of the island are unknown sought advice from the 12 jurats &c. before they proceeded to judgment &c.—the said commonalty now anew by such their jurats wish to draw to themselves the royal jurisdiction &c. in contempt of the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the commonalty come & say that they & their progenitors the islanders here from time immemorial were always used to have 12 such jurats of themselves who ought to be chosen by the officers of the lord the King & the magnates of the country when need shall be, to wit, after the death of one of them another one trustworthy, also if one of them be convicted in a case of corruption another ought to be substituted in his place. And they ought to swear without condition except to maintain & preserve the rights of the lord the King & of their countrymen. And those 12 ought to judge all

plitis contemptibz tⁿsg̃r feloniis f̃cis vicinis ex^aneis e aliis quibz-
cumq, exceptis t̃n casibz nimis arduis sicut p̃d̃c̃m est et emend̃ õmñ
p̃missoz p̃d̃cis arduis exceptis debent ip̃i xij taxař. Dicunt t̃ qđ si
dñs Rex velit c̃tiorari de recordo pliti coram Justic̃ e ip̃is xij agitata
Justic̃ vna cū ill̃ xij debent record̃ illud face. Et post Iter record̃
fiet p̃ ip̃os xij. vna cum Balfo. Et de agitatis coram Balfo e ip̃is h̃nt
ip̃i record̃ coniunctim t̃c. Et sic vti solent ab antiquo. Et qđ Ita
est off^punt ṽficare sicut Cuř considerařit.

Et Willus dicit p̃ dño Rege qđ p̃d̃ci xij. nunq^a consueřunt h̃ere
record̃ nisi tantū in casu vt sectatores Cuř Baroñ t̃c. Dič em̃ qđ
cum quis implitans vt implitat^o coram Balfo e Juř face velit attorñ,
hoc face nō potest nisi ps adlisa p̃sens f̃fuit q^ando fit attorñ sič in Cuř
Baroñ vbi si plenū record̃ fuissent p̃ut clamant possent ip̃i tam in
absencia q^am p̃sencia ptis attorñ recipe e receptū recordari. Dič t̃
qđ si p̃d̃ci xij. cum veřint coram Justic̃ velint ař recordař cont^a p̃tem
aliquam q^am scđm id, qđ coram eis f̃fuit agitatū, et ps allegařit qđ
plitum ař se fiet q^am ip̃i recordant^r e illud volũnt p̃bare cum
effectū, debet e solet ad hoc admitti quod nō fieret si xij illi plenū
recordū fuissent. Dič t̃ qđ Cōitas hic nō vtit^r ad p̃sens antiquis
consuetudinibz. Dič enim qđ manifestum est qđ õmes Insulani sunt
vnius e eiusd̃ lingue, e tempe quo Ducat^o Normanñ fuit Ducem f̃fint
Insule Ducis illius, et quociens Insulani faciunt p̃quisitū a Cuř dñi
Reg^o, semp ad eoř suggestionem scribit^r scđm legem e consutud̃ In-
sulař e sic patet qđ in õmibz Insul̃ debet esse vna lex e vna con-
suetudo. Et dič qđ Insulani hic p̃ voluntate sua assumpserunt sibi
p̃ lege e consuetudine quedam quibz vtunt^r que õmino discordant
legibz e consuetudinibz aliař Insulař e hoc tam in lege de heř de
dote e Corona de pondere e mensuř, q^am de consuetudibz e Custumis
que q̃i totař contrariant^r seu discordant, vnde narrare foret infinitū.

causes, pleas, contempts, trespasses, felonies done to the inhabitants, strangers & others whomsoever excepting only too arduous cases as is aforesaid, & those 12 ought to tax the fines of all the premises, the said arduous matters excepted. And they say that if the lord the King wishes to be certified of the record of a plea raised before the justices & those 12, the justices together with those 12 ought to make that record. And after the eyre let a record be made by those 12 together with the bailiff. And concerning cases moved before the bailiff & themselves they have the record conjointly &c. And so they are wont to use of old. And that this is so they offer to establish as the court shall determine.

And William says for the lord the King that the aforesaid 12 were never wont to have the record except only in a case as suitors in a Court Baron &c. He says also that when any one pleading or impleaded before the bailiff & the jurats wished to appoint an attorney, he could not do this unless the opposing party was present when he appointed his attorney as in a Court Baron, whereas if they had full record as they claim they might receive an attorney as well in the absence as in the presence of the party, & make a record of such admission. He also says that if the said 12 when they shall come before the justices shall wish to record against the party anything other than according to that which was moved before them, & the party shall allege that the plea is other than they recorded & shall wish to prove that with effect, he ought & was wont to be admitted thereto, which would not be done if those 12 had full record. And he says also that the commonalty here do not at present use the ancient customs; for he says that it is manifest that all the islanders are of one & the same tongue & at the time in which the Duchy of Normandy had a Duke the islands were of that Duke, & as often as the islands make a request of the court of the lord the King it is always written at their suggestion that it is according to the law & custom of the islands, & so it appears that in all the islands there ought to be one law & one custom. And he says that the islanders here at their will took to themselves for law & custom certain things which they use which are altogether at variance with the laws & customs of the other islands & this as well in the law of inheritance, of dower & of the crown rights of weights & measures as well as of customs and duties which are so totally contrary & dis-

Et hec omnia diç se patum esse vificare p dño Rege sicut Cuř cons. Et petit Judm p dño Rege. Diç t̃ qđ plibz modis aliis abutunt legibz t̃c. Quia diç qđ vbi Bařs Insule quociens viderit expedire faciet inquisiçoes suas p xij. ipi suadent Justiç cum venint qđ p sacřm vj. t̃m in vna inquisiçoe debent pcedere ad inquirend̃ de feloñ e Juribz dñi Reg^o quod om̃ino discordat legi. Diç t̃ qđ simitr suadent ipis Justiç qđ Indictatores debent amofii ex offiço Justiç⁽¹⁾ cū Indictat^o se ponat in Inquiç licet Indictat^o excepçoeem aliquam nō fuerit vsus eos ponentes p causa ne Indictatores incurrant infamiam piurii si Indictatum quietarent cū t̃m Jurent iux^a consciencias. Diç t̃ qđ xij. Juř Reg^o circiř a xx. annis elapsis p̃sumptuose cont^a Justiç de se sine assensu dñi Reg^o leuafunt hic quedam noua statuta p eos vt legalia que om̃n Juri sunt cont^aria de eo videt qđ cum quis hic conquerens de debito quod dicat aliquem absentem sibi debere p̃basit hui^o debitū sibi deberi nisi debitor vbicumq; comorans venisset infra xl. dies, e satisfecisset creditori de debito statim p̃dci xij facent libari creditori tras debitoris p debito illo tenend̃ in feodo inppm fca tū p̃ns p sacřm Juř app̃ciaçoe de eisdem terris, e sic siue debitū fuisset clarum nec ne nichominus ille qui debitor dicebat^r siue iuste vt iniuste amittet teñ sua inppm p libaçoem illam. Et s[ic] fcm fuit de Petro de Hoga e plibz aliis. Et illi Juř Reg^o qui fũunt in vltio Itifse coram H. de Guildeford t̃c illam consuetudinem p̃nunciafunt p legali p quod Wiffus Payn tūc amisit teñ sua, Cōitate Insule tunc p̃sente nec tūc nec alias cont^adicente. Et iam p eandem Cōitatem e p Juř comptū est qđ illud nec est nec esse debet lex vt consuetudo. Diç t̃ qđ ař decrefunt in decepçoeem dñi Reg^o de Custumis siue consuetudinibz sibi debitis. In eo videt qđ vbi dñs Rex h̃ere debet hic sicut e in Inš de Gerneř terciūdecimū denař de om̃ibz teñ e red-

(1) Justiciariorum : as at page 99 for Juratorum (Jurors).

cordant, to tell of which would be endless. And all these things he says he is ready to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. He says also that in many other ways they abuse the laws &c. because he says that when the bailiff of the island as often as he shall deem necessary will make his inquisitions by 12 men they persuade the justices when they come that by the oath of 6 men in one inquisition they ought to proceed to enquire concerning the felonies & rights of the lord the King which is altogether at variance with the law. He also says that they likewise persuade those justices that accusers ought to be removed from the office of jurors when the accused puts himself on an inquisition although the accused shall not have any exception against them, putting forward as the reason lest the accusers incur the infamy of perjury, if they acquit the accused, when they only swear according to their consciences. He also says that the 12 jurats of the King about 20 years ago presumptuously, against the justices, of themselves, without the assent of the lord the King, applied here certain new rules by them as if lawfully enacted which are contrary to all right on this subject, to wit, that when anyone here, sueing for a debt which he says that any absent person owes him, he proved such debt to be owing to him, unless the debtor, wheresoever he is living, come within 40 days & satisfy the creditor of the debt, immediately the aforesaid 12 cause to be delivered to the creditor the lands of the debtor for that debt to be held in fee for ever, a valuation of those lands being first made by the oath of the jurors, & so whether that debt was paid or not nevertheless he who was called debtor whether justly or unjustly would lose his tenements for ever by that delivery. And so it was done in the case of Peter de la Hogue & many others. And those jurats of the King who were in the last eyre before H. de Guildford &c. pronounced that custom to be legal whereby William Payn then lost his tenements, the commonalty of the island being then present & neither then nor elsewhere gainsaying. And now by the same commonalty & by the jurats it is found that that neither is nor ought to be the law or custom. And he says that in other ways they have decreed to the deception of the lord the King concerning duties or customs due to him. That is to say that where the lord the King ought to

have here as also in the island of Guernsey the thirteenth penny of all tenements & rents sold in fee, & it is likewise so used in Normandy, the lord the King does not here take more than 3 sols for a sale although that difference is not specified in the said schedule of the commonalty &c. He also says that the said commonalty now as it were anew, have taken to themselves a certain new suit of a certain treatise which one by the name of Mancel, a Norman, made some time after the Normans had withdrawn from the allegiance of the lord the King of England & his writings they follow in those things which please them & certain things thereof they pass over as appears in their schedule & so the islanders here are at variance with the usages of the other islanders. And he claims for the lord the King that the just & ancient custom be reformed; so that all the islanders may use the same law & custom & that their customs may be known and acknowledged. He also says that the jurats of the King here the day before suborned their word before the justices, i.e. to say that they gave the justices here advice in a certain plea touching one of their fellows, that he making default after the day appointed for the view in a plea of land, if that view were sufficiently made, ought to lose seisin of the tenement sued for, & afterwards in a like case they said that the tenements are not by their custom to be lost in any case without the oath of the jurors in an inquisition thereof to be made; & often they were and are used to vary thus in their judgments as well before the justices as before the bailiffs. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine, & he claims as before for the lord the King &c.

And the commonalty say that they & their ancestors have used such customs as they now claim. And they say that they have great regard for the said 'Summa de Mancael' because the laws of the Normans are well contained in the same, nor do they wish to implead with the lord the King. And if a trespass has been committed let the trespassers be punished nor do they answer anything except only that the jurats of the lord the King say that they judge faithfully according to their consciences. And a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall [then] be in England. And

Seq^r Rex tē vt Joñem de s̄o Martino. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ
p̄d̄ca Cōitas p̄ attorn̄ suos. Et 8tis de causis dat^o est eis dies de
J[udo] suo aud̄ coram d̄no Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s v̄bicūq̄,
tūc f̄uit in Angl̄. Ad quē diem p̄d̄ca cōitas p̄ attorn̄ suū venit. Et
veñ datus est eis a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem v̄bicūq̄, [tē]. Ad quē diē
p̄d̄ca cōitas veñ p̄ attorn̄ suū. Et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in
xv dies v̄bicūq̄, tē. Ad q̄ diē cōitas veñ vt sup^a e dat^o est ei dies in
crastino aīaz v̄bicūq̄, tē. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ca cōitas veñ e dat^o est [ei dies]
a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s v̄bicūq̄, tē. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ca cōitas veñ e
dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in tres s[ept]s tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄ca
cōitas veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies v̄bicūq̄, tē. Ad
quē diē p̄d̄ca cōitas [veñ p̄ attorn̄] suū e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄
in q̄nq̄, futu^r in vnū an̄n v̄bicūq̄, tē.

(M. 9 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Iusticia^r in Insula
de Beresepe de eod̄ Istin^e.**

ffresingfeld.

Precentor e Capitlm̄ Constancien̄ suū f̄ūunt qđ essent hic ad
respondend̄ d̄no Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate
d̄ni Reg^o e p̄genitoz̄ suoz̄ Regum Angl̄ cla^m p̄cipe e h̄ere p̄ mañ
p̄po^{iti} d̄ni Reg^o de Serk, viginta solid̄ singlis annis de firma d̄ni
Reg^o ibid̄ que ad d̄m Regem ptinet. Et Precentor, Capitli e ma^{gr}
Scolasticus Concanōicus eiusd̄ modo veñ. Et diē p̄ p̄d̄co Capitto, qđ
p̄d̄cm̄ Capitlm̄ tam remote deget a Cu^r Angl̄ qđ postq^a scif̄unt qđ
f̄ūnt hic suū nō potuit impetrasse b̄re in Angl̄ de attorn̄ tē. Et
dicūt qđ ip̄i soliti f̄ūnt admitti in Insulis p̄ p̄cu^r tē de rebus ip̄os
tangenti^{bz} in Insulis si^c e in Cu^r Reg^o ffrancie. Et petunt qđ ad-
mitti possint ad respond̄ p̄ p̄cu^r suū. Et concedit^r eis ad p̄sens de

The King
sues &c.

Came :

the commonalty put in their place Philip de Carteret or John de St. Martin. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said commonalty by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said commonalty by their attorney came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever [&c.] At which day the said commonalty came by their attorney. And a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the commonalty came as above & a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in 8 weeks from the day of Easter &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty [came by their attorney] & a day is given to them from the day of Easter in 5 [weeks next] coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 9 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

The Precentor & Chapter of Coutances were summoned that they be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have by the hand of the provost of Sark of the lord the King 20 sols every year of the farm of the lord the King there which belongs to the lord the King. And the Precentor, Chapter & Scholastic Master Fellow-canon of the same now comes & says on behalf of the said Chapter that the said Chapter dwells so remote from the Court of England that after they knew that they were summoned here a writ from England for appointing an attorney &c. could not be obtained. And they say that they were wont to be represented in the Islands by a proctor &c. concerning the King's touching them in the Island as also in the court of the King of France. And they claim that they may be admitted to answer by their proctor. And it is granted to them at

gr̃a t̃c̃. si dñs Rex acceptet. Et Wills de Stonerailles ptulit hic quasdam littas patentes eiusdem Capitli in hec ṽba. Vniſis hec visuŕ e audituŕ humile Capitlm Constancieñ ecclie saltm in dño. Nofitis qđ nos ditcos e fideles nros Thomam Danseis Rectorem ecclie s̃ci Martini veſis in Insulis Geresoy e Guiflm de Stonerailles Oficum exhibitoŕ p̃senciũ p̃curatores e attorñ nros constituim⁹ facim⁹ e ordinamus quemlibet in solidum. Ita qđ nō sit melior condiçio occupantis, in om̃ibz e singlis causis negotiis e q̃relis quas h̃emus e h̃ituri sum⁹ cont⁹ quoscumq; adūsarios nros, e ip̃i cont⁹ nos coram om̃ibz Bafis, vic, attorñ Illustrissimi Principis dñi Edwardi Reg⁹ Angl e ei⁹ locum tenentibz in Insulis de Gersoy Gerneŕ, de Serk e aliis Insulis p̃d̃cis Gersoy e Gerneŕ adiacentibz ad om̃es dies e t̃m̃os nob̃ assignatos e assignandos, dantes eisdem p̃curatoribz e attorñ nris mandať sp̃ale e plenariam potestatem agendi p̃ nob̃, e nos defendendi e iura nra coram ip̃is ad nos spectancia petendi e optinendi nob̃ q; refferendi quicquid coram ip̃is actum f̃uit de p̃missis, nec nō e aliũ seu alios p̃cuŕ seu attorñ loco eoꝝ s̃bstituti similem in p̃missis potestatem h̃ituŕ, nec nō e faciendi om̃ia que possunt e debent façe p̃cuŕ seu attorñ legitime constitut⁹ e que façe possemus coram p̃d̃cis Justic̃ si p̃sentes infessemus, Ratum e g̃atum h̃intes e h̃ituri quicquid eũ p̃d̃cis p̃cur ṽt attorñ nris ṽt eoꝝ alio aut s̃bstitut⁹ ab eisđ tam p̃ nob̃ q̃m cont⁹ nos actum f̃uit in p̃missis. Promittenť p̃ ip̃is p̃cuŕ ṽt attorñ nris aut s̃bstitut⁹ ab eisdem ṽt eoꝝ alio s̃b ypoteca rez nraz e ecclie sup̃d̃ce si nec̃e f̃uit Judicať solui, aliũ seu alios p̃cuŕ seu attorñ si quos constituim⁹ reuocant. In cui⁹ rei testimoniũ p̃sentibz Iris sigillũ nr̃m est appensũ. Actum anno dñi m⁹ ccc^{mo} Nono die sabbi post festum Ap̃toꝝ Pet⁹ e Pauli. Et tam Precentor e Scolasticus t̃c̃ qua Guiflm Stonerailles p̃cuŕ Capitli dicunt qđ p̃d̃ci Precentor e Capitlm e om̃es p̃decessores sui de Capitulo illo soliti f̃uunt p̃cipe singlis

present of grace &c. if the lord the King accepts. And William de Stonerailles brought here certain letters patent of the same Chapter in these words. To all who shall see & hear these letters humbly the Chapter of the Church of Coutances greeting in the Lord. Be it known that we constitute make & ordain our beloved & faithful Thomas Danseis rector of the Church of St. Martin the old in the Island of Jersey & William de Stonerailles, Clerk, exhibitors of these presents our proctors & attorneys each entirely. So that there be no better condition of the person acting in all & each of the causes businesses & complaints which we have & are to have against whomsoever our adversaries & they against us before all bailiffs, sheriffs [&] attorneys of the illustrious Prince the lord Edward King of England & his lieutenants in the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, of Sark & the other islands adjacent to the said Jersey & Guernsey, at all days & terms assigned & to be assigned to us, giving to the same our proctors & attorneys special mandate & full power to act for us, & to defend us, & to seek & obtain our right to us belonging before them, & to refer to us whatsoever shall be done before them concerning the premises, & also similar power to be had in the premises of substituting another or other proctors or attorneys in their place, & also to do all things which proctors or attorneys lawfully constituted can & ought to do & which we might do before the said justices if we were present, holding & to hold as ratified & agreed upon whatsoever with our said proctors or attorneys or either of them or their substitute shall be done in the premises as well for us as against us, promising for our same proctors or attorneys or those substituted by them or any of them under hypothecation of our possessions & Church aforesaid if it be necessary to adjudge to be paid; recalling any other or others proctors or attorneys if we have constituted any such. In witness whereof our seal is appended to these present letters. Done in the year of Our Lord 1309 on Saturday after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul. And as well the Precentor & Scholar &c. as William Stonerailles proctor of the Chapter say that the said Precentor & Chapter & all their predecessors of that Chapter were wont to take every year the said rent of 20 sols by the hand of the provost

annis p̄d̄c̄m redd̄m viginti solid p̄ mañ p̄p̄ōiti de Serk de redd̄ col-
lecto de Insulanis illis a tempe quo nō extat memoria sine tempis
infrup̄cone in forma qua ip̄i modo illum recipiunt. Et qđ Ita est
offerunt v̄ficare p̄ p̄iam.

Et Willus des mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ dño Rege, dicit qđ p̄d̄ci
Precentor e Capit̄m nō debent hui⁹modi redd̄m p̄cipe de Thesaur̄
dñi Reg⁹, ex quo nō ostendunt inde aliquod f̄c̄m sp̄ale. Et petit
Jud̄m p̄ dño Rege, maxime cum Insula de Serk nucq̄ fuit in dño
Regum Angl vsq, ad tempus dñi Joh̄nis quond̄ Reg⁹ Angl tempe
cui⁹ p̄d̄ca Insula de Serk ad manū suam deuenit vt Jus e esch̄ p̄
forisf̄curam cui⁹ d̄ dñi de Vernonn Normanni qui illam tenuit de
p̄d̄co dño Rege e postea recessit a fide ip̄ius Reg⁹, e tenuit se ad
p̄tem ffrancie t̄c̄ quod quidem est infra tempus memorie. Et hec
oñia p̄atus est v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege sicut Cur̄ cons̄. Et p̄ Jud̄m p̄
dño Rege. Dies dat⁹ est eis de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege
a die s̄ci Mich̄is in vnū men̄s vbicumq, t̄c̄. Et Precentor po. lo suo
Guill̄m Stonerailles vt Thomam Wyncheles. Postea ad diem illū ap̄d
Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄ci Precentor e maḡr p̄ attorn̄ suū, e p̄d̄cs Thomas
Danseis veñ simil̄r respondens p̄ Capito in for̄ qua p̄lus t̄c̄. Et etis
de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die
Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq, tūc f̄f̄it in Angl. Ad quem diē p̄tes p̄d̄ce
p̄ attorn̄ suū veñ. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s
veñ vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad quē diem p̄tes p̄d̄ce p̄ at̄ suos veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies
veñ a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē p̄tes p̄d̄ce veñ. Et dat⁹
est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, t̄c̄. In Crastino aiaꝝ
veñ vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē p̄tes t̄c̄ veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in
vnū men̄s vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē p̄tes t̄c̄ veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die
Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad quē diem p̄tes t̄c̄ veñ e datus est

of Sark of the rent collected from those islanders from the time whereof the memory of man runs not to the contrary without interruption of time in the form in which they now receive it. And that this is so they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the aforesaid Precentor & Chapter ought not to take such rent of the treasury of the lord the King because they do not show any special deed thereof. And he claims judgment for the lord the King, principally as the Island of Sark was never in the demesne of the Kings of England until the time of the Lord John formerly King of England in whose time the said island of Sark came to his hand as his right & escheat by the forfeiture of a certain Lord de Vernon, a Norman, who held the same of the said lord the King & afterwards withdrew from the allegiance of the same King & took the part of France &c., which is within the time of memory. And all these things he is ready to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And the Precentor puts in his place William Stonerailles or Thomas Vinchelez. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Precentor & master by their attorney, & the said Thomas Danseis came likewise answering for the Chapter in the form in which at first &c. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the parties aforesaid by their attorney came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties aforesaid by their attorneys came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

Came. At which day the parties aforesaid came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the parties aforesaid came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties &c. came & a day is given to them in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties &c. came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which

Came.

v⁹ sep. p. eis dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbiq̄, tē. Ad quē diē ptes veñ e dies dat⁹ est eis a die Pasch in q̄nq̄, sept⁹s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū anū vbiq̄, tē.

Drogo de Barantyn suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad respondendū dño Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genitoř suoř Regum Angl̄ clam̄ ĩre libam Warennam in oibz dñicis ĩris suis in poch̄ s̄ci Martini. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ ĩre furcas in ead̄ poch̄. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat ĩre Wreccū maris p̄ totam ĩram suam in eadem poch̄ e illđ in pp̄los vsus conũfe. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ p̄cipe e ĩere catalla homñ suoř felonū dñi Reg⁹ vł fugituoř que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ ĩre bestias de Weif que ad dn̄m Regem p̄tinent.

Et Drogo veñ, Et dič qđ Ingramus de ffurnet quond̄ tenuit teñ in p̄dča poch̄ que Idem Drogo modo tenet, et postea ffunt esch̄ Reg⁹, et dñs H. Rex auus dñi Reg⁹ nũc dedit teñ illa Drogoni de Barantino auo suo cum om̄ibz libtatibz e lib̄is consuetudinibz ad teñ illa spectantibz tē. Et dič qđ p̄dčus Ingramus tempe suo e om̄es antecessores sui vsi ffunt p̄dčis lib̄ts a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et eciam p̄dčus auus suus e pař suus tē e ĩpe simiř vsi sunt eisdem libtatibz post p̄dčm donū dñi Reg⁹ sic f̄cm auo suo in forma qua ĩpe modo illas clam̄. Et qđ ita est offert v̄ificare sicut Cuř con̄s. Et quo ad catalla felonū tē, dicit qđ si hoies sui cicius possint appoñe mañ ad catalla homñ suoř latronū q^m hoies Reg⁹ tũc clam̄ ĩpe ĩre catalla illa. Et dič qđ sic vsi ffunt om̄es tenentes teñ que ĩpe modo tenet a tempe quo memoria nō existit, et sic vsi sunt om̄es dñi hui⁹ Insule tē.

Et Willus des mareys qui sequit^r p̄ dño Rege, dicit qđ ex quo p̄dčus Drogo cogñ qđ p̄dča teñ ffunt in mañ dñi H. Reg⁹ tē, et qđ ĩpe illa clam̄ de dono p̄dči dñi Reg⁹ nō potest ĩre hui⁹ libtates nisi

5 weeks next. day the parties came & a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Drogo de Barantyn was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Martin. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the same parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif which belong to the lord the King.

And Drogo comes & says that Ingram de Furnet formerly held the tenements in the said parish which the same Drogo now holds, & afterwards they were the escheats of the King & the lord H. the King the grandfather of the now lord the King gave those tenements to Drogo de Barantyn his grandfather with all the franchises & free customs to those tenements belonging &c. And he says that the said Ingram in his time & all his ancestors used those franchises from time immemorial & also his said grandfather & his father &c. & he himself likewise used those franchises after the said gift of the lord the King so made to his grandfather in the form in which they now claim them. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to the chattels of felons, &c. he says that if his men can lay their hands more quickly on the chattels of his men, thieves, than the King's men, then he claims to have those chattels. And he says that so used all the tenants of the tenements which he now holds from time immemorial, & so use all the lords of this island &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King, says that because the said Drogo acknowledges that the said tenements were in the hands of the lord King H. &c. and that he claims them of the gift of the said lord the King, he cannot have such franchises

Seq^r Rex tē
contineret^r in Carta sua, et petit Judm p dño Rege. Dies dat^o est
ei de aud^o Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sc̄i Michis in vnū mensem
vbicūq, tūc fūit in Angl. Et Drogo po. lo. suo Galfm̄ de Mortoñ
vī Thomam le Barber. Postea ad diem illum apđ Westm̄ ctis de
causis Judm̄ inde respectuat^r reddendū coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄
in vnū men̄s vbicūq, tūc fūit in Angl. Et sciend̄ qđ p'dcūs Drogo
nō veñ modo nō veñ.

(M. 10.) **Adhuc de plitis coram p̄fatis Justiciar̄ in Insula
de Yereseye de eodem Yfin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Jereseye. Dñs Rex p Wifm̄ des mareys qui sequit^r p co, petit vsus
+ obiit inquirat^r
Nichm̄ Abbrinceñ Ep̄m̄ aduocaçoem duaz p̄tiū decime garbaz ecclie
in Insula de Serk, p vnū bre Et decem e nouem denaratas redd̄s, et
reddm̄ nouem quartioz fruñti e nouem galliñ e reddm̄ Camp̄ti bladoz
tenenciū ip̄ius Ep̄i in pochiis sc̄e Tⁿitatis et sc̄i Joñnis, et aduoca-
çoem t̄tie ptis decime garbaz ecclie p'dcē pochi sc̄e Tⁿitatis, et aduo-
caçoem medietatis decime garbaz ecclie sc̄i Lauř in hac Insula p
aliud bre vt Jus tē. Et vnde p'dcūs Wifus dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs
H. Rex auus tē. tempe pacis fuit in seis* de p'dc̄is redd̄ e aduoca-
çoibz tē vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue. Et qđ tale sit Jus ip̄ius dñi
Reg^o offert v̄ficare p dño Rege sicut Cuř couš. Et Ep̄us alias misit
hic rogans de gr̄a Cuř dñi Reg^o qđ p p̄cuř gen̄alem vī attorñ facienđ
coram aliquo quem Justic̄ hic mitte velint possit inde respondere.
Et qz in pace reformanda inl^r Reges optime se gessit p pte dñi Reg^o
Angl tē. concessum est si dñs Rex acceptet qđ p attorñ quem face
volūit coram Joñne de Barantyn ad hoc misso respond̄ tē. Et Henř
de sc̄o Martino detulit hic iras patentes p'dc̄i Ep̄i in hec v̄ba. Nichus

The King sues
&c.

unless they are contained in his charter, & he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Drogo puts in his place Geoffrey de Morton or Thomas le Barber. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes judgment therein is respited to be given before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And be it known that the said Drogo does not now come.

Does not come.

(M. 10.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made. claims against Nicholas Bishop of Avranches the advowson of 2 parts of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church in the island of Sark by one writ, & 19 deniers rent, & the rent of 9 quarters of wheat & 9 hens & the rent of the champart of the corn of the tenants of the same Bishop in the parishes of Holy Trinity & St. John, & the advowson of the 3rd part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of the said parish of Holy Trinity, & the advowson of the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Lawrence in this island, by another writ as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. in the time of peace was in seisin of the said rents & advowsons &c. as of fee & right of his Crown. And that such is the right of the said lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And the Bishop at another time sent here praying by the grace of the court of the lord the King that he may answer therein by a proctor-general or an attorney to be appointed before any one whom the justices here might send. And because in the making of peace between the Kings he bore himself best for the part of the lord the King of England &c. it is granted if the lord the King accepts that he may answer by his attorney whom he shall wish to appoint before John de Barantyn for this sent &c. And Henry de St. Martin brought here letters patent of the said Bishop

diuina pmissione Abbrinceñ ecclie minist^r humilis Nobilibz viris dño Joñni de ffresingfeld, dño Drogoni de Barantyn, e dño Joñni de Dittoñ Justiç dñi Reg^o Angt Itifantibz in Insulis de Gerneř, Jereseye e aliis adiacentibz saltm in dño. Sciatis qđ nos attornanim^o loco nřo difem noř in xpo Henř de sço Martino exhibitoř přsenciũ ad lucrandũ vt pdenđ in omibz plitis e ģrelis p noř vt cont^r nos, coram voř in Itifie vřo qualifcumq, motis vt mouendũ, concedentes eidem qđ ipe possit façe attorñ seu attornatos quem vt quos volũit coram voř ad omia pđca plita e ģrelas psequendũ e defendendũ, et ad lucrandũ vt pdenđ in eisđ sicut pđcm est. Ratũm e gratum futuri quicquid pđci pcur seu attorñ vt attornati seu t̄ attornandi in hac pte noie nřo duxint faciendũ. In cui^o rei testimoniũ has lras nřas voř mittim^o patentes. Dat^o die sabbi ante Inuenř sçi Stepñi, anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} Nono. Et dicit noie ipius Epi qđ Epus e omes predecesores sui Epi Abbrinceñ a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp pacifice tenũunt pđca aduocoes e redd sicut ipe Epus ea modo tenet. Et qđ Ita est off^t vřificare p přiam.

Et Wittus dicit p dño Rege qđ hedes conquestoř clamare possunt ab antiquo Et nō reliogiosi qui nich hent nisi ex collaçone Regum vt fideiũ suoř. Et diç qđ ipe patus est vřificare p dño Rege qđ Insule flũunt antiquitus de Ep̄atu Exoñ, Et ex quo pđcus Epus nō pfert fcm sp̄ale de tenuris suis, nec in forma competenti respondet ad seisin^ã dñi Reg^o petit Judm p dño Rege. Dies dat^o est ei de aud Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sçi Michis in vnũ menř vbicumq, tũc flũit in Angt. Et dcm est pđco Henř qđ nisi dñs suus habũit attorñ ad hoc fcm p Cancellariam Anglie totum amittet tç. Postea ad diem illum apđ Westm dñs Rex p Witt de Catteworth qui sequit^r p eo op. se quarto die vsus pđcm Ep̄m de pđco plito. Et ipe nō

in these words :—Nicholas by divine permission the humble ministre of the Church of Avranches, to the noble men Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton justices of the lord the King of England in eyre in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey & others adjacent, greeting in the Lord. Be it known that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Henry de St. Martin exhibitor of these presents to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints for or against us before you in your eyre in what manner soever moved or to be moved, granting to him that he may appoint an attorney or attorneys whom he will before you to prosecute & defend all the said pleas & plaints, & to gain or lose in the same as is aforesaid, holding as ratified & confirmed whatsoever the said proctors or attorney or attorneys or also those that have been or even may be attorned in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send you these our letters patent. Given on Saturday before the Finding of the body of St. Stephen⁽¹⁾, A.D. 1309. And he says in the name of the said Bishop that the Bishop & all his predecessors Bishops of Avranches from time immemorial always peacefully held the said advowsons & rents as he the said Bishop now holds them. And that this is so he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the heirs of acquirers may claim of old, and not ecclesiastics who hold nothing except of the gift of the Kings or their faithful people. And he says that he is ready to establish for the lord the King that the islands were anciently of the Bishopric of Exeter. And because the said Bishop does not bring a special deed of his tenures nor in proper form answers to the seisin of the lord the King he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And it is said to the said Henry that unless his lord shall have an attorney hereto made by the Chancery of England he will lose all &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the lord the King by William de Catteworth who sues for him presents himself the 4th day against the said Bishop

(1) August 2nd.

veñ Et fuit diem in Banco hic ad hunc diem postq^m comruit in
Cuř sicut p^dc^m est. Judiñ p^dca teñ e aduocações capiant^r in mañ
dñi Reg^o. Et ipe suñ qđ sit coram dño Rege a die Paschⁱ in vnū
menš vbicūq³ tunc fuit in Ang^t audituř inde Judiñ suū. Postea ad
diem illū veñ p^dc^s Eps p Dyonisiū ffrank^t genalē attorñ suū p tras
dñi R^t patent. Et Balis Insule p^dc^e nullū bre misit tē. Iō sic p^lus
mand est Balio qđ cap³ p^dca teñ e aduocações in manū dñi R^t. Et
qđ suñ qđ sit corā R^t a die Paschⁱ in vnū menš vbicūq³ tē aud Judiñ
suū tē. Et nichomin^o dēm est p^dc^o attorñ qđ expectet eund diem
veñ p attorñ si dño suo viderit expedire Et p^dc^s subsituit loco dñi sui Joh^m de
sco Martino iux^a vnū p^dcaz lit³az tē. Ad quē diē p^dc^{us} Eps p
attorñ suū veñ, et datus est ei dies a die Paschⁱ in xv dies vbicūq³ tē
de audo iudicio suo tē. Ad q diem p^dc^{us} Eps non veñ. Iō pcedat^r
ad iudm p eius defalē. Sed pon^r in resp^tum vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in vnū
mensem vbicūq³ tē. In deinde Crastino annua³ vbicūq³ tē. Ad q diē
iudicm resp^tuat^r vt p^lus vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in vnū menš vbicūq³ tē.
Ad q diē iudicm p^dc^m resp^tuat^r vt p^lus vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in tres septⁱ
vbicūq³ tē. Ad quē diem iudm p^dc^m vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in xv dies
vbicūq³ tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ p^dc^{us} Eps obiit. Et vt sciat^r
inde rei ūitas mandatū est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē certificet a
die Paschⁱ in qnq³ sept^s p^x futuř in vnū anñ vbicūq³ tē. Ad quē diē
locū tenens p^dcⁱ Otonis mand p tras suas patentes officij constancie
signatas e huic Rotlo consueř qđ p^dc^{us} Eps mortuus est. Iō de ipō
nich³ vl³ius fiat tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

Preceptum fuit vič qđ suñ tē Abbissam de Cadomo qđ esset hic
ad hunc diem ad respond dño Regi de plito qđ redd ei aduocaçoem
quarte ptis decime garba³ ecclia³ de Grouiñ, s^ce Elerij, s^ci Pet^l e
s^ce Marie, et aduocaçoem octaue ptis decime garba³ ecclie s^ci Martini

concerning the said plea. And he did not come. And he had a day in the Bench here at this day after he appeared in court as is afore-said. Judgment that the said tenements & advowsons are taken into the hands of the lord the King. And that he be summoned to be before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England to hear therein his judgment. Afterwards at that day came the said Bishop by Dyonisius Frankes his general attorney by letters patent of the lord the King. And the bailiff of the said island did not send any writ &c. Therefore as before it is commanded to the bailiff that he take the said tenements & advowsons into the hands of the lord the King. And that he be summoned to be before the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. to hear his judgment &c. And nevertheless it is said to the said attorney that he may expect the same day if his lord shall see fit. And the said attorney substituted in the place of his lord John de St. Martin according to one of the said letters &c. At which day the said Bishop by his attorney came, & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. to hear his judgment &c. At which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore it is proceeded to judgment by his default. But it is put in respite in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited as before in 3 weeks to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment [is respited] in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it is witnessed that the said Bishop died. And that the truth of the matter may be known therein it is commanded to Otto de Grandison that he certify the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c. At which day the lieutenant of the said Otho informs by his letters patent signed by the official of Coutances & sewn to this roll that the said Bishop is dead. Therefore concerning him let nothing further be done &c.

Came by his attorney.

He did not come & it is witnessed that the Bishop died.

That he died. Therefore of him nothing.

The King sues &c.

It was commanded to the sheriff that he summon &c. the Abbess of Caen to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render up to him the advowson of the 4th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of Grouville, St. Helier, St. Peter & St. Mary, & the advowson of the 8th part of the

et aduocaçom duodecime ptis decime garbaꝝ eccliaꝝ s̄ci Clementis, s̄ci Broelardi, e s̄ci Audoeni, e molend̄ de Pount terryn, e reddm̄ viginti e quatuor q̄rtioꝝ frūnti cum p̄tiñ in poch̄ s̄ce T̄nitatis que Idem dñs Rex p̄ Guifm̄ des Mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ eo clām vt Jus suū vsus p̄ca Abbissam. Et ostens̄ quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reḡo e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ clām p̄cipe e h̄re p̄ mañ Receptoris dñi Reḡo de Jereš septem libr̄ e decem solid̄ singlis annis, e quinq̄ginta solid̄ p̄ anñ de molendino Malet in Grouiff, qui ad dñm Regem ptinent p̄ molta homñ ip̄ius dñi Reḡo qui molere volũint ad p̄d̄em molend̄. Et sup hoc veñ Rogus Symeon e p̄bavit p̄ testimoniū fidelīū qđ p̄d̄ca Abbissa in tam remotis ptibꝫ deget, qđ postq̄m seiuerunt de suñ istius Itifis nō possent impetrasse bre de Angl̄ de attorn̄ tē. Et offert dño Regi viginti libr̄ p̄ sic qđ mittat̄ aliquis fidelm̄ dñi Reḡo hic ad testificand̄ attorn̄ ip̄ius Abbisse quos faciet iux̄ discreçoem Cur̄ dñi Reḡo. Et ei concedit̄ si Rex acceptet pp̄m P̄hi le Euesk. Et mittit̄ eū ip̄o Wilfus Petyt sp̄aliꝝ Juratus tē e valde fidedignus. Qui postea rediens ptulit Iras patentes p̄d̄ce Abbisse sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo Capithi in hec v̄ba. Viris nobilibꝫ e discretis dño Johanni de ffresingfeld, dño Drogoni de Barantyn militibꝫ v̄sabili q, viro dño Johi de Dittoñ Canoñ Londoñ Justic̄ excellentissimi principis dñi dei gr̄a Angl̄ Regis Itifantibꝫ in Insul̄ de Jereseye, Gerneꝝ e aliis Insulis eisdem adiacen̄. N. p̄missione diuina humit̄ abbissa monast̄ii s̄ci T̄nitatis de Cadomo ac Conuentus eiusdem loci saltm̄ in dño sempit̄nam. Noũtis qđ nos de vnanimi assensu totius Capithi nr̄i, n̄o nr̄i q, monast̄ii noie ditcos n̄os Joh̄em de s̄co Martino p̄sbitum ac Rogum Symeonis armigum n̄m s̄b al̄naçoe attornauim̄ ad lucrand̄ vt pdendū in om̄ibꝫ plitas e querelis motis e mouend̄ p̄ nob̄ aut cont̄ nos in Itife p̄d̄co coram vob̄ Promittentes nos Ratum e ḡtum hituꝝ quicquid p̄noiati attorn̄ aut eoz

tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Martin & the advowson of the 12th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of St. Clement, St. Brelade, & St. Ouen, & the mill of Ponterrin & the rent of 24 quarters of wheat with the appurtenances in the parish of Holy Trinity which the same lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims as his right against the said Abbess. And to show by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England she claims to take & have by the hands of the Receiver of the lord the King in Jersey 7 livres 10 sols every year, & 50 sols per annum of the mill Malet in Grouville, which belong to the lord the King for the multure of the men of the said lord the King who shall wish to grind at the said mill. And upon this came Roger Symeon & proved by the testimony of persons worthy of credence that the said Abbess lived in such remote parts that after they knew of the summons of this eyre they could not obtain a writ of attorney from England &c. And he offers to the lord the King 20 livres on this condition that one of the lieges of the lord the King here be sent to testify to the attorneys of the said Abbess whom she shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King accepts under the pledge of Philip Levesque. And there is sent with him William Petyt specially sworn &c. and very worthy of credence, who afterwards coming back brought letters patent of the said Abbess sealed with her seal & the seal of the chapter in these words. To the noble & discreet Sir John de Fressingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn, knights, & to the venerable man Sir John de Ditton, canon of London, justices of the most excellent prince by the grace of God the lord King of England, in eyre in the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, & the other islands thereto adjacent, N. by divine permission the humble Abbess of the monastery of the Holy Trinity at Caen & the community of the same place, greeting in the lord everlasting: Know ye that we, with the unanimous assent of all our chapter & in our name & in the name of our monastery, have attorned our beloved John de St. Martin priest & Roger Symeon, our Esquire or one or other of them to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints moved or to be moved for us or against us in the said eyre before you, promising to hold as ratified & confirmed whatsoever the aforementioned attorneys or

alī quem p̄sentem esse contingit, in p̄missis n̄ro noīe duxint faciend̄.
In cui⁹ rei testimoniū has tras n̄ras voḅ mittim⁹ patentes sigillo n̄ro
e sigillo Capitli n̄ri sigillatas. Dat⁹ anno dñi m⁹ ccc^{mo} Nono die
sabbi post festum ḅoꝝ Arnulphi e Clari. Et p̄d̄ci attorñ noīe p̄d̄ce
Abbisse, dicunt quo ad p̄d̄ca molend̄ e t̄ram qđ Wiffus quond̄ Rex
Angt Dux Normanñ e ds Insulaꝝ dedit Abbie illi p̄d̄c̄m molend̄ e
t̄ram duoꝝ francoꝝ hoīm que petunt̄ tē, et postea quedam Abbissa
p̄decessor tē t̄ram illam concessit quibꝫdam tenentibꝫ, reddendo inde
sibi singlis annis viginti quatuor q̄r̄i fr̄i. Dedit t̄ idem Rex eidem
Abbie p̄d̄cas decimas et p̄tes alias et p̄fert quoddam scriptum s̄b noīe
īp̄ius Reg⁹ cum signis sine sigillo quod sic incipit. Dei igit̄ ac dñi
n̄ri Iñn̄ xp̄i disponente Clemencia Ego Wiffus Angloꝝ Rex Norman-
noꝝ e Cenomannensiū p̄nceps sed e Matilf Regina vxor mea B. ḡlosi
fflandriē Ducis filia ad gl̄am beatitudinis ad p̄miū t̄e retribuōis
pro sapienti q̄ desiderio anhelantes in t̄ritorio qđ ab antiquis Cadoñ
appellat̄ eccliam in honore s̄c̄e T̄nitatis p̄ salute animaꝝ n̄raꝝ coedi-
ficauim⁹. Et ex inde continet sic It̄m in Insula de Gereseye vnū
molend̄, e t̄ram duoꝝ francoꝝ hoīm atq̄ medietatem decime de quinq̄
pochiis et sextam garbam de vna poch̄ e dimidia, sed e t̄ram e deci-
mas quas Raynoldus Capellanus n̄r̄ in eadem Insula de me tenebat
īp̄ius Rainoldi p̄catu postq̄ monac⁹ effectus est ecclie p̄d̄ce cōcessimus.

Respice in t̄go de eodem.

(M. 10 d.) **Adhuc de p̄lis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ in Insula
de Gereseye de eod̄ Iñn̄e.**

ffresingfeld.

Profert̄ eciam sup̄ eisdem Cartam dñi H. Reg⁹ filii Impat̄cis et
t̄ Cartam dñi Reg⁹ Riči que sic incipit. Ričus dei ḡra Rex Angt

either of them who shall happen to be present shall cause to be done in the premises in our name. In witness whereof we send you these our letters patent sealed with our seal & the seal of our chapter. Given A.D. 1309 on Saturday after the feast of the Blessed Arnulphus & Clarus. And the aforesaid attorneys in the name of the said Abbess say as to the said mill & land that William sometime King of England Duke of Normandy & lord of the Islands gave to the said Abbey the mill & the land of two free-men, which are claimed &c., and afterwards a certain Abbess predecessor &c. granted that land to certain tenants, paying therefor to her every year 24 quarters of wheat. The same King also gave to the same Abbess the said tithes & many others & brings a certain writing under the name of the same King with signatures without seal which begins thus: The clemency of God & of Our Lord Jesus Christ disposing me therefor I William King of the English & prince of the Normans & people of Maine & also Matilda the Queen my wife daughter of B. the illustrious Duke of Flanders to the glory of the beatitude for the reward of a blessed retribution inspired by a pious & wise desire have jointly built a Church in the honor of the Holy Trinity for the salvation of our souls in the territory which from ancient times has been called Caen. And therein is contained thus: Also in the island of Jersey we have granted one mill & the land of two freemen & the moiety of the tithe of five parishes & the sixth sheaf of one parish & the half, & also the land & tithes which Raynold our chaplain in the same island used to hold of me; [and this] at the prayer of the said Raynold after he was made a monk of the Church aforesaid.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 10 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

She brought also besides these the charter of the lord King H. son of the Empress & also the charter of the lord King Richard which begins thus: Richard by the grace of God King of England

Dux Normanñ e Aquit, Comes And, Archiep̄is Ep̄is Abbibz Comitibz Baronibz Justiç, viç, e om̄ibz Ballis e fidelibz suis saltm. Sciatis nos concessisse e hac p̄senti Carta n̄ra confirmasse ecclie s̄c̄e T̄nitatis Cadomi e sc̄imonialibz ibidem deo seruiantibz om̄es s̄bsc̄ptas donationes quas antecessores n̄ri eis fecerunt. Et ex inde sequit̄ sic Et in Insula de Gereseye vn̄u molend̄ e medietatem decime de quinq̄, pochiiis e sextam garbam vni^o pochie e diē et fram e decias quas Reginaldus Capellanus ip̄ius Reg^o de eo tenebat in eadem In̄s. Et quo ad p̄d̄c̄m ānnū redd̄m septem libr̄ e decem solid̄ recipiend̄ p̄ mān Receptoris d̄ni Reg^o Diç qđ ip̄a e om̄es p̄decessor̄ sue Abbisse de Cadomo illum sic p̄cepunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc off̄unt v̄ificare p̄ p̄riam. Et simitr̄ qđ eedem Abbisse a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp̄ p̄cipe consuef̄unt p̄d̄c̄m ānnū redd̄m quinq̄ginta solid̄. Et hoc simitr̄ off̄unt v̄ificare p̄ p̄riam.

Et Willus des Mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ d̄no Rege quo ad ea que attornati Abbisse dicunt esse contenta in Cartis Regum petit qđ inquiret̄ p̄ d̄no Rege rei v̄itas t̄c̄. Et quo ad ānnū redd̄m septem libr̄ e decem solid̄ t̄c̄ dicit qđ ex quo patet p̄ Cartam d̄ni Reg^o Riçi cui^o tempus est infra tempus memorie, qđ p̄d̄c̄us d̄ns Rex Riçus confirmavit eis tenuras suas tam in Angl̄ Normanñ q̄m in Insulis e tam p̄ magnas q̄m puas p̄ticias. Ita qđ tota possessio ear̄ q̄m tuc h̄ebant continet̄ in eadem e in ea nō fit mencio de isto annuo redd̄ p̄ quod patet qđ illum t̄uc nō h̄ebant petit Jud̄m si illum clamare possint ab antiquo. Et simitr̄ dicit qđ comptū est p̄ p̄sentamentū Jūr̄ poç̄i de Grouiff̄ qđ ille redd̄ quinquaginta solid̄ datus fuit d̄no Regi p̄ illū qui fuit d̄ns molend̄ Malet p̄ sic qđ hoīes d̄ni Reg^o qui vellent molere possent ad molend̄ illud e hoc nō potest dedici e redd̄ ille nō continet̄ in p̄d̄c̄a Carta d̄ni Reg^o Riçi petit Jud̄m vt p̄ius si illum clamare possint ab antiquo. Et t̄ v̄l̄ius petit Jud̄m ex quo p̄d̄c̄a Abbissa

Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine, Count of Anjou. To the Archbishops, Bishops, Abbots, counts, barons, justices, sheriffs & all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that we have granted & by this our present charter have granted to the Church of the Holy Trinity of Caen & to the holy nuns serving God there all the underwritten gifts which our ancestors made to them. And from thence it follows thus : And in the Island of Jersey one mill & the moiety of the tithes of 5 parishes & the 6th sheaf of one parish & a half & the land & tithes which Reginald chaplain of the same King held of him in the said island. And as to the said yearly rent of 7 livres 10 sols to be taken by the hands of the Receiver of the lord the King they say that she & all her predecessors Abbesses of Caen took the same in like manner from time immemorial. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country. And likewise that the said Abbesses from time immemorial were always wont to take the said yearly rent of 50 sols. And this likewise they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King as to those things which the attorneys of the Abbess say are contained in the charters of the Kings claims that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King &c. And as to the yearly rent of 7 livres 10 sols &c. he says that inasmuch as it appears by the charter of the lord King Richard whose time is within the time of memory that the said lord King Richard confirmed to them their tenures as well in England [and] Normandy as in the Islands & as well in large as small particulars, so that their whole possession which they then had is included in the same, & in the same mention is not made of this yearly rent by which it appears that they did not have it then, he claims judgment as to whether they can claim that as of old. And likewise he says that it is found by the presentment of the jurors of the parish of Grouville that that rent of 50 sols was given to the lord the King by him who was lord of the mill of Malet on condition that the men of the lord the King who wish may grind at that mill & this cannot be denied, & that rent is not contained in the said charter of the lord King Richard, he claims judgment as before, as to whether they can claim as of old. And also he claims

clam peipe pdcus reddit^o de Theſ dñi Regis e inde nō pfert aliquod fcm spale. Et Juř quo ad pdca molendinū e reddm fruīti e decias vnde aduocaō petit^r tē, dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ Abbisse de Cadomo ea tenfunt in forma qua modo ea tenent, a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad residuū tē. Dies dat^o est ei de aud Juđo suo coram dño Rege a die scī Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq, fuit in Angl tē. Et dcm est eis qđ pquirant sibi infim bre de Cancellaria Angl, si velint conseruař dñam suam indempnem tē. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm veñ pdca Abbissa p attorñ suū Et etis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Juđo suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū mens vbicumq, tūc fuit in Angl. Ad quē diem pdca Abbissa p attorñ suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbičq, tē. Ad quē diem pdca Abbatissa p attorñ suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē pdca Abbtissa veñ. Et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino annuaz vbicūq, tē. Ad q diē iudiciū pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch in vnū mens vbicūq, tē. Ad q diem iudiciū pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch in tres sept vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diem iudm pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē die iudm pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch in qnq, sept^{as} p̄x futuř in vnū annū vbičq, tē. Ad q diē pdca Abbissa veñ p att suū, e Judm pdcū respectuat^r vsq, a die Pasch in qnq, sept^{as} p̄x futuř in vnū annū vbicūq, tē.

veñ
m^o nō veñ
v^h sep. pas.
Seq^r Rex tē

Joñnes de Ditton qui tenuit locum Ottonis de Grandisono in Insulis ante Iter tē pposuit hic in psencia Joñnis de Carfet venientis p Galfrim de Cartel genalem attorñ suū e omī Juř dñi Reg^o qđ cum ipe nup coram Ballo hui^o Inš e pdcis Juř ad qrelam pdci Joñnis de Carfet qrentis de iniusta districōne sibi fca p ministros ipius Ottonis

further judgment because the said Abbess claims to take the said rent of the treasury of the lord the King & thereof does not produce any special deed. And the jurors as to the aforesaid mill & rent of wheat & tithes whereupon the advowson is claimed &c. say upon their oath that the Abbesses of Caen held the same in the form in which they now hold them, from time immemorial. And as to the residue &c. a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And they are told to acquire for themselves in the meantime a writ of the Chancery of England if they wish to keep their lady indemnified &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbess by her attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbess by her attorney came, & a day is given to her in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess by her attorney came, & a day is given to her in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess came. And a day is given to her in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess came by her attorney, & the judgment aforesaid is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Now does not
come.

5 weeks Easter.

The King sues
&c.

John de Ditton who held the place of Otho de Grandison in the Island before the eyre &c. set forth here in the presence of John de Carteret coming by Geoffrey de Carteret his general attorney & of all the jurats of the lord the King that when he lately before the bailiff of this island & the said jurats on the plaint of the said John de Carteret complaining of the unjust distraint made upon him by

pposuisset quoddā scriptum obligatoriū ipsius Joānis p quod obligat
se soliturū pfato Ottoni Centū libr bonoz puoz e nigroz Turoñ p
Petro⁺ Dartys in ptem soluçois debitoz que Idem Petrus debebat pdco
Ottoni a magno tempe elapso pdci Juř adiudicauerunt pdcm Joāem
esse debere quietum p eciam ptem pdce suūe quam soluit post de-
fensionem debet monete Turoñ currentis tempe guerre, p eo quod
scriptum fcm fuit tempe quo debet moneta currebat, ppl que a pte
ipsius Ottonis a pdco Judo tanq iniquo ffit ad Cuř dñi Reg^o appel-
lat e peř qđ corrigat tē. Et tam pdcus Joānes de Carlet qm
pdci xij. Juř dicunt qđ pdcm Judm bonū est e legale. Et inde sup-
pon se dco Judo Cuř dñi Reg^o. Et qz tangit negocia de moneta
vnde fit qrela de ministris tē, et que adiornant coram dño Rege. Iō
dat^o est dies ptibz tē coz dño Rē a die s̄ci Mich in vnū menš vbicūq,
tūc ffit in Angl Et Juř ad tūc exp^o Judm. Postea ad diem illū apđ
Westm ctis de causis Judm inde respectuat reddendū coram dño
Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicumq, tūc fuit in Angl. Deinde
dies datus est a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. Deinde datus
est ei dies a die Pasch in xv di[es] vbicūq, tē. Et deinde datus est
ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. In Crastino annuař
vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudicm resp^otuat^r tē vsq, a die Pasch in vnū
menš vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudm pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch
in tres sept vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudicm pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die
Pasch in xv. dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē iudm pdcm resp^otuatur vsq,
a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē iudm pdcm resp^otuat^r
vsq, a die Pasch in qnq, sept^os p̄xio futuř in vnū añ vbicūq, tē.

ven
nō venit

Seq^r ps si
velit.

the officers of the said Otho, set forth a certain obligatory deed of the said John by which he obliged himself to pay to the said Otho 100 livres of good small & black Tournois on behalf of Peter Dartys in part payment of the debts which the same Peter owed to the said Otho for a long time past,—the said jurats adjudged that the said John ought to be quit by the third part of the said sum which he paid after the defence in debased money Tournois current in the time of war, because the deed was made in the time in which debased money was current, on account of which on behalf of the said Otho an appeal was made to the court of the lord the King from the said judgment as being contrary to right, & he claims that it may be corrected &c. And as well the said John de Carteret as the said 12 jurats say that the said judgment is good & lawful. And therein they submit themselves to the said judgment of the court of the lord the King. And because it touches the business of money whereupon a plaint is made of the officers &c. and which they adjourn before the lord the King—therefore a day is given to the parties &c. before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the jurats then desired judgment. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes judgment therein is respited to be rendered before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. Thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited &c. until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Did not come.

Let the party sue
if he wishes.

(M. 11.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ in Insula
de Jereseye de eodem Istin̄e.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit
Jereseye. Abbas de Chireburḡi suū fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad
respond̄ dño Regi de plito qđ redd̄ ei aduocações Prioratus de Insu-
letta s̄ci Elerii e ecclie s̄ce T̄nitatis viginti denaratas Turoñ redd̄s
et reddm̄ triginta e sex quartioꝝ fruñti, viginti gallin, t̄rm capoñ e
septies viginti onoꝝ cum p̄tiñ in pochia s̄ci Lauř. Et de plito quo
Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum
Angl̄ clañ p̄cipe e here de singtis tenentibꝫ suis in poch̄i s̄ci Elerii
fumağ siue moneagiū e t̄ Wreccum ibidem que ad dñm̄ Regem, Co-
ronam e dignitatem suam ptinent. Et vnde Willus des mareys qui
sequit̄ p̄ dño Rege dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus t̄p̄ fuit seisitus tempe
pacis de p̄dc̄is aduocaçoibꝫ, redd̄, Wrecco, e aliis p̄tiñ t̄c̄ vt de feodo
e iure Corone sue. Et qđ tale sit Jus Reg^o offert v̄ficare. p̄ dño
Rege sicut Cuř cons̄.

Et Abbas veñ. Et dicit qđ dñs H. Rex fit Impat̄cis quondam
dedit Ab̄bie s̄ci Elerii molend̄ de villa in poch̄i s̄ci Elerii cum multa
e p̄ñ suis t̄c̄, et eccliam s̄ce T̄nitatis e mariscum s̄ci Elerii. Et
p̄fert Cartam ip̄ius dñi H. Reg^o in hec v̄ba. H. Rex Angl̄ e Dux
Norman̄ e Aquit̄ e Comes And̄, Archiep̄o Rothom̄, Ep̄is, Ab̄bibꝫ,
Coñ, Baroñ, Justič, vič e om̄ibꝫ ministris e fidelibꝫ suis Norman̄
sal̄m. Sciatis me dedisse e p̄senti carta confirmasse Ab̄bie s̄ci Elerii
de Gerseio e Canonicis ibidem deo seruientibꝫ p̄ salute mea e liboꝝ
meoꝝ in p̄petuam elemosinam molend̄ de villa cū multa e debita
suicio ip̄ius molend̄, et eccliam s̄ce T̄nitatis e mariscum s̄ci Elerij.
Quare volo e firmiř p̄cipio qđ eadem Ab̄bia e Canōici hec p̄dc̄a h̄eant
e teneant bene e in pace libe e quiete e integre e plenarie e hono-
rifice, sicut ea tenebam in dño meo cum om̄ibꝫ lib̄tatibꝫ e libis

(M. 11.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

He died.

Jersey.

The Abbot of Cherbourg was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render up to him the advowsons of the Priory of the Islet of St. Helier & of the Church of Holy Trinity, 20 deniers Tournois of rent & the rent of 36 quarters of wheat, 20 hens, 3 capons & 140 eggs with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Lawrence. And concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to take & have of all his tenants in the parish of St. Helier fumage or moneage & also wreck there which belong to the lord the King his crown & dignity. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised in the time of peace of the said advowsons, rent, wreck & other appurtenances &c. as of fee & right of his crown. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord King H. son of the Empress formerly gave to the Abbey of St. Helier the Town mill in the parish of St. Helier with its multure & appurtenances, &c., and the Church of Holy Trinity & the marsh of St. Helier. And he produces a charter of the same lord King H. in these words. H. King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou, to the Archbishop of Rouen, Bishops, Abbots, Counts, Barons, justices, sheriffs & all his ministers & faithful people of Normandy greeting. Know ye that I have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Helier of Jersey & the canons there serving God for my salvation & that of my children in perpetual alms the Town mill with the multure & service due of the same mill, & the Church of Holy Trinity & the marsh of St. Helier. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the same Abbey & canons may have & hold these things well & in peace, freely & quietly & wholly & fully & honourably, as I held them in my demesne with all their

consuetudinibz suis. T mađro Jođne de Oxneford, mađro Rađo de Tame Worda, Cođm Regiđ, Ričo de Luci, Ričo de Camulla, Wiffo de Caumeto, Huđ de Gundeuilla, Durando Luis, Wiffo de ostilli, apud Cestr̄. Dicit t̄ qđ idem dñs H. Rex postea fecit vnionem de Abbaciis de Chireburgđ e sđi Elerii. Ita qđ sedes Abbie foret apud Chireburgđ e quinq, Canōici forent celeb^antes apud sđm Elerium. Et pfert inde Cartam dñi H. Reg^o in hec vba. H. dei gr̄a Rex Angt e Dux Normanđ e Aquit e Comes And, Archiep̄s, Ep̄s, Abbibz, Comitibz, Barođ, Justič, vič, e ođibz Baftis e fidelibz suis sal̄m. Sciatis qđ ego de consilio rothrodie pie recordat^o Rothođ Archiep̄i e e multaz alias vesibit̄m e religiosasz psonaz cōiuncōem duaz domoz Canonič reglarium que roñe fundačois ad meam sp̄aliť nullo mediante donačoom ptinent e ordinačoom sđi scilt Elerii de Insulis e sđe Marie de Cesaris Burgo iamp^ldem concessi, ea videlt consideračone inductus qđ nulla illaz p se ad sustentačoom Conuent^o reglarit̄ degentis suffice posse credebat. Sed qz pdča concessio mea ante tempa vesibit viri Walťi Rothođ Archiep̄i ad plenū nō f̄rat eff̄cm mancipata, de voluntate e assensu eiusđ Archep̄i tam p̄sentis sc̄pti annocačone e sigilli mei apposičone confirmaui firmiť p̄cipiendo vt inapptm̄ in hunc modum cōiūcte pmaneant, scilt vt in ecclia sđe Marie de Cesaris Burgo p̄cipua sedes sit Abbis e in ea ordo b̄i Augustini iux^a statuta sđi Vittoris Paris̄ obseruet. Et in domo sđi Elerii in Insulis quinq, Canonici ad minus scđm disposičoom Abbis reglanť viuentes deo deseruiant qui modis ođibz potestati e voluntati Abbis p̄nōiati loci pmanebunt sbiecti, et possessiones ođes tam eccliaſtice q^m alie ad domū sđi Elerii ptinentes in disposičone eiusđ Abbis consistent. T. W. Roth Archiep̄o tč. Et dicit qđ p̄decessores ip̄ius Abbis post donačoom hi^o, ea semp tenuerunt pacifice, sicut e ip̄e ea modo tenet. Et dicit qđ

liberties & free customs. Witnesses : Master John of Oxford, Master Ralph of Tamworth, Earl Reginald, Richard de Lucy, Richard de Camulla, William de Caumeto, Hugh de Gundeville, Durand Luis, William de Ostilli, at Chester. He says also that the same lord King H. afterwards united the Abbeys of Cherbourg & St. Helier. So that the seat of the Abbey should be at Cherbourg & 5 canons should celebrate Divine Service at St. Helier. And he produces thereof a charter of the lord King H. in these words. H. by the grace of God King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, Bishops, abbots, counts, barons, justices, sheriffs & all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that I by the counsel of Rotrou⁽¹⁾ of pious memory Archbishop of Rouen & of many other venerable & religious persons, have long since granted the union of the two houses of regular canons which by reason of the foundation belong especially to my gift & ordinance, no one intervening, to wit, of St. Helier of the Islands & St. Mary of Cherbourg, induced to wit by this consideration that none of those, it is thought, by themselves can suffice for the sustentation of the community living regularly, but because my said grant before the times of the venerable Walter⁽²⁾ Archbishop of Rouen was not made over with full effect, with the will & assent of the same Archbishop I have now confirmed it by the registration of this present writing & by the affixing of my seal, firmly commanding that they may for ever remain united in that way, viz., that in the Church of St. Mary of Cherbourg shall be the principal seat of the Abbot, & in the same the order of St. Augustine according to the statutes of St. Victor of Paris shall be observed ; & in the house of St. Helier of the Islands, five canons at the least according to the disposition of the Abbot living regularly shall serve God who in all ways shall remain subject to the power & will of the Abbot of the said place, & all the possessions as well ecclesiastical as other belonging to the house of St. Helier shall be at the disposition of the said Abbot. Witness W. Archbishop of Rouen, &c. And he says that the predecessors of the said Abbot after such gift always held them peacefully, & as he now

(1) Rotrou, Archbishop of Rouen in 1165.

(2) Gautier le Magnifique, Archbishop in 1184.

postq^m Iidem p^recessores sui arenta^runt mariscum illud e ibi ap-
posuerunt p^res tenentes, quod est ad comodū dⁿi Reg^o. Iidem p^re-
decessores sui e ip^e q^mmcicius Ba^rlus dⁿi Reg^o leua^rit fuma^g t^c. ipⁱ p
Priorem suū de Insuletta s^ci Elerii vbi Canonici illi degent petunt
ab ip^o Ba^rlo q^mntum a tenentib^z eo^r recepit. Et eis semp solutum
fuit a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad p^rd^cos redd^s t^c dicit
q^d ip^e capit p^rd^cos redd^s de tenentib^z suis residentib^z in p^rd^co ma-
risco, e dicit q^d postq^m mariscum illud arentatū fuit p^recessores
suos. Iidem p^recessores sui soliti f^runt hui^omodi redd^s de tenen-
tibus suis ibidem recipe sicut e ip^e modo pcipit. Et q^d Ita est de
sing^lis offert vⁱficare p^riam.

Et Willus dicit p^r dⁿo Rege q^d Wreccum est regalis lib^tas quam
nullus h^re potest sine s^pali dono regio, et ex quo nō continet^r in
p^rd^ca Carta regia, q^d p^rd^cus dⁿs Rex concessit p^recessorib^z ipⁱus
Ab^bis hui^omodi lib^tatem peipe, nec Abbas ostendit inde aliud f^cm
s^pale petit Jud^m p^r dⁿo Rege. Dicit t^c q^d fuma^g est custuma debita
ipⁱ dⁿo Regi de pp^lo cui^ocūq^z, sint hōies v^t tenentes p^r sic q^d dⁿs Rex
eos pmittit v^t cōibus monetis legali^r currentib^z t^c. Et dicit q^d
nullus de Insulis custumam illam p^efe debet v^t pōi p^rf^c s^pale Wa-
rantum hnd de dⁿo Rege, nec est alius qui illam cla^m nisi p^rd^cus
Ab^bas, vnde petit Jud^m p^r dⁿo Rege. Et contentis in Cartis petit
q^d rei vⁱtas inquirat^r p^r dⁿo Rege p^riam. Dies datus est ei de aud^t
Jud^o suo coram dⁿo Rege a die s^ci Michⁱs in vnū men^s vbicumq^z,
tunc f^rit in Ang^l t^c. Et Abbas po. lo. suo f^rem Nich^m Leuesk
Canōicum suū v^t Petrum fⁱl Petⁱ Dartys. Postea ad diem illū ap^d
West^m ven^t p^rd^cus Ab^bas p^r attorⁿ suū. Et c^tis de causis dat^o est
eis dies de Jud^o suo aud^t coram dⁿo Rege a die Paschⁱ in vnū men^s
vbicūq^z, tunc f^rit in Ang^l. Ad quem diem p^rd^cus Abbas p^r attorⁿ

holds them. And he says that afterwards his said predecessors arented that marsh & placed there many tenants which is to the advantage of the lord the King. His same predecessors & he himself as often as the bailiff of the lord the King levied fumage &c. they by their Prior of the Islet of St. Helier, where those canons live, claim from the same bailiff as much as he received from their tenants; & it was always paid to them from time immemorial. And as to the said rents &c. he says that he takes the said rents from his tenants residing in the said marsh, & he says that after that marsh was arented by his predecessors, the same predecessors were wont to receive such rents of their tenants there as he now takes. And that it is so concerning each & all of these things he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that wreck is a royal franchise which none may have without a special royal gift, & because it is not contained in the said royal charter that the aforesaid lord the King granted to the predecessors of the said Abbot to take such franchise, & because the said Abbot cannot show any special deed thereof, he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that fumage is a custom due to the said lord the King from the people whosoever men or tenants they may be, because the lord the King permits them to use common moneys lawfully current &c. And he says that no one of the islands ought or may claim that custom except special warrant be had of the lord the King, nor is there any other who claims it except the said Abbot, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to the contents of the charters he demands that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King by verdict of the country. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot puts in his place Brother Nicholas Levesque his canon or Peter son of Peter Dartys. Afterwards at that day at Westminster comes the said Abbot by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot

suū p attorñ suū⁽¹⁾ venit, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū
nō veñ mensē vbicumq; tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄cūs Abbas nō veñ Iō de ip̄o
ad iudicm̄ tē. Sed ponit̄ in respectū vsq; a die Pasch̄ in xv dies
vbicūq; tē. Et deinde resp̄tuat̄ iudm̄ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū men-
sem vbicumq; tē. In Crastino aīa; vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudicm̄
vt p̄ius resp̄tuat̄ vt p̄ius vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū mens̄ vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄
diem iudicm̄ p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat̄ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄t vbicūq;
tē.—Ad quem diem iudm̄ resp̄tuatur vsq; a die Pasch̄ in xv dies
vbicūq; tē. Et quia alibi testat̄ in rot̄is plitoꝝ de Insul de Gerneꝝ
p̄ fram Otonis de Ḡndisono hic p̄ p̄ceptū dñi R̄ missam qđ p̄d̄cūs
Abbas mortuus est, Iō nō p̄cedat̄ vlt̄er̄o in pl̄ito isto ad p̄sens tē.
Seq̄: Rex

(M. 11 d) **Adhuc de pl̄itis coram p̄fatis Iusticiaꝝ in Insula
de Beresepe de eod̄ Blin̄e.**

fresingfeld.

Maḡr P̄ius de Cheny suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respond̄ dño Regi
de pl̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reḡo e p̄genitoꝝ
suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ clam̄ h̄ere lib̄am Warennā in om̄ib; dñicis suis in
poch̄ s̄ci Joh̄nis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ h̄ere Wreccū maris p̄ totā
fram suam in poch̄ s̄ci Saluatoris s̄ci Joh̄nis e s̄ci Audoeni, e illud
in p̄pos vsus conf̄e. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ p̄cipe e h̄ere lib̄am
esp̄keriam in poch̄ s̄ci Joh̄nis e s̄ci Audoeni de piscib; p̄ hoīes suos
captis in aquis dñi Reḡo. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ p̄cipe e h̄ere
catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reḡo vt fugituoꝝ que spectant ad Co-
ronam e dignitatem dñi Reḡo. Et P̄ius veñ, et dicit qđ ip̄e tenet
teñ sua in hac Insula p̄ p̄parte sua de h̄editate Willi de Cheny p̄ris
Nichi de Cheny e ip̄ius Phi cui^o h̄er̄ ip̄i sunt. Et quo ad Warennam
tē., dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē p̄ Cartam suam concessit p̄d̄co p̄ri

(1) Sic.

Does not come. by his attorney comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come. Therefore as to him to judgment &c. But it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c.

as before. At which day judgment is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And because it is witnessed elsewhere in the rolls of the pleas of the island of Guernsey by a letter of Otho de Grandison sent here by command of the lord the King, that the said Abbot is dead, therefore let it not be proceeded with further in this plea at present &c.

The King
sues.

(M. 11 d.)

**Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in
the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Master Philip de Cheny was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren in all his demesnes in the parish of St. John. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the parishes of St. Saviour, St. John & St. Ouen & to convert it to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the parishes of St. John & St. Ouen, of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the crown and dignity of the lord the King. And Philip comes & says that he holds his tenements in this island for his share of the inheritance of William de Cheny father of Nicholas de Cheny & of the said Philip whose heirs they are. And as to warren &c. he says that the lord King H. the grandfather, &c.

suo Warennam in omnibus dñicis terris suis in hac Insula. Et quo ad Wreccum e espekē in pochi s̄ci Johis t̄c dicit qđ Wiffus Paynel quond tenuit teñ in pd̄ca pochi s̄ci Joh̄nis que Idem P̄hus modo tenet, et postea f̄funt escheř Reg^o, et pd̄c̄us dñs H. Rex auus t̄c. dedit teñ illa pd̄co Wiffo p̄ri suo cum omnibus libtatibus e libis consuetudinibus t̄c. Et dic̄ qđ pd̄c̄us Wiffus Paynel tempe suo e om̄es antecessores sui tenentes teñ illa vsi f̄funt h̄re hui^o libtates a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et t̄ pd̄c̄us Wiffus pal̄ suus e ip̄e simitr vsi sunt eisdem libtatibus post pd̄c̄m donū dñi Reg^o sic f̄c̄m p̄ri suo. Et qđ Ita sit off̄t v̄ficare sicut Cuř cons̄. Et quo ad Wreccū e espekē t̄c in pochi s̄ci Audoeni, dicit simitr qđ quidam Wiffus Comaundas quond tenuit teñ in pd̄ca pochi que Idem P̄hus modo tenet que postea deuefunt escheř Reg^o, et Idem dñs H. Rex auus t̄c. dedit teñ illa Wiffo p̄ri suo cum omnibus libtatibus e libis consuetudinibus ad teñ illa spectantibus t̄c. Et dicit qđ pd̄c̄us Wiffus Comaundas tempe suo e om̄es antecessores sui vsi f̄funt pd̄c̄is libtatibus a tempe quo nō extat memoria, e dicit qđ a tempe pd̄c̄i doni dñi Reg^o pd̄c̄us Wiffus pal̄ suus e ip̄e vsi sunt pd̄c̄is libtatibus in forma qua ip̄e modo eas clamat t̄c. Et qđ Ita est offert v̄ficare sicut Cuř cons̄. Dicit t̄ qđ qz pd̄ca Carta dñi H. Regis inde f̄ca p̄ri ip̄ius Phi est in Anglia, ip̄e patus est v̄ficare pd̄ca dona p̄ record̄ Rotloř de Cancellaria t̄c, si ip̄e sufficientem Cartam nō p̄ferat coram consilio dñi Reg^o. Et quo ad Wreccum in pochi s̄ci Saluatoris dicit qđ pd̄c̄us Wiffus pal̄ suus p̄quisiuit teñ que Idem P̄hus modo tenet in pd̄ca pochi de Eustachio de Greneuille. Et dicit qđ pd̄c̄us Eustach̄ tempe suo e om̄es antecessores sui ante eum tenentes teñ illa vsi f̄funt p̄cipe Wreccum in teñ suis in pd̄ca pochi, a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et pd̄c̄us Wiffus pal̄ suus e ip̄e soliti f̄funt h̄re Wreccum in forma qua pd̄c̄us P̄hus illud modo clamat,

by his charter granted to his said father warren in all his demesne lands in this island. And as to wreck & esperkeria in the parish of St. John &c. he says that William Paynel formerly held the tenements in the said parish of St. John which the same Philip now holds, & afterwards they were the escheats of the King, & the said lord King H. the grandfather, &c. gave those tenements to the said William his father with all franchises & free customs &c. And he says that the said William Paynel in his time & all his ancestors holding those tenements were used to have such franchises from time immemorial, & also the said William his father & he himself have likewise used the same franchises after the said gift of the lord the King so made to his father. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to wreck & esperkeria &c. in the parish of St. Owen he says likewise that a certain William Comandas formerly held the tenements in the said parish which the same Philip now holds, which afterwards became the escheats of the King, & the same lord King H. the grandfather &c. gave those tenements to William his father with all franchises & free customs to those tenements belonging &c. And he says that the said William Comandas in his time & all his ancestors used the said liberties from time immemorial, & he says that from the time of the said gift of the lord the King the said William his father & he himself have used the said franchises in the form in which he now claims them &c. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. Also he says that because the said charter of the lord King H. thereof made to the father of the said Philip is in England he is ready to establish the said gifts by the record of the rolls in the Chancery &c. if he do not bring a sufficient charter before the council of the lord the King. And as to wreck in the parish of St. Saviour he says that the said William his father purchased the tenements which the same Philip now holds in the said parish of Eustace de Greneville. And he says that the said Eustace in his time & all his ancestors before him holding those tenements were used to take wreck in their lands in the said parish from time immemorial, & the said William his father & he were wont to have wreck in the form in which the said Philip now claims it, saving always to

saluis semp dño Regi p'ncipalibz tē. Et qđ Ita est offert vificare sicut Cuř cons. Et quo ad Catalla felonū tē dicit qđ si hoies sui cicius possint appofie manus ad catalla homū suoꝝ latronū qm hoies Reg^o tunc claīm ipe hēre catalla illa. Et dicit qđ sic vsi ffunt omēs tenentes teñ que ipe modo tenet a tempe quo memoria nō existit, et sic vsi sunt omēs dñi hui^o Insule tē.

Et Willus des Mareys qui sequit' p dño Rege quo ad Wreccum e espekē tē in pochiis s̄ci Joh̄nis e s̄ci Audoeni, dicit qđ ex quo p̄d̄cus P̄hus cogñ qđ p̄d̄ca teñ ffuunt in mañ dñi H. Reg^o tē et qđ ipe illa clamat de dono p̄d̄ci dñi Reg^o, nō potest hēre hui^o libtates nisi continet' in Carta sua et petit Judm̄ p dño Rege. Et quo ad Wreccum tē in poch̄ s̄ci Saluatoris dicit qđ Wreccum est regia libtas, et nemo potest hui^o libtatem vendere et ex quo p̄d̄cus P̄hus clamat hui^o libtatem de p̄quis p̄ris sui tē petit Judm̄ p dño Rege ex quo nō ostendit inde aliquod f̄cm sp̄ale. Et simitr petit Judm̄ quo ad om̄ia alia de quibz nō pfert Cartam dñi Reg^o quam allegat p Wař. Dies dat^o est ei de aud̄ Judo suo coram dño Rege a die s̄ci Mich̄is in vnū men̄s vbicūq, tūc ffuit in Angl̄. Et P̄hus po. lo. suo Simonem de Esse. Postea ad diem illū apud Lond̄⁽¹⁾ veñ p̄d̄cus P̄hus. Et ctis de causis dat^o ē eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq, tūc ffuit in Angl̄. Et P̄hus fecit attorñ sicut patet alibi. Ad quem diem p̄d̄cus P̄hus p attorñ suū veñ, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq, tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄cus P̄hus venit e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diem p̄d̄cus P̄hs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aīaꝝ vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ p̄d̄cus P̄hs vt sup^a veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄

(1) This word is erased superficially, but the ink has penetrated the substance of the parchment so as to be still visible.

the lord the King those things which belong to the prince, &c. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to the chattels of felons, &c. he says that if his servants could lay their hands on the chattels of his men, thieves, more quickly than the King's servants then they claimed to have those chattels. And he says that so were used to do all [people] holding those tenements which he now holds, from time immemorial, & so were used to do all the lords of this island, &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King, as to wreck & esperkeria &c. in the parishes of St. John & St. Ouen says that because the said Philip acknowledges that the said tenements were in the hands of the lord King H. &c. and that he claims them of the gift of the said lord the King, he cannot have such franchises unless they are contained in his charter & claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to wreck &c. in the parish of St. Saviour he says that wreck is a royal franchise & that no one can sell such franchise, & because the said Philip claims such franchise of the purchase of his father &c. he claims judgment for the lord the King because he does not show any special deed thereof. And he likewise claims judgment as to all other things of which he does not produce a charter of the lord the King which he alleges for a warrant. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Philip puts in his place Simon de Esse. Afterwards at that day at London comes the said Philip. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Philip appoints an attorney as appears elsewhere. At which day the said Philip by his attorney comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

Comes. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the

Comes. said Philip comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever, &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. At which [day] the said Philip as above comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

diē p'dcūs P'hs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbi-
cūq, tē.—Ad quē diē p'dcūs P'hs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in
v^o sep. p.
Seq^r Rex.
(M. 12.)
Gerneř
xv dies vbiq, tē. Ad quē diē p'dcūs P'hs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a
die Pasch̄ in q̄nq, sept^s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū añ vbiq, tē.

Dñs Rex mandauit hic iras suas patentē in hec v̄ba. Edwardus
dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hib̄n e Dux Aquit̄ ditcis e fidelibz suis Joh̄i
de ffresingfeld, Drogoni de Barantino e Joh̄i de Dittoñ saltm. Sciatis
qđ constituim^o vos e duos vřm Justič nřos ad ass^s e om̄ia alia plita
tenend̄ hac vice infra Insulas de Gerneř, Jerseye, Serk e Aureneye
put alias coram aliis Justič scđm legem e consuetudēm p̄ciū illaz
teneri consueuerūt. Et ideo vobis mandam^o qđ ad p'missa facienda
intendatis in forma p'dcā. Mandauim^o enim militibz libis hořibz e
om̄ibz aliis de Insulis p'dcīs qđ vobis e duobz vřm tamq̄ Justič nřis
in p'missis intendentes sint e respondentes sicut p'dc̄m est. In cui^o
rei testimoim̄ has iras nřas fieri fecim^o patentēs. T̄ me ip̄o apud
Langeleye xvj. die marcij anno ř. ñ. secundo.

Misit eciam quasdam iras patentēs in hec v̄ba. Edwardus dei
gr̄a Rex Angl̄, Dñs Hib̄n e Dux Aquit̄ Balliuis Insulař de Geneř,
Jerš, Serk e Aurneye saltm. Cum constituim^o ditcos e fideles nřos
Joh̄em de ffresyngfeld, Drogonem de Barantino e Joh̄em de Dittoñ
ac duos eoř Justič nřos ad ass^s e om̄ia alia plita tenenda hac vice
infra Insulas p'dcās put alias coram aliis Justič scđm legem e cons̄
p̄ciū illaz teneri consueuerunt put in lřis nřis patentibz eisdem Jo-
hanni Drogoni e Johanni inde confectis plenius continet^r, vobis mau-
damus qđ etos dies e loca quos p'dc̄i Joh̄nes, Drogo e Joh̄nes vel
duo eoř vobis scire faciant, venire fač coram eis vel duobz eoř tot e
tales p̄bos e legales hořes de Insulis p'dcīs p quos rei vitas in p'missis
melius sciri pořit e inquiri. In cui^o rei testimoim̄ has iras nřas fieri
fecimus patentēs. T̄ me ip̄o apud Langleye xvj. die Marcij. anno
ř. ñ. scđo.

5 weeks from
Easter.
The King sues.

At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 12.)
Guernsey.

The lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton, greeting. Know ye that we have constituted you & two of you our justices to hold the assizes & all other pleas this turn within the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney as they were wont to be held at other times before other justices according to the law & custom of those parts. And therefore we command you that you be ready to do all in the premises in the form aforesaid. We have also sent to the knights, free men & all others of the islands aforesaid that they assist & answer when called upon to you & two of you as our justices in the premises as is aforesaid. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness myself at Langley the 16th day of March in the second year of our reign.

He also sent certain letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to the bailiffs of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, greeting. Whereas we have constituted our beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton & two of them our justices for the assizes & all other pleas to be held this turn within the said islands as at other times before other justices according to the law & custom of those parts they were wont to be held as in our letters patent to the same John, Drogo & John thereof made is more fully contained, we command you that at certain days & places which the said John, Drogo & John or two of them will make known to you, you cause to come before them or two of them all & such good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness myself at Langley the 16th day of March in the second year of our reign.

Misit eciam quasdam alias lras suas patentes in hec vba. Edwardus dei gr̃a Rex Angl̃, Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit̃ dicitis e fidelibz suis Johanni de ffresyngfeld Wiffo Russel e Johi de Dittoñ saltm. Quia datū est nobis intelligi qđ dñse ter̃ e teñ cum homagiis, ſuiciis, aduocaçonibz eccliaꝝ, capellaꝝ, esch̃etis, Wrecco maris, Warenñ, chaceis, custumis makerelloꝝ, Espkera congroꝝ e aliis libtatibz dñsis que ad nos ptinent e de iure ptinere debent in Iñs nñis de Geneř, Jerš, Serk e Aurneye per quosđ homies e htatores eazdem Inš Religiosos e alios tam tempore dñi H. R^{is} aui nñi, dñi E. R^{is} pñis nñi e nro vsurpata sunt indebite e detenta e qđ alie dñse subt^octiones libtatū e iurñ nroꝝ in ptibz illis ac p^opresture fce sunt ibidem in nri p^oiudiciū e exhereditačom manifestam; Nos indempnitali nre prospice, e sup hiis remediū adhibe volentes ac de vřa c^ocumspčone e industria spaliř confidentes assig^ouim^o vos uel duos vřm ad inquirend p sacrñ pboꝝ e leg^o hoim Insulaꝝ p^odcaꝝ p quos rei vřitas melius sciri pořit de huiusmōi ter̃ e teñ homagiis, ſuiciis, aduocaçonibz, Wrecco, Warreñm chaceis, custumis, espekř e aliis libtatibz sic vsurpatis e detentis ac eciam de subtraccionibz libtatū e iurñ p^odcoꝝ e p^oprestis p^odčis pleni^o vřitatem e p quem vel p quos e a quo tempore e quař e quo modo e ad om̃ia sic vsurpata detenta e subt^octa ad statum debitū reuocand. Et ideo vobis mandam^o qđ vocatis coram vobis uel duobz vřm qui fũint evocandi p^omissa om̃ia e singula faciař e expleatis in forma p^odča. Maudauim^o enī singulis Ballis Inš p^odcaꝝ ad etos die[s] e loca quos ei scire facietis venire fač coram vobis vel duobz vřm tot e tales pboꝝ e leg^o hoies de Insulis p^odčis p quos rei vřitas in p^omissis melius sciri pořit e inquire e vobis vel duobz vřm peant e intendant p[ut] eis scire facietis ex pte nřa. In cui^o rei testimoim has lras nřas fieri fecim^o patentes. T̃. me ip̃o apud Westm̃ xx^o die maij. anno ř. ñ. scđo.

He sent also certain others his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, William Russel & John de Ditton greeting. Because we have been given to understand that divers lands & tenements with homages, services, advowsons of churches, chapels, escheats, wreck of the sea, warrens, chaces, customs of mackerel, esperkeria of congers & divers other franchises which belong to us & of right ought to belong to us in our islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, are unduly usurped & detained by certain men & inhabitants of the same islands ecclesiastics & others as well in the time of the lord King H. our grandfather, the lord King E. our father, as in our time, & that divers other subtractions of our franchises & rights in those parts & encroachments are made there to our manifest prejudice & disinheritance: We wishing to safeguard our rights & to supply a remedy in these matters & being specially confident of your circumspection & industry have appointed you or two of you to enquire by the oath of good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter may the better be known concerning such lands & tenements homages, services, advowsons, wrecks, warrens, chaces, customs, esperkeria & other franchises so usurped & detained & also more fully the truth concerning the subtraction of our said franchises & rights & concerning the said encroachments & by whom & from what time & how & in what manner, & to restore all things so usurped detained & subtracted to their due state. And therefore we command you that you call before you or two of you those who are to be called & that you do & fulfil all & each of the premises in the form aforesaid. And we have also commanded all the bailiffs of the said islands at certain days & places which you shall make known to them to cause to come before you or two of you all & such good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into & to be aiding & assisting you or two of you as you shall make it known to them on our behalf. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 20th day of May, in the second year of our reign.

Misit eciam quasdam alias tras suas patentes in hec v̄ba. Edwardus dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit̄ Balfis Insulaꝝ de Gerneř, Jerš, Serk e Aurneye saltm. Quia datum est nobis intelligi qđ diuise terre e teñ cum homagiis e ſuiciis aduocaçonibꝫ eccliaꝝ e capellaꝝ, eschetis, Wrecco mař, Warenñ, chaceis, custumis makerelloꝝ, espkeria congroꝝ e aliis libtatibꝫ diuſis que ad nos ptinent e de iure ptinere debent in Insulis nr̄is p̄dc̄is p quosđ hoies e hitatores eaꝝdem Religiosos e alios tam t̄pe dñi R^{is} aui nr̄i, q^m t̄pe dñi E. R^{is} p̄ris nr̄i e n̄ro vsurpata sunt indebite e detenta, et qđ ille diuise subtractoes libtatū e iurñ nroꝝ in ptibꝫ illis ac p̄prestē f̄ce sunt ibidem in nr̄i p̄iudiciū e exhereditaçom manifestam, p quod assigauim⁹ ditcos e fideles nr̄os Joñem de ffresyngfeld Wilłm Russel e Joñem de Dittoñ vel duos eoꝝ ad inquirend̄ p sac̄m p̄boꝝ e leḡ hoim Insulaꝝ p̄dcaꝝ p quos rei v̄tas melius sciri potiř de huiusmōi terris, teñ, homağ e seruiciis, aduocaçonibꝫ, Wrecco, Warenñ, chaceis, custumis, espkeria e aliis libtatibꝫ sic vsurpatis e detentis ac t̄ de subtractionibꝫ libtatum e iurñ p̄dcoꝝ e p̄prestis p̄dc̄is plenius v̄tatem p quē vł p quos e a quo tempore q^{li} e quo modo, e ad oim̄ia sic vsurpata, detenta e subtracta ad statum debiř reuocand̄. Et ideo vobis mandam⁹ qđ ad etos dies e loca quos iidem Joñes, Wilłs e Joñes vel duo eoꝝ vobis scire faciant, coř eis vel duobꝫ eoꝝ venire fač tot e tales p̄bos e leḡ hoies de Inš p̄dc̄is p quos rei v̄tas in p̄missis melius sciri pořit e inquire e eisdem Joñi, Gilłi e Joñi vel duobꝫ eoꝝ ad p̄missa faciend̄ peatis e intendatis put vobis scire fač ex pte nr̄a. T̄ me ip̄o apud Westm̄ xx. die maij. anno ř. ñ. scđo.

He sent also certain others his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England, Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to the bailiffs of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, greeting. Because we have been given to understand that divers lands & tenements with homages & services, advowsons of churches & chapels, escheats, wreck of the sea, warrens, chaces, customs of mackerel, esperkeria of congers & divers other franchises which belong to us & of right ought to belong to us in our islands aforesaid, by certain men & inhabitants of the same, ecclesiastics & others as well in the time of the lord the King our grandfather as in the time of the lord King E. our father & in our time, have been unlawfully usurped & detained, & that those divers subtractions of our franchises & rights in those parts & encroachments are made there to our prejudice & manifest disinheritance, by reason of which we have appointed our beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, William Russel & John de Ditton or two of them to enquire by the oath of good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter may be the better known concerning such lands, tenements, homages & services, advowsons, wreck, warren, chaces, customs, esperkeria & other franchises so usurped & detained, & also more fully the truth concerning the subtractions of our liberties & rights aforesaid & concerning the encroachments aforesaid by whom & from what time, how & in what manner; & to restore all things so usurped detained & subtracted to their lawful state. And therefore we command you that at certain days & places which the said John, William & John or two of them shall make known to you, you shall cause to come before them or two of them all & such good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into, & to be aiding & assisting the same John, William & John or two of them to do in the premises as they shall cause you to know on our behalf. Witness myself at Westminster the 20th day of May, in the second year of our reign.

2 Edward ii.
Record Office,
N^o 1161.

Comunia p̄lita coram Johne de Fresingfeld, Dro-
gone de Barantyno e J[ohn de Ditton] Justiciař Itifantibz
in Granġ dñi Reġ in villa Šci Petri in Gerneř
predcto Drogone noudu p̄sente die Lune px ante f.....
řegni dñi Edwardi Reġ Angł filii Reġ Edwardi secundo.....
venit predctus Drogo post p̄ndiũ.

(M. 1.)

Gerneř

Dñs Rex mandavit hic iras suas patentes in hec v̄ba. Edwardus
dei ġřa etc. etc.

*[This and two other Commissions following are identical
with those in M. 12, N^o 1160, printed on pages 92 & 93.]*

(M. 1 d.)

Adhuc de cõibz p̄litis.

..... attachiat^o ad respondentẽ Margie uxi
Guilli Toytin de plito insult^o in via regia
..... effusi e cabliamenti ad řram venit e dedicuit cabliamentũ
sed residuũ non pot [jac]tatur p̄sone. Et p̄dcta
Margia recupet dampna sua vsus eum que taxant^r ad xx^s
..... quam se posueřt de cabliamento dicit qđ ipam cabliã ad
řram maliçose p quod clamor de

[about 4 lines space left here.]

..... de la Musteng attachiat^o ad respondentẽ Henř
de Payncand de eo qđ injuste tẽ redisseis quod
pecia řre quam idem Henř coram Henř de Guldeford e sociis suis
Justiç hic ad ulřias assisas vsus predctũ Johnem
p ass^m nove disũ que quid pccia continet řciam ptẽ uni^o v̄gař řre
veũ qđ ante recupař illud coram p̄fatis Justĩ tẽ p̄dctus
Henř onřavit p̄dctam peciam řre vsus eũ de denerař

Common pleas before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantyn & J[ohn de Ditton] justices in eyre, in the grange of the lord the King in the Town of St. Peter[-port] in Guernsey, the said Drogo not being present, on Monday next before the feast in the second year of the lord Edward King of England son of King Edward the said Drogo came after dinner.

(M. 1.)
Guernsey.

The Lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God &c. &c.

(M. 1 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

..... was attached to answer to Margery wife of William Toytin concerning a plea of assault on the King's high-way of effusion of blood and throwing to the ground, comes & denies the throwing down but the rest he cannot is thrown into prison. And the aforesaid Margery shall recover her damages against him which are taxed at 20 sols which she alleges concerning the throwing down & says that the throwing her down to the ground is of malice whereby a cry of

[about 4 lines space left here.]

..... de la Musteng is attached to answer to Henry de Payncand for that he unjustly &c. redisseised certain piece of land which the same Henry before Henry de Guldeford & his fellow justices here at the last assizes against the aforesaid John by assize of novel disseisin: which said piece contains the third part of one virgate of land, comes that before that recovery before the aforesaid justices &c. the aforesaid Henry charged the aforesaid piece of land against him

reddit⁹ annui eid̄ Joh̄m solvend̄ p̄ quod p̄dictus Joh̄nes nō potuit
 redditū suū h̄ere nec pro eod̄m de p̄fato Henrico
Idm̄ Joh̄nes ⁽¹⁾ recupavit p̄dictm̄ redditū vsus eund̄ Henricū coram
 [Petro] le Markaunt tunc ballio e xij juratis, et q̄ p̄dictus
 Hen̄ non satisfacit ei de p̄dicto redditu nec
 ei competens namiū pro eod̄m infra quindenā libata fuit ei prefata
 pecia h̄re in tenenciam consuetudiem patrie
 quousq̄ ei satisfacisset de p̄dicto redditu e arreragiis ejusd̄ et hoc
 patus est [verificare] p̄ recordū Rotloꝝ balli et per xij Jū et aliis
 modis quibz Cūr cons̄ p̄dcus Hen̄
 dič qđ prefat⁹ Joh̄nes nunq̄m̄ recupavit illam peciam h̄re post p̄dictam
 ass̄ et hoc patus [est verificare] p̄ Recordū t̄c.

[about 12 lines space left here.]

..... e tenens d̄ni Reġ p̄ tota cōitate dicit
 qđ in h̄ris d̄ni Reġ hic qđ tenerent
 assisas jux^{m̄} consuetudiem patrie hic et dicit
 qđ in inquisiçionibz capient̄ de feloniis ex officio
 non de se debent
 purgare p̄ duodecim s.....
 debent duci infra castrū
 de
 oflaçone illa q̄m
 p̄litis

[about half the membrane is gone.]

(M. 2.)

Adhuc de coibz p̄litis ass̄.

Gerneř

Thomas Destefeld summoñ ad respond̄ Petro de Garrys de eo qđ
 iij^{or} q̄rteř fri quem idem Pet̄ p̄quisivit
 sibi e hedibz suis sup unū mesuaġ e unam p.....

(1) Where words are underlined they are crossed through in the original.

with pence of yearly rent to be paid to the said John whereby the aforesaid John could not have his rent nor for the same of the aforesaid Henry. The said John recovered the said rent against the same Henry before [Peter] le Marchant then bailiff & the 12 jurats, & that the said Henry did not satisfy him of the said rent nor [produced] to him a sufficient pledge for the same within the quindene the said piece of land was delivered to him in tenancy [according to the] custom of the country until he should have satisfied him of the said rent & the arrears of the same & this he is ready [to establish] by the record of the rolls of the bailiff & by the 12 jurats & in other ways which the court shall determine the said Henry says that the said John never recovered that piece of land after the said assize & this he is ready [to establish] by the record &c.

[about 12 lines space left here.]

..... & tenant of the lord the King for the whole commonalty says that in the writs of the lord the King here that they shall hold the assizes according to the custom of the country here and says that in the inquisitions to be taken of felonies by virtue of their office they ought not to ought to purge themselves by twelve ought to be led within the castle concerning that charge which pleas

[about half the membrane is gone.]

(M. 2.)

Continuation of the common pleas of assize.

Guernsey.

Thomas de Estfeld was summoned to answer to Peter de Garrys for that 4 quarters of wheat which the said Peter purchased for himself & his heirs upon one messuage

Denyse in villa S̄ci Pet' in portu que mesuaḡ e fram p̄dictus Thom̄
mor..... cognoscit redd̄ p̄dct̄m e vadiat
ei iiiij^{or} q̄r̄tia fr̄i p̄ arreḗ ejusd̄ que ei solvet
p̄xio venturū simul cum p̄dcto redditu. Ita tamen qđ q̄cicius p̄dctus
.....terit quend̄ annuū redditū iiiij^{or} q̄r̄t̄ fr̄i
p̄v̄ientem de una placea cōpetenti
Petr^o concessit qđ recipiet redditū illū in escamb̄ de p̄fato Thoma
in ex ter̄ p̄dcti Thome
salvo tamen p̄dcto Petro e hed̄ suis recupaḗ suo vsus p̄dct̄m
..... p̄dctoꝝ meḡ e ter̄ ad quoz̄cumq̄
manus deven̄int si aliquod dampn̄ Et q̄
p̄dcti Petr^o e Thom̄ concord̄ sive licencia Cur̄. Ido utq̄ eoꝝ in m̄ia

m̄ia

Petr̄ de Hady vocat^o ad sectam Guiffi Laloel non veñ. Ido
in m̄ia

m̄ia

Jordanus des Mauns e Joñnes fraḗ ej^o suñ ad respond̄ Gilb̄to
filio Dyoniḡ filie et Perrote sorori ejusd̄
Gilb̄ti fr̄edibz p̄dct̄e Dyoniḡ de eo qđ cū ip̄i Gilb̄tus e Perrota
..... Reḡ coram Petro le Marchaunt tunc
ballio et Juḗ d̄ni Reḡ recupassent seisinut
ptioipes suos de fr̄editate que fuit p̄dcti Wilfi cōmunis anteḗ tē scilt
..... Ec̄ie ptis uni^o meḡ cent̄ v̄ḡ fr̄e sex libr̄
redd^o viginti e t̄ū q̄r̄t̄ fr̄i e triginta et p̄ diutinā
..... p̄partis sue fr̄it eis
libaḗ p̄dcti Jord̄ e Joñnes residuū p̄partis su.....
..... adhuc detinent min^o juste unde petunt remediū.

Et Jord̄ e Joñnes veñ et non possunt hoc dediḗe Ido d̄ct̄m est
eis qđ inde plena pticio
ad quē diē veñ audituḗ Juḗdm tē. Postea
..... e Perrota e queḗ qđ adhuc deficit eis
propars que eis contingere Cent̄

m̄ie

& one Denyse in the Town of St. Peter-Port which messuage & land the said Thomas [detains] acknowledges the said rent & pledges to him 4 quarters of wheat for the arrears of the same which he shall pay him next coming, together with the said rent. So nevertheless that as soon as the said a certain yearly rent of 4 quarters of wheat issuing from a sufficient estate Peter admitted that he received that rent in exchange from the said Thomas in land of the said Thomas saving nevertheless to the said Peter & his heirs his recovery against the said ... of the said messuage and land in whosoever hands they shall come if any damage And as the said Peter & Thomas agreed without leave of the court. Therefore both of them amerced.

amerced.

Peter de Hady called at the suit of William Laloel did not come. Therefore amerced.

amerced.

Jordan des Mauns & John his brother were summoned to answer to Gilbert son of Dionisia daughter [of William] and Perrote sister of the said Gilbert heirs of the said Dionisia for that they with the said Gilbert & Perrote the King before Peter le Marchant then bailiff and the jurats of the lord the King recovered seisin as their partners of the inheritance which was of the said William their common ancestor &c. to wit of the third part of one messuage one hundred virgates of land 6 livres of rente 23 quarters of wheat and thirty loaves and for a long of their portion shall have been delivered to them the said Jordan & John the residue of their portion still detain unjustly whereupon they pray for remedy.

And Jordan & John come & cannot deny this. Therefore it is said to them that thereof full partition at which day they shall come to hear judgment &c. Afterwards & Perrote & complain that the portion which should come to them is still wanting one hundred

amerced.

Et de residuo faciē
eis seisina de
partiō tē.
S̄ci Joh̄ Bap̄t̄.
Et sunt in mīa
p̄ injusta detent̄

solidū reddit⁹ dd..... quindecim q̄r̄t̄ fr̄i t̄ginta pan.....
..... fr̄o suo uñ concedit qd̄ equa
ptiō fiat inf̄ eos sc̄dm̄ qd̄ eos contingit (salvo sibi ubiq̄
..... quo ad fr̄am seminatam
pro dampno tē dicit p̄ se e fr̄e suo C̄ s̄
in aut̄pno
..... cam de blađ q̄r̄ de fr̄a. Et ad hoc
inven̄unt hos pleģ Mat̄hm̄ de Cuř e C... ..
.....

mīa Petr⁹ Forlot in mīa p̄ fal̄s claīm vsus
..... inquisiō coram Mat̄ho de
Cuř

Cecilia que fuit uxor̄ Rad̄i Lesterleng petens vsus Sampso
..... S̄ci Petri in portu veñ e
p̄d̄cus Sampso Et con.....
..... Cecilia quiete claīm p̄d̄cto Sampso.....
..... Et inde faciet ei audiencia
in p̄och̄ p̄d̄cto
..... p̄d̄ctus Sampson solvet ei p̄ p̄d̄ quietam clam
ti licencia

mīe Ido utq̄, eoꝝ in mīa. Et p̄d̄ctus Sampson
.....

Nich̄us le Feve suñ ad respondend̄ Guillo de Mariscis de
..... de uno
mesuaģ in p̄och̄ S̄ci Petri in portu quod̄ mesuaģ
..... Nich̄o le Noble
ad firmam p..... q̄r̄t̄ fr̄i annu reddit̄
..... p̄d̄ctm̄ mēs vsus aliquē ult̄ius
..... modo tenet
Et p̄d̄ci Nich̄us e Guiff̄ veñ e poñ se
..... Petri de Garrys qui arbitrař.....
..... concord̄ fuit
inf̄ p̄d̄cos Nich̄m̄ et
..... arreraģ ejusđ de quibz̄ idm̄

And of the rest they shall be seised of their portion &c. St. John the Baptist. And they are amerced for unjust detention.

sols of rente fifteen quarters of wheat thirty loaves .. their wheat whereupon he allowed that a just partition be made between them according to what shall come to them the rights of all reserved as to land sown, for damages .. &c. says for himself & his brother 100 sols in autumn as well of corn as of land. And for this they found these pledges Matthew de la Court & C.....

amerced.

Peter Forlot amerced for false claim against inquisition before Matthew de la Court ..

Cecilia who was the wife of Ralph Lesterleng claiming against Sampson of St. Peter Port comes & the said Sampson And Cecilia quit-claimed to the said Sampson And thereupon he shall give her audience in the said parish the said Sampson shall pay to her for the said quit-claim livres [without] leave. Therefore both of them amerced. And the said Sampson

amerced.

Nicholas le Fevre was summoned to answer to William des Mareys concerning [a plea] of one messuage in the parish of St. Peter-Port : which messuage to Nicholas le Noble to farm for quarters of wheat of yearly rente the said messuage against any one further now holds. And the said Nicholas & William come & put themselves of Peter de Garrys who will arbitrate it was agreed between the said Nicholas and arrears of the same of which the said Nicholas shall pay of pence & to other premises to

Nich sol.....
denarioꝝ et aliis ꝑmissis ꝑꝑco Guiffo
..... Guiff XL s̄ et sic dabit ei
xiiij li.....
m̄e ꝑꝑꝑta. Et ido consid̄ est qđ
.....

 ꝑꝑꝑ Guiff des Mareys suĩ ad respond̄ Aleĩ du Val
..... quondā annuũ reddiĩ ij q̄rĩ fri in ꝑoꝑi
Sci Petri in portu veĩ e concord̄ sunt qđ ꝑꝑꝑ
..... xv li ꝑve que valent C s̄ Turroĩ
quos ꝑꝑ Aleĩ soluit ei Et
pre..... remittit sectā suam. Et ꝑꝑ Guiff
assignat ꝑꝑato Aleĩ ꝑꝑꝑos C s̄ de ꝑꝑꝑto
..... le Feve de viij li quos ei deĩ, et
idem Nich̄ presens ad
m̄e cons̄ est qđ ꝑꝑꝑti Guiff e Aleĩ sint in m̄ia.

 Rad̄ de Warrof vocat^o ad sectam Francissi le Lumbard nō veĩ.
m̄ia Ido terram ut non est presens.

 Pet̄ de Hady suĩ ad respond̄ Guiffo Laloel de eo qđ teneat
ei convenc..... fri quem emit de
eodm Petro e unde ꝑꝑ Guiff queĩ qđ
postq̄^a illũ emit de ꝑꝑ Petro. Idem Petr^o vendidit illũ redd̄ Dyoniĩ
..... iꝑius Guiffi et idm Dyoniĩ ꝑꝑens hoc
cogn̄. Ido cons̄ est qđ ꝑꝑꝑ..... quiete e
m̄ia ꝑꝑꝑꝑ Petr^o ꝑ falsitaĩ ꝑꝑ sit in ḡvi m̄ia. Et qđ
..... recupaĩ vsus ꝑꝑꝑm Petrũ cũ sequi volũit.

(M. 2 d.)

Adhuc de coĩbz ꝑlitis ass̄.

..... Radi de Saummareys suĩ fuit ad
respondend̄ Petro de Garrys de eo qđ convençom

amerced. the said William William 40 sols and so he shall give to him 13 livres aforesaid. And therefore it is determined that

The aforesaid William des Mareys, summoned to answer to Alexander du Val a certain yearly rente of 2 quarters of wheat in the parish of St. Peter Port, comes & they are agreed that the said 15 livres of small which are worth 100 sols tournois which the said Alexander paid to him And the said remits his suit. And the said William assigns to the said Alexander the said 100 sols of the said le Fevre of 8 livres which he owes him, and the same Nicholas present at it is determined that the said William & Alexander are amerced.

amerced.

amerced. Ralph de Warrof called at the suit of Francis le Lumbard does not come. Therefore the land as he is not present.

amerced. Peter de Hady summoned to answer to William Laloel for that he should keep to his covenant with him of wheat which he bought of the said Peter and thereupon the said William complains that after he bought it of the said Peter the said Peter sold that rent to Dionisius of the said William and the said Dionisius present here acknowledges. Therefore it is determined that the said [William will enjoy] quietly & the said Peter for the said dishonesty to be heavily amerced. And that [the said Dionisius] shall recover against the said Peter when he shall wish to sue.

(M. 2 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas of assize.

[Jordan de Saumareys son & heir] of Ralph de Saumareys was summoned to answer to Peter de Garreys for that

inſ eos ꝑctam de om̄ibz ꝑris e teñ iꝑius Jordi in Inſ de Gerñ escam-
biand pro redditu xij q̄rt̄ fri de menſ de Jerſ assedendo
eidm Jordo ꝑ ꝑdc̄m Petrum insula de Jerseye qui veñ
e uſq̄ eoꝝ coġn q̄ddam scriptū in hec v̄ba. A tous ceux cestes
ꝑſentes ĩres v̄rout e orrount P̄ſie dit Levesq̄ baillif n̄re Sire le Roy
de Engleſre [en l'ile de] Jerseye Salutz en n̄re seignour. Sachent
tous presens e avens q̄ present devaunt no^o Jordan
de Saummareys filz e heir Rauf de Sammareys mort
sa bone volente saunz porforcement li avoir baille a rente en feo a
touz jours de Garrys e a ses heirs du dist Jordan e
de ses heirs en mañe de Echaunge [heri]tage qe le dit Jordan
a ou puet avoir en Lisle de Gerneñ tant en la poisse de Marie
du Chastel Saint Pere du Boys Torteval come en autres en la dite
Isle de Gerneñ, cest asavoir totes ĩres tenues en soun demeyue o les
edifiemens dicele ou come en autres choses totes
rentes des formens, de deners, de regars pays
a queux ĩmes qui soyent dues, cscheites forfaitures svices
de quele manere queux soyent porchatz de courts fraunchises e achatz
..... les choses qapartenent ou poount aptenir au
dist Jordan par la resoun de feo [ava]ntdit en la mañe qe ses aun-
cestres en unt use ou doivent user. Ceo est asavoir de
forment de rente a la mesur de Jerſ rendautz a la feste Saint Michel
..... Jordan ou a ses heirs du dit Pierres ou de soens en tele
condicion que le dist assoer en le Isle de Jerſ
les avauntditz xij q̄rt̄ par dit du bone Jordan
..... prendre par lacord fait entre eux. Et si le dit Jordan
estoit aqune chose ou desturbe des ditz xij q̄r̄ qil
nenpeust joier plenerement ariere sur la
dite baille a la value de la descrossaunce. E si le dit
damagee ou destru aussi des choses desutzdites ou par douaire ou
par le dit Pierres en recoignostroit sutz les ditz
xij q̄rt̄ a la value de la des en la dite Isle de

the agreement made between them of all the lands & tenements of the said Jordan in the island of Guernsey to be exchanged for the rent of 12 quarters of wheat of the measure of Jersey to be assigned to the said Jordan by the said Peter the island of Jersey who come & each of them acknowledges a certain deed in these words. To all those who shall see & hear these present letters Philip called Levesque bailiff of our lord the King of England [in the island of] Jersey greeting in our Lord. Know all present & to come that [were] present before us Jordan de Saumareys son & heir of Ralph de Saumareys deceased [who acknowledged of] his free will without compulsion that he had leased in fee for ever [to Peter] de Garreys & to his heirs, of the said Jordan & his heirs by way of exchange [all the realty] that the said Jordan has or may have in the island of Guernsey as well in the parish of [St.] Mary du Castel, Saint Peter in the Wood, Torteval, as in others in the said island of Guernsey, that is to say, all the lands held in his demesne with the buildings of the same as in other things all the rents of wheat, of moneys, of revenues, of loaves, at such terms as they shall be due, escheats, forfeitures, services of whatever manner they may have been acquired of courts franchises & acquisitions [& generally all] the things which belong or might belong to the said Jordan by reason of the fee aforesaid in the manner that his ancestors have used them or ought to have used them. That is to say of wheat rent Jersey measure to be paid at the feast of St. Michael [to the said] Jordan or to his heirs by the said Peter or his [heirs] on such condition that the said [Peter may] assign in the Isle of Jersey the aforesaid 12 quarters Jordan to take by the agreement made between them. And if the said Jordan was in anything or disturbed in the said 12 quarters that he could not enjoy in full in arrear upon the said lease to the value of the decrease. And if the said [Jordan suffer] damage or destruction also of the things abovesaid either by the dower or by the said Peter shall acknowledge himself [liable] upon the said 12 quarters to the value of the decrease in the said

Jerš. E a ceo faire tenir e leaument acomplir le dit
..... e ses heirs suz peine de XL li. de Torn au Roy
..... choses desutzdites
..... faire en Lisle de Gerner as
poisses on la chose enfera
requis du dit Pierres suz la peine desutzdite. Et le dit Pierre
..... a la peine desutzdite
obligeront a ceo les dites heirs lour executors
tous lor biens moebles e immoebles
porrout estre
a toute a tote defense e a tote
a une ptie Jordan e
Pierres acomplir les choses
desutzdites de la quele chose
nous avouns mis a ceste
..... lisle desutzdite requeste des pties fait e dont
..... la feste
Saint George. Et inde qđ firmit
tenebunt e ad plebunt om̃ia que in đcis convencoibz continent̃.
m̃ie Et ułq, eoꝝ in m̃ia. Et quesiti de jure Reġ de fciodecio denař tē ułq,
dič sup sacřm suū qđ nō fuit aliqua p̃cunia data p̃ đcis convencoibz.

m̃ia Colinus Blundel pro falš claĩ vsus Guilłm Truaunt in m̃ia. Et
q, harou fuit injust p̃claĩ p eundm Colinū Jđo ipe in m̃ia.

Memorand qđ XLij querele libant̃ balfio ad łminand de die in
diem coram iđo e Juř đni Reġ quousq, pplitentur.

Oliverus p attornatū suū e Nicħa uł ejus querenť
e Galfř de Cinkoilles et part̃ fuit. Et Galfř poĩ
se in m̃iam Cuř p licenč concord. Et est concord ĩlis qđ
..... đcis Olivero e Nicħe p om̃ibz arreř usq, ad hunc
diem vj li. Turon continenti. Et đđ Galfř cogñ qđ deš

Island of Jersey. And this to do, hold and loyally accomplish the said [Jordan] & his heirs under a penalty of 40 livres Tournois to the King things above mentioned to do in the Island of Guernsey in the parishes where the thing shall be required of the said Peter under the aforesaid penalty. And the said Peter [and his heirs] on the penalty aforesaid. [And] to this the said [parties and their] heirs their executors shall bind all their property moveable & immoveable may be to all at all defence & at all to one party Jordan & Peter to accomplish the things aforesaid..... of which thing we have put to this [deed the seal of] the Isle aforesaid [at the] request of the parties. Signed & Given the feast of St. George. And thereof that they firmly held & to accomplish all things which are contained in the said agreements. And both of them are amerced. And being asked as to the right of the King to the thirteenth penny &c. both of them say upon their oath that there was no money given for the said agreements.

amerced.

Colin Blundel amerced for false claim against William Truaunt. And because Haro was wrongly raised by the said Colin. Therefore he is amerced.

amerced.

Note is made that 43 plaints were delivered to the bailiff to be heard before him & the jurats of the lord the King from day to day until they are decided.

Oliver by his attorney & Nicholaa his wife plaintiffs & Geoffrey de Cinkoilles & co-heirs was. And Geoffrey put himself at the mercy of the court for licence to agree. And it is agreed thus that to the said Oliver & Nicholaa for all arrears up to this day 6 livres Tournois contained. And the said Geoffrey acknowledges that

eis anuū reddm uni⁹ q̄rī frī assessū meš in Šci Petri
Portu et solvet eis ad fm Šci Michis pxio ventuř j q̄r
Et de ceſo ſinglis annis tē.

..... est in p̄ſencia Thome de Estfeld qđ ipe feč suū
Guilſm de Roheys in Cuř xpianitatis de plito
de cař. Jō ipe in ḡvi mīa.

(M. 3.)

Adhuc de cōibus plitis.

Gerneř

Rađus de Bosč Burgenš Rotomageñ alias coram Matſio de Cuř
tenente locū [Ottonis de Grandisono] in hac Insula petiit delibacoem
vinoř suoř que dixerat occupata e sibi de[-tenta p Ricm̄ le Herice]
Robtm Dagenas, Petř la Cornaille e Lucam le Corner e quosđm alios
Jnsulanos etc.

[*This Membrane is the same as M. 6, N^o 1160,
already printed on pages 49 to 53.*]

(M. 3 d.)

[This membrane is blank.]

(M. 4.)

Adhuc de cōibz plitis.

Gerneř

Matſus de Curia Baltus huj⁹ Insule e qui se dicit teſte locum
Otonis de Grandisono etc.

[*This Membrane continues as on pages 27 to 29. N^o 1160.*]

It then continues as follows:—

Audita querela Florie Gilbert conqueretis qđ execučo Judicii p
iřa redd Cuř dñi Reğ hic coram Thoma de Sandwyco
e sociis suis Justič tūc itn⁹antibz in Insulis vsus Matſm Denys de
rōnabili pte iřam Floriam cōtingente de teñ que fūnt
Dyoniš Gilbert pris iřoř Matſi e Florie cuř⁹ fides iři sunt Et qui

he owes them the yearly rent of one quarter of wheat due [on a] message in St. Peter-Port and will pay to them at the feast of St. Michael next coming one quarter And likewise in each year &c.

It is in the presence of Thomas de Estfeld that he cause to be summoned William de Rohays in the court of Christianity concerning a plea of chattels. Wherefore he is heavily amerced.

(M. 3.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Guernsey. Ralph de Bosco a burgess of Rouen elsewhere before Matthew de la Court lieutenant of Oto de Grandison in this Island claims delivery of his wines which he says were taken & detained from him by Richard le Herice, Robert Dagenas, Peter la Cornaille & Luke le Corner & certain other islanders &c.

(M. 3 d.)

[This membrane is blank.]

(M. 4.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Guernsey. Matthew de la Court bailiff of this island & who calls himself lieutenant of Oto de Grandison &c.

It then continues as follows:—

Having heard the plaint of Floria Gilbert praying that the execution of the judgment rendered in her favour in the court of the lord the King here before Thomas de Sandwych & his fellow justices then⁽¹⁾ in eyre in the islands against Matthew Denys of the just portion coming to the said Floria of the tenements which were of Dyonis Gilbert father of the said Matthew & Floria whose

(1) In June 1292.

nup obiit t̄c quam recupavit nō dum f̄ca est ad ḡve dampnū suū t̄c
p̄dcus Mat̄us inde p̄munitus veñ Et bene cogñ p̄dc̄m Jud̄m p̄ ip̄a
sic fuisse redditū Et dīc qđ coram Nicho de Cheny t̄c
custode Insulaꝝ hic e Juř d̄ni Reġ p̄ Jud̄m ip̄a vsus
eam inde quietus. Et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ p̄dc̄m Nich e Juř. Et nich
aliud dicit quare execuĉo debeat inde retardari. Et q̄ videt̄r Cuř hic
qđ huj̄modi Custos v̄t Ball̄s Insulaꝝ v̄t Juř Regis aliqualem Jur̄dic-
ĉoem sup̄stis̄ Justic̄ ĩre nō possunt et p̄dcus Mat̄us nō ostendit qđ
ip̄a Floria post p̄dc̄m recupare unq̄ renūciavit illi recupare cons̄ est
qđ execuĉo p̄dci Judicii p̄cedat jux̄a Foram qua redditum fuit. Et
p̄ceptum est Balto qđ jux̄a consuetudinem t̄c illam fieri faciat t̄c.
Postea record̄ una cū petiĉoe p̄dce Florie mittit̄r d̄no Reġ p̄ ĩre suo

[a space of 12 lines is left.]

(M. 4 d.)

Adhuc de cōibꝝ pl̄itis.

[De p]etiĉoe Joĥnis de Vivariis ⁽¹⁾ monstrantis se secutum fuisse
quodd̄ ĩre de sugges..... custodi Insulaꝝ hic qđ
inquisita veritate de M̄cato huj̄ Insule illud in locis
e forma ab antiquo debitis e consuetis videl̄t a medio mense Septēb̄r
..... mediū mensem Marcii apud Šcam Mariam de Castro.
Et exinde p̄ totū anū Laundes. Et viso simiġr
quod alio ĩri quod d̄nus Rex nūc misit hic in hec
Edwardus dei ġra Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hiġn e Dux Aquit̄ d̄lco e fidel̄ suo
Ottoni de [Grandi]sono Custodi suo Insule de Jerneseye sal̄tm. Quia
intelleximus qđ quodd̄ [mercat]um quod in feodo n̄ro in quodam loco
qui vocat̄r Les Laundes in Insula p̄dca [teneri consuevit] ab eodem

(1) With reference to this compare Ancient Petitions of the Chancery and Exchequer (Publication of the Société Jersiaise), N^o 5691, page 14.

heirs they are and who lately died &c. which she recovered & [which] has never been done to her great damage &c. the said Matthew warned thereof comes & fully recognizes the said judgment so to have been rendered in her favour. And he says that before Nicholas de Cheney then keeper of the Islands here & the jurats of the lord the King by the judgment he is quit thereof against her. And this he offers to establish by the said Nicholas & the jurats. And he says nothing else why the execution thereof ought to be retarded. And because it seems to the court here that such keeper or bailiff of the Islands or the jurats of the King cannot have any jurisdiction over the acts of the justices & the said Matthew does not show that the said Floria after the said recovery ever renounced that recovery, it is determined that the execution of the said judgment shall proceed according to the form in which it was rendered. And it is commanded to the bailiff that according to custom &c. he shall cause it to be made &c. Afterwards the record together with the petition of the said Floria is to be sent to the King by his writ.

[a space of 12 lines is left.]

(M. 4 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

[On the] petition of John du Vivier showing that he was sued by a certain writ of to the keeper of the Islands here that having enquired into the truth concerning the market of this Island, the same in places & form of old time due & accustomed, viz. from the middle of the month of September the middle of the month of March at St Mary de Castel. And thence throughout the whole year [at Les] Landes. And seeing also that the other writ which the now lord the King sent here in these Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Oto de [Grandi]son keeper of his Island of Guernsey greeting. Because we understand that a certain [market] which [was] on our fief in a certain place which is called Les Landes in the Island afore-

loco p quosdam de eadem Insula est šbtractum e ad feodum [alterius] q̄m n̄ri t̄nslatum in n̄ri p̄judiciū e ex̄hedačois piculū manifestū : Voš mandam^o, [quod si ita] est, tūc m̄catum illud in đco loco de Les Laundes tenend̄ publice p̄clamari [faciatis], p̄t ibidem teneri debet e tēni consuevit, non p̄mittentes m̄catū illud alibi teneri [quam in] đco loco de Les Laundes si hoc ad comodū n̄rm fore videritis faciend̄. T. me [ipso] apud Westm̄ v die Maii anno r̄ ñ p̄mo. Intellecto q̄ qđ octo pochiata huj^o Insule de pte p̄đci Joh̄nis e due pochiate residue ex ad̄vsa pte p̄penso q̄ qđ unius p̄mi b̄ris est de feodo Abb̄is de Monte Šci Mich̄is totalī e fitis e auditis q̄m p̄tibz in̄ eos tandem concordatū est utrunq̄ p̄ om̄es t̄c qđ de qualt̄ pochi eli..... v̄ saltim unus de minoribz pochiis qui cū Justič hic ordinent de p̄t viderint p̄ dno Rege e pp̄lo huj^o Insule competencius e melius qđ ordinačō illa firma sit e stabit̄ inpp̄tm. Et sic electis de pochia Šci Pet̄l..... Guif̄ Gros, Rič Goste de pochi de Bellosa, Jord̄ Choffin e Jord̄ Distart foresta, Guif̄ le Jevvene e Guif̄ Roger de pochi Šci Pet̄l de Bosco de Torteval, Peir de Chunn de pochi Šci Salvatoris, Mich̄ Lestur de pochi de Castro, Peir Nicole, Rič Harphat de pochia de de la Mare de pochi Šci Sampsoñ, Guif̄ de la Rivere, Baudewyn Davy Rob̄ Renald, Rič le Cok. Et auditus řonibz singloz. Compte Šci Pet̄l portu est quasi burgū et ocs alie pochi sunt ville Cam..... contigue. Sed sepatim in campis Et t̄ qđ tam de forinsecis q̄m est apud Šci Pet̄l Portum q̄m in oibz aliis longe a villa Šci Pet̄l Portus licet p̄ diem venerunt ad p̄đcam villam Šci Pet̄l die đnica e ibi dur..... magnū scandalū xp̄ianitatis t̄c. Concordatū

said has been taken away from the same place by certain persons of the same Island & transferred to a fief [other] than ours to our prejudice & to the manifest danger of our disseisin : We command you [if it be so to cause] to be publicly proclaimed that that market be held in the said place of Les Landes as it ought to be held there & was wont to be held, not permitting that market to be held elsewhere [but in] the said place of Les Landes if you shall consider this would be to our advantage to be done. Witness myself at Westminster the 5th day of May in the first year of our reign. Understanding also that eight small parishes of this Island of the part of the said John & the 2 remaining small parishes of the other part & considering also that of one of the first writ is of the fee of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael altogether & having had & heard many between them at length it is agreed on both sides for all &c. that of each parish shall be chosen or only one of the smaller parishes who with the justices here may ordain concerning as they may see is more fit & better for the lord the King & the people of this island that that ordinance be firm & established for ever. And thus were elected of the parish of St. Peter[port] William Gros, Richard Goste of the parish of [St: Martin] de Bellosa, Jordan Choffin & Jordan Discart [of the parish of the] Forest, William le Jeune & William Roger of the parish of St. Peter in the Wood of Torteval, Peter de Chunn of the parish of St. Saviour, Michael Lestur of the parish of Castel, Peter Nicole, Richard Harphat of the parish of de la Mare of the parish of St. Sampson, William de la Rivere, Baudewyn Davy Robert Renald, Richard le Cok. And having heard the reasons of all it appears of St. Peter Port is as a borough and all the other parishes are villages contiguous to the fields but severally in the fields. And also that as well of foreign as is at St. Peter Port as in all others far from the town of St. Peter Port although by day came to the aforesaid town of St. Peter on Sunday & there to the great scandal of Christianity &c. [It was] agreed

integre teneat^r de celo ad p̄dcam villam S̄ci Petⁱ port
 m̄cato singlis dieb^z Jovis ad ortū solis e mu.....
 concedit^r ne m̄catū d̄ni Reḡ de Jereseye quod
 Et p̄ceptū est Baffio e Vič
 qđ ista pupplice e die sabbi in vigilia
 S̄ci Bart^hi in pleno m̄cato e ad singlas
 ecclias. Et tam ad ecclias q^m in p̄d.....gi qđ
 cum bladis bestiis e aliis reb^z sive Jovis in
 posterium ad p̄dcam villam S̄ci Petⁱ ea nō alib.....
 bono^z eo^zdē. Quod si quis fače p̄sumps.....
 bona illa capiant ad opus d̄ni Reḡ totat^r forisfca. Et exinde
 de bonis sic forisfca que cepint q^m de illis que
 p̄ negligenciam suam dimiserint nō p̄cepta. Faciant t̄ sollempni^t
 inhiberi s̄b consiti forisfcura qđ m̄catum de celo nō teneat^r p̄ diem
 d̄nicū nisi teñ de pane, carne, pisce, vino vt cervisia sed durante
 magna missa in ecclia nich̄ vendat^r s̄b g^{vi} forisfcura vsus d̄nm Regem
 unde t̄ns^gssores de q^{ndena} in q^{ndenam} ad Cu^r coram Baffio g^{vi}
 puniant^r. Et Baffio coram Justic̄ g^{va} puniat^r si in p̄missis negli-
 gens fuit vt remissis Preceptū est t̄ p̄dco Baffio qđ p̄ nullū bre qua-
 litcūq^z p̄ quempiam impetratū de suggestionē qualicumq^z de p̄dco
 m̄cato nich̄ mutet vt minuet de p̄dcis ordinaçoe e p̄ceptis nisi bre
 illud de p̄dcis cōcessiōe concordia e ordinaçoe exp̄ssam fecit mençoem.
 Et assignat^r ad p̄dcm m̄catum talis locus videl̄t quedam placea con-
 tinens ij virg^z fre e d̄i a diu jacens ut pastura inculta cuj^o unū capud
 vsus Aquiloñ abuttat sup fontem qm̄ vocat^r La Fontaine Cache Vas-
 sal e aliud capud abuttat sup Le Vaal Wydecok e fere quasi in
 medio t̄nsit via regalis. Et fuit illa placea divisa in̄ p̄les. Ita qđ
 Robtus Floires, Thomas de Bello Campo fuerunt inde circi^t j virgat^z
 e quartam p̄tem unius virgat^z fre, Nich̄s de Bosco duas p̄tes unius

..... be henceforth held wholly at the aforesaid town of St. Peter Port the market every Thursday at the rising of the sun & is granted nor the market of the lord the King in Jersey that And it is commanded to the bailiff & sheriff that this publicly & on Saturday in the vigil of St. Bartholomew in open market & at each one of the Churches. And as well at the Churches as in the aforesaid that with corn, beasts & other things or on Thursday in future at the said town of St. Peter the same not elsewhere of the said goods. That if any one should presume to make they shall take those goods to be totally forfeited to the use of the lord the King. And thereafter of goods so forfeited which they shall have taken as of those which by their negligence they have let go unperceived. They shall cause also to be solemnly prohibited under like forfeiture that henceforth the market shall not be held on Sunday except only for bread, meat, fish, wine & ale, but during high mass in the church nothing shall be sold under heavy forfeitures to the lord the King whereupon the transgressors from quindene to quindene at the court before the bailiff shall be heavily punished. And the bailiff shall be severely punished before the justices if he shall be negligent or remiss in the premises. And it is commanded to the said bailiff that he shall not change anything in the said market in consequence of any writ whatsoever by whomsoever obtained on whatsoever suggestion, or lessen anything of the said ordinances & precepts except that writ shall make express mention of the said grant, agreement & ordinance. And there is assigned for the said market such a place, viz. a certain place containing $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land for a long time lying as pasture uncultivated, one head whereof abuts towards the north upon the fountain which is called La Fontaine Cache Vassal & the other head abuts upon the Vale Wydecok & almost as it were the King's highway running through the middle. And that place belonged to many people. So that Robert Floires, Thomas de Beauchamp had thereof about one virgate & the 4th part of one virgate of land, Nicholas de Bosco 2 parts of one virgate of

virg̃ tre, Wiffts Le Esmitet fciam ptem unius virgaĩ tre e Galfr̃ des
Maners quartam ptem unius virg̃ tre. Et ipi om̃es fram illam cõce-
dunt dno Regi p̃ p̃cio r̃onabili inde reddendo sibi e fiedibz suis
inpp̃m jux^a taxaçoem fide dignoz t̃c. Et app̃ciat^r ad v busĩ fruĩti
p̃ annũ videlĩ quebz virg̃ ad ij busĩ fri et redd̃ ille eis assigñ, solvend
de celo t̃c scilĩ post istic añ.

(M. 5.) **Plita de quo Warranto de eodem Ytiue.**

Gerneĩ

Abbas de Monte S̃ci Mich̃is in picto maris veñ p̃ Joñem le
moigne geñalem attornĩ patentes quas p̃fert in hec
verba Edwardus dei gr̃a Rex Angl̃ Dñs Hibn e D.....
fidelibz suis ad quos p̃sentes tre p̃veñint salĩm. Sciatis qđ d̃itcus
noĩ in xp̃o Ab̃b̃ in picto maris qui de licencia ñra
morat^r in ptibz t̃nsmariris attornavit coram noĩ
e Joñem le Moigne sub al̃naçoẽ ad lucrandũ vt p̃dendum in om̃ibz
plitas e querelis p̃ ip̃o Abbate vel cont^a ip̃m in
quibuscumq; Cuĩ Insulaz ñraz de Gerneseye e Jeres
ip̃ius Ab̃is concessim^o qđ iidem Jacobus e Joñes vel eoꝝ alter quem
p̃sentem esse Ab̃btis façe possint vel possit
attornatos vel attornatũ quos vel quem voluerint vel vol.....
ñra coram noĩ ad om̃ia p̃dca plita e querelas p̃sequenda e defendenda
e ad lucrand eisdem sicut p̃dcm est. In cuj^o rei
testimoniũ has tras ñras fieri fecim^o patentes Presentibz
minime valitũ post adventũ ip̃ius Ab̃btis in Insulas p̃dcas si con-
tingitre ad ptes illas. T̃. me ip̃o apud Westm̃ xxviiij
die Febr̃ anno r̃ ñ primo centũ solid̃ sterlingoz p̃
respectu f̃indo de om̃ibz que tangunt ip̃m usq; ad diem L.....
S̃ci Joñis Baĩte p̃ pleg̃ Prioris de Wale.

C s sfling

Joñes du Viver suĩ fuit qđ esset hic ad respondend̃ dno Regi
de p̃lito quo warranto voluntate dni Reg̃ e progenitoꝝ

land, William Le Esmitet the 3rd part of one virgate of land & Geoffrey des Maners the 4th part of one virgate of land. And they all granted that land to the lord the King for a reasonable price to be paid therefor to them & their heirs for ever according to the assessment of trusty people &c. And it was valued at 5 bushels of wheat by the year, viz. each virgate at 2 bushels of wheat & that rent was assigned to them, to be paid from henceforth &c. viz. after this year.

(M. 5.)

Pleas de quo Warranto of the said eyre.

Guernsey.

The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' comes by John le Moigne his general attorney [as shown by letters] patent which he produces in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland & D[uke of Aquitaine] to his faithful people to whom these present letters shall come greeting. Know ye that our beloved in Christ the Abbot 'in periculo maris' who by our license lives in parts beyond the seas attorned before us & John le Moigne by turns to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints for the said Abbot or against him in whatsoever courts of our Islands of Guernsey & Jersey of the said Abbot we have granted that the same James & John or one of them who shall be present of the Abbot may make attorneys or attorney whom they will our before us to prosecute & defend all the said pleas & plaints & to gain the same as is aforesaid. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent these presents to be of no value after the coming of the said Abbot into the said Island if he happens [to come] to those parts. Witness ourself at Westminster 28th day of February in the first year of our reign one hundred shillings sterling to have respite of all things which touch him up to Monday St. John the Baptist by the pledge of the Prior of the Vale.

100 s. sterling.

John du Vivier was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant [without the license &]

suorū Regū Angl̄ clam̄ fugare p̄ totam̄ fr̄am̄ d̄ni Regē [cun] ictos d̄ni Regē cape pro voluntate sua sine licencia ip̄ius d̄ni Regē e ministroꝝ su..... licenciam huj⁹ concedendi. Et eciam quo waranto clam̄ p̄ quemcumq; hoiem e here ac singlis hoibꝫ suis extra Cur̄ d̄ni Regē qui veñ Et quo ad fugam..... ad cuniculos in d̄nicis fr̄is suis cum cane e bacto absq; furetto vl̄ aliquo ingenio & om̄es antecessores sui tenentes tenementorū illoꝝ a tempe quo nō extat m..... sicut Cur̄ cons̄ tē. Et quo ad Cv̄r̄ petendam tē dicit qđ si aliquis tenent Insule de aliquo minori pl̄ito quod potest def̄minari in Cur̄ baron̄ tē quo non extat memoria peŕe p̄ se vl̄ p̄poit̄um suū Curiam suam offert cōsimilr̄ v̄ficare sicut Cur̄ cons̄ tē.

m̄ia

Et Jūr̄ hoc idem testantur sup̄ sac̄m̄ suū p̄ŕq; qđ dicunt qđ non debet sic fugare nisi a mense Septemb̄r̄ usq; men̄s Febr̄. Ido pred̄cus Joh̄n̄ de residuo tē.

Nich̄us de Cheny e maḡr P̄hus frāŕ ejus suū f̄funt etc.

[Continues as M. 3, N^o 1160,
from pages 21 to 23, line 21.]

(M. 5 d.)

Adhuc de pl̄itis de quo Waranto.

..... Cheny e Joñnes de Carteret milites e om̄es lib̄etenentes e alii huj⁹ In̄s p̄ter Constancieñ e Ab̄btes tē allocuti de fidelitate d̄no Regi debita sibi facienda ve..... concedunt fidelitatem ei fāce e illam ei fecerunt sacrañto corporali p̄st̄ito sal..... de Grandisono hiis que ad eū spectant p̄ f̄mino suo p̄ concessionem ei f̄cam p̄ Edwardum quondam Regē Angl̄ patrem d̄ni Regē qui nunc est. Et Justiciār̄ hic tē inde eis fr̄as suas testimoniales. Postea veñunt

the will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King & to take the conies of the lord the King at his will without the license of the lord the King & of his officers granting such license. And also by what warrant he claims by whatsoever man [to claim] & have [a court] and for all his men outside the court of the lord the King ; who comes ; and as to chase for conies in his demesne lands with dog & stick without ferret or other engine and all his ancestors tenants of those tenements from time immemorial as the court shall determine &c. And as to claiming his court &c. he says that if any tenant of the island of any small plea which may be determined in a Court Baron &c. from [time] immemorial to claim by himself or his provost his court offers likewise to establish as the court shall determine &c.

amerced.

And the jurors testify to the same upon their oath except that they say that he ought not so to chase except from the month of September up to the month of February. Therefore the said John of the residue &c.

Nicholas de Cheny & Master Philip his brother were summoned &c.

(M. 5 d.)

Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto.

..... Cheny & John de Carteret knights & all the free tenants & others of this Island except Coutances & the Abbots &c. questioned concerning fealty of the lord the King due to be made to him come [and] admit fealty to be made to him & did the same to him sworn on their corporal oath saving to [Otho] de Grandison those things which belong to him for his term by grant to him made by Edward formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is. And the justices here &c. thereof to them their letters testimonial.

Abbes de Monte S̄ci Michis in p Abbas de Shireburgh e
Abb̄ de Blancalanda e Iidem Abbes de Scireburgh e de Blanca
fēunt fidelitate dno Regi pro toto quod tenent in Insulis. Et Abb̄
de Monte S̄ci Michis qđ ipe fē fidelitate dno Regi ap̄d
Boloñ pro om̄ibz teñ tam in Insul q̄ alibi que de eo tenet. Et hoc
idm p̄tos fidedignes, qui ibidm infuērt. Memorand de
Insula Abbis de Chausey de qua Abbas non potest dedīe q̄m sit de
feodo dñi Reġ et hoc allocatū fuit ei in Cuñ Reġ F̄ncie ad sectam
cuj^odam [mer]catoris de ip̄o conquerentis.

Matth̄us de Sauz Mareys, Thoñ Destefeld Alicia ux̄ ejus Joh̄a e
Nich̄aa sorores dci Matth̄i et Joh̄nes de Barantyn suñ ff̄int etc.

[Continues as M. 4 d. N^o 1160,
p. 34 to p. 37, line 14.]

(M. 6.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis de quo Waranto de**

Gerneñ Oliver le Moigne e participes sui e Thoñ Destefeld e Alicia
ux̄ ejus etc.

[Continues as in N^o 1160, at pp. 24 to 26.]

Avicia de Wyk, Henricus de S̄co Martino, Joh̄nes Drogo, Symon
e P̄tus fr̄es ejus suñ fuit ⁽¹⁾ ad respondend̄ dñs Regi de pl̄ito quo
Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Regis e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regñ
Anglie clañ p̄cipe e here de om̄ibz hoĩbz e teñ suis in p̄ochiis S̄ci
Salvatoris e S̄ci Petri de Bosco regale auxiliū quod ad dñm Regem e
coronam e dignitatem suam spectat.

Et Avicia e Henric^o veñ et dicunt qđ h̄editas de Kaneleye par-
tita est inter eos. Et Henric^o dicit qđ ipe solus tenet p̄partem ip̄m
e fr̄es suos contingentē. Et Juñ hoc idm testantur. Et tam̄ ipe q̄m
p̄dca Avicia dicunt qđ ip̄i non clañ aliquid de denariis de auxilio
dñi Reġ p̄cipe de tenentibz suis sectantum pp̄las firmas suas. Ido

(1) Sic.

Afterwards came the Abbot of St. Michael 'in periculo maris' the Abbot of Cherbourg & the Abbot of Blanchelande & the same Abbots of Cherbourg & of Blanchelande did fealty to the lord the King for all that they hold in the Islands. And the Abbot of Mount St. Michael ... that he did fealty to the lord the King at Boulogne for all the tenements as well in the Island as elsewhere which he holds of him. And this the same many trustworthy people who were there. A memorandum is made concerning the Abbots Island of Chausey, as to which the Abbot cannot deny that it is of the fee of the lord the King & that this was allowed him in the court of the King of France at the suit of a certain merchant complaining of him.

Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife, Joan & Nicholaa sisters of the said Matthew, & John de Barantyn were summoned &c.

(M. 6.) **Continuation of the pleas of quo Warranto of**

Guernsey. Oliver le Moigne & his partners & Thomas Destefeld & Alice his wife &c.

Avice de Wyk, Henry de St. Martin, John, Drogo, Symon & Philip his brothers were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have of all their men & tenements in the parishes of St. Saviour & St. Peter in the Wood royal aid which belongs to the lord the King & to his crown & dignity.

And Avice & Henry come & say that the inheritance of Kaneleye is divided between them. And Henry says that he alone holds the share coming to him & his brothers. And the jurors also testify to this. And also he as well as the said Avice say that they do not claim to take any of the moneys of the aid of the lord the King of their tenants, but only their own farms. Thereupon it is commanded

p. de aux

pceptū est ballio e vicecoñ qđ nō pmittant eos de cetero aliquid
pcipe de auxilio regali Sed illud levent ad opus dñi Reġ quaten^o
debitū fūis tē.

Idem Henric^o suñ fuit ad respondendū dño Regi de plito quo
waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reġ e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regñ Angl
clañ fugare p totam t̄ram dñi Reġ de p̄d [cun]ictos
dñi Reġ p voluntate sua sine licencia ipius dñi Reġ e
ministroꝝ suoꝝ Et t̄ quo Wañ clañ p
quemcunq; ñoiem voluerit singlis hoĩbz
sunt extra Cuñ dñi Reġ.

Et Henñ veñ et clañ fugare ad Cuñ
..... e oĩes antecessores sui a tempe quo
..... icañ per patlam. Et quo ad Cuñ
..... Insule de aliquo minori plito
quod quo nō
extat memoria peŕe
..... hoc offert v̄ficare
.....

(M. 6 d.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de eodem Yfine.**

Fresingfeld.

..... Carteret e Lucia uxor ejus sum ffunt qđ essent
hic ad respondē dño de plito quo sine licencia
e voluntate dñi Reġ e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regñ Angl clañ pcipe e ñere
oĩimoda eñencia de Insula de Brakeho e Wreccū maris
ibidem accidens tam in t̄ra sua q̄m in aquis in costera
maris ibidem adjacente que p manus ministroꝝ dñi Reġ de Insula
de ad opus dñi Reġ debent devenire ut ea que spectant
ad coronam e dignitatem suam quo waranto clañ ñre
libam warennam in Insula p̄dca. Et t̄ quo waranto clañ p quemcūq;

Taking of the aid.

to the bailiff & sheriff not to permit them henceforth to take anything of the royal aid but to levy the same to the use of the lord the King whenever it shall be due &c.

The same Henry was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England he claims to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King of the said conies of the lord the King at his will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers And also by what warrant he claims by whatsoever man he wishes [to claim & to have a Court] for all his men outside the court of the lord the King.

And Henry comes & claims to chase & all his ancestors from time immemorial by verdict of the country. And as to the court of the Island of any small plea that from time immemorial to claim offers to establish this

(M. 6 d.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of the same eyre.**
Fresingfeld.

[John de] Carteret & Lucia his wife were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King by what [warrant] without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have all manner of waifs of the Island of Brechou & wreck of the sea occurring there as well in their land as in the waters in the coast of the sea there adjacent which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King in the Island of ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those things which belong to his crown & dignity. [Also] by what warrant they claim to have free warren in the island aforesaid. And also by what warrant they claim by whatsoever [man] they will to

..... volūnt Cuī suam peīe e hīre de singlis hoībꝫ suis
ext^r Cuī dñi Regē.

..... Rex p Guillm des Mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit
vsus eundē Joñem e Luciam uxē ejus Inš de Brakeho cū ptiñ ut
jus tē. Et unde Idm Guillus dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex avus
tē seisitus de pđca Inš ut de feodo e Jure Corone sue
tempe pacis capiēdo inde ex plecīa valenciā tē. Et qđ
tale sit Jus Regē offert vīficare sicut Cuī cons.

..... Joñes e Lucia veñ Et dicunt qđ ipī tenent pđcam
Insulam que pva est de hēditate ipīus Lucie clam hīre
Wreccū maris salvis dño Regi pred rebꝫ pñcipalibꝫ ut de auro tē.
Et dicunt qđ ante[cessores] ipīus Lucie Insulam illam sic tenuerunt
ab antiquo una cum Wrecco p ut ipī Wreccū modo e libā
Warena ibidm et sic illa tenēunt absq, aliqua tempis infupcōe. Et
dicunt qđ cū Justiē veñunt in Insulam de Jerseye ibi
clarius hec ostendent q, dicunt qđ ipī hnt ibi quoddam mansiū
..... tenentes sui sibi debent sua cariāgia tē. Et licet constet
Justiē hic qđ pđca Insula est con..... Insule dñi Regē de
Serk e in pochia ecclie de Serk satis ppinqua Insule de Gerneī q^{si}
..... maris e vehementī distat ab Insula de Jerš tū cētis
decausis dat^o est eis dies coram cū veñunt in Jer-
seye tē. E quo ad Cuī suam petēda e dicunt qđ si aliquis teneñ
..... coram ballio Insule de aliquo minori pñto
quod potest dēfminari in Curia[ante]cessores sui soliti
sunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria peīe p se vī ppoitum
..... huj^o casibꝫ e illam optiīe tē. Et hoc offerī
similr vīficare sicut Cuī cons.

[a space of a dozen lines is left here.]

[Nichus de Cheny et Pñus fraī ejus suñ flūunt ad respond] dño
Regi de pñto quo Waranto sine licencia etc.

[Continues as in N^o 1160, at pp. 38 to 39, line 4.]

claim & to have their court for all their men outside the court of the lord the King.

..... The King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the same John & Lucia his wife the island of Brechou with the appurtenances as his right. And thereupon the same William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather, &c. [was] seised of the aforesaid Island as of fee & right of his crown in time of peace taking thereof esplees [to the] value, &c. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

..... John & Lucia come & they say that they hold the aforesaid Island which is small of the inheritance of the said Lucia claim to have wreck of the sea, saving to the lord the King the princely things aforesaid, as of gold, &c. And they say that the ancestors of the said Lucia so held that Island of old together with wreck as they now [have] wreck & free warren there, & that they so held the same without any interruption of time. And they say that when the Justices came to the Island of Jersey they showed this there more explicitly, & say that they have there a certain manor their tenants owe carriage to them &c. And although it appears to the justices here that the said Island⁽¹⁾ is [part & parcel] of the Island of Sark of the lord the King & in the parish of the Church of Sark sufficiently near the Island of Guernsey as if of the sea & is greatly distant from the Island of Jersey, for certain reasons a day is given to them before when they shall come to Jersey &c. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that if any tenant before the bailiff of the Island concerning any small plea that it may be determined in the court their predecessors were wout from time immemorial to claim by themselves or the provost in such cases, & to obtain it, &c. And this they offer likewise to establish as the court shall determine.

[a space of a dozen lines is left here.]

Nicholas de Cheny & Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license &c.....

(1) Brechou.

Dñs Rex p Wiſſm de Mareys qui ſequitur p eo petit vsus Radm Burnel Wiſſm de Capella Joñnem Dyre Jordanū Dire Joñnem filiū Petri Dire et Raulinā de Vivario pticipes ſuo unū molendinū cum ptiñ ſuis in Foresta. Et ſm de Sausmareys Thoñ Destefeld Aliciam uxem ejus Joñam e Nicham ſorores dci Math e Pñam uxem ejus—unū molendinū cum ptinenč in Belloſ ut jus..... qđ dñs H. Rex avus tč fuit in ſeisina de pđcis molendñs ut de feodo e jure ad valenč tč. Et qđ ñli ſit Jus ipius dñi Reg

Et[Bar]antyn dič qđ ipē pqsitor eſt de pp..... niſi tantum ut ux ipius Joñnis [predec]eſſores a tempe quo nō extat me[moria] illa modo tenēt. Et hoc offunt vificare tč. Et inñim loquend eſt cū.....

(M. 7.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de**

Gerneř mia Abbas de Monte Šci Michis in picto maris in mia p pluribz defaultis.

Idem Abbas e Prior de Wale suñ fuerunt qđ essent hic ad respond [dño Regi de plito quo] waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Regis e pgenitoz suoz etc.

[Continues as in M. 5 and 5 d., N° 1160, pp. 39 to 49.
A part of the membrane is missing.]

(M. 8.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de eodem Vfi.....**

Gerneř Preceptum fuit Vič qđ suñ tč Abbem Majoris Monasfii qđ esset hic ad hunc [diem ad respond] dño Regi de plito qđ redd ei advo-

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against Ralph Burnel, William de la Chapelle, John Dyre, Jordan Dire, John son of Peter Dire & Raulina du Vivier his partners one mill with its appurtenances in the Forest. And Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife, Joan & Nicholaa sisters of the said Matthew & Philippa his wife—one mill with the appurtenances in [St. Martin] de Bellouse as his right that the lord H. the King the grandfather, &c. was in seisin of the said mills as of fee & right to the value &c. And that such is the right of the said lord the King

And [Bar]antyn says that he is the purchaser of except only that the wife of the said John..... predecessors from time immemorial now hold them. And this they offer to establish &c. And in the meantime it is discussed with

(M. 7.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of**

Guernsey. amerced The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of the Vale were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors &c.

(M. 8.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of same eyre.**

Guernsey. It was commanded to the sheriff to summon &c. the Abbot of the larger Monastery⁽¹⁾ to be here at this [day to answer] to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowsons of

(1) Marmoutier.

caçones eccliaꝝ de foresta Torteval Samp̄s
e Šci Andř et advocaçoem duaꝝ pciū decime gerbaꝝ ecclie de Bellosa
..... .. ovis quinquaḡ solid̄ p̄cipiende de eadem ecclia
et t̄ unū molendinū cū portu. Et sup hoc veñ
frañ Martinus cōmonachus e s̄b cam̄arius d̄ce [Abbe et p̄bavit per]
testimoniū fideiū p̄d̄cm Ab̄hem esse inpotentem laborandi t̄c. Et t̄
qd̄ [p̄d̄cus Ab̄bas in tam remotis ptibꝫ] deget qd̄ ante finem Itifis
nō posset impetrare h̄re de Angl̄ de attorn̄. [Et offert dñi] Regi
quinquaꝝ libr̄ p̄ sit qd̄ mittat̄ aliquis fideiū dñi Reḡ hic ad test[i-
ficand̄ attorn̄] ip̄ius Ab̄btis quos faciet jux̄ discreçoem Cur̄ dñi Reḡ.
Et ei concedit̄ si Rex [acceptet p̄ p̄lm] Petri le Markaunt e Pet' de
Garrys. Et mittit̄ cum ip̄o Petrus de Garrys [sp̄aliꝝ Juratus] t̄c e
valde fidedignis. Postea in c̄stino Šce Margarete Virginis in Insula
de Martinus ptulit̄ tras patentes p̄d̄ci Ab̄btis
sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo Capit Fratres
Capituli Majoris Monastii Turoneñ et frañ Odo p̄missione divina
Minist..... Nobilibꝫ viris e discretis dño Johi
de Fresingfeld dño Drogoni de Barantin militibꝫ Dittoñ
Canonicho Šci Pauli Londoñ Justiciariis excellentissimi dñi dñi E.
dei gr̄a R..... [itineran]tibus in Insulis de Gerneñ e de Jeresey
salutem in dño. Sciatis qd̄ nos attorna..... nob̄ in xp̄o
fratrem Martinū Šbecam̄ariū nostri monastii et Johem de Balencat
[p̄sb̄itum] p̄senciū e eoꝝ quemlibet insolid̄. Ita qd̄ nō sit
melior condicio occupantis ad lucrandū [v̄t p̄d̄ndū] in om̄ibꝫ plitis
e querelis pro nob̄ v̄t cont̄ nos coram vō in Itif̄e v̄ro qualicūmq;
..... Concedentes eisdem fratri Martino e
Johi de Balencat qd̄ ip̄i vel al̄ eoꝝdem contiḡit
loco n̄ri façe possint seu possit attornatos v̄t attornatū quos v̄t quem
v..... .. coram vō ad om̄ia p̄d̄ca plita e querel̄ p̄sequend̄
e defendend̄ e ad lucrandū v̄t [p̄d̄ndū] p̄d̄cm est in eisdem. Ratū
e ḡtūm h̄ituri p̄ nob̄ e conventu n̄ri monastii qu[icquid]

Li

50 livres.

the Churches of the Forest, Torteval
St. Sampson & St. Andrew, & the advowson of two parts of the tithe
of sheaves of the Church of St. Martin de Bellouse
of the value of 50 sols to be taken of the same Church & also one
mill with [St. Peter] port. And upon this comes
Brother Martin fellow monk & under chamberlain of the said [Abbot
& proved] by the testimony of persons worthy of credence that the
said Abbot is unable to work &c. And also that the said Abbot
lived in such remote parts that before the end of the eyre he cannot
obtain the writ of attorney from England. [And he offers to the lord]
the King 50 livres so that any one of the lieges of the lord the King
be sent here to testify [to the attorneys] of the said Abbot which he
shall do according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King.
And it is granted to him if the King [accepts under the pledge] of
Peter le Marchant & of Peter de Garrys. And there is sent with
him Peter de Garrys [specially sworn] &c. and very trustworthy.
Afterwards in the Morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin in the Island
of Martin brought letters patent of the said Abbot sealed
with his seal & that of the Chapter the Brethren
of the Chapter of the greater Monastery of Tours & Brother Odo by
divine permission minister
To the noble & discreet men, Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de
Barantin, knights, & [John de] Ditton, canon of St. Paul's, London,
justices of the most excellent lord the lord E. by the grace of God
King in eyre in the islands of Guernsey & Jersey
greeting in the Lord. Know ye that we have attorned
to our brother in Christ Martin sub-chamberlain of our monastery &
John de Balencat priest presence & each of
them wholly. So that the condition of the one acting be no better,
to gain [or lose] in all pleas & plaints for us or against us before you
in your eyre howsoever [moved.] Granting to the said Brother
Martin & John de Balencat that they or either of them whom
..... shall happen, in our place may appoint
attorneys or attorney whom they will before you to prosecute &
defend all the said pleas & plaints & to gain or [lose] as is aforesaid
in the same. Holding as ratified & acceptable for us & the commu-

e Joñnes seu attornati vñ attornandi seu attornat^o vñ attornandus
ab ip̄is [aut eoz al̄ quem presen]tem esse contigit noĩe n̄ro hac pte
dufint seu duxit faciendum. In cu[i^o rei testimoniũ has] Iras vōb
patentes mittim^o sigilloz n̄roz munimine roboratas. Dañ anno d.....
..... Jovis post Octab festi Šcoz Ap̄loz Pet
e Pauli. Et tam ip̄e Martinus al̄ attorn̄ t̄c
dicunt qđ Willus quondam Dux Norman̄ e dñs Insulaz
..... Angl̄ adeptus f̄rat dedit cuidam Abb̄ti Majoris Monastii
p̄decessori t̄c ea Insula. Et p̄ferunt
quoddam antiqũ sc̄ptum cũ signis sive sigillo sub
cefa sic continens. Ego Willus Divina ordinante p̄viden
..... posui aliquid ex eis que temp̄at̄ accepi p̄ manus
paup̄iu post tempus rei eřna retribuřone
centena merear multi fieri possit
illud paup̄um genus elegi ad Turroñ
..... quod maj^o monastii dicit^r
p̄piis abrenunciatis facultatibz volunt
..... q̄ntitatis sive t̄ḡritatis eazdem rerum.....
..... offert et quas ap.....
Insulam que appel ppellat^r
ambiguitas eaz noĩa huic sc̄pto
..... integritate eccliam Šci And̄r de Puten.....
..... La burlosa cũ oĩi integritate
eccliam Samp̄s Ep̄i
cum oĩi integ^tate
rerum tam de frugibz q̄m de animalibz
..... p̄piis rebus ecclasticis s̄b tali leḡ
..... finierit seu in aliquo necglige
..... expelli dep̄hensis f̄rat secund
..... t̄ hiis decima quatuor carrucaz
..... unus hospes cum
oĩi integ^tate sue red... qui preerit

nity of our monastery whatsoever [the said Martin] & John or their attorneys, or the one to be attorned by them [or either of them who] shall happen to be present in our name, in this behalf or they shall have thought fit to be done. In [testimony] whereof we send you our letters patent confirmed by the impression of our seals. Given the year of our Lord Thursday after the Octaves of the feast of the holy Apostles Peter & Paul. And as well the said Martin either of the attorneys, &c. say that William formerly Duke of Normandy & lord of the Islands before having obtained of England gave to a certain former Abbot of the Greater Monastery, &c. those things Island. And they brought a certain ancient writing with signs or a seal under [amongst] other things containing this. I William by the divine order of Providence placed some of those things which I temporarily accept by the hand of the poor that I may merit afterwards in the eternal retribution one hundred years can be done I have elected that sort of poor people to do that which Tours which is called the Greater Monastery renouncing our own faculties will quantity or entirety of the same things which offer & which at the island which is called the ambiguity of the names of the same to this writing integrity the Church of St. Andrew de Putent la Bellouse with all entirety the Church St. Sampson Bishop with all entirety as well of fruits as of animals which of all things own ecclesiastical possessions under such law thereof shall finish or if in any negligence to be expelled according to & in these the tithe of four ploughlands one hospice with all entirety shall return to their

illi obediencie. Que omnia noie
Meheldis e filii mei Robti omipotentis deo e
..... quatenus jam sepe dcoꝝ fratrum oraconibꝫ
adjuti illoꝝ qui elemos meream^r adjungi
conforcio Et dič qđ pđcus Abbas e pdecessores
..... a tempe pđci doni semp tenuerunt pacifice pđca teñ
e advocačones eccliaꝝ e decimaꝝ Abbas modo tenet
ppter advocačoen ecclie de Bellosa quam quidam Abbas de Blanca-
landa adui est usurpavit sup pdecessorem suū. Et dicunt qđ molen-
dinū Abbtis in Šci Petⁱ portu est infra Cimiſiū Šci Petⁱ e illud cū
aliis tenuris suis in eadem villa sunt de liĉa elemosina ejusđ ecclie e
de pđco hospicio ab antiquo e a tempe quo nō estat memoria. Et
qđ ita est de singlis pđci petunt qđ inquirat^r p patriam. Et Guiltus
Carupel, Lucas le Corner, Petř Darciz, Robtus Floyres, Peř Hoel,
Petrus Ernal Reyman, Joĉnes Pereye, Guiltus Hanalet,
Oliſus le Moigne e Lucas Layker Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ
Abbtis Majoris Monastii tenuerunt pđcas advocačones pđcaꝝ qⁱnq,
eccliaꝝ simul cū duabꝫ ptibus decimaꝝ ecclie de Bellosa a tempe quo
memoria nō existit. Et qđ pđcm molenđ e alie tenure quas ipe
Abbas modo tenet in hac Insula sunt de liĉa elemosina ab antiquo
ptinente ad pđcas ecclias ppter quoddam magnū meš modo divisum p
Abbtis pđce domus in ptes ptes ubi tenentes eoꝝ resident quod est
de pđco hospicio in pđco sc'pto contento quod Abbtis similr tenuerūt
ab antiquo. Iđo pđcus Abbas inde sine die.

(M. 8 d.) [Cōitas hujus Insule] allocuta qua lege utunt^r e p q^m legem
clamant deduci an videſt p [legem Anglⁱ vⁱ] Normanñ aut p speciales
consuetudines etc.

[Continues as in M. 4, N^o 1160, pp. 29 to 34, line 2.]

..... who shall have charge of that obedience. All which things of the name of Mehelda & my son Robert to Almighty God & St. Martin in order that to the prayers of the before mentioned brethren of those who alms we may deserve to be united in friendship. And they say that the said Abbot & his predecessors from the time of the said gift always held peacefully the said tenements & advowsons of Churches & tithes the Abbot now holds except the advowson of the Church of St. Martin of Bellosa which a certain Abbot of Blanchelande a long while ago usurped from his predecessor. And they say that the mill of the Abbot in St. Peter Port is within the cemetery of St. Peter, & that with other their tenures in the said town are of the free alms of the said Church & of the said hospice of old & from time immemorial. And that it is so of each of the premises they ask that it may be enquired into by the verdict of the country. And William Carupel, Lucas le Corner, Peter Darciz, Robert Floyres, Peter Noel, Peter Ernal Keyman, John Pereye, William Hanalet, John Hanalet, Oliver le Moigne & Luke Layker, jurors, say upon their oaths that the Abbots of the Greater Monastery held the said advowsons of the said five Churches together with two parts of the tithes of the Church of Bellosa from time immemorial. And that the said mill & the other tenures which the said Abbot now holds in this Island are in frankalmoign of old belonging to the said Churches except a certain large messuage now divided by the Abbots of the said House in many parts where their tenants dwell which is of the said hospice contained in the said writing which the Abbots likewise held of old. Therefore the said Abbot on that occasion 'sine die.'

(M. 8 d.) The Commonalty of this Island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed whether to wit by the law of England or of Normandy or by special customs &c.

(M. 9.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis de quo Waranto.**

Gerneř Dñs Rex per Guiltm des Mareys qui sequit' pro eo petit vsus
Abbem de [Blancafanda etc.]

[Continues as in M. 2, N^o 1160, pp. 11 to 15, line 14.]

(M. 9 d.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis de quo Waranto de eodm Ytin^e.**

[Abbas de Chi]reburgh in m̄ia p pluribus defaltis.

[Idem Abbas et Prior de Erm suñ fñunt] qd essent hic ad
respond dno Regi de pl̄ito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate etc.

[Continues as at M. 2 d., N^o 1160, pp. 16 to 19.]

(M. 10.) **Pl̄ita de Corona** coram prefatis Joñne Drogone e Joñne
prefatis di.....

Gerneř Noia baltioz post ultias assisas.

Petr^o le Markaunt ab ultimis assisis usq, ad fm̄ Šci Michis
pxio Mat̄is de Curia baltis
postea et adhuc.

Noia Vicecom̄ seu p̄poitoz.

Gerardus de Cassade Joñnes le Markaunt

Noia Receptoz.

Robtus de Hady Petr^o de Parvafaco qui nunc est

Noia Juratoz dñi Reḡ de Insula.

Guiff le Gros	} Isti remanserunt ab ultis assisis.	Nichus le Feuere
Rađ Turleye		Henř de Vaugerart
Petr ^o de Lestak		Ricús Bernard
Guiff le Gay		Petř Bernard
Ričus le Hichee		Joñnes Justice

Oliřus de Lestak

Colinus de la Court

Isti septem postea fuerant

(M. 9.)

Continuation of pleas de quo Warranto.

Guernsey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande &c.

(M. 9 d.)

Continuation of pleas de quo Warranto of the same eyre.

The Abbot of Cherbourg amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of Herm were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license &c.

(M. 10.)

Pleas of the Crown before the said John, Drogo & John aforesaid

Guernsey.

Names of the Bailiffs after the last assizes.

Peter le Marchant from the last assizes up to the feast of St. Michael next
Matthew de la Court Bailiff afterwards & still.

Names of the Sheriffs or Provosts.

Gerard de Cassade

John le Marchant

Names of the Receivers.

Robert de Hady

Peter de Parvafiaco who now is.

Names of the Jurats of the lord the King of the Island.

William le Gros

Ralph Turleye

Peter de Lestak

William le Gay

Richard le Hericher

} These remained
from the
last assizes

Nicholas le Feuvre

Henry de Vaugerart

Richard Bernard

Peter Bernard

John Justice

Oliver de Lestak

Colin de la Court.

These seven were afterwards [elected.]

Noia Juratoꝝ de pochi Šci Pet' in portu associatis

de pochi Šci Pet' in portu.	Lucas le Corner	} Electores	Adam le Bougre
	Ricius Gosce		Petr ^o le Machon
	Petr ^o Naom		Rađ Hafland
	Henř Dulaban		Guiff de Ponte
	Jořnes Sampson		Petř Noel.

Noia Juratoꝝ e aliis pochi.

de Šco Sampš.	Guiff Berot	} Electores	Colin ^o la Musteng
	Symon de Homet		Guiff de la R.....
	Jořnes de Roker senior		Baudewyn ^o
	Colin ^o Burnel		Guiff Be.....
Wale	Guiff Salemon	} Electores	R
	Ranulphus Galti		.....
	Gilemm ^o de la Fontele		.....
	Gervaš Balan		.....
Šci Pet' de bosco	Jořnes Neirjoie	} Electores	.....
	Thoř Evelyn		.....
	Thoř Belass.....		.....
	Colinus le .....		.....
Đ Castro	Petr ^o Nicole		.....
	Petr ^o .....		.....
	Joh.....		.....
	Rořtus .....		.....
Đ Šco Salvař	Jordanus Dan.....		.....
	Henř Mal.....		.....
	Mich Lestornel		.....
	Guiff Jeremye		.....
Đ bellos	Jordanus Discard		.....
	Mathus Godelaund		.....
	Jordř Choffyn		.....
	Rořt ^o Aunget.....		.....

Names of the jurors of the parish of St. Peter Port associated

Of the parish of St. Peter Port.	Luke le Corner	} Electors	Adam le Bougre
	Richard Gosce		Peter le Machon
	Peter Naom		Ralph Haverland
	Henry Dulaban		William du Pont
	John Sampson		Peter Noel

Names of the jurors of the other parishes.

Of St. Sampson.	William Berot	} Electors	Colin de Musteng
	Simon de Homet		William de la R.....
	John de Roker senior		Baldwin
	Colin Burnel		William Be.....
The Vale.	William Salemon	} Electors	R
	Ranulph Gautier		.....
	William de la Fontele		.....
	Gervase Balan		.....
St. Peter in the Wood.	John Neirjoie	} Electors	.....
	Thomas Evelyn		.....
	Thomas Belass.....		.....
	Colin le .....		.....
Câtel.	Peter Nicole		.....
	Peter .....		.....
	John .....		.....
	Robert .....		.....
Of St. Saviour	Jordan Dan.....		.....
	Henry Mal.....		.....
	Michael Lestornel		.....
	William Jeremye		.....
St. Martin of Bellouse.	Jordan Discard		.....
	Matthew Godelaund		.....
	Jordan Choffyn		.....
	Robert Aunget		.....

(M. 10 d.)	.....	Colinus de Šco Andr	Joñnes le Tonnerre
	.....	Robt ^o Roynaud	Ricūs Corbyn
	.....	Aunqetil Pelryn	Ricūs le Cok
	.....	Joñnes Oliver	Guillemi ^o Maheu
	.....	Thoñ de Walriof	Ricūs le Tresorer
	.....	Colinus le Mesuer	Joñnes de Walriof
	.....	Joñnes le Forester	Pñus Peytevin
	.....	Robtus le Joevene	Rads le Bretoun
	.....	Joñnes le Telier	Micñ Droë
	..... la fosse } Electores.	Petr ^o Serkof	Joñnes Osaune
	.....	Ricūs de la Mare	Joñnes Drury
	.....	Guiff .....ard	

[the rest of the membrane is destroyed.]

(M. 11.) **Adhuc de pñtis Gorone** de poñi Šci Petri in

..... cū Insula de Erm
veñ p xv

Gerneñ Juř pñtant qđ Thomas de Estfeld p

Petⁱ in portu. Pet^o in hac villa p morte Robti de Celer
qui quid

Regis Angt pñs đni Regis qui nunc est de

..... Thomas modo venit e pfert litras
pđci dñi

..... cartas tē Idm Thomas fuit in eadem
villa

..... aliquid scit diče p se quare đns Rex

..... tē Et pđcus Thomas
dicit qđ has Insulas
..... Angt qđ p

..... bñs libata fuerunt

(M. 10 d.)	.....	Colin of St. Andrew	John le Tonnerre
	.....	Robert Roynaud	Richard Corbyn
	.....	Aunqetil Pelryn	Richard le Cok
	.....	John Oliver	William Maheu
	.....	Thomas de Walriof	Richard le Tresorer
	.....	Colin le Mesuer	John de Walriof
	.....	John le Forester	Philip Peytevin
	.....	Robert le Joevene	Ralph le Breton
	..... )	John le Telier	Michael Droe
	..... la Fosse)	Peter Serkof	John Ozanne
	..... )	Richard de la Mare	John Drury
	..... )	William .....ard	

[The rest of the membrane is destroyed.]

(M. 11.) **Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Peter [Port.]

..... with the island of Erm
come by fifteen

Guernsey. The jurors present that Thomas de Estfeld by
St. Peter-port. Peter in this town by the death of
Robert de Celer which said
..... King of England father of the now lord the King of
.....
Thomas now comes & produces letters of the said lord
.....
charters &c. The said Thomas had in the same town
.....
knows anything to say for himself why the lord the King
..... &c.
And the said Thomas says that
..... these islands
..... England that by
..... of the writ were delivered

[Robertus de Haddy] receptor p̄dci Ottonis p̄fert bre p̄dci dñi
Reġ..... v̄ba Edwardus
dei Gra Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hibñ e Dux Aquit̄ etc.

[This writ is the same as on page 28.]

abjuř Presentant t̄ qđ Andr̄ Wekesle Guillus Cakise Cecilia de
..... in plena Cuř usq; ad tres
annos p̄ eo qđ fuerunt
postea redierunt e nulla habuerūt catalla.

ijj buss̄ de redd̄

XL^a vj^d

xxxij^a vj^d

Lxviiij^a vj^d

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o Nicole e quid̄ alii p̄ consilium e auxilium
Augustini de Šbmolend quendam
fidelem Normanñ in molend̄o dñi Reġ de argento e farina sua. Et
fuġ..... utlag^r Idm Petr^o fuit ĩram
heditař in poch̄ Šci Salvatoris in cōmuni cū p̄ticipibz suis unde p̄pars
ejus valent p̄ annū iij buss̄ fri qui
remañ dno Regi quousq; utlag^r tē Et ex..... e participes
sui respondeb̄ tam de tempe p̄lito s̄ a festo Sci Mich̄is anno
..... cū eisdem in cōmuni de
blađ ad valenč p̄partis sue xxxij^a vj^d. Idm
ij vitlos xij bidentes e agnos ij porč j cistam und̄ p̄pars ejus Lxviiij^a
..... respondeb̄. Postea die m̄cuř p̄x^a post
fm̄ Assūpčois be Mař veñ p̄ds
..... de p̄missis poñ se sup̄ p̄riam. Juř dicūt sup̄
sacřm suū qđ p̄d

ĳam suā et caĳ
sua remañ doio
Reġ p̄ fuga tē
ex^a

m̄ia

caĳ^r

m̄ia

caĳ^r

xviiij^a

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o Rauf fuř unū batal̄t
..... utlag^r Et nō fuit ĩram v̄l catalla.

Presentant t̄ qđ Henř Nicole, Jořnes
..... simplices hoies in taĳnas et fac.....
..... et capiat^r cū veřint nō modo
..... de nocte Osanna
.....

Idm Guionus Ni..... post cō... ..
.....

[Robert de Haddy] the receiver of the aforesaid Otto produces the writ of the said lord the King [in these] words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine &c.

Abjuration.

They present also that Andrew Wekesle, William Cakise, Cecilia de in open court up to three years for that they were afterwards went back & had no chattels.

They present also that Peter Nicole & certain others by the counsel & aid of Augustin de Submolend a certain faithful Norman in the mill of the lord the King of his silver & wheat. And fled outlawed. The same Peter had land of inheritance in the parish of St. Saviour in common with his partners whereof his portion are worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat which remain to the lord the King so long as he is outlawed, &c. And of & his partners shall answer as well for the time past, viz., from the feast of St. Michael in the year with the same in common of wheat to the value of his portion 32^s 6^d. The same 2 calves, 12 sheep & lambs, 2 pigs, one chest whereof his portion is 68 sols shall answer. Afterwards on Wednesday next after the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Mary came the said of the premises places himself on the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid

3 bushels of wheat of rent 40^s 6^d

His land and chattels remain to the lord the King for the theft &c. outside.

amerced.
be taken.
amerced.
be taken.

18 sols.

They present also that Peter Ralph stole one boat outlawed. And he had no land or chattels.

They present also that Henry Nicole, John honest men in taverns & make & let them be taken when they shall come not now by night Osanna

The same Guy Ni..... after

	Petrus Gauter
<u>LX^a</u>	..... suos in Cur̃ xp̃iani.
	..... fecit finem p̃ p̃d.....
	Presentant t̃ qđ Math̃us
<u>xxv^a</u>	..... catañt qui
<u>cap^r</u>	..... de quibz Pet̃r
	..... p ^l sona.
	Presentant t̃ qđ
<u>C s.</u>	..... ex ^a dom.....
abjur.	Presentant t̃ qđ
	..... R̃z nūc p ^l mo qui post
	..... ĩras dñi Reġ..... p̃dcis que
	alibi
	Idm̃ fuit j multam p̃cii
<u>v s.</u>	v s̃ Et fuit libam fram videl̃ v pecias ĩre cū j placea meš que
vij b̃z ĩri e xv d̃	valent p̃ annū vij bus̃ ĩri e xv d̃ unde Avicia
de redd̃ salva	tenet ĩciam p̃tem in dotē ĩm̃ p̃dca maĩ sua tenet in dotē de
dote e p̃ vita	heditaĩ ejusd̃ Jord̃ quend̃ annuū redd̃m ij bus̃ ĩri p̃ṽientē de ĩra
dotate	Pettri Royman Et p̃dce ij p̃tes simiĩr
	dote cum
	acciderit sint esĉieta dñi Reġ tē Et q̃ Pet̃r le Markaunt balis tē
	..... Reġ delibaũunt p̃dco J..... ĩas suas sine
	waranto s̃b colore qđ rediit infra añ e die
	..... qđ p̃ ĩre dñi Reġ nup̃ f̃f̃it inhibitū
	..... libaĉoes nō
	ip̃o dño Reġ
<u>m̃ie</u>	..... Ido
	Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet de esĉietis videl̃ de
	filia Florincen
	sine ĩede tē a tribz
	..... tē quod
	..... formam feofamenti sui
	..... tē ĩm̃ de esĉieta
	ĩm̃ de
	esĉieta Joħne
	v ^l gaĩ ĩre ij b̃z ĩri

60 sols. Peter Gauter
..... his in the court of Christianity
..... compounded for the aforesaid

25 sols. They present also that Matthew
be taken. chattels who
..... of which Peter.....
..... prison.

100 sols. They present also that
..... outside the house

Abjuration. They present also that
in the first of the present King who after
..... letters of the lord the King
aforesaid which elsewhere The same
5 sols. had one sheep price five sols. And he had free land, viz., 5 pieces of
7 bushels of 15d. land with one place messuage which are worth yearly 7 bushels of
of rent saving wheat & 15 deniers whereof Avicia his holds the third
the dower & part in dower. Also his said mother holds in dower of the inhe-
dowered for life. ritage of the said Jordan a certain yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat
issuing from the land of Peter Royman. And the said 2 parts like-
wise in dower when it shall happen are escheats of
the lord the King &c. And that Peter le Marchant Bailiff &c.
..... King delivered to the said J.....
..... his lands without warrant under colour that he came
back within the year & day
..... that by writ of the lord the King was lately inhibited
..... deliveries not
..... to the same lord the King
amerced. Therefore

They present also that the lord the King has of escheats, viz. of
..... the daughter of Florence
without heir &c. from three &c.
that
the form of his feoffment &c.
Also of the escheat Also
of the escheat of Joan virgate of land
2 bushels of wheat of the escheat

..... de escheta Galfrī Osb.....
..... escheta filie
..... et nō plus q₃ onātur
busš Iīm de una v'rgat' tre
de Iīm de una alia v'gat'
..... eadm escheta j q^r fri. Iīm
..... ij busš fri uno meš
de escha Cornl..... apđ la Garguerie
..... de una placea Trenchard
..... de uno meš de escha Phi..... ij b₃ fri
Iīm de escheta Iīm de j v'gat' tre
..... Johne Halla e de habet
t' dñs Rex firmas de plibz
..... de quibusđ p man^o Bord' de Laundry Lxvij s
..... j s et ad brassaġ
ij s vj đ et ad costillaġ iij s
..... đ ij s vj đ et ad brassaġ v s Iīm de plibz p man^o
..... brassaġ v s Iīm de plibz p man^o Bordagioř
Jordi Omo..... xxij đ
Iīm de plibz p man^o Bordagioř Lesaunt de firma
..... s et ad brassaġ ij s.

(M. 11 d).

Adhuc de S̄ci Petri Porfu.

..... qđ dñs Rex iij^{or} molendia aquatica et
unū molendinū vent'cñ in ista pochia
..... iij^{xx} xⁱⁱ Est t' hic quoddam feodū cognōie Rosel in quo
sunt vj^{xx} xvj dñs Rex pcipit p
annū xvij q^r fri ad pvam menš. Iīm de v bovat'
..... ij q^r fri. Iīm de iij^{xx} xvj bovat' tre de
Hařland s. de qualibz bovata ad et Wilts
le Gros e Petr^o le Gros debent p annū p uno meš de eod' feodo
..... capōñ et Wilts de Hařlaund e participes

of Geoffrey Osb
escheat of the daughter
and not more because they are charged
bushels Also of one virgate of
land of Also of one other virgate
..... the same escheat one quarter of wheat. Also
..... 2 bushels of wheat..... one
messuage of the escheat of Cornl..... at La
Garguerie of one place Trenchard
..... of one messuage of the escheat of Philip
2 bushels of wheat. Also of the escheat
Also of one virgate of land John Halla
& of has also the lord the King
..... farms of many of certain
by the hands of the Bordage of Laundry 67 sols
..... one sol and for brewing 3 sols
6 deniers & for costillagium 4 sols
2 sols 6 deniers and for brewing 5 sols. Also of many by the hands
..... brewing 5 sols. Also of
many by the hands of the bordiers of Jordan Omo
..... 22 deniers. Also of many by
the hands of the bordiers of Laisant of the farm
..... 5 sols and for brewing 2 sols.

(M. 11 d.)

Continuation of St. Peter Port.

..... that the lord the King four water mills
& one windmill in this parish
90 livres. Also there is here a certain fief called Rosel in which are
136 the lord the King
takes annually 17 quarters of wheat by the small measure. Also of
5 bovates 3 quarters of wheat.
Also of 96 bovates of land of Havilland, to wit, of each bovate at
..... and William le Gros & Peter le Gros
owe annually for one messuage of the same fief
..... capons, and William de Havilland & his partners of

sui de iij bovatis fre de eodm feodo
 Wilts le Gros e Petr^o Bernard p meš suis vsus mare
 ij pañ ij capoñ et Jords le Botiller
 p meš suis simitr ij pañ ij capoñ. Et Robt^o Herof pro meš
 dns Rex capit camptū p totam pochia pullağ pannağ
 e huj^o custumas p^oq^a de tenuram Abbis
 Majoris Monasterii. Et camptū se extendit coibz annis ad XL li. Et
 si extendit pullağ coibz annis ad xiiij e j pullağ de
 pannağ. Percipit t̄ dns Rex in hac pochia ix q̄r e iij rasturas aveñ
 de re..... t̄ dns Rex iiij^{or} v'gañ fre
 de eschieta Alicie de la Faleise que valent p annū j q̄r
 quas Joñnes Cardet hucusq, tenuit in bordağ p officiū sp̄pendendi
 felones sp̄pendendos hic de bordağio Cornet
 v v'gañ fre que valent j q̄r fri. Et de bordağ Duraunt vij v'gañ
 que valent p annū xxij bz fri. Et Idm Bordağ sine licencia dni Reğ
 ofatur Sampsoni e Wilto Baudewyn in ij q̄r fri
 p annū et fribz de confraeria s̄ce Marie in j cañ qui
 remaneant dno Regi ad voluntatē suā. Habet e dns Rex de bordağ
 Rungefor in v'gañ que valent p annū iij busš fri.
 Et de bordağ Petri Trusse j v'gat fre que valet p iij cañ fri.
 Et de bordağ Lesaunt viij v'gat fre que valent p annū iij q̄r fri. Et
 de bordağio Brisepik in hac pochia v v'gañ fre que valent p annū
 ij q̄r fri. Et sciend qđ bordağ spectat plus in aliis
 t'bz pochiis s. Šci Andř Šci Martini et de Bellosa. Habet
 dns Rex de bordağ Laundry vij v'gañ fre quaz vj valent p
 annū vj bz fri et septima diminatur
 e alienatur e jam sita sunt sup illam x iiij^{or} meš sive cotagia de
 quibz le Machoun tenet unū qđ valet p annū
 vj busš fri. Et idm mesuağ sine licenč dni Reğ ofatur Ričo Cokerel
 in ij busš fri p annū et Avicie Baligan in aliis duobz busš

3 bovates of land of the same fief
William le Gros & Peter Bernard for their messuages towards the
sea 2 loaves 2 capons & Jordan
le Boutillier for his messuages likewise 2 loaves 2 capons. And
Robert Herof for his messuage the lord the
King champart throughout the whole parish, pullage, pannage &
such customs except of the tenure
of the Abbot of the Greater Monastery. And the champart extends
one year with another to 40 livres. And so the pullage extends
itself one year with another to 261 pullages
of the pannage. The lord the King also takes in this parish 9 quar-
ters & 3 rases of oats of the also the lord the
King 4 virgates of land of the escheat of Alice de la Falaise which
are worth by the year one quarter which John
Cardet up to now held in bordage by the office of hanging felons
hanged here of the bordage Cornet 5 virgates
of land which are worth one quarter of wheat. And of the bordage
of Durant 7 virgates which are worth by the year 22 bushels
of wheat. And the same bordage without the license of the lord the
King is charged to Sampson & William Baldwin in
2 quarters of wheat by the year & to the brethren of the fraternity
of St. Mary in one cabot which remain to the lord
the King at his will. Also the lord the King has of the bordage of
Rougefer in one virgate which are worth by
the year 3 bushels of wheat. And of the bordage of Peter Trousse
one virgate of land which is worth by [the year] 3 cabots of wheat.
And of the bordage of Laisant 8 virgates of land which are worth by
the year 3 quarters of wheat. And of the bordage of Brisepik in this
parish 5 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 quarters of
wheat. And be it known that bordage
belongs more in the other 3 parishes, viz., St. Andrew, St. Martin &
Bellosa. The lord the King has of the bordage of Laundry
7 virgates of land whereof 6 are worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat
& the seventh is diminished &
alienated, & now there are built upon the same 14 messuages or
cottages of which le Machon holds one
which is worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat. And the same
messuage without the license of the lord the King is charged to
Richard Cokerel in 2 bushels of wheat by the year & to Avice
Baligan in another 2 bushels which

..... qui remaneant dno Regi ad voluntatem suam. Iſm Robtus
le Peletier tenet inde aliud quod valet p annū vj busſ
fri et idm meſ sine licenč dñi Regē oflatur p annū
le Corner in j busſ fri qui simitr remaneat dno Regi ad voluntate suā.
Iſm Emma tenet inde duo meſ que valent p annū
vj b̄z fri et illa sine licenč dñi Regē oflant^r in
Petro Homet in j busſ fri et Galiene Pollard in iij busſ fri q^m simitr
remañ Regi ad voluntatē suā. Iſm Petr^o le Moigne
tenet inde unū aliud meſ quod valet p annū
busſ fri. Iſm Sampson le Moigne tenet inde j meſ quod valet p
annū iij b̄z fri et illud licenč dñi Regē oflat^r p annū
Guillo Carupel in ij busſ fri ij pañ ij capoñ. Iſm Avicia
..... tenet inde unū meſ quod valet p annū v busſ fri et
illud oflatur p annū Petro ij busſ fri et Scolastice
Kaynel in j b̄z fri sine licenč dñi Regē qui sibi remančat
..... suā. Iſm Ričus Lomme la Dame tenet inde
unū meſ quod valet p añ j q^r fri
le Noble tenet inde unū meſ quod valet p añ j q^r fri et illud
oflatur p añ fri et Wilfo
Laloel in ij busſ fri et Luce le Corner e participiſ suis in
..... et Petro le Markaunt
Piscatori in j busſ fri sine licenč dñi Regē
..... suam. Iſm Andr Lesaunt tenet inde
j meſ quod valet p añ
..... inde j meſ quod valet p annū j q^r fri et illud
oflatur j pañ j capoñ sine
licenč dñi Regē qui s^t remañ tē
..... valet p annū j caſ fri. Iſm Joñnes le Machoun
tenet illud oflatur. Wilfo
le Telier p añ in ij b̄z fri
..... quoddam cotagiū quod valet p añ in busſ fri
.....

remain to the lord the King at his will. Also Robert le Peletier holds thereof another which is worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat & the same message without the license of the lord the King is charged by the year le Corner in one bushel of wheat which likewise remains to the lord the King at his will. Also Emma holds thereof 2 messages which are worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat & those without the license of the lord the King are charged to Peter Homet in one bushel of wheat & to Galiene Pollard in 3 bushels of wheat which likewise remain to the King at his will. Also Peter le Moigne holds thereof one other message which is worth by the year bushel of wheat. Also Sampson le Moigne holds thereof one message which is worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat license of the lord the King it is charged by the year to William Carupel in 2 bushels of wheat 2 loaves 2 capons. Also Avicia holds thereof one message which is worth by the year 5 bushels of wheat & it is charged by the year to Peter 2 bushels of wheat & to Scolastica Kaynel in one bushel of wheat without the license of the lord the King which likewise ought to remain to him Also Richard Lomme la Dame holds thereof one message which is worth by the year one bushel of wheat le Noble holds thereof one message which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat & it is charged by the year of wheat & to William Laloel in 2 bushels of wheat & to Luke le Corner & his partners in & to Peter le Marchant, the fisherman, in one bushel of wheat without the license of the lord the King Also Andrew Laisant holds thereof one message which is worth by the year thereof one message which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat and it is charged one loaf one capon without the license of the lord the King which remain to him &c worth by the year one measure of wheat. Also John le Machon holds it is charged to William le Telier by the year in two bushels of wheat a certain cottage which is worth by the year three bushels of wheat

..... ofatur Petro le Hageys
p annū in iij
..... uñ Riči le Moigne in iij cañ frī
et suis in ix s̄ qui
remaneant dno Regi.

..... pastura cōmunis est om̄ibz
sed sunt paupes Regi p annū
p quolibz cotaḡ unū pullaḡ
..... que vocatur le Hurel de
Haflaund
..... t̄ dñs Rex capellam S̄ce Marie de Mariscis
quo monastīi est e fuit
ab antiquo advocat^o ecclie S̄ci Petri hic
..... campū debent façe e repare
ḡngiam quociens op^o f̄it
lapides e campiptores custagia.

vj li x s̄

Presentant t̄ qđ anno Regē nunc p^lmo devenit Wreckū sb̄f castrū
de x baconibz p̄c C s̄ e maeremio p̄cii x s̄ et de Bussardo cum sale
ad valenč vj li x s̄ Iīm de alio ap̄d Les Treisgronis p̄cii XL s̄ de
quibz om̄ibz dñs Rex habet medietatē Devenit t̄c Wreckū hic de
v^lga navis cū v̄clo pars Regē XL s̄ Iīm vj li solutes
R. Haddy Receptorī t̄c p Petrū Pollard p parte doleo
Ballene Iīm vj li p parte sua uni^o dolei Ballene ap̄d Glateny Iīm
vj li p pte dolei ballene p man^o Luce le Corner Iīm
C s̄ p pte sua j dolei sepi p man^o ejusdm
p pte sua j bale sepi.

..... qđ Olivus le Huby j
multone p iīm furato et Joñnes tunc receptor
dñi extra locū refugii s. in
plena Cuř insulas
..... bre clausum directū ballio qđ cer.....
dñm Regē de modo tea continue
sine alio waranto mora hic p unū annū

..... is charged to Peter le Hageys
by the year in three
..... the wife of Richard le Moigne
in three measures of wheat and
..... in 9 sols which shall remain to the lord the King.

The common pasture is for all but there are poor people
..... to the King by the year for each
cottage one pullage
..... which is called the Hurel de Havilland
..... and the lord the
King the chapel of St. Mary des Marais
..... of the Monastery is & was of old the patron of
the Church of St. Peter here
ought to make champart & repair the grange as often as shall be
necessary stones
& champertors charges.

6 livres 10 sols. They present also that in the first year of the now King a wreck
occurred under the castle of 10 hogs price 100 sols & timber price
10 sols and of a ship with salt to the value of 6 livres 10 sols. Also
of another at Les Treisgronis price 40 sols of all of which the lord
the King has the moiety. There happened also a wreck here of the
mast of the ship with cordage the share
of the King 40 sols. Also 6 livres paid to Robert de Haddy the
Receiver &c. by Peter Pollard for the share of a cask of whale. Also
6 livres for his share of one cask of whale at Glateny. Also 60 livres
for his share of a cask of whale by the hands of Luke le Corner.
Also 100 sols for his share of one tub of tallow by the hands of the
same for his share of one bale of tallow.

..... that Oliver le Huby
one sheep stolen by him, & John then receiver of the
lord outside the place of refuge,
viz. in open court islands
..... closed writ directed to the bailiff that he should certify
the lord the King of the way
continuously without any other warrant lived here for one year

..... Petro le Markaunt feçi hic
ballio t̄c hūc amoto t̄c predcus
..... Reḡ in Castro p̄ preceptū ip̄ius Petri
... p^otea evasit a p^lsona e Insulas
iřato t̄c Et predcus Jořis pro predcis tem̄itate e p.....
..... tam pro predcis pmissionibz p^lmo
fuge sue e p^otea sone qđ t̄nsivit
a castro p̄ medium ville sue ad ecchiam
..... qđ vidit eū in villa p^ot p^lmā abjuř suam
..... Juřm de evasione. Quasio (?)
C ẽ sup Matřm Levesq.....

C ẽ

m̄ia

Presentant t̄ qđ Iđo in m̄ia.

Respice de residuo seu
remañ huj^o pochie.

(M. 12.) **Adhuc de p̄lis de Corona** de poch̄ Šci Petri de bosco.

Gerneř

Paroch̄ Šci Pet^l de bosco veñ

Juř p̄sentant qđ Jořes le P.....

Pro

poch̄ e ibidem coram Petro le Markaunt

Inř pred..... Joř

catalla ejusdem

respond

Iřm quo ad dñicas řras dñi Regis dicunt qđ dñs Rex
..... feloñ una v^lgař řre duodecim
..... e dimiđ Iřm de řra Emme la Mesurere
suspense scilt řri. Iřm de pvo
meř quod fuit Phelipote de novem
v^lgař řre que fuerunt Riči Norman feloñ
ix busř e j řri. Iřm de quodam annuo redđ ejusdem

..... to Peter le Marchant
to be made here to the bailiff &c. him
removed &c. the aforesaid
the King in the castle by the command of the said Peter
afterwards escaped from the prison and the islands for
the second time &c. And the said John for the said rashness &
..... as well for the aforesaid
permissions first of his flight & afterwards
..... that he went across from the castle through the
middle of the town to the Church
that he saw him in the town after his first abjuration
..... judgment concerning the evasion
..... upon Matthew Levesque

100 sols.

amerced.

They present also that
Therefore amerced.

[On the back the residue or remainder
of this parish].

(M. 12.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Peter in the Wood.

Guernsey. The parishioners of St. Peter in the Wood come

The jurors present that John le P.... ..

For

parish & there before Peter le Marchant

the islands aforesaid John

chattels of the same

answer

Also as to the demesne lands of the lord the King they say that
the lord the King felon
..... one virgate of land 12
and a half. Also of the land of Emma le Mesurer hanged, viz.
..... of wheat. Also of
..... small messuage which was of Phelipote
..... of 9 virgates of land which were of Richard
Norman felon 9 bushels & one
..... of wheat. Also of a certain yearly rent of the same

..... de una carucata ĩre que vocatu^r
Adcorbineys xv q^uar^um ĩri ad capoⁿ
ĩcii cui^us^um v tur^um e vij paⁿ ĩcii cui^us^um ij tur^um Et habebit
..... de qualibet domo ejusdm feodi ij galfin ad
festu^m ĩci Mich^uis pasnagi^u videt^r
de quolibet porco j tur^um ĩm p ĩdca ĩra
..... ij paⁿ e ij capoⁿ Et sciend^u qd jam sunt
in d^ecto feodo decem
Rex singltis annis de j v^lg ĩre e ĩcia pte uni⁹ v^lg terre que fuit Jo^hnis
Hidous un^u bus^u ĩri capoⁿ
sup^u d^ecti ĩcii e xl ova p^l iii^or Turroⁿ et pro sale ij Turroⁿ Percipit
..... carucata ĩre videt^r
duodeciam garbam et valet camp^u dⁿi Reg^u in pred^u po^l ĩ
..... t^u dⁿs Rex p manus tenenci^u
ĩdca caru^u ĩre de auxilio p ann^u x s^u med^u
..... ĩci Jo^hnis Bap^l. Et tenet^r Caru^u illa pro
xij bova^u ĩre Et Rex ĩt de qualibz
esche^ua de feodo Syward computat^r pro xij bova^u ĩre quaz x sunt
in hac Salvat. Et
dⁿs Rex pcipit p an^u de qualibz bova^u ĩre in hac po^l ĩ ij bus^u
..... Percipit t^u camp^u de pred^u feodo unde preciu^m
continet^r s^u s^uma sup
E. dⁿs Rex de qualibz bova^u pred^u ĩ feodi x gar^u ĩri e deco gar^u
..... in fine cu^m consimilibz
redditibz. Percipit t^u dⁿs Rex de qualibz bovat
..... Percipit t^u per totum feod^u ill^u panna^u ut sup^u
et de qualibz domo Percipit t^u
dⁿs Rex de pred^u feodo p ann^u x
..... xv s^u p ann^u de co^u auxilio et ad auxit
..... Regis si illos velit querere.
Et si v^l un^u
dena^u pro labore suo
..... ĩce Ma^u de Castro ĩci Petri

..... of one carucate of land
which is called Acorbines 15 quarters of wheat at
..... capons price of each 5 tournois & 7 loaves
price of each 2 tournois. And he shall have
of each house of the same fee two hens at the feast of St. Michael
..... pannage, to wit, of each pig
one tournois. Also for the said land
2 loaves & 2 capons. And be it known that there are now in the
said fee 10 the King every
year of one virgate of land & the 3rd part of one virgate of land
which was of John Hidous one bushel of wheat
..... capons of the price aforesaid & 40 eggs price 4 tournois
& for salt 2 tournois. He takes carucate
of land, to wit, the twelfth sheaf & the champart of the lord the
King in the said parish is worth
and the lord the King by the hands of the tenants of the aforesaid
carucate of land of aid by the year ten sols half
..... of St. John the Baptist. And the carucate is
held for 12 bovates of land. And the King has of each
..... the escheats of the fee of Syward is reckoned for
12 bovates of land whereof 10 are in this
Saviour. And the lord the King takes by the year of each bovate of
land in this parish 2 bushels He takes also
champart of the said fee whereof the price is contained under the
sum E. the lord the King of each bovate
of the said fee 10 sheaves of wheat & 10 sheaves
in the end with like revenues. The lord the King takes also of each
bovate He takes also
throughout the whole fee pannage as above and of each house
..... The lord the King takes also
of the said fee by the year 10
15 sols by the year of common aid & to aid
..... of the King if he shall wish to complain of them.
And if or one penny
for his labour
St. Mary of the Câtel, St. Peter

..... li vj š j đ
..... escheta
vocato au Goudre
feod wardi ilis est consuetudo qđ al.....
..... solidos de cullagio.

Presentant eciam qđ p^ot ulťias
..... xij š a^o tč xxxiiij^{to}
R. Hady

Comptū est p Rořlos
..... fřnt coram
..... Ido sciant inde
emende tč
..... eos ad pľita Corone

[a space of about 20 lines is left here.]

Post
..... pcipe axiliū regale Ido de
..... sint inde quieti versus

Comptum est
..... uřis

(M. 12 d.)

Adhuc de S̄ci Petri de Bosco.

..... per quandam foveam quā
fecit ad capite Campi sui inessavit
..... Guifř Sarre obstruxit regale chimnū
de lapidibz. Et Peřr lapides.
Et Sarra Kemloun p lapsum pjectis sui obstruxi
..... Et nocumenta deobstruantur ad
eoř custagia.

..... qđ Benedca Choffyn que a septem annis
elapsis abjuř Inš put patet alibi
Rořto Choffyn řre suo e Philepota sorore eoř xx virgř řre de quibz
ppars đce ij v'gař e đi que

..... livres 6 sols 1 denier
escheats called au Goudre
fee ward such is the custom that
..... shillings of cullage.

They present also that after the last
..... 12s. and also in the 34th
..... R. Hady

It is found by the rolls
..... were before
..... Therefore let them know
the amends thereof &c.
..... them at the
pleas of the Crown

[a space of about 20 lines is left here.]

After
..... to take royal aid. Therefore of ...
..... be thereof quit towards

It is found
..... of the wife

(M. 12 d.)

Continuation of St. Peter in the Wood.

..... by a certain ditch
which he made at the head of his field he approached
..... William Sarre obstructed the King's highway
with stones. And Peter
stones. And Sarra Kemboun by the falling of her roof obstructed
..... And the
nuisances will be removed at their cost.

..... that Benedicta Choffyn who 7 years ago
abjured the islands as it appears elsewhere
..... to Robert Choffyn her brother & to Philepota
their sister 15 virgates of land of whose portion

valent p añ iij bus̄ e iij danereſt fr̄i e di et p̄dci
..... Philepota simil cum Guiffo de Kelly
respondebunt dno Regi de exit̄ medii
..... de vj q̄r̄i ij bus̄ j dañ fr̄i e di que modo app̄ciant̄ ad
cxviiij ſ j d̄ ob̄ ejusdem fre xv ſ de
quibz iidem respondeb̄.

[Prese]ntant t̄ qđ Nichus Durel fecit citare Colinū Blundel
Guifm le Caufr maliçose Inſ apđ Constaci e coram
ptes alios ut sic pecuniam ab eis extorqueret et idm Nichs
..... finem sicut patet alibi.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiltus Fale Boleng, Simon le Mesurer, Olfus
Bealassis, Mich Martel, Radus Pessoun e Joñes Adam Tabnař ven-
diderunt cont̄ assisam. Ido ipi in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Drogo Simonis fecit p̄presturam de chimino
regali lonḡ j p̄cate e latiſ ij dū. Et Radus le Joeneve
fecit murū in chimino Regis laſ j pedis e longitudinis ij pedū
..... p̄ eo afficiatus fuit in ultimis assisis et adhuc nō emend̄
Jdo utq, eoꝝ in m̄ia. Et Joñes ny fecit p̄presturam de
chimino Regis laſ iij pedum e longiſ ij pticaꝝ que valet p añ
..... de e ex nūc sic arentat̄ salvo jure cuilibet et idm
Joñes p̄ p̄dca p̄prestura sit in m̄ia.

..... t̄ qđ Guiltus de Bacone emit de Robto le Caufr
quamđ peciam fre cōtinentē e di et idm Guiltus
fecit ibi domū del espkerie et post mortem ipius Joñes fit
.....ant in đcam fram et postea a xv annis elapsis recessit
de patria ista e dimisit p̄đcam fram Petro de Homet ad custodend̄
quousq, redierit t̄c qui quid̄ Petrus illam
Colino le Joeneve p̄ iij cab̄ fr̄i p añ. Et q, creditur qđ si p̄dcus
Joñes vixisset infra septenniū vt missis et Jdo p̄dcus
Petrus respond̄ dno Regi de viij annis videl̄ iij q̄r̄i fr̄i

..... the said 2 virgates & a half which are worth by the year 3 bushels & 4 small bushels of wheat & a half and the aforesaid Philepota together with William de Kelly shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the half of 6 quarters 2 bushels one small bushel of wheat & a half which are now appraised at 118 sols 1½ deniers of this land 15 sols of which the same shall answer.

..... present also that Nicholas Durel maliciously caused Colin Blundel William le Caufre to be cited the island at Coutances and before many others in order so to extort money from them and the same Nicholas compounded as appears elsewhere.

They present also that William Fale, baker, Simon le Mesurer, Oliver Bealassis, Michael Martel, Ralph Pessoun & John Adam, taverners, had sold contrary to the assize. Therefore they are amerced.

They present also that Drogo son of Simon made an encroachment on the King's highway one perch in length & 2 in breadth. And Ralph le Joevene made a wall in the King's highway one foot in breadth & 2 feet in length for which he was amerced at the last assizes & still no amend. Therefore both of them amerced. And Johnny made an encroachment on the King's highway 3 feet in breadth & 2 perches in length which is worth by the year & now it is so arented saving the right to each & the said John is amerced for the said encroachment.

..... also that William de Bacone bought of Robert le Caufre a certain piece of land containing & a half and the said William made there a house of esperkeria & after his death John his son entered into the said land & afterwards 15 years ago withdrew from that country & made over the said land to Peter de Homet to keep until he should come back &c. which said Peter the same to Colin le Joevene for 3 measures of wheat by the year. And because the presumption is that if the said John were living within the space of 7 years or sent news. Therefore the said Peter shall answer to the lord the King for 8 years, to wit, 3 quarters of wheat which are

qui modo appciant^r ad Liiij s̄ et p̄dca fra remaneat in mañi dñi Regis
..... usq^q recti heñ veniant t̄c̄ Iñm dicunt qđ mara ruffa
in eoꝝ poçh̄ est cōis p̄ populo et tunc est
religiosoꝝ de Lyho. Et q^q Prior de Lyho aliñ sibi applavit maram
..... deberet. Jdo ipe in m̄ia.

..... duo deñ remittit^r p̄ Justiç q^q bene
svierunt.

..... **Ťci Ťefi Ťorfu.**

..... Ricm̄ le Counte unde
plaga
sanguis e ha cla. Et simiñr
plaga
unde sanguis e ha cla. Et alia vice noctanñ vulñavit
..... avit famulos Gatti de la Sale
in domo sua und̄

..... Gay felonñ infecit uñem suam
et fugit ad simiñr fugit ad
eccliam pro morte Joñnis le
..... in velicto suo. Ido ipe in g^{vi} m̄ia.
Et

Predçi Joh..... t̄ciam ptem
oiũm custagioꝝ ad fa.....

Presentant qđ Petr^o Ma..... tenet quandam placeam de
cōmuna dñi Reğ ad mensur̄ j pticañ in latitudin̄ e tresdecī pticataꝝ
in longitudiē que valet p̄ añ j cañ fri unde Joñnes Cardet ab octo
annis elapsis feç p̄presturā. Et Ido in m̄ia. Et respondeant cōjuncti
de tempe p̄f̄ito. Et Petr^o de cujuslib̄.

Presentant p̄ ij annos elapsos pfossatum
obstruxit quoddā chiminū continue

now appraised at 54 sols & the said land shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until the right heirs shall come, &c. They say also that the Rouse Mare⁽¹⁾ in their parish is common for the people & then belonged to the religious men of Lyhou. And because the Prior of Lyhou appropriated to himself the lake shall owe. Therefore he is amerced.

..... two pence are remitted by the justices because they served well.

..... **St. Peter Port.**

..... Richard le Counte whereupon wounds blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And likewise whereupon wounds blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And at other times in the night he wounded wounded the servants of Walter de la Sale in his house whereupon

..... Gay feloniously killed his wife & fled to likewise fled to the Church for the death of John le in his verdict. Therefore they are heavily amerced. And

The aforesaid John the third part of all the costs to be made

They present also that Peter Ma..... holds a certain place of the common of the lord the King measuring one perch in breadth & 13 perches in length which is worth by the year one measure of wheat: of which John Cardet 8 years ago made an encroachment. And therefore amerced. And they shall answer jointly for the time past. And Peter de each.

They present two years ago obstructed by a ditch a certain road continuously

(1) See page 41.

..... Iīm Joānes Bernard e Guills particeps ejus restrin-
serunt p duos pedes
in latitudiē e sexdecim pedes in longitudiē a
..... elapsis. Ido Et via vī
solvant inde dno Regi p annū.

..... ex alfa pte
latitudie duor pedū e octo in longit. Ido ipe in mīa
..... dno Regi p annū.

Et persona Šci Petri
Robelin sine licenč tč. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ ante alias assis pendit
se ipam nullus alius inde Judm felonissa
..... respondebit. Et diu antea quedam Per
..... Judm felonissa de se
nulla h̄uit.

..... que fuit ux
Riči Herof fecunt
..... udie vij pedū e longitudiē vj
..... respondeant inde dū
.....

..... ibidm recog.

(M. 13.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone de poch de Foresta.

Gerneř

Juř p̄sentant qđ Symon de Monte alias convict^o coram Petro le
Markaunt recogū suam qđ
cepit de cuniclis dñi Reḡ cum retiis e furet
..... nunc ad as̄ tč modo veñ t̄ non potest hoc dediče
.....

Juř p̄sentant qđ adiu est Guilt Serkof in^osonat^o in castro
..... quod sp̄ensus fuit. Et nulla
h̄et catalla.

..... Also John Bernard & William his partner narrowed
..... by 2 feet in breadth & 16 feet in
length ago. Therefore And
the road or they shall pay therefor to the lord the King by the year.

..... of the other part in
breadth 2 feet & 8 in length. Therefore he is amerced
..... to the lord the King by the year.

And parson St. Peter
Robelin without license &c. Therefore he is amerced.

They present also that before the other assizes
..... hanged herself no other thereof
Judgment felo de se shall
answer. And long before a certain Per.....
..... Judgment felo de se. She had nothing.

..... who was the wife
of Richard Herof made
7 feet in breadth & 6 in length
..... they shall answer
therefor while

..... there acknowledge.

(M. 13.) **Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
the Forest.

Guernsey. The jurors present that Symon du Mont elsewhere convicted
before Peter le Marchant
his recognizance that he took of the conies of the lord the King with
nets & ferrets..... now at the
assizes &c. he now comes & cannot gainsay this

The jurors present that a long time ago William Serkof was
imprisoned in the castle that
he was hanged. And he has no chattels.

Presentant eciam qđ Robtus Turgys fit Guiffi Bernel fuř un.....
..... Foresta e inde
abjuř Insulas. Et nulla fit catalla.

Nichus Durel Guiff le Joevene Guiff de Kaneleye e Rađ de
Kaneleye rectati tenentes dñi
Ređ e alios pacificos hoies de Insula et eos citari fače maličose ařđ
..... alia g^{am}iam eis inferř
ut sic ex eis p^{uniam} extorqueant veř et omes pref
..... totum tč. Et de bono e
malo poř se sup pat'am. Et nichil ulřius de Nicho Durel
..... Et de pđ Guiflo le Joevene pro
predca t^{ns} C s qui assig^{ntur} Juř tč de g^{ra} tč.

Convictū est p Juř in quam Nichus Durel e Guiff le Joevene
se posuerř qđ pđ
insultū noctant^o in via regia predco Guiflo le Joevene p quod pred
Guiff p injuriā pđ levavit clař
de harou. Ido conř est qđ pred Nichi faciat inde dno Ređi emend.
Et feč

Johnes Justice unus de Juř dñi Ređ recessit de Cuř sine licencia.
Ido in m^{ia}.

Presentant eciam qđ quidam Petr^o Levesqe cum quibusdam
ignotis fuř fřunt in mari simul
cum bonis in eođ inventis hunc ad quatuor annos elapsos tč
..... et malečr. Ido ex^a (1) e utlag^r. Idem Petr^o
tenuit heditatē patris sui in
suis et fuit fit antenat^o tč et ppars sua se extendit ad duas v^{gatas}
..... annū in omibz exitibz iij busř fri.
Et Colinus Levesqe et Olibus frař
respond dno Regi de exitibus predce řre de pred iij^{or} annis q, illam
tenuert busř fri que modo app^{ciantur}

(1) Exigatur.

They present also that Robert Turgys son of William Burnel stole Forest & therefore abjured the islands. And he has no chattels.

Nicholas Durel, William le Joveene, William de Kaneleye & Ralph de Kaneleye accused tenants of the lord the King & other peaceful men of the island & maliciously caused them to be cited at & inflicted on them other damages in order to extort money from them come & all except the whole &c. And for good & ill they put themselves upon the verdict of the country. And nothing further concerning Nicholas Durel And concerning the said William le Joveene for the said trespass 100 sols which are assigned to the jurors &c. as of grace &c.

It was found by the jury to the verdict of whom Nicholas Durel & William le Joveene had submitted themselves that the aforesaid .. in the night time assaulted the said William le Joveene in the King's highway by which the said William on account of the said wrong raised the 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore it is judged that the said Nicholas shall make amend therefor to the lord the King. And he made

John Justice one of the jurats of the lord the King left the court without leave. Therefore he is amerced.

They present also that a certain Peter Levesque with certain unknown thieves were in the sea together with the goods found in the same 4 years ago &c. and suspected. Therefore he is outlawed. The same Peter held the inheritance of his father in and was the eldest son &c. And his portion extends to two virgates year in all issues 3 bushels of wheat. And Colin Levesque & Oliver his brother shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the said land for the said 4 years because they held it. bushels of wheat which are now appraised

ad Liiij s̄ tē bus̄ ad iiij^{or} s̄ vij d. Idē
poch̄ Šci Andr unū clausum continens duas v'gaŕ ĩre et valet p annū
..... bus̄ ĩri unde de iiij^{or} annis a tempe
fuge tē s̄m xvj b̄z D̄ quibz uŕ Joĥnis de Monte
soror p̄dcti Petri r̄spondeb̄ jux^a pr.....
Lxij s̄ q̄ tenuit teñ illa tē. Idem t̄ fuit in Šci Petri
j meš cum curtilagio que valet p añ
..... ĩri p̄venerunt de meš Thoñ Destefeld
..... integri tē de qua
.....

Īm vastum p̄dci meš e arboz tē
..... virgaŕ ĩre que valet p añ iiij^{or}
..... respondeb̄ tam de ar̄rē q̄
..... quas Burgenses ejusdm ville
..... Postea veñunt p̄dci
..... fugam
sup̄dci Petri
..... vixit e tenuit partem
..... p Juŕ. Ido extraher
.....

Presentant eciam qđ in
..... unde Mašhus de Cuŕ bal.....
..... Idem Mašhus e Nich
..... quod est in custodia Guil.....
..... de Šbmonte Capllanus
.....

[a few more lines quite faded and destroyed.]

(M. 13 d.)

Adhuc de p̄tis de Corona de Foresta.

..... fuit in d̄cta poch̄ ^{xx}iiij e xvj bovaŕ
ĩre p quibus tenentes ĩminos

at 54 sols &c. bushel at 4 sols 7 deniers. The same
 parish of St. Andrew one close containing
 2 virgates of land & it is worth per annum
 bushels of wheat whereof of 4 years from the time of the said flight &c.
 Total 16 bushels, of which, wife of John du Mont,
 sister of the said Peter shall answer according to the
 62 sols because she held those tenements &c. Also
 the same had in [parish of] St. Peter one
 messuage with a curtilage which is worth per annum
 of wheat, were due on the messuage of
 Thomas Destefeld whole &c. of
 which

Also the waste of the said messuage & trees &c.
 virgate of land which is worth per annum
 4 shall answer as well
 for the arrears as
 which the burgesses of the said town
 Afterwards came the said
 flight of the abovesaid Peter
 lived & held part
 by the jurats. Therefore they estray

They present also that in
 60 s. whereof Matthew de la Court bailiff
 The same Matthew & Nicholas
 10 s. which is in the custody of William
 de Soulemont chaplain

[a few more lines quite faded & destroyed.]

(M. 13 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** in the parish of
 the Forest.

..... was in the said parish 96 bovates of
 land for which the tenants

p equali porcione scilicet ad festa Pasche Sancti Johannis e
..... dno Regi de custuma ad finem Sancti
Michis xxx d de calag Debenť
ť pannať valens coibz annis xij s Et pullať quod
..... galliũ. Et moneať de tribz
annis in tres annis quod coibz
LXX s. Debenť ť dno Regi p annũ de qualibz bovata
fre viij Debentur ť dno
Regi de predicta fra vij q̄r aven
..... tassať iiij s. Percipit eciam campťũ
bladoť de tota pred fra quod
.....

..... unũ molendũ quod valet coibz
annis decem libr. Et pochiani pro una pte e
pochiani de Foresta pro altera pte tenentur fac.....
..... Hť ť Rex ibidẽm duo bordať s. bordať
Trusse continens unã v'gatam fre que valet p annũ iij busť fri et
Guills Trusse tenet illud. Iťm habet ibi aliud bordať quod Rads
Wyteclin tenet continens iij v'gať fre que valent p annũ xx s.

Presentant ť qđ Henř Restaud feť p'presturam in via regia
fodiendo p iiij^{or} pticatas per duos annos. Et Guills Le Peytevin feť
similr fodiendo p xvj pticať in Longẽ e d'iam perticatam in Latitudẽ.
Et Petr^o le Rous feť similr. Et Radus le Pyniart feť similr sed de
pva q'ntitati. Et Joħes Johnis per aratrũ suũ approp'avit sibi de
una regia juxť terrã suam ad spaciũ duoť pedũ in Latitudiẽ. Iđo
oĩes in m'ia. Et predcus Joħnes teneat illam pticatam
arrentatam juxť discreťom Matħi de Cuř balli tẽ.

Iťm qđ xij Juř p'dcte duodene feťunt magna conclamenta in
veredicto suo de quibz convicti f'fint sepius in veredicto suo. Iđo
oĩes in m'ia.

terms in equal portions, to wit, at the feasts of Easter St. John &
..... to the lord the King
of custom at the feast of St. Michael 30 deniers of
..... Also they owe pannage worth one year
with another 12 sols and pullage which
..... hens and moneage every 3 years which
[is worth one year with another] 70 sols. Also they owe to the lord
the King by the year of each bovaté of land 8
..... Also they owe to
the lord the King of the said land 7 quarters of oats
..... stacking 4 sols. He takes also
champart of the corn over the whole of the said land which
.....

..... one mill which is worth one year with
another 10 livres. And the parishioners for the one
part & the parishioners of the Forest for the other part are bound to
make Also the King has
there 2 bordages to wit, the bordage of Trusse⁽¹⁾ containing one virgate
of land which is worth per annum 3 bushels of wheat & William
Trusse holds the same. Also he has there another bordage which
Ralph Wyteclin⁽²⁾ holds containing 3 virgates of land which are worth
per annum 20 sols.

They present also that Henry Reftaud made an encroachment
on the King's high-way by digging of 4 perches for 2 years. And
William le Peytevin did likewise by digging 16 perches in length
& half a perch in width. And Peter le Rous did likewise. And
Ralph le Pyniart did likewise but for a small quantity. And John
Fitz-john by his plough appropriated to himself of the high way
next his land for the space of 2 feet in width. Therefore all of them
amerced. And the said John may hold that perch
at a rental according to the discretion of Matthew de la Court the
bailiff &c.

And because the 12 men composing the said jury made great
concealments in their verdict of which they were often convicted in
their verdict Therefore all of them amerced.

(1) Bordage Trousse. (2) Bordage Videclin.

Comptū est t̄ p Roīlos Petri le Markaunt balli t̄c qđ Petr^o de Monte e Rađs Feroun Junior noctant̄ insultaŕūt Willm le Rey in via regia unde saung's plaga e ha cla. Ido fiant inde emende t̄c.

Et p̄dcus Petr^o appleḡ fuit ad assisas p Ricm̄ le Mouner, Petrū Boly e Rađm le Rey. Et p̄dcus Rađs p Rađm Feroun senioremm Guillm de Monte, Remondū Joħnis e Petrū le Bretoun. Et Remondus Joħnis similt̄ convict^o fuit. Et cuniclis dñi Reḡ et appleḡ fuit de assis̄ p Guillm Matħm Denys, Ricm̄ le Counte e Raulinū Johan. Et qđ Rađus le Mesurer cepit cuniclos in Warena dñi Reḡ cū retiis e furettis. Ido fiant inde emend̄. Et p̄dcus Rađus feč finem p p̄dca t̄ns p xx s̄ pptm Pet' le Markaunt e Colini le Mesurer.

H̄et t̄ dñs Rex in p̄dca poct̄ q'nq, virḡ ĩre debit de esch̄ Rađi David quas Colinus Muriel e Joħa soror ej^o p ij b3 ĩri ad voluntatē dñi Reḡ t̄c. Et modo veñ Joħnes le Breton et offert j b3 ĩri redd̄ de inc̄mento p sic qđ ĩra illa cōcedat' sibi t̄ ĩredib3 suis tenenda triū bus3 ĩri ut illā possit appruare t̄c. Et sup hoc veñ Pħus le Peyte Regi j bus3 ĩri de redd̄ de inc̄mento p sic qđ ĩra illa cōcedat' sibi e p sviciū illo3 ĩij^o bus3 ĩri ut illam possit appruare t̄c. Et ei cōcedit' ĩre quam p̄dci Colinus e Joħna dū illam tenunt illa p̄dci Colin^o Joħa e Joħes s̄it in m̄ia. Et Michis. Et p̄dcs Pħs e heř sui in poster p̄dci Pħi dat dño Regi vj b3 ĩri p annū p sic et ei cōcedit' et inde feč sunt ei ĩre t̄c. Et oñavit

It is also found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant the bailiff, &c. that Peter du Mont & Ralph Feroun junior, by night assaulted William le Rey in the King's high-way whereof blood, wounds & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. Therefore they shall make amends therefor &c.

And the said Peter was appledged at the assizes by Richard le Mouner, Peter Boly & Ralph le Rey. And the said Ralph by Ralph Feroun senior, William du Mont, Remond Fitz-john & Peter le Breton. And Remond Fitz-john was likewise convicted concerning the conies of the lord the King & was appledged at the assizes by William Matthew Denys Richard le Conte & Raulin Fitz-john. And that Ralph le Mesurer took conies in the warren of the lord the King with nets & ferrets. Therefore they shall make amends therefor. And the said Ralph settled the matter of the said trespass by 20 sols under the pledge of Peter le Marchant & Colin le Mesurer.

Also the lord the King has in the said parish 5 virgates of poor land of the escheat of Ralph David which Colin Muriel & Joan his sister for 2 bushels of wheat at the will of the lord the King &c. And now comes John le Breton & offers one bushel of wheat of rent of increase so that that land may be granted to him & his heirs to be held of 3 bushels of wheat so that he may use the same for his own profit &c. And upon this comes Philip le Peyte to the King one bushel of wheat of rent of increase so that that land may be granted to him & by the service of those 4 bushels of wheat so that he may use the same to his own profit &c. And it is granted to him of the land which the said Colin & Joan which they held the same the said Colin Joan & John be amerced. And Michael. And the said Philip & his heirs afterwards of the said Philip gives to the lord the King 6 bushels of wheat per annum so that & it is granted to him, & letters thereof are made to him &c. And he was charged

..... Petri in Portu.

..... hic quandam navem
de Hispanū in hanc
villam pro timore eoz ex̄t̄xerunt quosd̄
..... inimicos eoz et plures eoz felonit̄ interfecerunt
..... amplius tanq̄ hoies pacis
receptati cū hoibz Et coitas
pochie sup hoc allocuta
f̄s̄nt hic cum magno posse
..... non levaſunt clām t̄c nec iupende
..... ipos felones p̄t̄ f̄c̄m tamdiu
..... Thebaud p̄t̄ f̄c̄m scien̄ emit
a pred Hispanū. Et
Alanus le p̄vost om̄es in
ḡvi m̄ia. Et p̄dcus Alanus
..... quos inde recepit qui remaneant
dno

..... alia vice simitr̄ inf̄ecerunt
hic quendam hōiem de receptati
..... sicut p̄lus. Ido om̄es simitr̄ in m̄ia.

..... eosd̄m frange domū
Petri t̄c.

..... videl̄ p̄ Aviciam la Pulette
G de Ponte Cecilia
lospie Colinū Costances
Pet̄m Alisaundr'
Jōnem le Mouner
Petrū le Corner Galfr̄m le Pastu
..... Colinū Stel Guil̄m le Barbor
..... Grey Agnet̄e le Rad̄m de
..... ā filiam Colini Levesqe Jōm
Burnel de la
Sale Guil̄m le Gros Rob̄tū
de la

..... **St. Peter Port.**

..... here a certain ship of Spain
..... in this town for fear of them took
out of it certain
their enemies & feloniously killed many of them
..... more as men of peace taken with the men
... And the commonalty of the parish
questioned as to this were here
with a great force
did not raise a ' Clameur de Haro ' &c. nor brought
..... those felons after the deed as long as
..... Thebaud after the deed knowingly bought
from the said Spain. And Alan the provost
..... all heavily amerced. And the said Alan
..... which he takes thereof which may
remain to the lord

..... another time likewise killed here a
certain man of received
..... .. as at first. Therefore all of them
likewise amerced.

..... the same to break into the house
of Peter &c.

..... to wit, by Avice la Pulette. G.....
..... du Pont, Cecilia
..... Colin Costances, Peter
..... Alexander John le Mouner
..... Peter le Corner Geffery le Pastu
..... Colin Stel William le Barbor Grey
Agnes le Ralph de daughter of
Colin Levesque John Burnel
de la Sale William le Gros
Robert de la

(M. 14.) **Adhuc de p̄litis Corone** de poch̄ de Torte.....

paroch̄ de Torteval venit p̄ xij.

Gerneř Juř p̄sentant qđ Radus Katerine qui suspens^o fuit
..... in feodo Jordi de Saunmareys unde
đns Rex reddit đno Regi
de antiquo redditu catalla
de quibz Robtus de Haddy
..... ptichis catalloz ejusđ Radi comptū est qđ
..... Et tenentes p̄dce virgate tre
respondđ đno Regi de arrerağ
.....

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus Trusse e Guiltus frař ejus
..... runt de nocte ad domū Jordi de
Fovea de Foresta licet nō
fecissent. Et eadem
..... ip̄i in gravi m̄ia. Et si ip̄e nō sufficiant
tunc respond
.....

Nichus Durel traxit p̄tibz vicibus Michaellem
in Cuř xpiañ et idm Nichus fecit finem
sicut patet alibi.

Iđm est in eadem poch̄ feodus de Pleynmount unde đns Rex fiet
p̄ ann..... ad parvam mensur̄ et ad hoc
assedet̄r quelibet virgate ad j cabocellū fr̄i
feodi debet colligēe p̄đcm reddm e illū deferre ad ḡngiam đni Regis.
Et debet p̄terq̄^a sectam ad molend̄
đni Regis. Et sunt in eadem poch̄
Brehaus de quibz đns Rex fiet campū tč. Iđm melagiū videlř
..... vij danereř fr̄i. Percipit eciam đns Rex de
p̄đco feodo de qua..... auxilio. Et de rewardo
iij bus̄ aveñ ad pvam mensuram. Et pasuagiū
..... modo sunt in eodem feodo v domus. Iđm fiet in eodem
feodo vij đ ad ad brasagiū. Iđm dicunt

(M. 14.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Torteval.

The parish of Torteval comes by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Ralph Katerine who was hanged
..... in the fee of Jordan of Saumareys
whereof the lord the King pays to the
lord the King of ancient rent
chattels of which Robert de Haddy
..... particulars of the chattels of the same Ralph it is
found that And the tenants of
the said virgate of land shall answer to the lord the King of the
arrears

Present also that Richard Trusse & William his brother
..... came by night to the house of Jordan
de la Fosse of the Forest although
they did not do. And the same
they to be heavily amerced. And if they not suffice then shall
answer

Nicholas Durel brought many times Michael
into the court of Christianity & the same
Nicholas compounded as appears elsewhere.

Also there is in the same parish the fee of Pleinmont whereof
the lord the King has yearly by the small
measure & for this each virgate is assessed at one cabot of wheat
..... of the fee ought to collect the said
rent & to bring it to the grange of the lord the King. And
..... owes besides suit at the mill of the lord
the King. And there are in the same parish
..... of Brehaus of which the lord the King has champart &c.
Also melage to wit 8 small
bushels of wheat. The lord the King takes also of the said fee of a
certain aid. And of the regards of 3 bushels
of oats by the small measure. And pannage
there are now in the same fee 5 houses. He also has in the same fee
7 deniers at for brewing. They

qd̄ dñs Rex t̄et in pocti de xij bovatis ĩre
..... de qualibet bovata x d̄. Dicunt eciam qd̄ hoĩes
feodi de [Kane]leye debent dñi Regis.

Presentant eciam qd̄ Abbas Majoris Monastii de antiquo est ad-
vocatus ecclie de pocti coĩbz
annis xxxⁱⁱ turroñ.

Radus Roger a diu est suspens^o fuit et dñs Rex ĩuit ejus catalla
..... ĩuit iij virgał ĩre que valent p̄ anũ
p̄ter reddm̄ t̄c̄ iij s̄ quas tenet.
Et hucusq; inde dño Regi responsum est.

Presentant eciam qd̄ in yeme anno Regis
..... de Wrecco j do..... quibz dñs Rex
ĩuit medietatem videlĩ
devenerunt ad Wreccũ multe corde unde dñi Regis
L s̄ de quibz t̄c̄ respondebit.

Presentant eciam qd̄ in seisina fugaçois ad cuniclos hoĩes dñi
Regis p^lmo plenũ et postea solebant
Prior de Wale e Nichus de Cheny
..... fureto vł alio ingenio.

Presentant t̄ qd̄ Johna del Chemyn freğ
..... ip̄a in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qd̄ heredes Henř de
..... ad tres p^lncipales Cuř dñi Reg...
.....

Presentant t̄ qd̄ die
Juř qui
veñ
t̄^ln̄s̄

Radus Ne..... de Šci
Michem

also say that the lord the King has in parish of
12 bovates of land of each bovate 10 deniers.
They say also that the men of the fee of [Kane]leye owe
..... of the lord the King.

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery of
old is the patron of the Church of the parish
..... common years 30 livres tournois.

Ralph Roger was hanged a long time ago & the lord the King
had his chattels had 3 virgates of land
which are worth per annum besides the rent &c. 3 sols which
..... holds. And up to now
has been accounted for to the lord the King.

They present also that in the winter in the year of the
King of wreck one hogshead
..... of which the lord the King had the moiety, to wit
came as wreck many ropes whereof
of the lord the King 50 sols of which &c. he
shall answer.

They present also that in the seisin of the hunting for conies
the men of the lord the King in the first
full & afterwards the Prior of the Vale & Nicholas de Cheny were
used with ferret or other engine.

They present also that Joan Duchemin broke
She is to be amerced.

They present also that the heirs of Henry de
..... at the 3 principal courts of the lord the
King

They present also that on the day
The jurors who
came
trespass

Ralph Ne..... of St.
Michael

inde allocutus nō
f..... p̄poitus tē. Ido
Presentant eciam
sua qui fuit unus
ejus remaneant
xx s. j Juvencū p̄cii
j patellam erreas p̄cii
e blađ tassatū p̄cii xxx
quam emit de Persona
p̄cii XL s. j
Constancieñ
responde
respond
sepeliri sine
ultia assis

(M. 14 d.)

Adhuc de Gorteval.

..... ante ultimas assisas in p̄sonatus p̄ furto
p̄ quo postea in eisdm captus acarē ven-
didit j vaccam p̄cii xx s de catalt suis Petro Carupel
..... ip̄m esse talem tē. Ido ip̄e in mia. Et p̄dcs
Persona simul cū elaverunt ven-
dičoem vacce illius in p̄dcis assisis respondeant dno
..... eciam fuit alia catalla de quibz R. de Haddy
coğn qđ recepit infra in
Ročlo. Parcelle catalloz ejusdem videl̄ j vacō p̄cii XL s
..... vj fi bident̄ e agñ p̄cii vj fi.
Itm lanam p̄cii x s e j suem p̄cii viij s vj s.
Et p̄mus annus f̄re sue que jacint inculta valuit x s de quibz Rob̄s
.....
..... eciam qđ Joħna Gilb̄ti adiu est abjuř
Inš in ecclia eoř p̄ receptamento Emelote
..... que alias abjurařat tē. Et responsum fuit dno Regi

questioned thereupon did not
..... provost &c. Therefore

They present also
his who was one
remain
20 sols one heifer value
one brass pan value
& corn in corks value 30
which he bought of the parson
price 40 sols one
Coutances
shall answer
answer
to be buried without
last assizes

(M. 14 d.)

Continuation of Torveval.

..... before the last assizes was imprisoned
for theft for which afterwards in the same
was taken from the prison sold one cow value 20s. of his chattels to
Peter Carupel himself
to be such &c. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the said parson
likewise with declared that they had
answered at the said assizes to the lord as to the sale of that cow
also had other chattels of which R. de Haddy acknowledges that he
received within in the roll. Particulars of
the chattels of the same, to wit, one cow value 40 sols
..... 6 livres, sheep & lambs value 6 livres. Also wool price
10 sols & one sow value 8 sols 6 sols.
And the first year of his land which shall lie fallow will be worth
10 sols of which Robert

..... also that Joan Gilbert long ago abjured
the islands in the Church of the same for receiving Emelote
..... who should have abjured elsewhere &c.

de cataſſ ejus p Joſiem de tunc receptorem tē
et respōsum fuit ſimiltr dno Regi p eund Joſiem de anno
..... teñ ejusdem e fra ſua lib fuit p eund heñ de Šco Mar-
tino dnis tē.

..... tant t̄ qđ xxiiij bovate fre de feodo Caneleye
in eoꝝ poçñ debent ſectam ad dinū dñi Regis.

Dicunt t̄ qđ in eodem feodo colligunt^r ad feſtū Šci Michis xiiij s̄
..... dñi Regis quos dñs feodi illius p̄cipit et hoc
t̄minat^r alibi in quo waranto tē.

[Prese]ntant t̄ qđ Henř de Vik ſolitus eſt trahere ſimplices
paupes in taſnas et p^otea eos ad ſolvend p
potu eoꝝ cont^a voluntatem ſuam. Dicunt t̄ qđ Abbas Majoris
..... t̄ii heť duas ptes decime garbaꝝ in eoꝝ poçñ e valet coiſꝝ
annis xviiij li.

..... dñs Rex in eoꝝ poçñ Bordagiū Radi de la Rue e
j v^lgatam fre que valet p

..... .. xij Juř poçñ iſtius p diſiſis cōcelamentis in
veredco eoꝝ de quibꝝ cōvicti fuerunt coram Juſtič p examinačoem
in miã.

..... [P]arochia Šci Petri in Porfu.

..... noctant^r iſultaſūt
..... pleĝ ſ. Lucam
..... convict^o fuit qđ notant^r
..... ha cla et invenit plegios s.....
..... filius Colini Eſtur convict^o
..... Martyn et ſup hoc invenit
..... le Rey cōvict^o fuit qđ fuit in
..... tē et ſup hoc inveñ plegios
..... ct^o fuit qđ noctant^r iſultaſ

And to the lord the King it was answered as to her chattels by John de then receiver &c. & to the King it was likewise accounted by the same John of the year of the same tenement & her land was delivered by the same to the heirs of St. Martin the lords, &c.

They present also that 24 bovates of land of the fee of Caneleye⁽¹⁾ in their parish owe suit to the mill of the lord the King.

They say also that in the same fee are collected at the feast of St. Michael 14 sols of the lord the King which the lord of that fee takes & this is determined elsewhere in 'quo warranto' &c.

They present also that Henry de Vic is wont to take simple paupers into the taverns & afterwards to them to pay for their drink contrary to their will.

They say also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery has 2 parts of the tithe of sheaves in their parish & it is worth one year with another 18 livres.

..... the lord the King in their parish the bordage of Ralph de la Rue & one virgate of land which is worth per

..... 12 jurors of this parish for divers concealments in their verdicts of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

..... **Parish of St. Peter Port.**

..... by night assaulted
..... his pledges Luke
..... was convicted that by night
..... & found pledges to
wit Peter the son of Colin Estur [was]
convicted Martyn & hereupon
..... le Rey was
convicted that he was in
..... &c. & hereupon he finds pledges
..... was convicted that by night he assaulted ..

(1) The family of Le Canely (two members of which are mentioned on page 130) probably became extinct early in the 14th Century in Guillemeta Le Canely, who married a member of the St. Martin family, to whom the tief passed. Consult Lettres Cloises (Pub. Soc. Jer.), 2nd Part, p. 25.

.....it pleĝ ŝ Radm G.....
..... de Plemonteys Colinus filius
..... freĝunt hostia domoꝝ
..... Barber Robtm Denys et
..... ffunt qđ maliĉose noctant^r in
..... inveŝunt plegios ŝ Joĥnem le Barber
..... Dyonis Jordan Joĥes Esturnel et Joĥes
..... sang^{is} e ha cla et inveŝunt
..... endū noctant^r vbaŝunt quend.....
.....che et Pĥm de Šbmolendio. Et Guilts.....
..... qđ nō pmisit eum cōcumbere cū ipa et
..... convicta qđ pcussit in
..... plegios ŝ Petronilla Micĥem
..... la Cornaille in lit..... maris
..... e Petrū Viger. Et
..... pp^{ia} unde ha cla et
..... de Plein cōvict^o
..... Riĉm Viver Petrū Rey
..... Gwilbⁱ unde sanguis
..... in m^{ia}
..... Šci Salvaⁱ.

(M. 15.) **Adhuc de p^litis Gorone** de poĥi Šci Salvatoris.

Fresingfeld.

poĥi Šci Salvatoris veⁿ p xij.

Gerner^ĥ

Ju^r p^sentant qđ Colinus le Markaunt solitus est vocare simplices hoⁱes in ta^bnas et postea faĉe eos solvere p^r potu suo cont^r eoꝝ voluntatem. Ido ip^e in m^{ia}. Et insultavit Riĉm Paynel e fregit domū suam minando ip^m de combustione. Ido ip^e in g^{avi} m^{ia}.

..... finds his pledges Ralph G.....
de Plemonteys Colin son of
..... broke the doors of the houses
..... Barber Robert Denys &
were that they maliciously by night in
..... found his pledges John le Barber
..... Dyonisius Jordan John Esturnel & John
..... blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised & found
..... going by night wounded a certain
.....che & Philip de Sousmoulin. And William
..... because she did not permit him to lie with her &
..... is convicted that she struck
in her pledges Petronilla
..... Michael
la Cornaille on the sea-shore
..... & Peter Viger. And
..... own whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' raised
..... de Plein..... was convicted
..... Richard Viver Peter Rey
..... Gilbert whereupon blood
..... amerced.
..... St. Saviour.

(M. 15.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Saviour.

Fresingfeld.

Parish of St. Saviour come by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Colin le Marchant is wont to call simple men into the taverns & afterwards to make them pay for their drink against their will. Therefore he is to be amerced. And assaulted Richard Paynel & broke into his house threatening him with burning. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex fiet in eoꝝ poꝑh de esꝑheta ij bovate
f̄re de feodo Syward quibꝫ dñs Rex pcipit p anū de
qualibet bovata ij bus̄s e j daner̄fri. Percipit t̄ dñs
ibidem camptū quod valet p anū. Et ad auxiliū
regale de qualibet bovat Debent̄ eciam dño Regi de
eisdem bovař de qualibet eaꝝ j garba f̄ri e alia de avenis. Et
Rex fiet de tenentibꝫ ejusdem f̄re pasuagiū e cullagiū e alibi in feodo
illo e de rewardo de qualibet bovata Et quilibet residens
in p̄dcis bovat̄is f̄re reddit dño Regi j daner̄f̄ri p̄ pullaġ. P̄cip[it]
t̄ de qualibet bovataꝝ illaꝝ j daner̄f̄ri p̄ tassaġ. Et debent iidem
tenentes dño Regi sūmagiū videl̄i qđ cariabunt fr̄mtū dñi Regis
ubicumqꝫ vol̄sit in In̄s P̄cipit t̄ dñs Rex in eadem poꝑh de duabꝫ
bovař f̄re de feodo de Lyree iij bus̄s e ij daner̄f̄ri p anū et ad
auxiliū regale de qualibet bovata vj đ p anū. H̄et t̄ dñs Rex in
eadem poꝑh de xiiij bovař f̄re de feodo Comit̄is vij s̄ p anū de auxilio
regali qui debent colligi e solvi p manus p̄p̄iti feodi illius. Īm dñs
Rex pcipit de vj bovař f̄re de feodo de Ry..... ad auxiliū regale
iij s̄ p anū. Et qualilibet p̄dcaꝝ sex bovataꝝ reddit dño Regi p anū
ij bus̄s e j daner̄f̄ri ad pvam mensur̄. Et xiiij bovate f̄re de feodo
de Lunges in eadem poꝑh reddunt dño Regi p anū vij s̄ de auxilio
regali. Īm dñs Rex fiet de bovata Goie..... vj đ p anū de auxilio.
Et t̄ eadem bovata reddit dño Regi p anū j q̄r̄f̄ri. Et ij pan.....
vij capōñ qui mitti debent p tenentes p̄dce bovate ad ḡngiam dñi
Regis e por..... fiere debet ibidem p̄ndium suū. Et dñs
Rex fiet de j bovata f̄re Raufꝫ de auxilio vj đ p anū e ij bus̄s e j
daner̄f̄ri. H̄et t̄ dñs Rex de ij bovař f̄re feodi de Goiers xij^d p
anū de auxilio e iij bus̄s e ij daner̄f̄ri. Et de bovata m̄catoris
vj đ p anū de auxilio ij bus̄s e j daner̄f̄ri. Percipit

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of escheat 2 bovates of land of the fee of Suard of which the lord the King takes yearly of each bovaté 2 bushels & one of wheat. The lord [the King] also takes there champart which is worth per annum And for royal aid of each bovaté They are owing also to the lord the King of the same bovates of each of them one sheaf of wheat & another of oats. And the King has of the tenants of the same land pannage & cullage & elsewhere in that fee, & of regards of each bovaté And each one residing in the same bovates of land pays to the lord the King one small bushel of wheat for pullage. He takes also of each of those bovates one small bushel of wheat for stacking. And the same tenants owe to the lord the King sumage⁽¹⁾, to wit, that they shall carry the wheat of the lord the King wheresoever he shall will in the island. The lord the King takes also in the same parish of 2 bovates of land of the fee of L'Érée 4 bushels & 2 small bushels of wheat by the year & for royal aid of each bovaté 6 deniers per annum. The lord the King has also in the same parish of 14 bovates of land of the fee Le Comte 7 sols per annum of royal aid which ought to be collected & paid by the hands of the provost of that fee. Also the lord the King takes of 6 bovates of land of the fee of Ry..... for royal aid 3 sols per annum. And each of the said 6 bovates pays to the lord the King by the year 2 bushels & one small bushel of wheat by the smaller measure. And 14 bovates of land of the fee of Longues in the same parish pay to the lord the King per annum 7 sols of royal aid. Also the lord the King has of the bovaté of Gohiers 6 deniers per annum of aid. And also the same bovaté pays to the lord the King per annum one quarter of wheat & 2 loaves 7 capons which ought to be sent by the tenants of the said bovaté to the grange of the lord the King & the carrier ought to have his dinner there. And the lord the King has of one bovaté of land of Rauf of aid 6 deniers per annum & 2 bushels & one small bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King has of 2 bovates of land of the fee of Gohiers 12 deniers per annum of aid & 4 bushels & 2 small bushels of wheat. And of the bovaté au Marchand 6 deniers per annum of aid 2 bushels & one small

(1) *Sumagium* : a burden.

t̄ dñs Rex de j bovata e ði de feodo Dieuloie ix ð p anū de auxilio e iij bus̄ e j daneř e ði fri. P̄cipit t̄ de clauso Tosteyn ij bus̄ fri p anū p manus tenenciū ejusdem. Dicunt t̄ qđ quedam ps feodi Šci Michis est in eoř poch̄ e dñs Rex p̄cipit de p̄dco feodi tam hic q̄m in poch̄ Šce Marie de Castro e Šci Petri de Bosco vj ti vj s̄ vj ð p anū qui debent solvi p manus p̄poiti de Graunt moster.

Presentant t̄ qđ La Cleremare p medietate est in poch̄ eoř et p alia medietate in poch̄ Šci Petri de Bosco e dividit̄ in̄ Ab̄bem de Monte Šci Michis e Nic̄m de Cheny. Ita qđ p̄dci Abbas e Nic̄us h̄ent cursum suū in dca mara in yeme, et in estate cois̄ est om̄ibz ad piscandū in ea cū manu pede e bacto sine reti et eciam est cois̄ ad falcandū simitr.

Presentant t̄ qđ monachi in Insula de Lyho tenent̄ celebrare teř in ebdomoda p dno Rege.

Presentant t̄ qđ Avicia de Wykz e Henř de Šco Martino p̄cipiunt in poch̄ ista de tenentibz suis xij s̄ de auxilio regali sz quo waranto nesciunt e hoc f̄minet̄ in quo waranto t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ post ultimas assisas devenit de Wrecco in eoř poch̄ j doleū vacuū p̄cii iij s̄ unde pochiani respondebunt. Et eciam j pecia ligni p̄cii xvj ð unde Rořtus de Haddy respond̄. Et quedam borda navis uñ p̄pars dñi Regis ij s̄ de quibz. Idm Rořts respond̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radus le Markaunt Drogo Henry Jořnes le Den Rads Lucetz e Guiltus Curlu fregerunt assisam panis e ěviš. Ido ip̄i in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Abbas de Lunges debet sectam ad tres p̄ncipales Cur̄ dñi Regis p anū et Idm Abbas nō veñ p̄mo die Itin̄is. Ido in m̄ia. Et postea veñ p̄dus Abbas e fecit fidelitatem dno Regi. Et Nic̄us de Cheny ponit clamiū in p̄dem Ab̄bem tanq̄ tenentem suū qđ dicit qđ p̄dus Abbas tenet de eo quicquid tenet in hac In̄s t̄c.

bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King takes of 1 bovate & a half of the fee of Dieu-le-voie 9 deniers per annum of aid & 3 bushels & one small bushel & a half of wheat. He takes also of the Close of Tosteyn 2 bushels of wheat per annum by the hands of the tenants of the same. They says also that a certain part of the fee of St. Michael is in their parish & the lord the King takes of the said fee as well here as in the parish of St. Mary de Castel & St. Peter in the Wood 6 livres 6 sols 2 deniers per annum which ought to be paid by the hand of the provost of Grand Moutier.

They present also that the moiety of La Claire Mare is in their parish & the other moiety in the parish of St. Peter in the Wood & is divided between the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & Nicholas de Cheny. So that the said Abbot & Nicholas have their course in the said lake in the winter, & in summer it is common to all to fish in the same with hand, foot, & stick without a net & it is also common to mow likewise.

They present also that the monks in the island of Lyhou are bound to celebrate three times in the week for the lord the King.

They present also that Avise de Wyk & Henry de St. Martin take in this parish of their tenants 13 sols of royal aid, but by what warrant they know not & this shall be determined in the 'quo warranto' &c.

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish one empty hogshead value 3 sols whereof the parishioners shall answer. And also one value of wood value 16 deniers whereof Robert de Haddy shall answer. And certain boards of a ship whereof the share of the lord the King is 2 sols of which the said Robert shall answer.

They present also that Ralph le Marchant Drogo Henry John le Den Ralph Luceter & William Curly broke the assize of bread & ale. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of Longues⁽¹⁾ owes suit at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year & the same Abbot did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore he is to be amerced. And afterwards the said Abbot came & did fealty to the lord the King. And Nicholas de Cheny puts in a claim against the said Abbot as his tenant because he says that the said Abbot holds of him whatever he holds in this island &c.

(1) The name of the Abbot of Longues has been converted into "Abbé de la Rue Frairie" or "Refrairie," the name of a fief; consult Havet, Cours Royales, p. 73.

Presentant t̃ qđ Henř de Šco Martino e Avicia de Wykz libe tenentes t̃ nō venerunt p'mo die Itifis. Ido ipi in miā.

Presentant t̃ qđ Benedca Choffyn anno t̃c xxix° abjuř Insulas ad eccliam ville istius p eo qđ recogñ se infecisse Petrum Oar Maritū suū in ptibz Normanñ et postea rediit cū tris dñi Reġ de pdonaçoe t̃c et exinde exivit pat'am istam et nunq̃ postea rediit et patet alibi de tris ejus e catallis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas le Roser infecit felonif quemdam monachū de Lyho in ead Inš de Lyho et Balis dñi Regis de hac Inš ad clam̃ t̃c simul cum aliis veñ ibidm e sequebant' eund' felonē et Ranulpñs Galfi unus ex eis qui fuerunt cū p̃dco Balto invenit p̃dcm Thomā volens ipm attachiasse e cū idm Thomas se defendisset ne attachiaret' idm Ranulpñs ipm infecit, et postea fugiit ad eccliam Šci Samp̃s e ibi abjuř Insulas. Et postea rediit cū tris dñi Reġ de pdonaçoe de p̃dcis feloñ e abjuř. Et p̃dcus Ranulpñs quesitus si dñs Rex h̃uit catalla sua veñ e feç finem p essendo in pace p C š et invadiavit ĩram e catalla sua in loco pleġ.

Presentant t̃ qđ post ultimas as̃s devenit Wreccū in portu de parela vina quedam ps navis cordagiū e maeremiū unde p̃pars Regis xij li deblis monete de quibz Rořtus de Haddy respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p subsc'ptos videli Petrum Thomam Bole tabnarios. Et Gillotum le Fevere Joñem Bennes e Agnetē Et Joñem le Den Simonē Juliane Wilm le Fevere seniore m Joñem Choffyn Jordm Gernaise Colinū Boleng e Drogonem Henry boleng oñes in miā.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gilbtus Simonis a xx annis elapse bladi et p fco illo abjuř Insulas et Wiltus de Šco

They present also that Henry de St. Martin & Avise de Wyk free tenants &c. did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore these are to be amerced.

They present also that Benedicta Choffyn in the 39th year &c. abjured the islands at the Church of this town for that she acknowledged that she had killed Peter Oar her husband in the parts of Normandy, & afterwards she returned with letters of pardon of the lord the King &c. & henceforth she has quitted this country & never afterwards returned, & it appears elsewhere concerning her lands & chattels.

They present also that Thomas le Roser feloniously killed a certain monk of Lyhou in the same island of Lyhou & the bailiff of the lord the King on a 'clameur' &c. came there together with others & then pursued the said felon, & Ranulph Galtier one of those who were with the said bailiff, found the said Thomas wishing to arrest him, & when the said Thomas defended himself from arrest, the said Ranulph killed him, & afterwards fled to the Church of St. Sampson & there abjured the islands. And afterwards he returned with letters of pardon of the lord the King for the said felony & abjuration. And the said Ranulph being asked if the lord the King had his chattels came & made a composition of 100 sols for being in the peace & he pledged his land & chattels in the place of pledges.

They present also that after the last assizes there came as wreck in the port of La Perelle certain wine, a part of a ship cordage & timber whereof the share of the King is 12 livres of poor money of which Robert de Haddy shall answer.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten to wit, Peter Thomas Bole taverners. And Gillot le Fevere, John Bennes & Agnes And John le Den, Simon Juliane, William le Fevre, senior, John Choffyn, Jordan Gervaise, Colin Boleng & Drogo Henry bakers. all to be amerced.

They present also that Gilbert Fitz-Simon 20 years ago of corn & for that deed abjured the islands & William de St.

Et p̄dcus Gilbtus tunc h̄uit libam fram
..... certa servicia t̄c v danereff̄ fri et
Gregoř pater ejusd̄ Gregorii simitr
illam tenuit arrerağ̄ ejusd̄
q̄m de reddu t̄c.

(M. 15 d.)

Adhuc de p̄lisis Goronis de poch̄ S̄ci Salvatoris.
Fresingfeld.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Guiffus Sarre obstruxit regale chiminū ponendo in ea lapides p̄ quod carecte nō possunt p̄ illud t̄nsire. Et Petrus de la Rue Junior fodiit in chimino Reḡ latitud̄ unius ped̄ e longit̄ vij pedū. Et Petrus Girard p̄ lapides muri sui qui ceciderunt in regali chimino obstruxit chiminū Reḡ e illud nō deobstruxit. Et Sarra Kenuloun eodem modo obstruxit regale chiminū. Ido oīes in m̄ia.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Nichus Durel p̄sbiter fecit citare maliciose ex̄ regnū Colinū Blondel, Rob̄tm Osmond, Ričm Galiot, Joñem Calez, Ricm̄ Benet, Oliřū Juliene, Gregoř Simonis, Rob̄m de Vico, Petrum de Vico, e Gil̄m Genemies e p̄tes alios e extorsit ab eis p̄ tales suū magnā sūmā pecunie maliciose, qui veñ e feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns e aliis huj̄modi rectis suis p̄ xxx^{ll} pp̄lm Joñnis le Bretoun senioris, Joñnis Bygot, Riči Meriene, Giffi Trusse e Rađi Wyteclin. Et concedit̄ qđ Gillotus frař ejus qui rectatus est de cuniclis d̄ni Reḡ sit in auxiliū finis p̄dci Nichi, et Joñnes Euerye est pleğ̄ p̄dci Gilloti. Et concedit̄ p̄dco Nicho qđ solvat p̄dcos denař p̄ duos annos ad ĩminos S̄ci Mich̄is e Pasche p̄ equali porcōne.

Et Juř duodene p̄ plibz concelamentis de quibz convicti fuerunt in examinaçõe. Ido in m̄ia.

Comptū est t̄ p̄ Roilos Petri le Markaunt nup̄ Balli t̄c qđ Joñnes fit̄ Wiffi le Fevere de la Perele noctant̄ insultavit Willm le Rey in

And the said Gilbert then had free land
..... certain services &c. 5 small bushels of wheat & Gregory
..... father of the said Gregory likewise held it
..... arrears of the same as of
the rent, &c.

(M. 15 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown of the parish of
St. Saviour.

Fresingfeld.

The jurors present that William Sarre obstructed the King's high-way placing in the same stones whereby carts cannot pass that way. And Peter de la Rue junior dug in the King's high-way in breadth one foot & in length 7 feet. And Peter Girard by the stones of his wall which fell into the King's high-way obstructed the King's high-way & did not take away the obstruction. And Sarra Kenouloun in the same way obstructed the King's high-way. Therefore all [of them] to be amerced.

The jurors present that Nicholas Durel priest maliciously caused to be cited out of the kingdom Colin Blondel, Robert Osmond, Richard Galiot, John Calez, Richard Benet, Oliver Juliene, Gregory Fitz-Simon, Robert de Vic, Peter de Vic & William Genemies & many others & extorted from them by such summons a large sum of money maliciously, who came & compounded for the said trespass & his other like charges by 30 livres under the pledge of John le Breton, senior, John Bugot, Richard Meriene, William Trusse & Ralph Wyteclin. And it is granted that Gillot his brother who is charged concerning the conies of the lord the King shall contribute towards the composition of the said Nicholas, & John Eneye is the pledge of the said Gillot. And it is granted to the said Nicholas that he may pay the said money in 2 years at the terms of St. Michael & Easter in equal portions.

And the men of the jury for many concealments of which they were convicted in examination. Therefore to be amerced.

It is also found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that John son of William le Fevre of La Perelle by night assaulted William le Rey in the King's high-way whereupon 'Clameur de

via regia unde ha cla. Et Ričus Asmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Roštus de la Rowe e Jordš Geruays aplegiaverunt eū tč. Iđo fiant emend Dño Reg. Postea feč finē p xvij š ppłm Willi ĩris siu.

Comptū est t̃ p eosđm Rošlos qđ Reymundus la Carette fugit ad eccliam Šci Salvatoris p lat^ociniis e ibiđm recogñ lat^ocinia et abjuř Insulas. Et Juř concelaverunt hoc in veredco suo. Iđo ad juđm de eis ad p'mam ass^am tč et tunc inquirendā est de ĩris e catallis pđ felonis.

Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rošlos qđ Wiltus Courlu vulřavit Thomam Bole in capitate unde ha cla. Iđo fiant emend đno Regi p xvij^a. Et Matřus de Cuř Ballš respond de pleğ.

emend Et t̃ qđ Gillot⁹ fit Willi Blaunche convictus fuit qđ noctant^r insultavit Ričm la Mouner in molendino đni Reğ unde ha cla tč. Et Roštus Blaunche Jordš Geruays e Colinus Bolangž aplegiaverunt eum tč. ĩo fiant emend tč. Et qđ Roštus de Vivariis asptavit Wreccū đni Regis cont^a pacem tč qui veñ e finem feč p xx š ppłm Radi de Viver. Et qđ Simon le Mesurer insultavit de nocte in via Reğ Willm le Rey unde sang's e ha cla. Iđo fiant inde emend đno Regi p xvij š.

Adhuc de remanenti de poch Šci Petⁱ in portu.

Šci Petⁱ in
portu.

Comptū est p Rošlos Petri le Markaunt nup Balli tč qđ Jacobus fit Johis Dymokž fugit ad eccliam Šci Petri p morte Jořnis le Orfeuere, et ibiđm recogñ řcm e abjuř Insulas tč et postea pđcus Jořnes pař suus qui se posuit ad eccliam p řco pđco reddidit se p'sone Ballš p juđm e consiliū Willi le Joveene Henř de Vikž Riči Bernard, Petri la Co[rnaille], Mich le Esturnel, Petri Ernald, Riči Rose, e Luce de Barnevilt ad peticoem ĩpius Jořnis ĩris tč cepit inde inquisicoem

Haro' raised. And Richard Asmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Robert de la Rowe & Jordan Gervayse stood pledges for him. Therefore let them make amends to the lord the King. Afterwards he compromised by 18 sols under the pledge of William his father.

It is also found by the same rolls that Raymund la Carette fled to the Church of St. Saviour for thefts & there acknowledged the thefts & abjured the islands. And the jurors concealed this in their verdict. Therefore judgment on these points at the next assize &c. & then it is to be enquired into concerning the lands & chattels of the said felon.

It is also found by the same rolls that William Courlu wounded Thomas Bole in the head whereupon 'clameur.' Therefore let them make amends to the lord the King of 18 sols. And Matthew de la Court bailiff answers for the pledge.

amends. And also that Gillot son of William Blaunche was convicted for that by night he assaulted Richard le Mouner in the mill of the lord the King whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And Robert Blaunche Jordan Gervayse & Colin Bolanger stood surety for him &c. Therefore let them make amends &c. And that Robert des Viviers removed the wreck of the lord the King against the peace &c. who came & compounded for 20 sols under the pledge of Ralph du Vivier. And that Simon le Mesurer by night assaulted in the King's highway William le Rey unto flowing of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends thereof to the lord the King of 18 sols.

**Continuation of the remainder of the Parish of
St. Peter-Port.**

St. Peter-Port.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that James son of John Dymoke fled to the Church of St. Peter for the death of John le Orfevre & there acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands &c., and afterwards the said John his father who put himself in the Church gave himself up a prisoner for the said deed the bailiff by the judgment & counsel of William le Joveene, Henry de Vic, Richard Bernard, Peter la Co[rnaille], Michael le Esturnel, Peter Ernard, Richard Rose & Luke de Barneville on the petition of

p quam dimisit ip̄m Jōhem quietū t̄c p eoꝝ consiliū e jud̄m. Ido ōmes in m̄ia p eo videl̄t qđ nō fient potestatē inquirendi de feloniis nisi sup manuoꝝe qđ vocant casum p̄sentem. Comptū est t̄ p eosdem Rōlos qđ idm Baltus p [jud̄m et] consiliū Nichi le Feuere, Petri de Lestak, Willi le Gros, Hen̄r Waugerard, Colin Jōhnis Justice, Olīvi de Lestak, e Radi Turlee Jūr Regis dimisit p̄p̄tam Reginald e Raulinū le Mesurer captos in cuniclario d̄ni Reḡ cū retiis e furett̄ cū manuoꝝe cuniclis ibidm p ip̄os furtive captis sine waranto t̄c, ubi replegiab̄tos nō fuerunt in m̄ia.

Comptū est t̄ p eosdem Rōlos qđ Jōhnes du Val Jōhne du Vaunert fuerunt de cōmixtiōe aque cū vino qđ vendebat in tab̄nis suis, unde Jōhnes de bis cōvictus fuit. Ido in m̄ia.

Idm Jōhnes du Val in inicio Itifis insultavit maliciose marinellos de Anḡt cū magno posse dicens se velle eos int̄fic̄e, et fec̄ finem p XL

alibi in corona.

Comptū est t̄ p eosdem Rōlos qđ cū Wiltus de Orlyens Junor indictat^o fuisset qđ in Batello suo quosdam lat^ones de Lore apud Erm qui noctant^r furabant^r Priori de unam lovam navis p̄cii iij^{ll} p̄p̄t qđ Prior levavit ha cla et postea idm Wiltus rediit faciens costumam p j bacone e cōcelavit p̄d̄c̄m clām et latc^oiniū simitr, et postea p̄d̄cos latrones ex^ā Insulas t̄c. Et cū rediisset huc Baltus audita querela p̄d̄ci Prioris arestavit p̄d̄c̄m Willm qui totū recoḡn coram Balto p̄ter clām t̄c et sup hoc venerūt Ricūs le Herice, Jōhnes du Viver, Nichus le Feuere, Hen̄r de Vik, Ričus Bernard, Mich̄ Lesturnel, Ričus Rose e Lucas de Barnovilt e adjudicaverūt p̄d̄cam recoḡn fore nullam sine Waranto p quod Baltus dimisit eū a p̄sona. Ido ōmes in m̄ia.

Šci Petⁱ cū Erm.

Tres p̄d̄ci Jūr de Erm ducti huc p Abb̄em de Chireburḡ e ejus consiliū p̄sentaverūt qđ quidam Jōhnes Charnethous anno regni d̄ni

the said John the father, &c. took an inquisition thereof, by which he acquitted the said John &c. by their counsel & judgment. Therefore all of them are to be amerced for that to wit they have not power of enquiring concerning felonies except [where the person is taken] in the very act which they term the present case. It is also found by the same rolls that the same bailiff by the [judgment &] counsel of Nicholas le Fevre, Peter de Lestak, William le Gros, Henry Vaugerard, Colin John Justice, Oliver de Lestak & Ralph Turlee jurats of the King let out on bail Reginald & Raulin le Mesurer taken in the rabbit warren of the lord the King with nets & ferrets in the very act [of catching] conies there by them furtively taken without warrant &c. when they were notailable. [Therefore] to be amerced.

It is found also by the same rolls that John du Val, John de Vaunert were of mixing water with the wine which they sold in their taverns, whereof John du had been twice convicted. Therefore to be amerced.

The same John du Val in the beginning of the eyre maliciously assaulted sailors of England with great force saying that he wished to kill them, & he compounded by 40 sols.

Elsewhere in the
Crown[-pleas.]

It is found also by the same rolls that when William de Orlyens, junior, was indicted for that [he concealed] in his boat certain thieves of Lore at Herm who by night stole from the Prior of one sail of a ship of the value of 4 livres, on account of which the Prior raised the 'Clameur de Haro' & afterwards the same William returned paying custom for one pig & concealed the said clameur & the theft likewise, & afterwards [removed] the said thieves out of the islands &c. And when he returned here the bailiff having heard the plaint of the said prior arrested the said William who acknowledged all before the bailiff except the clameur &c., & upon this came Richard le Herice, John du Vivier, Nicholas le Fevre, Henry de Vic, Richard Bernard, Michael Lesturnel, Richard Rose & Luke de Barneville & adjudged the said acknowledgment to be null without a warrant, whereby the bailiff dismissed him from prison. Therefore all to be amerced.

St. Peter with
Herm.

Three of the aforesaid jurors of Herm brought here by the abbot of Cherbourg & his counsel presented that a certain John Char-

E. Regē p̄ris tē xvij^o indictatus fuit apud Erm in assisis p̄dci Abb̄tis qđ fregit archam Joñnis de la Vile, et inde fure denar̄ suos. Et post fē̄m fugit tē e malecredebat^r tē p quod Justiĉ Abb̄tis posue..... in exigendā et p̄dcus Abbas fuit e adhuc fiet t̄ras p̄dci Joñnis ut eschieta inde loquend ad p̄x assisas tē.

(M. 16.)

Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona.

Parochi de Belloš veñ p xij.

Juñ presentant qđ Petr^o de Lestak anno Regē E. patris tē xxxiiij^{to} tē. Idem fuit catalla s̄ unā vaccam p̄cii xiiij s̄ iiiij^d de quibz Joñnes le Markant e unū bovem p̄cii xxx s̄ bidentes p̄cii xxiiij s̄ unū Juvencū p̄cii blada in t̄ra p̄cē XL s̄ et vastū domus sue vendit̄ ad xx s̄. Idem fuit que valet p annū ultra redditū tē ij bus̄ fri de quibz Robt^o de Hady respondeb̄ ut de bona de residuo p̄dctoꝝ catalloꝝ q̄^o redd̄ pro p^omo anno tē. Et Joñnes de Lestac qui t̄ram illam ten.....one balhi respondebat de residuo reddit^o.

Presentant t̄ qđ de quedam navi de Hispanū fracta jux^a portum denk..... multa bona e monia deveniunt de Wrecko et dñs Rex fuit p̄partem suam unde p̄dcus R. de Hady respondeb̄ nesciebant seu nolebant dicere q̄^antitatem seu precium. Ido in m̄ia. Et quedam navis de Roen fracta..... p̄pe t̄ram Mathi de Saunzmareys et devenit ad t̄ram ip̄ius Mathi ubi p̄dcus Mathi e antecessores a tempe quo nō extat memoria solebant h̄ere Wreckū tē p̄ter q̄^atuor p̄ncipalia que sunt Regi. Ita tamen dñs Rex p^omo deb̄ h̄ere visum tē. Et cōvictū est p Juratā in quam p̄d̄ Mathi e Thoñ Destefeld e Alicia se posuerunt qđ marinelli de licenĉ ip̄oꝝ Mathi e Thome apposuer̄ man^o ad apportand Wreckū. Ido ip̄i in g^avi m̄ia.

nethous in the 17th year of the reign of the lord E. the father, &c. was indicted at Herm in the assizes of the said Abbot in that he broke open the chest of John de la Ville & stole therefrom his money. And after the deed he fled &c. and was suspected &c. whereupon the justices of the Abbot outlawed him, & the said Abbot had & still has the lands of the said John as escheats Thereof to be pleaded at the next assizes &c.

(M. 16.)

Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown.

The Parish of St. Martin de Bellouse came by 12.

The jurors present that Peter de Lestak in the 34th year of the lord E. the father &c. &c. The same had the chattels, viz., one cow of the value of 13 sols 4 deniers of which John le Marchant & one ox value 30 sols, sheep value 24 sols, one heifer value corn in the land value 40 sols, & the waste of his house sold at 20 sols. The same had which is worth per annum besides the rent, &c. 2 bushels of wheat, of which Robert de Haddy shall answer as of the goods of the residue of the said chattels as the rent for the first year, &c. And John de Lestak who held that land of the bailiff shall answer for the residue of the rent.

They present also that of a certain ship of Spain wrecked near the port ofnk⁽¹⁾ many goods & merchandizes came from the wreck & the lord the King had his share thereof. The said R. de Hady shall answer but they did not know or wish to say the quantity or value. Therefore to be amerced. And a certain ship of Rouen wrecked near the land of Matthew de Saumareys & came to the land of the said Matthew where the said Matthew & his ancestors from time immemorial were wont to have wreck, &c. except the four princely things which are the King's, so that nevertheless the lord the King ought first to have view &c. And it is found by the jury to which the said Matthew & Thomas Destefeld & Alice submitted the matter that the sailors by the license of the same Matthew & Thomas put their hands to carry away the wreck. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

(1) Probably Saynk, Saint's Bay.

Presentant t̄ qđ sunt in d̄cta paroch̄ LXX bovař ěre de quibz tenentes reddunt đno Regi libet bovař ěre viij daneř fri de melaḡ. Iřm de firma xj li x š ix đ ad tres ěmĩos pro equali porčone. Iřm de custuĩ annũ quo vocat̄ pro minutis denař ad řm Šci Mich̄is xvij š. Iřm ad idm festũsağ vij š vj đ. Iřm pannağ quod valet coĩbus annis viij š iiij đ. Et pullaḡ quod se extendit coĩbz annis ad C galliũ eciam řđcti tenentes đno Regi per annũ de Wardo vj q̄rĩ aveĩ ad pvā menš. Percipit t̄ đns R..... de tota pred ěra qđ valet coĩbz annis triginta libras. Percipit t̄ đns R..... esčeta xiiij q̄r iij bz ři ad pvam menš e ij š vj đ de firma. Iřm de esčeta L q̄r ři ad pvā de esčeta Rađi Youn ij q̄r ři ad magnam menš. Iřm de esčeta Riči Sen..... vij busš menš et ij š vj đ de firma. Iřm de esčeta Joĩnis Patricii ij busš ři. Iřm de ěra que fuit Hays la Bret..... ěcia pte uni^o v'gař ěre de escheta de Cauchobronne ředũ Riči Artuř. Iřm de đia v'gata terre de esčeta Pet' Levesqe quam Will̄s Baskaise tenet iiij danereř ři.

Presentant t̄ qđ Mat̄us de Saunmareys teĩ tenementa sua in poch̄ predca p magnā řjanciam e deř đno Regi homağ sectam ad tres Cuř p'ncipales sine sumonič et integrũ releviũ qđ se..... cum acciderit et Rađ Burnel tenet simiř teĩ sua de đno Rege p homağ et consimilem sectam

Et Juř de duodena p magnis conclamentis in eoř ředicčo de quibz convicti řřnt coram Justič p examin..... in m̄ia.

Abbas Majoris Monasterii e Abbas de Blancalanda non veniunt

They present also that there are in the said parish 70 bovates of land of which the tenants pay to the lord the King each bovat of land 8 small bushels of wheat of melage.⁽¹⁾ Also of farm 11 livres 10 sols 9 deniers at three terms by equal portions. Also of custom the year in which it is called for small moneys at the feast of St. Michael 17 sols. Also at the same feast 7 sols 6 deniers. Also pannage which is worth one year with another 8 sols 4 deniers. And pullage which extends one year with another at 100 hens. Also the same tenants [pay] to the lord the King by the year of ward 6 quarters of oats by the small measure. Also the lord the King takes of all the said land which is worth one year with another 30 livres. Also the lord the King takes escheats 13 quarters 3 bushels of wheat by the small measure & 2 sols 6 deniers of farm. Also of escheat 5 quarters of wheat by the small measure. of the escheat of Ralph Youn 2 quarters of wheat by the large measure. Also of the escheat of Richard Sen..... 7 bushels measure & 2 sols 6 deniers of farm. Also of the escheat of John Patrick 2 bushels of wheat. Also of the land which was of Hays la Bret the third part of one virgate of land of the escheat of Chauncebrun of the heirs of Richard Artur. Also of half a virgate of land of the escheat of Peter Levesque which William Baskaise holds 4 small bushels of wheat.

They present also that Matthew de Saumareys holds his tenements in the said parish by great serjeanty & owes to the lord the King homage, suit at the 3 principal courts without summons & whole relief which when it shall occur, & Ralph Burnel likewise holds his tenements of the lord the King by homage & like suit.

And the jury of 12 men for the great concealments in their verdicts of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

The Abbot of the Greater Monastery & the Abbot of Blanchelande did not come

(1) *Melagium*: a rent due to the King by his tenants.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñnes filius Joñnis du Molin solebat furtive recondere bidentes vicinoꝝ et p^otea coram Petro le Markaunt tunc ballio in plena curia abjuř Insulas licet p^us f̄rat coram eodem appleḡ ad assisas. Et cōptum est p Rořlos ejusđ Petri qđ Joñnes du Molin Ričus Corbyn, Joñnes Toner e Joñnes Elye plegiafunt predčum Joñnem quilibz eoꝝ corp^o pro corpe ad hndum corpus ejus ad has assisas sup eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ furabatur unam ancoram e qđ solit^o fuit fače instrumenta de ferris crocatis ad apientđ seruras hostioꝝ furtiē tč. Et cōptum est p Rořlos ejusđ balli qđ predcus Joñnes filius Joñnis abjuř Insulas coram iřo ballio tč. Et predcus Petrus una cum Juř Reğ e Matño de Cuř qui dicunt^r tunc fuisse p̄sentes tč sup hoc allocuti tč dicunt qđ nō possunt dediče quin predcus Joñnes filius Joñnis coram iřis in plena Cuř p̄litoꝝ abjuř Insulas iřis tunc nō recol[legerunt] qđ indictat^o fuit de tam grossis feloniiis. Et q, tota cōitas testat^r qđ nullus debet abjurare Insulas ex[cepto] refugiū ecclie. Ido p̄dci e omēs alii qui p̄sentes f̄funt in g^ovi m̄ia.

Presentant qđ Abbas Majoris Monasterii e Abbas de Blanca-landa tenentur ab antiquo acquietare custag[iorum] e repačois ecclie de Bellosa p ūcia pte tč e jam inde se ret^oxerunt a tempe quo tenure sue f̄fiant eis restitutae [post] ultimam guerram tč. Ido iři in m̄ia. Et dist'ngantur ad repačom de cefo quatenus de jure solebant tč. Iidem Abbes non veřfunt p^omo die Itiřis. Ido iři in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ đns Rex habet in eoꝝ pochia quoddam bordagiū vocatum al botiller quod Rads de Beau..... modo tenet e continet v v'gař ĩre que valent p añ ij q^or f̄ri Et aliud bordagiū vocatū a Saee qđsiota tenet e continet v v'gař ĩre que valent p annū ij q^or f̄ri. Et habet s̄bboardarios s̄ Jořiam la Barber que tenet

They present also that John son of John du Moulin was wont furtively to conceal the sheep of the neighbours & afterwards before Peter le Marchant then bailiff in open court abjured the islands although he had previously been bailed before the same at the assizes. And it is found by the rolls of the same Peter that John du Moulin, Richard Corbyn, John Toner & John Everye stood as sureties for the said John each of them body for body to have his body at these assizes for that he was indicted of stealing one anchor, & that he was wont to make instruments of crooked iron to open the locks of the doors furtively &c. And it is found by the rolls of the same bailiff that the said John son of John abjured the islands before the same bailiff &c. And the said Peter together with the jurats of the King & Matthew de la Court who are said to have been then present &c. questioned about this &c. say that they cannot gainsay but that the said John son of John before them in open court of pleas abjured the islands, but they did not recollect that he was indicted of such great felonies. And because the whole commonalty witnesses that no one ought to abjure the islands unless through the refuge of the Church, therefore the aforesaid & all the others who were present are to be heavily amerced.

They present that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery⁽¹⁾ & the Abbot of Blanchelande are held of old to pay of the costs & repairs of the Church St. Martin de Bellouse for the third part &c. and they have withdrawn therefrom ever since the time when their tenures were restored to them [after] the last war &c. Therefore they are to be amerced. And they are constrained to repair from henceforth inasmuch as by law they were wont &c. The same Abbots did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore they are to be amerced.⁽²⁾

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish a certain bordage called Le Botiller which Ralph de Beau..... now holds & it contains 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And another bordage called Saitte whichsiota holds & it contains 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And he has his under-bordiers to wit Joan la Barber who holds one messuage & one virgate of land

(1) Marmoutier.

(2) As to the advowson of the Church of St. Martin de Bellouse see p. 11.

unū mesuaḡ e unū v'rgaī ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Radm Marinde qui tenet j virgaī ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Pñm Caree qui tenet iiij p'catas ĩre que valent p añ ij daner..... Et Guillotum Tardif qui tenet j virgatam ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri ij pañ ij galliñ. Et Ranulph filius Radi de Rosel emit sup idem bordaḡ quod pređcus Guillot^o tenet reddm ij b3 ĩri ij pañ e ij gal..... sine licenč đni Regē tč. Ido reddit^o ille remaneat đno Regi tč pro voluntate sua.

Presentant qđ Petr^o Doree, Thoñ de Bretan, Jord's de la Bouce e Joñnes de la Bouce foderunt in via regia illam defiorantes tč. Ido iđi in mīa.

Comptū est p roilos Petri le Markaunt nup balli tč qđ Guills le Rey de Plemount convict^o fuit qđ fregit dentes uxīs sue malicoose tč e t qđ minabatur villate de Bellosa de incendio e feč finē p x š. Et qđ Per..... e Henř de Lestak noctant' insultařunt Guilłm Melege p quo finem feřunt p xv š p pleḡ Thoñ de Lestok.

Adhuc de remanentī pochie Šci Andr.

Johanett^o Clouet insultavit Ričm le Fauconer in via regia e eum vulřavit und e feč finem p xxxvj š. Idem t Joñnes coram Petro le Markaunt ballio noctant' Joñm le Bretoun in via regia und sang's e ha cla p

Comptū est t p Roilos ejusđ qđ Jenim^o Elye applegē ad assi's p Juaen et p uno plena Cuř coram iđo ballio e Juř p Judm iđoř Juř abjuř mīa. Et Juř de duodena q, concelařunt de Gui..... est par Roilos Matñi de Cuř nuno balli qđ Tosteni. Ido in mīa.

which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat, & Ralph Marinde who holds one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat; & Philip Caree who holds 4 perches of land which are worth per annum 2 small bushels; & Guillot Tardif who holds one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat, 2 loaves & 2 hens; & Ranulph son of Ralph de Rosel bought upon the same bordage which the said Guillot holds the rent of 2 bushels of wheat, 2 loaves & 2 hens without the license of the lord the King, &c. Therefore that rent shall remain to the lord the King &c. at his will.

They present that Peter Doree, Thomas de Bretan, Jordan de la Bouce & John de la Bouce dug in the King's high-way, spoiling the same &c. Therefore they are to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant formerly bailiff &c. that William le Rey of Plemont was convicted of breaking his wife's teeth maliciously &c. And also that he threatened to set fire to the village of Bellouse & compounded for 10 sols. And that Per..... & Henry de Lestak by night assaulted William Melege for which they compounded for 15 sols by the pledge of Thomas de Lestak.

**Continuation of the remainder of the Parish of
St. Andrew.**

Johanett Clouet assaulted Richard le Fauconer in the high-way & wounded him, whereupon & compounded for 36 sols. Also the same John before Peter le Marchant the bailiff by night John le Bretoun in the King's high-way whereupon blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised

It is also found by the rolls of the same that Jenimus Everye bailed at the assizes for a in open court before the same bailiff & jurats by the judgment of the same jurats abjured amerced. And the jury of 12 men because they concealed concerning William is by the rolls of Matthew de la Court now bailiff that of Tostain. Therefore to be amerced.

(M. 16 d.)

Adhuc de p̄iitis de Gorona.

Paroch̄ Šci Sampsonis veñ p xij.

Presentant qđ đns Rex habet in manu sua de ũra quozdam Rad̄i le Feuere e Juliane diu est abjurarunt has Insulas vj virgatas ũre que valent p annū iiij q̄r ij bz ũri de pva menš responsū est đno Regi e Robt^o le Gay modo tenet illas ad firmā. Iđm đns Rex pcipit xij deñ manus Phi Ingan e participū suoꝝ p ũcia pte uni^o v'gata ũre de dñicis ũris đni Reḡ. Iđm đns v š p annū p man^o ĩedū Riči Gilbt p duabz ptibz uni^o v'g ũre de escheta uxis Robti p mañ Guilli le Caretter pro dia v'gať ũre de ead̄m escheta. Percipit t̄ đns Rex de feodo qui nunc est in marisco x š ad fm̄ Šci Mich̄is. Et si seminaretur Rex pcipet[me] lagiū e alias custumas ut de ũra švili. Iđm de feodo an legat xij q̄r ij bz ũri ad pvam menš firma viij š xj đ. Et de rewardo ad Natale đni sept̄ capoñ viij xij denař. Iđm escheta Robti Geoffrey ũciam ptem j v'gať terř que valet j, busš ũri per annū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guillot^o de Capella Junior noctant̄ insultavit Colinum Burnel contra pacē p idm nich̄ levavit clañ de hareu. Iđo pred̄ Guiff sit in emenda.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rad̄ Burnel Capells una cū P̄ho e Colino ũribz suis e Raulina Agnete e sororibz suis tenent de đno Rege unū meš e xxiiij bovas ũre nesciunt p quod warantū nisi antiquo t̄c nec p quod šviciū sed dicunt qđ debēt p parte tenementoz suoꝝ unū releviū in quod se extendit ad LX š j đ et pro quibusd̄ aliis teneñtis đmiū releviū.

(M. 16 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Sampson came by 12.

They present that the lord the King has in his hands of the land of certain Ralph le Fevre & Juliane [who] long ago abjured these islands 6 virgates of land which are worth per annum 4 quarters 2 bushels of wheat by the small measure : it is answered to the lord the King & Robert le Gay now holds the same to farm. Also the lord the King takes 12 deniers by the hands of Philip Ingan & his partners, for the third part of one virgate of land of the demesne lands of the lord the King. Also the lord 5 sols per annum by the hands of the heirs of Richard Gilbert for 2 parts of one virgate of land of the escheat of the wife of Robert by the hands of William le Caretter for half a virgate of land of the same escheat. Also the lord the King takes of the fee who now is, in the marsh 10 sols at the feast of St. Michael. And if it shall be sown the King shall take melage & other customs as of cultivated land. Also of the fee of Legat 12 quarters 3 bushels of wheat by the small measure farm 8 sols 11 deniers. And of reward at the Nativity of the Lord 7 capons 8 12 deniers. Also escheat of Robert Geffrey the 3rd part of one virgate of land which is worth one bushel of wheat by the year.

They present also that Guillot de la Chapelle, junior, by night assaulted Colin Burnel against the peace for the same Nicholas raised a 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore the said Guillot to be fined.

They present also that Ralph Burnel, chaplain, together with Philip & Colin his brothers & Raulina, Agnes & his sisters hold of the lord the King one messuage & 24 bovates of land, but they do not know by what warrant unless of old &c., nor by what service, but they say that they owe for part of their tenements one relief in which extends to 60 sols one denier & for certain other tenements half a relief.

Henry de Vaugerard e Isabella de Vaugerard e participes sui tenent de dno Rege unū meš e bovatas tre sine svičo faciendo preter quā sectam ad tres p'ncipales curias p annū.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet donačom Capelle be Marie de Mariscis que valet coibz annis xx

Presentant t̄ qđ Abbas Majoris Monasterii račone decimaž quas pcipit in eož paroch debet e sol[ebat] pte ornamenta ecclie quecumq, manutenere e repare quociens necče ffit et jam per xij annos se s̄traxit et modo nō veñ. Et est libe tenens. Ido ipe in m̄ia. Et distringr ad pdctis re[pačom e] s̄tentačom de cetero t̄c.

Et Juř de duodena q, convicti f̄nt de diřsis conclamentis in examinačoe. Ido oīes in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joħnes filius Nichi le Carpentier tenet quoddam pvū clausū de cōmunia quod pař ej^o dum vixit p'prestavit. Et valet p annū in oīibz exitibz xij đ de quibz oñat cujuslibz de v annis p̄xio p̄teritis. Iťm Guiff de la Rivere teñ circiter quartā ptem uni^o v'gař cōmuna dñi Reğ de p'prestura sua pp'a que valet p annū xij đ de quibz ipm oñatur salvo jure de v annis p̄xio p̄titis. Iťm q, fecit p'presturam illam sic in m̄ia. Iťm Rads Renol tenet pvam placeam cōmuna dñi Reğ que valet p annū iiij^d de quibz oñatur salvo juř cujuslibet de quinz annis p̄xo p̄titis. Et q, ipemet fecit p'presturam. Ido ipe in m̄ia. Et Wilfs de la Cuture quendam pontem lapideum Willi de Šbmonte ubi via iiij pedū semp debet esse. Ido ipe in m̄ia. Et pons refiat ad ej^o custagia. Et Gilbt^o Lorfeure, Petr^o de Hady e Joħnes La Musteng obstruxerunt viam regiam viij pedū de lapidibz

Henry de Vaugerard & Isabella de Vaugerard & their partners hold of the lord the King one messuage & bovates of land without doing service except suit at the 3 principal courts annually.

They present also that the lord the King had the gift of the Chapel of St. Mary des Marais which is worth one year with another 20

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery⁽¹⁾ by reason of the tithes which he takes in their parish ought & was wont to maintain part the ornaments of the Church whatsoever & to repair them as often as it was necessary & now for 12 years he withdrew himself & now he does not come. And he is a free tenant. Therefor he is to be amerced. And he is constrained to make the said repairs and maintenance from henceforth &c.

And the jury of 12 men because they were convicted of divers concealments in the examination. Therefore all to be amerced.

They present also that John son of Nicholas le Carpentier holds a certain small close of the common [land] which his father while he lived took wrongful possession of & it is worth by the year in all issues 12 deniers of which were charged each of the 5 years last past. Also William de la Rivere holds about the 4th part of one virgate of the common [land] of the lord the King of his own enclosure⁽²⁾ which is worth per annum 12 deniers, of which the same was charged saving the right of the 5 years last past. Also because he made that enclosure let him be amerced. Also Ralph Renol holds a small place of the common of the lord the King which is worth by the year 4 deniers of which he was charged saving the right each of the 5 years last past. And because he himself made that enclosure therefore he is to be amerced. And William de la Couture a certain stone bridge of William de Soulemont where a way of 4 feet always ought to be. Therefore he is to be amerced, & the bridge shall be rebuilt at his cost. And Gilbert Lorfevre, Peter de Hady & John La Musteng obstructed the

(1) Marmoutier.

(2) Purprestura (porprendre) means a wrongful possession.

..... quilibz eoꝝ p se p quod currue impediunt
ibidm t̄nsire. Ido ip̄i in m̄ia. Et via deobstruetur ad [ej^o] custagia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o le Say noctant̄ e de die sine licencia pis-
cabatur in sepali piscar̄ dñi Reġ e cepit anguillas tempe yemali. Ido
ip̄e in m̄ia et assiḡtur Juratis put patz alibi.

Presentant t̄ qđ nup devenit de Wrecco j pecia bordi navis unde
pars Reġ ij s̄ vj đ de quibz R. de Haddy respond. Percipit t̄ dñs
Rex de tenentibz suis in eoꝝ pochia de xliij bovatis f̄re singlis annis
de firma ix^l vj^d. Et de melagio de q^alibz bovata f̄re viij danereff
fri ad pvam menš. Et de avena de rewardo xliii bꝝ rasi.⁽¹⁾ Et de
tenent eazdem pannagiū. Et modo se extendit pullagiū ad
lxxj. Percipit t̄ dñs Rex camptū garba e lini de
eisdem qđ se extendit coibz annis ad xxx^l. Et maḡ P̄ius de Cheny
tenet de dño Reġ xj bovañ f̄re de carucata de Fouuill p̄ šviciū custo-
diendi p̄sones t̄c e reddendo de qualibz bovata t̄c
viij danereff fri de melaḡ.

Presentant t̄ qđ cōe m̄catū debet esse oñi tempe toti^o anni sine
custumia t̄c et qđ cursus aque de Ma[risco] de Orgul in yeme est
sepañ piscaria dñi Reġ et valet p̄ annū

Presentant qđ dñs Rex habet t'a bordagia in eoꝝ parochia videl̄
bordagiū quond̄ Rađi Geffrey unde Ha..... Geffrey sine licenč dñi
Reġ alienavit sextam ptem j virgate f̄re quam Cecilia que fuit uř
Rođti A...line modo tenet e valet p̄ anñ j daneř fri. Et Regiñ Wace
simiř peipit iij busř fri de redditu de co..... bordagio alienatos
cuidam Oliřo Carupel dū vixit sine licenč dñi Reġ t̄c. Et Gilbtus
Lorfeuere [simi]liter emit j daneř fri de redditu t̄c oñatu

(1) *Rasus* is applied to a measure of grain cut off level with the top of the mea-
sure. French "ras," English "strickle," a straight-edge used to sweep grain off
level with the top of the measure.

King's high-way for 8 feet with stoncs each of them by himself whereby carts are prevented from crossing there. Therefore they are to be amerced. And the way shall be cleared at their cost.

They present also that Peter le Say by night & by day without license fished in the several fisheries of the lord the King & took eels in winter time. Therefore he is to be amerced & is assigned before the jurats as appears elsewhere.

They present also that there lately came of wreck one piece of plank of a ship whereof the part of the King is 2 sols 6 deniers of which R. de Haddy shall answer. Also the lord the King takes of his tenants in their parish of 43 bovates of land every year of farm 9 livres 6 sols 6 deniers. And of melage of each bovat of land 8 small bushels of wheat by the same measure. And of oats of reward 43 bushels strickled. And of the tenants of the same pannage & pullage. And now the pullage extends to 71. Also the lord the King takes as champart sheaf & of flax in like manner which extends one year with another to 30 livres. And Master Philip de Cheny holds of the lord the King 11 bovates of land of the carucate de Fouvill by the service of keeping the prisoners &c. and by paying for each bovat &c. 8 small bushels of wheat of melage.

They present also that the common market ought to be throughout the whole year without custom &c. and that the course of the water of the Marais d'Orgueil in winter is the several fishery of the lord the King & is worth per annum

They present also that the lord the King has 3 bordages in their parish, viz., the bordage formerly of Ralph Geffrey whereof Ha..... Geffrey without the license of the lord the King alienated the 6th part of one virgate of land which Cecilia who was the wife of Robert A.....line now holds, & it is worth per annum one small bushel of wheat. And Reginald Wace likewise takes 3 bushels of wheat of rent of bordage alienated to a certain Oliver Carupel while he lived without the license of the lord the King, &c. And Gilbert Lorfevre likewise bought one small bushel of

sup idm bordağ sine licenč tč. Ido omnes p̄dci redditus remaneant dno Regi tč. Et extendit se p̄dcm bordagiū ad unū meš e iij v'rgaī ƒre que valent p annū vj busš ƒri. Et bordağ Jordi Testare ad unū meš ij virg ƒre e di et valent p anñ viij busš ƒri e Robtus Picard emit ij busš ƒri de redditu ofatos sup idm bordağ sine licenč dñi Reğ. Et Ido reddit^o ille remaneat dno Regi tč ad voluntatē suam. Et bordağ fantesine ad iij virg ƒre que valeant p anñ vj busš ƒri. Et Petr^o du Roker emit ij busš ƒri de redditu ofatos sup idm bordagiū sine licenč dñi Reğ. Ido remaneant dno Regi tč ad voluntatē suam.

..... Rotlos Petri le Markaunt nup balli tč qđ Wilts de Capella Junior et Colin^o filius Eg.....
..... insultaƒunt uřem Guilli Markes e eam ƒbaƒunt graviř. Ido fiant inde emende e
..... Rađs de Capella, Wilts frař ejus senior e Ričus le Salvage. Comptum per
..... intempiem cecidit ext^a navē Peīr
..... Et q̄ Juř hoc celaƒunt in veredič
..... Petri du Roker et Perrotus
..... fiant emende tč. Et pređcus W.....
..... respondeat Jordanus m.....
..... e eam ƒbavit cū acabli
..... Curia ballm tč
..... e t^axerunt

(M. 17.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de poch̄ Šci Andr̄.

poch̄ Šci Andr̄ veñ p vij.

Gerneř

Juř p̄sentant qđ Emmelota Malmar..... capta cū manuope de quodam vellere Jofies fit ejusdem captus cū manuope de quadam archa e ferro de Wrecco dñi R.....

wheat of rent &c. charged upon the same bordage without license &c. Therefore all the said rents to remain to the lord the King, &c. And the said bordage extends to one messuage & 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And the bordage of Jordan Testard to one messuage & 2½ virgates of land, & they are worth per annum 8 bushels of wheat, & Robert Picard bought 2 bushels of wheat of rent charged upon the same bordage without license of the lord the King. And Therefore that rent to remain to the lord the King &c. at his will. And the bordage of Fantosme at 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And Peter du Roker bought 2 bushels of wheat of rent charged upon the same bordage without the license of the lord the King. Therefore they shall remain to the lord the King &c. at his pleasure.

..... rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that William de la Chapelle, junior, & Colin son of Eg.....
 assaulted the wife of William Markes & wounded her seriously. Therefore they shall make amends &
 Ralph de la Chapelle, William his elder brother & Richard le Salvage. It is found by
 by mischance fell out of the ship of Peter
 And because the jurors concealed this in their verdict
 of Peter du Roker & Perrot
 let them make amends &c. And the said W..... shall answer Jordan
 & beat her grievously
 [de la] Court, bailiff &c.....
 & drew

(M. 17.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Andrew.

The parish of St. Andrew came by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Emmelota Malmar taken in the act of stealing a certain fleece John son of the same taken in the act of stealing a certain chest & iron from wreck

..... fuř tĉ ducti fuerunt ad Cuř dni Reĝ coram Petro le Marchaunt tunc Balt circiř fm Šci Martini ad plita dni Reĝ coram pđco Petro e Juř dni Regis pđca Emmelota vocasset inde ad Wa[rentiam] quendam e de Waranto defecisset e inde cōvicta fuisset abjuř Inř coram e Juř tĉ in plena Curia. Et pđcus Jořes fit ejus similř. Iđo ad Judm de pđcis Petro e qui pšenř fuerunt ad pđcam abjuř tĉ qui ořes sunt in mia q, sine Waranto. Eadem Emmelota fuit quamdā domū de quibz Robtus de Haddy tunc receptor respond. Iřm fuit catalla videlř ij vaccas iiij^h de quibz Jořnes le Marchaunt tunc ppořtus respond de XL ř et Robtus de Haddy de XL ř. Iřm fuit blada pĉii XL ř de quibz idm Ř respond. Iřm iiij bidentř pĉii iiij ř v đ de quibz de quibz idm Ř respond. Iřm fuit alias ij bidentř pĉii ij ř ij đ de quibz duodena respond p eo qđ nesciunt diĉe ad quem bidentř ille devenereř. Iřm fuit filū lane pĉii ij ř iiij đ et unam tripodem debilem pĉii iiij^d et pasuagiū pĉii ij ř de quibz idm Ř respond. Iřm fuit unam patellam debilem pĉii viij đ de quibz idm ppořtus respond. Iřm Riĉus le Counte pximo anno post abjuř tĉ cepit ptm de řra pđce Emmelote p ij ř predca Emmelota fuit liřam řram videlř v vřgař řre que valent p añ ult^a reddm certum inde debitū iiij busř řri. Et pđcus Jořes fit ejusdem fuit de liřa řra vřgař řre e dimid que valent p añ pter reddm tĉ j busř e đř řri.

Presentant t qđ in feodo de la Haule in eoř poĉi sunt ij bovař e xvj virgař řre que reddūt đno Regi p añ vij qřř řri p manus ppořti ejusdem feodi. Et t đns Rex pcipit de viij bovař e xvj virgař řre xxxvj ř p añ de feodo Šci Salvatoris, videlř p manus Oliři Moigne e pticipū suoř xij ř. Et p manus Guilti le Gros e pticipū suoř xij ř.

of the lord the King theft &c. were taken to the court of the lord the King before Peter le Marchant then bailiff about the feast of St. Martin at the pleas of the lord the King before the said Peter & the jurats of the lord the King the said Emmelota had called thereof to warranty⁽¹⁾ certain & had failed of the warranty & was convicted thereof abjured the islands before & the jurats &c. in open court. And the said John son of the same likewise. Therefore to the judgment of the said Peter & who were present at the said abjuration &c., who are all amerced because without warrant. The same Emmelota had a certain house of which Robert de Haddy then receiver shall answer. The same had chattels, to wit, 2 cows [valued at] 4 livres of which John le Marchant then Provost shall answer for 40 sols & Robert de Haddy 40 sols. The same had corn of the value of 40 sols of which the same R. shall answer. Also 4 sheep valued at 4 sols 5 deniers of which the same R. shall answer. The same had other 2 sheep valued at 2 sols 2 deniers of which the said 12 men shall answer because they are unable to say to whom those sheep went. The same had a yarn of wool valued at 2 sols 4 deniers & one old tripod price 3 deniers & pannage valued at 2 sols of which the same R. shall answer. Also one old pan valued at 8 deniers for which the said Provost shall answer. Also Richard le Counte in the next year after the abjuration &c. took part of the land of the said Emmelota for 2 sols. The said Emmelota had free land, to wit, 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum beside the certain rent thereon due 4 bushels of wheat. And the said John son of the same had of free land virgates of land & a half which are worth per annum besides the rent &c. one bushel & a half of wheat.

They present also that in the fee of la Haule in their parish there are 2 bovates & 16 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 7 quarters of wheat by the hand of the Provost of the same fee. And also the lord the King takes of 8 bovates & 16 virgates of land 36 sols per annum of the fee of St. Saviour, to wit, by the hands of Oliver Moigne & his partners 12 sols. And by the hands of William le Gros & his partners 12 sols. And by the

(1) To establish a certain fact or document.

Et p manus Riči Agace xij ſ. Item sunt in feodo as Rohays v bovař
řre que reddunt đno Regi p aññ iiij q̄rř e iiij danereř fri. Et xxxj ſ
vj đ p aññ de firma. Et iiij ſ de řro licet major ps huj^o feodi sit in
pochi řci Petⁱ de Bosco et debent řmissa reddi đno Regi p manus
řpořti ejusdem feodi. Et debet řđcs feodus servare řsonas p volun-
tate đni Reę. Ita tamen qđ đns Rex invenit ceppos e tenentes ejusđ
feodi debent invenire anellos sive boias tč. Dicunt ř qđ ij virgař řre
e đi que vocat^r Dauinge tradite fuerunt Persone de řco Andr p
iiij ſ que řn valent p aññ iiij ſ. Iđo idm řsona inde respondeat.
Et esčeta Riči de Hoga videt v ptičte řre que valent p aññ vj đ.
Percipit ř đns Rex de feodo Anstaie xij đ p aññ videlř j bovata řre.
Et de v bovas řre de feodo de Burons v ř p aññ. Dicunt ř qđ
đns Rex pcipit de xj bovař řre de feodo řce Elene iiij q̄rř ij busř e
iiij danereř fri p aññ ad pvam mensur et x ř iiij đ oř de firma. Et
pullaę e pasnaę e modo sunt v meř in eodem feodo. Et đns Rex
řet de v virgař řre de feodo Goie ij q̄rř řri p manus Johis de molen-
dino. Et de feodo Alavenne j busř řri p manus Petri Kemuel e
Galfri Maye e ptičpū suoz. řet e đns Rex de esčeta ij virgař řre
Johē la Hoheresse ij busř řri p aññ p manus ředū Jorđi Carupel.
Et de Rađo Feroun ij busř řri de eađ esčeta. řm řet de clauso
řci Andr xv ř p aññ de firma et de j virgata řre esčete řsbři j sonđ
j busř řri. Et de j bovata řre de feodo Dame Aliz p manus Colini
Truan xx ř. Et de feodo Aunguine iiij đ p aññ. Et de řra Riči de
Hoga j cař fri. Et đns Rex modo řet de residentibz in eoř poch
circiř xxx hospitatos quoz quibz reddit đno Regi pullagiū e pasuagiū
quod valet cořbz annis v ř. Et de Brasaę v ř. Et pcipit de eis
campř mellaę aveñ de rewardo xvij đ de řma.

hands of Richard Agace 12 sols. Also there are in the fee of Rohais 5 bovates of land which bring in to the lord the King by the year 4 quarters & 4 small bushels of wheat, & 36 sols 6 deniers per annum of farm, & 4 sols of wheat although the greater part of this fee is in the parish of St. Peter in the Wood & the premises ought to be paid to the lord the King by the hands of the Provost of the same fee. And the said fee ought to keep the prisons at the will of the lord the King, so nevertheless that the lord the King finds the stocks & the tenants of the same fee ought to find the handcuffs or fetters &c. They say also that 2½ virgates of land which is called Davienge were delivered to the parson of St. Andrew for 3 sols which are well worth per annum 4 sols. Therefore the same parson shall answer therefor. And the escheats of Richard de Hoga, to wit, 5 perches of land which are worth per annum 6 deniers. Also the lord the King takes of the fee of Anstaie 12 deniers per annum viz. 1 bovate of land. And of 5 bovates of land of the fee of Burons 5 sols per annum. They say also that the lord the King takes of 11 bovates of land of the fee of Ste. Hélène 3 quarters 2 bushels & 4 small bushels of wheat per annum by the small measure & 10 sols 4½ deniers of farm. And pullage and pannage & there are now 5 messuages in the same fee. And the lord the King has of 5 virgates of land of the fee of Gouies 2 quarters of wheat by the hand of John du Moulin. And of the fee of Liven 1 bushel of wheat by the hand of Peter Kemuel & Geoffrey May & their partners. The lord the King also has of escheat 2 virgates of the land of Joan la Hoheresse, 2 bushels of wheat per annum by the hands of the heirs of Jordan Carupel. And of Ralph Feroun 2 bushels of wheat of the same escheat. Also he has of the close of St. Andrew 15 sols per annum of farm & of 1 virgate of land of the escheat of the priest 1 farm 1 bushel of wheat. And of 1 bovate of land of the fee of Dame Alice by the hands of Colin Truan 20 sols. And of the fee of Aungevine 4 deniers per annum. And of the land of Richard de Hoga 1 cabot of wheat. And the lord the King now has of the residents in their parish about 30 innkeepers, each of whom pays to the lord the King pullage & pannage which is worth one year with another 5 sols. And of brewing 5 sols. And he takes of them champart, tribute, oats of reward & 17 deniers of farm:

Presentant eciam qđ Gillot^o fil Riči Goye post ultimas assisas p
diversis lat^ociniis abjuř Inš. Et nō fuit ĩras nec catalla. Et Guillus
le Botiller adiu est suspensus fuit e fuit libam ĩram videlĭ x virgař
ĩre que valet p anñ in omĭbz exiř xxv š de quibz responsum est
huocusq; đno Regi et adhuc respondet^r.

Presentant eciam qđ Alicia fit Jordi Malegue adiu est p fuř tĉ
abjuř Inš. Et fuit libam ĩram unam v'gař e đi ĩre e valet p anñ
pter reddm tĉ j buss ĩri. Et Robtus le Rateys anno tĉ xxvii^o simitr
abjuř Inš p fuř tĉ. Idm Robtus fuit tres solid redđ pvenientes đ
ĩra quam Petr modo tenet. Huit t reddm j q^r ĩri
pvenientē de ĩra quam Pñus de la Court modo tenet. Et
pde..... redđs aretro đno Regi. Ido veniat đcus Pñus inde res-
ponuř tĉ postea veřnt Joñnes de la Cuture e Henř de la Cutuř qui
modo tenent predctam ĩram e dicunt qđ predca terra ofata fuit ĩri
vsus eos de redditu ultra valorem ejusđ plusq; pred Robtus pquisivit
reddm predcm sup ĩram illam. Et q; predcti Joñnes e Henř nō pos-
sunt dediĉe quin predca ĩra quam ĩpi modo tenent ofata fuit vsus
predm Robtum de pred redđ j q^r ĩri die abjuř tĉ. Ido redđs ille
remañ đno Regi esclĭeta. Et predcti Joñnes e Henř respondeant
đno Regi de ix q^r ĩri de arreř ix annoř.

Presentant eciam qđ Jonett^o de Molendino indictat^o
..... assisas tĉ qđ ad feruras de
nocte ad furand tĉ et qđ fuř quandam ancoram et eciam de velleri
..... furtive retonsis e qđ fuit in societate Riči
Frankel latroñ tĉ. Et Gill..... de Molendino consang^lneus ĩpius
Jonetti indictat^o qđ fuit in societate ĩpius Jonetti ad
..... ad Cuř đni Regē e in eadem Cuř
coram pđco Petro le Marchaunt

They present also that Gillot son of Richard Goye after the last assizes for divers thefts abjured the islands. And he had neither lands nor chattels. And William le Botiller was hanged long ago & had free land, to wit, 10 virgates of land which are worth per annum in all issues 25 sols for which it has been accounted to the King up to now & is still accounted for.

They present also that Alice daughter of Jordan Malegue long ago for theft &c. abjured the islands, & had free land, [viz.] 1 virgate & a half of land & it is worth per annum besides the rent &c. 1 bushel of wheat. And Robert le Rateys in the 28th year &c. likewise abjured the islands for theft &c. The same Robert had 3 sols rent issuing out of the land which Peter now holds. He had also the rent of 1 quarter of wheat issuing out of the land which Philip de la Court now holds. And the said rent is in arrear to the lord the King. Therefore let the said Philip come to answer for the same &c. Afterwards came John de la Couture & Henry de la Couture who now hold the said land & they say that the said land was charged against them of rent beyond the value of the same before the said Robert purchased the said rent upon that land. And because the said John & Henry cannot gainsay but that the said land which they now hold was charged against the said Robert of the aforesaid rent 1 quarter of wheat on the day of the abjuration &c. Therefore that rent shall remain to the lord the King as escheat. And the said John & Henry shall answer to the lord the King for 9 quarters of wheat of arrears for 9 years.

They present also that Jonett du Moulin was indicted assizes &c. that at for the purpose of stealing wheel tires by night &c. and that he stole a certain anchor & also concerning fleeces furtively clipped & that he was in the company of Richard Frankel a thief &c. And William du Moulin kinsman of the said Jonett was indicted for that he was in the company of the same Jonett at at the court of the lord the King & in the same court before the said Peter le Marchant

..... abjuř Ins. Ido ad Judm de p̄dcis
Petro e Juř t̄c p̄sentes fuerūt ad p̄dcam abjuř.

Presentant t̄ qđ camptū dñi Regis in eoř p̄ochi videl̄t de xxxiiij
bovař fre vař coibz annis viij ti et qualz bovata fre reddit dño Regi
viiij danereř fri de melağ e debent tenentes coopire ḡngiam dñi
Regis et tassare blada dñi Reğ. H̄et t̄ Dñs Rex in eadem p̄ochi ij
molend̄ quo vař coibz annis xvj ti. P̄cipit t̄ dñs Rex v s̄ p̄ añ de
f̄ma de marisco de Scala ⁽¹⁾ in ead̄ p̄ochi.

(M. 17 d.)

Adhuc de pl̄itis Corone de p̄ochi S̄ci Andr̄.

Juř p̄senant qđ Jord̄ Clouet alias in ap̄li anno ř E. Reğ Angt
p̄ris dñi R̄ qui nūc est xxxij^o abjuř Inš in ecclia de Foresta p̄ eo qđ
inf̄fecit quendam puerū abortivū in ventre Matiff Bonamy qui postea
rediit e modo veñ e p̄tulit cartam dñi E. reğ p̄ris R̄ qui nūc est de
p̄donaçõe de p̄dcis feloñ e abjuř et irrotulat̄ alibi inf̄ alias cartas t̄c.
Idm Jord̄ fuit catalla videl̄t j equū p̄cii xxxij s̄ debilis monete. Et
blada p̄cii C v s̄ et ij agnos p̄cii viij s̄ et j porcū p̄cii v s̄ de quibz
Robtus de Haddy tunc receptor respond̄. Idm fuit libam fram unde
añus e vastum simul cū quadā cista vj ti e xiiij bus̄ fri de quibz
idm Robtus respond̄. Et sciend̄ est qđ p̄dcus Robtus p̄tulit quodd̄
bre p̄dci dñi Reğ p̄ p̄dco Jerđo in hec v̄ba. Edwardus t̄c ditco e
fidei suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi Insulař suaz de Gerneseye
e Gereseye vel ejus locum tenenti sal̄m. Cum pl̄itum inf̄ Matiff
Bonamy e Jordanū Cloyet juniorem in foro eccl̄astico de mat̄imonio
inf̄ ip̄os Matiff e Jordanū cont̄hendo motū fuisset ac eadem Matiff

(1) Scala is the property of "l'Echelle", where there is a mill. It is held on condition of providing the ladder for executions which took place hard by in the *Courtil du Gibet*.

..... abjured the islands. Therefore to judgment of the said Peter & the jurats &c. who were present at the said abjuration.

They present also that the champart of the lord the King in their parish, to wit, of 34 bovates of land is worth one year with another 8 livres, & each bovate of land pays to the lord the King 8 small bushels of wheat of melage & the tenants owe the duty of covering the grange of the lord the King & to stack the corn of the lord the King. Also the lord the King has in the same parish 2 mills which are worth one year with another 16 livres. Also the lord the King takes 5 sols per annum of farm of the marsh of Scala in the same parish.

(M. 17 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Andrew.

The jurors present that Jordan Clouet at another time in April in the 32nd year of the reign of E. King of England father of the present lord the King abjured the islands in the Church of the Forest for that he killed a certain abortive child in the body of Matilda Bonamy, who afterwards returned & now came & brought a letter of pardon of the lord King E. father of the present King for the said felony & abjuration & it is enrolled elsewhere among other charters, &c. The same Jordan had chattels, to wit, 1 horse value 32 sols of poor money. And corn value 105 sols & 2 lambs value 8 sols & 1 pig value 5 sols of which Robert de Haddy then Receiver shall answer. The same had free land whereof the year & waste⁽¹⁾ together with a certain chest 6 livres & 14 bushels of wheat of which the same Robert shall answer. And let it be known that the said Robert produced a certain writ of the said lord the King for the said Jordan in these words: Edward &c. to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison Warden of his islands of Guernsey & Jersey or his lieutenant greeting. Whereas the suit between Matilda Bonamy & Jordan Cloyet, junior was moved in the ecclesiastical court concerning a marriage to be contracted between the said Matilda & Jordan & the

(1) Year and waste is a forfeiture belonging to felony.

in eodem foro p̄ p̄cessum p̄liti p̄dicti lras de ip̄o Jordano ex̄cōicandi impetrasset p̄dcus Jordanus eidem Matiff impregnanti e d̄cas lras ex̄cōicatorias deferenti obvians ut lras p̄dcas ab ip̄a eripet ip̄am Matiff humo p̄stravit e bursam ip̄ius Matiff cum lris p̄dcis sexdecim denař turronensiū nigroř in eadem bursa existentibz eidem Matiff abstulit oc̄cōne cuj^o p̄straçois puer in ventre ejusd̄ Matiff obiit p̄ quod ip̄a pepit abortivū e sic p̄dcus Jordanus inf̄fecit p̄dcem puerū casu fortuito e nō p̄ feloniam aut maliciam excogitatam e hiis oc̄cōnibz e nō alia de causa Insulas p̄dcas e ceřas adjacentes Insulas abjuravit, sicut p̄ recordū Petⁱ le Marchaunt nūc tenentes locū vřm p̄fate Otto in Insulas p̄dcis quod coram nob̄ venire fecim^o nob̄ constat e p̄ut in lris nřis patentibz de p̄donaçōe mortis t̄nsgř e abjurāçois p̄dcař eidem Jordano confectis plenius cōtinet^r volentes eidem Jordano gřam façe ubiorem voř mandam^o qđ om̄es lras e teñ que fuerunt ip̄ius Jordani in Insulis p̄dcis die abjurāçois p̄dca e que de nob̄ tenēt^r ac eciam om̄ia bona e catalla sua oc̄cōne mortis t̄nsgressionis e abjurāçois p̄dcař in manū nřam capta si lre ille e teñ tanq̄^a es̄caeta nřa ac bona e catalla p̄dca oc̄cōne p̄dca tanq̄^a forisf̄ca ad nos debeant ptinere eidem Jordano libari faç de gřa nřa sup^ad̄ca Salvis voř p̄fate Otto juribz ad vos spectantibz in hac pte. T. me ip̄o apud Lincoln sc̄do die Januař anno ř ñ tricesimo l̄cio.

Et Juř duodene pro diřsis conclamentis de quibz cōvicti flut in examinaçoe t̄ç. Iđo om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ quidam Girard de Cassade de Vascoñ pquisivit quasdam lras in hac Inř p^lusq̄^a desponsavit Agnetē Gay et postq̄^a ip̄am desponsavit, pquisivit quedam alia teñ ip̄is conjunctim t̄ç teñ que pquis ante desponsaçoem j meř e x virgař lre de quibz meř e iiij virḡ lre valent p̄ anñ iij q̄rř fri et vj virgař resid valent p̄ anñ vj busř fri. Et idm Girards obiit jam uno anno elapso p̄ quod lra

same Matilda in the same court in the course of the said suit obtained letters of excommunication concerning the said Jordan, the said Jordan (the said Matilda being pregnant & carrying the said letters of excommunication) in order to take away the said letters from her, threw the said Matilda to the ground, & took away the purse of the said Matilda with the said letters, 16 deniers of black tournois being in the same purse of the said Matilda, by reason of which throwing down the child in the body of the said Matilda died having had a miscarriage, & so the said Jordan killed the said child by accident & not feloniously with malice aforethought, & for these reasons & for no other cause he abjured the said islands & the other adjacent islands, as is proved by the record of Peter le Marchant now the lieutenant of you the said Otto in the said islands which we caused to be brought before us & as in our letters patent of pardon for the death transgression & abjuration of the same made to the said Jordan more fully is contained, willing to show to the same Jordan our more abundant grace we command you that you cause all the lands & tenements which belonged to the said Jordan in the said islands on the day of the said abjuration & which are held of us & also all his goods & chattels taken into our hands by reason of the death, transgression & abjuration aforesaid, if those lands & tenements ought to belong to us as our escheats & the said goods & chattels for the reason aforesaid as forfeitures, to be delivered to the said Jordan of our grace abovesaid, saving to you the said Otto the rights belonging to you in this behalf. Witness myself at Lincoln the 2nd day of January in the 33rd year of our reign.

And the jury of 12 men for divers concealments of which they were convicted in the examination &c., therefore all to be amerced.

They present also that a certain Girard de Cassade of Gascony purchased certain lands in this island before he married Agnes Gay & after he married her he purchased certain other tenements to themselves jointly &c. the tenements which he purchased before the marriage 1 messuage & 10 virgates of land of which the messuage & 4 virgates of land are worth per annum 3 quarters of wheat & the 6 virgates the residue are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And the same Girard died a year ago whereby his land remains in

ejus remanet in manū dñi Reġ quousq, fides veniant tē et Petrus Darcys qui fram illam tenet de licencia tē inde oñet. Et dictū est eidem Petro qđ dotet pđcam Agnetam tē. Et extracta fcia pte remanet dño Regi xij bus̄ fri e di p añ.

Et sciend qđ pđes Petrus ostendit hic quendam quem dicit desponsasse filiam e fiedam ipius Girardi qui uō fuit admissus p eo qđ uxor sua nō fuit psens tē.

Presentant eciam qđ Rohtus Constañ Eps tenet in eoꝝ poch x bovas fte e debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis sine sumoñ et q, nō veñ ad assisas tē. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbas de Cruce S̄ci Leofredi tenet ij bovañ fte in dñico. Et tenentes sui tenent xx bovañ fte que debent dño Regi serviciū custodiendi psonas p voluntate dñi Regis. Et debet idm Abbas venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçõe tē. Et q, nō veñ ad ass̄ tē. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbatisa de Cadomo tenet vj bovañ fte e debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçõe tē et q, nō veñ pmo die Itifis. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbas Majoris Monastii debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçõe et q, nō veñ pmo die Itifis. Ido in mīa.

Wal. Presentant t qđ Petrus le Fournier Reymundus Johan e Joñnes Clouet freġ assm panis e vini. Ido in mīa.

Comptū est p Roilos Petri le Markaunt tunc Balli tē qđ p quamdam inquisiçõem quam idm Petr^o cepit ex officio Ricús Hamelyn indictatus fuit qđ ipse fregit donū ejusdm Petri et inde asportavit bona ejusd valoř xxx^{li} et statim postea idm Ricús fugit ad eccliam S̄ci Andr̄

the hands of the lord the King until the heirs shall come &c., & Peter Darcys who holds that land by license &c. is charged thereof. And it is said to the said Peter that he should dower the said Agnes, &c. And the 3rd part being subtracted there remains to the lord the King 13½ bushels of wheat per annum.

And be it known that the said Peter presents here a certain person whom he says has married the daughter & heir of the said Girard, who was not admitted because his wife was not present &c.

They present also that Robert, Bishop of Coutances, holds in their parish 10 bovates of land & owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King without summons & because he did not come to the assizes &c. therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of St. Leufroy of the Cross⁽¹⁾ holds 2 bovates of land as demesne. And his tenants hold 20 bovates of land which owe to the lord the King the service of keeping the prisons at the will of the lord the King. And the same Abbot owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons &c. And because he did not come to the assizes &c. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbess of Caen holds 6 bovates of land & owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons &c. and because he did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons & because he did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

The Vale.

They present also that Peter le Fournier Reymund Johan & John Clouet broke the assize of bread & wine. Therefore to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant, then bailiff &c. that by a certain inquisition which the same Peter took by virtue of his office Richard Hamelyn was indicted for breaking into the house of the same Peter & taking goods of the same to the value of 30 livres;

(1) A Benedictine Abbey near the river Eure, Diocese of Evreux. See on this subject Havet, *Cours Royales des Iles Normandes*, p. 73.

et tenuit se in eadem p spaciu xx dieꝝ e amplius et postea reddidit se ad p'sonam dñi Regis et Juř sup hoc adjudicaverunt aliam inquisiçoem inde fieri p quod idm Petr̃ cepit inde aliam inquis p s̃bs'leptos Drogonē Anverre, Rob̃tm Adam, William le Joevene, Willm Revel, Riçm Dany, Petrū Fale, Willm Salamon, Riçm du Val, Colinū le Peytevyne, Willm fr̃em ejus e Joñem Peyn qui p̃dcm Riçm de lat'cinio p̃dco acquietaverunt et sic idm Petr̃ Balls t̃c p̃misit eum abire. Et quia tota cõitas recordat' qđ Balls nō het potestatem capiend' inquisiçoem sup aliquem felonē nisi captū quasi cū manuoꝝe quod vocant casū p̃sentem. Iđo tam p̃dcs Petr̃ q̃m p̃dci Juř in m̃ia. Et Riçus capiat'.

[Respice de remanenti in Rořlo de Bellosa.]

(M. 18.)

Adhuc de p̃litis Corone ibidm.

Gerneř

Joñes Estur arrestat' p̃ claĩ de Harou p̃ ej' injuriam noctant' levat' de eo videlĩ qđ misericord' fere usq; ad punctū ad quond' Marinell' qui p̃fit' levavit claĩ et inde in qua se poř veĩ e feç finē p̃ xvij s̃ quos solvit Joñm de S̃bmonte ad p̃sens Joñes Estur juř tacit' sacrořtis qđ non inquietabit aliquē de ballis e ministris dñi Reġ occ'sone pred'.

Parocĥ de Wale veĩ p̃ xij.

Wale.

Juř p̃sentant qđ Radph filius Colini Gobbe puer in bercia ingulat' fuit p̃ quendam porcum porcus combust' fuit p̃ consuetudiem que quid cons̃ ex nunc p̃hibet' s̃z ṽtant' huj' catalla dñi Reġ.

Presentant cciam qđ Riçus filius Joñis de Capella est cõmunis latro et fugit et malec'r e utlag'r nulla ĥt catalla.

& immediately after the same Richard fled to the Church of St. Andrew & kept himself in the same for the space of 20 days & more & afterwards gave himself up at the prison of the lord the King & the jurats upon this adjudged that another inquisition be made thereof, in consequence of which the same Peter took thereof another inquisition by the underwritten Drogo Anverre, Robert Adam, William le Joevene, William Revel, Richard Dany, Peter Fale, William Salamon, Richard du Val, Colin le Petevyn, William his brother & John Payn who acquitted the said Richard of the said theft & so the said Peter the bailiff &c. allowed him to go away. And because all the commonalty records that a bailiff has not the power to proceed by inquisition against any felon unless taken as in the very act, as they term the present case. Therefore as well the said Peter as the said jurats are to be amerced. And let Richard be taken.

[For the remainder see the roll of [St. Martin de] Bellouse.]

(M. 18.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there.

Guernsey.

John Estur arrested for a 'Clameur de Haro' raised on account of his wrong-doing by night for that to wit, that
.....(?) to a former sailor who long ago raised clameur & thereof in which he put himself came & compromised for 18 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont at present John Estur sworn on the Gospels that he will not disturb any of the bailiffs & officers of the lord the King

The parish of the Vale came by 12.

Vale.

The jurors present that Ralph son of Colin Gobbe a child in the cradle was suffocated by a certain pig the pig was burnt according custom, which said custom is now prohibited but his chattels are assigned of the lord the King.

They present also that Richard son of John de la Chapelle is a common thief & fled & is suspected & outlawed. He has no chattels.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rad̄s filius Jord̄i le Gobbe furabatur unam tuni-
cam Colini La Musteng ecam ux̄is Mich̄is
de la Folie e est cōmunis latro. Et dicunt qđ Jonett^o filius Joñnis,
Rob̄t filius pixidem e fū unā sūmam pecunie et
pred̄cti Rad̄s e Jonett^o fūg e malec̄r Judm ex̄a e utlāg
f̄nt catalla.

Guiff Toytin rectat^o de eo qđ vul̄nā̄ Guil̄m Aneyne in domo
Luce Le M̄cer noctan̄ unde clamor de Harou levat^o fuit veñ e
defend̄ totū t̄c e poñ se sup pat̄am Jūr dicunt sup sac̄rm suū qđ p̄d̄c
Guiff in nullo inde est culpablis, dicunt ĩn qđ ĩta contumelia ĩn̄ eos
p injuriā Guilli Aneyne noctan̄ vul̄nā̄ p̄d̄cm Guil̄m Toytin p modū
cruris p quod clām de harou levat^o fuit. Ido pred̄cus Guills Aneyne
fāc inde emend̄ d̄no Regi.

Presentant eciam qđ Petr^o le Peletter sp̄ensus fuit in penultimis
assis̄is qui quidem Petr^o ĩuit unam domū p̄cii XL s̄ et unam v̄gā ĩre
que valet p annū in oĩnibz exitibz xij s̄. Et testatū est qđ Petr^o le
Markaunt tunc balls vendidit Priori de Wale pred̄ctam domū et
eciam catalla sua p vj li qui si p̄us non ponantur in sūmonicōe nec
inde responsū f̄f̄it ponant̄ hic p eo videl̄ qđ de eis nō fit men̄cō in
aliis ās̄. Et pred̄ Petrus sim̄t cum Dyoñ de Tillebūr receptore ĩnde
respondēt nich̄ ubi de eschē p eo qđ Prior emit annū et vastū e
totū t̄c s̄b p̄d̄ p̄cio ht ĩra est de feodo suo.

Presentant eciam qđ piscatores ville sue reddunt magnam cus-
tumā pisc̄n̄ Ab̄bi de Monte Šci Mich̄ d̄no suo sed nesciunt utrum de
Jure nec ne et hoc ĩminabit̄ in quo Waranto t̄c.

Joña filia Radi de la Fontelle alias convicta coram Mat̄io de
Curia ballio e Jūr d̄ni Reḡ qđ ĩpa duxit filiam suā ux̄em Rīci Caun
in quad̄ p̄va domo que vocatur la Cote. Ranulphi Gautier ut quidam

They present also that Ralph son of Jordan le Gobbe stole a tunic of Colin La Musteng & the wife of Michael de la Folie & is a common thief. And they say that Jonett son of John, Robert son [broke open] a chest & stole a sum of money, & the said Ralph & Jonett fled & are suspected. Judgment demanded & they are outlawed have chattels.

William Toytin accused for that he had wounded William Aneyne in the house of Luke le Mercer by night whereupon a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, came & defended all &c. and submitted himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William is in nothing guilty thereof, they say nevertheless that there having been a dispute between them by the tort of William Aneyne he wounded the said William Toytin by night on his leg wherefore the 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore the said William Aneyne shall make amends to the lord the King therefor.

They present also that Peter le Pelletier was hanged at the last assizes but one, which said Peter had a house value 40 sols & a virgate of land which is worth per annum in all issues 12 sols. And it is witnessed that Peter le Marchant then bailiff sold to the Prior of the Vale the aforesaid house & also his chattels for 6 livres which, if they have not previously been put in the summons or if no answer was made, are put here for that to wit, no mention is made of them in the other assizes. And the said Peter together with Dyon de Tillebury, Receiver, shall not answer therefor, beyond of escheat, for that the Prior bought the year & waste & the whole &c. under the price aforesaid & the land is of his fee.

They present also that the fishermen of their village pay the great custom of fish to the Abbot of Mount St. Michael their lord but they know not whether of right or not, & this shall be determined in the quo waranto &c.

Joan daughter of Ralph de la Fontelle convicted elsewhere before Matthew de la Court bailiff & the jurats of the lord the King for that she took her daughter the wife of Richard Caun into a certain small house which is called la Cote of Ranulph Gautier in

ex̄nc^o ibid concumberet cū ea in adultio p quod mittebatur p'sone modo veñ et remittit' p'sone redimend' tē. Postea predca Jofia p consiliū Juř punitur per pilorm' tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex fīt in villa sua quinq, cōmunas quaz una vocatur la Huce de Wale scđa La Round Maresck ꝑcia Les Angles as Goscelins q̄rta Les Laundes quinta que magna est vocatur Les Grenes de Maresk.

Presentant t̄ qđ Scolastica de Parys in quadrag' anno Regē pat's tē xxx^o abjuř Insulas pro morte Infantis sui e fuit ĩram libam hēditař scilĭ tres v'gatas ĩre que valēt p annū IX busř que sunt escheta Abbis de Monte Šci Michis et dñs Rex fuit annū e vastū simul cum catař tē sed ĩpa p̄t rediit cum ĩris dñi Regē de pdonaçoe plena tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ post ultias assisas in hycm̄ anno Regē pat's tē xxxiiij^o devenit Wreck in poch' sua de vinis e m̄curio unde p̄pars Regis valuit C ĩ de quibz Robtus Hady Receptor respondeb.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o Amelot, Jofnes Robti e Jord Robti fecunt ⁽¹⁾ assisam panis. Ido

Presentant t̄ qđ Jofnes fīt Radi de Fontenella tenet de p'pres-tura a xx annis fca sup cōmunam dñi Regē ad meũ j pticař ĩre que valet p annū vj đ. Et Jofia filia Thome Harpyn e participes sui tenent de cosimili p'prestura fca a x annis elapsis ad meũ die pticate que valet p annū ij đ. Et Petr^o Salomon tenet de p'prestura fca sup viam regiam p patrem suū a x annis elapsis ad mensũ viij pedū in lattitudiē e vj pticatař in Longē quod valet p annū ij š. Et Robtus Stepħi a iiij annis elapsis fec' simiĭr p'prestura appropriando sibi unam pticatā ĩre que valet p añ vj đ. Et Jofnes de la Mare simiĭr a iiij annis tē fec' p'prestura approp'antē s' iij ptič ĩre que valent p

(1) Doubtless an error for frugerunt.

order that a stranger might lie with her there in adultery for which she was sent to prison, now comes & is sent back to prison to compound &c. Afterwards the said Joan by the counsel of the jurats is punished with the pillory &c.

They present also that the lord the King has in their village 5 commons whereof one is called La Hougue du Val, the second La Round Marais, the third Les Angles ès Goscelins, the fourth Les Landes, the fifth which is large is called Les Grenes des Marais.

They present also that Scolastica de Parys in Lent in the 30th year of the King the father, &c. abjured the islands for the death of her infant & had free land of inheritance, to wit, 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 9 bushels which are escheats of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & the lord the King had the year & waste together with the chattels &c., but afterwards she returned with letters of the lord the King of full pardon &c.

They present also that after the last assizes in the winter in the 34th year of the King the father, &c. there occurred as wreck in their parish of wines & quick-silver whereof the share of the lord the King was worth 100 sols & of which Róbert Hady the Receiver shall answer.

They present also that Peter Amelot, John Robert & Jordan Robert broke the assize of bread. Therefore

They present also that John son of Ralph de Fontenelle holds by encroachment made 20 years ago upon the common of the lord the King to the measure of one perch of land which is worth by the year 6 deniers. And Joan daughter of Thomas Harpyn & her partners hold of like encroachment made ten years ago to the measure of half a perch which is worth by the year 2 deniers. And Peter Salomon holds of encroachment made upon the King's high-way by his father 10 years ago to the measure of 8 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length which is worth per annum 2 sols. And Robert Stephen 20 years ago made a like encroachment appropriating to himself one perch of land which is worth per annum 6 deniers. And John de la Mare likewise 4 years ago &c. made an encroachment appropriating to himself 3 perches of land which are worth by the year 12 deniers.

annū xij d. Et Prior de Wale s̄. Joħnes de la Porte inclusit ad op^o suū de cōmuna dñi Reġ des Laundes ad longitudiēm vij p̄ticataz e latitudē ad j capd j p̄tīc e aliud capd die p̄tīc que valet p̄ anñ iiij s̄ de quibz responđ dno Regi salvo Juř cuj^olibz. Et p̄dci Robt^o Joħis de la Mare qui fecunt p̄presturas sint in m̄ia.

(M. 18 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis Corone ibidem de Wale.

Juř p̄sentant qđ dñs Rex habet quandam feodi firmam in Wale de xx s̄ ij d̄ p̄cipiend̄ p̄ man^o p̄p̄ōiti qui pro tempe f̄f̄it mediē videl̄ ad pasch̄ e aliam medietañ ad f̄m S̄ci Joħnis Bapt̄. Et dicunt quod ballis dñi Reġ de In̄s se quinto hoīni h̄ebit p̄ndium suū teř in anno ap̄d P̄oratum de Wale et hoc post tres magnas Curias. Et dicunt qđ Abbas de Monte S̄ci Michis in p̄cto maris ad cuj^o voluntatē Prior de Wale removendus est t̄c deĥ venire ad p̄dcas tres Curias. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex deĥ h̄ere oīes pisces regales captos p̄ quoscumq; hoīes de p̄och̄ sine aliqua p̄cunia p̄ eis solvenda. Iīm dicunt qđ quolibz f̄cio anno dñs Rex deĥ h̄ere de quolibz hoīe p̄d̄ce ville qui h̄uerit cañ valoris xx sol̄ v̄t̄ amplius xij d̄ et de vidua que h̄uerit cañ valoris XL sol̄ xij d̄ pro moneagio seu fumagio et valet coibz annis cū acciderit xij fi iiij s̄. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex debet h̄ere sup̄visorem vini panis e f̄viš in p̄och̄ p̄ed̄ ad custodiendam assisam et eciam de menš e p̄ondeř. Et emende tam de assisa vini panis e f̄viš q̄^o eciam de falš p̄ondeř e menš dno Regi p̄tinent̄. Dicunt ecia qđ dñs Rex deĥ p̄ ministros suos sup̄videre oīe Wreckū p̄veiens in p̄och̄ p̄d̄ p̄^ousq; Prior ad hoc manus apponat. Et dicunt qđ mantellus de skarleta sine attachia aurū non opatū serica non opata skarleta integra mere spectant ad dñm Regē. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex deĥ h̄ere

And the Prior of the Vale, viz. John de la Porte enclosed to his use out of the lord the King's common des Landes to the length of 7 perches & in breadth to the one end one perch & to the other end half a perch, which is worth by the year 4 sols, of which they shall answer to the lord the King, saving the rights of each. And the said Robert [and] John de la Mare who made those encroachments shall be amerced.

(M. 18 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there of the Vale.**

The jurors present that the lord the King has a certain fee farm in the Vale of 20 sols 2 deniers to be received by the hands of the Provost for the time being, to wit, the moiety at Easter & the other moiety at the feast of St. John the Baptist. And they say that the bailiff of the lord the King of the Island himself being that fifth man⁽¹⁾ shall have his dinner 3 times in the year at the Priory of the Vale & this after the 3 great courts. And they say that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' at whose will the Prior of the Vale is removable &c. owes the duty to come to the said courts. They say also that the lord the King ought to have all the royal fish taken by what men soever of the parish without paying any money for the same. They also say that each third year the lord the King ought to have of every man of the said village who shall have chattels of the value of 20 sols or more 12 deniers, & of the widow who shall have chattels of the value of 40 sols, 12 deniers for moneage or fumiage & it is worth on an average when it shall occur 12 livres 3 sols. They say also that the lord the King ought to have a surveyor of wine, bread & ale in the said parish to keep the assize & also of measures and weights. And the amends as well for the assize of wine, bread & ale as also of false weights & measures belong to the lord the King. They say also that the lord the King should by his officers to survey all wreck occurring in the said parish, before the Prior lays his hands upon it. And they say the mantles of scarlet without fastenings, gold not worked, silk not worked, & whole scarlet belong entirely to the lord the King. They say also that the lord

(1) i.e. the Bailiff and four others.

annū e vastū de quolibz felone dñi Reġ in poch̄ pred̄ca. Et deb̄ h̄ere om̄es aves regales scil̄t austruciū falconū cignū e huj⁹ aves. Ita tamen qđ captor huj⁹ avū deb̄ h̄ere de ballio dñi Reġ v̄ s̄ Turroñ e quoddam repastum. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex f̄t ibid̄m om̄imoda plita Corone tam de effusione sang⁹nis et clām de harou e accabliamento ⁽¹⁾ qđ de aliis quibuscumz plitis Corone t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ tenentes de feodo an Legat in d̄cta poch̄ debent dño Regi p̄ annū v̄ bus̄ fri v̄ capoñ e iij galliñ e iij đ. Et cum deferant⁹ ad Granġ dñi Reġ p̄ eos ob defectū p̄poiti dñi Reġ nō querentes t̄c. Lator h̄ebit p̄ndiū v̄t duos denař. Debent̄ t̄ dño Regi in d̄cti poch̄ xxj đ noīe firme e de feodo de nigro monte de auxilio xij s̄ iij đ ad pred̄ t̄m̄os p̄ manus p̄poiti de feodo Šci Mich̄is.

Et Juř duodene pro diřsis conclamentis de quibz convicti f̄unt in examinaçõe t̄c sint in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Abbas de Monte Šci Mich̄is non veñ p̄mo die sumoniē Itiřis. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ post ultimas as̄s devenit Wreccū in eoř pochia in portu de Enfer vina e macreniū unde p̄pars dñi Regis C s̄ de quibz Robtus de Haddy respond̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ cū Joñes Gaydon opasset in̄ quarrera cum quadam picoysa lapides ceciderunt sup̄ eum unde statim obiit, et nullus alius inde malec̄. Jud̄m Infortuniū p̄cii picoyse ij s̄ vj đ qui assiḡant̄ Joñe que fuit uř ip̄ius Joñis p̄ deo.

Presentant t̄ qđ Galfrus le Cu aditus p̄ paup̄tate e dolore spendit se ip̄m et nullus alius inde malec̄. Jud̄m felo de se. Nulla fuit catalla.

(1) French—accabler.

the King ought to have year & waste of each felon of the lord the King in the said parish. And he ought to have all royal birds, to wit, goshawks, falcons, swans & such like birds, so nevertheless that the taker of such birds ought to have of the bailiff of the lord the King 5 sols Tournois & a certain repast. They say also that the lord the King has there all manner of pleas of the Crown as well for the shedding of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' & battery as of other pleas of the Crown whatsoever &c.

They present also that the tenants of the fee of Legat in the said parish owe to the lord the King by the year 5 bushels of wheat, 5 capons, 3 hens & 3 deniers. And when they shall be brought to the grange of the lord the King by them through default of the Provost of the lord the King not asking for them &c. the bearer shall have his dinner or 2 deniers. There are owing also to the lord the King in the said parish 21 deniers by the name of farm & of the fee of Noirmont of aid 12 sols 4 deniers at the said terms by the hands of the Provost of the fee of St. Michael.

And the jury of 12 for divers concealments of which they were convicted in examination, &c. are to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael did not come on the first day of the summons of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish in the port of Enfer⁽¹⁾ wine & timber whereof the share of the lord the King is 100 sols of which Robert de Haddy shall answer.

They present also that when John Gaydon was working in a quarry with a certain pickaxe stones fell upon him whereupon he died immediately, & nobody else is suspected thereof. Judgment—an accident. Value of the pickaxe 2 sols 6 deniers which are assigned to Joan who was the wife of the said John for a deodand.

They present also that Geoffrey le Cu moved by poverty & grief hanged himself & nobody else is suspected. Judgment—felo de se. He had no chattels.

(1) Portinifer.

Colinus le Cacher inventus fuit in cam̄a Rauline filie Radi Isonde volens fūr fuisse p̄ndiū ibidem. Ido puniat^r p̄ pilorū t̄c.

Comptū est p̄ Rōlos Petri le Markaunt nup̄ balli t̄c qđ Alanus le Provost in Litorio infra refluxu maris insultavit Jōhem filiū Riči Gilbt̄ e feč ei sangⁿem e plagam t̄c. Ido fiant inde emende t̄c. Et p^otea feč finem p̄ xx s̄.

Adhuc de remanenti pochie de Castro.

Comptu est p̄ Rōlos Petri le Markaunt nup̄ balli t̄c qđ Jōhnes la disme vulsavit Jōhm le Rey noctant̄ qui venit e finē feč p̄ xx s̄ quos solvit Jōhm de Šbmonte Receptor̄i t̄c. Et t̄ qđ Math̄us de Castro convict^o fuit qđ noctant^r verbavit Guillm Lynot unde sang^s e ha cla. Ido in m̄ia. Et t̄ qđ Rōbt^o filius Radi de Vivār fūr bordas de uno tonello de Wrecco et capt^o fuit cū manu ope p̄ Rōbtum de Hady Receptorē t̄c e p̄ Jōhmem le Markaunt p̄poitum t̄c. Et Jūr Reğ deliba^vunt eū una cum ballio sine waranto t̄c. Ido respondeāt dño Regi de emendis. Et comptū est per Rōlos Math̄i de Curia balli t̄c qđ Robinett^o filius Radi de Castro t̄xit Helenam la Vecchere in p̄litū in Cūr xpianitatis de laicis cā qui veñ e finē feč p̄ v s̄.

Et Jūr de harella p̄sentant qđ Math̄s du P^{el} malicōse v̄bavit Auḡtinū de Castro in domo ip̄ius Auḡtini. Et alias insultavit Guillm le Vinot noctant̄ p̄ quod ha cla t̄c. Ido in duplici em̄d t̄c.

Presentant qđ Wilfs le Counte distrinxit Ricū de Boya p̄ unū bovē et illū duxit in domū suam pp^{am} et p̄dcus Ricūs veñ ad domū pred̄ci Wilfi et vi e cont^a pacē t̄c rescussit bovē illū. Ido in g^{vi} m̄ia.

Et Jūr duodene p̄ plicz cōcelamentis de quibz cōvicti s̄sunt p̄ exāiacōem in m̄ia.

Colin le Cacher was found in the chamber of Raulina daughter of Ralph Isonde wishing to have a dinner there by stealth. Therefore let him be punished by the pillory &c.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that Alan le Provost on the shore within the ebb of the sea assaulted John son of Richard Gilbert & drew blood & wounded him &c. Therefore let him make amends therefor &c. And afterwards he compounded for 20 sols.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of Câtel.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that John la Disme wounded John le Key by night who came & compounded for 20 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont Receiver &c. And also that Matthew de Castel was convicted for that he by night beat William Lynot to the flowing of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore to be amerced. And also that Robert son of Ralph du Vivier stole the staves of a tun of wreck & was taken in the very act by Robert de Hady Receiver &c., and by John le Marchant Provost &c. And the jurats of the King together with the bailiff delivered him without warrant &c. Therefore let them answer to the lord the King for the amends. And it is found by the rolls of Matthew de la Court bailiff &c. that Robinet son of Ralph de Castel prosecuted Helen la Vecchere in the court of Christianity concerning lay chattels, who came & compounded for 5 sols.

And the jurors of the Harelle⁽¹⁾ present that Matthew du Prael maliciously wounded Augustine de Castel in the house of the said Augustine. And at another time he assaulted William le Vinot by night on account of which 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore in double amends &c.

They present also that William le Count distrained of Richard de Boya one ox & led the same to his own house & the said Richard came to the house of the said William & with force & against the peace rescued that ox. Therefore to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments of which they were convicted by examination, to be amerced.

(1) As to the nature of the procedure of "presentation par harelle" consult Havet, Cours Royales, pp. 116, 117.

Radus Mengif feč t̃ns Joħi la Dyme p̃ qua veñ e finem feč p
xx š q^os solvit Joħi de Šbmonte Caplfo posito loco receptor̃ tč.

(M. 19.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone de poch de Castro.

poch de Castro veñ p xij.

Gerneř.

Juř p̃sentant qđ Emmelota Popecte rectata in ultimis assisis de pluribz latrociniis nō veñ nec unq^a postea e malec̃r p quod in eisdem assisis exacta fuit. Eadem E..... ĩram hereditař scilř unam v'gatam ĩre in sex peč que valent p annū iij busš ĩri Guiltus le Alowe e p̃ticipes sui respondebunt đno Regi de exitibz videlř xvij sex annis qui modo app̃ciant^r ad iij^u xij đ scilř busš iij š vj đ. Et p̃dcta Emmel..... veñ et malec̃r. Ido exiget^r e nulla ĩuit catalla. Et p̃pars ĩre sue remaneat đno R..... e die.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joħnes Hamon felo de morte Joħis fil̃ Dionis Jordan fugit^r ad ecclī castro e ibi coram Balfio e Juř tč recogñ řcm e abjuř Inš. Nullus potuit eū arestare nulla ĩuit catalla. Idm Joħnes tenuit in com̃uni cū Ričo e Guiffo Hamon řribz suis sorore eoř que ĩere debet řciam ptem ĩre p p̃parte sue iij v'gař ĩre unde p̃pars řcia pars ij v'gař ĩre. Et p̃dci Ričus Guiltus e Joħna respond̃ đno Regi de exitibz ĩre p p^omo anno de tempe p̃dce abjur tč de j q^or̃t ĩri řcii xvij š q^o tenuerunt Et est de p̃dca řra in dominio đni Reğ in feodo de Socewas unde p̃pars iřius Joħnis řcia duař pciū unius v'gař ĩre eschaeta đno Regi. Et p̃dci p̃ticipes respondebunt đno Regi de iij danereř ĩri duoř annoř videlř j danereř e řč p̃ uni^o danereř p anñ quia tamen valet p̃pars sua

Ralph Mengif did wrong to John la Dyme for which he came & compounded for 20 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont Chaplain put in the place of the Receiver &c.

(M. 19.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Câtel.

The parish of Câtel came by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Emmelota Popecte cited in the last assizes for many thefts did not come or at any time afterwards & is suspected, wherefor she was summoned in the same assizes. The same Emmelota [had] land of inheritance, to wit, 1 virgate of land in 6 pieces which are worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat. William le Alowe & his partners shall answer to the lord the King for the issues, to wit, 18 6 years which are now appraised at 4 livres 12 deniers, to wit, the bushel 4 sols 6 deniers. And the said Emmelota comes & is suspected. Therefore she is summoned & she had no chattels. And the share of her land shall remain to the lord the King [for a year] & a day.

They present also that John Hamon felon for the death of John son of Dionis Jordan fled to the Church [St. Mary] de Câtel & there before the bailiff & the jurats &c. acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands. Nobody could arrest him He had no chattels. The same John held in common with Richard & William Hamon his brothers their sister who ought to have the third part of the land for her share 3 virgates of land whereof the share third part 2 virgates of land. And the said Richard, William & Joan shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the land for the first year of the time of the aforesaid abjuration &c. of 1 quarter of wheat value 18 sols because they held And there is of the aforesaid land in the lordship of the lord the King in the fee of Soteward whereof the share of the said John the third of 2 parts of 1 virgate of land escheated to the lord the King. And the aforesaid partners shall answer to the lord the King for 3 small bushels of wheat of 2 years, to wit, 1 small bushel & the 3rd part of 1 small bushel by the year because nevertheless his share is worth

Presentant t̄ qđ quidam porcus Galfr̄i Dionis̄ p̄ infortuniū inſfecit
Joñem fit ejusd̄m Galfr̄ puerū teneris etatis et nō malecre-
dunt aliquem aliū de p̄dcō fco. Judm Infort̄ p̄cii porci e
dant̄ in elemoſ ad parand̄ cayam sup mare.

Presentant t̄ qđ est in poch̄ sua feodū Socewas et tenentes feodi
illius reddunt p̄ anñ dño Regi xij q̄r̄ e j busſ fri et xij ſ de firma et
reddunt dñi Regi moneagiū pannagiū q̄d valet p̄ anñ v đ et pullagiū
quod se extendit coibz annis ad v galliñ. Iñm tenentes feodi de
Mautalent reddunt p̄ annū dño Regi xvj ſ de firma. Iñm tenentes
feodi Aulegat reddunt p̄ anñ dño Regi iij q̄r̄ fri ij panes ij capoñ e
Vacat ⁽¹⁾ ejusd̄m feodi est in poch̄ de Wale⁽¹⁾ et reddunt tenentes feodoꝝ
pannağ quod valet p̄ anñ Iñm pullağ quod se extendit
coibz annis. Iñm tenentes feodi de Hanc reddunt dño Regi annuatim
x busſ fri ad pvam mensur̄ et iij^{or} capoñ e ij galliñ et
est p̄dcm feodū quedam ps feodi de Syward. Iñm tenentes
..... bovatē ĩre del Greyn reddunt dño Regi p̄ anñ ij busſ fri ad
pvam mensur̄. Et tenentes feo..... Aunymet reddunt annuatim
dño Regi iij busſ fri e j cabotet. Et dñs Rex p̄cipit p̄ annū de p̄dco
feodo iij li iij đ de auxilio ſ. p̄ manus p̄poiti de pvo mesterio de
feodo Šci Mich̄is solvend̄ ad ĩminos Pasch̄ e Šci Joñnis Bap̄t lxxiiij ſ
e ij đ. Et p̄ man..... de magno mesterio vj ſ ij đ. Et moneagiū
in poch̄ dño Regi debitum valet coibz annis cū acciderit
xij li. Percipit ex sup feodū quondam Comit̄ Morton
xxvij ſ p̄ annū ad ĩminos p̄dcas p̄ manus p̄poiti ejusd̄m
Debet t̄ dñs Rex ĩere supvisum de oñi Wrecco quod acciderit in eoꝝ

(1) In the MS. the word 'vacat' appears in the body. The words underlined were doubtless intended to disappear.

They present also that a certain hog of Geoffrey Dionis by accident killed John son of the same Geoffrey a child of tender age, & they do not suspect anyone else of the aforesaid deed. Judgment—an accident, value of the hog & they are given in aid to provide a quay upon the sea.

They present also that there is in their parish the fee of Soteward & the tenants of that fee pay by the year to the lord the King 12 quarters & 1 bushel of wheat & 12 sols of farm & they pay to the lord the King moneage, pannage which is worth per annum 5 deniers & pullage which extends one year with another to 5 hens. Also the tenants of the fee of Mautalent pay by the year to the lord the King 16 sols of farm. Also the tenants of the fee of Legat pay by the year to the lord the King 4 quarters of wheat, 2 loaves, 2 capons & 30 eggs for the part of the same fee being in the same parish, & the residue of the same fee is in the parish of the Vale [& the tenants of those fees pay pannage which is worth per annum Also pullage which extends one year with another.] Also the tenants of the fee of Hane pay to the lord the King yearly 10 bushels of wheat by the small measure & 4 capons & 2 hens & the said fee is a certain part of the fee of Syward.⁽¹⁾ Also the tenants bovates of land of Greyne pay to the lord the King by the year 2 bushels of wheat by the small measure. And the tenants of the fee of Au Mière⁽²⁾ pay yearly to the lord the King 3 bushels of wheat & 1 cabot. And the lord the King takes by the year of the said fee 4 livres 4 deniers of aid, viz. by the hands of the Provost of the smaller Monastery of the fee of St. Michael to be paid at the terms of Easter & St. John the Baptist 74 sols 2 deniers. And by the hands of the greater Monastery 6 sols 2 deniers. And the moneage due to the lord the King in parish is worth one year with another when it shall occur 12 livres. He takes upon the fee formerly of the Count of Mortain 27 sols by the year at the aforesaid terms by the hands of the Provost of the same Also the lord the King ought to have the survey of all wreck that may occur in

(1) Fee Suard. (2) In St. Peter-in-the-Wood.

pocſi et de antiqua ptinent dno Regi aurum nō opatum serica nō opata scarletta integra e mantellū sine [attachia].

Presentant t̄ qđ anno tē xxxiiij^{to} devenit de Wrecko una bala sepi unde p̄pars dñi Reġ Liiij s̄ ij đ. Iſm devenit aliud Wreckū unde p̄pars Reġ vij ſi de quibz Robtus de Hady receptor tē respondeb̄ si p'us nō tē. Iſm quod pecia masti ꝑcii duodecim solid̄ unde idm Robtus respondeb̄ qui dicit qđ inde fc̄te fūant tabule in aula dñi Reġ

Presentant t̄ qđ Emelina ux̄ Robti Eminer abjuſ Insulas pro receptamento Matiff Lohir que p'us Insulas abj'averat pro latrociniis tē. Ead̄m Emelina tempe abjuſ sue preſ catalla que devenerunt ad man^o Dyoniſ Tillebuſ receptoris tē fuit blada in ſra de dote sua ad valenč vj busſ̄ fri de quibz Joſnes Emmel..... et pticipes sui fides tē qui dotem illam occupafant respondebunt. Et q̄ man^o apposuerunt sine Waranto. Ido in m̄ia.

Coletta la Miresse abjuſ Insulas pro recettamento ejusdē Matiff nō fuit ſram v̄ catalla. Et Emma Hungier abjuſ Insulas pro furto nec fuit ſram v̄ catalla. Iſm Mathis la besoigne qui jam obiit. Joſnes de Rochesford e Johanett^o de Genas in p'ncipio quadragie anno tē xxxiiij^o abjuſ Insulas pro raptu fc̄to Johanette Naom et ip̄a p̄ eos feloniter infecta pređ Joſnes de Genas nō fuit ſram v̄ catalla predctus Joſnes de Rochesford nō fuit catalla nec ſrā in dñico q̄ dimiserat ſram suam cuidam Petro Romer ad feodi firmā reddendo sibi e hedibz suis singtis annis iij q̄rtia fri quem quidem redditū tenuit tempe abjuſ tē. Ido redditus ille remaneat dno Regi ut ejus tē. Et Robtus de Hady tunc Receptor tē et predcus Petr^o respondebt de p'mo anno tē. Et pređ Joſnes e Johanetta ꝑtea redierunt deferentes secum ſras dñi Reġ patentes que inſ celas irroſlant̄ continen..... qđ dñs Rex pdonavit eis abjuraçom quam fecant ocçone mortis Joſne Florincent. Ita tam̄ qđ se prisone dñi Reġ in hac Insula ad standū inde recto tē. Et

their parish & of old there belong to the lord the King gold not worked, silk not worked, whole scarlet, & mantles without [fastenings.]

They present also that in the 34th year &c. there came of wreck one bale of tallow whereof the share of the lord the King is 54 sols 2 deniers. Also there came of another wreck whereof the share of the King is 7 livres of which Robert de Hady, Receiver &c. shall answer if not already &c. Also a piece of the mast value 12 sols whereof the said Robert shall answer, who says that tables were made thereof in the hall of the lord the King.

They present also that Emeline wife of Robert Eminer abjured the islands for receiving Matilda Lohir who had previously abjured the islands for thefts &c. The same Emeline at the time of her abjuration besides the chattels which came to the hands of Dyonisius Tillebury Receiver &c. had corn in the land of her dower to the value of 6 bushels of wheat of which John Emmel & his partners, heirs, &c. who held that dower shall answer. And because they laid their hands thereon without warrant therefore to be amerced.

Coletta la Miresse who abjured the islands for receiving the said Matilda had no land or chattels. And Emma Hungier who abjured the islands for theft had no land or chattels. Also Matthew la Besoigne who is now dead, John de Rocheford & Johanettus de Genas in the beginning of Lent in the 33rd year &c. abjured the islands for seizing Johanette Naom & for killing her feloniously: the said John de Genas had no land or chattels & the said John de Rocheford had no chattels nor land in the demesne because he demised his land to a certain Peter Romer to fee farm, paying to him & his heirs every year 4 quarters of wheat which said rent he held at the time he abjured &c. Also that rent remains to the lord the King as his [escheat] &c. And Robert de Hady then Receiver &c. and the said Peter shall answer for the first year &c. And the said John & Johanetta afterwards returned bringing with them letters patent of the lord the King which are enrolled among others containing that the lord the King pardoned the abjuration which they made on account of the death of Joan Florincent, so nevertheless that they shall give themselves up to the prison of the lord the King

de iij annis residuis de arreraḡ ejusd̄ redditus predcus
Petr^o simt̄ cū Rico le Hericee qui redditū illū emit de predco Joñe
postq̄^a predca p̄donaçõe. Et ad Judm de predcis Petro
e Riçõ. Et predcus Mathus fuit catalla ad valenç de
quibz predcus Robt^o simt̄ cum Nicha mater predci Mathi e filius
suus participibz ejusd̄ Mathi Mathus fuit lram
in cõmuni cum participibz suis et dote mat's sue unde ppars
..... lre que valet p̄ annū j q̄r fri unde p̄dci
maĩ e participes respondebe de arreĩ unde p̄dce
redditu sifr tç p̄ parte ipius Mathi XL s̄ de quibz predca Nicha res-
pondeb̄ p̄ pleḡ Petⁱ

Postea veñunt p̄dci Joñes e Johannett^o reпти extra prisonam tç
et quesiti qualr delibati sunt p'sona. Dicunt qđ ipi statim
p̄tq̄^a adepti fũant p̄dcas lras de p̄donaçõe tç optulerunt se Petro le
Markaunt tunc ballio tç qui convenire feç Juř Reḡ tç et ipi adjudi-
cařnt ipos recedere qu..... tç. Et p̄dci Petr^o e
Juř nō possunt hoc dediße. Ido omes in mĩa. Licet quidam eoř
se excusasse p̄ absenciã cum
nullus eoř illud sciens postea reclamařvit tç. Sed q̄ p.....
..... le Heriche qui reddm̄ illū sic emit postea tç est unus de Juř.
Ido ip̄e ḡ^avi^o tç. Et predc... Joñes
cõmittunt^r p'sone puniendi tç. Postea feçunt finem pro p'sona r.....
..... Joñes per XL s̄ p̄ pleḡ Riçi le Heriche
e Robti Age Postea veñ p̄dç... Petr^o
..... ad oř p̄d.....

Et predci Johannes e Johan
..... qđ nō sunt inde culpablos
..... qđ predci Johannes e
..... quieti.

in this island to stand their trial thereupon &c. And of the 3 years remaining of the arrears of the said rent the aforesaid Peter together with Richard le Herice who bought that rent of the said John after the said pardon. And to the judgment of the said Peter & Richard. And the aforesaid Matthew had chattels to the value of which the aforesaid Robert together with Nicholaa mother of the aforesaid Matthew & her son partners of the said Matthew Matthew had land in common with his partners & the dower of his mother whereof the share of the land which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat whereof the aforesaid mother & the partners shall answer for the arrears whereof of the said rent likewise &c. for the share of the same Matthew 40 sols of which the aforesaid Nicholaa shall answer by the pledge of Peter

Afterwards came the said John & Johanettus who had come out of prison &c., and being asked in what way they were delivered out of the prison they say that immediately they had obtained the said letters of pardon &c. they brought them to Peter le Marchant then bailiff &c. who caused the jurats of the lord the King to come together &c. and they adjudged them to be removed &c. And the said Peter & the jurats cannot deny this, therefore all to be amerced, although a certain one of them excused himself by absence as none of them knowing this afterwards contradicted &c. But because le Heriche who so bought that rent afterwards &c. is one of the jurats, thereof he to be more heavily [amerced] &c. And the aforesaid John are committed to prison to be punished &c. Afterwards they compromised instead of prison John for 40 sols by the pledge of Richard le Heriche & Robert Age..... Afterwards came the aforesaid Peter to the use aforesaid

And the said John & Johan that they are not guilty thereof that the said John & acquitted.

(M. 19 d.)

Adhuc de p̄t̄is de Corona cum p̄visionibz factis.

Comptū est tam p̄ ministros q̄ p̄ Jur̄ in hac Insula qđ Bordarii dñi Reḡ falso deserviunt dño Regi et p̄plo in om̄imodis officiis ex-
c̄cendis et p̄tes eoꝝ licet teneant tenēta sua ad volun̄t̄ dñi Regis
of̄asunt teñ illa vsus diſsos in magnis redditibz sine licencia e
voluntate dñi Reḡ sicut patz in p̄t̄is in diſsis pochiis. Et hiis e
aliis causis de consilio p̄bioꝝ huj⁹ Insule concord̄ est p̄ Justiç hic qđ
om̄ia bordagia capiant̄ in mañ dñi Reḡ. Ita tamen qđ illi qui p̄us
ea tenuer̄t ea teneant ad certā firmā sup ea assessam si voluerint v̄t
tradatur aliis t̄c. Et p̄p̄oitus huj⁹ Insule qui dicit̄ vicecomes of̄atur
de cetero de ricipiendo om̄ida p̄cepta Cuñ dñi Reḡ tam de debitis e
firmis q̄ dist'ccoibz e aliis quibuscumq̄ et illa faciet p̄ quinq̄ s̄vientes
sive bordarios cum uno garçone s̄. in poc̄i de S̄ci Pet' Portu p̄ unū
s̄vientē sive bordař cum uno garçone qui quid garçō faciet officiū
s̄pensionū et alioꝝ Judicioꝝ viliñ. Et in parochiis S̄ci Sampson̄ e de
Wale p̄ unū s̄vientē sive bordař. Et in parochiis de Castro S̄ci Andr̄
e S̄ci Salvatoris per unū consimilem. Et in pochiis de Torteval e
S̄ci Petri de Bosco p̄ unū aliū. Et in paroc̄i de Foresta e Bellosa p̄
unū aliū s̄vientē sive bordař. Et fideiſ respondebit supioribz suis
cuilibz in suo casu. Et capiet ad inçmentū feodi sui pro seip̄o singlis
annis p̄ man⁹ Receptoris decem q̄r̄tia fri. Et Bordař de S̄ci Petri
Portu cum garçoe suo q̄tuor q̄r̄tia fri. Et Bordař de Torteval e
Bosco ubi min⁹ onus extat duo q̄r̄tia fri. Et quilibz alioꝝ Bordarioꝝ
p̄dcoꝝ tria q̄r̄tia fri. Et sciend̄ qđ consuetudo om̄ Insulaꝝ talis est
qđ n̄lls bordař cuj⁹cūq̄ dñi potest of̄are bordaḡ suū vsus quemcūq̄
nec aliquid inde alienare q'n totū sit forisf̄cm dño t̄c. Postea concord̄
est qđ Wilts Lenginour ad hoc assignat̄ qui p̄ p̄p̄oitos constituend̄

(M. 19 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown with the provisions made.**

It is found as well by the officers as by the jurats in this island that the 'bordiers' of the lord the King falsely serve the lord the King & the people in exercising all manner of offices & many of them although they hold their tenements at the will of the lord the King charged those lands against divers in large rents without the license & will of the lord the King as appears in the pleas in divers parishes. And for these & other causes by the counsel of the chief men of this island it was agreed by the justices here that all the bordages be taken into the hands of the lord the King. So nevertheless that those who held them previously may hold them at a certain farm assessed upon them if they will, or may be made over to others &c. And the Provost of this island who is called the Viscount is charged further with receiving all the orders of the Court of the lord the King as well of revenue & farm as distrains & all other things whatsoever, & doing the same by 5 serjeants or bordiers with one servant, to wit, in the parish of St. Peter-Port by one serjeant or bordier with one servant which said servant shall perform the duties of capital punishments & other degrading sentences. And in the parishes of St. Sampson & the Vale by one serjeant or bordier. And in the parishes of the Castel, St. Andrew & St. Saviour by one similar. And in the parishes of Torteval & St. Peter in the Wood by another. And in the parishes of the Forest & St. Martin de Bellouse by one other serjeant or bordier. And he shall answer faithfully to his superiors each in his own case. And he shall take to the increase of his fee for himself every year by the hands of the receiver 10 quarters of wheat. And the bordier of St. Peter-Port with his servant 4 quarters of wheat. And the bordiers of Torteval & St. Peter in the Wood where there is less work 2 quarters of wheat. And each of the other aforesaid bordiers 3 quarters of wheat. And be it known that the custom of all the islands is such that no bordier of whatsoever lord may charge his bordage to anybody nor alienate any part thereof without the whole being forfeited to the lord &c. Afterwards it was agreed that William Lenginour be hereto assigned who by provosts to be

put consuevit e p etos seruietes p ipm Vič apponend dū tamen competentes fūnt tanq̄ Bordař fieri fač execuōes omimodas tam de pcept̄ q̄m firmis omimod̄ debitis levand e inde p loco e tempe fidelr̄ respond̄ p̄viso tñ qđ om̄es suñ de ceſo fiant p duos nřto alio de antiquis consuetudinibz mutato vl mutando. Et p̄cipiet p̄dcs Vič p̄dcm fr̄m p se e seruietibz suis tč.

Preceptū est Matño de Curia Baltio dñi Reġ p Justič hic qđ exigi fač om̄es s̄scriptos rectatis ad plita corone dñi Reġ e fugitivos semel exactos ad pacē dñi Reġ in hiis as̄ ad tres p̄ncipales curias dñi Reġ p̄xio tenend̄ p̄t has as̄. Ita qđ ad p̄mam cuř sint scđo exacti et ad scđam Cuř fcio exacti et ad fciam Cuř q̄rto exacti. Et si non veřint tunc faciat eos utlagař siue forbanire. Et si cicius veřint tunc eos capiat e in p̄sona salvo custodire faciat. Ita qđ heat corpa eoř ad stand̄ rec..... scđm legē e consueř Inš š. Petru Nicole p roberia Aug^otinū de Šbmolendio pro eodm Ricm̄ filiū Joħnis de Cappella p furto, Radm̄ filiū Jordani Golbe pro consimti, Joħnem filiū Joħnis, Robt pro consimti, Petrū Levesqe pro furto, Guillotum Blaunche p eodm Colinū filiū Eglentine, Renof pro ḡvibz vulneribz de nocte, Guillm de Castro pro consimti, Johanettū Pyan p consimti Geminū fit Riči Ode p burgatura domoř. Et etificet Justiciař dñi Reġ ad p̄mas as̄ cū ad ptes istas ven..... quid fečit de p̄mis̄ distincte e apte. Et Justič tč fečunt predco Matño inde ĩras suas patentes. Et simitr̄ pceptū est ballis qui hic fūnt qđ in inquisiōnibz capiend̄ ponant distincte e apte in Rot..... nomen suū pp̄um et noĩa Juratoř dñi Reġ qui cū eo p̄sentes fūnt et noĩa Juř in eisđ inquisiōibz e eciam diem annū e locum de capčone huj^o inquis̄. Et pceptū est simitr̄ qđ ad adjuraōes simitr̄ fiat tam de noibz q̄ de die anno e loco et ponat̄ in Rořlis felonia recognita e port^o feloni assiḡtus.

constituted as is customary & by certain serjeants to be appointed by the viscount himself for so long as they shall be competent, as bordiers shall cause to be made all manner of executions both concerning the levying of dues and of all kinds of farm due & shall answer faithfully thereof in time & place, provided nevertheless that all summonses from henceforth be made by two, no other of the old customs being changed or to be changed. And the said viscount shall receive the said wheat for himself & his serjeants &c.

It is commanded to Matthew de la Court the bailiff of the lord the King by the justices here that he shall cause to be called all the underwritten cited to the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King & the fugitives already called to the peace of the lord the King in these assizes at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King next to be held after these assizes, so that at the first court they be called to the second, & at the second court they be called to the third & at the 3rd court they be called to the fourth. And if they shall not come that he then cause them to be outlawed or banished. And if they shall come sooner then he shall take them & cause them to be safely kept in prison, so that he have their bodies to stand their trial therein according to the law & custom of the island, to wit, Peter Nicole for robbery, Augustine de Sous-Moulin for same, Richard son of John de la Chapelle for theft, Ralph son of Jordan Golbe for like, John son of John Robert for like, Peter Levesque for theft, Gillot Blaunche for the same, Collin son of Eglentine Renouf for serious assault by night, William de Castro for like, Johanet Pyan for like, Gemin son of Richard Ode for burglary of houses. And he shall certify to the justices of the lord the King at the first assizes when they shall come to these parts what he shall have done concerning the premises distinctly & openly. And the justices &c. shall make to the said Matthew their letters patent thereof. And it is likewise commanded to the bailiffs who shall be here that in the inquiries to be taken they shall put distinctly & openly in the rolls their own names & the names of the jurats of the lord the King who shall be present with him & the names of the jurors in the same inquiries, & also the day year & place of the taking of these inquiries. And it is commanded likewise that at abjurations he shall likewise put down as well the names as the day year & place & shall put in the rolls the felonies acknowledged & the port assigned to the felon.

Et sciendū qđ quedam emenda de Guiñno le Joevene de C. s. Et de Petro le Say de xx s. date sunt Juř đni Reġ.

Yřm de pñtis de Corona de Castro.

Juř pñtant qđ quedam Alicia Alianoř ante assisas tentas p magřm R. de Leisset abjuř Insulas pro receptamento Matilt Loher e catalla ej^o deveřunt ad man^o Dyoniř de Tillebury tunc receptoris tē nō hñit libam řram.

Presentant t̄ qđ Jořnes Lalowe dicens quendam murilegū comēdisse Juvenes aucas suas et p..... cepisset murilegū sive catū Wilti le Telier imponēs predēm maleřm sup catū illū retin..... predēm Wilřm in domo sua quousq; excorsit ab eo xiiij turroñ grossos. Ido ipē in mīa. Idm t̄ Joh..... cogit paupes hoīes mītes invitos solvere sepius p portu suo. Ido in g^{vi} mīa.

Et Jordan^o de Sauřmareys nō veñ p^{mo} die Itiñis. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus Michel de Landis debet đno Regi duas galliñ p aññ pro quadam p^p..... sup comunā đni Reġ řca ab antiquo p pgenitores suos. Et Ričus de Maunceys in hoc cepit p purpresturam sup cōmunā đni Reġ ad q^{ntitatē} t^{um} pticař que valet p aññ j dane..... řri et inde ofat^r salvo jure cuj^olibz. Et Colinus le Romye similř tenet de p^prestura sup cōm..... ad q^{ntitatē} medietatis uni^o pticař řre que valet p annū iiij đ et p tres assisas p^{xio} pre..... pceptū fuit illud emendari quod nōdū řcm est. Ido respondeat đno Regi tam de arreraġ q^a de redditu salvo jure cuj^olibz. Et Ričus Dye a iiij^{or} annis elapsis feč p^presturā sup cōmunā q..... ad mensū uni^o pticař řre sup quam feč murū et valet p annū ij đ.

And be it known that certain fines of William de Joveve of 100 sols, & of Peter de Say of 20 sols are given to the jurats of the lord the King.

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown of the parish of Câtel.

The jurors present that a certain Alice Alianor before the assizes held by Master R. de Leisset abjured the islands for receiving Matilda Loher & her chattels came to the hands of Dyonis de Tillebury then Receiver &c. She had no free land.

They present also that John Lalowe asserting that a certain cat had eaten his young geese & took a cat of William le Telier putting the said wrong-doing upon that cat retained the said William in his house until he extorted from him 14 large Tournois. Therefore he is to be amerced. Also the same John compels poor soldiers unwillingly very often to pay for his drink. Therefore to be heavily amerced.

And Jordan de Saumareys did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that Richard Michel des Landes owes to the lord the King 2 hens by the year for a certain enclosure made upon the common of the lord the King of old by his progenitors. And Richard de Maunceys in this took by enclosure on the common of the lord the King to the quantity of 3 perches which is worth per annum one small bushel of wheat & he is charged therewith saving the right of all others. And Colin le Romye likewise holds of enclosure upon the common to the quantity of the moiety of one perch of land which is worth per annum 4 deniers & at the 3 assizes last past it was ordered that the same should be restored which has not been done. Therefore let him answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears as of the rent saving the right of each. And Richard Dye 4 years ago made an enclosure upon the common to the measure of one perch of land upon which he built a wall & it is worth per annum 2 deniers. Therefore let him be charged as well for the arrears as for the rent saving the

Ido ofatur tam de arre..... q̄ de redd̄ salvo juř t̄c. Et Riĉus Osanne
p̄t ultias assisas cepit de p̄prestura sup viam regal... tres p̄ticas in
longitudie et duū pedem in latitudie. Ido respondeat inde dno Regi
p annū v̄l restituatur. Et Raĉs Karitey cepit
similr p̄presturā sup viam regiā ad longit..... duař p̄ticatař e lati-
tudiem iij^{or} pedū. Ido respondeat inde dno Regi p annū
v̄l rest Et Jordan^o Thome cepit similr de p̄prestura de
via regia ad lonḡ duař p̄ticatař et latitud̄ ij pe..... Ido respondeat
inde dno Regi p annū v̄l restituat̄. Et Gilbtus Loisel ob-
struxit q̄ntitatē dī ped̄ construendo
murū t̄c. Ido om̄es p̄l̄ pred̄m Riĉm Michel in m̄ia.

..... p̄mo anno p̄t ultias assisas deveſunt
bestie de We..... xij
..... xij bidentes. Et quarto anno xij bidentes
..... preciū. Et in hoc ann.....
bidentes de quibus

..... Bartolot, Roĉtum Ma.....
..... Joĉam Muriel, Lucettam
..... Jordan Joĉim
..... Matĉim de Cuř, Pl.....
..... Raĉm le
..... Lehir, Roĉtum
..... Joĉi

(M. 20.)

Delibaĉo Gaole ibid̄m pred̄cus die e anno.

Gerneř.

Guiff fit Henř Balan rectat^o de eo qđ abduxit uřem Joĉnis Robert
simt cū b..... fendit totū t̄c et de bono
et malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicūt p saĉrm suū concubuit
cū uře pred̄ci Joĉnis sed illam nō abduxit nec de bonis iĉius Joh.....
.....dam nocte cum pred̄cus Guiff venisset ad domū iĉius Joĉnis

right &c. And Richard Ozanne after the last assizes encroached upon the King's high-way 3 perches in length & half a foot in breadth. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year or let it be restored. And Ralph Karitey likewise made an encroachment on the King's high-way to the length of 2 perches & to the breadth of 4 feet. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year—or let it be restored. And Jordan Thome made likewise an encroachment of the King's high-way to the length of 2 perches & to the breadth of 2 feet. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year —or let it be restored. And Gilbert Loisel obstructed quantity of half a foot by building a wall &c. Therefore all except the said Richard Michel to be amerced.

..... in the first year after the last assizes came
 beasts of waif 12
 12 sheep. And in the 4th year 12 sheep
 value. And in this year sheep of which
 Bartelot, Robert Ma.....
 Joan Muriel, Lucette
 Jordan John
 Matthew de la Court, Ph.....
 Ralph le
 Lehir, Robert
 John

(M. 20.)

Goal-delivery there the said day & year.

Guernsey.

William son of Henry Balan accused for that he took away the wife of John Robert together with defend the whole &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say on their oath that he laid with the wife of the aforesaid John but did not take her away nor any of the goods of the said John certain night when the aforesaid William came to the house of the said John by the decep-

p decepčom uxis marito suo et posuisset capđ
suū p mediū cui⁹ đ fenestre pfata uř Joñnis p
capillos suos đm đcus Joñnes ipm vbavit p quod pefat⁹ Guiff in
injuria sua hareu e p avisamentū Juratoř
conř est qđ pđcus Guiff fač inde đno Regi emend.....
Alanus le Provost e Guiff Salemon et Gervař balan manucař ac'qtař
pđctos pleg.

Stephus le Joevene rectat⁹ qđ furat⁹ fuit unam suptunicā Radi
Ledeuin veñ e defend e totū tč e de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt qđ pđcus Stepfi nō est
..... nec de alio fcto malecř. Ido conř est
qđ pđ Stepfi sit quiet⁹.

Joñnes filius Joñnis de Genas e Joñnes de Rocheford rectati de
eo qđ feloniř infectunt Jořamicent dictam alio noie Jořam de
Mauns et qui alias abjuř Insulas pro eod recto veñ et proferunt Iras
đni Reğ pat'is Reğ nunc de pdonačoe pđcťa que alibi irrořlantur inř
hujusmodi cartas tč. Et quo ad mortem tč defendunt totū tč. Et
de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam.

Šci P. in por.

Petr⁹ Viger rectat⁹ de abbettamento e consilio de morte Guilli
Burnel feloniř infecti veñ et defend oniem feloñ e totū tč et de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Osbtus Alisaundř rectat⁹ de eo qđ p
acabliamentū quod feč Helene uři Guilli Restaud ipa levavit clañ
de hareu e cita ptea obiit veñ e defend oniem feloñ e totū tč et de
bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacřm suū qđ pđcťi
Petr⁹ e Osbtus nō sunt culpables de pđ mortibz nec de aliis male-
fcis malecř. Ido quo ad mortem tč sint quieti. Et pđ Osbtus pro
pđcis acabliamento e clañ faciat đno Regi emend videlč de xix ř.

Oliřus Galan rectat⁹ de eo qđ est fuř e latro de xij garbis ordi
que fuerř Petri Auneys e uni⁹ Multoñ Joñnis le Graunt e j Lynthea-

tion of his wife her husband & had put his head through a certain window the aforesaid wife of John by his hair while the said John struck him whereby the said William through his trespass [raised] the 'Clameur de Haro' & by the advice of the jurors it is considered that the said William shall make amends therefor to the lord the King Alan le Provost & William Salemon & Gervase Balan undertook to discharge the said pledges.

Stephen le Joevene accused for that he stole an overtunic of Ralph Ledevin came & defended & the whole &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say that the said Stephen is not [guilty] nor suspected of any other deed. Therefore it is ordered that the said Stephen be discharged.

John son of John de Genas & John de Rocheford accused for that they feloniously killed Joanicent called by another name Joan de Mauns & who elsewhere abjured the islands for the same deed came & produced letters of pardon aforesaid of the lord the King father of the now King which are enrolled elsewhere among such documents &c. And as to the death &c. they defend the whole &c. And for good & evil they submit themselves to the verdict of the country.

St. Peter-Port.

Peter Viger accused of aiding & abetting in the death of William Burnel feloniously killed came & defended all the felony & all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Osbert Alexander accused for that on account of the wounds which he inflicted on Helen the wife of William Restaud she raised a 'Clameur de Haro' & soon afterwards died, came & defended all the felony & all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say by their oath that the aforesaid Peter & Osbert are not guilty of the said deaths nor suspected of any evil-doings. Therefore as to the death &c. they be discharged. And the aforesaid Osbert for the aforesaid wounding & 'Clameur' shall make to the lord the King amends, to wit, 19 sols.

Oliver Galan accused for that he is a thief & stole 12 sheaves of barley which were of Peter Auneys & one wether of John le Graunt

minis Cecilie Salekyn e de aliis latroč tē veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Mathus Capoun rectat⁹ de eo qđ pforavit unū doliū vini Guilli le Lombard e furtive asptavit vinū ad valenč ij ſ veñ e defendē totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ pđci Olivus e Mathis nō sunt culpabtes de pred latroč nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Ido sint quieti.

Guills Germayn rectat⁹ de eo qđ est latro de uno multone de Joñne Estur e de aliis lat^oc veñ e def totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guiff de Hubland rectat⁹ qđ ipe emit multoñ illū de pđ Guillo se sciente illū esse furtivū veñ e defendē totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et q³ Guills de Maresc Guills Maheu Rogus le Fauconer Joñnes le Serf Joñnes Oliver Robt⁹ Reynald Thom Berand vocati ad Juř istam satis tempestie no venint. Ido in mia. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ predci Guiff e Guiff nō sunt culpabtes de pred lat^oc nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Ido quieti.

Sci Andr

Ričus Franket rectat⁹ de furto uni⁹ ancere e ferroz ad caruč et qđ est cois latro-veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Johanett⁹ fil Joñis du Molin rectat⁹ de eo qđ est cois latro et qđ fuit in societate iplus Riči ad pđca lat^ocinia veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Feroun rectat⁹ qđ est fuř e latro de bidentibz patris sui veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guills Bloundel rectat⁹ de eo qđ rapuit uxem Guilli Melege e eam deforc cont^r pacē e coronam dni Reğ veñ e defendē totū tē e poñ se sup pat'am. Et Pħa la Fraunket rectata de eo qđ receptavit Symonettā filiam Joñnis le Markaunt una cū bonis iplus Joñnis ad eam fertive asptatis veñ e defendē totū tē et poñ se sup pat'am. Et Mich de Graunceys rectat⁹ de eo qđ est fuř e latro de garb Riči de la Bete. Et Thom Elyes rectat⁹ de eodm veñ

& one sheet of Cicely Salekyn & for other thefts &c. came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Matthew Capoun accused for that he broached a cask of wine of William le Lombard & furtively took away wine to the value of 2 sols came & defended all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Oliver & Matthew are not guilty of the said thefts nor are they suspected of any other evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

William Germain accused for that he stole one wether of John Estur & for other thefts came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William de Huberland accused for that he bought that sheep of the said William knowing it to have been stolen came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And because William du Marais, William Maheu, Roger le Fauconer, John le Serf, John Oliver, Robert Reynald, Thomas Berand called to the jury did not come in time enough. Therefore they are to be amerced. The jurors say upon their oath that the said John & William are not guilty of the said theft nor suspected of any evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

St. Andrew.

Richard Franket accused of the theft of one anchor & the irons for a plough & that he is a common thief comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Johanet son of John du Moulin accused for that he is a common thief & that he was in the company of the said Richard at the said thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Feroun accused for that he is a thief & stole the sheep of his father comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William Blondel accused of having seized by force the wife of William Melege & detaining her against the peace & crown of the lord the King comes & defends all &c. and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Philippa la Fraunket accused for that she received Symonetta daughter of John le Marchant together with the goods of the said John furtively taken to her comes & defends the whole &c. and submits herself to the verdict of the country. And Michel de Graunceys accused for that he is a thief & stole of the sheaves of Richard de la Bete. And Thomas Elyes accused of the same come

e defendit totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacrm suū qđ pđcti Rićus Johanett^o Radus Guills Pñs Mich e Thoñ nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo sint quieti. Et q, Johanett^o fit Joñnis du Moulin alias abjuř Insulas ad tempus et rediit infra temp^o sine licencia. Iđo remittit' p'soñ tē. Et exp^otat Judm tē. Et q, Rićus Franket valde spect^o est de aliis lat^ociniis. Iđo remittit' p'sone quosq, tē p bonos pleģ.

Sci Samp̄s

Willis de Capella senior rectat^o qđ est fuř e latro de j equo relicte Henrici Turgys veñ e defendit totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rićus Waclyn et Rořt^o Waclin e Rořt^o de Oronge rectati de eo qđ frequnt domū Guilli de Hady et furtie asportavnt bona ibidm inventa ad valenē x librař veñ e defendit totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Emma uř Luce Gremdaveine e Pñs filia ejusdem rectate qđ fuř gallinas Luce Gremdaveine e alia bona sua veñ e defendit totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Rić filius Nichi de Port rectat qđ rapuit Joham filiam Rići Angot et voluit eam deforciasse veñ e defendit totū tē et poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guills fit Guilli Robeys et Guills de Capella Junior rectati qđ fuř ffint j lavatoriū e galliñ e alia bona Rađi Forlot Caplli veñ e defendit totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Floria de Beauuer rectata de furto capoñ e gallinař e garbař de Haundevyll e eciam de furto duař bidentiū Joñne Rolaunt veñ e defendit totū tē e de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Joña filia Jordonel rectata qđ fuř fuit garbas et alia bona Joñnis de Prato venit e defendit totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacrm suū qđ predci Willis Rićus Rořtus e Rořtus Emma e Pñs Rićus Guills fit Guilli e Guiff Floria e Joña nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo sint quieti.

& defend all &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say by their oath that the aforesaid Richard, Johanet, Ralph, William, Philippa, Michael & Thomas are not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other evildoings. Therefore they are discharged. And because Johanet son of John du Moulin elsewhere abjured the islands at the time & returned within the time without license therefore he is sent back to prison &c. And he awaits judgment &c. And because Richard Franket is greatly suspected of other thefts, therefore he is sent back to prison until &c. by good pledges.

St. Sampson. William de la Chapelle senior accused of stealing one horse of the widow of Henry Turgys comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Waclyn & Robert Waclin & Robert de Oronge accused of breaking into the house of William de Hady & furtively carrying away goods found there to the value of 10 livres come & defend all &c. and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Emma the wife of Luke Gremdaveine & Philippa daughter of the same accused of stealing the hens of Luke Gremdaveine & other his goods come & defend &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Richard son of Nicholas du Port accused of having seized Joan daughter of Richard Angot & of having detained her by force comes & defends all &c., and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William son of William Robeys & William de la Chapelle junior accused of stealing one washing-basin & the hens & other goods of Ralph Forlot, chaplain, comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Floria de Beauver accused of the theft of capons & hens & sheaves of Haundevyll & also of the theft of two sheep of Joan Rolaunt comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. And Joan daughter of Jordonel accused of stealing sheaves & other goods of John de Prato comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William, Richard, Robert & Robert, Emma & Philippa, Richard, William son of William, & William, Floria & Joan are not guilty thereof nor suspected of other evildoings. Therefore they are discharged.

Casr Petr^o le Vechere rectat^o qđ est cōis latro de garb e aliis latrociñ veñ e defendť totū tť et de b poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Mengis rectat^o qđ abduxit uxem Johnis Disme unā cū boñ suis veñ [e defendť totū] tť de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus Blundel rectat^o qđ est fuř e lat..... veñ e defendť totū tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Emma de la Ha..... et qđ est cōis latro veñ e defendť totū tť. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. [Jur dicunt p sacrum] suū qđ predci Petr Rads Ričus e Emma nō sunt [inde culpabtes] [Ido] sint quieti.

Salvaĩ

(M. 20 d.)

Adhuc de delibacoe.

[S^{ca} P-] de bosč Joñnes de la Mare rectatus qđ fuř fuit garbas e alia bona Robti de Gorrays veñ e defendť totū tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Rads Ledevin rectat^o de eo qđ fuř suptunicā suam pp'am inponendo maličōse furtū illud Stepño le Jovene fideli hoim ut sic faceret ipm spendi veñ e dedič totū tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Joñnes Adam rectat^o qđ burgiavit domū Radi Adam et inde fuř pannos e alia bona ipius Radi veñ e dedič totū tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Adam e Robtus Adam rectati qđ ipi cepunt predcñ Johm Adam in doim ipius Radi furantē bona ibidm e qđ ipm tenuert p totam noctem e p^otea pmiserunt abire veñ e dedicunt totū tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Joñnes Payen rectat^o de eo qđ est cōis latro de multonibus garbis e de j quadrigata wrecci veñ e defendť totū tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Symon le Mesurer rectat^o de furto j multoñ e aliis

Castel.

Peter le Vechere accused of being a common thief of sheaves & other thefts comes & defends all &c. and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Mengis accused of taking away the wife of John Disme together with her goods comes [and defends all] &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Blundell accused of stealing comes & defends all &c, and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Emma de la Ha..... & that she is a common thief comes & defends all &c., and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. [The jurors say upon] their [oath] that the said Peter, Ralph, Richard & Emma are not [guilty thereof] [Therefore] they are discharged.

St. Saviour.

(M. 20 d.)

Continuation of the Gaol-Delivery.

St. Peter-in-the-Wood.

John de la Mare accused of stealing sheaves & other goods of Robert de Gorrys comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Ledevin accused of stealing his own over-tunic, maliciously laying that theft upon Stephen le Jovene, an honest man, in order to cause him to be hanged, comes & denies all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Adam accused of committing a burglary in the house of Ralph Adam & stealing from the same clothes & other goods of the said Ralph comes & denies all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Adam & Robert Adam accused of taking the said John Adam into the house of the said Ralph to steal goods there & of keeping him there the whole night & afterwards promising to go away, come & deny all &c. and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And John Payn accused of being a common thief of sheep, sheaves & a four-wheeled wagon of wreck comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Simon le Mesurer accused of the theft

lat^ociniis veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Joñnes Forlot rectat^o de furco garba^z e alio^z bono^z Symoñ le Mesurer e Oli^o Belasset veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus Marche rectat^o qđ receptavit Guillm Renof p^oto^a abju^r Insulas. Et qđ fu^r fuit unū monile argenteū de Joñne de Kemyno veñ e defendit totū t^c. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Oli^o Belasse^g rectat^o de furto j porci e de aliis latro^c veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus le Rey e Guiff fra^t ejus rectati qđ sunt conspiratores e falsi testes cōmuni^t p lutro hndo et eciā qđ sunt latrones de filo quod eis veñ ad op^o textrinū veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Ju^r dicunt sup sac^rm suū qđ predci Joñnes Radpⁱ Joñnes Rads Robtus Joñnes Symon Joñnes Ričus Oli^o Ričus e Guiff nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefctis malec^r. Ido sint quieti.

forest^r

Guiffs filius Symoñ May e Guiff Durel rectati de eo qđ rob-
bia^rnt filiam filiam Canse de una suptunica j. Lintheamie j pecia
tele Linee et Lana e aliis bonis suis veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Ju^r dicunt sup sac^rm suū qđ predci
Guiff e Guiff nō sunt inde culpabtes. Ido sint quieti.

Sci P. in por^t

Jordan^o Thoroude rectat^o de eo qđ v^bavit Helenā uxem Guiffi
Restaud e eam acabliavit ad t^ram p quod eadm Helena cito p^otea
obiit veñ e defend^t oñien feloñ e totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se
sup pat'am. Ju^r dicunt p sac^rm suū qđ p^d Jord in nullo est inde
culpablis. Ido sit q^letus.

Sci Salva^r

Ričus Lestornel veñ hic deferens bre dñi Re^g in hec v^ba Ed-
wardus dei g^ra Rex Ang^t Dñs Hibⁱ e Dux Aquit dilecto e fideli suo
Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi suo Insula^z de Gerneseye Jerseye vt
ejus locum tenenti saltm. Quia quibusdam etis de causis certiorari

of a sheep & other thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Forlot accused of the theft of sheaves & other goods of Simon le Mesurer & Oliver Belasset comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Marche accused of receiving William Renouf after he had abjured the islands, & that he stole a silver necklace from John Duchemin comes & defends all &c., & for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Oliver Belasset accused of stealing a pig & of other thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard le Rey & William his brother accused of conspiring together to commit perjury for the sake of gain, & also of stealing thread which they had for working the looms, come & defend all &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said John, Ralph, John, Ralph, Robert, John, Simon, John, Richard, Oliver, Richard & William are not guilty thereof nor suspected of other evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

The Forest.

William, son of Simon May, & William Durel accused for that they robbed the daughter of Cans of one over-tunic, one sheet one piece of linen cloth, & wool & other goods belonging to her, come & defend all &c. & for good & ill submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William & William are not guilty thereof. Therefore they are discharged.

St. Peter-Port.

Jordan Thoroude accused of beating Helen the wife of William Restaud & throwing her to the ground whereby the said Helen soon afterwards died, comes & defends the whole felony & all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Jordan is not in anywise guilty thereof. Therefore he is discharged.

St. Saviour.

Richard Lestornel comes here bringing a writ of the lord the King in these words : Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison his warden of the islands of Guernsey & Jersey or to his lieutenant, greeting : Because for certain causes we wish to be

volum⁹ sup modo e causa pro quibz Ričus Lestornel de pochia Šci Salvatoris in Insula de Gerneseye eandm Insulā bis abjuř ut dicitur voř mandam⁹ qđ nos de modo e causa predcis distincte e apte sř sigillo vřo sine dilone reddatis certiores. Remittentes nobis hoc bre, T. me iřo ařd Westm̄ xx die Maii anno ř n̄ scđo. Et sup hoc Juř de predc parochi veř e dicunt qđ predcus Ričus p'mo abjuř Insulas pro furto et řtea rediens cū consimili řri tenuit se in quadam navi hic in portu et misit bre ballio tē et řtea de nocte exivit navem e ivit p mediū parochie Šci Sampř usq, in parochiā de Wale e ibi robbiavit Julianā Gautier de xvij a. et exinde ivit p mediū paroch Šce Mař de Castro et p auxiliū paroch Šci Salvatoris usq, ad Lyho et exinde p mediū paroch Šci Salvatoris usq, ad eccliam Šci Petri de Bosco et ibi řfato abjuř Insulas tē. Et Ričus totū hoc cogū. Ido iře s⁹pñ. Et pochiani p quoř parochias transiit in m̄ia.

(M. 21.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone ibidm.

Fresingfeld.

Gerneř.

Girardus Pře alias coram Matřo de Cuř ballio e Guiffo le Gros e aliis Juř dñi Reę p dno Rege jux^a consueř pat'e appellavit Nicřm le Feuere unum de pred Juř de pr..... Regi de eo videlř qđ pred Nicřus Juř dñi Regis de juribz suis man-utenendis conclavit dno Regi custumam dno Regi debitam de empčoe cujusdam annui reddit⁹ duoř q^arteř řri Girardus em̄at de Guiffo Roheys pveientem de tenementis iřius Guiffo in poch Šci Andr Nicřus cito postea emit de iřo Girardo sibi intimante custumam empčois sue debitam esse dno solutam sř certa convenčoe qđ pred Nicřus omimodis misis e custibz p řpm Girardū p predcto

certified as to the manner & reason why Richard Lestornel of the parish of St. Saviour in the island of Guernsey twice abjured the said island, as it is said, we command you that you certify us as to the said manner & reason distinctly & openly under your seal without delay, returning to us this writ. Witness myself at Westminster the 20th day of May in the second year of our reign. And hereupon the jurors of the said parish come & say that the said Richard first abjured the islands for theft & afterwards returning with a like writ remained in a certain ship here in the harbour & sent the writ to the bailiff &c. and afterwards by night left the ship & went passing through the parish of St. Sampson to the parish of the Vale & there robbed Juliana Gantier of 18 sols & then went through the parish of St. Mary de Castel & by the parish of St. Saviour as far as Lyhou & then through the parish of St. Saviour to the Church of St. Peter in the Wood & there again abjured the islands &c. And Richard acknowledges all this. Therefore he shall be hanged. And the parishioners through whose parishes he passed are to be amerced.

(M. 21.)

Continuation of the plexs of the Crown there.

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

Girard Philip at another time before Matthew de la Court, Bailiff & William le Gros & the other jurats of the lord the King, for the lord the King according to the custom of the country, accused Nicholas le Fevre, one of the said jurats, of to the King for that, to wit, the said Nicholas being a jurat of the lord the King for the maintainence of his rights, concealed from the lord the King the custom due to the lord the King for the purchase of a certain yearly rent of 2 quarters of wheat [which] Girard bought of William Rohais issuing out of the tenements of the said William in the parish of St. Andrew Nicholas soon after bought of the said Girard intimating to him that the custom on his purchase was due to the lord [the King and was] paid under a certain covenant whereby the said Nicholas (all manner of costs & charges made & agreed upon by the said Girard on account

..... pōitis e conventis p ipm Nicm plenā quietatis daret
ipi Girardo certam q̄ntitatem vini p predcto
redd optinendo. Et idm Girardus ibidm optulit hoc v̄ficā p dno
Rege per xij fidediḡ [homines]. Et postea pred Girardus alias in
eadm Cur̄ competentē pbavit cōvencom inl̄ eos ilam inde
.....tisse. Et qđ emp̄co predcti redditus custavit sibi ix li. x s.
p̄l̄ costumam dno Regi debitā quam stravit non
fuisse debitam. Et postea h̄itis inl̄ eos d̄vsus al̄caōibz in ead Cur̄
pred Girardus d..... patum esse ad satisfaciend̄ dno Regi e eidm
Nichio de predco appello tanq̄a injuste. Ita qđ ctis de utq̄
eoꝝ replegiatus fuit usq̄ jam ad hanc ass̄. Et predcti Nichus e Girard
modo veñ et predcus Nichus ad sectam dñi Reḡ sup hiis allocut⁹ non
potest p̄missa dediçe nec aliud s... dicere p se nisi im qđ dicit
ipe veñ ad Petrū de Garrys tenentem locum receptoris in hac Insula
et optulit ei denā dno Reḡ debitis de custuma pro emp̄coe sua
qui illos recepit. Et pred Petr⁹ modo presens bn̄ cogñ qđ pred
Nich optulit ei denā debitos p̄ custuma unius emp̄cois et ipe Petr⁹
quesivit ab eo p̄ qua de pred duabz emp̄coibz ipe voluit denā illos
solve qui sibi respond̄ qđ pro emp̄coe sua pp̄a nō curans de al̄ius
emp̄coe. Et Nichus nō potest hoc dediçe. Nec eciam potest dediçe
quin ipe tempe predcte emp̄cois fuit unus de Jur̄ dñi Reḡ in quoz
sacro quidam punct⁹ t̄lis est qđ ipi fideīr pro posse suo, cons̄vabunt
jura dñi Regis e nichil inde conclabunt. Nec eciam potest dediçe
quin ipe tempe emp̄cois sue bn̄ sciunt costumā dno Reḡ debitam de
emp̄coe predci Girardi dno Regi aretro fuisse quasi conclatam. Nec
eciam potest dediçe quin conventū fiat inl̄ eos qđ idm Nich daret
predco Girardo predcam q̄ntitatem vini in Lutrū pro predco redditu
om̄ibz misis predcti Girardi p ipm Nicm quietatis. Nec potest de-
diçe quin predca custuma remansit non computata in predca sūma

of the said rent having been fully satisfied by the said Nicholas) would give to the said Girard a certain quantity of wine for obtaining the said rent. And the same Girard produced this here to be verified for the lord the King by 12 trustworthy [men]. And afterwards the said Girard at another time in the same court sufficiently proved that the covenant between them was such as [related]. And that the purchase of the said rent cost him 9 livres 10 sols besides the custom due to the lord the King which he was not due. And afterwards, there having been divers contentions between them in the same court, the said Girard said that he was prepared to satisfy the lord the King & the said Nicholas of the said accusation as unjust. So that for certain causes each of them was repledged until now at this assize. And the said Nicholas & Girard now come, & the said Nicholas, actioned at the suit of the lord the King as regards these things, cannot gainsay the premises nor say anything else for himself except only that he came to Peter de Garrys the deputy of the Receiver in this island & brought to him the money due to the lord the King for the custom of his purchase, & that he (the Receiver) took it. And the said Peter being now present fully acknowledged that the said Nicholas brought to him the money due for the custom of one purchase & the said Peter asked him for which of the said two purchases he wished to pay that money, and he answered him for his own purchase, not providing for the other purchase. And Nicholas cannot gainsay this, neither can he gainsay that at the time of the said purchase he was one of the Jurats of the lord the King in whose oath there is a certain clause that they shall faithfully & to their utmost power preserve the rights of the lord the King & shall conceal nothing thereof. Neither can he gainsay but that he at the time of his purchase knew well that the custom due to the lord the King on the purchase of the said Girard to the lord the King was in arrear as having been concealed. Neither can he gainsay but that it was agreed between them that the said Nicholas should give to the said Girard the said quantity of wine in payment of the said rent, all the charges of the said Girard being paid by the said Nicholas. Neither can he gainsay but that the said custom remained unaccounted for in the said sum of money.

pecunie. Nec potest dedice quin ipse tenetur ad satisfaciendū predco Girardo p̄ convencōm suam p̄ predcta custuma si Girardus eam solvisset dño Regi. Con̄s est qđ p̄dcus Nichius pro predco concelamento e s̄btracōne custume dñi Reḡ fetis cont̄ sac̄m seiū cōmittatur Gaole inde redimendū ad voluntatē dñi Reḡ t̄c. Et ad Judm de predco redditu fri. Et de predco Girardo p̄ nō secta sua t̄c. Et sciendū qđ custuma illis est qđ dñs Rex hēbit de quolibet emente f̄ram v̄l redditu in hac In̄s f̄ciūmdecimū denar̄ integro de toto qđ solverit p̄ emp̄cōe sua. Postea predcus Nichius veñ e feč finem p̄ predcto t̄nsḡr̄ et pro pred redd̄ tenendo in pace p̄ cenč lib̄. Et supponit corpus suū terras tenementa e cañ sua loco sec̄ritatis t̄c quousq̄ plegios investit. Postea inveñ pleḡ de fine p̄dco vidz Joh̄em de Viveř Ricm̄ Rose Pet̄r la Cornaille e Ricm̄ Osaune ad solv̄d̄ ad duo añi.

Petr̄ la Cornaille vocat̄ nō veñ et est Libere tenens et nō presens. Ido in m̄ia.

Math̄ Blondel q̄ loquebatur cum duodena ad plita corone sine licencia. Ido in m̄ia.

Rađ Neugoye tenens t̄c vocat̄ nō veñ. Ido in m̄ia. Et distrinḡ qđ sit hic die Lune.

Joh̄nes du Val rectať qđ ipse infra p̄clamať Itifis alias veñ ad Joh̄nem de Ditton existentē hic t̄c et petiit ab eo contemptiblr̄ licenciam inf̄ficiendi Anglicos existentes in hac villa t̄c veñ et nō potest hoc dedicare nec eciā feč multa enormia anglicis. Ido cōmittatur Gaole. Postea veñ e feč finē pro predca t̄nsḡressione p̄ XL a. de quibz pred Joh̄nes feč sec̄ritatē Joh̄m de Šb monte tenenti locū Receptoris hic t̄c de quibz idm̄ Joh̄nes respond̄.

Ričus le Heriche unu° de Juř dñi Reḡ pro absencia sua in ḡvi m̄ia.

Neither can he gainsay but that he is bound by his agreement to reimburse the said Girard as regards the said custom, if Girard should pay the same to the lord the King. It is judged that the said Nicholas, for the said concealment & for the withholding of the custom of the lord the King, made against his oath, be committed to gaol, therefrom to be ransomed at the will of the lord the King &c. And to judgment concerning the said rent of wheat, & concerning the said Girard for his non-suit &c. And be it known that the custom is such that the lord the King shall have of each one buying land or rent in this island the thirteenth whole penny of all that he shall pay for his purchase. Afterwards the said Nicholas came & compounded for the said transgression & for the safe holding of the said rent in the sum of 100 livres. And he substitutes his body, his lands, tenements & chattels in lieu of security &c. until he shall find pledges. Afterwards he found pledges for the composition aforesaid, to wit, John du Vivier, Richard Rose, Peter la Cornaille & Richard Ozanne, to be paid in two years.

Peter la Cornaille being called did not come & he is a free tenant & is not present. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Matthew Blondel because he pleaded with the twelve at the pleas of the Crown without license. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Ralph Nevegoye tenant &c. being called did not come. Therefore to be amerced. And he is compelled to be here on Monday.

John du Val, accused for that he within the proclamation of the eyre came at another time to John de Ditton being here &c. and contemptibly sought from him license to kill the English being in this village &c., comes & cannot gainsay this, nor also that he inflicted many enormities on the English. Therefore he is committed to gaol. Afterwards he came & compounded for the said transgression by 40 sols for which the said John gave as security John de Soulemont the deputy of the Receiver here, &c. of which the said John shall answer.

Richard le Heriche one of the Jurats of the lord the King to be heavily amerced for his absence.

Guilts Boye presentavit latrocinia e feloñ de tribz hoĩbz esse conclata. Et postea Idm Guilts fuit cum duodena ubi p ejus consiliũ ipi fũnt indictati. Et eciam Idm Guilts fuit in duodena ubi iidem hoies fũnt p ejus consiliũ ac quietati. Ido pred̃s Guilts pro pred̃ca malicia e falsitate cõmittat̃r Gaole. Postea punit̃r p pillořm.

Petr⁹ de Lestak unus de Juř dñi Reġ q, nō veñ ad assisas. Ido in g^{vi} miã.

Petrus Viger queř de ministris videl̃ qđ Henř de Geldeford e socii sui Justiĉ nup Itinantes hic añciařunt ipm eo qđ sequebat̃r plita de laicis catařl in Cuř xpianitatis tẽ e allegavit sollempniř qđ ip̃e est cruce signat⁹ e qđ plita tangencia cruce sigñ mere spectant ad Cuř xpianitatis e nō ad aliam. Et sic adhuc intit̃r inpungnař Coronam dñi Reġ ad q^m spectat huj⁹ cogniĉo Iõ cõmitit̃r Gaol tẽ. Postea feĉ finẽ p decem libr̃ ppliũ Joħnis le Tonnere de Šco Andr e Thome Destfeld, unde medietat̃r ponit̃r in suũ e alia meř ponit̃r in respectũ sup portum suũ.

(M. 21 d.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone ibidm.

Ministri dñi Reġ e ministri Ottonis de Grandisono custodis Insularz monstrařnt Justiĉ hic qđ cum officiales e ministri Cuř xpianitatis a diu est voluissent sibi attraxisse et appropasse cogniĉoes plitoř de t^mnsgressionibz e catallis e debitis mere laicalibz que nō sunt de testamento vř matrimonio et qđ sepuis p bria dñi Reġ e sepuis ex pte dñi Reġ sine bribz fĉte fũnt coes e publice pclamaĉoes e inhiĉoes ne huj⁹ modi plita tenent et t̃ qđ nullus qⁱ se vellet ptegere sř pace dñi Reġ vř illa gaudere huj⁹ di plita sequeretur in pđca Cuř xpianitatis. Et nichilomin⁹ ptes tenentes ipius dñi Reġ sprete dignitate Corone dñi Reġ sequiti sũt in pđca Cuř xpianitatis de huj⁹ plitis

William Boyo presented that the thefts & felonies of three men were concealed. And afterwards the said William was with the twelve where by his advice they were indicted. And also the same William was in the twelve where the same men by his advice were acquitted. Therefore the said William for the said malice & deceit is committed to gaol. Afterwards he is punished with the pillory.

Peter de Lestak, one of the Jurats of the lord the King, for not coming to the assizes, is to be heavily amerced.

Peter Viger complained concerning the officers, to wit, that Henry de Guildford & his associates late Justices in eyre here amerced him because he followed the pleas of lay chattels in the court of Christianity &c. and alleged solemnly that he is a crusader & that the pleas touching crusaders belong only to the court of Christianity & not to any other. And thus he still strives to impugn the Crown of the lord the King to which belongs such cognisance. Therefore he is committed to gaol &c. Afterwards he compromised for 10 livres by the pledge of John le Tonnere of St. Andrew & Thomas Destfeld whereof one moiety is paid down & the other is mortgaged on his income.

(M. 21 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there.

The officers of the lord the King & the officers of Otto de Grandison warden of the Islands showed to the justices here that whereas the officials & officers of the court of Christianity for a long time have wished to draw & appropriate to themselves the cognisances of the pleas of trespasses & chattels & debts wholly lay which do not concern wills or matrimony, & that often by writs of the lord the King & often on behalf of the lord the King without writs, common & public proclamations & inhibitions were issued that they should not hold such pleas, & also that no one who wished to protect himself under the peace of the lord the King or to enjoy the same should be sued in the said court of Christianity. And nevertheless many tenants of the same lord the King setting at naught the dignity of the Crown of the lord the King were sued in the said court of Chris-

quoꝝ cogniçō mere sp̄tat ad Cuīr̄ īpius dñi Reġ inf̄ ques quidam Petr^o le Corner d̄ctus Piard tenens īpius dñi Reġ e homo cōingat^o de muliere corrupta p̄ aliū sp̄reta Cuīr̄ dñi Reġ t̄xit quendā Lucam Larcher tenentem īpius dñi Reġ in plitum in Cuīr̄ xp̄ianitatis coram Offiç Constañ Epi ap̄d Constañ p̄ arreraġ ejusd̄ annui reddit^o fri p̄v̄ientis de teñ īpius Luce que de dno Rege tenet in hac villa. Et sup hoc porrectū e libatū fuit pred̄cto Petro bre dñi Reġ de cancellar̄ Angt ad phibend̄ ei ne plitum illud in pfata Cuīr̄ xp̄ianitatis sequeret^r qui sp̄reta phibiçōe regia sequebat^r p̄tea sicut e p̄us. Et exinde misit dñs Rex nunc bre suū Mat̄ho de Curia ballio huj^o Insule qđ attach̄ pred̄cm Petrū p̄ corpus suū. Ita qđ illud heret coram dno Rege in Octab̄ S̄ce T̄nitatis p̄xio p̄f̄itis ubicumq; t̄c ad respondend̄ inde dno Regi p̄p̄t que tam ad sectam dñi Reġ q̄ ad sectam p̄d̄cti Luce p̄cept̄ fuit tam ballio q̄ viç qđ ip̄m Petrū attach̄ p̄ corp^o suū. Ita qđ ip̄m herent̄ coram Justiç hic ad stand̄ inde recto t̄c. Et die dñc̄ ante p̄mū diem Itin̄is diu p̄t p̄ndiū duobz de Justiciariis hic s. Joñe e Joñe sedentibz in aula dñi Reġ hic pt̄is de causis veñ Rads p̄sona ecclie de foresta Decan^o de Gernereye in p̄d̄cam aulam e monuit ip̄os Justiciarios ex pte īpius Epi Constañ e Offiç sui s̄b pena exçōicaçois e centū markarū nōie pene cōmisse ad opus īpius Offiç ne ip̄i Justiciar̄ in aliquo se intromit̄ent de p̄d̄co Petro vt catañ aut possessionibz suis. Et sup hoc Idem Decan^o petiit ab eisdm̄ Justiciar̄ quendam Joñnem Estour quem p̄p̄oitus e Balli p̄lus in p̄sona fant in Castro dñi Reġ ob merita sua delibari sicut clicum t̄c. Et Justiciarii sibi responderunt bono zelo qđ veniret in c̄stio coram ip̄is in Judo e libent̄ facent quod de jure foret faciend̄. Et Decanus sic recessit. Et in c̄stio p̄d̄cus Decanus nō veñ in Judo sed ut p̄lus p̄t p̄ndm̄ veñ ad eos in aulam dñi Reġ movens ut p̄lus contemptib̄r. Et petens

tianity in certain suits the cognisance whereof belongs wholly to the court of the lord the King, among whom a certain Peter le Corner called Piard, a tenant of the said lord the King, & a man, married to a woman corrupted by another, despising the court of the lord the King, sued a certain Luke Larcher tenant of the same lord the King in the court of Christianity before the official of the Bishop of Coutances at Coutances for the arrears of a certain yearly rent of wheat issuing from the tenement of the said Luke, which he holds of the lord the King in this village. And hereupon was presented & delivered to the said Peter a writ of the lord the King from the Chancery of England to prohibit him from suing in the said court of Christianity, who setting at naught that royal prohibition continued to sue as at first. And thereupon the lord the King now sent his writ to Matthew de la Court bailiff of this island to attach the said Peter by his body, so that he shall have it before the lord the King in the octaves of Holy Trinity last past wheresoever &c. to answer thereon to the lord the King, on account of which as well at the suit of the lord the King as at the suit of the said Luke, it was commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount to attach the said Peter by his body, so that they shall have him before the justices here to take his trial therein &c. And on Sunday before the first day of the eyre long after dinner two of the justices here, to wit, John & John sitting in the court of the lord the King here for certain causes, Ralph parson of the Church of the Forest, Dean of Guernsey, came into the said court & admonished the said justices on behalf of the said Bishop of Coutances & his official, under pain of excommunication & 100 marks by way of penalty incurred in the action of the said official, not to intermeddle themselves in anything concerning the said Peter or his goods or possessions. And beyond this the said Dean claimed from the said justices that a certain John Estour, whom the Provost & Bailiffs had formerly imprisoned in the castle of the lord the King on account of his acts, to be liberated inasmuch as he was a clerk &c. And the justices answered him with good zeal that he should come on the morrow before them in judgment & they would freely do what of right ought to be done. And the Dean thus withdrew. And on the morrow the said Dean did not come to judgment but as at first after dinner he came to them in the court of the lord

ŕđcm Joñem ut clicu s' libari. Et cū Justiĉ respondissent et qđ huj⁹ libaĉoes facieude fũnt in Juđo e Eĵo ut loci ordinario. Idem Decanus dixit se pferre ex decreto qđ quibuscumq, loco e hora pefet Clicos p ministros Reĝ incarĉatos deberet⁽¹⁾ statim sibi libari. Et ibidm statim citavit ipos Justiciař qđ in c'sũio fuissent psonatr coram ipo in capiũlo suo sũ pena exĉoicaĉois tĉ ad deliband ei predcm clicum vř ad ostendend Canonicũ quare illud faĉe nũ debuisse. Et q, huj⁹ moñicoes e citaĉoes mañie e manifeste cedunt in contemptũ dñi Reĝ e picłm exheredaĉois Corone sue cũ nec loco debito ut forma debita fĉe pceptũ fuit marescallo p Justiĉ qđ attachi ŕđcm Decanũ p corp⁹ suũ tĉ. Ita qđ heret ipm ad standũ recto tĉ. Et Decanus postea duct⁹ in Judm tĉ e sup hiis allocut⁹ nũ potest doĉe qđ Eĵs aliquas tras sibi fecisset ad petend clicos nec aliquid de pmissis potest dediĉe nec t̄ potest dediĉe quin de consuetudie hacten⁹ hic usitata clici petendi sunt p Eĵm vř ejus Comissař et in Juđo tĉ nec deb Decanus durantibz assisis dñi Reĝ tenere capitłm n' p licenciam Justiciarioz ob urgentem causam nec infra mañia dñi Reĝ debet aliquod officiũ exĉere. Iđo predcus Decanus cõmittit' p'sone dñi Reĝ inde redimendus tĉ. Et predcus Petrus diu diffugiens tĉ tandem attachiat⁹ fuit p marescall e explorat⁹ tĉ. Et sup pmissõ occasionatus tĉ nichil pmissõz potest dedicere nec aliud scit dicere p se nisi tantum qđ dicit qđ sibi bene licuit sequi in Cuř xpianitatis de pđctis arreragiis pđci redditus q, diĉ qđ pđca arreragũ sunt debita mobilia que ponere potest in testamento suo et sic inde mere spectat cogniĉo ad forum ecĉliasticum. Et q, predcus Petrus tenet tras suas de ipo dño Rege et sic coūtplitat Jus ipius dñi Reĝ e regalem dignitatem Corone sue e nũ potest dediĉe quin p̄t bre dñi Reĝ de phibicõe sibi libatũ secut⁹ fuit inde in Cuř xpianitatis sicut e ante. Iđo ip̄e cõ-

(1) Sic.

the King behaving as at first in contempt, & claiming the said John as a clerk to be delivered up to him. And when the justices answered that such deliveries were to be made in judgment & to the Bishop as ordinary of the place, the said Dean said that he would cite from a decree that at whatever place & hour he shall claim clerks imprisoned by the officers of the lord the King they ought immediately to be delivered to him. And thereupon he immediately cited the said justices to be before him personally on the morrow in his chapter under pain of excommunication &c. to deliver to him the said clerk or to show by canon law why they should not do this. And because such admonitions & citations greatly & manifestly are in contempt of the lord the King & to the danger of the disinheri- tance of his Crown, because they were not made in due place or form, it was commanded to the marshall by the justices that they should attach the said Dean by his body &c., so that he shall have him to take his trial therein &c. And the Dean was afterwards brought to judgment &c., and being questioned upon these things cannot show that the Bishop issued to him any writs to claim clerks nor can he gainsay anything of the premises, nor also can he gainsay but that the customs hitherto used here of claiming a clerk are by the Bishop or his commissary & in judgment &c., nor ought the Dean during the assizes of the lord the King to hold his chapter except with the license of the justices for an urgent reason, nor within the manors of the lord the King ought he to exercise his office in any way. Therefore the said Dean is committed to the prison of the lord the King to be ransomed therefrom &c. And the said Peter long avoiding arrest was at length attached & [his person] assured by the marshall &c., and being called upon to answer as to the premises &c. cannot gainsay anything of the premises & does not know anything else to say for himself except only that he says that it was quite lawful for him to sue in the court of Christianity for the aforesaid arrears of the said rent, because he said that the aforesaid arrears are mobiliary debts which he can put in his will, & so the cognisance thereof wholly belongs to the ecclesiastical court. And because the said Peter holds his lands of the said lord the King & so counterpleads the right of the said lord the King & the royal dignity of his Crown & cannot gainsay but that after the writ of prohibition of the lord the King was delivered to him he sued in the court of Christianity as before. Therefore he is committed to the prison of the

mittitur p'sone dñi Regē inde redimendus tē. Et terī Redd e catalla sua capiant' in mañ dñi Regē. Et Vič respond' dño Regi de exiī tē q̄diu dño Regi placuit. Et sunt catalla ejus preč blada quadraginta e un^o solid terre ejus e redd in Parochi Šci Petri port^o se extendunt p anñ scilč redd's una cū locağ domoꝝ ad iiij li. xvij s. vj d. Et terre ejus valent p anñ vij q̄ fri et ij busš et iij danereſt. Et bladum ejus seminatū in eađm parochia valet hec anno LX s. Iñm de redd in poch Šci Andr ij s. et j q̄r fri et ix danereſt fri una cum pticla terre que valet p anñ viij d. Iñm in poch de Bellosa p̄dcus Petr^o habet quandam pticlam terre in clauso de Belecroute que valet p anñ j caš fri p̄c redd. Habet t̄ reddm ibid de f̄ro qui se extendit ad vj q̄r et j pañ et j capoñ fiet t̄ in poch Šci Sampsonis reddm j q̄r fri de duabz peč fre quas Robtus Mackes tenet. Et in poch Šce Marie redditm̄ j caš fri sup j peč fre quam Joñnes de Cuř tenet. Et q̄ p̄dcus Math's Balts tē nō potest dediče q'n p̄dcs Petř sepius fuit in ejus p̄sencia. Ita qđ cum attachi posset si voluisset. Iō in m̄ia. Postea veñ amici p̄dci Petri e offerunt dño Regi quat' viginti libr p̄ p̄dcis t̄ns tē et fris e cataſt suis reñend' unde medietas ponet' in sufferenciam e alia medieř ponet' in suñ. Et Balts una cū Receptore respond' de pleğ. Injunctū est t̄ p̄dco Ballo qđ retineat corpus p̄dci Decani in p'sona quousq; investia sufficientem secuř de quadraginta libr, unde simitr medietas ponet' in sufferenciam sup portū suū e alia medietas ponet' in suñ.

(M. 22.) **Adhuc de plitis Corone** de manucaptis qui non venerunt.

Gerneř. Colinus filius Eglent' Renof manucapt^o p Guillm Caun Radm de
Šci Samp's Capella Guillmnage p eo qđ indictat^o fuit

lord the King to be ransomed therefrom &c. And his lands, rents & chattels are taken into the hands of the lord the King. And the Viscount shall answer to the lord the King of the revenues &c. as long as it shall please the lord the King. And his chattels are the said corn 41 sols; his lands & rents in the parish of St. Peter-Port extend by the year, to wit, the rent together with the letting of the houses to 4 livres 7 sols 6 deniers. And his lands are worth by the year 7 quarters of wheat & 2 bushels & 3 small bushels. And his corn sown in the same parish is worth this year 60 sols. Also of rent in the parish of St. Andrew 2 sols & one quarter of wheat & 9 small bushels of wheat together with a piece of land which is worth by the year 8 deniers. Also in the parish of St. Martin de Bellouse the aforesaid Peter has a certain piece of land in the close of Bel-croute which is worth by the year one measure of wheat of the said rent. He has also a rent there of wheat which extends to 6 quarters & 1 loaf & 1 capon. He has also in the parish of St. Sampson the rent of 1 quarter of wheat of 2 pieces of land which Robert Mackes holds. And in the parish of St. Mary [de Câtel] the rent of one measure of wheat upon one piece of land which John de la Court holds. And because the said Matthew the Bailiff &c. cannot gainsay but that the said Peter was often in his presence, so that he could attach him if he had wished therefore he is to be amerced. Afterwards came the friends of the said Peter & offered to the lord the King 80 livres for the said transgression & to have again his lands & chattels whereof the moiety is deferred, & the other moiety is paid down. And the Bailiff together with the Receiver shall answer for the pledges, & it is enjoined also to the said Bailiff to retain the body of the said Dean in prison until he shall find sufficient security of 40 livres, whereof likewise the moiety may be mortgaged upon his income & the other moiety shall be paid down.

(M. 22.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons on bail
who did not come.

Guernsey. Colin son of Eglent Renouf bailed by William Caun, Ralph de
St. Sampson. la Chapelle, William for that he was

qd insultavit in via regia de nocte Guillm Markes e eū v̄ba.....
.....avit p quod sanguis t̄c et claĩ de harou levat^o fuit, nō veñ.
Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} m..... nō veñ. Ido cap^r cū veñit.
Et testatū est qđ p̄dcs Colinus obiit. Ido nich de

Cast̄r. Guillm de Castro manucapt^o p Ričm de Cuř e Petrū de Cuř p
eo qđ indictat^o fuit nocte Radm de Boure
in domo sua e eū v̄bavit e g^{vi} vul̄avit p quod sanguis
..... pleġ sui in g^{vi} m̄a.

Sci P. in portu. Jonett^o Dire manucapt^o p Petrū Polard Joħnem Pollard e Jord
Dire de eo qđ indictat^o fuittavit de nocte
Guillm le Barber et eū v̄bavit non veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} m̄a.
Et p̄d Jone..... veñ die sabbi et est in p^lsona. Postea
fecit finē p x

Ričus de Curia de bosco manucapt^o p Oliřm de la Fontele e
Colinū Estur p eo qđ indictat^o fuit q₃ insultavit de nocte Salvatū
Martin e eū vul̄avit no veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} m̄a. Et q₃ nō
maleč de aliis malefactis. Ido redeat si voluerit et capiatur cū veñit.

Perrot^o le Roy manucapt^o p Petrū Joħ e Joħnem Viger p eo qđ
indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit noctanť salvatū Martin e eū v̄bavit e
vul̄av̄ t̄c nō veñ. Ido p̄t sui in g^{vi} m̄a. Et q₃ nō maleč^r de aliis
malefctis Ido redeat si voluit et cap^r cum veñit. Et sciend qđ idm
Perrot^o p̄t veñ e finem feč.

Jonett^o Pian manucapt^o p Radm Gautier p eo qđ indictat^o fuit
qđ insultav̄ de nocte Guillm Basset et eū v̄bavit e g^{vi} vul̄avit p
quod sanguis t̄c nō veñ. Ido p̄t suos in m̄a. Et q₃ nō maleč^r de
allis malefctis. Ido redeat si voluerit e cap^r cum veñit.

indicted for assaulting in the King's high-way by night William Markes & wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges are to be heavily amerced. did not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come. And it is witnessed that the said Colin is dead, therefore nothing of

Câtel.

William de Câtel bailed by Richard de la Court & Peter de la Court for that he was indicted by night Ralph de Boure in his house beat & seriously wounded him whereby blood his pledges to be heavily amerced.

St. Peter-Port.

Jonett Dire bailed by Peter Polard John Pollard & Jordan Dire for that he was indicted,..... assaulted by night William le Barber & struck him, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And the said Jonett came on Saturday & is in prison. Afterwards he compounded for 10

Richard de la Court of St. Peter's in the Wood bailed by Oliver de la Fontele & Colin Estur for that he was indicted for assaulting by night Salvatus Martin & wounding him, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings, therefore let him come again if he wish & be taken when he shall come.

Perrot le Roy bailed by Peter John & John Viger for that he was indicted for assaulting by night Salvatus Martin & striking & wounding him &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him return if he wish & be taken when he shall come. And be it known that the said Perrot afterwards came & compounded.

Jonett Pian bailed by Ralph Gautier for that he was indicted for assaulting by night William Basset & striking & severely wounding him whereby blood &c. did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him come again if he wish & be taken when he shall come.

- Salvaĩ Guiff Corlu manucaĩ p Henř Nicole e Guillm Roger p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ vulřavit Thoĩ Bele p quod sanguis tĉ et claĩ de hareu levat^o fuit nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et
- obiit añ tĉ
- Šci P. in poř. Colinus de Val de Serk manucaĩ p Joĩnem du Val Rořtum Pře, e Erm. Peř Peintefleur, Joĩnem Peintefleur e Aleř du Val p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit in mař Rořtum le Venous de Erm e eũ g^{vi} vulřavit p quod sang^{'s} tĉ e claĩ de harou levat^o fuit, nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et tesĩ est qđ obiit añ suĩ Itiřis tĉ. Īo nich de mĩa.
- Sampš Riĉ Wakelin e Rořt^o Wakelyn manucaĩ p Robĩm Beaunenon e Pħm de Capella sup hoc qđ indictati řřunt qđ freğunt domũ Guilli de Haddy e asptařunt bona sua ad valenř x liř Tuř. nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ eoğ in g^{vi} mĩa. Et řtea veĩ řđci Riĉus e Rořtus et patz de eis in Rořlo in deliřacōe gaol.
- Rořt^o Dorenge manucařt^o p Jord Testart e Jord Mengis p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ iře simul cũ Riĉo e Rořto Waclin freğunt domũ Guilli de Hady et asptařunt bona sua ad valenĉ x li tuř nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et řtea veĩ řđcs Rořts et patz de eo in Rořlo de deliřacone gaol.
- Šci P. in poř. Mich de Graunceys manucařt^o p Guillm Mař e Joĩnem Eřye p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ fuř fuit garbas Rořti Turgys nō veĩ. Iđo pĩ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et postea diu reddidit se přone. Et patz de eo in deliřacōe gaole.
- Andř Emmelota Hane manucaĩ p Petrũ Hane pro eo qđ indictata fuit qđ řřavit uřem Phi Tostein e eam vulřavit p quod sanguis tĉ no veĩ. Iđo pĩ suis in mĩa. Et postea veĩ e patet alibi de ea tĉ.
- Mich de Graunceys manucařt^o p Guiffm le Courle Guiff le Mire e Joĩnem Paynel sup hoc qđ indictat^o fuit qđ fuř fuit garbas Riĉi de

William Corlu bailed by Henry Nicole & William Roger for that he was indicted for wounding Thomas Bele whereby blood &c., and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced and

St. Peter-Port
and Herm.

Colin du Val of Sark bailed by John du Val, Robert Philip, Peter Peintefleur, John Peintefleur & Alexander du Val for that he was indicted for assaulting at sea Robert le Venous of Herm & severely wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come, therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And it is witnessed that he died before the summons of the eyre &c. Therefore no amercement.

St. Sampson.

Richard Wakelin & Robert Wakelyn bailed by Robert Beauneon & Philip de la Chapelle for that they were indicted for breaking into the house of William de Haddy & carrying away his goods to the value of 10 livres Tournois, did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Richard & Robert came & it appears concerning them in the roll in the gaol delivery.

Robert Dorenge, bailed by Jordan Testart & Jordan Mengis for that he was indicted that he together with Richard & Robert Waclin broke into the house of William de Hady & carried away his goods to the value of 10 livres Tournois, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Robert came & it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

St. Peter-Port.

Michael de Graunceys, bailed by William Mahier & John Everye for that he was indicted for stealing the sheaves of Robert Turgys, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And a long time after he gave himself up a prisoner. And it appears about him in gaol delivery.

St. Andrew.

Emmelota Hane, bailed by Peter Hane for that she was indicted for striking the wife of Philip Tostein & wounding her whereby blood &c. did not come. Therefore her pledges to be amerced. And afterwards she came & it appears elsewhere concerning her &c.

Michael de Graunceys, bailed by William le Courle, William le Mire & John Paynel upon this that he was indicted for stealing the

la Bete nō veñ. Ido p̄t sui in ḡvi m̄ia. Et postea veñ p̄d Mich̄ e redd̄ se p̄sone. Et patz de eo in delibācoe Gaole.

Thoñ Elyes manucapt^o p̄ Petrū le Fournier Joñnem le Jumel Guilm̄ le Mire e Ričm̄ Beky pro eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ fū fuit garbas Riči de la Bete nō veñ. Ido p̄t sui in ḡvi m̄ia. Et postea veñ p̄d Thoñ e redd̄ se p̄sone et patz de eo in delibācoe Gaol̄.

Šci P. in poř.

Robt^o le Peletier manucapt^o p̄ Andř Alx̄ Joñnem le Boure e Guilm̄ de Maret p̄ eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ vulsavit noctan^l Galfr̄m le Paster in domo sua p̄ quod clañ de harou levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido p̄t sui in ḡvi m̄ia. Et p̄dcus Robt^o p̄t veñ die Sabbi e est in p̄sona postea fecit fine p̄

Foresta

Guilf̄ de Hurel manucapt^o p̄ Guilm̄ le Kanele Joñnem Euerye Radm̄ Wyteclin pro eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ fū fuit Cunicloš đni Reğ cum retiis e furettis, nō veñ, Ido p̄t sui in ḡvi m̄ia. Et inf̄ius de eo.

Reginald Joliet manucapt^o p̄ Petrum Naom e Henř de Cultura de eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ fū fuit Cuniclos đni Reğ cum retiis e furett̄, no veñ. Ido pleğ sui in ḡvi m̄ia. Postea veñ pred̄ Regiñ die Sabbi e Galfo de la Sale qui eū manucep̄, qui postea veñ e bñ cogñ qđ ipe cepit cuniclos illos sed dicit qđ ipe fuit testis etatis e hoc fecit p̄ abbettū e instigačom̄ Guilli Durel qui simitr̄
..... dediče quin cepit cuniclos illos simi cū p̄dco Regiñ Joliet e Rađo le M..... potest hoc dediče. Ido oñes cōmittant^r Gaole et sunt oñes infra ejusđ Regiñ remittit^r Galfo de la Salle. Et inven.....
..... Petř Naom e Ričm̄ frem̄ ejus.

sheaves of Richard de la Bete, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Michael came & gave himself up a prisoner. And it appears concerning him in the gaol delivery.

Thomas Elyes, bailed by Peter le Fournier, John le Jumel, William le Mire & Richard Beky for that he was indicted for stealing the sheaves of Richard de la Bete, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Thomas came & gave himself up a prisoner, & it appears concerning him in the gaol delivery.

St. Peter-Port.

Robert le Peletier, bailed by Andrew Alexander, John le Boure & William du Marais for that he was indicted for wounding by night Geoffrey le Paster in his house wherefore 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And the aforesaid Robert afterwards came on Saturday & is in prison. Afterwards he compounded for

The Forest.

William de Hurel, bailed by William le Kanely, John Everye, Ralph Wyteclin for that he was indicted for stealing the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And below concerning him.

Reginald Joliet, bailed by Peter Naom & Henry de Cultura for that he was indicted for stealing the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards came the said Reginald on Saturday & to Walter de la Sale who bailed him, who afterwards came & fully acknowledged that he took those conies but said that he was of tender age & did this by the abetment & instigation of William Durel who likewise [cannot] gainsay but that he took those conies together with the said Reginald Joliet & Ralph le M..... [cannot] gainsay this. Therefore they are all committed to gaol & all are under [age] of the said Reginald he is handed over to Walter de la Sale, & found Peter Naom & Richard his brother.

(M. 22 d.) **Adhuc de plifis Gorone** de manucaptis qui non veſunt.

..... fit Riçi Ode Jonett^o le Barber Jonett^o le Plemonceys
Colin^o fit Roſti Denys senior e la Kannette manucaḗ p
Guillm le Barber dētm Porthors Roſtū Denys e Guillm le Kannett
..... qđ indictati fſunt qđ noctant̃ freḡunt hostia
Relicte Petⁱ Larker e dēe la Begine e dēe la
e hostia Guilli le Neveu no veñ. Ido p̄t eoḡ p̄ quolibz pred̄ctoḡ in
g^{vi} m̄ia. P^otea die Sabbi veñ p̄d̄cti Jonett^o le Barber e
Jonett^o le Plemonceys et sunt in p̄sona. Et om̄es p̄d̄ci
fecerunt finem sicut patz alibi.

obiit

Joñnes filius Dyoniſ Jordañ Joñnes Esturnel e Jonett^o fit d̄cti
Joñnis manucaḗ p̄ Dyoniſ Jord̄ p̄ eo qđ indictati fſunt
qđ noctant̃ insultaḡunt Colinū Corbyn in via regia et eū vulñaḡunt p̄
quod sanguis t̄c e claḡm de harou levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido
p̄d̄ctus Jord̄ p̄t t̄c p̄ quolibz eoḡ in g^{vi} m̄ia. Et

Colin^o Bauge Junior e Aug^otinus de S̄bmolend̄io manucaḗ p̄
Radm Bauge Roſtum Blaunche et P̄hm de S̄bmolend̄io p̄ eo qđ in-
dictati fſunt qđ p̄ abbettū e exploraḡōm suam feḡunt quosdam mali-
volos ḡbare e robiaḡ quend̄ Normannū in molend̄io d̄ni Reḡ existentē
ult̄ multuram bladi t̄c non veñ. Ido pleḡ siu in g^{vi} m̄ia. Et pred̄
Colinus nō malec^r de hoc maleḡō nec de alio. Ido redeat si volſit.
Et pred̄ctus Aug^otinus fuḡ e malec^r et alibi patz de eo.

Salvaḡ

Guillotus fit Roſti Blaunche manucaḗ per Roſtum Blaunche
Jord̄m Geruays e Colinū Bolenḡ p̄ eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit
noctant^r Ricm̄ le Mouner in molend̄io d̄ni Reḡ p̄ quod claḡm de Harou
levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido pleḡ sui in g^{vi} m̄ia. Et q̄ nō malec^r de
aliis maleḡia. Ido redeat si voluerit et cap^r cum veſit.

(M. 22 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of those persons bailed who did not come.

..... son of Richard Ode, Jonett le Barber, Jonett le Plemonceys, Colin son of Robert Denys, senior & la Kanneite, bailed by William le Barber—called Porthors, Robert Denys & William le Kanneite for that they were indicted that by night they broke open the doors of the widow of Peter Larker & called la Begine & called la & the doors of William le Neveu, did not come. Therefore their pledges for each of them to be heavily amerced. Afterwards on Saturday came the said Jonett le Barber & Jonett le Plemonceys & they are in prison. And all aforesaid compounded as appears elsewhere.

He is dead.

John son of Dyonisius Jordan, John Esturnel & Jonett son of the said John, bailed by Dionisius Jordan for that they were indicted of assaulting by night Colin Corbyn in the King's high-way & wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore the aforesaid Jordan pledge &c. for each of them to be heavily amerced. And

Colin Bauge junior & Augustin du Sous-moulin, bailed by Ralph Bauge, Robert Blaunche & Philip du Sous-moulin for that they were indicted that by their abetment & snares they caused certain ill-natured men to rob & they robbed a certain Norman being in the mill of the lord the King of more than the toll of the corn &c. did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. And the aforesaid Colin is not suspected of this wrong-doing nor of any other. Therefore let him return if he will. And the said Augustin fled & is suspected & elsewhere it appears concerning him.

St. Saviour.

Guillot son of Robert Blaunche bailed by Robert Blaunche, Jordan Gervays & Colin Boulanger for that he is indicted of assaulting by night Richard le Mouner in the mill of the lord the King wherefore 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him return if he will & be taken when he shall come.

Guillot⁹ Blaunche manucapt⁹ p Robtū Blaunche Colinū Bolanġ Jord Geruais e Drogonē Auerre ꝑ eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuī unū baconē Galiene de vivario nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} miā. Et

Colinus le Marchaunt manucaḡ p Drogonē Henry Radm de Vivař e Joġem filiū ej⁹ pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit de furto uni⁹ baconis Rici de Kemino nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in miā. Et sciend qđ ꝑđcti pleġ reddiderunt se ꝑsone dni Reġ ꝑ ꝑđcto Colino ꝑmo die Itiñis. Et

Sampš Emma uř Luce Greyn davoyne manucaḡ p Radm Renof e Guillm Berod de eo qđ indictata fuit qđ iḡa sḡtraxit bona đcti Luce Mariti sui cont^a voluntatē suam, nō veñ. Ido ꝑf sui in gravi miā. Et postea veñ ꝑđ Emma e redd se ꝑsone. Et patz de ea in delibacōe Gaole.

Salvař Robtus de Vivař manucaḡ p Radm de Vivariis de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ asptavit Wreckū đni Reġ cont^a pacem tē videlř de una nave flandř aventuř apđ Kaubo qui quidem Robs inventus fuit seisit⁹ de Wrecco predco e capt⁹ p đnm Robtū de Hady e Joġnem le Markaunt tunc ꝑꝑoitū tē nō veñ. Ido pleġ suos in miā. Postea ꝑđctus Robtus veñ die mřcuř tē et est in ꝑsone.

Ričus Bloundel manucapt⁹ p Robtū de Gorrys, Colinū Blondel et Jordanū Geruays ꝑ eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuī fuit rayas ꝑ pat'am, nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in miā.

Andř oř ante tē Gemin⁹ Gilbt manucapt⁹ p Ričm de la Bete e Guillotū Gilbt pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ insultavit Guillm Melege in domo sua tē nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in miā. Et

Jonett⁹ Cloet manucaḡ p Jordanū Cloet seniorē e Jordanū Cloet Juniorem pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ vḡavit de nocte Jonettū le Bretoun in via regia ꝑ quod sanguis tē et clañ de harou levat⁹

Guillot Blaunche, bailed by Robert Blaunche, Colin Boulanger, Jordan Gervais & Drogo Averre for that he was indicted of stealing one pig of Galien du Vivier did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And

Colin le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry, Ralph du Vivier & John his son for that he was indicted of stealing one pig of Richard Duchemin, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And be it known that the said pledges gave themselves up as prisoners of the lord the King for the said Colin on the first day of the eyre. And

St. Sampson.

Emma the wife of Luke Grain d'Avoine, bailed by Ralph Renouf & William Berod for that she was indicted of taking away the goods of the said Luke her husband against his will, did not come. Therefore her pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the aforesaid Emma came & gave herself up a prisoner. And it appears concerning her in the gaol delivery.

St. Saviour.

Robert du Vivier, bailed by Ralph du Vivier was indicted for that he took wreck of the lord the King against the peace, &c., to wit, of a ship of Flanders stranded at Cobo : which said Robert was found seised of the aforesaid wreck & taken by the said Robert de Hady & John le Marchant then Provost &c. did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards the said Robert came on Wednesday &c. and he is in prison.

Richard Blondel, bailed by Robert de Gorrays, Colin Blondel & Jordan Gervays for that he was indicted for stealing ray-fish throughout the country, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

He died before &c.

St. Andrew.

Geminus Gilbert, bailed by Richard de la Bete & Guillot Gilbert for that he was indicted for assaulting William Melege in his house &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And

Jonett Cloet, bailed by Jordan Cloet senior & Jordan Cloet junior for that he was indicted of striking by night Jonett le Breton in the King's high-way whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro'

fuit nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in m̃ia. Postea p̃dcus Jonett^o veñ die M^ocuř e est in p^osona t̃c.

Castr Rad̃ Mengis manucapt^o p Radm de Capella e Ricm de Capella sup hoc qđ indictat^o fuit qđ abduxit uxem Joħnis le Disme una cum bonis suis, nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in m̃ia. Et

Sci P. in poř. Guiff Huĝland manucapt^o p Henř Godeyne e Guillm Hambir' p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ emit unū bidentē furtivū de Guifflo Germeyn latrone t̃c, nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in m̃ia. Et p̃t veñ p̃dci Guiff e Guills et patz de eis in delibačone gaol.

Salvař Colinus le Markaunt manucapt^o p Drogonem Henř Joħnem Turgy et Matĝm de Castro sup t^o fuit de furto duoz bidentiu Colini Nicole nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in m̃ia. Et pleĝ reddiderunt se p^osone dñi Reĝ p p̃dcto Colino p^omo die Itiřis.

(M. 23.) **Adhuc de p̃lisis Gorone** de manucaptis qui non venerunt.

Gerneř. Mathus le Markaunt manucapt^o p Drogonem Henř et Matĝm
Salvař de Castro sup hoc qđ indictat^o cum Colino le Markaunt fuř fřunt duas bidentes Colini Nicole nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in m̃ia veñ.

Sci p. in poř. Johanetta Wylon manucapta p Michem Wilon e Geminū Hanalet pro eo qđ indictata Henricū Howe in cimiterio Sci Petri p quod sanguis t̃c e claĝm de harou levat^o fuit pleĝ sui in gravi m̃ia. Et postea veñ. Et fecit finē p xvij s. pplm Petroniř le

Sampř Petr^o de Monte manucapt^o p Ričm le Mouner Peř Bely e Radm le Rey sup eo qđ fuit qđ insultavit noctanř in via dñi Reĝ Guillotū le Rey et eum vulřavit p quod sanguis t̃c et

was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Wednesday & is in prison &c.

Câtel. Ralph Mengis, bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle & Richard de la Chapelle upon this that he was indicted for taking away the wife of John le Disme together with his goods, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And

St. Peter-Port. William Huberland, bailed by Henry Godeyne & William Hambir for that he was indicted for buying one stolen sheep from William Germain, a thief &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And afterwards the said William and William came, & it appears concerning them in the gaol delivery.

St. Saviour. Colin le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry, John Turgys & Matthew de Câtel for [that he was indicted] for stealing 2 sheep of Colin Nicole did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And pledges gave themselves up as prisoners of the lord the King for the said Colin on the first day of the eyre.

(M. 23.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of those persons bailed who did not come.

Guernsey. Matthew le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry & Matthew de Câtel upon this that he was indicted with Colin le Marchant for stealing 2 ewes of Colin Nicolle did not come. Therefore his pledges are to be amerced he came.

St. Peter-Port. Johanetta Wylon, bailed by Michael Wilon & Gemanus Hanalet for that she was indicted [for assaulting] Henry Howe in the cemetery of St. Peter-port whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards she came & compounded for 18 sols by the pledge of Petronilla le

St. Sampson. Peter du Mont, bailed by Richard le Mouner, Peter Bely & Ralph le Rey for that he was [indicted] for assaulting by night in the King's high-way Guillot le Rey & wounding him whereby blood &c.

et clamor de harou levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{avi} m^{ia}. Et
.....

Forestġ Remondus Joġnis manucapt^o p Guillm Guiff Matġm Denys Ricġm le Counte e Raulinū Johan p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ cepat Cuniculos dñi Reġ cum retiis e furett non veñ. Ido pleġ sui in gravi m^{ia}.

Sci P. in poġ. Joġnes de Plemonceys manucapt^o p Ricġm de Vivariis Petrū Royman e Guillm Maheu p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ g^{avi} vulneravit quendam Normanū et statim fugit ad eccliam tċ. Et postea reddidit se p'sone tċ. Et inde fuit manucapt^o p p̄ctos tċ et Ido pleġ sui in g^{avi} m^{ia}. Et p̄tea die Sabbi veñ p̄ctus Joġnes et est in p'sona tċ.

Salvaġ Joġnes filius Guilli Fabri de Parela manucapt^o p Ricġm Esmaunceys Drogonē Henġ Robtū de la Rowe e Jordanū Geruays pro eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit de nocte in via dñi Reġ Guillm le Rey e eum v̄bavit e g^{avi} vuln̄avit p quod sanguis tċ et claġm de harou levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido pleġ siu in gravi m^{ia}. Postea die v̄ñis veñ p̄ctus Joġnes et est in p'sona tċ.

Joġnes de Rocheford manucapt^o p Ricġm Heriche sup hoc qđ indictat^o fuit qđ ipe simul cum Joġne filio Guilli Fabri de Parella insultaġ de nocte in via dñi Reġ Guillm le Rey e eum vuln̄aġ p quod claġm de harou levat^o fuit non veñ. Ido pleġ suus in g^{avi} m^{ia}. Postea veñ p̄ctus Ric die v̄ñis et est in p'sona tċ.

Sampġ Petr^o de Roker e Guiff fit ejus manucapti p Joġnem de p^{to} Joġnem de Roker e Colinū la Mustenk pro eo qđ indictati f̄nt qđ fregunt de nocte fenestrā Relicte Robti Sarre p quod claġm de harou levatus fuit non veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{avi} m^{ia}. Postea veñ p̄d Petr^o die Jovis et est in p'sona tċ. Et p̄ed Guiff veñ die Sabbi et est in p'sona tċ.

and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And

The Forest. Remond John, bailed by William Fitz-William, Matthew Denys, Richard le Counte & Raulin John for that he was indicted of taking the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

St. Peter-Port. John de Plemonceys, bailed by Richard du Vivier, Peter Royman & William Maheu for that he was indicted that he severely wounded a certain Norman & immediately fled to the Church &c. And afterwards he gave himself up a prisoner &c. And therein was bailed by the aforesaid &c. and therefore his pledges are to be heavily amerced. And afterwards on Saturday the said John came & he is in prison &c.

St. Saviour. John son of William Faber, of La Perelle, bailed by Richard Esmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Robert de la Rowe & Jordan Gervays for that he was indicted of assaulting by night in the King's high-way William le Rey & of beating and severely wounding him, whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards on Friday the said John came & he is in prison &c.

John de Rocheford, bailed by Richard Heriche for that he was indicted of having together with John son of William Faber of La Perelle assaulted by night in the King's high-way William le Rey & wounded him whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Richard came on Friday & is in prison &c.

St. Sampson. Peter de Roker & William, his son, bailed by John de Prato, John de Roker & Colin la Mustenk for that they were indicted of breaking by night the windows of the widow of Robert Sarre whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Peter came on Thursday & is in prison &c. And the said William came on Saturday & is in prison &c.

Jonett⁹ fit Jořdi Mengis manucapt⁹ p Guillotū Mengis et Colinū le Maignen pro eo qđ indictatus fuit qđ fregit de nocte fenestram Relicte Robti Sarre p quod claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit non veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Postea veĩ đctus Jonett⁹ die Marĩ e est in p'sona tč.

Andř

Pħa le Fraunket manucaġ p Joħnem Eħie e Ričm le Fraunket p eo qđ indicĩ fuit qđ recettavit Simonettam filiam Joħnis le Markaunt Juvenam una cum bonis ĩpius Joħnis non veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Postea pđ Pħa veĩ die Joř e est in p'sona tč. Et patz de ea in Rořlo de delibačoe Gaole.

Sampř

Guiff de Capella senior manucapt⁹ p Radm de Capella Guillm Canoun e Colinū Vivien pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ malicōse cepit equū Relicte Henř Turgys nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Postea veĩ pđctus Guiff die Jovis et est in p'sona tč. Et patz de eo in Rořlo de delibačoe Gaol.

Jonett⁹ Cloet manucapt⁹ p Raulinū Johan Joħnem Geruays et Jořđ Cloet pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ receptavit latrones fuř Cunictos đni Reğ et fuit partē cum eis tč nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in mĩa. Postea veĩ pđ Jonett⁹ die Jovis et est in p'sona tč.

(M. 23 d.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone de manucaptis qui non venerūt.

Abbas de Schirebourgh manucapt⁹ p Robtū Pħe de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ imprisonavit Guillm [La]loel fidelem tenentē đni Reğ contra pacem e coronam đni Reğ tč vocati nō veĩ. Iđo uřq, eoę in mĩa.

Vicecoĩ allocut⁹ de eo qđ p'sentavit Guillotū Blondel redditū fuisse p'sone đni Regi die Lune tč et sic remansisse in p'sona tota

Jonett son of Jordan Mengis, bailed by Guillot Mengis & Colin le Maignen for that he was indicted of breaking by night the window of the widow of Robert Sarre whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Tuesday & is in prison &c.

St. Andrew. Philippa le Fraunket, bailed by John Everie & Richard le Fraunket for that she was indicted for harbouring Simonetta the daughter of John le Marchant junior together with the goods of the said John, did not come. Therefore her pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Philippa came on Thursday & is in prison &c. And it appears concerning her in the roll of gaol delivery.

St. Sampson. William de la Chapelle senior, bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle William Canoun & Colin Vivien for that he was indicted of maliciously taking a horse of the widow of Henry Turgys, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said William came on Thursday & he is in prison &c. And it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

Jonett Cloet, bailed by Raulin Johan, John Gervays & Jordan Cloet for that he was indicted of harbouring thieves, stealing the conies of the lord the King, & taking part with them &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Thursday & he is in prison &c.

(M. 23 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons bailed who did not come.

The Abbot of Cherbourg, bailed by Robert Philippe for that he was indicted for imprisoning William Laloel a faithful tenant of the lord the King against the peace & Crown of the lord the King &c., being called did not come. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

The Viscount questioned for that he represented Guillot Blondel to have been given up a prisoner of the lord the King on Monday &c. and to have remained in prison the whole week, whereas the said

septim̄ ubi pređ Guillot⁹ visus fuit vagando in villa p̄dictis die Lune Mar̄ e M̄cūr t̄c veñ e dicit qđ laic⁹ est t̄c et qđ Rađ de Beauner sviens đni Ređ Ctic⁹ littat⁹ scripsit noīa p̄sonū redditoꝝ p̄dco die Lune p̄ p̄sentačom Constabulār t̄c et p̄dcus Rađ p̄sens nō potest dediče quin vidit p̄đ Guillotū ex̄a prisonā vagando p̄dictis diebz et scien̄ scripsit ip̄m esse imp̄sonatū ubi nō fuit t̄c. Ido cōmittat^r Gaole redimend̄ t̄c. Postea fecit finem p̄ C 3. de quibz solvet statim xx s̄ e residm̄ scđm portum suū ponit^r in respectū.

Forest̄ P̄ius Peitevin manucapt⁹ p̄ Mich̄em Cauchey s e Petrū Peytevin non veñ. Ido pleđ sui in m̄ia. Postea veñ die Sabbi e est in prisona t̄c qui postea veñ e attinct⁹ est qđ alias coram Mat̄io de Cūr tunc ballo e Jūr đni Ređ convict⁹ fuit qđ pcussit Colinū fr̄em suū e feč ei magnā plagā ei mutilavit eum de una dente p̄ quod sanguis t̄c. Et clām de harou levat⁹ fuit. Ido remañ in p̄sona redim̄d̄ t̄c.

Samp̄s Guillot⁹ de Capella senior manucapt⁹ p̄ Radm̄ de Capella seniorē e Guillotū de Capella le Petist pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ cepit Juvencū Relicte Hen̄r Turgys e illud detinuit p̄ xv dies cont̄a voluntatē suā nō veñ. Ido pleđ sui in m̄ia. Postea veñ p̄đ Guiff die Jovis e est in p̄sona.

Hen̄r de Capella e Guillot⁹ fr̄ eju⁹ senior e Rađs frał eoꝝđ manucapti p̄ Ričm̄ Savage Guillotū le Vareignon Martinū filiū Cecilia de Capella Rođtū Labbe Colinū le Maignen p̄ eo qđ indictati f̄funt qđ infjecert lapides adinvicem e fečunt alłutrū vulnus e sanḡnem t̄c non veñ. Ido p̄t eoꝝ in m̄ia. Postea die Jovis veñunt p̄đci Hen̄r e Guillot⁹ e sunt in p̄sona. Et pređ Rađ veñ die Sabbi e est in p̄sona.

Wale Joña filia Radi de la Fontelle manucapta p̄ Alanū le Provost nō veñ. Ido p̄t suus in m̄ia. Et p̄z de ea in alio Rođlo de manucař.

Guillot was seen wandering about in the village on the said Monday Tuesday & Wednesday &c. comes & says that he is a layman &c. and that Ralph de Beauner the Serjeant of the lord the King, a learned clerk, wrote the names of the prisoners given up on the said Monday by the presentment of the constables &c. and the said Ralph being present cannot deny that he saw the said Guillot wandering out of prison on the said days & knowing this wrote that he was imprisoned whereas he was not &c. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed &c. Afterwards he compounded for 100 sols, of which he shall pay 20 sols immediately & as to the remainder it stands over on the security of his income.

The Forest. Philip Petevin, bailed by Michel Caucheys & Peter Petevin, does not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards he came on Saturday & is in prison &c. who afterwards came & is attainted for that at another time before Matthew de la Court then Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King he was convicted of striking Colin, his brother, & of inflicting on him a severe wound & of knocking out one of his teeth whereby blood &c. and a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let him remain in prison to be ransomed &c.

St. Sampson. Guillot de la Chapelle senior bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle senior & Guillot de la Chapelle junior for that he was indicted for taking a steer of the widow of Henry Turgys & keeping it for 15 days against her will, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Guillot came on Thursday & is in prison.

Henry de la Chapelle & Guillot his elder brother & Ralph, their brother, bailed by Richard Savage, Guillot le Vairegnon, Martin son of Cecilia de la Chapelle, Robert Labey, Colin le Maignen, for that they were indicted of throwing stones at one another & wounding each other & drawing blood &c. did not come. Therefore their pledges to be amerced. Afterwards on Thursday the said Henry & Guillot came & are in prison. And the said Ralph came on Saturday & is in prison.

The Vale. Joan daughter of Ralph de la Fontelle, bailed by Alan le Provost, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And it appears concerning her in another roll of those bailed.

Cast̄r

Robinett⁹ fit Radi de Vivariis manucapt⁹ p Radm de Vivaĩ p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ implitavit Helenam filiam au Vechere in foro eccl'iastico de plito effusionis sang'nis non veñ. Iđo pleğ suos in miã. Postea veñ pđ Robinett⁹ die Sabbi e est in p'sone. Et feç finē p v. a.

Johannett⁹ Blondel manucapt⁹ p Robtum Bloundel pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ v̄bavit filiū Joh'nis de Caubo in litorio maris p qđ claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Iđo p̄t suos in miã. Postea die lune in vigit̄ Šci Joh'is bap̄te venerunt p̄dci Robtus e Johannett⁹ et idm Joh' fecit finem p t̄ns p XL s̄ p̄p̄m ip̄ius Robti et p miã LX s̄.

(M. 24.) **Plita apđ Serk** de eodm Itiñe die Jovis p̄x̄ post Octab̄
Šci Joh'nis usq; diem veñis
in crastinū ut de die in diem.

Serk.

Dñs Rex p Guiltm des Mareys qui sequitur pro eo optulit se quarto die vsus Robtum de plito advocaçois eccl'ie de Serk. Et vsus Nicfm Ep̄m Abrinceñ de plito advocaçois duaꝝrū eccl'ie de Serk. Et vsus Abbem de Monteburgñ de plito qđ idem Abbas simt̄ cū p'or̄ de Serk reddant ei unū molend̄ cum ptiñ in Serk que claĩ ut jus t̄c. Et p̄dci Ep̄i e Abba..... sum t̄c. Judm p̄dce advocaçois e Molend̄ t̄c cap̄ in mañ dñi Reḡ. Et dies t̄c. Et ip̄i suĩ qđ t̄c apđ Šcni Elerm̄ in Jerseye in c̄stio Šce Margar̄ v'igiñ t̄c. Idem dies datus est p̄dci in Banco. Postea ad diē illū apđ Šcm Eleř veñ p̄dcs P'or. Et ptulit quasđ iras sigill̄ sigillo p̄dci Abbis testant^r qđ iidem Abb e Cap̄lm cōstitũunt ip̄m gen̄alem attorñ e p̄cuř suū t̄c. Et dicit qđ quid dñs

Câtel. **Robinet** son of **Ralph du Vivier** bailed by **Ralph du Vivier**, for that he was indicted of having sued **Helen** daughter of **Vechere** in the Ecclesiastical Court concerning a complaint of assault did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards the said **Robinet** came on **Saturday** & is in prison. And he compounded for **5 sols**.

Johannet Blondel bailed by **Robert Blondel** for that he was indicted of beating the son of **John of Cobo** on the sea shore, whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards on **Monday** in the vigil of **St. John the Baptist** the said **Robert** & **Johannet** came, & the said **John** compounded for the transgression by the payment of **40 sols** by the pledge of the said **Robert** & by a fine of **60 sols**.

(M. 24.) **Pleas at Sark** of the same **Eyre** on **Thursday** next after the **Octaves of St. John** up to **Friday** on the morrow as from day to day.

Sark. The lord the **King** by **William des Mareys** who sues for him actioned on the **4th** day **Robert** concerning a plea of the advowson of the **Church of Sark**. And **Nicholas**, **Bishop of Avranches**, concerning a plea of the advowson of two of the **Church of Sark**. And the **Abbot of Montebourg** concerning a plea that the same **Abbot** together with the **Prior of Sark** should give up to him one mill with the appurtenances in **Sark**, which he claims as his right &c. And the aforesaid **Bishop** & **Abbot** were summoned &c. the judgment is that the aforesaid advowsons & mill &c. be taken into the hands of the lord the **King**. And a day &c. And the same are summoned that &c. at **St. Helier** in **Jersey** on the morrow of **St. Margaret the Virgin** &c. Also a day is given to the said in **King's Bench**. Afterwards at that day at **St. Helier** the said **Prior** came. And he produced certain letters sealed with the seal of the aforesaid **Abbot** witnessing that the said **Abbot** & the chapter had constituted him their general attorney & prector &c. And he

de Vernoun fuit dñs de Serk e ej⁹ pgenitores
dederāt p̄dco P'oratuī p̄dcm̄ moī quod p̄dcs Rad̄s coġn se teñe ad f̄m̄
vite sue ex..... f'mā t̄c̄ una cū iiij ac̄ f̄re q̄s̄ ip̄i modo
tenent e iiij^u singlis annis p̄cipiend̄ de redd̄ suo p̄ man⁹ receptoris
sui. Ita qđ possessio p'orat⁹ ubi ip̄e P'or est se
al̄ celeb̄ns⁹ t̄inve p̄ dño R̄ nō se extendit ad plusq̄m ad xv^u Turoñ
p̄ añ t̄c̄. Et Et totū hoc comptū est
p̄ Ju^r t̄c̄. Iō p̄mittit' ip̄os teñe siĉ tenent q^ousq; dñs Rex aliĉ inde
duxit ordinand̄.

Audita petiĉoe Drogonis Fausilioun petentis delibaĉoem sibi fieri
de sex virgā f̄re quas Radus ejus cuj⁹ heres t̄c̄ ante
tempus ultime guerre dimiserat Rađo Collochi ad firmā p̄ voluntate
suadendo sibi inde p̄ añ tres solid̄ q̄m̄ diu illas teneret t̄c̄
et simitr̄ audito responso Step̄hi filii ejusđ Radi qui totū
hoc concedit. Et oīnes testant' qđ f̄ra debet p̄dco hedi restitui. Ido
p̄dca f̄ra ei restit..... salvo jure cuj⁹libet et salva p̄dco Step̄ho me-
diate vesture crescentis in ead̄m f̄ra. Et p̄dcus redd̄s jam aretro
est p̄ quatuor annos. Ido Step̄hus inde respondeat dño Regi. Et
p̄dcus Drogo respondeat dño Regi de relevio.

Joñes du Val p̄ se e p̄ticibus suis petens vsus Rad̄m Ode de
octo peciis f̄re veñ. Et cōcord̄ sunt scil̄t qđ p̄dcus Joñes remisit
p̄dco Rađo oīnem exaĉoem de p̄dcis teñ. Et inde faciet ei audienciā
t̄c̄ et competentē securitatē p̄ p̄ticibz suis t̄c̄. Et p̄ hac t̄c̄ p̄dcus
Rad̄s dat p̄dco Joñi xx s̄. Et ufq; eoꝝ sit in m̄ia.

Riĉus Durel querit' cū ip̄e adiu est f̄cus fuisset hic p̄poit̄us p̄
Niĉm de Cheney tunc custodis Insulaꝝ t̄c̄ et id̄m Riĉus sic extitisset
p̄poit̄us a festo Šci Mich̄is usq; ad festum Pen̄i et tunc Radus Ode
paĉ Radi Ode qui nūc est f̄cus fuisset p̄poit̄us loco suo p̄ Priorem de

says that a certain lord de Vernon
was lord of Sark & his progenitors had given to the aforesaid Priory
the said mill which the aforesaid Ralph acknowledges that he holds
for the term of his life of farm &c. together
with 3 acres of land which they now hold & 4 livres every year to be
received from his revenue by the hand of his receiver. So that
..... the possession of the Priory, where the said Prior
is, regularly conducting the service in the Church for the lord the
King, does not extend to more than 15 livres Tournois by the year &c.
And And all this was found by the jury &c. Therefore
it is permitted to them to hold as they hold until the lord the King
shall see fit to order otherwise therein.

Having heard the petition of Drogo Fausilioun praying for deli-
very to be made to him of 6 virgates of land which Ralph his
whose heir &c. before the time of the last war demised to Ralph
Collochi to farm at his will paying therefor to him by the
year 3 sols as long as he shall hold them &c. and likewise having
heard the answer of Stephen son of the said Ralph who
admits all this. And all witnessing that the land ought to be re-
stored to the aforesaid heir. Therefore the aforesaid land is restored
to him saving the right of each & saving to the said Stephen the
moiety of the crop growing on the same land. And the said rent is
now in arrear for 4 years. Therefore the said Stephen shall answer
therefor to the lord the King & the aforesaid Drogo shall answer to
the lord the King for the relief.

John du Val for himself & his partners, claiming from Ralph
Ode 8 parcels of land, came & they were agreed, to wit, that the said
John had conceded to the said Ralph the whole dispute concerning
the said tenements, & thereof he shall cause publication to be made⁽¹⁾
&c. and shall give sufficient guarantee for his partners &c. And for
this &c. the aforesaid Ralph gives to the aforesaid John 20 sols.
And both of them to be amerced.

Richard Durel complains that whereas he long ago was made
Provost here by Nicholas de Cheny then Warden of the islands &c.
and the same Richard thus remained Provost from the feast of St.
Michael to the feast of Pentecost & then Ralph Ode father of Ralph

(1) Audienola: En oule de paroisse.

Wenlok p̄dcus Ričus obatus fuit in compoto suo de sexdecim libr̄ quas p̄dcus Radus pāl t̄c recepit e nunq̄ ad manus īpius Riči devenerūt unde petit remed̄.

Et Radus veñ e bene cognoscit qđ Radus pāl suus siml̄ cū receptore p̄dci Nichi receperunt xiiij li de p̄cda pecunia p̄ p̄ceptū īpius Nichi que ad manus īpius Nichi devenerūt. Et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ loco e tempe t̄c. Et dat^o est eis dies coram t̄c die lune ante festū S̄ce Margarete virginis ubi credit^r p̄dcm Nichm advenire.

Et quo ad XL s̄ residuos, dicit qđ pāl suus nūq̄ inde recepit.

Et Ričus dicit qđ p̄dcus Radus pāl t̄c fecit voluntatē suam de blado in garbis ad valenč XL s̄ de quibz īpe obat^r ut p̄dcm est. Et de hoc poñ se sup pat^{am}. Et Radus siml̄r. Ido fiat inde Jurata. Juř dicūt sup sac̄m suū qđ p̄dcus Radus pāl t̄c recepit p̄dcm bladū in garbis, et inde fecit voluntatē suam. Et ido cons̄ est qđ p̄dcus Ričus recupet vsus eum p̄dcos quadraginta solid̄. Et Radus in m̄ia, nich̄ de dampnis q, nulla petit.

Plita de Corona ibidm.

Nomen bassi p̄poiti Wilts Riči

Noia Juř de Corona

Petrus du Val	} Electores	Nichs Carupel	Martin ^o Wakelyn
Petrus le Gasteyng		Robts Abrah ^m	Robtus le Parmenter
Stephus Colhachet		Wilts Hoel	Wilts de Portu
Wilts Fraunceys		Bertolds Bense	Jord Simon

Noia Juř Reḡ.

Petr^o le pmenter, Will Gilbert, Ričs Durel, Joñes Gorreik, Radus Ode, Ričs Marie.

Ode who now is was made Provost in his place by the Prior of Wenlock, the said Richard was charged in his account with 16 livres which the said Ralph the father &c. took & they never came to the hands of the said Richard, whereupon he claims relief.

And Ralph comes & well knows that Ralph his father together with the Receiver of the said Nicholas received 14 livres of the said money by the order of the said Nicholas which had come into the hands of the said Nicholas. And this he offers to establish both as to the place & time &c. And a day is given to them before &c. on Monday before the feast of St. Margaret the Virgin when it is believed the said Nicholas will come.

And as to the 40 sols remaining, he says that his father never received it.

And Richard says that the aforesaid Ralph the father &c. dealt at his own will with the corn in sheaf to the value of 40 sols of which he is charged as is aforesaid. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed thereon. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Ralph the father &c. took the said corn in sheaf & dealt with it according to his will. And therefore it is judged that the aforesaid Richard shall recover against him the aforesaid 40 sols. And Ralph to be amerced ; no damages awarded because he claims none.

Pleas of the Crown there.

Name of the Bailiff appointed, William son of Richard.

Names of the jurors of the Crown.

Peter du Val	} Electors	Nicholas Carupel	Martin Wakelyn
Peter le Gastein		Robert Abraham	Robert le Parmenter
Stephen Colhachet		William Hoel	William du Port
William Fraunceys		Bertoldus Bense	Jordan Simon.

Names of the Jurats of the King.

Peter le Parmenter, William Gilbert, Richard Durel, John Gorreik, Ralph Ode, Richard Marie.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Rađs Ode videns unam bidenim Wiffi Blenlok putans illam esse suam illam duxit secum ad domū suam nec illam voluit restituere p̄dco Wiffo s3 durante inde cōtenčoe inē eos, bidens illa ad falesam maris cecidit e obiit. Et p̄dcus Rađus inde cōvictus p̄ Juratā in quā se posuit, cōmittit gaole tē. Et fecit finem p̄ x^{li} pp̄lm

Et Petronilla uxor Vincencii le Bō invenit de Wrecco jux^{ta} mare unam pvā arcam p̄cii ij š. quā p̄poit̄us invenit cū ea conclatam tē et illam cepit et inde respondeat. Et Petronilla in miā p̄ cōcelamento

(M. 24 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona ap̄d Serk.

Presentant t̄ qđ antiqua firma d̄ni Reḡ de fra de Serk est ad x li. de quib3 Prior de Serk noīe Abbtis de Monteburḡi pcipit p̄ añ iiiij^{li} et Capitulū Constancien̄ š. Et residuū remanet d̄no Regi.

Presentant t̄ qđ Jord̄ Simon anno reḡ E. p̄ris tē xxv^{to} fugit hic ad eccliam p̄ furto recogñ f̄cm tē e abjuř insulas. Idm Jord̄ fuit fram h̄ditarie cū Ričō fr̄e ejus de ppars Jordi j ačr fr̄e e dimid que valent p̄ añ j busš fr̄i ultima servicia tē et hucusq̄, conclamente fuerunt tē. Idō Godefř Peverel qui fram illam tenet onat̄ de arrerağ simul cū h̄dib3 p̄dci Riči. Et de p̄dco reddu tē. Presentant t̄ qđ Mathus du Val e Andř frač ejus anno p̄dci Reḡ tē xxvij^o fug^t hic ad eccliam p̄ furtis et ibi recogñ f̄cm tē et abjuř Insulas. Idm Mathus fuit unus h̄dū Rogi p̄ris sui, qui obiit a x annis elapsis tē et ppars ip̄ius Mathi de h̄ditate p̄dca se extendit ad ij virğ fr̄e e dimid que valent p̄ añ ult^{ra} servicia tē ij danereř fr̄i hucusq̄, conclate tē.

The jurors present that Ralph Ode seeing a sheep of William Blenlok thinking it to be his took it with him to his house & did not wish to restore it to the said William, but during the contention therefor between them that sheep being on the sea-cliff fell & died. And the said Ralph convicted thereof by the jury to which he submitted himself is committed to gaol &c. And he compounded for 10 livres by the pledge

And Petronilla the wife of Vincent le Bot found of wreck near the sea a small chest value 2 sols which the Provost found concealed with her &c. and took it & shall answer for it. And Petronilla to be amerced for concealment.

(M. 24 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown at Sark.

They present also that the ancient farm of the lord the King of the land of Sark amounts to 10 livres of which the Prior of Sark in the name of the Abbot of Montebourg takes by the year 4 livres & the chapter of Coutances sols. And the rest remains to the lord the King.

They present also that Jordan Simon in the 25th year of the reign of E. the father &c. fled here to the Church for theft and acknowledged the deed &c. and abjured the islands. The same Jordan had land of inheritance with Richard his brother whereof the share of Jordan is one acre & a half which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat besides services &c. and up to now were concealed &c. Therefore Godfrey Peveril who holds that land is charged with the arrears together with the heirs of the aforesaid Richard. And of the aforesaid rent &c. They present also that Matthew du Val & Andrew his brother⁽¹⁾ in the 27th year of the said King &c. fled here to the Church for thefts & there acknowledged the deed &c. and abjured the islands. The said Matthew was one of the heirs of Roger his father who died 10 years ago &c. and the share of the said Matthew of the aforesaid inheritance extends to 2 virgates & a half which are worth per annum besides services &c. 2 small bushels of wheat, up to now concealed &c.

(1) The words underlined are crossed out in the original.

Ido tenentes respondeant dno Regi tam de arreraĝ q̄m de p̄dco reddu t̄c. Et p̄dcs Mathus postea rediit cū tris dñi Reĝ patentibz de pdonaçõe t̄c. Et Andr du Val e Nichus fraġ ejus eodem anno simitr abjuř Insulas p̄ furtis t̄c et habuerūt ġram ġeditarie scilġ iij virġat ġre que valent p̄ anũ ij danereġ ġri ult̄ servicia t̄c hucusq̄ cōcelate t̄c. Ido tenentes inde respondeant t̄c. Et p̄dcs Nichus obiit. Et p̄dcs Andr postea rediit dicens se ġre cartam dñi Reĝ de pdonaçõe t̄c. Et q̄mcius Justiç nũc venerunt huc p̄dcs Andr fugit eccliam hic e se tenuit in eadem qui quesitus ex pte Justiciarioz si habuisset ġras de pdonaçõe t̄c dixit qđ fraġ ejus illas perdidit.

Et cū Justiciarii accessissent ad eũ in cimiġiũ cōcedentes ei dimitti p̄ manucapçõem p̄ quatuor de vicinis suis huic ad mensem Ści Michis ut intim scrutarent̄ Rotli t̄c hoc noluit sed de eleoçõe pp̄a abjuř Insulas ġfato. Idm Andr ġuit de ġeditate matris t̄c ultra p̄dcam ġram iij virġat ġre que valent p̄ anũ ultra servicia t̄c j busġ ġri.

Et vestura ġre sue seminate hoc anno valet LX ŝ. Idm ġuit j vaccam p̄cii xx ŝ. j Juvencā p̄cii xx ŝ j viculũ p̄cii v ŝ. j pullũ p̄cii xx ŝ. bidentes p̄cii xx ŝ. lanam p̄cii x ŝ. j porcũ p̄cii vj ŝ. macrennũ p̄cii iij ŝ. j archa p̄cii iij ŝ. Cord e boas p̄cii vij ŝ. j patellam cū tripode p̄cii iij ŝ. et sextam ptem unius batelli p̄cii viij ŝ. de quibz p̄dcs p̄poitus respond. Et q̄ coĩtas p̄misit ġpm ġnt eos morari ut hoĩem pacis. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radus Blondel anno p̄dci Reĝ t̄c xvij abjuř Insulas p̄ furto t̄c et jam fere p̄ duos annos. Idm Radus rediit cū tris dñi Reĝ nũc de pdonaçõe abjuraçois e felonie t̄c. Et Ballis p̄ Judm Juř dñi Reĝ de Gerneř reliçavit ei ġram suam sine alio Waranto t̄c quod p̄ falso reputatũ revocat̄ t̄c. Et ġuit IX acř ġre que valent p̄ anũ ultra servicia ij busġ ġri unde tenentes eađ ofiant̄ de arreraĝ

Therefore the tenants shall answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears as for the aforesaid rent &c. And the aforesaid Matthew afterwards returned with letters patent of pardon of the lord the King &c. And Andrew du Val & Nicholas his brother in the same year likewise abjured the islands for thefts &c. and they had land of inheritance to wit, 4 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 small bushels of wheat besides the services &c. up to now concealed &c. Therefore the tenants shall answer therefor &c. And the said Nicholas died. And the said Andrew afterwards returned saying that he had letters of pardon of the lord the King &c. And as soon as the present Justices came here the said Andrew fled to the Church here & remained in the same, who being asked on behalf of the Justices if he had letters of pardon &c. said that his brother had lost them.

And when the Justices went to him in the cemetery permitting him to be released on bail by four of his neighbours from now to the month of St. Michael so that in the meantime the rolls may be searched &c. he did not wish it, but of his own choice abjured the islands again. The same Andrew had of the inheritance of his mother &c. besides the aforesaid land 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum besides services &c. one bushel of wheat.

And the crop of his land sown this year is worth 60 sols. He had also one cow value 20 sols, one heifer value 20 sols, one calf value 5 sols, one foal value 20 sols, a sheep value 20 sols, wool value 10 sols, one hog value 6 sols, timber value 4 sols, one chest value 3 sols, ropes & fetters value 7 sols, one pan with a tripod value 4 sols, & the 6th part of a boat value 8 sols of which the aforesaid Provost shall answer. And because the commonalty permitted him to remain among them as if he were a man within the peace of the King, therefore to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Blondel in the 17th year of the aforesaid King &c. abjured the islands for theft &c. and about two years ago the said Ralph returned with letters of pardon of the now King for the abjuration & felony &c. And the bailiff by the judgment of the jurors of the lord the King in Guernsey re-delivered to him his land without other warrant &c. which being considered as wrongly obtained is revoked &c. And he had 9 acres of land which are worth per annum besides the services 2 bushels of wheat whereof the tenants of the same are charged with the arrears of the

ad p^m ass^m p̄dcoꝝ duoz annoꝝ e de reddu tē. Et ad Judm de p̄dcis Juī tē maxime cū p̄dcs dñs Rex paī tē p t̄re suū anno regni sui xvij^o pupplice inhiberi fecisset ne huj^omodi liſačoes fraꝝ fierent Regi inconsulto.

Presentant t̄ qđ in feodo capis de escheta dñi Reġ sunt xx virgat t̄re de quibꝫ tenentes solvūt dño Regi p añ ij busš fri e xxvj đ j pullaġ e j puīl e di. Et dicūt qđ fra illa valet plus p añ p ij busš fri qui levati debent de Rado filio e hedi Radi Ode quondam p̄poiti tē qui a xxx annis elapsis e amplius sine Waranto occupavit e sibi app'avit ij virgaī de meliori tē que bene valent ij busš fri ultra servicia tē. Ido p̄dcs Radus respond̄ tam de arreraġ q^m de reddu tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radus Roiry quondam serviens p̄dci Radi p̄poiti tē a xxx annis elapsis tē abjuī Insulas p furto tē et p̄dcs Radus p̄poitus app'avit sibi quodd̄ clausum ip̄ius felonis ex^a Prioratū tē que est e esse debet escheta dñi Reġ e valet p añ ultra servicia tē j caš fri. Et p̄dcs Radus filius tē ofat^r tam de arreraġ q^m de p̄dco reddu.

[Respice de eodem remañ in alio Roīlo.]

(M. 25.)

Adhuc de p̄litis Corone de Serk.

Serk. Juī p̄sentant qđ sunt de annuo reddu debito dño Regi in hac Insula ij caš ij hanapaī e di. Et sciend̄ qđ q'nq hanapati faciūt danereī et busš. Dñs Rex hiet de escheta p defectu hiedū tē vj virġ t̄re q̄ reddūt d..... vj pariš p añ et vaī ulſius j bꝫ e v hanap̄ fri. Iīm hiet de esch̄ de vale que redd̄ de čta firma v đ e vaī ulſius j bꝫ fri e j danereī hiet t̄ Colini du Val ij virġ t̄re q̄ redd̄ de antiqua firma v đ p añ e valet

At the first
assize.

aforesaid 2 years & of the rent &c. And to the judgment of the said jurats &c. chiefly as the aforesaid lord the King shows &c. that by his writ in the 18th year of his reign he had caused it publicly to be forbidden that such deliveries of lands should be made without consulting the King.

They present also that in the fee of Capis there are of the escheat of the lord the King 20 virgates of land of which the tenants pay to the lord the King by the year 3 bushels of wheat & 26 deniers one pullage & one fowl & a half. And they say that that land is worth more by the year by 2 bushels of wheat which ought to be levied upon Ralph son & heir of Ralph Ode formerly Provost &c. who 30 years ago & more without warrant occupied & appropriated to himself 2 virgates of the better [land] &c. which are well worth 2 bushels of wheat beyond services &c. Therefore the said Ralph shall answer as well for the arrears as for the rent &c.

They present also that Ralph Roiry formerly serjeant of the said Ralph the Provost &c. 30 years ago &c. abjured the islands for theft &c., and the said Ralph the Provost appropriated to himself a certain close of the same felon beyond the Priory &c. which is & ought to be the escheat of the lord the King & is worth per annum beyond the services &c. one measure of wheat. And the aforesaid Ralph the son &c. is charged as well with the arrears as with the aforesaid rent.

[The remainder of the same is in another roll.]

(M. 25.)

Continuation of the Crown pleas of Sark.

Sark.

The jurors present that there are of yearly rent due to the lord the King in this island 3 measures 2 hanapats & a half. And be it known that 5 hanapats make a small bushel and bushel. The lord the King has of escheat for default of heirs &c. 6 virgates of land which pay 6 parisis by the year & are further worth one bushel & 5 hanapats of wheat. Also he has of the escheat of Vale which pay of certain farm 5 deniers & they are further worth one bushel of wheat & one small bushel. He has also of Colin du Val 8 virgates of land which pay of ancient farm 5 deniers by the year &

e danerell. Iīm dñs Rex fiet de esch Galfr̄ le Moigne qui obiit sine
hede Henr̄ le Wař tenet e valet p añ iij s̄ e
iij galliñ fiet t̄ de esch ejusd Galfr̄ t̄re quas Radus Oede tenuit
ex dimissioe Johnis de Newent nup Receptoris p
p añ et Idem Radus illas dimisit Robto le Parmenter e Petro Argent
p IX cař. Et Idem Peř offert dno Regi xij cař fri p añ p p̄ca
t̄ra et concedit ei t̄c. Iīm Rex fiet j meř de feodo Faleyse
simul cū curtilagio quod valet p añ j b3 fri e ij gall..... fiet t̄ de
feodo Riči de Portu e fratrū suoz xj virḡ t̄re q̄ vař p añ j b3 fri xiiij
cipř..... Iīm de feodo Radi Mynot x virgā t̄re e di que valent
p añ j q̄r̄t̄ fri di cipř e xvj đ. Et de feodo Anfrey xvij virḡ t̄re
que valent p añ H̄et t̄ dñs Rex de esch
iij virḡ t̄re q̄ f̄tunt Johi Pynere e vař p añ vj đ e j b3 fri. Iīm fiet
de feodo Setmeř xvj virḡ t̄re que valent p añ
Et de feodo Sarder iij virḡ t̄re q̄ reddūt de firma xj đ e vař ulřius
v cař fri e ij galliñ. H̄et t̄ de feodi Alaneyne v virḡ t̄re quas Ričus
Neel tenet ex dimissioe Prioris de Wenlok p v cipř fri p añ e vař
ulřius j cař fri. Ido respond de celo de integro. Iīm dñs Rex fiet
j virḡ t̄re de escheta Germeyne q̄ valet p añ j cipř fri e xij đ.
H̄et t̄ dñs Rex de feodo Aese xiiij virḡ t̄re q̄ reddūt dno Regi p
añ xvj đ oř et ij b3 fri. Et de feodo Bloundel xxx virḡ t̄re que
reddunt dno Regi p añū xxij đ de firma et vj b3 fri. Et p̄ca t̄ra
de feod Aese e Bloundel valent ulřius ij b3 fri p añ. Ido respond
inde de celo. Iīm dñs Rex fiet de feodo Radi de Cruce xiiij virḡ t̄re
q̄ vař p añ xiiij pariř e j q̄r̄t̄ fri. Et de feodo Fanchillon vj virḡ t̄re
que redd p añ xvj đ de firma e ij b3 fri e ij cipř et vař ulřius j b3
fri p añ. Ido respond inde de celo. Iīm de feodo Meleis iij virḡ
t̄re que redd p añ v cipř fri e ij pañ. H̄et t̄ dñs Rex de feodo

it is worth & small bushel. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Geoffrey le Moigne who died without heir Henry Warren holds & it is worth by the year 3 sols & 3 hens. He has also of the escheat of the same Geoffrey le Moigne of land which Ralph Ode held of the demise of John de Newent late Receiver for by the year. And the same Ralph demised them to Robert le Parmenter & Peter Argent for 9 bushels. And the same Peter offers to the lord the King 12 bushels of wheat by the year for the said land & it is granted to him &c. Also King has one messuage of the fee of Faleyse together with the curtilage which is worth by the year one bushel of wheat & 2 hens has also of the fee of Richard du Port & his brothers 11 virgates of land which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat 13 sieves Also of the fee of Ralph Mynot 10 virgates of land & a half which are worth per annum one quarter of wheat half a sieve & 16 deniers. And of the fee of Anfrey 18 virgates of land which are worth per annum Also the lord the King has of escheat 3 virgates of land which belonged to John Pynere & are worth per annum 6 deniers & one bushel of wheat. He has also of the fee of Set messuage 16 virgates of land which are worth per annum And of the fee of Sarder 3 virgates of land which pay of farm 11 deniers & are further worth 5 measures of wheat & 2 hens. He has also of the fee of Alaneyne 5 virgates of land which Richard Neel holds of the demise of the Prior of Wenlock for 5 sieves of wheat per annum & they are further worth one measure of wheat. Therefore he shall answer henceforth for the whole. Also the lord the King has one virgate of land of the escheat of Germeyne which is worth per annum one sieve of wheat & 12 deniers. The lord the King also has of the fee of Aese 13 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 16½ deniers & 2 bushels of wheat. And of the fee of Blondel 30 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 22 deniers of farm & 6 bushels of wheat. And the aforesaid land of the fees of Aese & Blondel is further worth 2 bushels of wheat by the year. Therefore they shall answer therefor henceforth. Also the lord the King has of the fee of Ralph de la Croix 14 virgates of land which are worth per annum 14 paris is & one quarter of wheat. And of the fee of Fanchillon 6 virgates of land which are worth per annum 16 deniers of farm & 2 bushels of wheat & 2 sieves & are further worth one bushel of wheat per annum. Therefore it shall answer therefor henceforth. Also of the fee of Meleis 3 virgates of land which pay per annum 5 sieves of wheat & 2 loaves. Also the

Johnis Galfr̄i tam in clauso q̄m ex̄ viij virḡ fre que reddūt d̄no Regi p̄ anū x d̄ de firma e iij cab̄ fri e nō plus valet q̄ Rads Oede fiet inde v̄ s̄ redd̄s quem pat̄ suos adiu est emit de tenentibz ejusdem. Īm fiet de fra Dalion j virḡ fre e j clausum cōtinens viij ptem j virḡ q̄ valent p̄ anū j bz fri. Dicūt t̄ qd̄ d̄ns Rex fiet p̄pe Prioratū ante domū Putybale j clausum cōtinens d̄i virḡ fre ubi d̄ns Rex solebat fire ḡngiam suam et dicūt qd̄ p̄poitus solitus est fire inde libagiū sz nescunt quo wař. Dicūt t̄ qd̄ domus Putybale f̄ca est ptim sup̄ d̄nicū Reġ vidz in quodam lafe vsus le Su e in alio lafe vsus le West et Rads Oede modo illam tenet qui veñ e dat d̄no Regi annuo reddū ij solidoz p̄ sic qd̄ ipe possit teñe p̄dcam domū modo quo nūc stat et concedit̄ ei. Īm d̄ns Rex peipit camptum bladoz de tenentibz suis in hac In̄s quod valet coibz annis xxⁱⁱ. H̄et t̄ d̄ns Rex cuniclariū suū in hac In̄s e warenam p̄ totū, et dimitt̄ ad firmam hoc anno p̄ Lⁱⁱ sz nūq̄ antea p̄ tanto dimittebat̄. Dicūt t̄ qd̄ pullagiū istius In̄s se extendit coibz annis ad LXV pullaḡ vidz de quobz pullaḡ ij galliñ et potest d̄ns Rex cum expenderit pullaḡ sua de quobz tenente suo cape gallm̄ p̄ ij d̄ quocienscūq̄ volūit e nisi gallm̄ fuit soř p̄ illa ij d̄. Dicunt t̄ qd̄ sunt in hac In̄s quinq̄ feodi vidz feod Collochit in quo sunt xij virḡ fre. Et feod le Machoun continens xij virḡ fre. Et feod Galfr̄ Richard continens xxiiij virḡ fre. Et feod Riči Marie in quo sunt xij virḡ fre. Et feod Johnis Neel xij virḡ fre. Et debent tenentes p̄dcōz feodoz cariare blada de campto d̄ni Reġ in Normañ ubicumq̄ Ministri d̄ni Reġ volūit inl̄ montem Šci Michis e Chereburgh. Ita qd̄ iidem tenentes tenent̄ invenire sumptibz suis bateff̄ ad p̄dca blada sic carienda. Et alii tenentes d̄ni Reġ debent svire in eisdem bateff̄. Debent t̄ tenentes eořd̄ feodoz svare p̄sones d̄ni Reġ in feod p̄dcis. Et t̄ debent iidem tenentes invenire Linthiamina

lord the King has of the fee of John Geoffrey as well enclosed as open 8 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 10 deniers of farm & 3 bushels of wheat, & it is not worth more because Ralph Ode has thereof 5 sols of rent which his father long ago bought of the tenants of the same. He also has of the land of Dalion one virgate of land and one close containing the 8th part of one virgate which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat. They say also that the lord the King has near the Priory in front of the house of Putybale one close containing half a virgate of land where the lord the King was wont to have his grange & they say that the Provost is accustomed to have the herbage thereof, but they do not know by what warrant. They say also that the house of Putybale is built partly upon the King's demesne to wit, on one side towards the south & on the other side towards the west & Ralph Ode now holds it, who comes & gives to the lord the King the yearly rent of 2 sols, so that he may hold the said house in the manner in which it now stands & it is granted to him. Also the lord the King takes champart of the corn of his tenants in this island which is worth one year with another 20 livres. Also the lord the King has his rabbit warren in this isle & right of warren through the whole & it is let to farm this year for 50 livres, but it was never before let for so much. They also say that the pullage of this island extends one year with another to 65 pullages, to wit, of each pullage 2 hens, & the lord the King may take, when he shall value his pullage, of each of his tenants hens for 2 deniers as often as he shall wish & if he have not hens he shall be paid for the same 2 deniers. They say also that there are in this island 5 fees, to wit, the fee of Collochit in which are 12 virgates of land. And the fee of Machon containing 12 virgates of land. And the fee of Geoffrey Richard containing 24 virgates of land. And the fee of Richard Marie in which are 12 virgates of land. And the fee of John Neel [containing] 12 virgates of land. And the tenants of the aforesaid fees owe carriage of the corn of the champart of the lord the King in Normandy wheresoever the officers of the lord the King shall wish between Mount St. Michael & Cherbourg, so that the same tenants are bound to find at their own costs boats for the aforesaid corn so to be carried. And other tenants of the lord the King owe the service in the same boats. Also the tenants of those fees ought to keep the prisoners of the lord the King in the aforesaid

e saccos ad carriag̃ p̃dcoꝝ bladoꝝ et ob hoc debent recipere annuatī de aliis tenentibꝫ dñi Reg̃ ij bꝫ fri e ij bꝫ ordi.

Presentant qđ Colinus Carupel debet de relevio de morte p̃ris sui ix š. Et Guits Houel debet similt̃ de relevio xxxv^d uŕq̃ de iiij^{or} annis elapsis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rads Oede feč suñ Radm̃ Neel ex^a dominiū Reg̃ apud Constanč in cuř xpianitatis. Ido ipe in g^{vi} mia.

Presentant t̃ qđ
le Roseye tařnař vini e đviš e Peř le Parmenter Junior tařnař e bolengarius t̃nsęssi sunt in ven..... Ido ipe in mia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ep̃us Abrinceñ p̃cipit p̃ totam Inš istam duas ptes qđ fcia ps modo remanet istius et ptem de

Et sciend̃ qđ de qualibet virg̃ vend vend xij đ.

Et Juř duodene p̃ plibꝫ conclamentis in veredco suo de quibꝫ [convicti fuerunt] Justič p̃ examinačoe in mia.

(M. 25 d.)

Adhuc de p̃litis Corone de Serk.

Fresingfeld.

.....s huj^o Insule allocuta de fidelitate dño Regi debita sibi facienda e g^{tan} concedunt fidelitatem ei fače e illam ei fečunt sacrm̃to eoꝝ ali p̃st̃ito, salvis Ottoni de Grandisono hiis q̃ ad eum spectant p̃ l̃m̃o suo p̃ concessioem ei fcam p̃ dñm Edwardū quond̃ Regē Angt̃ p̃rem dñi Reg̃ nūc.

fees. Also the same tenants ought to find linen cloths & sacks for the carriage of the said corn & for this they ought to receive yearly of the other tenants of the lord the King 2 bushels of wheat & 2 bushels of barley.

They present also that Colin Carupel owes of relief for the death of his father 9 sols. And William Houel owes likewise of relief 35 deniers & both for 4 years past.

They present also that Ralph Orde caused to be summoned Ralph Neel out of the dominions of the King at Coutances in the Court of Christianity. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that
le Roseye taverners of wine & ale & Peter le
Parmenter junior, taverner & baker, have transgressed in selling
Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the Bishop of Avranches takes through-
out all this island 2 parts that the 3rd
part now remains of this &
..... part of

And be it known that of each virgate sold
..... sold 12 deniers.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of
which [they were convicted] by the justices by examination to be
amerced.

(M. 25 d.)

Continuation of the Crown pleas of Sark.

Fresingfeld.

[The jurors] of this island challenged concerning the fealty due
to the lord the King to be made to him and
they joyfully assent to make fealty to him & they made it to him
on their corporal oath, saving to Otto de Grandison those things
which belong to him for his term by the grant made to him by the
lord Edward formerly King of England father of the now lord the
King.

(M. 26.) **Comunia p̄lifa** coram Joñne de Fresingfeld Drogone [de Barantyno] e Joñne de Dittone Justiciariis itifstantibz in Insulis ante festum Šce Barnabe Ap̄li anno regni dñi Edwardi..... secundo pred̄co die continuato in Jerš usq, ad diem lun..... festū Ap̄loꝝ Petri e Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye. Joñnes Robyn in m̄ia p̄ p̄libz defal̄t vsus Guiltm Guillard.

Alesia que fuit ux Joñnis Unfrey quer̄ de Guillo Jordan de eo qđ pred̄cus Joñnes in ip̄a in vita sua contradiče nō potuit oflavit novem v'gañ ĩre ĩeditate ip̄ius Alesie de q̄rfioꝝ fri vsus p̄dcm Guiltm. Et pred̄cus Guilt veñ et vocat inde ad warantū Nicñus..... heredem pred̄ci Joñnis et participes suos t̄c. Et pred̄cus Nicñus veñ e dicit qđ teñ sua..... in mañ dñi Reĝ p̄ quod non deñ respondere quousq, manus dñi Reĝ amoveatur t̄c. Etest p̄ roñlos de comp t̄c qđ pred̄cus Joñnes tenetur dño Regi in xv li xij s iiij d de quibz a..... dño Regi debitores de vj li iiij s viij d de tempe quo fuit p̄poitus dñi Reĝ et pro residuo ejusd arrestata sunt teñ t̄c. Et pred̄cus Guilt petit qđ pred̄ca ĩra ei libetur et ip̄e satisfaciet tam dño Reĝ tam de arreñ pred̄ci debiti q, p̄d̄cie Alesie. Et pred̄cus Nicñus p̄sens ad hoc consentit. Ido libatur ei pred̄ca ĩra tenenda quousq, debite satisfiat ei tam de denañ solvend dño Regi q, de p̄d̄co redd̄ t̄c. Et pred̄cus Guilt pro injusta detenç vsus p̄d̄cam Alesiam in m̄ia.

Rads le Arblastar petit vsus Galf̄r de Grochee iij virgañ ter̄ in parroch̄ Šci Elerii et c̄cord̄ sunt et q, concord̄ sunt sine licencia. Ido ufq, eoꝝ in m̄ia.

(M. 26.) **Common pleas** before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo [de Barautin] & John de Ditton Justices in eyre in the islands before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward on the aforesaid day to be continued in Jersey until Monday feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul as from day to day.

Jersey. John Robyn to be amerced for many defaults as against William Guillard.

Alice who was the wife of John Unfrey complains of William Jordan for that the aforesaid John in she could not contradict that he during his life had charged 9 virgates of land of the inheritance of the said Alice with quarters of wheat in favour of the said William. And the said William comes & calls thereof to warranty Nicholas heir of the aforesaid John and his co-heirs &c. And the aforesaid Nicholas comes & says that his tenements in the hands of the lord the King whereby he ought not to answer until the hands of the lord the King be removed &c. And it is [found] by the rolls of accounts &c. that the said John is bound to the lord the King in 15 livres 12 sols 4 deniers of which there were [arrested] to the lord the King debtors of 6 livres 4 sols 8 deniers since the time in which he was the Provost of the lord the King & for the balance of the same the tenements were arrested &c. And the aforesaid William asks that the aforesaid land may be delivered to him (Nicholas) & he shall satisfy as well the lord the King concerning the arrears of the aforesaid debt, as also the said Alice. And the aforesaid Nicholas being present consents thereto. Therefore the aforesaid lands are delivered to him (Nicholas) to be held for so long as he shall satisfy the debts both as to the money to be paid to the lord the King as the said rent &c. And the said William for unjust detention against the said Alice to be amerced.

Ralph Larbalestier claims against Geoffrey de Gruchy 3 virgates of land in the parish of St. Helier & they were agreed & because they have come to an agreement without leave, therefore both of them to be amerced.

Robtus de Amonis in mīa p plibz defalī vsus Willm Graie.

Willus filius Thome Payn qui infra etatem est p ductorem sive custodem suū petens et Nichus Desuee e Raulina uxor ejus e Thomas Lempere p se e pticipibz suis qui infra etatem fuit p ductorem sive custodem suū de plito tre veñ e concordē fuit. Et est concordē tñs qđ pđci Nichus e Raulina e Thomas Lempere p se e pticipibz suis concedunt pđco Willmo e Wilto de Chalegraue e Marione ūxi ejus matri pđci Willi fil Thome de ipō Thoma pcreati unū meš cū ptinenciis in villa Šci Elerii quod fuit pđci Thome Payn. Et decem quartia fri de redditu assedenda sufficientē sup pras e teñ que fuerunt pđci Thome Payn in manibz pđcoz Nichi Rauline e Thome e pticipū suoꝝ coñorancia simul cū reddu duodecim caš salis de eisdem teñ pveniente hēnda e tenenda pđcis Willmo e Marione e Willmo ad totam vitam ipōz Willi Marione e Willi et post decessum ipōz Willi Marione e Willi pđca meš e redditus cū ptiñ remanebunt hēdibz ipius Willi fit Thome de corpore suo legitime pcreatis. Et si idm Willus fit Thome obierit sine hēde de corpore suo legitime pcreato tunc post decessum pđcoz Willi Willi e Marione pđca meš e reddš cū ptiñ remanebunt Drogoni de Barantino e hēdibz suis tenenda de capitalibz dñis feodoꝝ illoꝝ p servicia que ad pđca meš e reddš ptinent inppetuū. Et t̄ pđci Nichs Raulina e Thomas p se e pticipibz suis remiserunt e quiete claī pđcis Willmo e Marione uxi ejus e hēdibz ipius Marione tres buss frumenti de reddu quo ipi recipe solebant de uno meš quod pđci Willus e Mariona tenent in Lungevill de jure ipius Marione de dono pđci Thome Payn. Et pđcs Drogo manucapit qđ ipē acquietabit pđcos Nichm Raulinam Thomam e pticipes suos vsus pđcm Willm fit Thome de viginti lib̄ quas pđcus Thomas pał ejusdem Willi sibi legavit. Et t̄ idm Drogo manucapit p pđco Willmo fil

Robert de Amonis to be amerced for many defaults against William Gray.

William son of Thomas Payn who is under age by his tutor or guardian, plaintiff, & Nicholas Desvee & Raulina his wife & Thomas Lemprière for himself & his co-heirs, who was under age by his tutor or guardian, concerning a plea of land, come & it was agreed. And the agreement is such that the said Nicholas & Raulina & Thomas Lemprière for himself & his co-heirs grant to the said William & to William de Chalegrave & Marion his wife, mother of the said William, son of Thomas begotten of the said Thomas, one messuage with the appurtenances in the town of St. Helier which belonged to the said Thomas Payn. And 10 quarters of wheat of rent to be assessed sufficiently upon the lands & tenements which belonged to the said Thomas Payn remaining in the hands of the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas & their co-heirs together with the rent of 12 measures of salt issuing from the same tenements, to have & to hold to the said William & Marion & William for the whole lives of the said William, Marion & William & after the decease of the said William, Marion & William the aforesaid messuage & rent with the appurtenances shall remain to the heirs of the said William son of Thomas of his body lawfully begotten. And if the said William son of Thomas shall die without heir of his body lawfully begotten then after the decease of the said William, William & Marion the aforesaid messuage & rent with the appurtenances shall remain to Drogo de Barantin & his heirs to be held of the chief lords of those fees by the services which to the said messuage & rent belong for ever. And also the said Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas for themselves & their co-heirs remised & quit-claimed to the said William & Marion his wife & to the heirs of the said Marion 3 bushels of wheat of rent which they were wont to receive on one messuage which the said William & Marion hold at Longueville in the right of the said Marion of the gift of the aforesaid Thomas Payn. And the aforesaid Drogo guarantees that he will hold quit the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas & their co-heirs against the said William son of Thomas of 20 livres which the aforesaid Thomas father of the same William bequeathed to him. And also the said Drogo guarantees

Thome Payn qđ cum ad plenam etatem veñit faciet p̄dcis Nicō Rauline Thome e p̄tič suis securitatem qđ ip̄e nūq̄ plus clamabit de ʒris v̄t teñ que fuerunt p̄dci Thome Payn p̄ris sui q̄m id quod ei jam concedit̄. Et Rađus Lempere pał p̄dcoꝝ Thome e p̄ticipū suoꝝ manucapit p̄ eis qđ cum ad plenam etatem veñint ratificabūt hanc concord̄ et qđ ip̄i nūq̄ inquietabunt p̄dcos Wiltm e Marionam e Wiltm v̄t hedes p̄dci Wil̄i filii Thome v̄t p̄dcem Drogonem aut hedes suos de p̄dcis meš e reddū inppetuū. Et p̄dca Raulina consessata e examinata coram Justič totū hoc concedit. Et om̄es manucap̄ qđ facient inde audienciam in počh̄ Šci Elerii e aliis počh̄ ad hoc necessariis die đnica post instans festum Šce Margarete Virginis. Et concessum est huic inde qđ om̄ia scripta hucusq̄ in̄ eos inde f̄ca totat̄ irritent̄.

Cogničo

Prior de Insuletto veñ in Cuř e cogñ qđ deš Drogoni de Barantyno sexaginta e decem solidos quos solvet ei ad f̄m Šci Michis p̄xio venturū. Et nisi fečit concedit qđ vič fieri fač tč de ʒris e cař tč.

Petr^o de Šco Elerio đns de Sausmareys queř e Abbas de Schireburgh pro se e conventu suo per P̄orē de Insuletta geñalem attornatū suū poñ se in miām đni Reğ pro licenč concord̄. Et p̄dcus Abbas e Petr^o de om̄ibz exacc̄oibz e demandis em̄sis hucusq̄ in̄ eos ex quibuscumq̄ causis totat̄ se supponunt dicto e ordinačoi Phi de Carfet đni de Šco Audoeno electi a pte ip̄ius Petri e Robti de Bruerey electi a pte p̄dci Abbis. Ita ĩn qđ si p̄dci P̄tus e Robt^o dicendo v̄t ordinando non concordent tunc eoꝝ dicta coram Ričo de Cury milite recitabuntur et ej^o arbitrio stabit dictū ordinantis. Et debent p̄dce ptes p̄curare quemlibet p se qđ premissa compleantur citra pasč̄i. Et si quid p̄poitum coram p̄dcis ordinatoribz indigeat inquisičone Bałis huj^o Insule ad rogatū ordinatoꝝ in p̄sencia p̄cium si

for the said William son of Thomas Payn that when he shall become of full age he will give the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina Thomas & their co-heirs security that he will never claim of the lands or tenements which belonged to the said Thomas Payn his father more than that which is now granted to him. And Ralph Lemprière father of the said Thomas & his co-heirs guaranteed for them that when they shall come to full age they will ratify this agreement & that they will never trouble the aforesaid William & Marion & William or the heirs of the said William son of Thomas or the said Drogo or his heirs concerning the aforesaid messuage & rent in perpetuity. And the aforesaid Raulina consenting & being examined before the Justices agrees to all this. And they all engage that they will cause this to be published⁽¹⁾ in the parish of St. Helier & in the other parishes where this is required, on Sunday after the present feast of St. Margaret the Virgin. And it was agreed in this matter that all deeds hitherto made between them therein shall be totally annulled.

**Acknowledge-
ment.**

The Prior de l'Islet comes into court & acknowledges that he owes to Drogo de Barantin 70 sols, which he will pay to him at the feast of St. Michael next coming. And unless he shall do so he agrees that the Viscount shall make execution &c. on his lands & chattels &c.

Peter de St. Helier, lord of Samarès, plaintiff & the Abbot of Cherbourg for himself & his community by the prior de l'Islet his general attorney submit themselves to the grace of the lord the King for license to agree. And the aforesaid Abbot & Peter concerning all claims & demands which have arisen hitherto between them for whatsoever causes submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Philip de Carteret lord of St. Ouen chosen on the part of the said Peter & of Robert de Bruerey chosen on the part of the said Abbot, so nevertheless that if the aforesaid Philip & Robert do not agree in their decision or ruling, then their decisions shall be re-examined before Richard de Courcy, knight, at whose definitive judgment the decision of the suit shall stand. And the aforesaid parties must arrange each for himself that the premises be completed on this side of Easter. And if any proposition before the aforesaid arbitrators require an examination, the Bailiff of this island at the request

(1) Ad audienciam : En ouïe de paroisse.

infesse volfint veritatem inquiret competenter. Et inquisita retor-
nabit coram ordinatoribz ut inde fiat ordinaço ꝑut est ꝑdctm. Et
oīa hec ꝑdctis ptibz ꝑ Cur̄ tē concedunt'. Et ꝑdctē ptes concedūt
qd si alī eoꝝ convinci ꝑōit qd ꝑmissa non ꝑfiantur in forma ꝑdctā
ob defectū alterius eoꝝ tunc ꝑs in qua defect⁹ repietur teneatur dño
Regi in viginti libr̄ sterlingoꝝ et parti pate ꝑmissa s⁹tinere in aliis
viginti libr̄ sterlingē noīe puri debiti statim solvend a tempe quo con-
vinci ꝑōt tē. Et ad hec oīa tē ꝑdctus Abbas ꝑ ꝑdctm attornatū
suū invenit hos pleḡ s̄ Willm Paien seniore, Jordanū Levesqe e
Willm Le Petist de Šco Elerio. Et ꝑdctus Petr⁹ invenit hos pleḡ
s̄ magrm Galfr̄m de Carfet magrm P̄m de Carfetto e Joīnem de
Šco Martino ꝑsbriū. Qui oīes applegiant e manucapiunt oīa
ꝑmissa scilī ꝑdcti pleḡ alīnatim singli ꝑ ip̄o cuꝝ sunt plegii.

Galter⁹ le Keu Guills Lenginour e Lucas Espiard petunt vsus
Symonē le Courour viginti libr̄ turroñ quas idem Symon alias coram
P̄ho Levesqe ballio dñi Reḡ se eis debere et inde
ꝑferunt quasdam tras patentes sigillo ballie sigillatas q.....
testantur. Et ꝑdctus Symon nichil scit dicere quare ꝑdctē viginti libr̄
de eo..... nō debeant. Ido ꝑcedat execuço tē.

(M. 26 d.)

[Ricard]us Esteuene qui alias coram ballio hujus Insule e Juratis
dñi Reḡ in plitis Vicecomitalibz [app]ellavit ad has assisas de quodam
Judicio ibi reddito cont̄ ip̄m Ricm ꝑ P̄ho filio Thome Tehy [ven]it
hic e querit' qd ꝑdctm Judm coram ꝑfatis ballio e Juraī redditū
inl ꝑdctm P̄m petentē [et] ip̄m Ricm tenentem de decem virgatis
ēre e redd̄ triū bus̄ multure assesso sup molendinū Thursteyn in
pochia Šci Pet' injustū fuit e iniquū, in eo videlī qd cū ip̄e ptes ad

of the arbitrators in the presence of the parties, if they shall wish to be present, shall fully enquire into the truth, & he shall make a return of the examination before the arbitrators in order that a decision may be made therein as is aforesaid. And all these things to the said parties by the court &c. are granted. And the aforesaid parties agree that if either of them shall be found not to have carried out the premises in the form aforesaid, on account of his default the party in whom the default is found shall be liable to the lord the King in 20 pounds sterling & to the party ready to persist in the premises in another 20 pounds sterling as a liquidated debt to be paid immediately from the time in which he will be guilty of &c. And for all these things &c. the aforesaid Abbot by his said attorney finds these pledges, to wit, William Payn, senior, Jordan Levesque & William le Petit of St. Helier. And the aforesaid Peter finds these pledges, to wit, Master Geoffrey de Carteret, Master Philip de Carteret & John de St. Martin, Priest, who all remain pledges & guarantee all the premises to wit, the aforesaid pledges on either side each one for him of whom they are pledges.

Walter le Keu, William Lenginour & Lucas Espiard claim against Simon le Courour 20 livres tournois which the said Simon at another time before Philip Levesque, Bailiff of the lord the King, [acknowledged] that he owed to them & they produce therein certain letters patent sealed with the seal of the bailiwick which witness [this]. And the said Simon can advance nothing to show that the said 20 livres are not due by him. Therefore let execution proceed &c.

(M. 26 d.)

[Richard] Estevene, who at another time before the Bailiff of this island & the Jurats of the lord the King in the Viscountal pleas appealed to these assizes concerning a certain judgment there given against the said Richard in favour of Philip son of Thomas Tehy, comes here & complains that the said judgment given before the said Bailiff & Jurats between the said Philip (plaintiff) & the said Richard (defendant) concerning 10 virgates of land & the rent of 3 bushels of multure assessed upon the mill of Tesson in the parish of St. Peter was contrary to law and bad, in that, to wit, whereas the parties them-

unū diem coram p̄fatis ballio e Juř p̄litassent in p̄dca querela ad
judm̄ Cuř et ad diem sibi datū p̄dcus Ričus nō vocatus nec expectat⁹
set valde tempestive veniens optulisset se noīans qđ vsus P̄hm filiū
Johē Tehy licet n̄lls talis umq̄³ fuisset e ip̄e Ričus statim ppendens
qđ male noīavit advsariū suū optulit se illud emendare Curie e con-
festim optulit se vsus advsariū suū p̄dcm̄ ip̄m bene noīando p̄dci
Juř dñi Reġ adjudicaverunt ip̄m Ričm̄ q̄si indefensum sine causa
amit̄te seis̄m suam de teñ petitis unde petit justiciam sibi exhiberi.

Et P̄hus suū modo veñ. Et nich̄ dicit p̄ se nisi ĩm qđ juste
p̄cessum fuit p̄ ip̄o ex quo t̄xit advsariū suū ad unam emend̄ t̄c. Et
ut securus p̄cedat̄ dcm̄ est p̄dcis ballio e Juř qđ ĩto in̄t eos sup̄ hiis
colloquio libent̄ Justič̄ hiis recordū suū de p̄dco p̄lito. Qui illud
libaverunt in hec v̄ba. En lan del regne le Rey Edward filz le Rey
Edward secund le meskerdy prochein apres la feste Saint Michel en
moute gargane Phelipot Tehy le filz Thomas Tehy fu pleyntifz de
Richard Estevene e li demaundont x vergees de ĩre ou la entour e
vj caboteaus de mouture sus le molyn de Tostain en la parroisse de
Saint Pere e disoit qe ceo avoit estoi le heritage de Johane de Tehy
aaele del dit P̄hot la quele Johane avoit donney la dite ĩre e la dite
mouture al dit Richard neveu de la dite Johane filz de sa soer la ou
ele resoit en mal de la mort e disoit le dit P̄hot qe ele ne p̄voit ne
ne devoit donneir a ceus qe poeent estre ses heirs al un plus q̄ al
autre come le dit P̄hot fust le filz del filz de la dite Johane qui en
devoit porter les cheaete par devaunt ceus qe estoient de la soer e en
prist droit a jugement et le dit Richard prist droit qe il lieseit bien a
la dite Johane a doner li son heritage tout ou partie sicome il y avoit
plus procheyns qe li en les chaete de la dite Johane e en pernoit
droit as que les parties len donna ĩme as primers Jugementz qi

selves had pleaded on one day before the said Bailiff & Jurats in the aforesaid action for the judgment of the court, & on the day given to them the aforesaid Richard not summoned nor waited for but coming very early had presented himself, naming as his opponent Philip son of Joan Tehy, although no such ever had been, & the said Richard immediately considering that he had wrongly named his adversary, offered to correct the same in court, & forthwith presented himself against his aforesaid adversary by naming him correctly, the aforesaid Jurats of the lord the King adjudged without reason that the said Richard as if he were undefended should lose his seisin of the tenements claimed whereof he prays that justice should be done to him.

And Philip being summoned now comes & says nothing for himself except only that the process was lawful so far as he was concerned in that he caused his adversary to make the correction &c. And so that the case may be proceeded with surely it was commanded to the said Bailiff & Jurats that having had a conference among themselves upon these things they should deliver to the justices their record of the said plea; who delivered it in these words: "In the second year of the reign of King Edward son of King Edward the Wednesday next after the feast of St. Michael of Mount Gargan, Philip Tehy the son of Thomas Tehy was plaintiff against Richard Estevene & demanded of him 10 virgates of land or thereabouts & 6 bushels of multure on the mill of Tesson in the parish of St. Peter & said that this had been the heritage of Joan Tehy the grandmother of the said Philip, which said Joan had given the said land & the said multure to the said Richard, nephew of the said Joan, son of her sister, at the time when she was on her death-bed, & the said Philip said that she could not & ought not to give to those who might be her heirs to one more than to the other as the said Philip was the son of the son of the said Joan who ought to have the inheritance in preference to those who were descended from the sister, & he (Philip) took proceedings to judgment & the said Richard took proceedings on the ground that it was quite lawful for the said Joan to give him her heritage, all or part, seeing that there were others nearer than he in the succession of the said Joan, & thereon took proceedings so that the parties would appoint the case for trial at the first court of judg-

sereient as quiels Jugementz le dit Richard se offrit amayntenir son Jugement countre Pñot Tehy filz Johane Tehy ou contre son attorney. Et Renald de Saint Clement attorney du dit Pñot filz Thomas Tehy dist qe il ne estoit de rien attorney au filz Johane Tehy ne que il ne avoit q̄ faire de respoudre pur le filz de la dite Johane. Et le dit Richard conust bien q̄ vs le filz a la dite Johane ne avoit il poynt de jour par quei il amenda. Et recorda son jugement vs le dit attorney. Et le dit attornei dist q̄ au jugement de devaunt prins ne devoit il respoudre a y celi Richard si come il lavoit trait a amende. Et q̄ il devoit amender le jugement. Et le dit Richard disoit q̄ pour taunt ne devoit amender le jugement. Et en pernoit droit tout eust il fait la mende de ceo q̄ il avoit dit qil estoit en jugement vers le filz Johane Tehy le quel jugement fu fait par la greignor partie de jureiz Cest asavoir par Guiff le Petit p Pñ Fondent p Gautier le Cu, Guilliame Dieruaunt Guiff des Augnereis Pñ Horman e Hamelin de la Hogue p sire Johan de Carfet chivaler Pñ de Carfet q̄ le dit Richard devoit amender le dit jugement par les raisons de sus dites sicome il lur estoit avis a lur enciens Et le dit Richard dit q̄ le jugement estoit fait countre la costume et en apela a lassise e en donna pleges cest a savoir Guiff Payn e Pierres le Marchaunt. Et dicunt qđ septem ip̄oz xij Jur̄ fũnt ad istud Judm reddendũ una cum Johne de Carfet milite e Pño de Carfet ad hoc sibi adherentibz et p̄dco ballo e aliis q̄nq; ip̄oz Jur̄ in 9traria opinione existentibz. Et p̄dci vij Jur̄ requisiti quid intellexerunt p hoc qđ adjudicaverunt qđ p̄dcs Riçus emendet judm nõ possunt dediße q̄n qđ amittet t̄c sicut p̄dcm est. Nec ip̄i nec eis adherentes aliquid sciũt diße ad docendũ vt pbandũ qđ judm suũ legale fũit sec nec p̄dcs Pñus. Et h̄ito tractatu cũ discreçoribz e legalioribz p̄rie visũ est oibz qđ p̄dcm judm injustũ est e iniquũ. Comptũ est t̄ qđ oibz correçõibz judioz huj̄ modi in insulis coram ballis e Jur̄ redditoz semp oportet

ments that would be held, at which court of judgments the said Richard offered to maintain his judgment against Philip Tehy son of Joan Tehy or against his attorney. And Renaud de Saint Clement attorney of the said Philip son of Thomas Tehy says that he was not in anywise attorney to the son of Joan Tehy nor had he any business to answer for the son of the said Joan. And the said Richard knew well that against the son of the said Joan he had no day wherefore he amended and entered judgment against the said attorney. And the said attorney says that on the judgment previously obtained he ought not to answer to the said Richard seeing that he had caused him to amend. And that he ought to amend the judgment. And the said Richard said that notwithstanding he ought not to amend the judgment. And he took proceedings therein just as if he had amended, inasmuch as he had said that he was in judgment against the son of Joan Tehy, which judgment was made by the greater part of the Jurats, to wit, by William le Petit, Philip Fondent, Walter le Cu, William Diervaunt, William des Augrès, Philip Horman, and Hamelin de la Hougue, by Sir John de Carteret, Knight, [and] Philip de Carteret, that the said Richard ought to amend the said judgment for the reasons abovesaid seeing that such was their opinion according to their knowledge. And the said Richard says that the judgment was made contrary to the custom & he appealed therefrom to the assize & gave pledges therefor, to wit, William Payn & Peter le Marchant." And they say that 7 of the twelve Jurats were for giving this judgment together with John de Carteret Knight & Philip de Carteret adhering to them in this matter, & the said Bailiff; & the other 5 of the said Jurats being of a contrary opinion. And the said 7 Jurats being asked what they understood by this that they had adjudged that the said Richard should amend the judgment cannot gainsay but that he would lose &c. as is aforesaid. Neither they nor their adherents can advance anything to show or prove that their judgment was legal, nor can the said Philip. And conference being had with the more discreet & lawful men of the country it was plain to all that the said judgment was contrary to law, unjust & bad. Also it was found that in all corrections of such judgments given in the islands before the Bailiffs & Jurats it always behoves

querentes invenire bonam e sufficienciam secuꝝ p sufficientes pleḡ de p̄s p quod patet qđ sequūtur ut de falso judio. Et ido cons̄ est qđ p̄dcm Judm p p̄dcos septem Juꝝ e sibi adherentes redditū totatr adnullet tamq̄m falsū e iniquū et p̄dcus Riçus reheat seis̄m suam de p̄dcis teñ talem qualem fuit die p̄dci Judicii sic redditi.

Et P̄hus in m̄ia e p̄dci septem simitr in ḡvi m̄ia. Et q̄ p̄dci Joñnes de Carfet e P̄hus de Carfet ḡtis eis adhererunt in p̄dco Judio injuste reddendo cū essent judicies ido ip̄i in ḡvi m̄ia, set m̄ia quo ad P̄hm remittit q̄ infra etatem t̄c. Et sciend qđ q̄mcicius p̄dcus P̄hus hic vocatus fuisset e compuisset Jordanus Levesk unus Juꝝ Reḡ qui se tenet p̄ uno de discrecoribz illoꝝ statim adivit ad ptem suam ad barram stans cū ip̄o ad consiliū suū in p̄lito t̄c. Et sup hoc allocut⁹ ex q⁹ juratus est dño Regi ad manutenend̄ justiciam erga om̄es neminē exciundo nich̄ scit diçe nisi qđ p̄dcus P̄hus nepos ejus est e parum f̄ret auxilii nisi de ip̄o Jordano et cogñ qđ fuit de ejus consilio e ei auxilians in tota p̄dca querela. Et q̄ doçe nō potest qđ sic sibi licuit ex quo juratus est sine condiçoe nec fuit licenciam sic faciendi t̄c. Ido cōmittat̄ gaole t̄c. Postea repleḡ fuit ut de die in diem t̄c. Postea f̄ito avisamento ad hoc qđ p̄dcs Jord̄s tenet unū Justiç hic p̄ ḡvi ad̄sario suo de assensu ip̄ius Jord̄i dies dat⁹ est ei de audienda taxaçoe t̄c coram dño Rege a die Ści Mich̄is in unū mensem ubicumq̄ tūc f̄uit in Angl̄.

Dioniš de Oredenciis Prior de Bona nocte p̄sens allocutus de eo qđ nup in magñ pic̄m t̄c levavit magnū scandalum e falso de eo videl̄ qđ pupplicavit qđ Ep̄us Constanç miçtet huc qual̄ viginti hoīes ad arma ad capiend̄ Justiç dñi Reḡ hic e eos ducend̄ in p̄sonā apud Constanç t̄c nō potest hoc dediçe. Iō sit in ḡvi m̄ia. Et afforat̄ p̄ Justiç ad viginti libr̄.

the plaintiffs to find good & sufficient security by sufficient pledges to prosecute whereby it appears that they are to proceed as in a case of false judgment. And therefore it is ordered that the said judgment given by the said 7 Jurats & their adherents be totally annulled as false & bad & that the said Richard may be re-possessed of his seisin of the said tenements such as he had on the day of the said judgment so given.

And Philip is amerced & the aforesaid seven are likewise heavily amerced. And because the said John de Carteret & Philip de Carteret willingly adhered to them in giving the said judgment contrary to law, at the time when they were judges, therefore they are to be heavily amerced, but the amercement as to the said Philip is to be remitted because he is under age &c. And be it known that as soon as the said Philip was called here & appeared, Jordan Levesque one of the Jurats of the King who is one of those more discreet men immediately went over to his side standing at the bar with him to advise him in the plea &c. And being questioned upon this inasmuch as he was sworn to the lord the King to maintain justice towards all without exception cannot say anything except that the said Philip is his nephew & would have little help unless from the said Jordan & acknowledges that he advised & helped him throughout the said action. And because he cannot show that this was lawful on his part inasmuch as he was sworn without condition nor had he leave so to do &c. therefore he is committed to gaol &c. Afterwards he was bailed out as from day to day &c. Afterwards counsel being taken thereon because the said Jordan holds judicial office here, for his grave delinquency, with the assent of the said Jordan, a day is given to him to hear assessment &c. before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England.

Dionisius de Oredenciis, Prior of Bonne Nuit, present, was questioned for that he lately in great peril &c. raised a great scandal for that to wit, he published falsely that the Bishop of Coutances would send here 80 men at arms to seize the justices of the lord the King here & take them to prison at Coutances &c., he cannot deny this. Therefore let him be heavily amerced & it was appraised by the justices at 20 livres.

Joñnes de Ditton qui tenuit locū Ottonis de Grandissono in Insulis ante iter tē pposuit hic in p̄sencia Joñnis de Carfet p Galfr̄ de Carfet gen̄alem attorñ suū e oīm Juř dñi Reġ qđ cū ip̄e nup coram ballio huj⁹ In̄ e p̄dcis Juř ad querelam p̄dci Joñnis de Carfet querentis de injusta distric̄oe sibi fca p ministros ip̄ius Ottonis pposuisset quoddam scriptū obligatorū ip̄ius Joñnis p quod obliga..... se soluturū p̄fato Otoni centū lib̄ bonoz pvoz e ingroz turroñ p Petro Bartys in ptem sol..... Idm Petrus debebat p̄dco Otoni a magno tpe elapso p̄dci Juř adjudicavunt p̄dcm Joñnem esse quietū p fciam ptem p̄dce suñe quam solvit post defenš debit monete turroñ currentis pro eo qđ scriptū fcm fuit tpe quo debit moneta crebat pp̄t que a pte ip̄ius Otoni Jud..... ad Cur̄ dñi Reġ appellat e peř qđ corrigatur tē. Et Joñnes qđ p̄dcm Judm bonū est e legalē. Et unde q̄rela dat⁹ est dies ptibz Michis in unū mens Et Juř Judm

(M. 27.)

Adhuc de coibz plitis.

Jereš Ranulp̄is Galicien queř de Abbte de Chereburgñ de eo qđ ip̄e feč [eū suñ ex^a] dominiū Reġ apud Constanč e ibi inpl̄itavit p̄dcm Ranulp̄m in annuo reddū unius buss fruñti e đ̄i ad dampnū tē. Et p̄dcus Abbas insuletta attorñ suū veñ e nō potest hoc dediče. Ido ip̄e in g^{vi} m̄ia dampnis q̄ p̄dcs Ranulp̄is remisit dampna sua tē, postea p̄dcs Abbas..... finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p xv li ppliū p̄dci Prioris.

Nichus Ansgot e Matill̄ uxor ejus petūt p Ricm Felote unam virgē tre domū infra contentam tē. Et Ricus

John de Ditton who was lieutenant of Otto de Grandison in the islands before the eyre &c. represented here in the presence of John de Carteret by Geoffry de Carteret his general attorney & all the Jurats of the lord the King that whereas he lately before the Bailiff of this island & the aforesaid Jurats, on the plaint of the said John de Carteret complaining of unjust distraint made on him by the officers of the said Otto, propounded a certain obligatory deed of the said John by which he bound himself to pay to the aforesaid Otto 100 livres of good small & black tournois for Peter Bartys in part payment the said Peter owed to the said Otto for a long time past. The said Jurats adjudged the said John to be quit by the third part of the said sum which he paid after the prohibition of the current depreciated tournois for that the deed was made at the time in which depreciated money was current on account of which on behalf of the said Otto judgment appealed at the court of the lord the King & claims that it may be corrected &c. And John that the said judgment is good & lawful. And whereupon plaint a day is given to the parties of [St.] Michael in one month And the jurats judgment

(M. 27.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Ranulph Galicien complains of the Abbot of Cherbourg for that he caused [him to be summoned out of] the dominions of the King at Coutances & there sued the said Ranulph in yearly rent of one bushel of wheat & a half to the damage &c. And the aforesaid Abbot [by the Prior of l'Islet], his attorney, comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. to damages because the said Ranulph remitted his damages &c., afterwards the aforesaid Abbot compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 15 livres by the pledge of the said Prior.

Nicholas Angot & Matilda his wife claim against Richard Felote one virgate of land [with the] house within contained &c.

veñ e urq, eoꝝ poñ se in m̃ia p lič Et est concord talis qđ p̃dcs Ričus concedit p̃dcs Nicho e Matiff p̃dcas tenend ad fminū vite ipius Matiff. Et t̃ concedunt qđ si aliquid defuit cujdam eschambii p̃us inꝛ eos fci tunc corrigat̃ in forma competenti tē.

Convictū est p̃ Juř in quam Emma q̃ fuit uxor Guilli Humfrey petens e Alicia tenens de una virg̃ ĩre in počh de Grouill se posũunt qđ p̃dca ĩra data f..... Matiff la Palmere amite p̃dce Alicie in feod et nō ad ĩm vite sicut p̃dca Emma dič. Ido conš est qđ p̃dca Emma nich cap̃ tē sꝫ sit in m̃ia. Et p̃dca Alicia [eat] inde sine die.

Willus Gillard queř de Joħne Robyn de eo qđ ip̃e injuste tē detinet ei unū busš frumti e d̃i. Et Joħnes veñ e illud cogñ. Ido ip̃e in m̃ia. Et Willus recupet tē.

Convictū est p̃ Juř in quam Thomasia q̃ fuit uxor Phi le Blaunk petens e Thoñ de Šco Clemente e Joħna uxor ejus tenentes de duodecī solidatis redd̃s in počh Šci Brolardi se posũunt qđ p̃dcs redd̃s fuit de loco ĩeditatis p̃dci Phi quond̃ mariti p̃dce Thomasie et nō de p̃quisito sicut p̃dci Thoñ e Joħna dicūt. Ido conš est qđ p̃dca Thomasia recupet inde dotem suam simul cū ar̃ ejusd̃ de tribꝫ añ q̃ p̃dcs Phi maritus suus obiit inde in seisina. Et p̃dcs Thomas p̃ injusta detenčoe in m̃ia.

Nichus Erand petit ṽ Nichm̃ fit Guilli Esteur retractam de una virg̃ ĩre. Et Nichus veñ et concedit tē. Et dies assessus est tē. Et Nichus Erand poñ se in m̃ia.

Guills le Gernenter peť e Joħnes le Messeryn poñ se in m̃iam p̃ licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ p̃dcs Joħnes concedit p̃dco

And Richard comes & both of them put themselves in mercy for leave And it was agreed thus that the said Richard shall grant to the said Nicholas & Matilda the said [land &c.] to hold for the term of the life of the said Matilda. And also they agree that if any deficit should accrue [with reference to a] certain exchange formerly made between them then it shall be corrected in proper form &c.

It was found by the jury to which Emma who was the wife of William Humfrey, plaintiff, & Alice defendant, had submitted themselves concerning one virgate of land in the parish of Grouville that the aforesaid land had been given [to the said Alice by] Matilda la Palmere aunt of the said Alice in fee & not for the term of her life as the said Emma says. Therefore it is determined that the aforesaid Emma shall take nothing but shall be amerced. And the aforesaid Alice may go therein 'sine die' (i. e. is discharged).

William Gillard complains of John Robyn for that he unjustly detains from him one bushel of wheat & a half. And John came & acknowledged this. Therefore he is to be amerced. And William shall recover &c.

It was found by the jury to which Thomasse who was the wife of Philip le Blanc plaintiff & Thomas de St. Clement & Joan his wife defendants had submitted themselves concerning 12 sols of rent in the parish of St. Brelade that the aforesaid rent was of the inherited estate (*propres*) of the aforesaid Philip formerly the husband of the said Thomasse & not of acquired estate (*acquêts*) as the said Thomas & Joan say. Therefore it is determined that the aforesaid Thomasse shall recover thereof her dower together with the arrears of the same for 3 years because the said Philip her husband died in seisin thereof. And the aforesaid Thomas for unjust detention to be amerced.

Nicholas Erand claimed against Nicholas son of William Esteur recovery of one virgate of land. And Nicholas comes & agrees to it &c. And a day is fixed &c. And Nicholas Erand puts himself in mercy.

William le Gernenter claims & John le Messeryn puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the said

Guilto retractam de reddu triu buss frumti in poch̃i Šci Salvatoris quem. Idem emit t̃c. Et dies assessus est de sol̃ve t̃c.

Radus Caytinel queř de Jordo le Serf de eo qđ ipe injuste t̃c feč ipm sũm ex̃ regnū apud Constanč e alibi sine causa t̃c concord̃ sunt ex̃ cuř. Ido utq, eoř in m̃ia. Et p̃đcs Jords feč finem sicut patet alibi.

Petř de Šco Elerio đns de Saumareys peř ṽ Abbem de Chireburgh nō sequit̃. Ido ipe e Jords Levesk pleř suos in m̃ia.

Wilts de Chalegrave e Mariona uxor ejus queř de Thoma de Wyncheles de p̃lito detenčois redd̃s concord̃ sunt. Et p̃đcus Thomas p̃ injusta detenčoe in m̃ia.

Galfr̃ Neel queř e Walrus le Keu de p̃lito debiti poň se in miam p̃ licenč concord̃. Et utq, eoř poň se totaliř đco Luce Espiard e Colini le Rous s̃b pena decem lib̃r.

Alicia la Grosser petens e Rad̃s Godel de p̃lito ěre concord̃ sunt ex̃ Cuř. Ido utq, eoř in m̃ia.

Simon Johan đcs le Curreour e Lucas Espiard de p̃lito t̃ns poň se in miam p̃ licenč concord̃. Et utq, eoř totatr supponit se đco e ordinačoi Phi Levesk Balti s̃b pena decem lib̃r.

Godefrus Wasoun queř de Pho Horman Thoma e Jordo filiis suis de p̃lito t̃ns concord̃ sunt. Ido om̃es in m̃ia. Et ptes p̃đce poň se de toto sup đcm Guilti Payn Petř le Markaunt Robti Bradefer e Joħnis de Wyncheles.

Rad̃s Porrioun peř ṽ Jordm de Auverne nō sequit̃. Ido ipe e Wilts Porrioun pleř suos in m̃ia.

John grants to the said William delivery of the rent of 3 bushels of wheat in the parish of St. Saviour which he bought &c. And a day is given for the payment &c.

Ralph Caytinel claims of Jordan le Serf for that he unlawfully &c. caused him to be summoned out of the kingdom at Coutances & elsewhere without cause &c. and they agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid Jordan compounded as appears elsewhere.

Peter de St. Helier, lord de Samarès, claiming against the Abbot of Cherbourg does not continue his suit. Therefore he & Jordan Levesque his pledge to be amerced.

William de Chalegrave & Marion his wife complaining of Thomas de Vinchelez concerning a plea of detention of rent are agreed &c. And the said Thomas for unjust detention to be amerced.

Geoffrey Neel plaintiff & Walter le Keu concerning a plea of debt put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision of Luke Espiard & Colin le Rous under penalty of 10 livres.

Alice la Grosser plaintiff & Ralph Godel concerning a plea of land are agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Simon Johan called le Curreour & Luke Espiard concerning a plea of trespass put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Philip Levesque Bailiff under a penalty of 10 livres.

Godfrey Wasoun complaining of Philip Horman, Thomas & Jordan, his sons, concerning a plea of trespass are agreed. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the parties aforesaid submit themselves altogether to the decision of William Payn, Peter le Marquand, Robert Brasdefer & John de Vinchelez.

Ralph Porrioun claiming against Jordan de Auverne does not follow up his suit. Therefore he & William Porrioun his pledge to be amerced.

(M. 27 d.)

Adhuc de coibz plitis.

[Wills] Lenginour queř de Simone le Curreour de eo qđ cum idem Wiltus fuisset [Consta]bularius Castri dni Reĝ p'dcus Simon feč eū suū ex^a dominiū Reĝ apud Constanč in cui x̄pianitatis p officio suo tč. Et p'dcus Simon veñ e nō potest [hoc] dediše. Ido comittat^r Gaol inde rediment^r tč.

Niča q̄ fuit uxor Joñnis Pallot peř v Joñem Hubert quinq virg ĩre e unam domū infra contenta. Et p'dcs Joñnes veñ e concord sunt. Et est concord talis qđ p'dcus Joñnes reddit p'dce Niče medietatē p'dce ĩre tenend sibi e ĩedibz suis tč et dat ei ulfius viginti solid. Et p'dca Niča remittit p'dco Joñi jus suū de alia medietate tč. Et p'dcs Joñnes p injusta detenčoe in mīa.

Pħa Munchoun queř de Jordo fit Pħi Horman de eo qđ cū ĩpa simul cum Viviencha matre sua duxissent quemđ asinū cartatū blado in via reĝ veñ p'dcs Jords e ĩpam insultavit p quod ĩpa fugiit et idm Jords indespectu tč abstidit aures e caudam p'dci asini ad dampnū tč. Et p'dcs Jords veñ e nō potest hoc dediše. Ido ĩpe in g^{vi} mīa. Et si ĩpe nō sufficiat respond pař ejus cuj^o manupastus tč Et p'dca Pħa recupet dampñ sua vsus eum que taxant^r p Cuř ad C ā.

Joñnes Augare peř v Joñem du Vergee viginti solid de arř compoti. Et vsus Gilbtm Johan octo solid de arř comp. Et p'dci Joñnes e Gilbts veñ e cogñ tč. Ido ĩpi p injusta detenčoe in mīa.

Willo le Border queř de Guillo Cliche Galfrō Cliche e Colino le Fraunceys de plito debiti. Et Guilts Cliche e Colinus veñ e cogñ qđ debent p'dco Willo sexaginta e duodecī solid e decem denař. Ido ĩpi p injusta detenčoe in mīa. Et p'dcs Galfr pħies vocat^o nō veñ. Ido ĩpe in mīa.

(M. 27 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

[William] Lenginour complaining of Simon le Curreour for that whereas the said William was Constable of the castle of the lord the King the aforesaid Simon caused him to be summoned out of the dominions of the King at Coutances in the court of Christianity by his office &c. And the said Simon comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed &c.

Nicholaa who was the wife of John Pallot claiming against John Hubert 5 virgates of land & one house within contained. And the aforesaid John comes & they are agreed. And it is agreed thus that the aforesaid John shall pay to the said Nicholaa the moiety of the aforesaid land, to hold to her & her heirs &c. and he gives her moreover 20 sols. And the aforesaid Nicholaa gives up to the said John her right to the other moiety &c. And the said John for unjust detention to be amerced.

Philippa Muncheon complaining of Jordan son of Philip Horman for that as she together with Viviencha her mother were leading a certain ass carrying corn in the King's high-way the said Jordan came & assaulted her whereby she fled & the said Jordan in anger &c. cut off the ears & the tail of the said ass to her damage &c. And the aforesaid Jordan comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And if he himself be not sufficient his father, whose domestic servant he is, shall answer &c. And the aforesaid Philippa shall recover her damages against him which are assessed by the court at 100 sols.

John Angare claiming against John du Vergee 20 sols of arrears of account, & against Gilbert Johan 8 sols of arrears of account And the aforesaid John & Gilbert come & acknowledge &c. Therefore they for unjust detention to be amerced.

William le Border complaining of William Cliche, Geoffrey Cliche & Colin le Fraunceys concerning plea of debt. And William Cliche & Colin come & acknowledge that they owe to the aforesaid William 72 sols 10 deniers. Therefore they for unjust detention to be amerced. And the aforesaid Geoffrey being many times called does not come; therefore he is to be amerced.

Mathias le Teler peñ e Joffnes de Caleys poñ se in miam p licenç concord. Et supponūt se totatr dco Thome des Anceys e Coñ le Archer qui adjudicařunt p'dca Matñ viginti solidos.

Ričus de Perepount queř de Robto Fundeng de plito debiti concord sunt. Et Robs poñ se in mia.

Wilts Lenginour petens e Abbas de Exaquio p attorñ suū de plito cōvençōis veñ e poñ se in miam p licenç concord. Et est concord talis qđ utq, eoř supponit se totatr dco e ordinaçoi mağri Guilli de Millers sñ pena decem liřr.

Rads Lempere queř de Wilto Payn capllo de eo qđ ipe citavit p'dcm Radm ad compend coram Judicibz delegatis apud Pariš p quod oportebat p'dcm Radm cū p'dco Wilto p viginti solid p relaxaçoe hnda de p'dca suñ. Et Wilts veñ e dicit qđ ipe nūq, ipm suñ tç sç dicit qđ quid clicus portavit p'dco Wilto iras de tali suñ e ipe p' amore p'dci Radi monstravit ei iras illas et idm Rads de voluntate sua pp'la dedit p'dco clico viginti solid p retrahenda suñ et diç qđ nich aliud ei fecit. Et Rads totū hoc cogñ. Ido idm Rad nich cap tç sç sit in mia. Et p'dcs Wilts eat inde sine die tç.

Nichus Hailes queř de Petro Hailes de plito tñs nō psequit. Ido ipe e pleğ suos scilç Wilts Payn plitatoř in mia.

Nichus le Cras peř e Joffem de Barantyn de plito ĩre poñ se in miam p licenç concord. Et est concord talis qđ p'dcs Joffnes reddid p'dco Nicho fram in manu ejusd Joffnis existentem de ĩeditate ejusd Nichi. Et p'dcs Nichus concedit p'dco Joffi e ĩedibz suis tç quend anuū reddm duoř busř fruñti p'cipiend singlis annis de p'dca ĩra tç.

Matthias le Teler plaintiff & John de Caleys puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And they submit themselves altogether to the decision of Thomas des Anceys & Cok le Archer who adjudged to the said Matthew 20 sols.

Richard de Pierrepont claiming of Robert Fundeng concerning a plea of debt agreed. And Robert puts himself in mercy.

William Lenginour plaintiff & the Abbot of Lessay by his attorney concerning a plea of covenant come & put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Master William de Millers under a penalty of 10 livres.

Ralph Lemprière claiming of William Payn chaplain for that he cited the aforesaid Ralph to appear before the justices delegates at Paris whereby the said Ralph was obliged [to compromise] with the said William for 20 sols to have release from the said summons. And William comes & says that he never summoned him &c. but he says that a certain clerk carried to the said William letters of such summons & he for the love of the said Ralph showed him those letters & the said Ralph of his own will gave to the said clerk 20 sols to withdraw the said summons, & he says that he did nothing else to him. And Ralph acknowledges all this. Therefore the said Ralph shall take nothing but shall be amerced. And the said William may go therein 'sine die' &c. (i. e. is discharged).

Nicholas Hailes claiming of Peter Hailes concerning a plea of trespass does not prosecute. Therefore he & his pledge, to wit, William Payn, of the pleaders, in mercy.

Nicholas le Cras claiming against John de Barantyn concerning a plea of land puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the aforesaid John shall restore to the said Nicholas the land being in the hands of the said John of the heritage of the said Nicholas. And the aforesaid Nicholas grants to the aforesaid John & his heirs &c. a certain yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat to be taken every year of the said land &c.

Radus le Rey queŕ de Rado Lempere de plito t̄ns poĩ se in m̄a
p̄ licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ ułq, eoꝝ totaŕ supponit se
dco Joħnis de Barantyn e Lauř le Oisel s̄b pena centũ solidoz.

(M. 28.)

Adhuc de coĩbz pl̄itis.

Jereš

Petrus de la Hoge petit vsus Guilm le Petyt Juniorem e Guili-
motam uxem continens di acŕ ĩre e
novem virgatas ĩre e di cum ptiñ in poħĩ Šci Elerii ut jus.....
..... tč. Et unde queritŕ qđ cum ipe Petrus fuisset in
pacifica seis̄ de p̄dc̄is [heredi]tate sua Juř dñi Regē
de hac insula jux̄a consideŕoem suam sine assensu e volun[tate]
..... Petŕ fecerunt p̄dca teñ sua vendi e ipm̄ inde disseisiri tč.

Et Guilts e Guilimota veñ. Et dicunt qđ p̄dcus Petrus p̄ recogñ
suam tenebatŕ in diŕsis debitis. Et q,
monitus nō satisfecit infra XL dies a tempe moniçois tč
..... [Juř] Regē adjudicaŕunt p̄ diŕsas vices qđ p̄dca teñ p̄ pticlas
jux̄a sumam pcellaz appciarentŕ p̄ sacŕm vicinoꝝ
q̄ntum valerent ad vendendũ in feodo e jux̄a hi^o extentas
ffũnt illis creditoribz tenenda in feodo p̄ p̄dc̄is debitis. Et ipe Wiltus
rõne p̄dce ux̄is sue que p̄pinqua est p̄dco Petro de sanḡne suo re-
traxit vendiçoem teñ illoꝝ infra anũ e diem solvendo creditoribz
iŕ p̄ teñ illis p̄ciũ quod in debitis suis allocaverunt p̄ sacŕm extensorz
si[cut]moris est in p̄ria. Et tota coĩtate allocuta sup p̄dca consue-
tudine de vendendo ĩras debitoꝝ sine assensu e voluntate sua e ĩto
sup hoc tractatu cũ eisdem plibz vicibz p̄ viij dies oĩes coĩp̄ dicunt
qđ satis tarde tempe dñi Regē E. ĩris tč levata fuit ista cõsuetudo
sine scitu e voluntate dñi Regē e absq, assensu coĩtatis. Et Juř sup

Ralph le Rey claiming of Ralph Lemprière concerning a plea of trespass puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that each of them shall submit himself entirely to the decision of John de Barantyn & Laurence le Oisel under a penalty of 100 sols.

(M. 28.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Peter de la Hoge claims against William le Petyt junior & Guillemote his wife [a messuage] containing half an acre of land & 9½ virgates of land with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Helier as his right &c. And thereupon complains that whereas he the said Peter had been in peaceful seisin of the said as of his inheritance, the jurats of the lord the King in this island according to their ruling without the assent & will [of the said] Peter caused his aforesaid tenements to be sold & himself to be dispossessed thereof &c.

And William & Guillemote come & say that the aforesaid Peter by his recognizance was bound in divers debts. And because, having received notice, he did not pay within 40 days from the time of receiving the notice &c. [the Jurats] of the King had adjudged on divers occasions that the aforesaid tenements in parcels according to the whole of the parcels, should be appraised by the oath of the neighbours, how much they would be worth to sell in fee, & according to such appraisement were [delivered] to those creditors to be held in fee for the aforesaid debts. And the said William by reason of his aforesaid wife who is near in blood to the aforesaid Peter had withdrawn the sale of those tenements within the year & day by paying to those creditors for those tenements the price which on their debts had been allowed by the oath of the valuers, as it is the custom of the country.

And the whole commonalty being questioned about the said custom of selling the lands of debtors without their assent & will & having had conference amongst themselves many times during eight days say that somewhat late in the time of the lord King Edward the father &c. this custom was introduced without the knowledge & will of the lord the King & without the assent of the commonalty. And the Jurats being questioned hereupon say that they

hiis allocuti dicunt quod ipsi per majori parte apppositi fuerunt Jur quibus de novo et tempe quo positi fuerunt, usitata fuit hec consuetudo set bene sciunt quod nec est bona nec legalis, set sicut ipsi illam invenerunt ita eam manutenebunt. Ideo ad iudicium de Jur ex quo non est consuetudo approbata per dominum Regem vel Curiam suam aut civitatem priorem. Postea partes se posuerunt in manum domini Regis per litteras concordie. Et est concordia talis quod predictus Petrus recognovit predicta mea et terram cum pertinentiis esse jus proprium Guillimoti. Et per hac tunc predicti Guillis et Guillimota concedunt predicto Petro predicta mea et terram cum pertinentiis et illa ei reddiderunt hic in Curia habendam et tenendam predicto Petro tota vita sua quiete de ipsis Wiltmo et Guillimota et heredes ipsius Guillimote faciendum capitulum dominis feodi illius per predictis Wiltmo et Guillimota sibi que ad predicta mea et terram pertinent. Et post decessum predicti Petri predicta mea et terra cum pertinentiis integre revertentur ad predictos Wiltm et Guillimotam et heredes quos ipse Wiltus de predicta Guillimota precevit tenenda quiete in perpetuum. Et postea predictus Wiltus dat predicto Petro x libras turoneas. Et hec concordia facta fuit presente Nicho fratre ipsius Petri et eam concedente. Et predicti Wiltus et Guillimota concedunt quod si predictus Nichus supervivat predictum Petrum tunc ipsi Wiltus et Guillimota et heredes ipsius Guillimote statim post decessum ipsius Petri dabunt predicto Nicho quemdam annuum redditum duorum quartiorum frumenti assedendum super terras eorum competentem et secure, habendam et tenendam predicto Nicho tota vita sua. Et post decessum ipsius Nichi predicti Wiltus et Guillimota et heredes ipsius Guillimote erunt quieti de soltoe predicti redditus duorum quartiorum frumenti in perpetuum. Et quia predicti Jur manutenebunt hanc falsam consuetudinem sine guerra et illam in aliis assis concealant. Ideo omnes in manum.

Nichus Corbyn per magistrum Wiltm Lenginour attornatum suum octavo se iiiij^{to} die versus Nichum Blanchard de plito quinq; virgatarum terre et unius mesuagii infra contenti que clamantur ut jus tunc. Et ipse non venit. Et

for the greater part were appointed Jurats quite recently & in the time at which they were appointed this custom was in use, but they well know that it is neither good nor lawful, but as they found it, so they maintained it. Therefore to the judgment of the Jurats for that it is not a custom approved by the King or his court or the commonalty of the country. Afterwards the parties put themselves in the mercy of the lord the King for license to agree. And it was agreed thus that the aforesaid Peter acknowledges the said messuage & land with the appurtenances to be the right of the said Guillemote. And for this &c. the aforesaid William & Guillemote grant to the aforesaid Peter the aforesaid messuage & land with the appurtenances & delivered the same to him here in court: to have & to hold to the said Peter all his life quit of the said William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote making to the chief lords of that fee for the said William & Guillemote the services which to the said messuage & land belong. And after the decease of the aforesaid Peter the aforesaid messuage & land with the appurtenances shall wholly revert to the aforesaid William & Guillemote & the heirs which the said William shall beget of the said Guillemote to hold quit for ever. And further the aforesaid William gives to the said Peter 10 livres tournois. And this agreement was made in the presence of Nicholas brother of the said Peter agreeing thereto. And the aforesaid William & Guillemote grant that if the aforesaid Nicholas shall survive the said Peter then the said William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote immediately after the decease of the said Peter shall give to the aforesaid Nicholas a certain yearly rent of 2 quarters of wheat to be assessed upon their lands sufficiently & securely: to have & to hold to the aforesaid Nicholas for his whole life, & after the decease of the said Nicholas the aforesaid William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote shall be quit of the payment of the aforesaid rent of 2 quarters of wheat for ever. And because the aforesaid Jurats had maintained such a false custom without warrant & had concealed the same in other assizes therefore all of them to be amerced.

Nicholas Corbyn by Master William Lenginour his attorney presents himself the 4th day against Nicholas Blanchard concerning a plea of 5 virgates of land & one messuage within contained which he claims as his right &c. And he did not come. And the Bailiff & Jurats of

balis et Jur Reg recordantur qđ pred̄cus Nichus Corbyn p̄ pd̄cm maḡm Willm Lenginour attornatū suū alias coram eis petiit versus Nichm Blanchard quinq; virgāt ĩre simul cum uno mesuaġ infra contento ut jus t̄c. Et petito inde visu et f̄co t̄c partes postea cōpuerunt coram eis p̄t resortū de visu. Et de assensu eoz̄dm dat^o fuit eis dies hic ad has as̄s t̄c. Et pred̄ Nichus Corbyn p̄ pd̄cm maḡm Willm Lenginour attornatū suū instan̄t petit Judm t̄c sc̄dm cōmunē consuet̄ t̄c. Et pred̄ Blanchard p̄lies e sollempnīt vocatus et p̄ q̄ndeci dies expectat^o nō veñ. Et ĩto inde tractatu cum Jur Reg dicunt qđ si visus sufficient̄ f̄cus fuit pred̄cus Nichus Corbyn debet recupare seisinam de pd̄cis teñ p̄ defal̄t pd̄ci Nichi Blanchard. Et Vič testat^r qđ vis^o sufficient̄ f̄cus fuit t̄c. Et sic juxta avisamentū Jur Reg consider̄ est qđ pred̄cus Nichus recupet seisinā suam versus eum de pd̄cis teñ. Et idm Nichus in m̄ia.

Philus de Carteret quer^r qđ Joñnes de Wycheles malicōse scandalizavit eū hic in Cuř inponens sibi qđ vellet p̄ alte taxand̄ salariū colligend̄ de cōitate hi^o insule e solvend̄ Rob de Bruery narratori de Normān servienti cōitati hic stipendiare pd̄cm Robm ut ip̄i P̄ho sviret in Normān sine alio stipendio. Et alias simitr quer^r de eod̄ Joñne qđ in plena Cuř ip̄ius P̄hi verbis cōtūmeliosis affectit [adversum] senescallū Cuř ip̄ius P̄hi e hoc falso e injuste vocando ip̄m homicidiū falsum e p̄jurū e impedivit Cuř ip̄ius P̄hi ret̄hendo servientes p̄litatores ab ead̄ Cuř e alia enormia ei intulit ad dampnū ip̄ius P̄hi in ut^oq; queret centū lib̄ t̄c. Et inde p̄ducit sectam t̄c.

Et Joñnes veñ. Et negat totū t̄c q̄cquid tangit maliciam set quedam recogñ se dixisse que pd̄co P̄ho de jure nō nocent. Et Philus offert se pbare que sibi sufficē debeant de inten̄coe sua p̄banda t̄c. Et sic admissus de assensu p̄tis pbavit p̄ majori pte p̄ viros fidedignos

the King record that the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn by the aforesaid Master William Lenginour his attorney elsewhere before them claimed against Nicholas Blanchard 5 virgates of land together with one messuage within contained as his right &c. And view thereof being asked & made &c. the parties afterwards appeared before them after the return of the view. And with their assent a day was given to them here at these assizes &c. And the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn by the aforesaid Master William Lenginour his attorney earnestly claims judgment &c. according to the common custom &c. And the aforesaid Blanchard, many times & by custom called & for 15 days waited for, did not come. And a consultation thereon having been held with the Jurats of the King they say that if the view was properly made the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn ought to recover seisin of the said tenements by the default of the said Nicholas Blanchard. And the Viscount declares that the view was properly made &c. And so according to the advice of the Jurats of the King it is decided that the aforesaid Nicholas shall recover his seisin against him of the said tenements. And the said Nicholas to be amerced.

Philip de Carteret complains that John de Vinchelez maliciously gave offence to him here in court alleging that he wished by highly taxing the salary to be collected from the commonalty of this island & to be paid to Robert de Bruere, an advocate of Normandy, for the service of the commonalty here, to remunerate the said Robert so that he might serve Philip himself in Normandy without other stipend. And at another time he likewise complained of the said John that openly in the court of the said Philip he made use of abusive words to the Seneschal of the court of the said Philip & this falsely & unjustly, by calling him a murderer, a deceiver & a perjurer, & disturbed the court of the said Philip by withdrawing from the same court his vassals pleading there & charged him with other most serious offences to the prejudice of the said Philip, in each plaint for 100 livres &c. And thereof he brought an action &c.

And John comes. And he denies the whole &c. so far as malice is concerned, but acknowledges that he said certain things that would not injure the aforesaid Philip in law. And Philip offers to prove those things which ought to be sufficient for him to prove his intention &c. And so admitted with the assent of the parties he

singillatim examinatos adeo qđ viš fuit Cuř qđ pđcs Joh̄nes t̄nsēssus fuit vsus pđcm P̄hm e ei enormia intulit vehement̄ p quod con̄s fuit qđ vadiaret ei emend̄ qđ val̄ decem dolioꝝ vini capiend̄ jux̄ discre- cōem Justiç hic t̄c. Et cum Justiç fuissent in p̄posito taxandi p̄sam ip̄ius P̄hi de eisđ ad tria dolia vini pđcus Joh̄nes posuit se totalit̄ in gr̄am pđci P̄hi ad capiend̄ de ip̄o p voluntate ip̄ius P̄hi pp̄tm Et Joh̄nes in utq̄a q̄rela in m̄ia.

Balti Abbisse de Mustervilers que nich̄ fiet
..... Regi xv li p respectu h̄endo t̄c.

(M. 28 d.)

Adhuc de cōibꝝ p̄litis de eod̄m itinere.

[Petrus] de Šco Elerio p se Abbas de Chereburḡ p se e maḡr Galfr̄ de Carfet p se e nōie suoꝝ raçoe teñ de foris- factura Thome Paynel e que Rob̄tus de Melech̄es postea tenuit [a] dono d̄ni Reĝ ad f̄minū vite sue in seisina ip̄ius Galfr̄ ad p̄sens existenciū pecierunt [deli]baçōm duoꝝ dolioꝝ vini precii de Wrecko in mañ d̄ni Reĝ nup̄ arrestata. Et unde p̄dcus Petr̄ tam petendo p̄dca dolia e Wreckū suū q̄m conquerendo de p̄dco Ab̄be e Priore suo del Islet diç qđ cum quidam marinelli ex̄nei in mari invenissent p̄dca dolia vagancia t̄c e illa att̄xissent in batellū suū et iidem marinelli ducentes illa dolia in batello suo p̄mo deve- nissent ad portū salutis in terra ip̄ius Pet̄ qui wreckū ibi accidens habet e h̄ere clañ e p̄cipe consuevit ab antiquo et se tenuissent in littorio maris infra metas t̄re ip̄ius Petri p spaciū uni⁹ marete rec̄tus maris e amplius cum p̄dcis doliis infra batellū suū tunc existentibꝝ et sic dolia illa sunt e esse debent wreckū ip̄ius Petri p̄dcus Prior qui remutabilis est ad voluntatē ip̄ius Ab̄bis fraudulenter p̄curavit

proved for the greater part by trustworthy men examined one by one, so that it was seen by the court that the aforesaid John had transgressed against the said Philip & had strongly charged him with most serious offences, wherefore it was judged that he should give him security for the payment of the value of the taking of the 10 hogsheads of wine according to the discretion of the justices here &c. And when the justices proposed to tax the prisage of the said Philip for the same at 3 hogsheads of wine, the aforesaid John placed himself entirely at the grace of the aforesaid Philip to take of him at the will of the said Philip by the pledge of And John is to be amerced in each plaint.

The bailiffs of the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers who has nothing to the King 15 livres to have respite &c.

(M. 28 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas in the same eyre.

[Peter] of St. Helier for himself, the Abbot of Cherbourg for himself & Master Geoffrey de Carteret for himself & in the name of their by reason of the tenements of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel & which Robert de Melèches afterwards held by the gift of the lord the King for the term of his life being at present in the seisin of the said Geoffrey, sought delivery of two casks of wine of the value of of wreck lately taken into the hands of the lord the King. And thereupon the aforesaid Peter as well in claiming the aforesaid casks & his wreck as complaining of the aforesaid Abbot & his Prior of the Islet says that whereas certain foreign sailors found the said casks floating about in the sea &c. and took them into their boat & the said sailors taking those casks in their boat first came to a port of safety in the land of the said Peter who has & claims to have & was wont of old to have wreck occurring there, & remained on the sea-shore within the boundaries of the land of the said Peter for the space of one ebb tide & more, with the said casks then being in their boat, & so those casks are & ought to be the wreck of the said Peter,—the said Prior, who is removable at the will of the said Abbot, fraudulently got those sailors to withdraw with

iþos marinellos a terra iþius Petri sine scitu e voluntate iþius Petri recedere cū predco batello suo e vinis existentibz in eisdem e applicare in tra iþius Abbis unde predcus Prior est quasi balis suus sic appropians sibi predca vina que sunt e esse debent Wreckū iþius Petri. Et qđ ita est offert vificare sic Cuř cons e petit delibaçom tç e sibi justiciam exhiberi tç.

Et Abbas e Prior tam respondendo predco Petro qm petendo delibaçoem sibi fieri de pdcis vinis dicunt qđ ex quo Petr^o cogñ qđ predci marinelli remanserunt cū batello suo predcis vinis existentibz in eodm in terra sua p tantū spacium in retractu maris qđ ipe vt balis suus bn potuit batell eoꝝ e alia que clamasse voluisset in eodm arrestasse et ad ea manū nō apposuit nec aliquid vers^o eos clamavit dū fñt in terra sua petit ⁽¹⁾ judm si bene nō licuit predcis marinellis recedere e ire quo voluissent maxie cum dedici non poterit qn iþi in alto mari p dca dolia sblevassent in batellū suū. Et dicunt qđ predci marinelli cum predco batello suo e vinis existentibz in eodm applicunt in terra iþius Abbis in custodia iþius Prioris existente ubi iþi e omes pdecessores iþius Abbis Abtes de Chereburgh habent e here consuevant Wreckū accidens a tpe quo nō extat memoria. Et qđ ita est offerunt vificare p patriam. Et peř delibaçom s' fieri tç. Et magř Galfr diç qđ terra ubi applicuerunt qñ recesserunt a terra predci Petri est de feodo Paynelli quod Robt^o de Melechis tenuit ad fm vite sue et qđ dñs E. Rex paf tç nup dedit Reginaldo de Carfet pri iþius Galfri cuy^o unus heres ipe est et qđ nunc est in mañ iþius Galfri raçone ppartis sue de heditate predci patris sui ipm contingentis ubi ipe clam here wreckū tç raçone qđ tam Thom Paynel dū teñ illa tenuit auteq^a forisfecit tç qm predcus Robtus de Melech dū ipe ea tenuit ibi solebant cape Wreckū. Et qđ ita est offert vificare p pat'am. Et peř delibaçom sibi fieri tç.

(1) Sic.

their said boat & the wines being in the same from the land of the said Peter without the knowledge & will of the said Peter & to betake themselves to the land of the said Abbot whereof the said Prior is as it were his bailiff, so appropriating to himself the aforesaid wines which are & ought to be the wreck of the said Peter. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine, & he claims delivery &c. and that justice may be done to him &c.

And the Abbot & Prior, as well in answering the said Peter as claiming delivery to be made to them of the aforesaid wines, say that inasmuch as Peter acknowledges that the aforesaid sailors remained with their boat, the said wines being therein, in his land for so long during the ebb of the tide, that he or his bailiff might well have arrested their boat & other things in the same which he wished to claim & that he did not seize these nor did he claim anything from them while they were in his land, they pray judgment whether it was not lawful for the said sailors to withdraw & go where they wished especially as it cannot be denied that they took those casks into their boat on the high seas. And they say that the aforesaid sailors with their said boat & the wines in the same betook themselves to the land of the said Abbot being in the custody of the said Prior where they & all the predecessors of the said Abbot, Abbots of Cherbourg, have & were wont to have wreck occurring from time immemorial. And that this is so they offer to establish by the verdict of the country. And they claim that delivery be made to them &c. And Master Geoffrey says that the land to which they betook themselves when they withdrew from the land of the said Peter is of the fee of Paynell which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life, & which the lord E. the the King the father &c. lately gave to Reginald de Carteret, the father of the said Geoffrey, whose only heir he is & that it is now in the hands of the said Geoffrey by reason of his portion of the inheritance of his said father coming to him, wherefore he claims to have wreck &c. by reason that as well Thomas Paynel while he held those tenements before he forfeited &c. as the aforesaid Robert de Melèches while he held the same were wont to take wreck there. And that this is so he offers to establish by the verdict of the country. And he claims delivery to be made to him &c.

Et Wills de Mareys qui sequitur pro dño Rege diç qđ nullus eoꝝ petere poř pđca vina ut wreckū. Quia diç qđ ea tantūmodo sunt Wreckū que fluct⁹ maris piciunt ad ũram vř infra portū aut tam ppe terram qđ a stantibz in terra possunt ppendi e sic ducantur vř trahantur ad portū set ea que repta sunt in alto mari unde certū nō existit quo fluct⁹ maris ea vellent picere si p laborem marinelloꝝ leventur a mari e ponant⁹ in navi vř batello et sic in vasi ducantur ad terrā e non tangunt terram alicuj⁹ per t̄hunçõem nec alio modo nō possunt dici wreckū set sunt tantūmodo de adventuris maris de quibz nullus potest aliquid clamare nisi salvatores e dñs Rex vř ille cui dñs Rex concesserit libtatem picipiendi huj⁹modi aventuras. Et petit juđm pro dño Rege. Et predcti Petr⁹ e alii non possunt hec dedicere. Et ido cons̄ est qđ pđca vina remañ dño Regi salva salvatoribz pte sua. Et Petr⁹ e alii in mīa p falso claĩ tç. Postea unū de pđcis doliis cōcessum fuit pđco p'ori p LX s̄ de quibz soluit pđcis salvatoribz XL s̄ p pparte sua tç. Et de viginti solid̄ residuis respond̄ dño Regi tç.

Lucas de Marek peř vsus Pñm de Marek fr̄em suū rōnabilem ppartem de duabz virḡ ĩre in pochia Šci Martini de f̄editate sua tç. Et pđcus Pñus veĩ e bene cogñ qđ pđcus Lucas fraĩ ejus est e debet ĩere ppartem tç. Ido fiat ppars. Et pđcus Pñus p injusta detençõe in mīa.

Mathus le Loreour viç allocutus de ĩri dñi Reğ nup sibi libato qđ suĩ Pñm de Carteret e mağrm Galfr̄m de Carteret qđ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respond̄ dño Regi ad plita de quo Wař tç quod nōdum ret⁹navit tç e ĩri illo instanĩ ab eo petito tç tandem tarde e coactus retornavit ĩre illud set viliĩ truncatū e quasi corrosum derisorie. Et q̄ videbat⁹ Cuř huj⁹modi f̄om fieri in magnū contemptū

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that none of them can claim the said wines as wreck, because he says that those things only are wreck which the flow of the tide brings to land or in harbour, or so near the land that by those standing on the land they may be laid hold of, & are thus guided or brought to port, but those things which are found on the high seas whereof no certainty exists as to where the flow of the tide may cast them, if they are raised from the sea by the labour of the sailors & put into the ship or boat & are so conveyed in the vessel to the land, & do not touch the land of any one by conveyance or any other way, cannot be called wreck but are only of the ventures of the sea of which no one can claim anything except the salvors and the lord the King or he to whom the lord the King shall have granted the right of taking such ventures. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the aforesaid Peter & the others cannot gainsay these things. And therefore it is determined that the aforesaid wines shall remain to the lord the King saving to the salvors their share. And Peter & the others are to be amerced for false claim &c. Afterwards one of the said casks was granted to the aforesaid Prior for 60 sols of which he paid to the said salvors 40 sols for their share &c. And for the 20 sols remaining he shall answer to the lord the King &c.

Luke des Mareys claims against Philip des Mareys his brother his lawful share of two virgates of land in the parish of St. Martin of his inheritance &c. And the aforesaid Philip comes & fully acknowledges that the aforesaid Luke is his brother & ought to have a share &c. Therefore let a division be made. And the aforesaid Philip for unlawful detention to be amerced.

Matthew le Loreour, the Viscount, questioned concerning the writ of the lord the King lately delivered to him to summon Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey de Carteret to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea of 'quo warranto' &c. which he never returned &c., and that writ being instantly demanded of him &c. at length he tardily & under compulsion returned that writ but badly mutilated & torn as if in contempt. And because it seemed to the court that this deed was done in great contempt of

dñi Reġ e Cuř sue vič sit in g^{avi} m^{ia}. Et afforat^r p Justič ad xx li. Et sup hoc idem vič instant^r quer^r de p^{dc}o mag^ro Galfrō dicens qđ ad vehementem requisicōem ip^{ius} mag^ri Galfri ipe vič tradidit ei bre illud integrū de grā t^{nscribend} e sibi reliband^r tē e postea vix potuit ipe vič bre illud reire tē set tand^r unus fr̄m ejusd^r mag^ri Galfrī illud ei libavit ita viciatū. Et peñ qđ sicut idem mag^r Galfr tenebat^r ei illud restituisse sanū sicut illd^r recepit. Ita ipm conservet indem- nem de t^{ns}g^{ssione} inde fca, dum bre illud fuit vt esse debuit in custodia ip^{ius} mag^ri Galfri. Et mag^r Galfrus p̄sens totū hoc cogñ set vehement^r juravit qđ nescit quis vt qñ bre illd sic atiravit tē. Et qđ illd nō reddidit sanū sicut illud recepat. Iō acquietet vič de m^{ia} tē.

..... Tehi quer^r de falso judo reddito cont^r ipam coram ballo e juř Reġ de plito ire nō psequit^r. Ido ipa e pleġ sui de p̄s in m^{ia}. Scilč juř tē.

..... illas v Joñem de Caleys ponūt se in m^{ia} Cuř p liceuč Wilfi Russel.

(M. 29.)

Adhuc de coibz plitis.

Jereš Nichus le Neyr petens e Joñes de Wyncheles ponunt se in m^{ia} p licencia concordia talis qđ p^{dc}us Joñes concedit p^{dc}o Nicho fram quam de eo fiet p s..... infra duos annos sequentes denarios quos plus sibi solvit p eadem. Ita delibet^r tē.

Thomas Tok^o quer^r e Guillus Aleys ponunt se in m^{ia} p licencia concordand talis qđ p^{dc}us Guills exorabit

the lord the King & his court, the Viscount is to be heavily amerced, & it is appraised by the justices at 20 livres. And hereupon the said Viscount at once complains of the said Master Geoffrey saying that at the urgent request of the said Master Geoffrey he (the Viscount) gave to him that writ whole as a favour to be transcribed & returned to him &c. and afterwards he (the Viscount) could with difficulty get that writ back again, but at length one of the brothers of the said Master Geoffrey returned it to him so spoiled. And he claims that, as the said Master Geoffrey was bound to return the same to him whole as he received it, he may therefore be kept indemnified of the wrong therein done, while that writ was or should have been in the custody of the said Master Geoffrey. And Master Geoffrey being present acknowledges all this but earnestly swore that he does not know who so damaged that writ or when &c. And because he (Geoffrey) did not return it whole as he received it, therefore let the Viscount be discharged from the payment of the fine &c.

..... Tehi complaining of false judgment given against her before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King
 in a plea of land, does not prosecute her action. Therefore she & her pledges in the action to be amerced, to wit
 jurats &c.

..... those against John de Caleys place themselves in the mercy of the Court for leave
 of William Russel.

(M. 29.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Nicholas le Neyr, plaintiff & John de Vinchelez put themselves in mercy for leave agreement is such that the aforesaid John grants to the aforesaid Nicholas the land which he has of him for within 2 years following the money which he first paid to him for the same, so be delivered &c.

Thomas Toke, plaintiff, & William Aleys put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. [Agreement is] such that the said William shall

dimid̄ ac̄r̄ fr̄e quam id̄m Thomas tenet
redd̄s unde p̄us illam oñavit.

Thomas Mortfoche qui fec̄ t̄ns̄ḡssiõem Drogoni de Barantini
asportando lapid̄muro ejusd̄ Drogonis ad faciend̄
inde domū suam pp̄am veñ e vadiat ei XL p̄dc̄us
Drogo remittit ei XX s̄ e alios viginti solid̄ solvet ei p̄ voluntate
sua Thomas p̄ p̄d̄ca t̄n̄s̄ in m̄ia.

Radus de Arblaster petens e Galfr̄ le Groche de plito fr̄e con-
cord̄ sunt ex̄ Cuř. Ido utq̄ eoꝝ in m̄ia.

Convictū est p̄ Juř in quam Thomas de la Rue quer e Jonettus
de la Rue se posuerunt qđ p̄dc̄us Jonettus fecit t̄n̄s̄ p̄d̄co Thome
unde ha cla. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia. Et q̄ p̄dc̄us Thomas querebat̄ qđ
id̄m Jonettus fec̄ ei sanḡnem t̄c̄ et nō potuit illud pbare sicut optu-
lit t̄c̄. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia.

Thomas Phelipe peř̄ v̄ Rob̄tm Sibille retractam de uno mēs e
una virḡ fr̄e p̄ consuetud̄ t̄c̄. Et Rob̄tus veñ e cogñ qđ pp̄inquir
heres est t̄c̄ et concedit retractam t̄c̄ et dies assessus est de soloe t̄c̄.
Et p̄d̄cs Thomas poñ se in m̄ia.

Convictū est p̄ Juř in quam Thomasia des Vaus e Perrota fit
Guiffi del Val se posũunt qđ p̄d̄ca Thomasia pcussit p̄d̄cam Perrotam
unde sanḡs e ha cla. Et ead̄ Perrota acabliavit p̄d̄cam Thomasiam.
Ido utraq̄ eaꝝ in m̄ia et Petř̄ des Vaus est pleğ̄ p̄d̄ce Thomasie.

Nichus de la Faleyse dc̄s Bochard e Joh̄na uxor ejus petunt v̄
Petř̄ de Hailes retractam de redd̄u triū cab̄ frum̄ti sup̄ unam virḡ fr̄e
e d̄i quem p̄dc̄us Petr̄ emit de Joh̄ne de Hailes p̄re p̄d̄ce Joh̄ne. Et
Nichus de Hailes opponit se e dicit qđ ip̄e alias petiit de p̄d̄co Petro

discharge half an acre of land which the said Thomas holds
..... rent whereof he first charged it.

Thomas Mortfoche who committed a trespass against Drogo de Barantyn by removing stones from the wall of the said Drogo to build therewith his own house comes & pledges to him 40 sols the said Drogo remits to him 20 sols & the other 20 sols he shall pay to him at his will Thomas for the aforesaid trespass to be amerced.

Ralph Larbalestier plaintiff & Geoffrey le Groche concerning a plea of land have agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

It is found by the jury to which Thomas de la Rue plaintiff & Jonett de la Rue submitted themselves that the aforesaid Jonett committed a trespass on the said Thomas whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced. And because the aforesaid Thomas complains that the said Jonett drew his blood &c. and cannot prove it as he alleged &c. Therefore he himself is to be amerced.

Thomas Phelipe claims against Robert Sibille the redemption of one messuage & one virgate of land according to custom &c. And Robert comes & acknowledges that he is the next heir &c. and grants the redemption &c. and a day is fixed for the payment &c. And the aforesaid Thomas puts himself in mercy.

It is found by the jury to which Thomasia des Vaux & Perrota daughter of William du Val submitted themselves that the aforesaid Thomasia struck the aforesaid Perrota whence blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And the said Perrota threw down the said Thomasia. Therefore both of them to be amerced, & Peter des Vaux is the pledge of the said Thomasia.

Nicholas de la Falaise called Bochart & Joan his wife claim against Peter de Hailes the redemption of the rent of 3 bushels of wheat upon one virgate of land & a half which the aforesaid Peter bought of John de Hailes father of the said Joan. And Nicholas de Hailes intervenes & says that elsewhere he sought from the said

retract̃ de p̃dco reddu et visus inde feus fuit in^o eos ad quem visum p̃dci Nichus e Johna nō ffunt. Et Nichus e Johna dicunt qđ ipe ffunt ad vi^s illū p Petrū Boeffe attorñ eoꝝ tē. Et Nichus di^c qđ p̃dcus Petr̃ nūq̃^a fuit eoꝝ attorñ. Et de hoc poñ se sup record̃ balli e Juř Reġ tē. Et Nichus e Johna simitr. Et balli e Juř recordāt qđ p̃dcus Petr̃ fuit attorñ p̃dcoꝝ Nichi e Johne. Ido cons̃ est qđ p̃dci Nichus e Johna hēant retractā de p̃dco reddu. Et p̃dcus Nichus in m̃ia. Et dies assessus est de soloe.

Jords Payn queř de Rico Horman de eo qđ ipe injuste tē detinet ei quemd̃ anuū red̃ quem ei debet tē. Et Ricus veñ e cogñ qđ debet p̃dco Jordo anuū reddm̃ tresdecī cab̃ fruñti et tres cab̃ fri de ar̃ tē. Ido ipe p̃ injusta deten^coe in m̃ia.

Thomas de la Mare in m̃ia p̃ ptibz defal̃t ṽ Ricm̃ Horman.

Wills Abatfaleyse queř de Guillo le Curteys Johne Columbam̃y Thoma Esteur Guillo Hynard e Raulino le Curteys de deten^coe catañ tē. Et p̃dcus Thomas e Raulinus veñ e dicūt qđ ipe fe^cunt pacem cū p̃dco Willo ex^a Cuř p xxx s̃. Et p̃dcus Wills no potest hoc dedi^ce. Ido om̃es in m̃ia. Et p̃dci Wills Johannes e Wills sepius vocati ad sectam p̃dci Willi nō veñ. Ido ip̃i in g^ovi m̃ia.

Thomas Baudeyn petens e Plius Bertram de p̃lito t̃re concord̃ fuit ex^a Cuř. Ido ufq̃ eoꝝ in m̃ia.

Convictū est p Juř in quam Guills Waudyn e Thomas fit Joñis de Šco Petro se possūnt qđ p̃dcus Thomas ṽbavit p̃dcm̃ Guillm̃ unde ha cla. Ido ipe in m̃ia. Et idm̃ Guills recupet vsus eum dampna sua que taxant^r p Juř ad XL s̃.

Johnes Veysin queř de Rico Murdrak Raolino e Rađo fribz suis de eo qđ cum ipe incasset quasđ bestias inventas in dampnis suis ad

Peter the redemption of the said rent & view was thereof made between them, at which view the said Nicholas & Joan were not present. And Nicholas & Joan say that they were at that view by Peter Boeffe their attorney &c. And Nicholas says that the said Peter never was their attorney. And for this he submits himself to the record of the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King. And Nicholas & Joan likewise. And the Bailiff & Jurats record that the aforesaid Peter was the attorney of the said Nicholas & Joan. Therefore it is judged that the aforesaid Nicholas & Joan shall have the redemption of the said rent. And the aforesaid Nicholas to be amerced. And a day is fixed for payment.

Jordan Payn complains of Richard Horman for that he unjustly &c. detains from him a certain yearly rent which he owes him &c. And Richard comes & acknowledges that he owes to the aforesaid Jordan the yearly rent of 13 bushels of wheat & 3 bushels of wheat of arrears &c. Therefore he is to be amerced for unjust detention.

Thomas de la Mare to be amerced for many defaults against Richard Horman.

William Abatfalaie complains of William le Curteys, John Columbamy, Thomas Estur, William Hynard & Raulin le Curteys, for detention of chattels &c. And the aforesaid Thomas & Raulin come & say that they made peace with the aforesaid William out of court for 30 sols. And the aforesaid William cannot deny this. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid William, John & William often called at the suit of the aforesaid William do not come. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

Thomas Baudains plaintiff & Philip Bertram concerning a plea of land agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

It is found by the jury to which William Vaudin & Thomas Fitz-John of St. Peter submitted themselves that the aforesaid Thomas struck the aforesaid William whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the said William shall recover against him his damages which are taxed by the jury at 40 sols.

John Voisin complains of Richard Murdrake, Raolin & Ralph his brothers for that when he had impounded certain beasts taken in

valenč duoꝝ q̄rfioꝝ fri tē. Ido Ričus cepit bestias illas vi e cont̄
pacem tē ex̄ parcū suū in domo Raolini Ceruoise. Et p̄dcs Ričs veñ
e dicit qđ ipe nūq̄ cepit bestias illas ex̄ parcum tē. Et inde poñ se
sup sac̄rm p̄dci Raolini Ceruoise. Et p̄dcs Johannes simitr. Et idm
Raolinus juř tē dicit qđ p̄dcs Ričs cepit p̄dcs bestias ex̄ domū suam
cont̄ voluntatem suam p̄dci Joñnis. Ido ipe
in ḡvi miā. Et quo ad cap̄oem namioꝝ e dampna tē
e alii petunt viš tē. Et post resortū de visu p̄dcs Joñes oñ se. Et
p̄dci Rič e al dicūt qđ p̄dcs Johannes in viš e noiavit unū
frem eoꝝ cōten[dere in] q̄rela sua tē. Et p̄dcs Johannes nō potest hoc
dediše. Ido cons̄
..... ad p̄sens sine die. Et p̄dcs Johannes
P̄tus Lempere
..... [concord sunt] ex̄ Cuř. Ido [in miā].

(M. 29 d.)

Adhuc de cōibz p̄litis.

Fresingfeld.

[Ričus] de la Croiz queř de Guiffo des Augreys de eo qđ cum
ipe simul cū quod f̄re bastardo pquisivissent
quemđ anuū reddm triū cab̄ fruñti in poch̄ Šci Elerii
sup dimid̄ ac̄ f̄re in feodo ip̄ius Guiffo cōjunctim sibi e h̄edibz
suis tē. Idem Guiffo reddm illū arrestavit e illū ei deforc̄ absq̄
causa r̄onabili tē. Et Guiffo [des Augreys veñ] e dicit qđ p̄dcs
frař Riči tē obiit seisis de p̄dco reddu p quod ipe cepit in [manum]
suam noie eschete p̄partem p̄dci f̄ris de p̄dco reddu tē sicut ei bene
licuit. [P̄dcs] Ričus dič qđ ipe e p̄dcs frař suos cōjunctim e indiviso
pquisivunt p̄dcm reddm [sibi] e h̄edibz suis tē. Et hoc offert v̄ficar̄
sicut Cuř cons̄ et pei judm. Et Guiffo nō potest hoc dediše. Ido

damage to the value of 2 quarters of wheat &c. the said Richard took those beasts by force & against the peace &c. out of his pound into the house of Raolin Cervoise. And the said Richard comes & says that he never took those beasts out of the pound &c. And therein submits himself to the oath of the said Raolin Cervoise. And the aforesaid John likewise. And the said Raolin being sworn &c. says that the aforesaid Richard took the aforesaid beasts out of his house against his will of the said John. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And as to the taking of the distresses & the damages &c. & the others claim view &c. And after the return of the view the said John presents himself. And the said Richard & the others says that the said John in the view and named one of his brothers to sue in his plaints &c. And the said John cannot gainsay this. Therefore it is judged now discharged. And the said John.....

Philip Lemprière
..... [agreed] out of court. Therefore [to be amerced.]

(M. 29 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Fresingfeld.

Richard de la Croix complains of William des Augrès for that whereas he together with a certain brother a bastard purchased a certain yearly rent of 3 bushels of wheat in the parish of St. Helier [assessed] upon half an acre of land in the fee of the said William jointly to them & to their heirs &c., the said [William] arrested that rent & detained it from him without reasonable cause &c. And William [comes] & says that the said brother of the said Richard &c. died seised of the said rent whereby he took into his [hands] as an escheat the share of the said brother in the said rent &c. as it was quite lawful [for him to do]. Richard says that he & his said brother jointly & undividedly purchased the said rent [for them] & their heirs &c. And this he offers to establish as the court shall determine & he claims judgment. And William cannot gainsay this. Therefore

cons̄ est qđ p̄dcs Ričus recupet seisinam suam v̄ p̄dcm Guillm de p̄dco reddu. Et idm Guifls p̄ injusta detençõe in m̄ia.

Joñnes de Barantyn queř e Petř des Vaus ponunt se in m̄ia p̄ licenç concord. Et est concord talis qđ p̄dcs Petř cogñ qđ debet p̄dco Johi triginta libr turoñ quas alias ei vadiavit p̄ t̄ns quas ei fecit t̄c solvend p̄dco Johni p̄ voluntate sua t̄c.

Margia que fuit uxor Jordi Martin petens e Wifls Payn concord sunt qđ p̄dcs Wifls concedit p̄dce Margie quemđ anuū reddm unius q̄r̄fii fruñti ad f̄miñ vite p̄dce Margie p̄cipiend singlis annis de fra īpius Wilti que vocat̄ Faleduk.

Audita petiçõe lepsoz de domo Šci Nichi de annuo reddu duoz busset̄ fri assesso [super] duas virḡ tre in p̄ochia de Grovill quas Guillot^o Goies tenet e qui aretro est p̄dcis lepsis de duobz annis elapsis sicut p̄ quamđ Juř inde inf̄ eos captā cōvictā est cons̄ est qđ p̄dci lepsi recupent ar̄ ejusđ redd̄s vidz quatuor bus̄ fri qui modo app̄ciant̄ ad xiiij s̄ iiij đ. Et dictū est tam baltio q̄m Vič qđ sint eis in auxiliū ad levand p̄dcm reddm t̄c. Et nich̄ de m̄ia q̄ Guillot^o inf̄ etatē.

Galfř del Pount queř de Viviano Mahumet p̄sona ecclie Šci Lauř de eo qđ īpe vi e cont̄ pacem t̄c asptavit genettam īpius Galfř p̄cii XL s̄ et t̄ abduxit unū bovem e alia bona īpius Galfř ad valenç iiij libr ad dampñ t̄c. Et Vivianus veñ e dič qđ īpe est ductor e custos cuj^od Guilloti Juliene qui inf̄ etatem est et dič qđ p̄dcs Galfř fuit in custodia sua de catař ejusđ Guilloti ad valenç quatuor libr p̄ quod idm Vivian^o noie p̄dci Guilloti tanq̄ custos t̄c petiit p̄dca cař vsus p̄dcm Galfř coram baltio e Juř Reğ t̄c et p̄ cons̄ Cuř libata f̄funt ei p̄dca cař videlř genetta p̄cii decem solidoz unus bos p̄cii quinquaginta

it is judged that the said Richard shall recover his seisin against the said William of the said rent. And the said William is to be amerced for unjust detention.

John de Barantyn plaintiff & Peter des Vaux place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And the agreement is such that the said Peter acknowledges that he owes to the said John 30 livres tournois which at another time he gave him as security for the injuries which he had done to him &c. to be paid to the said John at his will &c.

Margery, who was the wife of Jordan Martin, plaintiff, & William Payn have agreed that the said William shall grant to the said Margery a certain yearly rent of one quarter of wheat for the term of the life of the said Margery to be received every year on the land of the said William which is called Faldouet.

Having heard the petition of the lepers of the house of St. Nicholas concerning the yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat assessed [upon] 2 virgates of land in the parish of Grouville which Guillot Goies holds & which is in arrear to the said lepers for the last 2 years as was found by a certain jury to which it was referred by them, it is judged that the said lepers shall recover the arrears of the said rent, to wit, 4 bushels of wheat which are now appraised at 13 sols 4 deniers. And it is commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount that they shall aid them in levying the said rent &c. And no amercement (is imposed) because the said Guillot is under age.

Geoffrey du Pont complains of Vivian Mahumet parson of the Church of St. Lawrence for that he with force & against the peace &c. carried away a foal of the said Geoffrey of the value of 40 sols & also took away an ox & other goods of the said Geoffrey to the value of 4 livres to his prejudice &c. And Vivian comes & says that he is the master & guardian of a certain Guillot Julien who is under age & he says that the said Geoffrey had in his custody chattels belonging to the said Guillot to the value of 4 livres wherefore the said Vivian in the name of the said Guillot as his guardian &c. claimed the said chattels from the said Geoffrey before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King &c. and by the judgment of the court the said chattels were delivered to him, to wit, a foal of the value of 10 sols, an ox of the value of 50 sols & wheat of the value of 20 sols,

solidoꝝ e fruītū ꝑcii viginti solidoꝝ et dicit qđ nō hūit alia bona de ꝑđco Galfro nec alit. Et hoc offert ꝑficare ꝑ recordā balli e Juř tē. Et Galfř bene cogñ qđ ꝑđcus Vivian^o nō hūit alia catař qđm ipc cogñ set diē qđ ipc nō hūit ꝑđca catalla ꝑ cons curie nec ꝑ talem ꝑciū ꝑut idem Vivianus diē. Et hoc offert simitr ꝑficare ꝑ recordū tē. Et balls e Juř tē recordant^r de toto sicut ꝑđcus Vivianus diē. Iđo cons est qđ ꝑđcs Galfř nichī capiat ꝑ qřelam suam sz sit in mīa. Et ꝑđcs Vivian^o eat inde sine die.

Et comptum est in ꝑsencia ꝑđci Galfri qđ ipō fecit suū Phm Levesk ballm dñi Reġ ex^a regnū tē apud Constanē ꝑ officio suo fidelit̄ executo. Iđo comittat^r Gaol inde redimend tē.

Robtus Aleyn e Jořna Poynt Destre mutuo querentes tē de ꝑlito detenōis reddis tandem concesserunt qđ mutuo jurarent tē et Juř qđ debent eque adinvicem ꝑř tres cař fruītū de arř reddis qui debent^r ꝑđco Robto. Iđo idem Robts recupet arř ꝑđca. Et utq, eoꝝ in mīa.

Wills le Petyt de Rosel queř de Galfro fit Agnetis Perchart e Coletta sorore sua de fraude de conclamento juris sui de řra quam emerūt in dmo suo tē veñ et ponūt se in mīam ꝑ licenē concord. Et est concord talis qđ ꝑđcs Wills remittit eis fraudem tē et concedit qđ ipi deceřo teneant in pace teñ que ꝑquis in dmo suo faciendo inde servicia debita e cōsueta tē.

Ranulphs Galicien e Pñus le Utlaghe queř e Jordis Reynald e Juliana soror sua de obstrucōe cuj^odam vie tē ponūt se in mīam ꝑ licenē concord. Et est cōcord talis qđ cōcedunt utrumq, qđ via octo pedū fiat inř řras eoꝝ in loco cōpetente unde medietas de řra singloꝝ eoꝝ tē.

& he says that he had no other goods of the said Geoffrey nor otherwise. And this he offers to establish by the record of the Bailiff & Jurats &c. And Geoffrey well knows that the said Vivian had no other chattels than he acknowledged, but he says that he had not the said chattels by the judgment of the court nor at such a value as the said Vivian says. And this he likewise offers to establish by the record &c. And the Bailiff & Jurats &c. record concerning the whole as the said Vivian says. Therefore it is judged that the said Geoffrey does not succeed in his action but shall be amerced. And the said Vivian shall be discharged.

And it was found in the presence of the said Geoffrey that he caused to be summoned Philip Levesque the Bailiff of the lord the King out of the realm &c. at Coutances for the faithful discharges of the duties of his office. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed therefrom &c.

Robert Aleyn & Joan Poingdestre mutually complaining &c. concerning a plea of detention of rents at length granted that they will take oath &c. and took oath that they owe equally one to the other except as to three bushels of wheat of arrears of rent which are owing to the said Robert. Therefore the said Robert shall recover the said arrears. And both of them to be amerced.

William le Petyt of Rosel complaining of Geoffrey son of Agnes Perchard & Colette his sister of their fraud concerning the concealment of his rights as to the land which they bought in his demesne &c. come & place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the said William withdraws the (charge of) fraud &c. and grants that they henceforth may hold in peace the tenements which they purchased in his demesne doing therefor the services due & accustomed &c.

Ranulph Galicien & Philip le Utlagh plaintiffs & Jordan Reynald & Juliana his sister concerning the obstruction of a certain way &c. place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And the agreement is such that each of them agrees that a way of 8 feet be made between their lands in a suitable place,—whereof the moiety of the land of each of them &c.

(M. 30.)

Plita de quo Waranto de eodem ifinere.

Jerseye.

Dñs Rex p Guilm de Mareys qui sequit' p eo petit vsus Abbem
S̃ci Salvatoris [Vicecomitis] advocaōnes eccliaꝝ S̃ci Petri S̃ci Joh̃nis
S̃ci Clementis S̃ci Elerii e S̃ci Brolardi [et advocaōnes] sexte ptis
decie garbaꝝ eccliaꝝ S̃ci Salvatoris de Grouill S̃ce T'nitatis S̃ci Mar-
tini [S̃ci Laurentii, Beatæ] Marie e S̃ci Audoeni et advocaōm p'ora-
tuū de Bonanocte et de S̃co Petro ut jus t̃c Et
Abbas veñ e diç qđ ip̃e clañ tenere e fiere pred̃cas advocaōes eccliaꝝ
de dono dñi H. Reḡ [filii Impera]trici t̃c et t̃ clañ tenere pred̃cas
decias de dono ejusdem dñi Reḡ qđ dicit qđ idem dñs [Rex dedit]
pred̃cas advocaōes e decias cuidam Abbi S̃ci Salvatoris vicecoñ in
Constātino predecessori suo [per] cartam ip̃ius dñi Reḡ quam pfert
que sic incipit. H. dei gr̃a Rex Angl̃ Dux Normanū [e Aquit̃]
e Comes Andeg̃ Archiep̃is Ep̃is Abbibꝝ Comitibꝝ Baronibꝝ Justic̃
Viç e om̃ibꝝ ministris e fidelibꝝ suis toci^o terre sue citra mare
e ultra saltm. Sciatis qđ ego h̃co in manu e p̃teccōne mea sicut
meam dñicam Abbathiam S̃ci Salvatoris de Constancio cum om̃ibꝝ
rebus e possessionibꝝ eidm Abbathie pt̃ntibus sicut p̃sens carta in
s̃bsequentibꝝ declarat. Et exinde inf̃ ceŃa continet sic. Concedo t̃ e
confirmo om̃es ecclias quas pred̃ca abbathia tenet in Insula de Gere-
soie videl̃ totam eccliam S̃ci Broelarii cum q'ñqꝝ ptibꝝ decie e cum
fr̃is eidm ecclie ptinentibꝝ totam eccliam S̃ci Petri de Deserto cum
medietate decime et fr̃is e elemosinis eidm ecclie ptinentibꝝ et in
eadm poch̃ de dono Symonis de Haga terram ad unū aratrū et fram
quam dedit Rañu P̃s̃r totam eccliam S̃ci Elerii cū medietate decie
e cum fr̃is e elemosinis eidm ecclie ptinentibꝝ Totam eccliam S̃ci
Clementis cum quinqꝝ ptibꝝ decie e cum fr̃is e elemosinis eidm ecclie
ptinenç e in eadm pochia de dono Wilti de Hasneriis unam minam

(M. 30.)

Pleas of 'Quo Warranto' of the same eyre.

Jersey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of St. Sauveur le Vicomte the advowsons of the Churches of St. Peter, St. John, St. Clement, St. Helier & St. Brelade; [and the advowsons] of the 6th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of St. Saviour, of Grouville, Holy Trinity, St. Martin [St. Lawrence] St. Mary & St. Ouen & the advowson of the Priories of Bonne Nuit & of St. Peter as his right &c. And the Abbot comes & says that he claims to hold & have the aforesaid advowsons of the Churches of the gift of the lord H. the King [son of the Empress] &c. and also claims to hold the aforesaid tithes of the gift of the said lord the King, and he says that the same lord [the King gave] the said advowsons & tithes to a certain Abbot of St. Sauveur le Vicomte in Coutances (diocese), his predecessor, [by a] charter of the same lord the King which he produces which begins thus: H. by the grace of God King of England Duke of the Normans [& Aquitaine] & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, counts barons justices sheriffs & all his officers & faithful people of all his dominions on this side of the channel & beyond, greeting: Know ye that I have in my hand & protection as my demesne the Abbey of St. Saviour of Coutances with all things & possessions to the same Abbey appertaining as this present charter hereinafter declares. And therein among other things is contained thus: I also grant & confirm all the Churches which the aforesaid Abbey holds in the island of Jersey, to wit, the whole of the Church of St. Brelade with 5 parts of the tithe & with the lands to the same Church appertaining, the whole of the Church of St. Peter of the Desert with the half of the tithe & the lands & alms to the same Church belonging & in the same parish of the gift of Simon de la Haye one plough-land & the land which he gave to Ranulph the Priest, the whole of the Church of St. Helier with the half of the tithe & with the lands & alms to the same Church belonging, the whole of the Church of St. Clement with 5 parts of the tithe & with the lands & alms to the same Church belonging, & in the same parish of the gift of William de Asnières one measure of wheat, the whole of the Church of St.

fr̄i Totam eccliam S̄ci Joānis de Quercubz cū capella S̄ce Marie de Bonanocte et terris e elenosinis ecclie e capelle ptinentibz e in eadm pochia fram ad unū aratrū de dono Heudonis de Sotennaft quam tenent Les Hordilouns e in om̄ibz aliis eccliis ejusdem in̄s sextam ptem garbaz. Et exinde sic Concedo autem predce Abbathie e monachis ejusdem Abbathie e hac carta mea confirmo om̄es sup̄s-criptas donaçoes in libam e ppetuam elemosinam. Quare volo e firmit̄ p̄cipio qđ predca Abb̄ia e predci monachi om̄ia que eis tam a me qđ ab aliis raçonablr data sunt t̄neant e teneant cū om̄ibz ptiñ suis bene e in pace libe e quiete cum om̄ibz libtatibz e libis consuetudibz suis. Et id̄o quo ad hoc pred̄cus Abbas eat ad p̄sens inde sine die Quia constat curie hic t̄e qđ pred̄ca Abbathia que modo vocatur S̄ci Salvatoris Vicecoñ tunc vocabat̄ Abb̄ia S̄ci Salvatoris de Constantio. Et t̄ constat qđ Priorat̄ de Bonanocte est ad capellam pred̄cam in pochia S̄ci Joānis et Priorat̄ de S̄co Petro est in pochia S̄ci Petri.

Idm Abbas allocutus de eo qđ ip̄e p̄cipit e detinet d̄no Regi quasdam decimas de feodo a Mustel e Ascalonus que valent p añ vj ti que in manu d̄ni Regis Edwardi p̄ris d̄ni Regis nunc longo tempe fuerunt de forisfcura Thome Paynell qui recisset a fide d̄ni J. quondam Regis Angl t̄e et qui Thomas tenuit illam decimam simul cū aliis t̄ñ suis de p̄dco d̄no Rege inmediate yeñ e ḡtis respondet e dicit qđ a tempe quo p̄dce decime capte fuerunt in manu d̄ni E. Regis p̄ris t̄e jam triginta annis elapsis nunqđ p̄decessores sui nec ip̄e de decimis illis se intromiserunt nec aliquid inde receperunt et de hoc poñ se sup pat̄am. Et Juñ hoc idem testantur. Id̄o eat inde quiet̄ salvo juñ d̄ni Reḡ t̄e cum inde loqui voluit.

Dñs Rex p Wiltm des Mareys qui sequit̄ p eo petit vsus Abb̄em de Blancalanda advocaçom ecclie S̄ci Lauñ ut jus t̄e. Et unde idm

John des Chênes with the chapel of St. Mary of Bonne Nuit & the lands & alms to the Church & chapel belonging & in the same parish one plough-land of the gift of Eudo de Sotennaft⁽¹⁾ which the Hordilouns hold, & in all the other Churches of the same island the 6th part of the sheaves. And thus accordingly I grant moreover to the aforesaid Abbey & to the monks of the same Abbey & by this my charter I confirm all the abovesaid gifts in frankalmoign. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the aforesaid Abbey & the said monks may have & hold to themselves all those things which are lawfully given to them as well by me as by others, with all their appurtenances well & peaceably, freely & quietly with all their rights & free customs. And therefore as to this the aforesaid Abbot shall go at present 'sine die' therein because it is manifest to the court here &c. that the said Abbey which is now called St. Sauveur le Vicomte was then called the Abbey of St. Saviour of Coutances. And also it appears that the Priory of Bonne Nuit is at the aforesaid chapel in the parish of St. John & the Priory of St. Peter is in the parish of St. Peter.

The same Abbot, being questioned for that he receives & detains from the lord the King certain tithes of the fee of Mustel & Ascalons which are worth by the year 6 livres which were in the hands of the lord King Edward father of the now King for a long time through the forfeiture of Thomas Paynell who withdrew from the allegiance of the lord John formerly King of England &c. and which said Thomas held the said tithe together with his other tenements directly of the said lord the King, comes & freely answers & says that from the time in which the aforesaid tithes were taken into the hands of the lord King E. the father &c. now 30 years past neither his predecessors nor he ever intermeddled with those tithes or took anything thereof. And concerning this he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And the jurors testify to the same. Therefore he shall go quit thereof saving the right of the lord the King &c. when he shall wish to implead therein.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the

(1) Possibly Sottevast.

Wills dič pro dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex avus tč fuit seiscitus de predca advocaçone tempe pacis ut de feodo e jure corone sue tč et ad eccliam illam p'sentavit quendam Radm̄ du Val clicū suū qui ad p'sentačom suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut^o. Et qđ tale sit jus ipius dñi Reğ offert vificare p dno Rege sič Cuř cons.

Et Abbas veñ e dič qđ dñs J. quondam Rex tč dū fuit Comes Moriton e dñs Insulaꝝ anteq^a Rex fūat dedit Abbie de Blancalanda predcam eccliam p cartam suam quam pfert in hec verba tč. Oñibꝫ Sce Matris ecclie filiis ad quos presens scriptum pvefit Joñnes Comes Moriton saltm. Noſitis me pietatis intuitu dedisse e p'senti carta mea confirmasse Abbie Ssci Nicēi de Blancalanda e fr̄ibꝫ ibid deo svientibꝫ in puram e ppetuam elemosinam eccliam Ssci Lauř in Inš sič ad jus meū e p'sentačom meam ptinebat integre e plenař cū oñibꝫ ptiñ suis quam Galfř sacerđ e decanus tenuerat. Ita qđ in p'fata Abbia qđdiu vixero memoria mei fteatur et post decessum meū solempne e ppetuū anniſsař ibid p me celebretur e ejusđ loci cōvēt^o in die obit^o mei in victualibꝫ celebriter pcuratur. T. Joñne Abbe de Souf Rado Priore de Plesā Gervaš Canōico Nicēo capello Ričo de Fonř Ragñ de Vire Wilto de Eula Hušto de Burgo mağro Henř de Haya apđ Tenerchebr̄ viij^o die Febř anno regni Reğ Riči nono. Dař p mañ Joñnis de Graio.

Et Wills dič qđ dñs H. Rex filius pđci Joñnis postea fuit in seiscina de predca advocaçone pđcte. Et ad eandem eccliam p'sentavit pđcm R. qui tunc fuit clicus Drogonis de Barantin custodis insulaꝝ qui ad p'sentē ipius dñi Reğ admissus fuit ad predcam eccliam e institut^o in eadē e inde obiit psona tč. Et hoc offert vificare pro dño Rege.

Et Abbas dič qđ plitum motū fuit inter predcm dñm H. Regem e quendā Abbem de Blancalanda set dič qđ tandem ad rogatū pđci

Church of St. Lawrence as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was seised of the aforesaid advowson in the time of peace as of fee & right of his crown &c. and to that Church presented a certain Ralph du Val, his clerk, who on his presentation was admitted & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. formerly King &c. while he was Earl of Mortain & lord of the islands before he was King gave to the Abbey of Blanchelande the aforesaid Church by his charter which he produces in these words &c. To all the sons of Holy Mother Church to whom this present writing shall come, John Earl of Mortain, greeting. Know ye that I of pious intent have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Nicholas de Blanchelande & the brethren there serving God in frankalmoign the Church of St. Lawrence in the island as it belonged to my right & to my presentation wholly & freely with all its appurtenances, which Geoffrey priest & dean had held, so that in the aforesaid Abbey as long as I shall live the memory of me may be had, & after my decease a solemn & perpetual anniversary shall be celebrated for me there, & the community of the same place on the day of my death may be generously provided with victuals. Witnesses: John abbot of Suligny, Ralph prior of Plessis, Gervase the canon, Nicholas the chaplain, Richard de Fonte, Reginald de Vire, William de Eula, Hubert de Burgh, Master Henry de la Haye. At Tinchebrai the 8th day of February in the 9th year of the reign of King Richard. Given by the hand of John de Gray.

And William says that the lord H. the King son of the aforesaid John afterwards was in seisin of the aforesaid advowson, & to the said Church presented the said Ralph who was then clerk of Drogo de Barantin, Warden of the islands, who at the presentation of the lord the King was admitted into the said Church, & instituted in the same & died parson thereof &c. And this he offers to establish for the lord the King.

And the Abbot says that a suit was entered upon between the aforesaid lord H. the King & a certain Abbot of Blanchelande, but

Dregonis Abbas ille p̄sentavit p̄d̄c̄m clericum ip̄ius Dregonis ad eccliam illam. Ita qđ clericus ille fuit admissus ad eccliam illam e institut^o in ead ad p̄sen̄t̄ ip̄ius Abb̄is e nō ad p̄sentac̄ p̄d̄ci d̄ni H. Reḡ. Et de hoc poñ se sup patriam.

Et Wills instan̄t̄ petit jud̄m pro d̄no Rege ex quo Abbas nō potest dediċe quin clericus per ip̄m d̄nm Regē presentat^o fuit p̄sona in p̄sonata de p̄d̄ca ecclia et Abbas nō ostendit aliq^od f̄c̄m sp̄ale p̄ quod doċe possit clericum illū admissum fuisse ad eandem ad p̄sentac̄ōm p̄decess̄ sui. Petit t̄ ex habundanti qđ rei v̄itas inquiretur pro d̄no Rege.

Juñ dicunt sup sac̄rm suū qđ p̄d̄cus clericus [admissus fuit ad] p̄sentac̄ōm Abb̄is et nō ad p̄sentac̄ōm ip̄ius d̄ni Reḡ t̄c̄. Dies dañ est ei de audiend̄ Juđo suo coram d̄no Rege a die S̄ci Mich̄is in unū men̄s ubicūq; tūc fuerit in Angl̄ t̄c̄. Et Abbas [pro loco suo] le Herice v̄t̄ Petrū fil̄ Petⁱ Dartyz.

(M. 30 d.)

Adhuc de p̄l̄ifis de quo waranto de eodem itin^e.

Fresingfeld.

Petr^o de Sausmareys suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondend̄ d̄no Regi de p̄lito quo waranto [sine] licen̄c̄ e voluntatē d̄ni Reḡ e p̄genitoz̄ suoz̄ Regū Angl̄ clañ h̄ere wreckū maris [in tot]am t̄ram suam in poċh̄ S̄ci Clementis e S̄ci Elerii et illud in pp̄ios usus con̄tere. Et t̄ quo waranto clañ h̄ere furcas in ead̄m poċh̄. Et t̄ quo waranto clañ p̄cipe e h̄ere lib̄am esp̄keñ in poċh̄ p̄d̄ca de piscibz̄ p̄ hoies suos captis in aquis d̄ni Reḡ que spectant ad coronā e dignitatem d̄ni Reḡ. Et t̄ quo waranto clañ h̄ere lib̄am warennā in Monte S̄ci Elerii. Et t̄ quo waranto clañ p̄cipere e h̄ere catalla hoīm suoz̄ felonū d̄ni Reḡ

he says that at length at the request of the aforesaid Drogo that Abbot presented the aforesaid clerk of the said Drogo to that Church, so that that clerk was admitted to that Church & instituted to the same at the presentation of the said Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord H. the King. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country.

And William urgently claims judgment for the lord the King for that the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the clerk presented by the said lord the King was the parson imparsonee⁽¹⁾ of the aforesaid Church, and the Abbot does not show any special deed whereby he can prove that that clerk was admitted to the same at the presentation of his predecessor. Also he claims further that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid clerk [was admitted on the] presentation of the Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord the King &c. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot [puts in his place] le Herice or Peter son of Peter Dartiz.

(M. 30 d.)

**Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Peter de Saumareys was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant [without] the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have wreck of the sea [in] all his land in the parish of St. Clement & St. Helier, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the said parish of the fish taken by his men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have free warren in the Mount of St. Helier. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of

(1) In ecclesiastical law a rector duly presented, instituted and inducted with a parsonage or rectory.

vel fugitivoꝝ que sp̄tant ad coronā e dignitatem dñi Reġ. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere bestias de Weyf que ad dñm Reġe ptinent. Et P̄hus de Cartet suĩ t̄ de p̄lito quo waĩ t̄ claiñ ĩere libam warennā in om̄ibꝫ dñicis ĩris suis in poch̄ S̄ci Audoeni. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere maram suam in ead̄m pochia libam e sepalem. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere wreccū maris p̄ totam ĩram suam in p̄d̄ca poch̄ et illud in pp̄los us̄o conſtere. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere libam espkeĩ de piscibꝫ p̄ hoĩes suos captis in aquis dñi Reġ. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere bestias de Weyf. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ p̄cipe e ĩere caĩ hoĩm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reġ v̄l fugitivoꝝ que spectant ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reġ. Et Guills des Augres suĩ t̄ de p̄lito quo waĩ t̄ claiñ ĩere libam warennā in om̄ibꝫ dñicis ĩris suis in pochia S̄ce T̄nitaĩ. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere wreccū maris p̄ totam ĩram suā in pred̄ca pochia et illud in pp̄los us̄o conſtere. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere bestias de Weif. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ p̄cipe e ĩere caĩ hoĩm suoꝝ feloñ dñi Reġ v̄l fugitivoꝝ que spectāt ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reġ. Et Joħnes de Cartet e Lucia uĩ ej̄o suĩ t̄ de p̄lito quo waĩ t̄ claiñ ĩere libam warennā in om̄ibꝫ dñicis ĩris suis in poch̄ S̄ci Audoeni. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere wreccū maris p̄ totam ĩram suam in p̄d̄ca paroch̄ et illud in pp̄los us̄o conſteĩ. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere libam espkeĩ de piscibꝫ p̄ hoĩes suos captis in aquis dñi Reġ. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere bestias de Weyf. Et t̄ quo waĩ claiñ ĩere catalla hoĩm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reġ v̄l fugitivoꝝ que sp̄tant ad coronam e dignitē dñi Reġ. Et P̄hus Levesque suĩ t̄ de p̄lito quo waĩ t̄ claiñ ĩere wreccū maris accidens in feodo quod fuit Nichi de Wynchet et illud in pp̄los us̄o conſtere.

Et pred̄ci Petr̄o P̄hus Guills Joħnes e Lucia e P̄hus veĩ. Et dicunt quo ad catalla hoĩm suoꝝ fugitivoꝝ e feloñ t̄ qđ ĩp̄i claiñ ĩere catalla hoĩm suoꝝ latronū fuġ e dāpnatoꝝ ad quē ĩp̄i v̄l eoꝝ baħi cicius

the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif which belong to the lord the King. And Philip de Carteret summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant he claims to have his pond in the same parish free & several. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the aforesaid parish & to convert it to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have free esperkeria of the fish taken by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And William des Augrès summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of Holy Trinity. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the aforesaid parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And John de Carteret & Lucy his wife summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land in the said parish & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have free esperkeria of the fish taken by their men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant they claim to have the chattels of their men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And Philip Levesque summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have wreck of the sea happening in the fee which belonged to Nicholas de Vinchelez & to convert the same to his own uses.

And the aforesaid Peter, Philip, William, John & Lucy & Philip come. And they say that as to the chattels of their men fugitives &

possint manus apponere quā hoīes dñi Regē. Et quo ad huj⁹ catalla. Et alias libertates similes cū ista libertate de causis huj⁹ percipiendū clamant ipsi ab antiquo. Et dicunt quod ipsi et omnes antecessores sui a tempore quo non extat memoria illas habuerunt sicut ipsi illas modo clamant. Et hoc offerunt verificari sicut Curia consensit.

Et Willelmi des Mareys qui sequitur pro domino Rege dicit pro domino Rege quod nullus in hac Insula propter ministros domini Regis habet potestatem judicandi latronem vel felonem unde dicit quod nullus eorum potest eorum catalla vendicare pro domino Rege. Et quo ad warrannam dicit quod nullus illam habere possit nisi inde fuerit speciale warrantum de domino Rege maxime cum omnes hic indigene statum suum habeant in insula de tempore domini Regis J. de ultimo conquestu suo cuius tempus continetur infra tempus memorie. Dicit tamen consimiliter quo ad libertatem de esprey hinc et de wrecco percipiendū que mere sunt regales dignitates. Et quo ad bestias de Weyf dicit similiter quod regalis est dignitas illas optinendi. Et dicit quod omnes Insule debent esse sub eadem lege. Et dicit quod dominus Rex seisis est de omnibus huj⁹ bestiis evicientibus de Weyf in insula de Gerin sine cuiuscumque contradictione et sic debet esse in hac Insula et esse consuevit. Et petit quod ipsi ostendant quoniam et quare huj⁹ libertates Regales allocate fuerunt antecessoribus ipsorum in Curia domini Regis que potestatem fuerit inde cognoscendi.

Ad que nullus ipsorum respondet nisi tamen quod ipsi et antecessores eorum a tempore quo non extat memoria semper usi fuerunt habere libertates huj⁹ in forma qua ipsi illas modo clamant. Et sciendū quod hec petitio generaliter facta fuit omnibus et singulis insulanis libertates habere clamantibus tunc. Dies datus est eis de audiendo iudicio suo coram domino Rege a die Sancti Michaelis in unum mensem ubicumque tunc fuerit in Anglia.

felons &c. that they claim to have the chattels of their men thieves fugitives & condemned upon which they or their bailiffs can put their hands more quickly than the men of the lord the King. And as to such chattels & the other rights together with this right of taking such chattels they claim as of old. And they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial had them as they now claim them. And this they offer to establish as the court shall determine.

And William des Mareys, who sues for the lord the King, says for the lord the King that no one in this island except the officers of the lord the King has the power of judging theft & felony, wherefore he says that none of them can appropriate their chattels except the lord the King. And as to the right of warren he says that no one can have that unless he shall have a special warrant thereof of the lord the King, especially as all the natives here have their *status* in the island from the time of the lord King J. from his last conquest whose time is contained within the time of memory. Also he says likewise as to the rights of having *esperkeria* & taking wreck which are wholly royal dignities. And as to beasts of waif he says likewise that it is a royal dignity to obtain them. And he says that all the islands ought to be under the same law. And he says that the lord the King is seised of all such beasts coming as waif in the island of Guernsey without contradiction of any, & so he ought to be in this island & was wont to be. And he claims that they should show when & how such royal rights were allowed to their ancestors in a court of the lord the King which had power to take cognisance thereof.

To which none of them gives an answer except only that they & their ancestors from time immemorial always used to have such rights in the form in which they now claim them. And be it known that this petition was made in general by all & singular the islanders claiming to have these rights &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England.

(M. 31.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo waranto de eodem ifin'e.**

Fresingfeld.

Jereš

Dñs Rex p Wiltm des Mareys qui sequit' p eo optulit se quarto die vsus [Abbim de Marie de Belosana] de plito viginti libr' e quindecim solid' redd's e redditus sexdecim q^rrtioz e qua cū ptiñ in pochiiis S̄ci Elerii e S̄ci Lauř que clañ ut jus tē. Et ipe nō veñ defalt' postq^m suñ tē scilt' die m̄cuř p̄xima ante festum S̄ce Margarete qđ tūc p̄ceptū fuit Vič qđ capet in mañ dñi Reġ p̄dcos redd' tē. Et qđ di[ctus Vič] suñ eum qđ esset hic ad hunc diem tē scilt' die lune p̄xima post festū S̄ci Et Vič modo testat' diem capōdis tē. Et qđ suñ tē. Et t̄ de plito quo waranto [ipse] clañ p̄cipe e fiere wreccū maris accidens in eadem pochia S̄ci Elerii e espkeriam de piscibz captis in aquis dñi Reġ qui spectant ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reġ. [Et] simitr p̄ceptū fuit Vič qđ capet p̄dcas libtates in mañ dñi Reġ noie districōis tē. Et qđ suñ p̄dc̄m Ab̄bem qđ esset hic ad hunc diem tē. Et Vič simitr testat' qđ cepit tē. Et qđ suñ tē. Et sup hoc veñ Joh̄ de S̄co Martino dicens qđ ipe est gefal' p̄curator īpius Ab̄bis e conventus sui in hac insula fiens specialem potestatem respond' p̄ eis sicut p̄sentes essent. Et offert dño Regi decem libr' securitatem p̄ bonos pleġ p̄ voluntate dñi Reġ qđ g^ratum hēbunt quicquid loco īpius Ab̄bis fecit. Et ctis ex causis admittit' si dñs Rex acceptet pp̄tm Joh̄ de S̄co Martino. Et pfert tras sigillatas sub noie īpius Ab̄bis e convent^o sui in hec verba. Univs̄sis hec visuř e audituris frař Petrus p̄missione divina humilis Abbas de Marie de Belosana p̄monasterē ordinis e totus ejusdem loci convent^o saltm̄ in dño. Notum facim^o qđ nos diltm̄ nřm dñm Joh̄em de S̄co Martino p̄biřum latorem seu exhibitorem p̄senciū p̄curatorem e attorñ nřm constituim^o ad

(M. 31.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the same year.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him actions on the 4th day [the Abbot of the blessed Mary of Bellozanne] concerning a plea of 20 livres 15 sols of rent & the rent of 16 quarters & with the appurtenances in the parishes of St. Helier & St. Lawrence which he claims as his right &c.⁽¹⁾ And he did not come default after the summons &c., to wit, on Wednesday next before the feast of St. Margaret that it was then commanded to the Viscount that he shall take into the hands of the lord the King the said rents &c. And that [the Viscount] should summon him to be here at this day &c. to wit, on Monday next after the feast of St. And the Viscount now testifies as to the day of taking [the rents] &c. And that he summoned &c. And also concerning a plea by what warrant [he] claims to take & have wreck of the sea occurring in the same parish of St. Helier & esperkeria of the fish taken in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. [And] likewise it was commanded to the Viscount that he should take the aforesaid rights into the hands of the King as distrains &c. And that he should summon the said Abbot to be here at this day &c. And the Viscount likewise testifies that he took &c. And that he summoned &c. And hereupon comes John de St. Martin saying that he is the general attorney in this island of the said Abbot & his community having special power to answer for them as if they were present. And he offers to the lord the King 10 livres security by good pledges according to the will of the lord the King that they will approve of whatsoever he shall do in the place of the said Abbot. And for certain reasons he is admitted if the lord the King will accept the pledge of John de St. Martin. And he produces letters sealed under the name of the said Abbot & his community in these words. To all who these shall see & hear: Brother Peter by divine permission the humble Abbot of the Blessed Mary of Bellozanne of the Order of Premonstrants⁽²⁾ & all the community of the same place, greeting in the Lord. We cause it to be known that we have constituted our beloved Sire John de St. Martin priest the bearer or exhibitor of these presents our proctor & attorney to appear

(1) Consult Lettres Closes, Pub. 9, Soc. Jer. pages 2—4.

(2) A religious order founded in 1119 by St. Norbert at Prémontré, near Laon, in France; also called Norbertines, and in England White Canons from their garb.

compandū p̄ nob̄ ad pl̄ita capitalia e ad assisas e ubicumq̄ p̄ nob̄
neceſſe f̄uit cōpandi coram Justiĉ d̄ni Reġ Angl̄ in insulis nec non e
ad excusand̄ e causas absencie allegand̄ e ad petend̄ p̄ nob̄ e monas-
t̄io n̄ro nobili viro d̄no Ottoni de Grandisono milite seu ejus locū
tenentibz res n̄ras que nup̄ arrestate f̄iunt in insula de Gereſ p̄ mi-
nistros ejusdem d̄ni Ottonis occōne mortis fratris Theobaldi quondam
Abbis n̄ri. Et ad petend̄ requirend̄ e recipiendū vice e noīe n̄ro oīa
debita n̄ra a quibz cūq̄ creditoribz seu hoībz n̄ris coram quibz cūq̄
judicibz e ad pl̄ita n̄ra in d̄ca insula tenend̄ e faciendū ordinand̄ e
cōponendū tam p̄ nob̄ q̄m cont̄a nos in judiĉo e ext̄a judm̄. Dantes
eidem p̄curatori e attorn̄i plenariam potestatem e speciale mandatū
agendi p̄ nob̄ cont̄a quoscūq̄ ad̄vsarios n̄ros nos q̄ defendendi jurandi
standi in judiĉo p̄ nob̄ e n̄ro monast̄io coram Justiĉ d̄ni Reġ p̄d̄ci e
faciend̄ p̄ nob̄ unīvsā e singla que in p̄missis e ea tangentibz f̄iunt
facienda e oīa facienda que face debet e potest p̄curator e attorn̄i
legittime constitut̄o Ratum e ḡt̄um h̄entes e habitur̄ quicquid cōdiĉo
p̄curatorie e attornato actum seu p̄curatū f̄uit in p̄missis p̄mittentes
p̄ d̄co p̄curatore e attorn̄i n̄ro sub ypotheca bonoz n̄ri monast̄ii si nec̄e
f̄uit judicatū solui quod oībz e singlis quoz infest seu infesse potest
p̄ p̄sentes tras sigill̄ n̄ris sigillatas significamus. Dañ e actum anno
d̄ni m̄o ccc̄mo octavo die lune post t̄nslac̄ōem b̄i Martini. Et dicit̄
q̄d p̄d̄cus Abbas claī oīa p̄missa de dono d̄ni Joānis quondam Reġ
Angl̄ dum fuit Comes Moriton e d̄ns Insulaz anteq̄m regimen Angl̄
suscepisset e postea de confirmac̄oe ejusdem q̄ndo Rex f̄iat. Et
p̄fert inde duas cartas totalr̄ concordantes in q̄ntitate redd̄s e forma
tenencie quaz carta Regia talis est. Joānes Dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ D̄ns
Hiĉn Dux Normanū Aquit̄ Comes And̄ Archiep̄is Ep̄is t̄c̄ saltm̄. Novit
unīvsitas v̄ra nos pre divinitatis intuitu p̄ salute aīe n̄re e p̄ animabz
antecessoz n̄roz dedisse cōcessisse e hac p̄senti carta n̄ra confirmasse

for us at the chief pleas & at the assizes & wheresoever it shall be necessary for us to appear before the justices of the lord the King of England in the islands, & also to present excuses & to set forth the causes of absence, & to seek for us & our monastery of the noble man lord Otto de Grandison, knight, or his lieutenants, our goods which were lately arrested in the island of Jersey by the officers of the same lord Otto by reason of the death of Brother Theobald formerly our Abbot. And to claim require & receive in our turn & in our name all our debts from whatsoever creditors or from our men before whatsoever judges, & to hold & make, ordain & compound our pleas in the said island as well for us as against us in court or out of court. Giving to the same proctor & attorney full power & special mandate to act for us against our adversaries whomsoever & to defend, sue & accept judgment on behalf of us & our monastery before the justices of the aforesaid lord the King & to do for us all & singular those things which shall have to be done in the premises & in matters touching them & to do all things which a proctor & attorney lawfully constituted ought to do & may do, ratifying & confirming & holding as such whatsoever under the proctorship or attorneyship shall have been done or obtained in the premises, promising through our said proctor & attorney under the hypothecation of the goods of our monastery, if it shall be necessary, that the judgment shall be satisfied, which we signify to all & each whom it concerns or may concern by these present letters sealed with our seals. Given & done in the year of Our Lord 1308 on Monday after the Translation of St. Martin. And he says that the said Abbot claims all the premises by the gift of the lord John formerly King of England while he was Count Mortain & lord of the islands before he took upon him the government of England, and afterwards by the confirmation of the same when he had become King. And he produces thereof two charters altogether agreeing in the quantity of rent & form of tenancy whereof the royal charter is such : John by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops &c. greeting. Know all of you that we by divine intuition for the salvation of our soul & for the souls of our ancestors have given granted & by this our present charter have con-

Deo e Abbie be Marie de Bellosana e Canonicis ibidem Deo servientibz viginti libratas reddis de Insula nra de Jereš in puram e ppetuam elemosinam videlr de hiis ten sbscriptis in Monte Sci Elerii a pte aquilonis a fra Willi de Surervilla usq ad mare e a fra capellane usq ad bonetam massii. De tenemento Grosserii viginti quatuor solid p tribz bova fre. De ten Rogi Hastein quatuordecim solid de firma e p campto quindecim solid novem denar de tribz bova e di. De ten Hugonis de Dirowaldi viginti septem solid p tribz bova fre. De ten Willi la Faite decem e septem solid e quatuor denar p duabz bova e una acr. De ten Willi Malmarche sexdecim solid tres denar p duabz bova e dimid. De ten Humfri Larydun septem solid p una bovata. De ten Robti de Sca Cruce viginti duos solid sex denar p duabz bova e dimid. De ten Radi de Sco Egidio decem e octo solid p duabz bova. De ten Rogi fil Godefr quadraginta solid p quatuor bova. De ten Hosmundensiun triginta unu solid e sex denar p tribz bova e dimid. De ten Carpenta quadraginta septem solid p q'nq bova. De ten Malmarche sexdecim solid p duabz bova. De ten Willi Columb viginti solid p duabz bova e dimid. De ten Godefri Crespell viginti solid e duos denar p duabz bova e dimid virg fre. De ten Jordi Martin octo solid p una bovata. De ten Robti Abafaleyse quinq solid e sex denar p una bovata fre. De eadem vero bovata ipius remanent nob tres solid e sex denar. Iim Robtus Abafaleys de alio ten quinquaginta solid p quinq bova. Volum^o t e firmi p cipim^o qd pdci Canonici hiant e teneant omnia pdca ten cu homibz e omibz ptiis suis tam in mari qm in fra libe e quiete integre e plenarie bene e in pace sicut puram e ppetuam elemosinam absq omi seclari svicio cu omibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz ad pfata ten e tenentes pntentibz sicut carta nra quam eis fecim^o dum essemus Comes Moriton ronabili testat. Testibz G. Eboracens Archiepo Willo Maresc Comite Pembroc Rogo de Toeny Willo de Stagno Willo de Kantilupo. Dat p man Simon Archid Wellens apud Liram septimo die Januar Regni nri anno pmo. Et sic clam ipe quicquid in pmo bri continet. Et quo ad espkeriam te dicit qd

firmed to God & the Abbey of the Blessed Mary of Bellozanne & to the canons serving God there 20 livres of rent in our island of Jersey in frankalmoign, to wit, of these tenements underwritten on the Mount of St. Helier on the north from the land of William de Surville to the sea & from the land of the chapel to the oxhouse of the manor. Of the tenement of Grossier 24 s. for 3 bovates of land. Of the tenement of Roger Hastein 14 s. of farm & for champart 15 s. 9 d. for 3½ bovates. Of the tenement of Hugh de Dirvauld 27 s. for 3 bovates of land. Of the tenement of William la Faite 17 s. 4 d. for 2 bovates & one acre. Of the tenement of William Malmarche 16 s. 3 d. for 2½ bovates. Of the tenement of Humfrey Larydun 7 s. for one bovat. Of the tenement of Robert de Ste. Croix 22 s. 6 d. for 2½ bovates. Of the tenement of Ralph of St. Gilles 18 s. for 2 bovates. Of the tenement of Roger son of Godfrey 40 s. for 4 bovates. Of the tenement of the Osmunds 31 s. 6 d. for 3½ bovates. Of the tenement of the Carpenters 47 s. for 5 bovates. Of the tenement of Malmarche 16 s. for 2 bovates. Of the tenement of William Columb 20 s. for 2½ bovates. Of the tenement of Godfrey Crespell 20 s. & 2 d. for 2 bovates & half a virgate of land. Of the tenement of Jordan Martin 8 s. for one bovat. Of the tenement of Robert Abat-falaise 5 s. 6 d. for one bovat of land. Of this said bovat however there remains to us 3 s. 6 d. The same Robert Abat-falaise of another tenement 50 s. for 5 bovates. Also we will & firmly command that the aforesaid canons may have & hold all the aforesaid tenements with their men & all their appurtenances as well on sea as on land freely & quietly, fully & wholly, well & peaceably as in frankalmoign without any secular service with all rights & free customs to the said tenements & tenants belonging as our charter which we made to them while we were Earl of Mortain lawfully witnesses. Witnesses: G. Archbishop of York, William Marshall Earl of Pembroke, Roger de Toeny, William de Stagno, William de Cantilupe. Given by the hand of Simon Archdeacon of Wells at Lire on the 7th of January, in the 1st year of our reign.⁽¹⁾ And so he claims to have whatever is contained in the first writ. And as to esperkeria &c. he

(1) A.D. 1200.

Petr^o Darcys nup battus tē eiecit ip̄m Ab̄bem de espkeria unde intendit sequi erga dñm Regē tē set quo ad wreccū tē dicit qđ illd clām p virtutē p̄dce carte dñi Regē qui dedit Ab̄bie sue p̄dcm redd̄ cū om̄ibz lib̄tatibz ad illū spectantibz tam in fra q̄m in mari tē.

Et Wiltus des Mareys qui sequit^r p dno Rege dicit qđ ea que dñs Rex dederat p̄dce Ab̄bie cōtinent̄ infra Etas metas in pocti S̄ci Elerii in carta contentas. Et dicit qđ p̄dcus Abbas p̄cipit singlis annis duodecī q̄r̄i frum̄ti de molend̄ Wiscard̄ in pocti S̄ci Laūr a longe distante de p̄dcis metis. Et peč judm p dno Rege tē. Et quo ad residuū redd̄ quod in p̄dca nō continet^r peī qđ in mañ dñi Regē ex quo dñs Rex nō dedit eis plusq̄m viginti lib̄r redd̄ Et quo ad wreccū dicit qđ regalis est lib̄tas e n̄ls eam clām p cartam dñi Regē nisi unde similt^r quo ad hoc peī Judm p dno Rege.

[Respice in lgo de eodem.]

(M. 31 d.)

Abbas quo ad p̄dcm redd̄ duodecī q̄r̄i frum̄ti dicit qđ continet^r in carta dñi Regē qđ rex dedit eis p̄dcm reddm̄ viginti lib̄r cum om̄ibz p̄in lib̄tatibz tē sicut in continet^r et dicit qđ ip̄e p̄cipit redd̄ illius frum̄ti de p̄dco Molend̄ p molta suoz ibi de licencia sua molenciū tē rōne p̄dci doni Et Wiltus dicit p dno Rege qđ p̄dcs redd̄s duodecī q̄r̄i est quodd̄ grossum p se e nō continet^r in carta. Et est in pocti que continet^r in carta nec inde fit aliqua mencio in p̄dca carta unde petit Judm p dno Rege. Et q̄ int̄lta p̄dca carta dat̄ p p̄dcm dñm Regem Joñem de qua p̄dcus Abbas diē nō potest q̄n inf̄a tempus memorie fca fuit comptum est qđ idm Dñs Joñes dederat p̄dce ab̄bie ea que cōtinent^r in carta infra p̄dcas metas e nō videt^r Cuī qđ redd̄s tot q̄r̄fioz frum̄ti

says that Peter Darcys late Bailiff &c. dispossessed the said Abbot of esperkeria whereof he intends to sue against the lord the King &c. but as to wreck &c. he says that he claims that by virtue of the aforesaid charter of the lord the King who gave to his Abbey the aforesaid rent with all the rights to the same belonging as well by land as by sea &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that those things which the lord the King had given to the aforesaid Abbey are contained within certain limits in the parish of St. Helier contained in the charter. And he says that the aforesaid Abbot receives every year 12 quarters of wheat of the mill of Vicart in the parish of St. Lawrence a long way from the aforesaid limits. And he claims judgment for the lord the King &c. And as to the residue of the rent which is not contained in the aforesaid he claims that [it should be taken] in the hands of the lord the King for that the lord the King did not give to them more than 20 livres of rent And as to the right of wreck &c. he says that it is a royal right & no one can claim it [except] by the charter of the lord the King unless whereof likewise as to this he claims judgment for the lord the King.

[Refer to the back of the same.]

(M. 31 d.)

The Abbot as to the said rent of 12 quarters of wheat says that it is contained in the charter of the lord the King that the King gave to them the said rent of 20 livres with all the appurtenances, rights &c. as in [the charter] is contained & he says that he receives the rent of that wheat of the said mill for multure [of his tenants] grinding there by his leave &c. by virtue of the said gift. And William says for the lord the King that the said rent of 12 quarters is in gross⁽¹⁾ by itself & is not contained in the charter, & is in the parish which is contained in the charter, nor is any mention made thereof in the said charter, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the said charter given by the said lord the King John being produced concerning which the said Abbot cannot gainsay but that it was made within the time of memory, it is found that the said lord John had given to the said Abbey those things which are contained in the charter within the said boundaries, & it does not seem to the court that the rent of so

(1) i.e. belonging to the person and not to the land or manor.

pcipiend̄ alibi ex̄ metas possit esse de p̄tiñ p̄dcaꝝ viginti lib̄ redd̄ maxime cū doceri nō pot̄it qđ acciderit de escheta t̄c̄ con̄s̄ est qđ p̄dcs̄ redd̄ xij q̄r̄fioꝝ frūnti cap̄r̄ in manū dñi Reġ p̄ voluntate sua, tenend̄ t̄c̄. Et siſr̄ q, nō cōtinet̄ in p̄dca carta qđ dñs Rex concesserat Abbie illi Wreccū t̄c̄ e Abbas p̄ cartam illam modo clañ wreccū t̄c̄. Iō con̄s̄ est qđ wreccū de celo accidens in feodo illo integre remañ dño Regi. Et Abbas in mia t̄c̄ p̄ falso clañ e injusta detenċ. Et p̄ceptū est bañio e Viċ qđ nō pmittāt hoies p̄dci abbis s̄btrahere sectam suam a p̄dco molend̄ sine speciale p̄cepto dñi Reġ quod de p̄dco judio exp̄ssam faċ menċoem. Et ad Judm̄ de residuo p̄dci redd̄ ult̄ p̄ncipalem reddm̄ t̄c̄ unde loqnd̄ ad p̄s̄ ās̄sias.

Plus de Cartet e Maḡr Galfrus fraċ ejus suñ s̄s̄unt qđ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respond̄ dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reġ etc.

[Continues as in M. 7 d. N^o 1160, pages 58 to 61, end of the membrana.]

(M. 32.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de eodem Ytin^e.**

Fressingfeld.

Jereñ Dñs Rex p̄ Wilm̄ des Mareys qui seq̄t̄r̄ p̄ eo peċ̄ v̄ Robtm̄ Constanċ Ep̄m̄ etc.

[Continues as M. 8, N^o 1160, pages 61 to 66, to the words amittet t̄c̄, line 1.]

(M. 33.) Dñs Rex p̄ Guil̄m̄ des Mareys qui seq̄it̄r̄ p̄ eo petit vsus Ab̄bem de monte S̄ci Mich̄is etc.

Jerseye.

[Continues as in M. 8 d. N^o 1160, pages 66 to 68, line 80, to words Wilm̄ Siglel.]

Precentor e Capitlm̄ Constancieñ suñ s̄s̄unt qđ essent hic ad respondend̄ dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reġ etc.

[Continues as in M. 9 d. N^o 1160, p. 74 &c.]

many quarters of wheat to be received elsewhere outside the boundaries can be of the appurtenances of the said 20 livres of rent especially as it cannot be shown that it came as escheat &c. it is judged that the said rent of 12 quarters of wheat shall be taken into the hands of the lord the King at his will, to hold &c. And likewise because it is not contained in the said charter that the lord the King had granted to that Abbey the right of wreck &c. and the Abbot by that charter now claims the right of wreck &c. Therefore it is judged that the right of wreck henceforth occurring in that fee shall wholly remain to the lord the King. And the Abbot to be amerced &c. for false claim & unjust detention. And it is commanded to the Bailiff & Viscount that they do not permit the men of the said Abbot to withdraw their suit from the said mill without special mandate of the lord the King, which makes express mention of the said judgment. And for judgment concerning the remainder of the said rent besides the principal rent &c. whereof it must be pleaded at the next assizes.

Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey his brother were summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the leave & will of the lord the King &c.

(M. 32.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the same eyre.**

Fressingfeld.

Jersey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against Robert Bishop of Coutances &c.

(M. 33.) The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Mount St. Michael &c.

The Precentor & Chapter of Coutances were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King &c.

(M. 34.) Preceptum fuit Viç qđ sum tĉ Abbissam de Cadomo qđ esset
Jereš hic ad hunc diem ad respondē dño Regi de plito etc.

[Continues as in M. 10 & M. 10 d. N^o 1160, pages 80 to 84; the only difference in the MS. being that the words "anteq^m Regimen Angl adeptus fuisset" are found inserted between the words Insulaz and dedit on page 82, line 6.]

(M. 34 d.) [Juř huj^o] Insule allocuta de fidelitate dño Regi debita sibi
facienda veñ e gratanĭ [concedunt] fidelitatem ei faĉe e illam ei
feĉunt sacramento corpali p̄stito salvis Ottoni de Grandisono hiis que
ad eum spectant p̄ ĩmino suo p̄ concessionē ei fĉam p̄ dñm [Edwardū]
quond Regem Angl p̄rem dñi Regē nūc. Et Abbes simitr feĉunt
fidelitatē.

[Communitas] hujus Insule allocuta qua lege utunt^r e p̄ quam
legem clamant deduci etc.

[Continues the same as in M. 9, N^o 1160, pages 69 to 73.]

(M. 35.) Abbas de Chireburgĭ suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad
Jereš respondē dño Regi de plito etc.

[Continues the same as in M. 11, N^o 1160, pages 86 to 88,
to the word "Dartys".]

(M. 35 d.) Maĝr Pĥus de Cheny suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad respondē dño Regi
de plito quo wař etc.

[Continues as in M. 11 d. N^o 1160, pages 89 to 91, as
far as words "Simonem de Esse".]

(M. 36.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo waranto de eodem Bfin^o.**

Jerseye. Abbas de Vauricher suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad res-
pondend dño Regi de [plito qđ redd] ei unū molendinū cum p̄tinenciis
in pochia Šci Salvatoris et advocaçom Priorat^o de [que] dñs
Rex p̄ Wilłm de Maresk qui sequit^r pro eo clañ ut jus tĉ. Idem t
Abbas [suñ fuit ad] respondend dño Regi de plito quo waranto tĉ
clañ p̄cipe e fiere p̄ mañ receptoris [in insula de] Jerš viginti solidos

(M. 34.) Jersey. It was commanded to the Viscount that he summon &c. the Abbess of Caen to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea &c.

(M. 34 d.) [The Jurats] of this island challenged concerning the fealty due to the lord the King to be made to him come & freely [assent] to make fealty to him & they made it to him sworn on their corporal oath, saving to Otto de Grandison those things which belong to him for his term by the grant made to him by the lord [Edward] formerly King of England father of the now lord the King. And the Abbots likewise make fealty.

[The Commonalty] of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed &c.

(M. 35.) Jersey. The Abbot of Cherbourg was summoned to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea &c.

(M. 35 d.) Master Philip de Cheny was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c.

(M. 36.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the same eyre.**

Jersey. The Abbot of Valricher was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning [a plea that he should give up] to him one mill with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Saviour & the advowson of the Priory of [which] the lord the King by William des Mareys, who sues for him, claims as his right &c. Also the same Abbot [was summoned] to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to receive & have by the hand of the receiver [in the island] of

de denar̄ dñi Reḡ qui ad dñm Regem ptinent p̄cipiendi tē [Abbas predictus] nō veñ set Prior p̄dci Priorat⁹ veñ. Et diç se esse gefialem p̄curatorem e attorñ [predicti abbatis] e convenl̄ sui in hac Insula ab̄ sigiff̄ eoꝝ. Et diç qđ locus capelle de Esckerho ille nomen h̄t e fundū e totam s̄tentaçom suā p̄ter p̄dcm molendinū e p̄dcm annū [redditum] adeo exilis est qđ longe ab Insula stat in mare in quadam rupelli p̄va ubi nō tra cultilis nec alia dom⁹ q̄ capella. Et ip̄e qui dicitur Prior pro se e socio suo..... e valletto eoꝝ com̄orante in p̄dca capella p̄ totum annū ad manutenend̄ sine focū ardentem in capella illa ut marinelli mare t̄nseuntes de nocte p̄ focum illum vitare possint pic̄ta rupellm capelle contiguaꝝ ubi maximū pic̄tm extat piclita [non] h̄nt plus p̄ annū pro om̄ibꝫ necessariis suis nisi tm̄ p̄dcm molendinū e p̄dcm annū redditum viginti solid̄ que predecessores sui tenuerunt ab antiquo a tempe quo nō extat memoria in forma qua ip̄i modo illa tenent et nichilomin⁹ semp celeb̄nt ip̄i duo pro dño Rege e ejus p̄genitoribꝫ. Et Juř hoc idm̄ testantur. Et q̄ Prior ille fideiř monstrat qđ Abbas pre paup̄tati tenure illius nō vult laborare pro ead̄m. Ido p̄mittit̄ ip̄m Priorem tenere p̄missa sicut tenet q̄m̄ diu dño Regi plac̄uit.

Preceptum fuit Viç qđ suñ tē Abbem de Exaquio qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad respond̄ dño Regi de p̄lito qđ redd̄ ei advocaçõem ecclie de Grovilla e redd̄m duodecim q̄rtioꝝ fruñti in eadem villa. Et sup hoc veñ Henricus de Šco Martino e pbavit p̄ testimoniū fideiř qđ p̄dcus Abbas est impotens laborandi et qđ in p̄tibꝫ tam remotis deget qđ ante finem itifis nō posset impetrare bre de Angl̄ de atornato faciendo tē et t̄ dicit qđ parum h̄ent in hac Insula. Et offert dño Regi decem libr̄ p̄ sic qđ mittat̄ aliquis fideiř dñi Reḡ hic ad

Jersey 20 sols of the money of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King to be received &c. [The said Abbot] does not come, but the Prior of the aforesaid Priory comes & he says that he is the general proctor & attorney [of the said Abbot] & of his community in this island under their seals. And he says that the place of the chapel of the Ecrehos⁽¹⁾ has that title & the ground & all its maintenance except the aforesaid mill & the aforesaid yearly [rent] is so meagre, because it is a long way from the island in the sea in a certain small reef of rocks where there is not any cultivatable land nor any house except the chapel. And he who is called Prior for himself & his companion & their servant dwelling in the aforesaid chapel throughout the whole year for maintaining without a light burning in that chapel so that the sailors crossing the sea by night by that light may avoid the peril of the reef contiguous to the chapel, where the greatest danger exists of being wrecked, have [no] more by the year for all their necessities except the said mill & the said yearly rent of 20 sols, which their predecessors held of old from time immemorial in the form in which they now hold them, & nevertheless those two always perform Divine Service for the lord the King & his progenitors. And the jurors testify to the same. And because that Prior faithfully shows that the Abbot on account of the poverty of that tenure does not wish to exert himself for the same, therefore it is permitted to the said Prior to hold the premises as he holds them as long as it shall please the lord the King.

It was commanded to the Viscount to summon &c. the Abbot of Lessay to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowson of the Church of Grouville & the rent of 12 quarters of wheat in the same village. And upon this came Henry de St. Martin & proved by the testimony of the faithful that the aforesaid Abbot is incapable of working, & that he lives in parts so distant that before the end of the eyre he cannot obtain from England a writ to appoint an attorney &c., and he also says that they have little in this island. And he offers to the lord the King 10 livres so that some one of the lieges of the lord the

(1) On the subject of the foundation of the Chapel of the Holy Virgin at the Ecrehos, consult *Bulletins Soc. Jaz.* vol. iii. pp. 78 and 167—169.

testificandū attorn̄ ip̄ius Abbis quos faciet jux̄ discrecōem cū dñi
Reġ. Et ei concedit̄ si rex acceptet pp̄m p̄d̄ci Hen̄. Et mitt̄ cū
ip̄o Joh̄nes de Barantyn specialr juratus e valde fidedignus tē. Qui
postea rediit deferens secum lras p̄d̄ci Abb̄tis in hec v̄ba : frā P. divina
p̄missione Abbas Monastii Šce T̄nitatis de Exaquo ordinis Šci Bene-
d̄ci ejusdem loci conventus humiles : nobilibz viris dño Johanni de
Fresingfeld̄ dño Drogoni de Barantyn e dño Johanni de Ditton Justiċ
dñi Reġ Angl̄ Itibantibz in Insulis de Gerneř Jereš e aliis adjacentibz
sal̄tm in dño. Sciatis qđ nos attornavim⁹ loco n̄ro dilectos nob̄ in xp̄o
fratrem Nich̄m d̄cm nobil̄ cōmonachū n̄rm e Riċm de Crienciis scuti-
ferum exhibitores p̄senciū e eoꝝ quemlibet insolid̄. Ita qđ nō sit
melior condicio occupantis ad lucrand̄ v̄t pdendum in om̄ibz pl̄itis e
querelis p̄ nob̄ v̄t cont̄ nos coram vō in itib̄ v̄ro qualicūmqz motis
v̄t movendis. Concedentes eisdem fratri Nich̄o e Riċo p̄curatoř n̄ris
qđ ip̄i v̄t eoꝝ alter quem p̄sentem esse contigit loco n̄ri face possint
seu possit attornatos v̄t attorn̄ quos v̄t quem vol̄sint v̄t vol̄sit coram
vō ad om̄ia p̄d̄ca pl̄ita e querelas p̄sequend̄ e defendend̄ e ad lucrand̄
v̄t pdend̄ in eisdem sicut p̄d̄cm est Ratum e ḡt̄um habituri p̄ nob̄ e
conventu n̄ri monastii quicquid p̄d̄ci frā Nich̄us e Riċus p̄curatoř
n̄ri seu attornati v̄t attornandi seu attorn̄ v̄t attornandus ab ip̄is v̄t
eoꝝ al̄o in hac pte noiē n̄ro duxit v̄t duxint faciend̄. In cuj⁹ rei
testimoniū has lras n̄ras sigillis n̄ris sigillatas vō mittimus patentes.
Dať anno dñi millesimo ccc^{mo} nono die Lune ante festum Šci Pet̄
advincta. Et p̄d̄ci frā Nich̄us e Riċus attorn̄ tē dicunt qđ Abbas
tenet p̄d̄cm redditum de antiquo scil̄ redd̄m novem q̄rtioꝝ frūnti
exeuntem de lra libe elemosine p̄d̄ce ecclie e redd̄m trium q̄rtioꝝ
residuoꝝ exeuntem de quadam lra antiquitus data Abbie sue et sic
tenet ip̄e p̄ antiqua dona e confirmaċoem dñi H. Regis filii impat̄ois
p̄ cartam suam quam p̄ferūt que sic incipit. Hen̄ Dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄

King here may be sent to testify as to the attorneys of the said Abbot whom he shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King will accept by the pledge of the aforesaid Henry. And there is sent with him John de Barantyn specially sworn & very trustworthy &c., who afterwards returned bringing with him the letters of the said Abbot in these words: Brother P. by divine permission Abbot of the monastery of Holy Trinity of Lessay of the order of St. Benedict [and] the humble community of the same place, to the noble men Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton Justices of the lord the King in eyre in the islands of Guernsey, Jersey & the others adjacent, greeting in the Lord: Know ye that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Brother Nicholas called the Noble our monk & Richard de Crienciis, esquire, bearers of these presents & each of them for the whole, with equal powers, to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints for us or against us before you in your eyre in whatsoever suits moved or to be moved; granting to the same Brother Nicholas & Richard our proctors that they, or one of them who shall happen to be present in our place, may appoint such attorneys or attorney as they or he may wish before you to prosecute & defend all the aforesaid pleas & plaints & to lose or gain in the same as is aforesaid, holding as ratified & confirmed for us & for the community of our monastery whatever the said Brother Nicholas & Richard our proctors or the attorneys or the persons attorned or to be attorned by them or one of them in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send to you these our letters patent sealed with our seal. Given A.D. 1309 on Monday before the feast of St. Peter *ad Vincula*.⁽¹⁾ And the aforesaid Brother Nicholas & Richard the attorneys &c. say that the Abbot holds the said rent of old, to wit, the rent of 9 quarters of wheat issuing out of the land in frankalmoign of the said Church & the rent of the remaining 3 quarters issuing out of a certain land of old given to his abbey, & so he holds by the ancient gift & confirmation of the lord H. the King son of the Empress by his charter which he produces & which begins thus: Henry by the grace of God King of

(1) August 1st.

e Dux Normanū e Aquit̃ e Comes Andag̃ Archiep̃is Ep̃is, Abbibz, Comitibz, Baroñ, Justiç, Senescall, Vicecoñ, e om̃ibz Ballis, e fidel suis sal̃tm. Sciatis me concessisse e p̃senti carta mea confirmasse Deo e ecclie Šce Trinitatis de Exaquio e Monachis ibidem Deo ser- vientibz om̃es rōnabiles donacōnes sb̃ceptas sibi f̃cas ex cartis donatoz confirmatas. Et exinde continet sic. Et quicquid Jordanus de Bar- neville ex dono p̃ris sui e mat̃is sue concessit e confirmavit e quandam fram in Gereseye tria q̃rt̃ia frumenti reddentem. Et ex dono Gode- fri de Bussone eccliam Šci Martini de Grovill in Gereseye. Et dicunt qđ a tempe p̃dcoz doni e confirmaçōnis tenuerunt pacifice p̃decessoř sui Ab̃tes de Exaquio e ip̃e p̃dcam eccliam e p̃dcos redd̃s. Et qđ ita est de singlis petunt qđ inquirat̃ p̃ p̃riam. Diç t̃ qđ de lra oñata de reddu p̃dcoz trium q̃rt̃ioz quidam p̃decessoř suoř Abbas t̃ ab antiquo approavit Ab̃bam suam de reddito unius cab̃ fruñti exeunte de eisdem teñ. Et Juř sup sac̃m suū hoc idem testant̃. Ido p̃dcus Abbas ad p̃sens inde sine die, salvo jure dñi h̃ t̃ cū alias t̃c.

Et sciend̃ qđ attorū Ab̃tis in plitando p̃mo die clamaverunt totū p̃dcm reddm̃ exeuntem de p̃dca lra que oñat̃ de reddu trium q̃rt̃ioz fruñti. Et ad aliū diem ad quem inquis̃ suū fuit venerunt e recognoverunt se male clamasse et optulerunt dño Regi emend̃ jux̃ discreçōem cū hic p̃ sic qđ admittant̃ de novo ad clamand̃ in forma debita ppt̃m Joñis de Šco Martino e Galfri Galicien. Et ad hoc admittant̃ si dñs Rex acceptet. Et tunc clamaverunt in forma qua supius est exp̃ssum. Et hito advisamento ad hoc qđ Abbas amis- sisset reddm̃ novem q̃rt̃ioz f̃ri p̃ malū clamiū suū de cōi jure si Cuř dñi Reg̃ voluisset p̃dce emend̃ taxant̃ ad viginti libr̃ si dñs Rex acceptet.

England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, counts, barons, justices, stewards, viscounts & to all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that I have granted & by this my present charter have confirmed to God & the Church of Holy Trinity of Lessay & the monks serving God there all the lawful gifts underwritten made to them & confirmed by charters of the donors. And therein it is contained thus: And whatsoever Jordan de Barneville of the gift of his father & mother granted & confirmed & a certain land in Jersey charged with a rent of 3 quarters of wheat; & of the gift of Godfrey du Buisson the Church of St. Martin de Grouville in Jersey. And they say that from the time of the aforesaid gift & confirmation his predecessors Abbots of Lessay & he himself have peacefully held the aforesaid Church & the aforesaid rents. And that it is so concerning everything they claim that it may be enquired into by verdict of the country. They say also that as to the land charged with the rent of the aforesaid three quarters a certain Abbot &c. of their predecessors, of old bestowed upon his abbey the rent of one bushel of wheat issuing out of the said tenements. And the jurors upon their oath testify to the same. Therefore the said Abbot at present shall go 'sine die,' saving the right of the lord the King &c. when elsewhere &c.

And be it known that the attorneys of the Abbot in suing on the first day claimed all the aforesaid rent issuing out of the aforesaid land which is charged with the rent of 3 quarters of wheat. And at another day at which the inquisition was summoned they came & acknowledged that they had claimed wrongly & offered to the lord the King amends according to the discretion of the court here, so that they are admitted anew to claim in due form by the pledge of John de St. Martin & Geoffrey Galicien. And to this they are admitted if the lord the King shall accept. And then they claimed in the form which is above set forth. And counsel having been taken as to this that the Abbot would lose by common law the rent of 9 quarters of wheat by his wrong claim, if the court of the lord the King wished, the said amends are taxed at 20 livres if the lord the King will accept.

(M. 36 d.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de eodem 3tin^oe.**

Preceptū fuit Viç qđ suñ tē Abbem de Cesario qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad respondend̄ dño [Reg]i de plito qđ reddat ei advocacões eccliaꝝ Šce Marie de Arso monasterio e Šci Martini veteris. [Et] sup hoc veñ fraġ Robt^o de Montefreard cōmonac^o dñe domus e pbavit p testimoñ fideiū qđ [predictus] Abbas in tam remotis ptibz deget qđ ante finem Itineris nō posset impetrare bre de Anglia [atto]rnañ tē. Et offert dño Regi decem libr p sic qđ mittatur aliquis fideiū dñi Reġ hic ad testificand̄ attornatos ipius Abbis quos faciet jux^a discrecōm Cuñ dñi Reġ. Et ei concedit^r si Rex [accept]et pplm Rogeri Symeōñ. Et Phus Levesqe balis manucapit qđ pro eo respondebit. Et mittit^r [cum] ipō Joñnes de Barantyn spāl̄ jurat^o tē e valde fideidignus. Qui postea rediens p[tulit litteras] patentes pred̄ci Abbis sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo capitli in hec verba. Nobilibz e [discr]etis dño Joñi de Fresingfeld dño Drogoni de Barantyn e dño Joñni de Ditton [Jus]ticiař dñi Reġ Angl itifantibz in Insul de Gerneř Jerš e aliis adjacentibz fraġ Thoñ [per]missione divina humit Abbas monasřii Cesieñ totus qđ ejusd loci conventus ordinis Šci Benedicti Bayoceñ Dyoč saltm e oraçones humiles e devotas. Sciatis qđ nos attornavimus loco ñro dilectos ñros in xpo fr̄em Robtum de Montefreard cōmonachū ñrm e Joñm dcm le Gentil exhibiġ psentē e eoꝝ quemlibz insolidū. Ita qđ nō sit melior condiçō occupantis ad lucrand̄ vt p̄dend̄ in om̄ibz plitis e queret p̄ nob vt cont^a nos coram voġ in Itifse vřo qualreumqđ motis vt movend̄ concedentes eisdem qđ ipi vt eoꝝ alġ quē psentem esse contiḡit loco ñri façe possint seu possit attornatos vt attornatū quos vt quem volũint vt volũit coram voġ ad om̄ia plita e querelas psequenda e defendend̄ et ad luc^{andū} vt p̄dendū in eisdem sicut pred̄cm est Ratū e gratū hituri p̄ nob e conventu

(M. 36 d.)

**Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same eyre.**

It was commanded to the Viscount to summon &c. the Abbot of Cherbourg to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowsons of the Churches of St. Mary of the Burnt Monastery & St. Martin-the-Old. [And] upon this comes Brother Robert de Montefreard one of the monks of the said house & proved by the testimony of the faithful that the [said] Abbot lives in such distant parts that before the end of the eyre he could not obtain a writ of attorney from England &c. And he offers to the King 10 livres so that some one of the lieges of the lord the King here be sent to testify to the attorneys of the said Abbot whom he shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King [will accept] by the pledge of Roger Symeon. And Philip Levesque Bailiff undertook to answer for him. And there is sent with him John de Barantyn specially sworn &c. and very trustworthy who afterwards returning [produced the letters] patent of the aforesaid Abbot sealed with his seal & the seal of the chapter in these words: To the noble & discreet Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton, Justices of the lord the King of England, in eyre in the islands of Guernsey, Jersey & others adjacent, Brother Thomas by divine permission the humble Abbot of the monastery of Cherbourg & the whole of the community of the same place of the order of St. Benedict in the diocese of Bayeux, greeting & humble & devout prayers. Know ye that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Brother Robert de Montefreard one of our monks & John called le Gentil bearers of these presents & each of them for the whole, with equal powers to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints for us or against us before you in your eyre in whatsoever suits moved or to be moved granting to the same that they or either of them who shall happen to be present in our place may appoint such attorneys or attorney as they or he may wish before you to prosecute & defend all pleas & plaints & to gain or lose in the same as is aforesaid. Holding as ratified & confirmed for us & for the com-

ñri monastii quicquid p̄dci attornati ñri seu attornati v̄l attornandi seu attornat^o v̄l attornandus ab ip̄is v̄l eoꝝ altero in hac pte nõie n̄ro duxerit v̄l duxerint faciend̄. In cuius rei testimon̄ has iras ùras vō mittim^o patentes : vañ. Dañ anno dñi millo t̄centesimo nono die Jovis ante f̄m S̄ci Petri Advincta. Et tam ip̄e frañ Rob̄tus q̄m Joñnes le Gentil alter attornatus t̄ dicunt qđ Wills quondam Dux Normanū et po^otea Rex Angl̄ t̄ dedit cuidam Abbi de Cesario predecessori t̄ ea que nunc possident in hac In̄s. Et dicunt qđ Hen̄ Rex Angl̄ fit p̄dci Reġ Willi confirmavit donū p̄dci patris sui p cartam suam quam p̄ferunt que in̄ cetera sic continet qđ p̄dcus Wills Rex t̄ donavit Abbattie Cesarii in honore S̄ci Vigoris in In̄s de Jer̄s duas ecclias libas scil̄ eccliam S̄ce Marie Arsi monastii e S̄ci Martini Veteris cū terris suis et terciam ptem dec̄ie de annona. Et dicunt qđ p̄dcus Abbas et predecessores sui quondā abbes p̄dce domus a tempe p̄dcoꝝ doni e confirmaçõis semp tenuerunt pacifice p̄dcas ecclias e decimas. Et qđ ita est petūt qđ inq̄ratur p patriam. Et Jū sup sac̄m suū hoc id̄m testantur. Id̄o p̄dcus Abbas ad p̄sens inde sine die salvo jure Reġ t̄ cum alias t̄.

Drogo de Barantyn suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respond̄ dño Regi de p̄lito quo waranto etc.

[Continues as in M. 9 d. N^o 1160, pages 77 & 78.]

(M. 37.) **Plita de Corona** coram prefatis Justiciariis die Lune px̄ ante [festum saucti Bar]nabe Apli anno regni dñi Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo continuato in Jer̄s usq̄ ad diem Lune px̄imū post f̄m ap[torum Petri et] Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye.

Noia bathioꝝ post ul̄ias assisas.

P̄bus Levesq̄ qui adhuc est.

munity of our monastery whatsoever our aforesaid attorneys or the attorney attorned or to be attorned by them or either of them in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send to you these our letters patent. Farewell. Given A.D. 1309 on Thursday before the feast of St. Peter *ad Vincula*.⁽¹⁾ And as well the said Brother Robert as John le Gentil the other attorney &c. say that William formerly Duke of Normandy & afterwards King of England &c. gave to a certain Abbot of Cherbourg a predecessor &c. those things which they now possess in this island. And they say that Henry King of England son of the aforesaid King William confirmed the gift of his aforesaid father by his charter which they produce in which amongst other things it is contained thus: That the aforesaid King William &c. gave to the Abbey of Cherbourg in honour of St. Vigor in the island of Jersey 2 free Churches, to wit, the Church of St. Mary of the Burnt Monastery & St. Martin-the-Old with their lands & the 3rd part of the tithe of corn. And they say that the aforesaid Abbot & his predecessors formerly Abbots of the aforesaid house from the time of the aforesaid gift & confirmation always held peacefully the aforesaid Churches & tithes. And that this is so they claim that it may be enquired into by verdict of the country. And the jurors upon their oath testify to the same. Therefore the aforesaid Abbot at present shall go therein 'sine die,' saving the right of the King &c. when otherwise &c.

Drogo de Barantyn was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c.

(M. 37.) **Pleas of the Crown** before the aforesaid Justices on Monday next before [the feast of Saint] Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England continued in Jersey up to Monday next after the feast of the Apostles [Peter and] Paul, as from day to day.

Jersey. Names of the Bailiffs since the last assizes.
Philip Levesque who is still in office.

(1) August 1st.

Noīa Vicecoīm.

Mathus le Lorour qui adhuc est.

Noīa Receptoꝝ.

Robt^o de Hady

Petr^o de pvasiaco qui nunc est

Noīa Juř dñi Reĝ de Insula.

Jordanus Levesque

Guilts de la Hoge

Pñus Fundeng

Guilts le Petist

Pñus Horman

Walter^o le Keu

Wills des Augres

Guilts Diriuaud

Regiñ de Šco Eleř

Hamon de la Hoge

Guilts Lenginour

Petr^o de Saufmareys

Noīa Juratoꝝ de pochia Šci Elerii.

Đ poch Šci Eleř

Guilts Algare

} Electores

Petr^o Taunqerey

Colinus le Gerentier

Thoñ Amiot

Rađus le heir

Guilts Amyot

Rađs Galiene

Joñnes fit Joñnis Columb

Petr^o Deboneire

Colinus Wace

Hunř du Moster

Petr^o Boterel senior

Noīa Juř de aliis pochiis.

Đ Šco Salvař

Petr^o Pñe

} Electores

Robtus Puleyn

Thoñ Lael

Thoñ Estur

Colin Guyot

Maths le Veillard

Guilts Arphast

Thoñ Amy

Rađ de Roke

Joñnes Fale

Ranulphus Toytyn

Joñnes le Rous

Đ Šco Marĩ Veř

Robt^o Noel

} Electores

Ričus le Blaunc

Colin^o Lucas

Thoñ le Blaunc

Thoñ de Moster

Joñnes Messervy

Robt^o Stepñi

Galř le Chivaler

Guilts Coynard

Robt^o Fortyn

Ričus de Villa

Andř le Veillard

Names of the Viscounts.

Matthew le Lorour who is still in office.

Names of the Receivers.

Robert de Hady. Peter de Pervafiaco⁽¹⁾ who is now in office.

Names of the Jurats of the lord the King of the Island.

Jordan Levesque	William de la Hougue
Philip Fondan	William le Petit
Philip Horman	Walter le Keu
William des Augres	William Dirvaud
Reginald de St. Helier	Hanon de la Hougue
William Lenginour	Peter de Saumareys

Names of the Jurors of the parish of St. Helier.

Of the parish of St. Helier.	William Algare	} Electors	Peter Tanquerey
	Colin le Gerentier		Thomas Amiot
	Ralph le Heir		William Amyot
	Ralph Galiene		John son of John Columb
	Peter Debonaire		Colin Wace
	Humfrey du Moutier		Peter Boterel senior

Names of the Jurors of the other parishes.

Of St. Saviour.	Peter Philipe	} Electors	Robert Poulain
	Thomas Lael		Thomas Estur
	Colin Guyot		Matthew le Veillard
	William Arphast		Thomas Amy
	Ralph de Roke		John Falle
	Ranulph Toytyn		John le Rous
Of St. Martin the Old.	Robert Noel	} Electors	Richard le Blanc
	Colin Lucas		Thomas le Blanc
	Thomas du Moutier		John Messervy
	Robert Fitz-Stephen		Geoffrey le Chevalier
	William Coynard		Robert Fortyn
	Richard de la Ville		Andrew le Veillard

(1) Possibly for Paviliaco (Paveilly).

Grouiſt	Johnes Gervaise	} Electores	Thoñ Eslenke
	Ričus Avice		Mich Austyn
	Roht Herbert		Clement Morice
	Ričus Desnee		Colin ^o le Graunt
	Petr ^o Osbor		Roht ^o Horman
	Guilts Horman		Mich le Feſe
D̄ Šco Cleñ	Ričus Milaeis	} Electores	Alanus Neel
	Galfř Alisaundř		Petr ^o Tullaund
	Godefr ^o Viuenche		Colin ^o Fauvel
	Guilts Blauncvilein		Steph Blaunchebarbe
	Guilts Salemon		Matñus de Moster
	Galfř le Bordoun		Matñus du Chastel
D̄ Tñitañ	Rohtus de Lescluse	} Electores	Guilts Lesmitye
	Jordanus Ascelyn		Guilts Pñe
	Rohtus Galie		Guilts Paien
	Ričus Laungere		Guilts le Chivaſer
	Petr ^o le Gras		Guilts Galicien
	Roht ^o Mauger		Ričus le Keverel
D̄ Šco Joñne	Regiñ Arcur	} Electores	Thoñ Henř
	Roht ^o de la Rue		Warin ^o du Costil
	Guilts le Gros		Colin ^o Ansgot
	Roğus Baudyn		Roht ^o Viel
	Pñus le Joevene		Petr ^o Grosser
	Petr ^o Maret		Petr ^o Hailles
D̄ Šca Mař	Guilts Hamon	} Electores	Colin Arcur
	Guilts le Feuere		Guilts Jordan
	Petr ^o Estur		Ričus du Chastel
	Reginaldus le Blaunc		Colin ^o Neobey
	Guilts le Blaunc		Thoñ Galieñ
	Ričus Burywynt		Colinus le Costour

Grouville.	John Gervaise	} Electors	Thomas Esclenque
	Richard Avice		Michael Austyn
	Robert Herbert		Clement Morice
	Richard Desnee		Colin le Graunt
	Peter Osber		Robert Horman
	William Hornan		Michael le Fevre
Of St. Clement.	Richard Millais	} Electors	Alan Neel
	Geoffrey Alexandre		Peter Tullaund
	Godfrey Vivenche		Colin Fauvel
	William Blancvilein		Stephen Blanchebarbe
	William Salemon		Matthew du Moutier
	Geoffrey le Bourdon		Matthew du Chastel
Of Trinity.	Robert de l'Ecluse	} Electors	William Lesmitey
	Jordan Ascelyn		William Philipe
	Robert Galie		William Payn
	Richard Laungere		William le Chevalier
	Peter le Gras		William Galichan
	Robert Mauger		Richard le Keverel
Of St. John.	Reginald Arthur	} Electors	Thomas Henry
	Robert de la Rue		Warin du Costil
	William le Gros		Colin Angot
	Roger Baudains		Robert Viel
	Philip le Jeune		Peter Grosser
	Peter Maret		Peter Hailles
Of St. Mary.	William Hamon	} Electors	Colin Arcur
	William le Fevre		William Jordan
	Peter Estur		Richard du Chastel
	Reginald le Blanc		Colin Neobey
	William le Blanc		Thomas Galichan
	Richard Buryvynt		Colin le Conteur

D̄ Šco Audoen̄	P̄hus de Laik	} Electores	Joñnes Utenḡ
	Hascoil Lucas		Colinus Pater
	Rads Aunqetil		Joñnes le Cornu
	Robtus Buffee		Joñnes Moraunt
	Joñnes de Graunteys		Thoñ Fokerey
	Lauř Huelyn		Jordanus Burnof
D̄ Šco Petro.	P̄hus le Mur	} Electores	Reginaldus Burnof
	Petr ^o le Bret		Godefř le Viscounte
	Gregoř Miloun		Guilts Richequer
	P̄hus de la Mare		Robtus Beneyt
	Thoñ Miloun		Thoñ Aunleķ
	Joñnes Canu		Jordan ^o Gervaise
D̄ Šco Lauř	Petr ^o Burnof	} Electores	Ričus Fraunceys
	Hugo le Gros		Jordanus le Neveu
	Colinus de Ponte		Joñnes Hunfrie
	Guilts Cambreys		Radus Neel
	Ričus Michel		Jord Juliane
	Joñnes Michel		Galfř Hastenḡ
D̄ Šco Brolard	Colinus Tilly	} Electores	Ričus le Counte
	Guilts Colomb		Petr ^o Gervaise
	P̄hus le Goupil		P̄hus Gervaise
	Ničfus du Gardyn		Guilts Orege
	P̄hus Hamon		Petr ^o le Markaunt
	Joñnes Desert		P̄hus de Marisc

(M. 37 d.)

Consuetudo
dampnata.

Auditis querimoniis diŕsoꝝ graviꝝ conŕuerenciũ tẽ Justiķ hic ppenderunt qđ jam satis tarde levata est in hac Insula pessima consuetudo dno Rege totalr inconsulto s. qđ cũ ps actrix q̄cumq; fũit coram battio e. Juř Reḡ de quocumq; Insulano hic de pl̄ito debiti pbare possit p sacřm quozcuq; testřm aliquod debitũ s! deberi p ip̄m de quo conŕuer licet absentẽ e. pti petenti nō fuisset fẽta soluķo seu

Of St. Ouen.	Philip de Lecq	} Electors	John Uteng
	Hascoil Lucas		Colin Pater
	Ralph Anquetil		John le Cornu
	Robert Buffee		John Moraunt
	John de Graunteys		Thomas Fouquerey
	Laurence Huelin		Jordan Burnof
Of St. Peter.	Philip le Mur	} Electors	Reginald Burnof
	Peter le Bret		Godfrey le Vesconte
	Gregory Milon		William Richequer
	Philip de la Mare		Robert Benest
	Thomas Milon		Thomas Anley
	John Canu		Jordan Gervaise
Of St. Laurence.	Peter Burnof	} Electors	Richard Fraunceys
	Hugh le Gros		Jordan le Neveu
	Colin du Pont		John Hunfrie
	William Cambreys		Ralph Neel
	Richard Michel		Jordan Juliane
	John Michel		Geffrey Hasteng
Of St. Brelade.	Colin Tilly	} Electors	Richard le Conte
	William Columb		Peter Gervaise
	Philip le Goupil		Philip Gervaise
	Nicholas du Jardin		William Orange
	Philip Hamon		Peter le Marquand
	John Desert		Philip du Marais

(M. 37 d.)

Custom
condemned.

Having heard the complaints of divers persons grievously complaining &c. the justices here considered that quite recently there has been introduced in this island a very bad custom entirely without the knowledge of the lord the King, to wit, that when any plaintiff is able to prove in a plea of debt before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King against any islander here by the oath of witnesses any debt to be owing to him by him of whom he complains, although absent, & that payment or satisfaction was not made to the party claiming within

satisfoto infra XL dies t̄c statim ad petiçõm ip̄ius petentis Balts e
Juř dñi Reġ delib̄avunt petenti fr̄as e teñ debitoris tenenda in feodo
e h̄editate imp̄petuũ non petito assensu debitoris huj̄⁹di nō expectata
p̄sencia sua facta ñn appreciãcõe valoris tenement̄ illoř p̄ sac̄m vici-
noř nō h̄ito respectu sine debitoř consensisset nec ne. Et Justiciarii
sup hoc in plena Cuř alloquebantur totam cõitatem t̄c die lune in
c̄stio Šce Marḡ v̄ginis t̄c. Et sanior ps cõitatis deadvocavit huj̄⁹
consuetudiem affirmando qđ falso e malicose levata fuit e infra xx
annos e cõtra legē e consuetudiem Insulař quibusdã tamen adinvicē
inde murmurantibz. Et sic Justiç fecunt publice p̄clamari qđ om̄es e
singli qui vellent consuetudiem huj̄⁹ manutene vt̄ illa uti venissent
coram ip̄is Justiç die lune p̄x̄^u sequent̄ rações suas p̄poituri. Ad quē
diem tota cõitas unanimiř illam deadvocarunt. Et p̄ eoř consensum
totalr dampnatur et adjudicat̄ p̄ nulla.

(M. 38.)

Plita de Corona de pochia Šci Petri.

Parochia Šci Petri veñ p̄ xij.

Jerseye.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Guilš Ranulphi alias inp̄sonat⁹ fuit in Castro
pro cunctis dñi t̄c. Et inde pro f̄cto illo
abjuř Insulas ad temp⁹ t̄c coram Petro Darcys tunc baltio t̄c. Et
.....amodo fiant huj̄⁹modi abjuraçoes nisi in forma
statuti.

Infortiñ

Presentant t̄ qđ quidam Robinett⁹ filius Thome Munchoun puer
v annoř in quadam fovea et nullus alius
inde malecr̄. Judm Inforti.

Presentant t̄ qđ P̄tus Munchoun solit⁹ est face hoies Reġ sumoñ
ex̄^a regnũ videliř Aliciam uřem Rađi Horman e
ples alios de plito de laicis cañ sic p̄ posse suo exheredañ [dominum]

40 days &c. immediately on the petition of the said plaintiff the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King delivered to the plaintiff the lands & tenements of the debtor to be held in fee & perpetual inheritance, the assent of such debtor not being asked nor his presence waited for, appraisement nevertheless being made of the value of those tenements by the oath of the neighbours, no regard being had as to whether the debtor had consented or not. And the justices hereupon in open court questioned the whole commonalty &c. on Monday in the Morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin &c. And the wiser part of the commonalty disavowed such custom alleging that it was falsely & wrongly introduced both within 20 years & against the law & custom of the islands, certain people however on the other hand objecting thereto. And so the justices made public proclamation that all & singular who wish to maintain that custom or to use it shall come before the said justices on Monday next following to propound their reasons: at which day the whole commonalty unanimously disavowed it, & by their consent it is altogether condemned & adjudged as null.

(M. 38.)

Pleas of the Crown of the parish of St. Peter.

The parish of St. Peter comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that William Ranulph was at another time imprisoned in the Castle for [chasing] the conies of the lord the King &c. And for that deed he abjured the islands at the time &c. before Peter Darcys then Bailiff &c. And from henceforth let no one make such abjuration except in the form of the statute.

Accident.

They present also that a certain Robinet son of Thomas Munchoun a boy of 5 years of age [was found dead] in a certain pit, & no one being suspected thereof, the verdict is by misadventure.

They present also that Philip Munchoun is wont to cause the subjects of the King to be summoned out of the realm, to wit Alice the wife of Ralph Horman & many others concerning a plea of lay chattels, so by his action depriving [the lord] the King of those

Regem de hiis que mere spectant ad coronam e dignitatem dñi Regē. Et pred Pñus [non] venit. Ido pceptū est tam baffio q³ vicecōm qđ capiant pred Pñm q³ cicius veñit e Alič[in pri]sona dñi Regē salvo custodiri faciant. Ita qđ nō delibetur extra p¹sonam sine spali mandato dñi Regē vt Justiciarioz suoꝝ. Et q³ nō veñ Jō in miā.

Redds & firme
dñi Regē

Presentant t̄ qđ est in eoꝝ parochia feodū de Orvill in quo sunt triginta ācr ĩre de quo dñs Rex ĩt camptū qđ valet p annū c. s̄. ĩm dñs Rex habet de eodm feodo iij aucas vj pullos vij galliñ e vij đ p annū et ĩiij x ova et t̄ vj caḅ ĩri et de čta firma vij s̄ vj đ p annū qui solvunt^r p mañ ppoiti Šci Johñis. Est t̄ aliud feodū de Ernaud sive Tancre de escheta dñi Regē quod continet xxvij virgaĩ ĩre unde Alicia que fuit ux Bartheloti Lengleys tenet xvij v'gaĩ. Et reddit dno Regi p añ xvij caḅ ĩri ij galliñ ij đ. Et Guilts Sotel tenet inde j virgatā terre et reddit dno Regi p annū j caḅ ĩri. Et Pñus Viel tenet inde ij v'g ter^r e reddit p añ j bꝝ ĩri. Et Pñus Guyot et Radus frat⁹ ej⁹ tenent inde vij virg ĩre que reddt dno Regi p añ vij caḅ ĩri. Percipit t̄ dñs Rex de feodo Girardi continente vj virg ĩre quod Petr⁹ Pastey e participes sui tenent vj caḅ ĩri e ij galliñ e ij đ. ĩm feodū de Bekeloye continens xv virgate ĩre quod Regiñ de Šco Clemente tenet reddit dno Regi p añ ij q^r ĩri j galliñ e ij đ. Et feod de Richequer quod idem Regiñ tenet in quo est dia acra ĩre reddit dno Regi p annū ij galliñ. Habet t̄ dñs Rex de forisf^rcura au Thelier, videl^t Gilbtus Pelrin tenet inde j virg ĩre e di et reddit p añ iij caḅ ĩri. Et Radus Aunlek tenet de eadem forisf^rcura j v'gaĩ ĩre et reddit iij caḅ ĩri. Et Lucetta Blaunche e Isabella soror ejus tenent inde j v'gaĩ ĩre e di et reddunt p añ iij caḅ ĩri. Et Ričus Waryn Pñus Waryn et Robtus Waryn tenent inde xvj v'gaĩ ĩre e di et reddunt dno Regi p annū videl^t predcus Ričus v buss ĩri et čcionā j caḅ ĩri. Et Pñus

things which wholly belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the aforesaid Philip [does not come.] Therefore it is commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount that they shall seize the aforesaid Philip as soon as he shall come, & shall cause [the said] Alice to be kept in safe custody in the prison of the lord the King. So that she shall not be released from prison without the special command of the lord the King or of his Justices. And because he does not come, therefore he is to be amerced.

Rents and farms
of the
lord the King.

They present also that there is in their parish the fee of Orville⁽¹⁾ in which there are 30 acres of land of which the lord the King has champart which is worth per annum 100 sols. Also the lord the King has of the same fee 3 geese, 6 pullets, 7 hens & 7 d. by the year, & 90 eggs & also 6 measures of wheat & of cert farm 7 s. 6 d. by the year which are paid by the hand of the Provost of St. John. There is also another fee of Ernaud or Tancre⁽²⁾ of the escheat of the lord the King which contains 27 virgates of land whereof Alice who was the wife of Barthelot Lengleys holds 17 virgates; & she pays to the lord the King by the year 17 bushels of wheat [and] 2 hens [and] 2 d. And William Sotel holds thereof one virgate of land & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And Philip Viel holds thereof 2 virgates of land & pays by the year one bushel of wheat. And Philip Guyot & Ralph his brother hold thereof 7 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 7 bushels of wheat. The lord the King also takes of the fee of Girard containing 6 virgates of land, which Peter Pastey & his partners hold, 6 bushels of wheat & 2 hens & 2 d. Also the fee of Bekeleye⁽³⁾ containing 15 virgates of land, which Reginald de St. Clement holds, pays to the lord the King by the year 2 quarters of wheat, one hen & 2 d. And the fee of Richequer which the same Reginald holds in which there is half an acre of land pays to the lord the King by the year 2 hens. Also the lord the King has of the forfeiture of Letelier, to wit, Gilbert Pelrin holds thereof one & a half virgates of land & pays per annum 3 bushels of wheat. And Ralph Anley holds of the same forfeiture one virgate of land & pays 3 measures of wheat. And Lucette Blanche & Isabella her sister hold thereof one & a half virgates of land & pay by the year 3 measures of wheat. And Richard Waryn, Philip Waryn & Robert Waryn hold thereof 16 & a half virgates of land & pay to the lord the King by the year, to wit, the aforesaid Richard 5 measures of wheat & the 3rd part of

(1) Fief Dorville or Le Mourier. (2) See Extente 1274, page 23.

(3) Bekalowe and Baqueloe in Extentes of 1274 and 1331.

vij caſ fri e j ſcionař. Et Robtus vij caſ fri e j ſcionař. Habet t̄ dñs Rex de forisfc̄ura de Kahull xxx pticař fre quas Godefř Vason tenet et reddit inde p añ j busſ fri. Et di virḡ teri de eſc̄ieta Emmelote la Kaune reddit dño Regi p añ j caſ fri. Dicunt t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet unam bovataſ fre de eſc̄ieta Ranulphi Dirvaut quam Rođ Brasdef tenet et reddit dño Regi p añ xxv caſ fri. Iťm habet de eſc̄ieta as Yonneys tres virgate fre quam Guills Paien p̄sbr modo teñ et reddit p annũ vij caſ fri. Et Guills Pollard tenet j virḡ fre e di de forisfc̄ura Kahulle et reddit p añ iij caſ fri. Iťm Petr^o Aunlek e Pñus Aunlek tenent iij virḡ fre de forisfc̄ura au Telier et reddunt dño Regi p annũ iiij caſ fri. Habet t̄ dñs Rex in ead̄m pochia pređ pred̄m redd̄m e firmas de eta firma p añ videlř ad paſch x^{li} vij^s iiij^d. Et ad f̄m ap̄loř Petri e Pauli x^{li} vij^s iiij^d. Et ad f̄m ſci Mic̄tis x^{li} vij^s iiij^d. Et t̄ j par de calcař albis vť xij đ. Et t̄ habet iiij^d p añ de quadam pecia terre vocata Croket. Dicunt t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoř pochia fumagiũ de t̄bus annis in iij annis quod valet coĩbz annis cum acciderit ix^{li}. Iťm dicunt qđ tenentes dñi Ređ in eoř pochia tenentur cariare vina dñi Ređ e buſcā e fenũ ubicumq; dñs Rex volũit in Inſul. Ita tñ qđ quadrigarii debent recupe p qualibz quadrigata ij đ. Habet t̄ dñs Rex in eoř poch̄ unũ molendnũ quod valet coĩbz annis xxx^{li}. Et dicunt qđ pred̄ci tenentes dñi Ređ debent invenire Maerem ad om̄ia grossa membra molendi. Et dñs Rex debet invenire ferra e molas e carpenteria t̄c. Et t̄ dci tenentes tenentur invenire coopturam ad molendiñ pred̄cm et dñs Rex faciet illud coopire sũptibus suis.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ecclia istius pochie valet p annũ XLV^{li} et est de advocaçone Abbis ſci Salvatoris et idem Abbas tenet medietatem

one measure of wheat. And Philip 7 measures of wheat & one third part. And Robert 7 measures of wheat & one third part. Also the lord the King has of the forfeiture of Kahull 30 perches of land which Godfrey Vason holds & pays therefor by the year one bushel of wheat. And half a virgate of land by the escheat of Emmelotta la Kaune pays to the lord the King by the year one measure of wheat. They say also that the lord the King has one bovate of land of the escheat of Ranulph Dirvaut which Roger Brasdefer holds, & pays to the lord the King by the year 25 measures of wheat. He also has of the escheat of the Yonneys 3 virgates of land which William Paien, priest, now holds & pays by the year 7 measures of wheat. And William Pollard holds one & a half virgates of land of the forfeiture of Kahull & pays by the year 3 measures of wheat. Also Peter Anley & Philip Anley hold 3 virgates of land of the forfeiture of Letelier & pay to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has in the same parish beside the said rent & farms of cert farm by the year, to wit, at Easter 10 l. 7 s. 4 d. & at the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul 10 l. 7 s. 4 d., & at the feast of St. Michael 10 l. 7 s. 4 d., & also one pair of white spurs or 12 d. Also he has 3 d. by the year from a certain piece of land called Croket. They also say that the lord the King has in their parish fumage every 3 years which is worth one year with another when it shall occur 9 livres. They also say that the tenants of the lord the King in their parish are bound to carry the wines of the lord the King & firewood & hay wheresoever the lord the King shall wish in the island; so nevertheless that the drivers ought to receive for each four-horse cart 2 deniers. Also the lord the King has in their parish one mill which is worth one year with another 30 livres. And they say that the said tenants of the lord the King ought to find the wood for all the principal timbers of the mill, & the lord the King ought to find the iron & the wheels & the carpentering &c. And also the said tenants are bound to find the covering for the said mill & the lord the King shall cause it to be covered at his own cost.

They present also that the Church of this parish is worth by the year 45 livres & is of the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour & the said Abbot holds the moiety of the tithe to his own use. And

deçie in pp'os usus. Et abbissa de Moster Vilers tenet q̄rtam ptē ejusd̄ deçie et abbissa de Cadomo aliam q̄rtam ptem in pp'os usus et t̄minatur in quo waranto t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o de Haga tenet de dño Rege j carucatam t̄re per sviciū svandi libos p'sones et tenetur fiere unū pař anelloř sive boiař et debet^r releviū de predca carucata videl̄ LX s̄ cū acciderit. Et preř firmam reddit dño Regi p annū j pař calcař albař sup̄dictař. Et Wills de Viver tenet de dño Rege j caruč t̄re p^o simile sviciū servandi p'soñ t̄c e debet^r inde [relevium] ut sup̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Nickus Goz tenet j v'g t̄re e di de bordağ t̄c e reddit dño Regi p̄ter sviciū t̄c j cař fri et valet ulterius j busā fri per anñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus de Carteret fiet unam maram unde medietas est in eoř poçh e tenet illam sepalem t̄c. Et idm Pñus fiet wreccū maris p totam t̄ram suam ab antiquo set dñs debet fiere visū anteq̄^a t̄c et iiij^{or} p'ncipalia e aves de preda e iiij^{or} p'ncipalia t̄c.⁽¹⁾

Presentant t̄ qđ quedam ps feodi de Vinclivrees est in eoř poçh quem quidem feodū p̄dcus Pñus tenet et idm Pñus tenet in p̄dco feodo cuniclariū suū indefenso, ita qđ nō licet ministris dñi Regis fugare ibidem ad cuniclos nisi cū cane e bacto t̄c s̄z quo jure v̄l quo waranto nesciunt. Et sup hoc Pñus de Carfet dñs predci feodi veñ e inde allocut^o dicit qđ ipe non claĩn warennā in p̄dco feodo nec unq̄^a aliquem de fugand̄ ibidm impedivit. Et Juř hoc idm testantur. Ido ipe pro falso p̄sentamento in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p subsc'ptos videl̄t Colettam Goez Colinū Goez Gilbt Peleryn Pñm Viel Riçs Pipon Colinū Grobert e Radm Naymes bolengarios. Et Boulom,

(1) Sic.

the Abbess of Moutier Villiers holds the 4th part of the same tithe & the Abbess of Caen the other 4th part to their own uses & it is determined in the quo warranto &c.

They present also that Peter de la Hague holds of the lord the King one carucate of land by the service of keeping the free prisons & he is bound to have one pair of rings or fetters, & relief is owing for the aforesaid carucate, to wit, 60 sols when it shall occur. And besides the farm he pays to the lord the King by the year the aforesaid pair of white spurs. And William du Vivier holds of the lord the King one carucate of land by the similar service of keeping the prisons &c. And there is owing [relief] as above.

They present also that Nicholas Goies holds one & a half virgates of land of bordage &c. and pays to the lord the King besides the service &c. one measure of wheat & it is worth further one bushel of wheat per annum.

They present also that Philip de Carteret has a pond whereof half is in their parish & he holds the same severally &c. And the same Philip has the right to wreck of the sea throughout his whole land of old, but the lord ought to have view before &c. and the four princely things⁽¹⁾ & birds of prey &c.

They present also that a certain part of the fee of Vingt Livres is in their parish, which said fee the aforesaid Philip holds, & the same Philip holds in the said fee his rabbit warren unenclosed, so that it is not lawful for the ministers of the lord the King to hunt there for conies except with dog & stick &c., but by what right or warrant they do not know. And thereupon Philip de Carteret, lord of the said fee, comes & being questioned therein says that he does not claim warren in the aforesaid fee, nor did he ever hinder any one from hunting there. And the jurors testify to the same. Therefore they are to be amerced for false presentment.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Coletta Goies, Colin Goies, Gilbert Peleryn, Philip Viel, Richard Pipon, Colin Grobert & Ralph Naymes, bakers,

(1) i.e. gold and silk not worked, &c. Compare pages 23, 44 & 47.

Guillm le Hardy, Roĉtm Beas, William Pĉe, Alicia Bartet Jord
..... Roĉtm Noel, Sibillotam Goies, Jordm Horman,
Pĉm de P..... Waryn, Raĉm de la Hague,
Roĉtm Nicole, Guillotū Vasoun, Raĉm Fale
Petrū Pipon e Pĉm Naymes tabnarios. Ido oĉmes in mĉa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pĉus Wace feĉ p^oprestuř de via regia latitud
iij pedū e longitud di pticatař. Et Guifls Wydecok feĉ p^oprestuř
de via regia latitud j peĉ e longitud j pticaĩ. Et Osanna que fuit
uř Colini Ernaud implenit quoddam fossatū de via regia. Et Guiff
Hardy simitr. Ido oĉmes in mĉa.

Presentant t̄ qđ P^{or} Šci Pet^l in ista pochia loco Abbis Šci
Salvatoris đni Reġ tĉ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o de Šco Elerio đns de Saumareys tenet j...
řre de đno Rege in ista pochĩ et [debet] de releviū cū acciderit
LX š.

Juř duodene p pĉibř [concelamentis in veredco suo] de quibř
[convicti] fřunt coram Justiĉ [per examinacōem in] g^{vi} [mĉa]
sup Peř le Br..... tĉ.

(M. 38 d.)

Adhuc de plifis Corone de pochĩ Šci Pet^l

Presentant qđ circa Natale đni anno tĉ p^lmo devenerunt de
Wrecco de quadam [nave peri-]clitata apud la Pulleine xxxij pve
pecie ferri e quelibet peĉ valuit x đ. Iřmlide vertegre řcii
xx š ij barelli de Rukere řcii LX š. Iřm xij lb de creto de
jingebro vj cař de pipe viij cař de cicenant e estimavit valorem
řđcořlioř tĉ ad XL^l. Iřm vj panni de Dynamit de

And Boulom, William le Hardy, Robert Beas, William Philipe, Alice Bartel, Jordan Robert Noel, Sibillota Goies, Jordan Horman, Philip de P..... Waryn, Ralph de la Hague, Robert Nicole, Guillot Vasoun, Ralph Fale Peter Pison & Philip Naymes, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip Wace made an encroachment on the King's high-way in breadth 3 feet & in length half a perch. And William Wydecok made an encroachment on the King's high-way in breadth one foot & in length one perch. And Osanna who was the wife of Colin Ernaud filled up a certain ditch of the high-way. And William Hardy likewise. Therefore all them to be amerced.

They present also that the Prior of St. Peter in this parish in the place of the Abbot of St. Saviour of the lord the King &c.

They present also that Peter de St. Helier, Lord of Samarès, holds one of land of the lord the King in this parish & [he owes] relief when it shall occur 60 sols.

The jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination, to be heavily amerced [under the pledge] of Peter le Br..... &c.

(M. 38 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Peter.

They present that about Christmas in the first year &c. there came of wreck of a certain [ship] wrecked at la Pulleine 32 small pieces of iron & each piece was worth 10 deniers. Also pounds of verdigris value 20 sols, 2 barrels of roker⁽¹⁾ value 60 sols, also 12 lbs. of chalk, of ginger, 6 measures of pepper, 8 measures of cinnamon, & they estimated the value of the aforesaid &c. at 40 livres. Also 6 cloths of Dinan (?) of which each

(1) Fish.

quibz quibz pannis cont̄ xxvij quos estimant ad xx^{li}.
Iīm xij virḡ de canevaz ꝑcii viij^{li}. Iīm j mastus ꝑvo
maeremio ꝑcii ix li. Iīm j mola manualis ꝑcii xv š de quibz om̄ibz
quarta ꝑs quarte Reġ t̄c et Mathus le Loreour vič e Wilts
le Petyt inde respond.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus Ernald tenet j ac̄ e di virḡ ĩre de bordaġ
e reddit ad firmam Reġ xvij d̄ ꝑ an̄ et facit bordaġ t̄c. Et Colinus
le Crochun e ꝑticipes sui tenent de bordaġ Crochon vij virḡ ĩre e di
et redd̄ xxx d̄ ad firmam dñi Reġ. Et Auberia la Metere una ꝑdcoꝝ
ꝑticipum vendidit Lauř Sauuale redd̄ j bz ĩri sup quamđ ꝑrcoem d̄ce
ĩre e ꝑdcs Colinus Crochoun retraxit redd̄ illū ꝑ bursam ꝑacantē.
Ido redd̄s ille remañ dño Regi forisfcus t̄c. Et eadem Auberia ven-
didit sup aliam ꝑrcoem ejusđ ĩre redd̄ j bz ĩri Rado Robyn. Ido
redd̄s ille remañ dño Regi. Eadem t̄ Auberia vendidit Johi Hubert
quamđ ꝑrcoem d̄ce ĩre q̄ valet ꝑ an̄ j caš ĩri. Ido ꝑdca ĩra reĩ
dño Reġ forisfca. Iīm Joñes Bernard e ꝑticipes sui tenent alias
vij virḡ ĩre e di de ꝑdco bord̄. Et redd̄ ꝑ an̄ ad firmam dñi Reġ
xxx d̄ et faciūt bord̄ t̄c. Et Robtus Pipoun unus ꝑticipum vendidit
Godefr̄o Vasoun v ꝑtič ĩre de ꝑdco bord̄ que valent ꝑ an̄ j caš ĩri et
postea idem Godefr̄ dedit ĩram illam Robto Beneyt in maritaġ cū fit
sua. Ido ꝑdca ĩra remañ dño Regi forisfca.

Comptum est ꝑ rořlos Pñi le Evesk Balti qđ Ričus du Vergee
Mathias fit Sebille Goies Colin^o Goies e Sebirota Goies vbařunt noc-
tant̄ Colinū le Fillastre e iřm acabliařunt cū sang'ne e plaga. Et
Colinus Goies veĩ e feč finem ꝑ ꝑdca t̄ns ꝑ Liiij š ꝑpłm Guifli Luane
e Jordi Dubel. Et ꝑdcs Math̄ veĩ e Sebirota simitr e vadiant emend̄
taxand̄ ꝑ Cuř t̄c. Et Mathias taxat' ꝑ Cuř ad Liiij š. Et Ričus du

cloth contains 27 which they estimate at 20 livres. Also 140 yards of canvas value 8 livres. Also one mast small timber value 9 livres. Also one hand-wheel value 15 sols of all which the 4th part of the 4th of the King &c. And Matthew le Loreour, Viscount, & William le Petyt shall answer therefor.

They present also that Philip Ernald holds one acre & half a virgate of land of bordage & pays to the farm of the King 18 deniers by the year & does bordage &c. And Colin le Crochon & his partners hold of the bordage Crochon $7\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & pay 30 deniers to the farm of the lord the King. And Aubery la Metere one of the aforesaid partners sold to Laurence Sauvale the rent of one bushel of wheat upon a certain portion of the said land, & the aforesaid Colin Crochon withdrew that rent by the repayment of the consideration. Therefore that rent remains forfeited to the lord the King &c. And the same Aubery sold upon another portion of the same land the rent of one bushel of wheat to Ralph Bobyn. Therefore that rent remains to the lord the King. Also the same Aubery sold to John Hubert a certain portion of the said land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat. Therefore the aforesaid land remains forfeited to the lord the King. Also John Bernard & his partners hold other $7\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the aforesaid bordage & pay per annum to the farm of the lord the King 30 deniers & do bordage &c. And Robert Pipon one of the partners sold to Godfrey Vasoun 5 perches of land of the aforesaid bordage which are worth per annum one measure of wheat & afterwards the same Godfrey gave that land to Robert Benest in marriage with his daughter. Therefore the aforesaid land remains forfeited to the lord the King.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Richard du Vergée, Matthew son of Sybil Goies, Colin Goies & Sebirota Goies beat by night Colin le Fillastre & threw him to the ground whence blood & wounds. And Colin Goies came & compounded for the said transgression by 54 sols by the pledge of William Luane & Jordan Dubel. And the aforesaid Matthew comes & Sebirota likewise & give security for the amends to be taxed by the court &c. And Matthew is taxed by the court at 54 sols. And Richard du

Vergee nō veñ. Iō Regiñ de Šco Clemente Thomas Auslek e Joñnes Hubert qui ip̄m manucep̄ in ḡvi miã.

Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosdem Rořlos qđ Pñotus fit Jordi Horman e Jord fit Phi Horman insultařunt maliçōse Vivenciã Mochoun e filiam suam p̄ quod ip̄e fugierunt dimittentes quend̄ asinū careatum blado. Et p̄dci Pñotus e Jord̄s in contemptū t̄c̄ absciderunt aures e caudam p̄dci asini. Iō fiant inde emend̄ dño Regi. Et si ip̄i nō sufficient respond̄ pař t̄c̄.

Adhuc de rem̄ de poçñ de Šci Clementis.

Comptum est p̄ Rořlos Phi le Evesk balt̄i qđ Rořus du Costil insultavit noctanř domū Marione de Barantino p̄jiciendo lapid̄ ad ostiū suū qui veñ e feç finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xx s̄ p̄plm Radi le Rey. Et Joñnes du Costil qui similř fuit in societate ejusd̄ ad f̄cm istd̄ feç finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xx s̄ p̄plm Guiffi le Petyt de Šco Elerio e Joñnis de Barantino. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosdem Rořlos qđ Peřr fit Pet' Darcyž e Guillot^o le Keu řbařunt noctanř Colinū Goscelin cū sang^{ne} e plaga. Et p̄dci Peřr e Guillot^o veñ e vadiant dño Regi emend̄ taxand̄ p̄ discreçcoem Cuř t̄c̄.

Comptum est t̄ p̄ Rořlos ejusd̄ Balti qđ Robinus de Grouilla sero pcussit Guillotū Favel de quod cutello in capite faciendo ei plagam e sang^{ne}m qui veñ e feç finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ XL s̄ p̄plm Thome de Grouill.

Comptum est p̄ Rořlos ejusd̄ qđ Colinus Blanchard řbavit noctanř Colinū Corbyn in lecto suo. Iō fiant inde emend̄ dño Regi.

Et Juř duodene p̄ plibž conclamentis in vered̄co suo de quibž convicti fuerunt coram Justiç p̄ examinaçcoem in miã.

Vergee does not come, therefore Reginald de St. Clement, Thomas Anley & John Hubert, who bailed him, to be heavily amerced.

It is also found by the same rolls that Philotus son of Jordan Horman & Jordan son of Philip Horman maliciously assaulted Vivencia Mochoun & her daughter, whereby they fled, leaving a certain ass carrying corn. And the aforesaid Philotus & Jordan in contempt &c. cut off the ears & tail of the said ass. Therefore they shall make amends therefor to the lord the King. And if they have not enough the fathers shall answer &c.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Clement.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Roger du Costil attacked by night the house of Marion de Barantin by throwing stones at her door, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of Ralph le Rey. And John du Costil who likewise was in his company in that act compounded for the said transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of William le Petyt of St. Helier & John de Barantin. It is found also by the said rolls that Peter son of Peter Darcys & Guillot le Keu had beaten by night Colin Goscelin with blood & wounds. And the aforesaid Peter & Guillot come & give security to the lord the King for the amends to be taxed by the discretion of the court &c.

It is found also by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Robin de Grouville in the evening struck Guillot Favel with a certain knife in the head, making a wound & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Thomas de Grouville.

It is found by the rolls of the same that Colin Blanchard by night beat Colin Corbyn in his bed. Therefore let amends be made therefor to the lord the King.

And the jury of twelve men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination, to be amerced.

(M. 39.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone de pochia Šci Elerii.

Fressingfeld.

poch Šci Elerii veñ p xij.

Jereš

Juř pŕesentant qđ quidam Odo le Clerk s^opensus fuit adiu est. Et Petrus le simitr s^opensus fuit. Et nō fuerunt tras nec catalla.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiltus Porrioun abjuř Insulas p̄ latrocinio. Idem fuit j virḡ feodo de Melechis que valent p aññ iij cañ fri quas fides Regiñ de Carfet

Presentant t̄ quod Orenġ que fuit uxor Joñnis Veysin a iiij^o annis elapsis seiřam s^opens^o inde malecr̄. Judm felonissa de se Eadem fuit catalla p̄cii LXV š. de quibz pochiam [per] Petrum Faleyse asportare ad valenč L š et personam huj^o ville ad valorem xv š. Ido p̄đci [pochiani] simul cū p̄đcis Petro e Persona inde respondeant. Et q̄ fecunt iřam sepeliri sine visu bałli vř Ido tota villata in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rořtus Horman post ultimas asñ convictus de falsa moneta bullitus fuit p̄ Judm. Idem fuit de poch Šci Pet̄. Et fuit catalla p̄c c. š. D̄ quibz Rořtus de Hady respondeř.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñnes Estrepegnie adiu est abjuř Insulas p̄ latrocinio. Et nō fiet řram nec catalla.

Presentant t̄ qđ Thomas de Šco Petro řbavit noctanf in retractu maris Guiltm Waudyn unde ha. cla. et modo nō veñ. Ido in m̄ia et cap^r cum veñit. Et Radus le Harel řbavit Stephm Bretoun in chimo Reġ unde sang^ls e ha. cla. qui veñ e finem fecit p̄ xxx š. Et Guiltus Payn le Pledour peussit de pugno suo Guiltm le Valleyñ unde ha. cla. Et Guiltus le Columb peussit de quodam bacto Ričm Corbel

(M. 39.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Helier.

Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. Helier comes by twelve.

Jersey. The jurors present that a certain Odo le Clerk was hanged long ago. And Peter le was likewise hanged. And they had neither lands nor chattels.

They present also that William Porrioun abjured the islands for thefts. The same had one virgate on the fee of Melèches which are worth per annum 3 measures of wheat which the heirs of Reginald de Carteret

They present also that Orenge who was the wife of John Veysin hanged herself 4 years ago [and no one is] suspected thereof. Verdict: felo de se. The same had chattels value 65 sols of which the parish [by] Peter Falaise carried away to the value of 50 sols & the parson of this village to the value of 15 sols. Therefore the aforesaid [parishioners] together with the aforesaid Peter & the parson shall answer thereof. And because they caused her to be buried without view of the Bailiff or therefore the whole village to be amerced.

They present also that Robert Horman after the last assizes convicted of false coining was boiled⁽¹⁾ by judgment. The same was of the parish of St. Peter, & had chattels value 100 sols, of which Robert de Hady shall answer.

They present also that John Estrepegnie long ago abjured the islands for theft. He had neither land nor chattels.

They present also that Thomas of St. Peter by night beat at low tide William Vaudin whereby 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, & now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced, & let him be taken when he shall come. And Ralph le Harel beat Stephen Breton, in the King's high-way, whereupon blood flowed & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for 30 sols. And William Payn, the Pleader, struck with his fist William le Valleyn whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And William le Columb with a certain stick struck Richard Corbel, who does not now come &c.

(1) The punishment for false coining was boiling and then hanging.

qui modo nō veñ tē. Et Guillus Caun percussit de pugno suo uxem
Guilli Abbatsfalleyse unde ha. cla. Ido fiant inde dno Regi emend.
Et Martinus de Wyncheles v̄bavit Raulinam la Maynan cum acablia-
mento e sang'ne qui veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xvij s̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñnes Tehy v̄beratus fuit noctant̄ unde aca-
bliamentū e ha. cla. Et Petrus Osber inde indictatus fuit qui modo
nō veñ. Iō ip̄e in m̄ia. Et cap^r cū veñit.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guillotus de Wynchelles robiatus fuit de nocte
in litorio maris de denariis e rocalibz tē. Et q̄ f̄cm illud nūq̄^a fuit
p̄sentatū ballio Reḡ nec adhuc sciunt diēe p̄ quos feloñ illa fca f̄git.
Ido tota pochia in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petrus Piket Ričus Corbel fecunt citare fideles
homines dñi Reḡ ex^a regnū apud Constanč e apud haiam putei.⁽¹⁾
Ido ip̄i in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petrus le Bas clicus comorans in Normauñ
solitus est face sumonire hoies Reḡ ex^a regnū e feč citare Petrum
Harel e Joñnem Corounce e p̄tes alios ex^a regnū sine causa et modo
nō veñ. Jō in m̄ia et cap^r cum veñit.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus Turgys feč p̄presturam de chimino Reḡ
latiñ ij ped e lonḡ ij p̄ticataz et in eadem seminavit. Et Robtus le
Cras p̄prestavit de eodem chimino latiñ viij ped e lonḡ vj p̄ticañ. Et
Radus le Harel e p̄ticipes sui obstrinxunt quamdam semitam Reḡ
latiñ j ped e lonḡ ij p̄ticataz et alias p̄ceptum fuit illam deobstruere
e adhuc nō fecunt. Et Guillus le Petit de S̄co Elerio obstruxit cur-
sum aque latiñ ij ped e lonḡ vj p̄ticataz. Et Guillus de Rosello Junior
cōsimitr e ejusdem mensur̄. Et Guillus Aymer obstruxit cursum

(1) La Haye du Puits : Latin Puteus, same as Podium = mons, collis ;
Gallic : Puy.

And William Caun with his fist struck the wife of William Abat-falaise, whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Wherefore let them make amends therefor to the lord the King. And Martin de Vinchelez struck Rauline la Maynan by throwing her down & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 18 sols.

They present also that John Tehy was struck at night, whereupon he was thrown down & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And Peter Osber was indicted thereof who does not now come. Therefore he is to be amerced. And let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Guillot de Vinchelez was robbed by night on the sea-shore of his monies & jewels &c. And because that deed was never represented to the Bailiff of the King, nor can they say to this day by whom that felony was done; therefore the whole parish to be amerced.

They present also that Peter Piket [&] Richard Corbel caused lieges of the lord the King to be cited out of the realm at Coutances & at La Haye du Puits. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that Peter le Bas clerk living in Normandy is wont to cause the subjects of the King to be summoned out of the realm, & he caused Peter Harel & John Corounce & many others to be cited out of the realm without cause & now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Colin Turgys made an encroachment on the road of the King 2 feet in breadth & 2 perches in length & sowed in the same. And Robert le Cras encroached on the same road 8 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length. And Ralph le Harel & his partners obstructed a certain path of the King one foot in breadth & 2 perches in length & at another time they were ordered to free it & up to the present they have not done so. And William le Petit of St. Helier obstructed the water-course 2 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length. And William of Rosel, junior, likewise & in the same measure. And William Aymer obstructed the water-course 2 feet in

aque latiū ij ped e longē viij pticataz. Et Guillus le Petit de Rosello obstruxit cursum aque latiū ij ped e longē v pticataz. Et Pñus Lempere feč p̄presturam de coīa Reḡ latiū iiij ped e longē iiij pticaī e feč ibi quemđ murū. Et Guillus de Keytiue p̄prestavit de coīa Reḡ latiū iiij ped e longē xij ped et ibi construxit quoddam cotagiū. Et Guillus Angeyre feč p̄presturam de via regali latiū ij ped e longē j ptič e di, et quedam ps domus ejusđ Guilli stat in eadem p̄prestura. Et Guillus Lempere obstruxit quamdam semitam regiam latiū viij ped e longē vij pticataz. Et Guillus Angeyre p̄prestavit aliquantulū de quadam semita regia que debet esse latiū iiij ped et modo est diminuta. Ido omēs in mīa.

Quidam de Juř simul cū aliis ad hoc Juř p̄sentant qđ dns Rex fiet iiij ac̄r de coā juxta capellam be Marie Magdalene et Radus le Curteys, Colinus Morfouache e Colinus Juliene atraxerunt inde sibi p carucam suam. Ido ipe in mīa. Et Guills le Valen fiet sup coām Reḡ quodd appenticiū latiū iiij^{or} ped e longē iiij ped. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Henř de Šco Martino v̄bavit Raulinam la Maynene e ip̄am sequebat^r usq, ad domū suam unde ha. cla. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ devenit de Wrecco in eoꝝ počk in feodo de Melesches j bacellū p̄cii Liiij s̄ iiij đ quem fides Galfri de Carfet fuerunt e de Wrecco illo lminat^r in quo Wař tč.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñes Trethie, Pñus Primaunt, Radus Chantlocit soliti sunt fače citare fideles homies ex^a regnū apud Constanč et p̄dcus Johannes feč citare Guilm Columb e uxēm ejus. Et Guillus Godel feč suñ Joñem Galiot e Ricm̄ Morfouache apud Constanč tč. Et Petř de Foer simitr feč suñ Joñem le Rey ibidem tč. Ido veniant inde responsuř. Et Jords le Serf feč suñ apud Constanč Radm̄ le Caytiuel e feč ip̄m excoicare tč injuste. Et idm̄ Jords veñ e no

breadth & 8 perches in length. And William le Petit of Rosel obstructed the water-course 2 feet in breadth & 5 perches in length. And Philip Lemprière encroached on the King's common 4 feet in breadth & 4 perches in length & built there a certain wall. And William de Quetteville encroached on the King's common 4 feet in breadth & 12 feet in length & there built a certain cottage. And William Angeyre encroached on the King's high-way 2 feet in breadth & 1½ perches in length, & a certain part of the house of the said William is built on the encroachment. And William Lemprière obstructed a certain foot-path of the King 8 feet in breadth & 7 perches in length. And William Angeyre encroached a very little on a certain foot-path of the King which ought to be 3 feet in breadth & now is lessened. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Certain of the jurors with others present at this jury present that the lord the King has 3 acres of common next the chapel of the Blessed Mary Magdalene, & Ralph le Curteys, Colin Morfouache & Colin Juliene encroached thereupon by means of their plough. Therefore they are to be amerced. And William le Valen has upon the common of the King a certain pent-house 4 feet in width & 4 feet in length. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Henry de St. Martin struck Raulina la Maynene & followed her as far as her house whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that there came of wreck in their parish in the fee of Melèches one small boat value 53 s. 4 d. which belonged to the heirs of Geoffrey de Carteret & concerning that wreck it is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto &c.

They present also that John Trethie, Philip Primaunt, Ralph Chantlocit were wont to cause lieges of the King to be cited out of the realm at Coutances, & the said John caused William Columb & his wife to be cited. And William Godel caused John Galiot & Richard Morfouache to be cited at Coutances &c. And Peter de Foer likewise caused John le Rey to be summoned there &c. Therefore let them come to answer therein. And Jordan le Serf caused Ralph le Caytivel to be summoned at Coutances & caused him to be

potest hoc dedice set dicit qđ hoc feč ante inhibiçõem tč et supponit se gr̃e cur̃ tč et invenit pleğ qđ deceŀo nō faciet tč vidz Joñem de Šco Elerio pleğ de emend. Joñnes de Wynchelles et oĩnes pđci in g̃m̃ m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas Grosser tenuit tempe Guerre j virğ ĩre in ij peč in đnio Abbis de Bellosane e valet p anũ j b3 fri et pđcus Thomas obiit tempe pđce guerre ex̃ p̃riam tč. Et Alicia le Grossere app'avit sibi pđcam ĩram sine Wař et q, paup est nō ofat' de exitibz medii tempis s3 respond đno Regi de hoc anno de valore pđce ĩre et deceŀo tč.

(M. 39 d.)

Adhuc de pl̃itis Corone de poçĩ Šci Elerii.

Presentant qđ as̃s panis e vini fracta p sb̃sc̃ptos videlĩ Perrotũ Houdeyn Jordm le Rous [Petron]illam Estorment, Radm Valepe, Radm le Valen, Guilfm le Chapelley, Robinnettũlen, Lauř le Perchand, Joñem le Rey, Guilfm Godel, Rořtm Perrerr, Radm de Keytiuel, de Keytiuel, Colinũ Morfoage, Pfm le Mire, Guilfm Henard, Jordm de Šbmonte,am Mategris, Ričm de Šbmonte, Rořtm Mategris, Rořtm de Šbmonte, Guilfm de Šbmonte, Phelipotũ Jouet, Rořtm Goscelyn, Colinũ Balliol, Petrũ Galiene, Morellũ le Fetiz, Mičhem Corbel, Guilfm Sampson, Colinũ le Motoun, Lauř Norbert, Jordm Mauger, Ničm Mauger, Alanũ de la Roke, Guilfm Warner, Petrũ Theffane, Guillotũ Borkete, Rořtm Cohon, Radm de Saint Gile, Rořtm de la Roke, Ričm Morfouage, Engerardũ le Bolen-gour, Guilfm le Valeyn, Ričm le Valeyn, Petrum de Foer, Colinũ le Cras, Petrum le Harel, Raulinan la Magnenne, Joñem Martin, Ričm Foucher, Joñem uřem Joñuis de Šbmonte, Petrum le Collart, Jordm de la Roche, Radm Crespel, Joñem Sampson, Joñem Beneyt, Guilfm

excommunicated &c. unlawfully. And the same Jordan comes & cannot deny this, but says that he did it before the prohibition &c. and places himself at the mercy of the court &c. and finds pledges that from henceforth he will not do it &c., to wit, John de St. Helier, pledge for the amends, John de Vinchelez & all the aforesaid to be heavily amerced.

They present also that Thomas Grosser held at the period of the war one virgate of land in 2 pieces in the lordship of the Abbot of Bellozanne & it is worth by the year one bushel of wheat & the said Thomas died at the period of the said war out of the realm &c. And Alice la Grossere appropriated to herself the said land without warrant, & because she is poor she is not charged with the dues of the interval of time, but shall answer to the lord the King for this year of the value of the said land & from henceforth &c.

(M. 39 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Helier.

They present that the assize of bread & wine has been broken by the underwritten, to wit, Perrot Houdeyn, Jordan le Rous, Petronilla Estorment, Ralph Valpy, Ralph le Valen, William le Chapelleyn, Robinettlen, Laurence le Perchand, John le Rey, William Godel, Robert Perrer, Ralph de Quetteville, de Quetteville, Colin Morfoache, Philip le Mire, William Henard, Jordan de Soulemont, Madgris, Richard de Soulemont, Robert Madgris, Robert de Soulemont, William de Soulemont, Philip Jouet, Robert Gosselin, Colin Balliol, Peter Galienne, Morel le Fetiz, Michael Corbel, William Sampson, Colin le Motoun, Laurence Norbert, Jordan Mauger, Nicholas Mauger, Alan de la Rocque, William Warner, Peter Theffane, Guillot Borkete, Robert Cohon, Ralph de St. Gilles, Robert de la Rocque, Richard Morfoache, Engerard le Boulanger, William le Valeyn, Richard le Valeyn, Peter de Foer, Colin le Cras, Peter le Harel, Raulina la Magnenne, John Martin, Richard Foucher, Joan the wife of John de Soulemont, Peter le Collart, John de la Roche, Ralph Crespel, John Sampson, John Benest, William

Hastein, Galfrī Salamon, bolengarios. Et Scolasticam Osber, Lauř Perchard, Jordm Lempere, Guillm Norman, Colinū Juliene e Guillm le Caun tašnarios. Et Thomam Morfoach, Guillm Morfoach, Colinū Brussebarre, Jordm Brussebarre, Thomam des Augneres, Guillm le Segresteyn, Guillm Ayner, Beat'cem uř au Roy, Rađm Galien, Guillm le Petit, Guillotum le Bretoun, Petrum Piket, Guillm Columb, Rođtm le Bas, Rađm Ler, Pđm Pugnet, Pđm le Gentil, Pđm Godel, Margueř la Roseye, Pđm le Yait, Rađm Godel, Ričm Hastein, e Guillm Curteys, Ričm Lengleys, Pđm Lempere e Rođtm Godel bolengař e tašnarios. Et Rađm Chanlocit e Aliciam des Augneres bolengař. Iđo omes in mĩa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pđus de Carfet e Galfr̄ de Carfet e participes sui tenent quedā teñ de feodo Paynel que Rođtus de Melech tenuit ad ūmiñ vite sue ex dimissione đni E. Ređ pat's t̄ et que Idm đns E. Rex dimisit Reginaldo de Carfet patri predcoř Pđi e Galfr̄i e ředibz suis t̄ ad feodi firmā pro LX^{ll} solvendđ đno Regi p anñ j ti cimini. Et p̄cipiunt de coĩtate pochie singlis annis xxvij^{ll} iiij s. iiij d.

Fumagiū pđce poch̄ valet cōibz annis viij li. Et q̄ndo fumagiū collegit̄ Prior de Insuletto solitus est venire ad castrū e ibi p mañ receptoris p̄cipe fumađ receptū de tenentibz suis set nescunt quo wař. Et q̄ fumađ debet̄ p moneta e tantomodo spectat ad đnm Regē. Iđo p̄hibet̄ ne deceło ei solvat̄ quousq̄ monstrařit wař t̄c.

Abbas de Schirburgh̄ Petr^o de Sauzmareys tenentes řras que řřunt Rođti de Melesches et Abbas de Bellosana capiunt wreccū quilibet in feodo suo. Et ūmiabit̄ in quo wař t̄c.

Radus Lempere p̄ticipes sui tenent de đno Rege j carucatā řre reddendo inde p anñ ad castrū đni ř LX ř ad festū Šci Pauli. Et

Hastein, Geoffrey Salamon, bakers ; and Scolastica Osber, Laurence Perchard, Jordan Lemprière, William Norman, Colin Juliene & William le Caun, taverners. And Thomas Morfoache, William Morfoache, Colin Brussebarre, Jordan Brussebarre, Thomas des Augrez, William le Segresteyn, William Ayner, Beatrice the wife of Roy, Ralph Galien, William le Petit, Guillot le Breton, Peter Piket, William Columb, Robert le Bas, Ralph Ler, Philip Pugnet, Philip le Gentil, Philip Godel, Marguerite la Roseye, Philip le Yait, Ralph Godel, Richard Hastein & William Curteys, Richard Lengleys, Philip Lemprière & Robert Godel, bakers & taverners. And Ralph Chanceloit & Alice des Augrez, bakers. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & Geoffrey de Carteret & their partners hold certain tenements of the fee Paynel which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life of the demise of the lord King E. the father &c., & which the same lord King E. demised to Reginald de Carteret father of the said Philip & Geoffrey, & to their heirs &c. in fee farm for 60 livres to be paid to the lord the King by the year [&] 1 lb. of cummin. And they receive of the commonalty of the parish each year 27 livres 4 sols 4 deniers.

The fumage of the said parish is worth one year with another 8 livres. And when the fumage is collected the Prior of the Islet is wont to come to the castle & there by the hands of the Receiver to take the fumage received from his tenants, but they do not know by what warrant. And because the fumage is owed in money & belongs only to the lord the King, therefore it is prohibited from being paid to him until such time as he shall show his warrant &c.

The Abbot of Cherbourg & Peter de Samarès holding the lands which were of Robert de Melèches & the Abbot of Bellozanne take wreck, each in his fee. And it is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto &c.⁽¹⁾

Ralph Lemprière & his partners hold of the lord the King one carucate of land, paying therefor by the year at the castle of the lord the King 60 sols at the feast of St. Paul. And they owe full

(1) See pages 219—221.

debent plenū releviū cū acciderit. Idem Radus adiu est levavit unū columbare. Et pceptū fuit in aliis asē qđ psfneret' tē. Et Radus modo veñ e dat dño Regi reddm uni⁹ lib̄ pipis p̄cipiend' singlis annis inppm̄ p sic qđ ip̄e e hedes sui gaudere possint colūbari illo salvo jure cuj⁹libet. Et admitt' p eo qđ nō est ad nocumentū dñi Regē.

Petr⁹ Hamon e pticipes sui tenent de dno Rege xxx ac̄ fre e reddunt inde p añ dno Regi v s̄ de franca greueria et residuū faciūt ad p̄dcm feod̄ de Melesches. Joñnes de S̄co Elerio tenet de feodo Paynel modo de h̄edibz Galfri Kartet j carucatā terre et deb̄ eis releviū tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Abbas de Bellesano habet in eoꝝ poch̄ xx libraī e xv solidaī redd̄s et reddm xvj q̄rfioꝝ f̄ri de quibz xij q̄r sunt de molend̄io Wyscard in pochia S̄ci Lauř. Et hoc f̄miuat' in quo waranto.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radulp⁹ le Valeyn feč quoddam ostiū in domo sua indebite fsus tenementa Drogonis de Barantyno p quod exit⁹ ejusd̄ ostii est ad magnū dampn̄ e nocumentū ejusd̄ Drogoñ. Ido p̄dcm ostiū obstruatur e fiat in loco debito. Et p̄d̄cus Rads sit in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ P̄hs Lempere dedit cuidam Emmelote Baudonette Bastarde unū mesuaḡ continens v pticaī fre reddendo iude d̄co P̄ho e h̄edibz suis j bus̄ f̄ri j pañ j galliñ. Et ead̄m Emmelota feofavit de med̄ messuaḡ illius Joñnem de Wynchel de S̄co Salvatoř et obiit in seisina de residuo p quod medietas alia est esch̄eta dño Regi. Et p̄d̄ Joñnes veñ e dič qđ p̄d̄cm mesuaḡ satis carū est p p̄d̄co redditu. Et offert dño Regi reddm j capoñ p sic qđ possit tenere integre p̄d̄cm mesuaḡ. Et q̄ constat Cuř qđ mesuaḡ illud satis carū est pro p̄d̄co redditu conceditur ei eod̄m modo quo petit.

relief when it shall occur. The same Ralph long ago erected a dove-cote & he was ordered in the previous assizes to pull it down &c. And Ralph now comes & gives to the lord the King the rent of one lb. of pepper to be taken every year for ever, so that he & his heirs may enjoy that dove-cote, saving the right of each. And it is allowed because it is not to the prejudice of the lord the King.

Peter Hamon & his partners hold of the lord the King 30 acres of land & they pay therefor annually to the lord the King 5 sols of free 'Greverie,' & the residue they make at the said fee of Melèches. John de St. Helier holds of the fee Paynel now belonging to the heirs of Geoffrey de Carteret one carucate of land & he owes them relief &c.

They present also that the Abbot of Bellozanne has in their parish 20 livres & 15 sols of rent & the rent of 16 quarters of wheat of which 12 quarters are of the mill Vicart in the parish of St. Laurence. And this is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto.⁽¹⁾

They present also that Ralph le Valeyn fixed a certain door in his house without right towards the tenement of Drogo de Barentyn whereby the exit from the said door is to the great prejudice & damage of the said Drogo. Therefore let the said door be built up & made in the right place. And let the said Ralph be amerced.

They present also that Philip Lemprière gave to a certain Emmelota Baudonette, a bastard, one messuage containing 5 perches of land, she paying therefor to the said Philip & his heirs one bushel of wheat, one loaf & one hen. And the same Emmelota enfeoffed the moiety of that messuage to John de Vinchelez of St. Saviour & died in the seisin of the remainder, whereby the other moiety is escheated to the lord the King. And the said John comes & says that the said messuage is sufficiently dear at the said rent, & offers to the lord the King the rent of one capon so that he may hold wholly the said messuage. And because it appears to the Court that that messuage is sufficiently dear at the said rent it is granted to him as he claims.

(1) See page 284.

Et Juř duodene p plibz conclamentis in veredco suo die quibz cōvicti fũunt coram Justiĉ p examinaĉoem in m̃ia.

[Respice de remañ in dorso Rořli de poch̃ Šce T'nitai.]

(M. 40.) **Adhuc de plifis Gorone** de poch̃ Šce T'nitatis.

Fressingfeld.

poch̃ Šce T'nitatis veñ p xij.

Jerẽs

Juř p̃sentant qđ Phelipotus le Rous feĉ filiam Guilti Aymer cla ha. Aymer feĉ Phm̃ le Rous cla ha. Ido fiant inde emend. Et Riĉus Geoffrey de eo qđ ipe solitus est cape panem e victualia e huj^omodi furtive tĉ. Et idm p̃sona et patet de eo in Rořlo delibaĉoe Gaof.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus Aunerey in sequendo unū agnū casū fortuito cecidit decolle, et inde statim obiit, et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunm̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Mathias Levesqe a xiiij annis elapsis abjuř Insulas p lotrocinio [et habuit] catalla p̃cii xvj s̃ de quibz Jořnes de Šco Martino d̃ns ěre ipius Mathie esĉi tĉ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus du Bolloun solitus est coit̃ trahere comunĩ fideles hoĩes ex̃a dominiũ d̃ni Regi in Cuř xp̃ianitatis apud Constanĉ e alibi qui modo nō veñ. Ido ipe in g̃m̃ m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiffus Blaunlok s̃pensus fuit a vj annis elapsis et fuit catalla p̃cii LX s̃ debilis monete de quibz Jořnes de Newent respondeř.

Presentant t̃ qđ Osanna Blanlok adiu est abjuř Insulas et fuit j virg̃ ěre unde d̃ns Rex fuit añ tĉ.

And the jury of 12 men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices in examination to be amerced.

[For the remainder refer to the back of the roll of the parish of Holy Trinity.]

(M. 40.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Holy Trinity.

Fressingfeld.

The parish of Holy Trinity comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that Phelipot le Rous caused the daughter of William Aymer to raise 'Haro.' Aymer caused Philip le Rous to raise 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And Richard Geoffrey [was indicted] for that he is wont to take bread & victuals & such like things by stealth &c. And the same [was committed] to prison & it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

They present also that Colin Aunerey in following a lamb by accident fell from [and broke his] neck, & thereof immediately died, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Matthias Levesque 14 years ago abjured the islands for theft. [He had] chattels of the value of 16 sols of which John de St. Martin lord of the land of the said Matthias has the escheat &c.

They present also that Ralph du Bollon is generally wont to compel the King's lieges to appear out of the realm of the lord the King at the Ecclesiastical Court at Coutances & elsewhere; who now does not come. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that William Blaunlok was hanged six years ago & had chattels of the value of 60 sols of poor money for which John de Newent shall answer.

They present also that Osanna Blanlok long ago abjured the islands & had one virgate of land whereof the lord the King had the year's enjoyment &c.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex fiet in eoꝝ pochl de forisfactura relicte Hugōis Sarre xij ac̄ ĩre e valent p añ xij q̄r̄ ĩri. Et de Wiltmo Sarre de j virḡ ĩre et de đi ac̄r cujđdam Vivencie j q̄r̄ ĩri et fiet ulfius de eisdem teñ j pañ e j galliñ. Iťm dicunt qđ fumagiũ istius pochl valet coĩbz annis cũ acciderit xj li. Dicunt t̄ qđ antiquis tempibz dñs Rex solebat p̄cipe de molendino de Pounterryn et xxiiij ac̄ ĩre in ista pochl xxiiij q̄r̄ ĩri p añ que Abhissa de Cadomo nũc pcepit quo jure t̄c nesciunt. Et Guillus le Petit de Rosel e p̄ticipes sui tenent de dño Rege j carucaĩ ĩre e reddunt p añ v š et debet̄ de p̄dca carucata plenũ releviũ cũ acciderit. Iťm dñs Rex fiet in ista pochia espkeriam suam de Bouley.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guillus de Exclusa pcussit Joñem Broket cum quodam bacto sup dorsum. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius pochl est de advocacōne Abbis de Schireburgh et Ep̄us Abriceñ heđ med̄ decime et idem Abbas fiet duas ptes alfius medietatis et Abbas Šci Salvatoris ĩciam garbam t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus Bealheir, Rađus le Mouner, Colinus le Pyanet e Guillot^o Bealheir molendinarii fiet falsas mensur̄ de quibz capiunt tioloniũ t̄c qui veñ e inde cōvicti puniũt̄ p pilloriũ.

Presentant t̄ qđ as̄s panis e vini fracta p s̄bs'ptos videlt Radm Triguel, Ricm̄ de Grouche, Stephm̄ de Grouche, Guillm̄ de Grouche, Peř Osanne, Ricm̄ de Keytiuel, Ricm̄ Godefrey, Rođtm̄ le Cras de Capellaz, Guillotũ fil Ciole, Jordm̄ Dauverne, Ricm̄ de Cruce, Relictam Joñis Johan, Jordm̄ Ascelyn e Ricm̄ Antoigne bolengar̄. Et Radm̄ Triguel, Radm̄ le Mire, Peř de Bullone, Rođtm̄ le Aungre, Gregoř le Feel la Mareise, Raulinũ de Sangreys, Guillm̄ de Sangreys, Ricm̄ de Cruce, Galřm̄ Galicieu e Galřm̄ du Mount Tađnarios. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of the forfeiture of the widow of Hugh Sarre 12 acres of land & they are worth by the year 12 quarters of wheat. And of William Sarre of one virgate of land & of half an acre of a certain Vivencia one quarter of wheat & has further of the same tenements one loaf & one hen. They also say that the fumage of this parish is worth one year with another when it shall occur 11 livres. They say also that in ancient times the lord the King was wont to receive of the mill of Ponterrin & 24 acres of land in this parish, 24 quarters of wheat by the year which the Abbess of Caen now receives, by what right &c. they know not. And William le Petit of Rosel & his partners hold of the lord the King one carucate of land & they pay by the year 5 sols & there is owing for the said carucate full relief when it shall occur. Also the lord the King has in this parish his esperkeria at Bouley.

They present also that William de l'Ecluse struck John Broket with a certain stick on his back. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Cherbourg, & the Bishop of Avranches has the moiety of the tithe & the same Abbot has 2 parts of the other moiety & the Abbot of St. Saviour the 3rd sheaf &c.

They present also that Richard Bealheir, Ralph le Mouner, Colin le Pyanet, & Guillot Bealheir, millers, have false measures by which they take toll &c. who come & being convicted thereof are punished by the pillory.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Ralph Triguel, Richard de Gruchy, Stephen de Gruchy, William de Gruchy, Peter Ozanne, Richard de Quetteville, Richard Godefrey, Robert le Cras de la Chapelle, Guillot son of Ciola, Jordan d'Auverne, Richard de la Croix, the widow of John Johan, Jordan Ascelyn, & Richard Antoine, bakers; and Ralph Trigel, Ralph le Mire, Peter de Bullon, Robert le Aungre, Gregory le Feel, la Mareise, Raulin de Sangreys, William de Sangreys, Richard de la Croix, Geoffrey Galicien & Geoffrey du Mont, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiltus de Grouche feč citare Joñem de Barantino e Colinū de Laundes ex̄ regnū t̄c in Cuř xpianitatis sine causa t̄c. Et capellanus de Cruce feč citare Pionet le Cras e relictam Joñnis le Lyoun apud Constañ e alibi sine causa t̄c. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñnes de clauso pcussit de pugno Dionisiam sororem suam unde cla ha. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ post ultimas aās devenit ad wreccū j pecia ligni sup fram dñi Reğ ꝑcii xvij s̄ q̄m Guiltus Lengenour fuit qui respond.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petrus le Moigne adiu est s^opcensus fuit a Willus Aubates simitr. Et fuerunt fras unde dñs Rex fuit anū t̄c et Joñnes de Barantyn dñs t̄c fuit eschetam t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Henř de Šco Martino e pticipes sui tenent j carucaĩ fre de dño Rege e debent plenū releviū t̄c. Et Rađs Godel e pticipes sui tenent quemđ feođ de dño Rege quem Rađs Payn quonđ tenuit e reddunt dño Regi ꝑ anñ xx s̄ de greveria. Et Wilts Payn est antenatus de vij acř fre e di que deř releviū cū acciderit s. viij s̄ vj d. Et Willus des Augreys tenet de dño Rege teñ sua ꝑ šviciū essendi Pinčna dñi Reğ cū veñit in hāc Insulam et est releviū feodi des Augreys e alioř teñ de antiquo t̄c que ipe e pticipes sui tenent vij li cū acciderit. Et idem Wilts fct garennam e Wreccū in fris suis e t̄minat in quo Wař. Itm carucata de Pount terryn unde Roštus Hubert tenet eynetiam debet fiere ij paria ferroř j limam e j marcellū e debent custodire ꝑsoñ dñi Reğ et debent tenentes ejusđ feodi invenire ꝑđca ferra linam e marcellū sumptibz suis t̄c.

They present also that William de Gruchy caused John de Barantin & Colin des Landes to be cited out of the realm &c. at the Ecclesiastical Court without cause &c. And the chaplain of the Cross caused Pionet le Cras & the widow of John le Lyon to be cited at Coutances & elsewhere without cause. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that John du Clos struck Dionisia his sister with his fist, whereupon 'Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that since the last assizes there came of wreck one piece of wood on the land of the lord the King of the value of 18 sols, which William Lenginour had, who shall answer.

They present also that Peter le Moigne was hanged long ago, & William Aubates likewise. And they had lands whereof the lord the King had the year &c. And John de Barantyn the lord &c. had the escheat &c.

They present also that Henry de St. Martin & his partners hold one carucate of land of the lord the King & owe full relief &c. And Ralph Godel & his partuers hold a certain fee of the lord the King which Ralph Payn formerly held & they pay to the lord the King by the year 20 sols of 'Greverie.'⁽¹⁾ And William Payn was the former tenant⁽²⁾ of 7½ acres of land which owe relief when it shall occur, to wit, 8 sols 6 deniers. And William des Augrès holds of the lord the King his tenements by the service of being the butler of the lord the King when he shall come to this island & the relief of the fee of Augrès & of other tenements of old &c. which he & his partners hold, is 7 livres when it shall occur. And the same William has warren & wreck in his land & it is determined in the Quo Warranto. Also the carucate of Ponterrin whereof Robert Hubert possesses the primogeniture⁽³⁾ ought to have 2 pairs of fetters, one dagger & one hammer & they owe the service of keeping the prison of the lord the King & the tenants of the same fee ought to find the aforesaid fetters, dagger & hammer at their own costs &c.

(1) Husbandry service which vassals owe to the lord of the manor.

(2) Literally—'was the predecessor.'

(3) Eynetia or ainescia = droit d'ainesse.



(M. 40 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona de pocht̄ Šce T̄nitaĩ.**

Presentant qđ Ričus le Aungre p injuriam suam feč Guifm Nouel ha. cla. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robtus le Broket traxit fram de via regali sup fram suam. Etus Mahie relevavit fossatum suũ de chimino Reĝ. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ tenentes feodi as Grouchees debent fače unam domũ in feodo illo ubi dns Rex debet h̄re unũ ceppum ad custod p'soĩ de pocht̄ Šci Joħnis Šci Lauřntii Šci Elerii e Šce T̄nitatis et debet Rex invenire ceppũ illũ s3 tenentes dñi Reĝ de p̄dcis pocht̄ tenent' custodire p'sones t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Galfr̄ Galicien feč citare Willm de Maresk ex^a dominiũ Reĝ apud Constanč in Cuř xp̄ianitatis. Ido ipe in g^avi m̄ia.

Et Juř duodene p p̄libz conclamentis in veredco suo de quibz cōvicti f̄sunt coram Justič p examinačõem in m̄ia.

Pehonnett⁹ le Cras, Guilts Payn, Ričus lequrnel, Jord Acelyn, Robtus Mauĝ, Robtus de Clusa, Robtus Galee, Ričus Langele, Guif Lesmitey, Guif P̄hi, Guif Chivaler xj juř quibz Galfr̄ le Keu fuit convictus⁽¹⁾ e Juř ut xij^o t̄c in Inquiš inř P̄hotam de Barantyn e Henř de Šco Martino amořnt de se p̄dcem Galfr̄ qui Juř fuit corā Justič e assumpserunt sibi p xij^o Wif Galicien nō Juř sine scitu vt licēcia Justič n^o aliam ročm sciverunt diče p se nisi qđ p̄dcs Galfr̄ noluit cōcordař cũ eis. Jō oĩes in m̄ia.

(1) For *convinctus*.

(M. 40 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Holy Trinity.

They present that Richard le Aungre by his wrongful act caused William Novel to raise 'Haro.' Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Robert le Broket removed ground from the King's high-way on to his land. And Mahie rebuilt his hedge from the road of the King. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the tenants of the fee of the Gruchys must provide a house in that fee where the lord the King ought to have one pair of stocks for the custody of the prisoners of the parishes of St. John, St. Laurence, St. Helier & Holy Trinity, & the King ought to find those stocks, but the tenants of the lord the King of the aforesaid parishes are bound to keep the prisoners &c.

They present also that Geoffrey Galicien caused William du Marais to be cited out of the realm of the King at Coutances in the Ecclesiastical Court. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices in examination, to be amerced.

Pehonnett le Cras, William Payn, Richard Lequrnel, Jordan Acelyn, Robert Mauger, Robert de l'Ecluse, Robert Galie, Richard Langele, William Lesmitey, William Philip, William Chevalier, 11 jurors with whom Geoffrey le Keu was joined & sworn as the 12th &c, in the inquisition between Philota de Barantyn & Henry de St. Martin removed from themselves the aforesaid Geoffrey who was sworn before the Justices & took to themselves for the 12th William Galicien, who was not sworn, without the knowledge & license of the Justices, nor can they give any excuse for themselves except that the said Geoffrey did not wish to agree with them. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Adhuc de reman de pochi Šci Elerii.

Comptum est p Roilos Pñi le Evesk Balli qđ Jords Lempere insultavit Willm Lenginour faciendo ei plaġ e sang'ne qui veñ e feč finem p pđca t̄ns p XL š pptm Pñi le Evesk. Et t̄ comptū est qđ Ričus Corbel noctanť insultavit Guiltm Columb e fregit tabardū suū unde ha cla. Et qđ Robtus le Bas Junior v̄bavit Phelipotū Bordař Regē noctanť unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend.

Comptum est p Roilos ejusđ Balli qđ Rađus le Harel v̄bavit in crespisco noctis Step̄m le Breton cū acabliamento e sang'ne, unde ha cla. Et pđcs Rađs veñ & feč finem p pđca t̄ns p xxx š. Et t̄ comptū est p eosđ Roilos qđ Petronilla uxor Gilti Columb p ebrietatem inposuit Jord le Serk in tabna pđci Guilti qđ voluit asportasse quend ciph argenteñ et postea inde retraxit se e fečunt pacē adinvicem sine licencia. Ido utq, eoꝝ in miā. Et pđcus Guiltis feč finem p uxe sua p x š pptm Galfri Galicien. Et Jords feč finem p xij š pptm Henř de Šco Martino.

Comptum est t̄ p Roilos ejusđ Balli qđ Guiltis des Aungreys Joñnes de Wyncheles e Pñus de Wyncheles v̄bařunt Raolinam la Maynene e ipam acabliarunt uñ sang's e ha cla. Et pđci Guiltis Joñnes e Pñus veñ e fečunt finem p pđca t̄ns videlť pđcs Guiltis p xxxviii š et Joñnes p xxxviii š pptm Guilti Payn. Et Pñus p xxxviii š pptm Guilti Payn đci clici. Et t̄ comptū est p eosđ Roilos qđ Joñnes Columbamy v̄bavit noctanť Guiltm Columb cognatū suū e ipm acabliavit uñ plaga sang's e ha cla. Ido fač inde emend et taxant' p juř ad Liiij š.

Comptum est p Roilos ejusdem Balli qđ Wilts Crespel peussit uñem Jordi Perchart de quod lapid in capite faciendo ei plaġ e

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Helier.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Jordan Lemprière assaulted William Lenginour wounding him & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Philip l'Evesque. And it is also found that Richard Corbel by night assaulted William Columb & tore his tunic whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And that Robert le Bas, junior, struck Phelipot, a 'bordier' of the King, by night whereupon 'Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Ralph le Harel struck in the twilight Stephen le Breton by throwing him down & drawing blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid Ralph came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 30 sols. And it is also found by the same rolls that Petronilla wife of William Columb on the plea of drunkenness detained Jordan le Serk in the tavern of the said William because he wished to carry away a certain silver cup, & afterwards she withdrew therefrom & they mutually arranged the matter without license. Therefore both of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid William compounded for his wife by 10 sols by the pledge of Geoffrey Galicien. And Jordan compounded by 12 sols by the pledge of Henry de St. Martin.

It is also found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William des Augrès, John de Vinchelez & Philip de Vinchelez struck Raulina la Maynene & threw her down whereupon blood flowed & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid William, John & Philip came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression, to wit, the aforesaid William by 38 sols, & John by 38 sols, by the pledge of William Payn, & Philip by 38 sols by the pledge of William Payn called the clerk. And it is also found by the same rolls that John Columbamy by night struck William Columb his kinsman & threw him down whereupon wounds, blood, & 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor & they are taxed by the jurats at 54 sols.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William Crespel struck the wife of Jordan Perchard with a certain stone on her head inflicting on her a wound & drawing blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised.

sang^lnem uñ ha cla. Et p̄dcus Wills nō veñ. Ido Rads Norman, Rads Crespel senior, Rads Crespel Junior e Guilts de Laik qui ip̄m manucep̄ in g^m m̄ia.

Comptum est p̄ Roilos ejusd̄ qđ Jord̄ le Rous alias querebañ de Guiffo Riuere de furco unius capucii et appleḡ ad has as̄s modo nō vult p̄sequi. Iō ip̄e in m̄ia. Comptū est t̄ p̄ Roilos ejusd̄ qđ Lucas Martin cepit quasđ garbas vi quas p̄lus vendiderat Guiffo Abaffaleyse unde ha cla. Iō ip̄e in m̄ia.

Matth̄us le Loreour Vič t̄c̄ p̄sentat qđ cū ip̄e p̄cepisset P̄ho le Bacotel bordario t̄c̄ qui tenet bordagiū suū quod fuit Pet^o Seirre p̄ sviciū suspendendi lat^ones e huj^o viliū svicioz̄ qđ ip̄e possit Ricm̄ fit Galfri sup pilloriū p̄ p̄ceptū Justič hic t̄c̄ p̄dc̄s P̄lus illa fače noluit dicens manifeste se nolle huj^o sviciū fače. Iō ip̄e in m̄ia. Et bordagiū cap^r in mañ dñi Reğ t̄c̄. Postea veñ Robtus Crespel Junior qui desponsavit unam fiedū p̄dci Pet^l e peñ p̄dcm bord̄ sibi libari p̄ p̄dcm sviciū p̄ eo faciend̄ e offert secuñ t̄c̄. Et concedit^r ei pp̄tm p̄dci Vič. Et supponit s̄tir totam terram nōie secuñ t̄c̄.

(M. 41.)

Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona.

pochia Šci Salvatoris veñ p̄ xij.

Jerseye.

Juñ p̄sentant qđ Petr^o de Šco Clemente s^opensus fuit p̄ latrocinio a duobz̄ annis elapsis. [Habuit] catalla ad valenč xij libraz̄ debil̄ monete de quodam debito qđ Humfridus de la Faleise de quibz̄ P̄lus Levesqe balis qui illas recepit respondebit. Et Ričus filius Riči Dru et Ričm̄ a diu s^opensi f̄fūt et nō f̄uerunt f̄ras nec catalla. Et Ričus de la Hoge a x annis elapsis [suspensus] fuit p̄ latrocinio et non f̄uit catalla set de f̄ra ejus patet in dorso roñi.

And the aforesaid William did not come. Therefore Ralph Norman, Ralph Crespel senior, Ralph Crespel junior, & William de Lecq who bailed him to be heavily amerced.

It is found by the rolls of the same that Jordan le Rous at another time accused William Rivere of the theft of a cap & it was remanded to these assizes. He does not now wish to prosecute. Therefore he is to be amerced. It is also found by the rolls of the same that Luke Martin took by force certain sheaves which before that he had sold to William Abatfalaise whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Matthew le Loreour, Viscount &c. presented that whereas he commanded Philip le Bacotel, bordier &c. who holds his bordage which belonged to Peter Seirre by the service of hanging thieves & of such mean services, that he should put Richard son of Geoffrey in the pillory by the order of the Justices here &c. the aforesaid Philip would not do it, saying openly that he would not do this service. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the bordage is taken into the hands of the lord the King &c. Afterwards came Robert Crespel junior who married one of the heirs of the aforesaid Peter & prays that the aforesaid bordage may be re-delivered to him on condition that the aforesaid service be performed by him & he offers security &c. And it is granted to him by the pledge of the aforesaid Viscount. And he pledged likewise the whole of the land by way of security &c.

(M. 41.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Saviour comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Peter de St. Clement was hanged for theft 2 years ago. [He had] chattels to the value of 12 livres of poor money consisting of a certain debt that Humphrey de la Falaise [owed him] of which Philip Levesque Bailiff who received the same shall answer. And Richard son of Richard Dru & Richard were hanged a long time ago & they had neither lands nor chattels. And Richard de la Hougue was [hanged] 10 years ago for theft, & he had no chattels, but it appears concerning his land on the back of the roll.

Clemencia La Baffarde s^opensa fuit ab octo annis elapsis non fuit hram hereditaria set fuit q^ondā archam e unam patella p^ocii v s de q^oibz heredes Petri Espiart respondebunt.

Dñs Rex h^ot de forisfactura h^ore Radi Galter qui abju^or Insulas v v^olga^ot ter^o que valent p annu ij q^or fri. Et de Riçō le Dru qui simi^ol^or abju^or t^oc iij v^olga^ot h^ore. Et valent p ann^o ij bus^os fri. Et de h^ora Thome Briard s^opensi unam v^olгатam h^ore que valet p ann^o iij ca^ob fri. Et p ma^on Radi Dru p iij virga^ot h^ore de h^ora ip^oius Thome que p Justiç libate f^ol^out p^od Ra^odo p ix ca^ob fri de quibz viij ca^ob rema^on ipe Ra^odo p j q^or fri de redditu que idem Ra^ods emit de p^odco Thoma dū fidel^o fuit et ca^ob residuus re^om d^ono Regi et respon^od d^ono Regi de arre^or viij anno^oz t^oc unde Rex decept^o fuit t^oc q^o h^om valuit h^ora sibi libata ult^o p^ocm t^oc.

Jordanus Pasqer a diu est abju^or insulas et fuit duas v^olгатas h^ore in feodo de Melechis unde Rex fuit annū e diem t^oc. Et dñs p^odci feodi esch^oetam.

Dñs Rex h^ot de esch^oeta de Hawysia Wautier bastarda di virga^ot h^ore que valet p annū j ca^ob fri. Et de P^oho Pitory Bastardo iij v^olга^ot h^ore cum una domo que valent p annū xij ca^ob fri. Et de Johne filii Robti le Rous fugitio j virgatam h^ora que valet p ann^o ij bz fri.

Presentant t^o q^od dñs Rex p^ocipit in eo^oz parochia de firma p annū ad pasch^o ix li viij s iij d ad f^om S^oci Pauli in estate ix li viij s iij d. Et ad f^om S^oci Mich^ois ix li xij s iij d. Et debent tenentes d^oni Re^og in d^oca paroch^o fa^ode caria^og d^oni Re^og de vino feno e busca capi^oendo p qua^olibz carectata ij d. Habet t^o id^om dñs Rex in d^octa pochia ij molendia aquatica que valent co^oibz annis LX li. Et debent tenentes ma^ogri Phi de Cheny sectam ad molendinū d^oni Re^og de Malassis ter p annū ad molendū s. ad Na^o. Pasch^o et ad f^om S^oci Mich^ois et debent invenire

Clemencia La Baffarde was hanged 8 years ago & had no land of inheritance but she had a certain chest & one pan of the value of 5 sols for which the heirs of Peter Espiart shall answer.

The lord the King has of the forfeiture of the land of Ralph Gautier who abjured the islands 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat ; & of Richard le Dru who likewise abjured &c. 3 virgates of land & they are worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat ; & of the land of Thomas Briard who was hanged one virgate of land which is worth per annum 3 measures of wheat ; & by the hands of Ralph Dru for 2 virgates of land of the land of the said Thomas which were leased by the justices to the said Ralph for 9 measures of wheat, of which 8 measures remain to the said Ralph, on account of one quartet of wheat of the rent which the same Ralph bought of the said Thomas while he was faithful & the other measure remains to the lord the King & he shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears of 8 years &c. whereof the King was defrauded &c. because the land leased to him was worth so much besides the aforesaid &c.

Jordan Pasquier long ago abjured the islands & had 2 virgates of land in the fee of Melèches whereof the King had the year & the day &c., and the lord of the aforesaid fee the escheat.

The lord the King has of the escheat of Hawysia Vautier a bastard half a virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat ; & of Philip Pitory a bastard 4 virgates of land with a house which are worth per annum 13 measures of wheat ; & of John son of Robert le Rous a fugitive one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat.

They present also that the lord the King receives in their parish of farm by the year at Easter 9 livres 8 sols 4 deniers, at the feast of St. Paul in summer 9 livres 8 sols 4 deniers, & at the feast of St. Michael 9 livres 12 sols 4 deniers. The tenants of the lord the King in the said parish owe to the lord the King the carriage of his wine, hay & firewood, taking for each cartload 2 deniers. The lord the King also has in the same parish 2 water mills which are worth one year with another 60 livres. And the tenants of Master Philip de Cheny owe suit at the mill of the lord the King at Malassis three times a year for grinding, to wit, at Christmas, Easter & Michaelmas,

maeremiū petras e coopturā ad dē molenā et Rex acq̄etare carpentariā et invenire melas e ferrū. Percipit t̄ dñs Rex fumagiū de tribz annis in tres annos et valet cōibz annis quando accidit xj li x s. Percipit t̄ dñs Rex de Rošto le Paumer p̄ añ ad Naĩ ij capōñ ij galliñ p̄ j pecia marisci que cōtinet x p̄ticas. Et de Nicño le Gernetier e partiē suis pro quadam alia pecia ij galliñ et ij d̄ ad Naĩ. Et ad Pasch̄ xxx ova j d̄. Et de hedibz Petri du Ruel ad Naĩ. ij galliñ ij d̄. Et ad Pasch̄ xxx ova. Et Jords de la Hoge e p̄ticipes sui tenent libe e debent sectam ad iij p̄ncipales Cuĩ dñi Reġ p̄ annū sine suĩ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus de Carfet e Galfr̄ fraĩ ejus raçōne cōmisionis fraz̄ fce patri eoꝝ de tenementis que Roštus de Melech tenuit ad fmiñ vite de forisfcura Thome Paynel p̄cipiunt p̄ añ de fra de la Charuee Dyne xxxviij s̄ de firma e greveria. Et de la Charuee des Gorges xxx s̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia p̄dcte parochie sita est in feodo Abbisse de Cadm̄ set Archidiacon̄ Constañ illam tenet e valet coiḃz annis xx li.

Petr^o du Val e Wilts du Val tenent x v'gaĩ fre p̄ bordaġ e sviciū inde faciend̄ t̄c̄. Et reddunt nichilomin^o ad pred̄cam firma ij s. vj d.

Presentant t̄ qđ Wilts Vaudyn feč̄ injuriam Rošto le Lorour unde ha cla qui modo nō veñ. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guillimota filia Wilti Fale etatis xij annoꝝ inventa fuit s̄mersa in puteo Jordani de la Hoge nullus inde malec̄. Judm̄ Infortuñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Roštus Sibille senior solit^o est façe citare fideles hoies dñi Reġ ex^o Insulas maliçōse qui veñ e convict^o est de majori

& they ought to find timber, stones & covering for the said mill & the King ought to discharge the carpentering & find the mill-stones & the iron. The lord the King also receives fumage every three years & it is worth one year with another when it shall occur 11 livres 10 sols. The lord the King also receives of Robert le Paumer yearly at Christmas 2 capons & 2 hens for one piece of marsh-land which contains 10 perches; & of Nicholas le Gernetier & his partners for a certain other piece 2 hens & 2 deniers at Christmas, & at Easter 30 eggs & one denier; & of the heirs of Peter du Ruel at Christmas 2 hens & 2 deniers; & at Easter 30 eggs. And Jordan de la Hougue & his partners are free tenants & owe suit at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King annually without summons.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & Geoffrey his brother by reason of the grant of the lands made to their father of the tenements which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel receive by the year of the land of the Carucate Dyne 38 sols of farm & 'greverie' & of the Carucate des Gorges⁽¹⁾ 30 sols.

They present also that the Church of the aforesaid parish is situated in the fee of the Abbess of Caen but the Archdeacon of Coutances holds it & it is worth one year with another 20 livres.

Peter du Val & William du Val hold 10 virgates of land by bordage & performing the service thereof &c. And they pay nevertheless to the aforesaid⁽²⁾ 2 sols 6 deniers as farm.

They present also that William Vaudin did an injury to Robert le Lorour whereupon 'Haro' raised, who now does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Guillimota daughter of William Fale of the age of 12 years was found drowned in the well of Jordan de la Hougue; nobody being suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Robert Sibelle senior is wont maliciously to cause the subjects of the lord the King to be cited out of the islands,

(1) Bagot. (2) Abbess of Caen.

pte tē. Ido committit' p'sone. Et Thoñ Hugñ clicus simitr fač citare tē e jam p v annos malicōse fatigavit Floriam Chapelein. Et Petr^o Poindestre similē et feč malicōse citari Robtum Aleyn e Joñm de Caleys coram Judicibz delegatis. Et Ričus Poubele simitr feč citare Petrū le Telier apđ Constanč malicōse et ad magnos labores e ad magna custagia cont^a coēs inhibiçōes tē qui nō veñ. Ido capiantur cum veñint. Et Vič cap̄ in mañ dñi Regē terras e teñ tē. Et fuit mīa. Postea delata fuit hic qđ fra ad sectam pđci Petr^o Poindestre ad suñ Ballm e ptes alios Insule qđ forent corā conservatoř p'vitiōz uniŕsitať Parisi tē ad respondē de t'n̄s hic fcis tē. Et Juř dicūt qđ illđ fit p abettū e pcur Joñe sororis e ptcipis ipius Pet^o. Iō fra eoř cū cañ reñ in mañ dñi h̄ q^ousq, tē s. iij q^or̄t̄ ordi de vestuř [de] ij virḡ ĩre p̄cii xxiiij s̄ j vacē p̄c̄ xxv s̄, xij biđ p̄c̄ xxiiij s̄ minuta in domo p̄c̄ x s̄ j acř ĩre q̄ vť p añ vj cađ fri. ĩm in poch̄ Šci Clemētis.

Presentant t̄ qđ Wilts filius Emmelote la Barbine puer đidii anni jacens in bercia dimissus fuit sine custodia in domo ipius Emmelote et quidam canis Thomase des Vaus inveniēs capt̄ pđci pūi unctū de Grassa corrodit capt̄ pueri usq, ad cerebrum unde statim obiit nullus alius inde malec' et sepult^o fuit sine scitu vť visu balti qui loco coronatoris est tē. Ido tota pochia in mīa. Et predca Thomasia cuj^o canis tē in mīa. Et predca Emmelota simitr in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Jord̄s Crespel ab xj annis elapsis s^opensus fuit p furto j jumenti. Et habuit v virḡ ĩre in feodo de Melesches unde dñs Rex fuit annū e vastū. Et heredes Regiñ de Carřet fient esch̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ molendinař molend̄ de Malasys levařunt quandā nova costumā et testatū est tē qđ molendinař de aliis molend̄ siř levařunt tē. [Mandatum est] Ballo q^om vič qđ sollempniť e publice aliqo petat vť extorqueat ab aliq^o mo..... q'etū tē.

who comes & is convicted by the greater part &c. Therefore he is committed to prison ; & Thomas Hugh, clerk, likewise caused to be cited &c. and now for 5 years has maliciously troubled Floria Chapelein ; & Peter Poingdestre likewise & he maliciously caused Robert Aleyn & John de Caleys to be cited before the Justices delegated ; & Richard Poubele likewise maliciously caused Peter le Telier to be cited at Coutances, & at much trouble & at great costs contrary to the general inhibitions &c., who did not come. Therefore let them be arrested when they shall come. And let the Viscount take into the hands of the lord the King the lands & tenements &c. he was amerced. Afterwards there was brought here a certain letter at the suit of the aforesaid Peter Poingdestre to summon the Bailiff & many others of the island to be before the conservators of the privileges of the university of Paris⁽¹⁾ &c. to answer for the transgressions here done &c. And the jurors say that that is done by the abetment & procurement of Joan the sister & partner of the said Peter. Therefore their lands with their chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until &c., to wit, 3 quarters of barley of the crop of 2 virgates of land value 24 sols, one cow value 25 sols, 12 sheep value 24 sols, sundries in the house value 10 sols, & one acre of land which is worth by the year 6 measures of wheat. Also in the parish of St. Clement.

They present also that William son of Emmelota la Barbine a child of half a year old lying in the cradle was left alone in the house of the said Emmelota & a certain dog of Thomasa des Vaux finding the head of the said child anointed with grease gnawed the head of the child to the brain whereof it dièd immediately ; nobody else is suspected thereof & he was buried without the knowledge or view of the Bailiff who acts as coroner &c. Therefore the whole parish to be amerced. And the aforesaid Thomasa whose dog &c. to be amerced. And the aforesaid Emmelota likewise to be amerced.

They present also that Jordan Crespel was hanged 11 years ago for the theft of a mare. [He had] a virgate of land in the fee of Melèches, whereof the lord the King had the year & waste. And the heirs of Reginald de Carteret have the escheat.

They present also that the millers of the mill of Malassis introduced a certain new custom & it is witnessed &c. that the millers of other mills likewise introduced [It is commanded] to the Bailiff as well as to the Viscount that solemnly & publicly any who shall seek or extort from any quit &c.

(1) See Special Note following Errata.

(M. 41 d.)

Adhuc de pochia **Sci** Salvatoris.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robtus Gichart e Petř Piket noctant^r pessime murdriaverūt Thomam Doneuand e Olivam uřem ejus unde Balis e alii Ministri dñi Ređ ptes fecerūt inquis e neminē inde venerunt culpabit licet fēm illud fuisset vilissimū e pessimū. Iđo tota pochia pter Juř in mīa. Postea p̄dcus Peř reddidit se p'sone et q'etat^o est sicut patet alibi. Et Robtus nō veñ. Iđo eāg^r e utlag^r. Et catalla ejus in pochā Sci Elerii blađ semīať ad campťū unđ p̄pars ejus xv š. Et in pochia Sci Salvatoris f̄m semīať ad valorem vij caš f̄ri et ordiñ ad valorem iiij caš ordi et de siliđ ad valorem iiij q̄rť siliđ e di et de piš ad valorem iiij caš piš et de faš ad valorem vj caš faš. Idem fuit j vacč e ij vituť p̄cii xxx š et x bidenť p̄cii xx solid. Idem fuit f̄ram hereditarie s. v virg f̄re quaz que valet p annū ij caš f̄ri fuit t̄ j parcellā e j archā p̄cii vj š j ruscā p̄cii iiij š j miscariū ad teland p̄č v š de quibz Mathus le Loreour Vič e p̄poitus ejusđ vill respond.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p infrascriptos videlť p Robtum le Lorour, Petrum du Val, Godef̄m le Lyoun, Colinū le pdomme, Lauř f̄rem ejus, Guillotū le Rous, Perrotam Payen, Margiam Paien, Rađm Moraunt, Robtū Geffř, Ričm Lengleys, Rađm Brusebarre, Edm̄ Guyot, Guillm Hubť, Ričm le Mussoun, Guillm Palot, Robtum Poleyn, Joñnem Esclenke, Ričm Esclenke, Ričm Gilbt, Guillm Barbey, Petrum Poleyn, Guillm Estur, Guillm le Seneschal, Robtum Godel, Guilbtum Resoun, Joñnem le Marsaille seniore, Petrū Mahaud, Colinū Guyot, Guiffm Pigou, Huel, Raulinam Poleyn, bolengař. Et Galiotā la Normand, Robtum le Gerentier, Rađm le Fevere, Julianam Laloel, Petrū Poindestre, Colinū de la Hoge, Thom̄ Hugh, Lauř Loisel, Ričm le Fevere, Joñem Ayer, Beatcem

(M. 41 d.)

Continuation of the parish of St. Saviour.

They present also that Robert Gichart & Peter Piket by night most cruelly murdered Thomas Donevand & Olive his wife whereupon the Bailiff & the other officers of the lord the King made many inquisitions, & those guilty thereof never came although that deed was most brutal & cruel. Therefore the whole parish except the jurors to be amerced. Afterwards the aforesaid Peter gave himself up to prison & was acquitted as it appears elsewhere. And Robert did not come. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. And his chattels in the parish of St. Helier [consist of] corn sown on shares⁽¹⁾ whereof his share is 15 sols, & in the parish of St. Saviour wheat sown to the value of 7 measures of wheat & barley to the value of 4 measures of barley & rye to the value of 4½ quarters of rye & of peas to the value of 4 measures of peas & of beans to the value of 6 measures of beans. He had also one cow & 2 calves value 30 sols & 10 sheep value 20 sols; also land of inheritance, to wit, 5 virgates of land, whereof each is worth by the year 2 measures of wheat; he had also one plate & one chest value 6 sols, one tub value 4 sols, one loom⁽²⁾ for weaving value 5 sols of which Matthew le Loreour Viscount & the Provost of the said village shall answer.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Robert le Lorour, Peter du Val, Godfrey le Lyon, Colin le Prud'homme, Laurence, his brother, Guillot le Rous, Perrota Payn, Margery Payn, Ralph Mourant, Robert Geffrey, Richard Lengleys, Ralph Brussebarre, Edmund Guyot, William Hubert, Richard le Musson, William Palot, Robert Poleyn, John Esclenke, Richard Esclenke, Richard Gilbert, William Barbey, Peter Poleyn, William Estur, William le Seneschal, Robert Godel, Gilbert Reson, John le Marsaille, senior, Peter Mahaud, Colin Guyot, William Pigou, Havel, Raulina Poleyn, bakers; and Galiota la Normande, Robert le Gerentier, Ralph le Fevre, Juliana Lalvel, Peter Poingdestre, Colin de la Hougue, Thomas Hugh, Laurence Loisel, Richard le Fevre, John Ahier, Beatrice Maihu, Guillimota la Roseye, Ralph Ammeline,

(1) *Compartmentum* = the right of the lord to take a certain share of the crop.

(2) *Miscarium* for *misterium*, French *métier*.

Maihu, Guillimotā la Roseye, Rađm Ammeline, Ducz Lenglesche, Thoñ Cokerel, Pñm Lustlagne, Ranulphm Gautier, Guillotū Baroun, Pñm Payn, Michem Payn e Dioniš uñem Graie, tañnarios. Et Rađm Barbey, Ričm le Loreour, Wiltm Cokerel, Joñ la Marselle Junior e Hobbedot bolengař e tañnarios. Ido omēs in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robtus Horman feč p̄presturam de chimino Ređ p quodd fossatū ppe fram suam. Et Guiltz Astele, Guiltz Mahu, Rađus Parey, Rađs le Harel, Guiltz Chapelleyn, e Joñnes de la Faleise consimitr. Et Robtus Guichart cepit de fra in chimino Ređ latiř viij ped e longē x ptičā ad faciend fossatū suū. Et Jords le Rous post ultimas as̄ p̄prestavit de cōa Ređ latiř ij ped e longē j ptič e đi. Et Wiltz Alisaundre feč fossatū in chimino Ređ sz illud petravit ante as̄. Ido omēs in mīa.

Ričus Poyle qui alias coram Bařto e Juř Ređ convictus fuit de eo qđ abduxit Mabillam uñem Gilbti le Blaunk cum bonis suis e plura ḡvamina sibi intulit veñ et feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄nš p xx li et teñ sua capiant̄ in mañ Ređ loco securitatis et corp^o suū remaneat in p̄sona quousq, securitatē investit.

Ričus de la Hoge qui s̄pensus fuit put patet infra Rotm̄ fuit de liđa fra simut cū iiij^{or} frībz e tribz sororibz xij virḡ fre unde in feodo Ređ iij virḡ fre e đi que valent p annū x cađ fri e đi et est ppars p̄dci Riči de integro j virḡ fre e đi e q̄nta ps đi virḡ quaz virḡ valet p annū iij cađ fri que remañ đno Regi ut escheta tč. Et pticipes sui respond̄ đno Regi de ar̄ a tempe s̄pēñ tč p eo qđ nūq̄ antea fuit in mañ đni Ređ et decefo respondeat̄ đno Regi de valore p̄dce eschete.

Presentant t̄ qđ đns Rex het de cōn ad domū Guilti Hardoyñ vj virḡ fre. Et ad doñu Ranulphi Toytyn iiij virḡ. Et a maufant viij virḡ. Et s̄b domo Parey j virḡ.

Duce l'Anglaise, Thomas Cokerel, Philip Lustlagne, Ranulph Gautier, Guillot Baron, Philip Payn, Michael Payn & Dionise the wife of Gray, taverners; and Ralph Barbey, Richard le Loreour, William Cokerel, John la Marselle, junior, & Hobbedot, bakers & taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Robert Horman made an encroachment on the King's road by a certain hedge near his land. And William Astele, William Mahu, Ralph Parey, Ralph le Harel, William Chappelley & John de la Falaise likewise. And Robert Guichart took of the land in the King's road in breadth 8 feet & in length 10 perches to make his hedge. And Jordan le Rous since the last assizes encroached on the common of the King 2 feet in breadth & 1½ perches in length. And William Alexandre made a hedge in the King's road but demolished it before the assizes &c. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Richard Poyle who at another time before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King was convicted for that he abducted Mabel the wife of Gilbert le Blanc with his goods & did him many injuries came & compounded for the aforesaid transgressions by 20 livres, & let his tenements be taken into the hands of the King by way of security, & his body shall remain in prison until he shall find security.

Richard de la Hougue, who was hanged as it appears in the roll, had of free land together with 4 brothers & 3 sisters, 12 virgates of land whereof in the fee of the King 3½ virgates of land which are worth per annum 10½ measures of wheat, & the share of the aforesaid Richard of the whole is 1½ virgates of land & the 5th part of half a virgate, whereof a virgate is worth by the year 3 measures of wheat, which remain to the lord the King as escheats &c. And his partners shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears from the time of the hanging &c. for that it was never before in the hands of the lord the King & from henceforth let it be accounted for to the lord the King for the value of the said escheat.

They present also that the lord the King has of common near the farm of William Hardoyn 6 virgates of land; & near the farm of Ranulph Tortyn 4 virgates; & in Maufant 8 virgates; & near the farm of Parey one virgate.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guills Waudyn feč Robtm le Loreour ha cla q, noluit solve sibi iij d̄ p̄ repačone cuj^odam chimini. Iđo ip̄e in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclie istius pochie sita est sup feodum Abbisse de Cadomo et est de advocačoe capitti Constancieñ e valet coibz XLviiij li.

Et Jur̄ duodene p̄ plibz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz cōvicti ffunt corā Justič p̄ examinačoe in m̄ia.

Comptum est p̄ Roilos Phi le Evesk Balti qđ Joñne Beneyt Thomas Hugoun e Gilbtus le Vassal invenientes Rīčm le Peile noctan̄ in domo Phi Morin cū ux̄e Gilbti le Blank ip̄m v̄ba v̄unt e aspta v̄unt tabardū suū e suptunicalē suū in testimoniū invenčois. Ido fiant inde emend̄ d̄no Regi. Et t̄ comptū est qđ Galfrus le Coker insultavit noctan̄ Guiltm fr̄em suū faciendo ei plağ e sang'nem qui veñ e finē fecit p̄ xxx s̄ p̄plm Radi Payn Carpentař. Comptū est p̄ eosdem Roilos qđ Joñnes Direuand insultavit noctan̄ Guillotū Foket in domo sua e v̄bavit ux̄em suam. Et qđ idem Joñes v̄bavit noctan̄ Peř Hugoun e ip̄m acabliavit ad tr̄am und̄ sang's e ha cla. Et [Joñes] p̄dcs veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dcs t̄n̄s p̄ XL s̄ p̄plm Radi Direuaunt e Joñis Direuant.

Comptū est p̄ Roilos ejusd̄ Balti qđ Wills fit Guilli Vaudyn v̄bavit Robtm le Lerour in chimino Reḡ ip̄m acabliando unde ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄n̄s p̄ xxxvj s̄. Et comptu est t̄ p̄ roilos ejusd̄m qđ Guills le Pikot e Ričus frař ejus v̄ba v̄unt noctan̄ Ricm Nori, e Joñem de Grey in domo ip̄ius Joñis. Ido fiāt inde emend̄. Et t̄ comptū p̄ eosd̄ Roilos qđ Martin^o de Wyncheles pcussit Raulinā la Mainel unde sang's e ha cla qui veñ e feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄n̄s p̄ xviiij s̄ p̄plm Joñis de S..... Et p̄dcs Wills le Pikot e Ričus frař ejus nō veñ. Id̄ Joñnes de Barantino e p̄dci Riči qui ip̄os manucep̄ in g^ovi m̄ia.

They present also that William Vaudin made Robert le Loreour raise the 'Clameur de Haro,' because he did not wish to pay to him 4 deniers for the repair of a certain road. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is situated upon the fee of the Abbess of Caen & is of the advowson of the chapter of Coutances & is worth one year with another 48 livres.

And the jury of 12 men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque the Bailiff that John Benest, Thomas Hugon & Gilbert le Vassal finding Richard le Peile by night in the house of Philip Morin with the wife of Gilbert le Blanc struck him & took away his tunic & over-tunic as evidence of the discovery. Therefore let them make amends thereof to the lord the King. And it is also found that Geoffrey le Coker by night assaulted William his brother inflicting wounds & drawing blood, who came & compounded by 30 sols by the pledge of Ralph Payn, carpenter. It is found by the same rolls that John Dirvaud by night assaulted Guillot Foket in his house & struck his wife. And that the same John by night wounded Peter Hugon & threw him to the ground whereupon blood was drawn & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid [John] came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols, by the pledge of Ralph Dirvaud & John Dirvaud.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William son of William Vaudin struck Robert le Lerour in the King's high-way throwing him down whereupon 'Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols. And it is found also by the rolls of the same that William le Picot & Richard his brother by night struck Richard Nori & John de Grey in the house of the said John. Therefore let them make amends thereof. And it is also found by the same rolls that Martin de Vinchelez struck Raulina la Mainel whereupon blood flowed & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the said transgression by 18 sols, by the pledge of John de S..... And the aforesaid William le Picot & Richard his brother did not come therefore John de Barantin & of the said Richard, who bailed them to be heavily amerced.

(M. 42.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona** de pochia **Sci Broelardi.**
Fresingfeld.

pochia **Sci Broelardi** veñ p xij.

Gereš Juř p̄sentant qđ Rořtus đcus Levesqe multociens solitus fuit fače citare [fideles homines dñi Reġ] extra regnū sup plitis de laicis cañ ut sic maličōse de eis peccuniam extorqueat nō veñ. Iđo cap^r cū veñit e in p^lsona salvo custodiat^r quousq; tč.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rořtus Huband crat piscando sup ripam maris et de wāgis e sic fuit s̄bmers^o et nullus alius inde malec^r. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o le Hussu Tabnař solitus est trahere debitorę suos coram curia xp̄ianitatis de plito de debitis suis. Iō ipe in g^{vi} m̄ia.

Redds firme
dñi Reġ.

Presentant t̄ qđ đns Rex habet in eoř pochia de certa firma p annū ad ěm̄ios Pasch̄ **Sci Pauli** e **Sci Michis** videl̄t ad quemlibz tm̄ū x li xvij s̄ j đ qui debent colligi p manus p̄poiti ad hoc assign̄ti de quibz abbas de monte **Sci Michis** solvit xv s̄ de predca firma pro feodo de nigro Monte. Et P̄hus Gervaise solvit alios xv s̄ ad eand̄ firmam sup francū feodū et vocant istam firmā **La Greŷye**. Dicunt t̄ qđ p̄l̄ p̄dcam firmam **Rads Bagot** e **P̄hus de la Moye** debent dño Regi pro vj virġ ěre de feodo de la Moie quilibet eoř iiij s̄ p annū.

Habet đns Rex in ead̄m pochia quandam cōmunā ubi crescit multū focale et Ričus le Rey tenet inde ptem p voluntate dñi Reġ et reddit p añ xxxviiij s̄ et vocant istam cōmunam **Les Laundes de la Moye** et vocant redd̄m **Le Multoneis**. Et Guills Gocelin tenet inde aliam ptem ad volunč tč et reddit p añ xiiij s̄ et ěedes **Phi Tilly** reddunt inde xij đ p añ. Iđm đns Rex habet in ead̄m paroch̄ sup

(M. 42.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Brelade.

Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. Brelade came by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that Robert called Levesque was very often wont to cause [the subjects of the King] to be cited out of the realm concerning pleas of lay chattels so that he might maliciously extort money from them he did not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come & be kept safely in prison until &c.

They present also that Robert Huband was fishing upon the sea-shore & was by the waves & so was drowned & no one else was suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Peter le Hussu, taverner, was wont to bring his debtors before the Ecclesiastical Court concerning pleas of his debts. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

Revenue of farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul & St. Michael to wit, at each term 10 livres 17 sols 1 denier, which ought to be collected by the hand of the Provost appointed hereto, of which the Abbot of Mont St. Michel pays 15 sols of the aforesaid farm for the fee of Noirmont & Philip Gervaise pays another 15 sols to the said farm for the 'Franc Fief' & they call this farm 'Greverie.' They say also that besides the aforesaid farm Ralph Bagot & Philip de la Moye owe to the lord the King for 6 virgates of land of the fee of la Moie each of them 4 sols by the year.

The lord the King has in the same parish a certain common where there grows much fuel & Richard le Rey holds part thereof at the will of the lord the King & pays by the year 38 sols, & they call this common Les Landes de la Moye & they call the rent sheep-rent.⁽¹⁾ And William Gocelin holds another part thereof at the will &c. and pays by the year 14 sols & the heirs of Philip Tilly pay thereof 12 deniers by the year. Also the lord the King has in the same

(1) French: Moutonnage.

meſ Cornelot continens ij v'j terr̄ iij buſ fri. Et sup j v'gat fre e di que fūnt Riçi Bedyne s'pensi tē iij caſ fri p añ. Et de uno meſ continente quartam ptē j multoñey et de alia fra sabulosa de escheta Radi Mindoire bastardi qui obiit jam uno anno elapso iij caſ fri p añ. Et Alanus Mindoyre respondeat dno Regi de ij partibz p'dcoz iij caſ fri de uno anno. Et q̄ u'x predci Radi Mindoyre jam obiit infra assisas. Ido respondeatur dno Regi de ceſo de integro tē. Et Petrus le Markaunt debet dno Regi j capoñ e j d p añ sup fram Pet' Canu. Et Pet' le Pastor debet j galliñ e j d de fra Cucku. Iſm Jords Baggot reddit dno Regi p añ j galliñ e j d de di virg fre que fuit cuj'dam dci Vanel bastardi. Et Peir le Hageys e Colinus Nicole debent ij galliñ e ij d p añ p fra sua de Beaumound. Et Colinus Mouchon e p'ticipes sui reddūt dno Regi p añ ij galliñ e ij d p fra de Monte Cardon.

Presentant t̄ qd̄ post ultias assisas deveñ de wrecko a'pd La Corbiere quoddam doleū duū vacuū quod Lau' de Sevenok̄ illud vendidit Colino Tilly p mañ Radi Turgys pro vj li debīt monete e idem Colinus solvit dena' illos predco Rado. Et Idem Rads p'sens dicit qd̄ ipe solvit predcos dena' predco Lau' de Sevenok̄. Et predcus Lau' nō est p'sens nec unq̄ fuit receptor hic nec assign'tus loco Receptoris. Ido sit in picfo i'pius Radi et Idem Rads simul cū predco Lau' inde respondeant. Dicūt t̄ qd̄ Rads Kesnel invenit in Litorio maris xiiij pecias sepi et canes inde comedentes tē. Et idm Rads illud portabat ad domū Nichi pat's sui. Ido u'q̄ eoꝝ in mia et mag' Wilts Lenginour qui sepū illud fuit respondeat dno Regi de valore ejusdem videlē de xvj š. Iſm dicunt qd̄ devenit de Wrecko quedam pecia navis p'cii xx š unde Robtus de Hady respondebit. Dicunt t̄ qd̄ p'venit de Wrecko a'pd La Rosiere quedam Arbor p'cii iij š de

parish upon the messuage Cornelot containing 2 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat; & upon 1½ virgates of land which belonged to Richard Bedyne who was hanged &c. 3 measures of wheat by the year. And of one messuage containing the 4th part of one sheep walk & of other sandy land of the escheat of Ralph Mindoire, the bastard, who died a year ago 4 measures of wheat by the year. And Alan Mindoire shall answer to the lord the King for 2 parts of the aforesaid 4 measures of wheat for one year, & because the wife of the said Ralph Mindoire has died during the assizes therefore from henceforth account shall be made to the lord the King for the whole &c. And Peter le Markaunt owes to the lord the King one capon & one denier by the year upon the land of Peter Canu. And Peter le Pastor owes one hen & one denier of the land belonging to Cucku. Also Jordan Baggot pays to the lord the King by the year one hen & one denier for half a virgate of land which belonged to a certain person called Vanel the bastard. And Peter le Hageys & Colin Nicole owe 2 hens & 2 deniers by the year for their land of Beaumont. And Colin Mouchon & his partners pay to the lord the King by the year 2 hens & 2 deniers for the land of Mount Cardon.⁽¹⁾

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck at La Corbière a certain barrel half empty which Laurence de Sevenok sold to Colin Tilly by the hands of Ralph Turgys for 6 livres of poor money & the same Colin paid those moneys to the said Ralph. And the aforesaid Ralph being present says that he paid the aforesaid moneys to the aforesaid Laurence de Sevenok. And the aforesaid Laurence is not present & he never was receiver here nor appointed in the place of receiver, therefore let it be at the risk of the said Ralph & the said Ralph likewise with the aforesaid Laurence shall answer therefor. They say also that Ralph Kesnel found on the sea-shore 14 pieces of tallow & the dogs eating it &c. And the said Ralph carried it to the house of Nicholas his father. Therefore both of them to be amerced, & Master William Lenginour who had that tallow shall answer to the lord the King for the value of the same, to wit, 16 sols. They say that there came of wreck a certain piece of a ship value 20 sols whereof Robert de Hady shall answer. They say also that there came of wreck at La Rosière a certain tree value

(1) Cardon : Mons Gardonis in Extente of 1274. Probably Mont au Guerdain (Portelet).

quibz Radulphus Kesnel respondebit. Et q̄ Idm Rads illam arborem asptavit sine licencia. Ido in mia. Īm dicunt qđ Ričus Renof invenit in ripa maris in yeme hoc anno quendam saccū plenū m̄cimoñ videl̄t̄ patr̄ nos̄r peccinibz cutell̄ e aliis t̄c de quibz ppars Reḡ x ti unde P̄hus Leveske ballis respondebit. Dicunt t̄ qđ post ultias assisas devenit simitr de Wrecko duū doleū vini albi p̄c̄ vj ti debet monete et Laūr de Sevenok qui vinū illud fuit inde d̄no Regi respondeat. Īm Rads Doe invenit in ripa maris quoddam gūbnaclm navis p̄cii xxx s̄ de quibz Īm Radulp^o respondeb̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia eoꝝ est in advocaōe Abbis S̄ci Salvatoris et valet p̄ anū xxx li.

Presentant t̄ qđ P̄hus Gervaise tenet de d̄no Rege j carucatam lre et deb̄ releviū t̄c et idm P̄hus deb̄ d̄no Regi svicium svandi p̄sones t̄c et deb̄ fiere j paz̄ ferroꝝ et si plibz indiḡit d̄ns Rex debet ea invenire. Et dicunt qđ om̄es tenentes residentes in feodo isto e t̄ om̄es alii tenentes residentes in feodis quoꝝcumq̄ libe tenenciū debent d̄no Regi fumaḡ excepti tantū m^o capitali mesuaḡ in quolibz feodo.

Presentant t̄ qđ Abbas de Monte S̄ci Michis clām fiere libam warennā in feodo suo de Nigro Monte e t̄ wreckū in eodem feodo set d̄ns Rex debet fiere visum et iiij^{or} p̄ncipalia et t̄ habet camptū in eodm feodo fumaḡiū e Cāt̄ felonū et t̄miatur in quo waranto t̄c. Et Guifls le Bretoun est Libe tenens pred̄ci Abbis et debet ei releviū t̄c et non solvit d̄no Regi fumaḡ. Ido t̄minatur in quo waranto.

Et Jūr duodene p̄ eodem f̄iunt coram Justic̄ p̄ examinaōem de plibz cōcelañtis in veredco suo in mia.

3 sols of which Ralph Kesnel shall answer. And because the said Ralph carried away that tree without leave therefore he is to be amerced. They say also that Richard Renouf found on the sea-shore in winter this year a certain sack full of merchandize, to wit, paternosters, combs, knives & other things of which the share of the King is 10 livres whereof Philip Levesque the Bailiff shall answer. They say also that since the last assizes there came likewise of wreck half a barrel of white wine value 6 livres of poor money, & Laurence de Sevenok who had that wine shall answer to the lord the King therefor. Also Ralph Doe found on the sea-shore a certain rudder of a ship value 30 sols of which the same Ralph shall answer.

They present also that their Church is in the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour & is worth by the year 30 livres.

They present also that Philip Gervaise holds of the lord the King one carucate of land & owes relief &c., and the same Philip owes to the lord the King the service of keeping the prisons &c. and he ought to have one pair of irons & if more are wanted the lord the King ought to find them. And they say that all the tenants residing in this fee & also all the other tenants dwelling in the fees of all other free tenants owe to the lord the King fumage except only the chief messuage in each fee.

They present also that the Abbot of Mont St. Michel claims to have free warren in his fee of Noirmont & also wreck in the same fee, but the lord the King ought to have view & the four things appertaining to the Prince⁽¹⁾ & also has champart in the same fee, fumage & chattels of felons & it is determined in the quo warranto &c.

And William le Breton is a free tenant of the aforesaid Abbot & owes him relief &c. and did not pay fumage to the lord the King. Therefore it is determined in the quo warranto.

And the jury of twelve for the same by examination before the justices for many concealments in their verdict were amerced.

(1) i.e. gold and silk not worked &c. ; see p. 23.

(M. 42 d.) **Adhuc de pl̄ifis de Gorona** de pochia Šci Broelardi.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini in eoꝝ pochia fracta p infra-
scriptos videlt p Colinū Alexandr̄ Gringore Guillm Fenerer
Colinū Tyllū et Phelipotū filiū Gervasii Tillyos. Et Colinū
Tilly de Moya Petrū le Hussu Radm le Hussu Jacobū de Wyncheſt
.....uband Guillm de Moya Petrum de Boulon Guillm Beket
Tabnaſ. Ido ōmes in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoꝝ pochia espkeſ suā de
congr̄ t̄c et hōmes Abbis de Mōte [Šci Michis] piscatores t̄c tenentur
portare pisces quos capiunt ad espkeſ dñi Reḡ.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet in pochia Šci Pet' molendinū de
Keytiuel quod valet coibus annis XL li. Et dicunt qđ tenentes dñi
Reḡ in ista poch̄ deſ sectam ad molendim̄ illud. Et tenentur iidem
Tenentes invenire macrenim̄ ad ōmia grossa membra molendi illi^o set
dñs Rex debet invenire ferra e molas e carpūteriam t̄c. Et t̄ dci
Tenentes tenent^r invenire copturam ad molendim̄ illud et dñs Rex
faciet illud coopire sumptibꝫ suis.

Presentant t̄ qđ in feodo de Nigro Monte est quedam Capella
de antiquo t̄c. Et Abbas de Monte Šci Michis tenetur faĉe celebrare
in ead̄m Capella in uno festoꝝ Šci Michis et Rector istius parochie in
alio festo t̄c. Dicunt t̄ qđ Idm Abbas deſ venire ad tres p'ncipales
Curias dñi Reḡ sine sumoniĉ. Et P̄tus Gervaise simitr. Et quidam
alii simitr.

Presentant t̄ qđ Thoñ Aubyn tenet de bordaĝ x virgañ terre de
curtilagiis que valent p anñ x ſ. Et Petr^o Aunqetil et pticipes sui
tenent xxiiij virgañ terñ de Bordaĝ et reddant dño Regi p anñ de ſta
firma vj ſ et valent ul̄ius xvij ſ. Et Riĉus le Rey e participes sui
tenent de bordagiis xvij virgañ terre que reddunt dño Regi p annū

(M. 42 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Brelade.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine in their parish is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Colin, Alexander Gringore, William Fenerer, Colin Tilly & Phelipot son of Gervais Tilly, bakers; & Colin Tilly de la Moye, Peter le Hussu, Ralph le Hussu, James de Vinchelez,uband, William de la Moye, Peter de Boulon, William Beket, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish his esperkeria of congers, &c. and the men of the Abbot of Mont [St. Michel] fishermen &c. are bound to carry the fish which they take to the esperkeria of the lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in the parish of St. Peter the mill of Keytivel which is worth one year with another 40 livres. And they say that the tenants of the lord the King in that parish owe suit at that mill. And the same tenants are bound to find the timber for all the principal parts of that mill, but the lord the King ought to find the iron & wheels & carpentering &c. And also the said tenants are bound to find the covering for that mill & the lord the King shall cause it to be covered at his own costs.

They present also that in the fee of Noirmont there is a certain chapel of old &c. And the Abbot of Mont St. Michel is bound to provide for the celebration (of Divine Service) in the same chapel at one of the feasts of St. Michael & the rector of this parish at the other feast &c. They say also that the said Abbot ought to come to the three principal courts of the lord the King without summons. And Philip Gervaise likewise. And certain others likewise.

They present also that Thomas Aubyn holds of bordage 10 virgates of land of curtilage which are worth by the year 10 sols. And Peter Anquetil & his partners hold 24 virgates of land of bordage & pay to the lord the King by the year of cert farm 6 sols & they are worth besides 18 sols. And Richard le Rey & his partners hold of bordages 18 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the

iiij s̄ qui computantur in redditu de Multoneis et valent ulterius xxxvj s̄. Et p̄dci faciant s̄viciū bordagioꝝ t̄c. Et Riçus le Counte e participes sui tenent vj v̄ḡ ĩre de bordağ. Et deb̄ façe s̄viciū sup̄ p̄poĩtum e alios s̄vientes Abb̄is Šci Mich̄is de feodo de Nigro Monte. Et reddit̄ p̄ annū dno Regi xij đ de c̄ta firma. Et valet ul̄tius vij s̄ vj đ p̄ annū.

Presentant̄ t̄ qđ Godef̄r̄ Waryn feč quoddam fossatū in cōmuna d̄ni Reğ ad fač murū suū. Et Jordanus Selle fodiit glebas in cōmuna Reğ p̄libz locis illam deñiorando. Et Riçus Selle consim̄tr. Et Rads Artur consim̄tr. Et Guif̄s Fenerer feč p̄presturam in via regia latitud̄ ij ped̄ e longiř iiij p̄ticataꝝ et ibi seminavit ordiū. Et Rads Selle p̄prestavit de regali Chimino latitud̄ ij pedū e longiř j p̄ticař seminand̄ siliginē. Ido om̄es in m̄ia. Et nocumenta repentur ad eoꝝ custagia p̄ quos fca f̄ũnt.

Comptum est p̄ Roĩlos P̄hi le Evesk Balli qđ Rob̄tus le Evesk insultavit Aliciā du Val in domo sua e eam v̄bavit e acabliavit ad ĩram. Et Idem Rob̄tus deforč ancillam Barth̄i le Talender vi e cont̄ pacem t̄c e cont̄ voluntatem suam et statim post f̄cm fugit. Ita qđ nullus t̄c. Et modo nō veñ e malecr̄. Ido exiḡ e utlaḡ.

Comptum est p̄ Roĩlos ejusđ Balli qđ Guillotus le Bretoñ Peĩr frař ejus e Thomas de Moia vesũnt ad doĩnu Radi de Crapedoit in societate Rectoris huj̄ ville e asptařunt corpus Emme Crapedoit defuncte in aurora diei p̄ quod uxor ejusđ Radi levavit ha cla qui veniūt e fecũnt finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ x s̄. Et qđ comptū est qđ p̄des Rector cont̄ voluntatem ux̄is p̄dci Radi asptařũt p̄dcm corpus Ido ipe e om̄es pochiani qui cū eo f̄ũnt ad forciā illam in m̄ia.

year 4 sols, which are reckoned in the rent of the sheep-walks & are worth besides 36 sols. And the aforesaid do the services of bordiers &c. And Richard le Counte & his partners hold 6 virgates of land of bordage & his duty is to effect service on the Provost & other serjeants of the Abbot of St. Michel of the fee of Noirmont, & he pays by the year to the lord the King 12 deniers of cert farm & it is worth further 7 sols 6 deniers by the year.

They present also that Godfrey Waryn made a certain ditch in the common of the lord the King to make his bank. And Jordan Seale dug turf in the common of the King in many places, thereby damaging the same. And Richard Seale likewise. And Ralph Artur likewise. And William Fenerer made an encroachment in the King's high-way in breadth 2 feet & in length 4 perches & there sowed barley. And Ralph Seale encroached upon the King's high-road 2 feet in breadth & one perch in length sowing wheat. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the damages shall be repaired at the costs of those by whom they were made.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Robert l'Evesque assaulted Alice du Val in her house & struck her & threw her to the ground. And the same Robert took the maid-servant of Bartholomew le Talender by force & against the peace &c. and against her will & immediately after the deed he fled, so that no one &c. And now he does not come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Guillot le Breton, Peter, his brother, & Thomas de la Moye came to the house of Ralph de Crapedoit in the company of the Rector of this vill & carried away the body of Emma Crapedoit deceased at the dawn of the day wherefor the wife of the said Ralph raised 'Clameur de Haro,' who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 10 sols. And because it is found that the aforesaid Rector against the will of the wife of the aforesaid Ralph carried away the aforesaid body, therefore he & all the parishioners who were with him at that act of violence are to be amerced.

(M. 43.)

Adhuc de plitis de Corona.

Paroch̄ S̄ci Clementis veñ p xij.

Jerseye.

Juř p̄sentant qđ dñs Rex habet mafiũ S̄ci Clementis unde mesuaġ cum gardio valent Et ĩbagium gardini valet p annũ viij caš fri. Et ĩbaġ pvi clausi quod contiñ virgatas valet p annũ iij q̄r ij caš fri. Et xvj pticař de eodm clauso valent p añ in ĩbaġ majoris clausi continentis viij virgař tč valet p añ viij q̄r fri. Et dñice terř sunt difsis p reddm unde de Gervasio Estur iij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ viij campte tč. Des escornez j q̄r faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des botilliers iij caš faš [j anca] j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Neaus vij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ mara iij caš fri⁽¹⁾ ij ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ Alano le Feuere v caš faš di j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ Ričo du Gardiñ ij [caš] faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ Bernart ij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Chau-seys vj caš faš j q̄rtionař j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ Fonteneys iij caš faš j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. De Roġo Towet iij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De esprovocz j q̄r faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Carpentiers iij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Valenbroun iij caš faš j q̄rtionař j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Auguyer iij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ monastio j caš e di j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. Du Gaan iij caš faš j anca j đ j galliñ xx ova. D̄ Varengot iij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Ada Bosquier iij caš faš j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. D̄ Račo Lietaud xij caš faš j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ Robto Wautier ij caš faš j q̄rtionař j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Veisins v caš faš e di j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Blanchandyn viij caš faš e di caš

(1) faš (?).

(M. 48.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Clement comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that the lord the King has the manor of St. Clement⁽¹⁾ whereof the messuage with the garden are worth
..... And the herbage of the garden is worth by the year 8 cabots of wheat. And the herbage of the small close which contains virgates is worth by the year 3 quarters 2 cabots of wheat. And 16 perches of the same close are worth by the year in the herbage of the larger close containing 8 virgates of land is worth by the year 8 quarters of wheat. And the demesne lands are [let] to divers persons at rent whereof of Gervais Estur 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 8 champart &c. ; of the Cornets 1 quarter of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Boutilliers 4 measures of beans, [1 goose], 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Neels 7 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Mare 4 measures of wheat, 2, 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Alan le Fevre 5½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Richard du Jardin 2 [measures] of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Bernart 2 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Chauseys 6½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Fonteneys 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Roger Touet 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Provosts 1 quarter of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Carpenters 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Valenbroun 4½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Auguyr⁽²⁾ 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Monastery, 1½ measures (of beans), 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Gaan 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 1 hen, 20 eggs ; of Varengot 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Ada Bosquier 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Ralph Lietaud 12 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Robert Vautier 2½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Voisins 5½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Blanchandyn 8½ measures of beans, 3 geese, 3 d., 3 hens,

(1) Now called the fief du Prieur. (2) Ogler (?).

iiij ance iij d iij galliñ XL ova. D̄ Sehir iiij caḥ faḥ j anca j d. Des Pipez iij caḥ faḥ j anca j d ij galliñ xx ova. D̄ Emma du Viloun j q̄r̄ionaḥ faḥ x ova j d. D̄ Guiffo Braynet xij caḥ faḥ sup hereḥ suā e partiḥ suis. D̄ Thoñ de Mara e partiḥ suis iiij caḥ faḥ. D̄ Galfro Gonoy j sextionaḥ faḥ. Habet t̄ dñs Rex ibidm de redditu. De Alicia de Camino iij caḥ e di fri j galliñ. D̄ Joḥa Relicta Espiardi Tullaunt v caḥ fri. D̄ Nicḥo Fauvel vj caḥ fri j pañ de j denaḥ j capoñ. D̄ Micḥe Baudyn vij caḥ. D̄ Riḥo Aunqetil e Thoñ Aunqetil xv busḥ fri. De Agnete Tousel e Micḥe Tousel xiiij caḥ fri. D̄ Rado le Bordoun xxj caḥ fri. D̄ Raḥi Gunor x caḥ fri. D̄ ḥebibz Riḥi Mabile IX caḥ fri. D̄ Colino le F̄nceis xiiij caḥ j q̄r̄ionaḥ fri de Matḥo du Moster vij caḥ fri. Iḥm de ḥedibz Johanne iij caḥ fri. D̄ Roḥto le Joevene ij caḥ fri. D̄ Petro du Mostier iiij caḥ ij ḥsioḥ fri. D̄ ḥedibz Guilti du Costil vj caḥ fri. D̄ Wace le Joevene xx caḥ fri. D̄ Petronilla Rualaunt iij caḥ fri. D̄ Roḥto le Feyure IX caḥ fri. D̄ Colino Saire xiiij caḥ fri. D̄ Wace le bordoun xxj caḥ fri. D̄ ḥedibz Riḥi de Augeres xx caḥ fri. D̄ Joḥne Wautier xiiij caḥ fri. D̄ ḥedibz Joḥnis le p̄vost j caḥ j ḥsionaḥ fri. D̄ Aleḥ le p̄vost j caḥ j ḥsionaḥ fri. D̄ Riḥo le p̄vost xvj caḥ j ḥsionaḥ fri. D̄ Joḥne de Costilio viij caḥ fri. Iḥm de Pḥo le Mouner ij caḥ. D̄ Alano le Bret v caḥ fri. D̄ Petro Mellemal vij caḥ fri. D̄ Rado Vivien xviiij caḥ fri. D̄ ḥedibz Riḥi du Vallet xiiij caḥ vj d. D̄ Humḥr le bordoun iij caḥ fri. D̄ Colino des prez v caḥ fri ij ḥsionr̄. D̄ Rado le Feuere xj caḥ fri. D̄ Guiffo Pouchin vj caḥ fri. D̄ Guiffo Columbelle vj caḥ fri. D̄ B̄ndicto Columbelle vj caḥ fri. D̄ Riḥo Neel vj caḥ fri. D̄ Agnete Clichie vij caḥ fri. D̄ Guiffo Clichie vij caḥ fri. D̄ Guiffo Brainet iiij caḥ ij ḥsionaḥ fri. D̄ Riḥo Braynet iiij caḥ

40 eggs; of Sehir⁽¹⁾ 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d.; of the Pipets 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Emma du Vilon 1 quarter of beans, 10 eggs, 1 d.; of William Braynet 12 measures of beans upon inheritance of him & his partners; of Thomas de la Mare & his partners 4 measures of beans; of Geoffrey Gonoy $\frac{1}{6}$ of a measure of beans. The lord the King also has there of rent: of Alice Duchemin $3\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, 1 hen; of Joan the widow of Espiard Tullaunt 5 measures of wheat; of Nicholas Fauvel 6 measures of wheat, 1 loaf of 1 d., 1 hen; of Michael Baudains 7 measures; of Richard Anquetil & Thomas Anquetil 15 bushels of wheat; of Agnes Touzel & Michael Touzel 14 measures of wheat; of Ralph de Bordon 21 measures of wheat; of of Ralph Gunor 10 measures of wheat; of the heirs of Richard Mabile 9 measures of wheat; of Colin le Francais $14\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat; of Matthew du Moutier 7 measures of wheat; also of the heirs of Joan 3 measures of wheat; of Robert le Jeune 2 measures of wheat; of Peter du Moutier $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of the heirs of William du Costil 6 measures of wheat; of Wace le Jeune 20 measures of wheat; of Petronilla Rualaunt 3 measures of wheat; of Robert le Fevre 9 measures of wheat; of Colin Sarre 13 measures of wheat; of Wace le Bordon 21 measures of wheat; of the heirs of Richard des Augerez 20 measures of wheat; of John Vautier 13 measures of wheat; of the heirs of John le Provost $1\frac{1}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Alexander le Provost $1\frac{1}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Richard le Provost $16\frac{1}{3}$ measures of wheat; of John du Costil 8 measures of wheat; also of Philip le Mouner 2 measures; of Alan le Bret 5 measures of wheat; of Peter Mellemal 7 measures of wheat; of Ralph Vivien 18 measures of wheat; of the heirs of Richard du Vallet 13 measures 6 d.; of Humphrey le Bourdon 3 measures of wheat; of Colin des Prés $5\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Ralph le Fevre 11 measures of wheat; of William Pouchin 6 measures of wheat; of William Columbel 6 measures of wheat; of Benedict Columbel $\frac{5}{6}$ measures of wheat; of Richard Neel 6 measures of wheat; of Agnes Clichie 7 measures of wheat; of William Clichie 7 measures of wheat; of William Brainet $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Richard Braynet $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of the heirs of

(1) Schier (?).

ij ʃsionař fri. Ā hered Hermine de Chauseye iiij caḃ fri. Ā Ričo Milaeyš xxvij caḃ fri. Ā Guillo Godefr xiiij caḃ fri. Ā Colino Morice iiij caḃ fri. Ā Colino Nicole ij caḃ di fri. Ā Roḃto Darioles j caḃ di fri. Ā Petro des Prez v caḃ ij ʃsioñ fri. Ā Joḥne Fauvel j caḃ di sextionař. Ā Nichaa de Chausye ix caḃ fri di. Ā Ričo de Gerneř iiij caḃ e di fri. Ā Guillo Blaunchebarbe iiij caḃ ij ʃsion. Ā Micḥe Baudeyn xiiij caḃ j ʃsion fri. Ā Guillo Sessoun iiij caḃ fri. Ā Colino le Maignen vj caḃ fri. Ā Joḥne Giroye iiij caḃ fri. Ā Matḥo Touet ij caḃ fri. Ā ħedibz Radi Feroun vij caḃ fri. Ā Jordano le Tubelin vj caḃ fri. Īm iiij caḃ fri de ħeditate uḁis sue. Īm Ričus Milaeyš tenet diam acram ʃre de dñicis ad Waynand p medietate que medietas appciatur in hoc anno ad viij solidos. Īm de ħedibz Guilli du Costil vj caḃ fri de ʃra que Guills Rualant tenebat que dimisit ħedibz predctis p dco redditu. Īm xiiij caḃ fri. Īm viij caḃ fri. Īm de Jordano Fauvel filius Jordani vj caḃ fri cū ptič suis. Īm j caḃ di sextoñ. Īm Ričus filius Riči des Prez e Joḥes des Prez x caḃ e ij ʃsionař fri. Petr^o des Prez Colinus des Prez e Ričus des Prez j galliñ j đ. Ričus Nel ij capoñ j đ. Agnes Clichie j capoñ j đ. Rad le Bordoun j capoñ j đ. Colin^o le Fraunceys j capoñ j đ et Joḥa Touet j capoñ j đ. Percipit t̄ dñs Rex de antiqua firma de predco feodo de la Greverie xxv š ad tres ʃios usuales et pref illos pcipit de eisdem ad pasči xvij š. Et debent tenentes de p̄dco feodo cariare vinū buscam e fenū et cariare camptū quod dñs Rex capit de eod feodo usq ad maffium et valet camptum illud coibz annis XLV^{li}. Percipit t̄ dñs Rex de qualibz domo de predco feodo unū pullaḡ ad f̄m Šci Michis videlč unū Juvenem gallū et unā juvenam gallinam. Et modo sunt in predco feodo vj^{xx} domus. Et Michael Baudeyn tenet teñ sua libe faciendo xx š ad f̄m Šci Michis pro quibz. Idem Micḥel quiet^o est de caragio fabaz e fri extra Insulam. Et debet^r relevium de teñ suo cum acciderit de x š.

Hermina de Chauseye 4 measures of wheat ; of Richard Millais 27 measures of wheat ; of William Godfray 13 measures of wheat ; of Colin Morice 3 measures of wheat ; of Colin Nicole $2\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Robert Darioles $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Peter des Prés $5\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat ; of John Fauvel $1\frac{1}{4}$ measures ; of Nicholaa de Chausye $9\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Richard de Guernsey $3\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of William Blanchebarbe $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures ; of Michael Baudains $13\frac{1}{3}$ measures ; of William Sesson 4 measures of wheat ; of Colin le Moignan 6 measures of wheat ; of John Giroye 3 measures of wheat ; of Matthew Touet 2 measures of wheat ; of the heirs of Ralph Feron 7 measures of wheat ; of Jordan le Tubelin 6 measures of wheat ; also 3 measures of wheat of the inheritance of his wife ; also Richard Millais holds $\frac{1}{2}$ an acre of land of domain land at Waynand⁽¹⁾ on half shares which half share is valued this year at 8 sols ; also of the heirs of William du Costil 6 measures of wheat of the land which William Rualant held which he demised to the aforesaid heirs for the said rent ; also 13 measures of wheat ; also 8 measures of wheat ; also of Jordan Fauvel son of Jordan 6 measures of wheat with his partners ; also $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures ; also Richard son of Richard des Prés & John des Prés $10\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat ; Peter des Prés, Colin des Prés & Richard des Prés 1 hen, 1 d. ; Richard Neel 2 capons, 1 d. ; Agnes Clichie 1 capon, 1 d. ; Ralph le Bourdon 1 capon, 1 d. ; Colin le Fraunceys 1 capon, 1 d. ; & Joan Touet 1 capon, 1d. Also the lord the King takes of ancient farm of the said fee of 'Greverie' 25 s. at the 3 usual terms & besides that he takes of the same at Easter 17 s. And the tenants of the aforesaid fee owe the carriage of the wine, firewood & hay & the carriage of the champart, which the lord the King takes of the same fee, to the manor house & that champart is worth one year with another 45 livres. Also the lord the King takes of each house of the aforesaid fee 1 pullage at the feast of St. Michael, viz. : 1 young cock & 1 young hen. And now there are in the aforesaid fee 120 houses. And Michael Baudains holds his tenements freely, paying 20 s. at the feast of St. Michael for which the said Michael is quit of the carriage of beans & wheat out of the island. And he owes relief for his tenement, when it shall occur, 10 sols.

(1) Ouiné (?).

Presentant t̃ qđ qđ p̃t statutum editum de Religiosis t̃c Abbas de Monte Šci Michis per quendam Thomam de Spinis monachū suū a xxij annis elapsis emit de Joſine le F̃nceys triginta solidā redd̃s p̃ṽientes de teñ qui Colin^o le Maignen modo tenet. Et quidam Galf̃r le Bramenchoun a xv annis elapsis dedit p̃d̃c̃e Abbatiē x solid̃ redd̃ p̃ṽientes de mẽs e quodam clauso que p̃d̃c̃us Colin^o modo tenet. Et Idem Galf̃r eodem anno dedit p̃d̃c̃e Abbatiē redd̃m j buss̃ fri p̃ṽientē de teñ Rob̃ti de la Mare. Et p̃d̃c̃us Abbas simiſr a xv annis elapsis p̃quisunt ibid̃ ij virgā ſre e d̃iam de quibz Step̃hus Blanchebarbe debet p̃ una ṽgata ſre e d̃i vj caſ fri. Et filii Joſnis le Provost pro d̃ia virgā ij caſ. Et mag̃r Will̃s Lenginour pro di virgā ſre ij caſ. Ido veniat Abbas responsū t̃c. Qui ven p̃ attornatū suū e dič qđ d̃ns Rex in ultimis assiſ recupavit maſiū Šci Clement̃ vsus cū set nō de mero jure ut ip̃is videtur. Et dič qđ post recupare illud nunq̃s aliquid p̃cepit de p̃d̃cis redditibz sive tenementis. Et hoc idem testatū est in Cuř. Ido p̃d̃c̃us Abbas eat inde sine die.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radulphus de Crapedoit e Jordanus de Monte uterq̃ eoꝝ p̃ medietate tenent carucatam de [Homet] de qua d̃ns Rex p̃cipit p̃ añ ad fm̃ Šci Michis xij ſ. Et ad fm̃ Šci Pauli [xij ſ] p̃d̃ci Radi et uterq̃ eoꝝ tenetur ad dium releviū [q̃n̄ casus etc] xxx ſ. Ets in ead̃m Carucata tenet de d̃no Rege de quadam antiqua forisſcura que vocat̃ le Camp Norberd reddendo inde p̃ añ x iij caſ fri. Percipit t̃ d[ñs Rex] les feisauns ad tres t̃m̃ios p̃ annū xvij ſ solvendos p̃..... Gro[uville] le feisance. Et Petr^o de Šco Eleř tenet maſiū suū de [Saumareys] de d̃no Rege obviabit d̃no Regi venienti in hac Insula in litore maris usq̃ ad [cingulas equi sui ?] d̃ni Reğ dū f̃f̃it hic in hac Insula. Et est Northberteyſ Lx ſ.

They present also that since the statute published concerning religious men &c. the Abbot of Mont St. Michel by a certain Thomas de Spinis his monk 23 years ago bought of John le Franceys 30 sols of rent issuing from the tenement which Colin le Moignan now holds. And a certain Geoffrey de Bramenchon 15 years ago gave to the aforesaid Abbey 10 sols of rent issuing from a messuage & a certain close which the aforesaid Colin now holds. And the same Geoffrey in the same year gave to the aforesaid Abbey the rent of one bushel of wheat issuing from the tenement of Robert de la Mare. And the aforesaid Abbot likewise 15 years ago purchased there $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of which Stephen Blanchebarbe owes for $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land 6 measures of wheat. And the sons of John le Provost for half a virgate 2 measures. And Master William Lenginour for half a virgate of land 2 measures. Therefore let the Abbot come to answer &c. who comes by his attorney & says that the lord the King in the last assizes recovered the manor of St. Clement against him but not by correct law as it seems to them. And he says that after that recovery he never took anything of the aforesaid rents or tenements. And this is witnessed in court. Therefore the aforesaid Abbot may go therein 'sine die.'

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit & Jordan du Mont, each of them for one half, hold the carucate [du Homet] of which the lord the King takes by the year at the feast of St. Michael 13 sols, & at the feast of St. Paul [13 sols]; of the aforesaid Ralph; & each of them owes half relief when it shall happen 30 sols.⁽¹⁾ And in the same carucate holds of the lord the King of a certain ancient forfeiture which is called the Camp Norberd paying therefor by the year 13 measures of wheat. Also the [lord the King] takes of the Faesans at the 3 terms by the year 18 sols to be paid [by the hands of the prévôt of Gro[uville] fee ès Faesans. And Peter de St. Helier holds his manor of [Samarès] of the lord the King he shall meet the lord the King when he comes to this island on the sea-shore up to [the spurs of his horse] of the lord the King while he shall be in this island. And it is Norberd 60 s.

(1) Compare Extente 1381, page 40.

(M. 43 d.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona** de pocht̃ Sci Clementis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o Blauncvilein fuit s^opensus p̃ latrocinio nō fuit t̃ram nec catalla Petr^o And̃r fuit s^opens^o p̃ furto a xij annis elaps̃ nō fuit t̃ram ṽt catalla nisi cotagiū in d̃nio Petⁱ de Sausmareys unde annū e vastū ṽ s̃ de quibz̃ pred̃ctus Petr^o respondeb̃. Et Petr^o Baudyn fuit s^opens^o a xiiij annis elapsis et fuit tres ṽlgatas terre de quibz̃ Mich̃ Baudyn tenet ij ṽlgatas reddendo inde dom̃io Regi p̃ añ IX cab̃ f̃ri. Et Riçus le Maignen teñ inde j ṽlgat̃ t̃re p̃ iiij cab̃ f̃ri. Et illa ṽlgata est in pocht̃ de Grovill. Et Rogus G^rnouse a diu est rectat^o de furto fugit et malecr̃. Ido exig^r e utlag^r nō fuit t̃ras nec catalla erat t̃ñ filius familiaris set nich̃ fuit p̃afamilias.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guilts le Golu solit^o est ducere simplices hoies ad tabnas e cōpellit eos invite solvere pro potu e cibo et qđ extorquet plima dona ab eis et fac̃ eos citari p̃ int̃pōitas p̃sonas ext^r regnū coram Cōmissar̃ Ep̃i Constañ malicōse e absq̃ causa raçonabili. Et modo nō veñ. Ido in m̃ia. Et cap^r cū veñit et custodiat^r in priona quousq̃ t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus de Crapedoit solit̃ est duçe simplices hoies suos ad tabnas e cōpellit eos solvere p̃ potu e cibo suo plusq̃ sibi debeant. Et Radus p̃sens nō potest hoc dediçe. Ido in m̃ia. Et inveñ pleç̃ videñt Reginald̃ de Šco Clemente e Guilh̃m le Bretoun qđ amodo t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Perrota filia Mich̃is Reynaud que moratur in Normanū plies t̃xit Godef̃r Vivenche ap̃d Hayam putei ext^r Insulas sup̃ causa t̃ediñ in exheredaçõe corone e dignitatis d̃ni Reg̃. Et pred̃ca Perrota modo nō veñ s̃z se ret̃xit pp̃ huj^omodi citações et

(M. 43 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Clement.

They present also that Peter Blancvilein was hanged for theft : he had neither land nor chattels Peter Andrew was hanged for stealing 12 years ago & had neither land nor chattels except cottage in the lordship of Peter de Samarès whereof the year & the waste 5 sols of which the aforesaid Peter shall answer. And Peter Baudains was hanged 13 years ago & had 3 virgates of land of which Michael Baudains holds 2 virgates paying therefor to the lord the King by the year 9 measures of wheat. And Richard le Moignan holds thereof one virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And this virgate is in the parish of Grouville. And Roger Gernouse long ago was accused of theft & he fled & was suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed & had neither lands nor chattels : he was at that time a son yet under the power of his father but he has had nothing from his father.

They present also that William le Golu was wont to take simple men into the taverns & compel them unwillingly to pay for food & drink, & that he extorted very many gifts from them & caused them to be cited by persons intermediary out of the kingdom before the commissioner of the Bishop of Coutances maliciously & without lawful cause. And now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come & be kept in prison until &c.

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit is wont to take simple men of his own to the taverns & compels them to pay for his food & drink more than they owe him. And Ralph being present cannot deny this. Therefore he is to be amerced. And he found pledges to wit, Reginald de St. Clement & William le Breton that from henceforth &c.

They present also that Perrota daughter of Michael Reynaud who lives in Normandy many times sued Godfrey Vivenche at La Haye du Puits out of the island upon a cause of inheritance to the detriment of the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the aforesaid Perrota does not come now but keeps away on account of

nichil habet in hac Insula nisi ñm reddm IX cab̄ fr̄i de dñā ac̄ terre quam Godefr̄ Vivenche tenet. Ido cap̄ redd̄s ille in mañ dñi Reḡ. Et simitr̄ p̄dca Perrota cū veñit. cap̄ quousq̄ t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñā dca la Piletele citari feč Colinū Sarre ap̄d Constanč malicōse et absq̄ causa račonabili. Et dcta Joñā nō veñ. Ido capiat̄ cum veñit. Et Colinus Blanchard feč citare Constañ P̄lm Dolobel e Guifm de Insula malicōse et absq̄ causa račonabili. Et ip̄e nō veñ. Ido in m̄ia. Et cap̄ cū veñit.

Robtus de Groviñ feč citari Willm le Bret ap̄d haiam putei ext̄ regnū pro debito ij solid̄ quos pred̄ Robt̄^o dixerat p̄dc̄m Willm s' debere de locačone ñbagii de laico feodo in hac Insula. Et Rob̄ p̄sens nō potest hoc dediče. Ido cōmittat̄ Gaole inde redimendus t̄c postea veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ XL ñ p̄p̄m Luce Espiard e Radi de Roke.

Et p̄dcus Wilts absq̄ causa račonabili feč suñ ap̄d p̄dc̄m Hayam Galfr̄ le Bret. Et Rogus de Costillo simitr̄ feč citari ibid̄m Guifm le Bret et multa dampna s' feč. Jō ip̄i in m̄ia.

Ecclia p̄dce parochie est in donačoe Abb̄is Šci Salvatoris et valet coiñz annis LX^{ll}

Presentant t̄ qđ post ul̄ias assisas devenit wreccū in v̄ra Reḡ s. una pecia ligni p̄č ij s. quam maḡ Guifm Lenginour recepit. Iñm quedam ancora navis unde p̄pars Reḡ L ñ de quibz Drogo de Barantyn respondeñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radulphus de Crapdoit habet Curiam de hoibz suis exceptis causis in quibz debet iquestam p̄ xij hoies et ille sp̄tant ad Cuñ dñi Reḡ.

such citations & has nothing in this island except only the rent of 9 measures of wheat from half an acre of land which Godfrey Vivenche holds. Therefore let that rent be taken into the hands of the lord the King. And likewise let the aforesaid Perrota when she shall come be taken until &c.

They present also that Joan called la Piletele maliciously & without lawful cause caused Colin Sarre to be cited at Coutances. And the said Joan does not come. Therefore let her be taken when she shall come. And Colin Blanchard maliciously & without lawful cause caused Philip Dolbel & William de l'Isle to be cited at Coutances. And he does not come, therefore he is to be amerced. And let him be taken when he shall come.

Robert de Grouville caused William le Bret to be cited at La Haye du Puits out of the realm for a debt of 2 sols which the aforesaid Robert said the aforesaid William owed him for the letting of the herbage of a lay fee in this island. And Robert being present cannot deny this. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed therefrom &c. Afterwards he came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Luke Espiard & Ralph de Roke.

And the aforesaid William without lawful cause caused Geoffrey le Bret to be summoned at the aforesaid Haye du Puits. And Roger du Côttil likewise caused William le Bret to be cited there & did him many injuries. Therefore they are to be amerced.

The Church of the aforesaid parish is in the gift of the Abbot of St. Saviour & is worth one year with another 60 livres.

They present also that since the last assizes there came of wreck to the land of the King to wit, one piece of wood value 2 sols which Master William Lenginour received. Also a certain anchor of a ship whereof the share of the King is 50 sols for which Drogo de Barantyn shall answer.

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit has the court of his men, causes in which an inquest by 12 men is necessary being excepted & these belong to the court of the lord the King.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p̄ s̄criptos videl̄
p̄ ux̄em Joħnis Varič Alanū Nel Galf̄r Neel fit Colini Nel Lauř le
Bret Galf̄rm Neel de Mara Guilm̄ de Insula Ričm Daurenches
Guilm̄ Pouchyn Coletta Vivien Joħam Relictā B̄ndicti Columbel e
Alanū le Neir Bolengař. Et p̄ Joħam la Cornette Joħam la Pilecole
Aleř le p̄vost Joħm Wautier maḡrm Guilm̄ Lenginour Thoĩ le
Kokerel Rogiū de Costillo Ričm Ernaud Petrū Baroun Guilm̄ Tul-
launt Lauř le bret P̄m Gadryn Alanū le Neir Thoĩ Coudrent Robtū
de Grovill Guilm̄ de Sausmareys Colinū de Šco Martino e Petrū
Basset Tabnarios. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Michael le Veillard sp̄oitus recipit blada p̄ unam
mensurā et illa delibat e vendit p̄ aliam minorem. Et P̄hus Gadryn
salivit congros contra inhibiçõem t̄ ubi debuissent duci ad espek̄ ěni
Reğ et inde vendidit Petro de Sausmareys vj libratas qui modo nō
veñ. Ido in m̄ia. Et dstringant̄ t̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus le Gaunber psona dce ecclie feč citari ad
hayam putei ext̄ regnū Ričm Milaeys et Willm Picot et p̄tes alios
absq̄ causa raçonalibi. Ido ipe in gravi m̄ia. Et idm Ričus poussit
Willm Fauvel usq̄ ad effusionē sanḡnis und̄ ha cla. Et simitr̄ pou-
sit Ričm Cornet cont̄ pacē t̄ unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend̄ t̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robt̄ Damade de Grovill̄ pro tu.....tatis t̄
fugit ext̄ molendinū Petri de Sausmareys et pars virge
fracte per..... pcussit ip̄m Robtū jux̄ molendiñ unde statim obiit
[et nullus inde] malec̄ ligna movencia ext̄ molend̄
cū canavacio que ffiunt appreciant̄ ad XL solidos.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rads le Feuere feč p̄prest.....
..... pticā longitud̄ faciendo murū e

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by the wife of John Varicus, Alan Neel, Geoffrey Neel son of Colin Neel, Laurence le Bret, Geoffrey Neel de la Mare, William de l'Isle, Richard d'Avranches, William Pouchyn, Colette Vivien, Joan the widow of Benedict Columbel, & Alan le Neir, bakers; & by Joan la Cornette, Joan la Pilecole, Alexander le Provost, John Vautier, Master William Lenginour, Thomas le Kokerel, Roger du Côttil, Richard Ernaud, Peter Baron, William Tullaunt, Laurence le Bret, Philip Gadrin, Alan le Neir, Thomas Coudrent, Robert de Grouville, William de Saumareys, Colin de St. Martin & Peter Basset taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Michael le Veillard the Provost received corn by one measure & delivered & sold it by another smaller [measure]. And Philip Gadrin salted congers against the inhibition &c. whereas they ought to have been taken to the esperkeria of the lord the King, & sold thereof to Peter de Samarès 6 pounds, who now does not come. Therefore to be amerced. And let them be distrained &c.

They present also that Richard le Gaunber parson of the said Church caused to be cited at La Haye du Puits out of the kingdom Richard Millais & William Picot & many others without lawful cause. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And the same Richard struck William Fauvel until he drew blood whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And in like manner he struck Richard Cornet against the peace &c. whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends therein &c.

They present also that Robert Damade of Grouville for &c. fled out of the mill of Peter de Samarès & part of the rod broken by dashed the said Robert against the mill whereof he died immediately. [And no one is] suspected. [The judgment is that the] moving timbers outside the mill with the canvass which were [the cause of the death shall be confiscated] & they are appraised at 40 sols.

They present also that Ralph le Fevre encroached perches in length in making a bank &

in regali via. Et Petr^o de Sa..... Et Rads
..... feč p^rpresturā in regal.....
Et Ričus Blauncvilein feč Baudyn feč
fossatū in regia via Et
Robti q̄ndam
..... latitud ad vj pticatas longitud

(M. 44.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona de pochia de Groviff.**
parocĥ de Groviff veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř p̄sentant qđ Robtus des Aubers a diu est s^opensus fuit p
furto bladoz Phi..... Idm ĥuit libam terram
videlĥ iij v'gař ěre quas quelibet valet p anñ ij busř fri

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus le Musqens adiu est s^opensus fuit pro
furto Idm ĥuit reddunt dno Regi p annū p
mañ Colinū Gregoř e participū suoř ij q̄r fri

Presentant t̄ qđ Nicha que fuit uř Robti des Aubers pro furco
fugit ad ecchiam de abjuř insulas.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o de Monasterio felonit̄ tĉ a diu est infecit
Wiltm filiū Mabile e statim fugit ad ecchiam isti^o
ville Ita qđ nullus tĉ et ibi recogñ fctm e abjuř Insulas. [Habuit]
libam ěram videlĥ ij virgař ěre e j clausum continens xij pticař que
valent p anñ v b3 fri j pañ j capoñ. Et sup hoc veñ Matĥo le Loreour
et off t̄ dno Regi j cab fri de inc^rmento p ipe possit tesfe
p̄dca clausū e ěram sibi e heř suis e illas sⁱ app^rare. Et ^ocedit^r ei q
Juř testāt^r qđ nūq³ plus valuit p̄dcm redd.

..... in the King's high-way. And Peter de Sa[marès] And Ralph made an encroachment in the King's high-[way] And Richard Blancvilein made Baudain made a ditch in the high-way And of Robert a certain breadth to 6 perches in length

(M. 44.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Grouville.

The parish of Grouville came by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Robert des Aubers was hanged long ago for stealing the corn of Philip The same had free land to wit, 4 virgates of land, whereof each is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat.

They present also that Colin le Musqens was hanged long ago for theft. The same had pay to the lord the King per annum by the hand of Colin Gregory & his partners 2 quarters of wheat.

They present also that Nicholaa who was the wife of Robert des Aubers for theft fled to the Church of abjured the island.

They present also that Peter du Moutier feloniously &c. long ago killed William son of Mabel & immediately fled to the Church of this vill, so that no one &c. and there acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands. [He had] free land, to wit, 2 virgates of land & one close containing 17 perches which are worth per annum 5 bushels of wheat, one loaf, one capon. And upon this comes Matthew le Loreour & offers to the lord the King one measure of wheat of increase [so that] he may hold the aforesaid close & land to himself & his heirs & appropriate them to himself, & it is granted to him because the jurors witness that it was never worth more than the said rent.

Presentant t̄ qđ Wills le Golu solit⁹ est t̄here P̄m le Mouner e alios simplices hoies in tabnas et compellere eos ad solvend p̄ potu suo contra eoꝝ voluntatem. Ido veniat p̄dc̄us Guillus inde responsū. Et modo no veñ. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ p̄t ultias assisas Robtus Burnof invent⁹ fuit ligat⁹ p̄ guttur de quad corda alligata cuidam batello qui cecidit p̄ ebrietatem ext̄ eund batell et Guills Goies qui fuit cū eo in p̄dc̄o batello ip̄m sic attraxit p̄ cordam p̄dc̄am et Idm Guills inde nō malecr̄. Judm infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guills le Golu f̄bavit noctan̄ in via Reḡ Ricm̄ Hasteng e ip̄m acabliavit ad terram unde sanguis e ha cla. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia e cap̄ cum vesit.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr⁹ filius Arnaldi de etate xx annoꝝ casu fortuito cecidit in q̄ndā fossatā et ibi s̄m̄sus fuit et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ricus Herebt ducens carecta suam cecidit s̄b ead̄m que t̄nsiens sup eum ip̄m inf̄fecit et nullus alius inde malecr̄. Judm Infortuñ p̄cii carecte e bestiaꝝ in ead̄m c̄ s̄ qui dantur in elemōs t̄c̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Mat̄us filius Clementis Morice etatis ix annoꝝ casu fortuito pcussus fuit fulgure et inde statim obiit. Et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr⁹ Arnald invent⁹ fuit s̄mers⁹ in quaddam fossata. Et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Symon Joh̄nis solitus est face suñ hoies dñi Reḡ extra regnū sine causa ut sic extorqueat pecuniam t̄c̄. Et Robtus le Feuere t̄xit consimitr Gervasium Graffyn e alios aḡd

They present also that William le Golu is wont to take Philip le Mouner & other simple men into the taverns & compel them to pay for his drink against their will. Therefore let the aforesaid William come to answer therein. And now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that since the last assizes Robert Burnof was found bound by the throat with a certain rope fastened to a certain boat, and he had fallen through drunkenness out of the said boat, & William Goies who was with him in the aforesaid boat drew him in by the said cord. And the said William was not suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that William le Golu wounded Richard Hastain by night in the King's high-way & threw him to the ground whereupon blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Peter son of Arnald of the age of 20 years by accident fell into a certain ditch & was drowned there, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Richard Herebert leading his cart fell under the same which going over him killed him & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure. Value of the cart & of the beasts in the same 100 sols which are given in alms &c.

They present also that Matthew son of Clement Morice aged 9 years by accident was struck by lightning & immediately died thereof. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Peter Arnald was found drowned in a certain ditch, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Simon Fitz-John is wont to cause the subjects of the lord the King to be summoned out of the realm without cause so that he may extort money &c. And Robert le Fevre likewise sued Gervaise Graffyn & others at Coutances. And

Constañ. Et Petr^o Limchoun traxit consimilr Guiff de Monte et alios extra regñ. Et Guillot^o le Telier eodm modo solit^o est vexare hoies ex^a regnū. Et Guillot^o le Golu simitr solitus est face suñ fidel hoies ex^a regnū sine causa t̄c. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o Ernof solit^o est coiter trahere hoies dñi Reḡ in plito apđ Constañ et apđ Haiam putei e alibi extra regnū sine causa ut sic extorqueat pecuniam ab eis. Et t̄ idm Petr^o solit^o est compellere simplices paupes solvere in tabnis p̄ potu suo cont^a voluntatem eoꝝ. Et modo nō veñ. Ido capiatur cum veñit. Et sit in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet chaceam suam in eoꝝ pochia sepalem t̄c. Ita qđ nō licet ibidm fugare p̄tq^a Hamoni de Hoga e participibz suis qui possunt ibi fugare cum cane e baçlo sine ingenio t̄c et hoc f̄miatur in quo waranto.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p̄ s̄scriptos videlz p̄ Cardinū de Barneville Bellocam Relictā Colini Hugone Wal̄m le Keu Ricm de Molendio Willm Lenginour Alanū Goez Michem le Feuere Robtū le Feuere Joñnem le Feuere Petrū filiū Henr de Gernereye Joñam Passewaret Joñnem le Bretoun Ricm Galbard Oliverum Luyliere Michem H̄bert Joñnem Chivaler Jordanū Aleys Petrum Poley Petrum Chivaler Guillotū Pesaud Joñnem de Grae Petrum le Feuere Ricm Poley Petrum Neel Radm le Motoun e P̄m Phi Bolengarios. Et Olivū de Molendio Guiltm le Perot Ricm Galbard Joñnem Justice Lucam Espiart Ricm Aubrie Petrum Darcis e Guiltm le Motoun Tabnarios. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Redd e fme
dñi Reḡ

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex ñet in eoꝝ poch de certa firma p̄ añ ad f̄minos Pasche Šci Pauli in estate e Šci Michis ad quemlibet f̄minū xxj^{ll} iij^s iij^d. H̄et e dñs Rex p̄ter p̄dcam firmam de una carucata ĩre as pontreaus xij s̄ p̄ añ quam Guillus Phi e Joñnes Pontrel modo tenent Iñm dñs Rex ñet de carucata as P̄helipes viij s̄ vj d̄ p̄ añ p̄

Peter Linchon likewise sued William du Mont & others out of the realm. And Guillot le Telier is wont in the same way to harass men out of the realm. And Guillot le Golu is wont likewise to cause faithful men to be summoned out of the realm without cause &c. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Peter Ernof is wont commonly to sue the subjects of the lord the King at Coutances & at La Haye du Puits & elsewhere out of the realm without cause, so that he may extort money from them. Also the same Peter is wont to compel simple paupers to pay for his drink in taverns against their will. And now he does not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come & let him be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has his own separate chace in their parish &c., therefore it is not allowed to hunt there except to Hamon de la Hougue & his partners who may hunt there with dog & stick without engine &c., & this is determined in the 'quo warranto.'

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Cardin de Barneville, Belloca the widow of Colin Hugo, Walter le Keu, Richard du Moulin, William Lenginour, Alan Goetz, Michael le Fevre, Robert le Fevre, John le Fevre, Peter son of Henry de Guernesey, Joan Passewaret, John le Breton, Richard Galbard, Oliver L'Hyvière (?), Michael Herbert, John Chevalier, Jordan Aleys, Peter Poleyn, Peter Chevalier, Guillot Pesaud, John de Gray, Peter le Fevre, Richard Poleyn, Peter Neel, Ralph le Moton & Philip son of Philip, bakers; & Oliver du Moulin, William le Perot, Richard Galbard, John Justise, Luke Espiart, Richard Aubrie, Peter Darcis & William le Moton, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer, & St. Michael, at each term 21 livres 3 sols 4 deniers. Also the lord the King has besides the aforesaid farm from one carucate of land of the Pontrels 12 s. by the year which William son of Philip & John Pontrel now hold. Also the lord the King has from a carucate

Hamonis de Hoga e p̄ticipū suoꝝ ad eundē t̄minū t̄c̄. Et p̄d̄cus Hamo est lib̄e teñ ejus de p̄d̄ca carucata e debet plenū releviū t̄c̄ p̄cipit t̄ d̄ns Rex de carucata as Rasours vj s̄ p̄ anñ p̄ manus Guilh̄i Poleyn qui illam modo tenet. Habet t̄ d̄ns Rex de certa firma de feodo In̄f̄ mariscis iiij s̄ in diʒsis p̄tictis p̄ anñ e debent reddi d̄no Regi ad festum S̄ci Mich̄is p̄ manus p̄poiti ejusd̄ feodi. Īm d̄ns Rex h̄et de quadam antiqua forisfactura vidz de j̄ peç̄ f̄re ij s̄ p̄ anñ quam Johannes Lynchun modo tenet. Dicunt t̄ qđ d̄ns Rex h̄et in eoꝝ poç̄i xxvij virgã p̄ti quaz̄ quelibet valet p̄ anñ ij bus̄ f̄ri habet t̄ d̄ns Rex de escheto Margarete la Cameyse bastarde t̄c̄ j̄ virgã f̄re e dī que valent p̄ anñ v̄ cab̄ f̄..... [Tho]mas le Estlenġ modo illam tenet Īm d̄ns Rex h̄et de escheto virġ f̄re quas Colinus de Monastio modo tenet p̄ j̄ q̄r̄tio f̄ri d̄no Rege ij virġ f̄re de escheta p̄sbifi Chasteleyn d̄ni Regi p̄ anñ j̄ q̄r̄t̄ f̄ri h̄et t̄ d̄ns Rex de escheta valet p̄ anñ ij bus̄ f̄ri. Et de escheta que fueř fuit bastarda t̄c̄ vj bus̄ f̄ri e dī vidz p̄ iiij virġ f̄re quas modo tenent. Īm Mich̄s le Desuee de forisf̄cura cuj̄dã f̄re e reddit d̄no Regi p̄ anñ xij cab̄ f̄ri. Et Rob̄tus virġ e dī e reddit p̄ anñ j̄ q̄r̄t̄ f̄ri. Et Petrus xv cab̄ f̄ri. Īm de d̄no Regi p̄ anñ Colinus le Hugōis Gane t̄c̄ e D̄ns de rley anñ. Et virġ f̄re de escheta p̄ anñ ij bus̄ f̄ri j̄ virġ e x̄ ptic quas Rob̄tus le Jouene fumaġ istius poç̄i et valet coibz̄ annis x̄d̄.

of the Philips 8 s. 6 d. per annum by [the hands of] Hamon de la Hougue & his partners at the same term &c. And the aforesaid Hamon is his free tenant of the aforesaid carucate & owes full relief &c. Also the lord the King takes from the carucate of the Rasours 6 s. by the year by the hands of William Poleyn who now holds it. Also the lord the King has of cert farm of the fee between the Marshes 4 s. in divers parcels by the year & they ought to be paid to the lord the King at the feast of St. Michael by the hands of the Provost of the same fee. Also the lord the King has of a certain ancient forfeiture, to wit, of one piece of land 2 s. by the year which John Lynchun now holds. Also they say that the lord the King has in their parish 27 virgates of meadow-land whereof each is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat. The lord the King has also of the escheat of Margaret la Cameyse, bastard, &c. 1½ virgates of land which are worth per annum 5 measures of wheat. [Tho]mas le Estleng now holds it. Also the lord the King has of escheat virgate of land which Colin du Moutier now holds for one quarter of wheat to the lord the King 2 virgates of land of the escheat of the priest Chastelyn to the lord the King by the year one quarter of wheat. Also the lord the King has of escheat is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat. And of the escheat which were was a bastard &c. 6½ bushels of wheat, to wit, for 4 virgates of land which now hold. Also Michael le Desvée of the forfeiture of a certain of land & pays to the lord the King by the year 12 measures of wheat. And Robert virgate & a half & pays by the year one quarter of wheat. And Peter 15 measures of wheat. Also of to the lord the King by the year Colin le of Hugh Gane &c. and The lord of year. And virgate of land of escheat by the year 2 bushels of wheat one virgate & 10 perches which Robert le Jeune fumage of this parish. worth one year with another 10 livres.

(M. 44 d.)

Adhuc de pochā de Grovill.

P^resentant qđ Simon le Counte feč p^resturam de comuna đni Ređ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj pticatař. Et Emma que fuit uxor Colini Hugoun p^restavit de eadem comuna latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj pticatař in uno loco e in alio loco sui eadem comuna simitr p^rpreřvit ad eandem mensuram. Et Petrus Desert p^restavit de eadem comuna latiř ĩj ped e long ĩij pticař. Et Ričus Hugoun consimitr e ejusdm mesure. Et Jořnes Walfr cōsimitr. Et Rořtus de Šbmonte eodem modo. Et Petrus le Feuere simitr. Et Jořnes Seroye eodem modo e eadem mensura. ĩm Petrus Desert obstruxit cursum aque ad mensuram ĩij pticatař. Et Peř le Feuere obstruxit eundem cursū ad mensur ĩij ptič. Et Rořtus le Desuee consimitr. Et Rađus Martyn obstruxit cursum aque ad mensur vj ptič. Et Ričus de Pratis simitr ad mensur ĩj ptič. ĩm Gervař le Desuee obstruxit eund cursum tč mensur ĩj ptič. Et Ričus le Desuee consimitr. Et Ričus le Hurteour obstruxit řđcm cursum ad menř vj ptič. Dicunt ř qđ Rořtus Robyn Junior app^ravit sibi řt ultimas ass tč de p^rto đni Ređ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj ptič. Et Matřus de molendino infossavit de chimino Ređ latiř e long ĩij pedū. Et Jořnes Lynchun feč p^resturam sup chiminū Ređ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj ptič e ibidem seminavit canabū. ĩm Guillot^o Jořis feč quemđ murū in quodam semita regia latiř j ped e long ĩj ptič. Et Petrus Horman fodiit in chimino Ređ ad spondū in řra sua e sic defioravit chiminū illud. Et Jořnes Huřti p^restavit de chimino Ređ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj ptič e illud seminavit. Et Guiltus Leael feč quoddam fossatum in chimino Ređ. Et Rađus le Muskens consimitr. ĩdo omēs in mīa. Et řđca nocumenta deobstruant^r ad eoř custagia p quos řca řřint tč.

Redds e firme
đni Regis.

ĩdē đns Rex habet in eoř pochia de antiqua esčieta ĩj virđ terř quas Rořtus de Barnevill modo tenet et reddit đno Regi p annū vij cař řri e vj galliř. Et Petr^o Damade tenet de forisřcura Belerente

(M. 44 d.)

Continuation of the parish of Grouville.

They present that Simon le Conte made an encroachment on the common of the lord the King 3 feet wide & 3 perches long. And Emma who was the wife of Colin Hugon encroached upon the same common three feet wide & three perches long in one place & in another place in the same common he likewise encroached to the same extent. And Peter Desert encroached on the same common in width 3 feet & in length 4 perches. And Richard Hugon likewise & of the same extent. And John Walter likewise. And Robert de Soulemont in the same way. And Peter le Fevre likewise. And John Seroye in the same way & to the same extent. Also Peter Desert obstructed the water-course to the extent of 4 perches. And Peter le Fevre obstructed the same course to the extent of 4 perches. And Robert le Desvee likewise. And Ralph Martyn obstructed the water-course to the extent of 6 perches. And Richard des Prés likewise to the extent of 3 perches. Also Gervaise le Desvee obstructed the same course &c. to the extent of 3 perches. And Richard le Desvee likewise. And Richard le Hurlour obstructed the said course to the extent of 6 perches. They say also that Robert Robin junior appropriated to himself since the last assizes &c. of the meadow of the lord the King in breadth 3 feet & in length 2 perches. And Matthew du Moulin made a hedge out of the King's road in breadth & length 4 feet. And John Lynchun made an encroachment upon the King's road 3 feet wide & 3 perches in length & there sowed hemp. Also Guillot Fitz-John made a certain bank in a certain King's path-way one foot in width & 2 perches in length. And Peter Horman dug (earth) from the King's road to spread over his land & thus deteriorated that road. And John Hubert encroached upon the King's road 2 feet in width & 2 perches in length & sowed it. And William Leal made a certain ditch in the King's high-way. And Ralph le Muskens likewise. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid obstructions shall be removed at the cost of those by whom they were made.

**Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.**

The said lord the King has in their parish of ancient escheat 2 virgates of land which Robert de Barneville now holds & pays to the lord the King by the year 7 measures of wheat & 6 hens. And

di virgāi fr̄e. Et redd̄ d̄no Regi cab̄ fr̄i di. Īm Dicunt qđ Mat̄is Osof tenet j acrā ter̄ de feodo Norbert et reddit d̄no Regi p̄ ann̄ xiiij cab̄ fr̄i. Īm dicunt qđ d̄ns Rex habet in eadm̄ pochia eciam ptem uni⁹ virgāi fr̄e de escheta cujusdam Robti Hoboy bastardi e jacet pasturā e vicini semp̄ huerunt inde p̄fituū e adhuc h̄ent et hucusq̄ conclatum fuit d̄no Regi videl̄i p̄ XL annos et valet p̄ annū viij đ. Ido respondeant vicini de arrē. Et respondeatur inde de ceſo d̄no Regi. Habet t̄ d̄ns Rex di virḡ fr̄e de escheta Guilli Aubrye bastardi quam Emma que fuit ux̄ Joñis Haiher tenet et redd̄ p̄ ann̄ j buss̄ fr̄i. Dicunt t̄ qđ est quedam carucata fr̄e in eoꝝ poch̄ que redd̄ d̄no Regi p̄ ann̄ xv s̄ p̄ manus Jordi le Rous ad ĩm̄m̄ S̄ci Pauli in estate. Et carucata as Romyes redd̄ ad eundem ĩminū x s̄ p̄ manus Joñis Selle. Et carucata as mayneres reddit d̄no Regi p̄ ann̄ xij s̄ ad eundem ĩminū p̄ manus Petri Mangys. Et carucata Asteyle reddit d̄no Regi p̄ ann̄ iij s̄ vj đ ad eundem ĩminū p̄ manus Guilli Asteyle. Īm Hamelinus de Hoga e p̄ticipes sui debent d̄no Regi de reddī p̄tis suis t̄c̄ annuat̄i vj ancas. Et Guillus Bercand e p̄ticipes sui debent d̄no Regi sup̄ les meles quas tenent j an̄c̄. Et Guillus le Desuee e p̄ticipes sui debent sup̄ scrotağ̄ quas tenent j an̄c̄. Et Riçus Michel e Guillus Michel debent sup̄ mesuağ̄ suū iij galliñ. Īm h̄edes Pet̄ Asteyle debent sup̄ meš suū ij capon̄ e iij đ. Et Mich̄ le Feuere debet sup̄ p̄tum suū iij galliñ. Et Guillus la Boyce debet sup̄ les meles quas tenet j an̄c̄. Dicunt t̄ qđ hoies istius poch̄ debent d̄no Regi fumağ̄ de tribz annis in tres annos e valet coibz annis cum acciderit x li set dicunt qđ Guillus Asteyle Pēr Neel e Hamelin⁹ de Hoga quieti sunt de fumağ̄ q̄ debent releviū t̄c̄. Īm d̄ns Rex h̄et in eoꝝ pochia j molend̄ ad ventū qđ valet coibz annis XL li. Et ij molendia aquatica que valent p̄ ann̄ xx li. Et di carucaī fr̄e que fuit Martini

Peter Damade holds of the forfeiture of Belerente half a virgate of land, & pays to the lord the King 12 measures of wheat. Also they say that Matthew Ozouf holds 1 acre of land of the fee of Norbert & pays to the lord the King by the year 13 measures of wheat. They also say that the lord the King has in the same parish the 3rd part of 1 virgate of land of the escheat of a certain Robert Hoboy, a bastard, & it lies in pasture & the neighbours always had the profit thereof & still have & up to this time it was concealed from the lord the King, to wit, for 40 years & it is worth by the year 8 d. Therefore let the neighbours account for the arrears. And let it be accounted for thereof from henceforth to the lord the King. Also the lord the King has half a virgate of land of the escheat of William Aubreye, a bastard, which Emma who was the wife of John Ahier holds & pays by the year 1 bushel of wheat. They say also that there is a certain carucate of land in their parish which pays to the lord the King by the year 15 s. by the hands of Jordan le Rous at the term of St. Paul in the summer. And the carucate of the Romyes pays at the same term 10 s. by the hands of John Selle. And the carucate of the Mayneres pays to the lord the King by the year 12 s. at the same term by the hands of Peter Mangys. And the carucate Asteyle pays to the lord the King by the year 3 s. 6 d. at the same term by the hands of William Asteyle. Also Hamelin de la Hougue & his partners owe to the lord the King of rent for their meadows &c. yearly 6 geese. And William Bercand & his partners owe to the lord the King upon Les Mieles which they hold 1 goose. And William le Desvee & his partners owe upon the scrotages (?) which they hold 1 goose. And Richard Michel & William Michel owe upon their messuage 4 hens. Also the heirs of Peter Astey owe upon their messuage 2 capons & 4 d. And Michael le Fevre owes upon his meadow 3 hens. And William la Boyce owes upon Les Mieles which he holds 1 goose. Also they say that the men of this parish owe to the lord the King fumage every 3 years, & it is worth one year with another when it shall occur 10 livres, but they say that William Asteyle, Peter Neel & Hamelin de la Hougue are quit of fumage because they owe relief &c. Also the lord the King has in their parish a wind-mill which is worth one year with another 40 livres. And 2 water-mills which are worth per annum 20 livres. And half a carucate of land which belonged to Martin Barbey owes to the lord

Barbey debet dño Regi releviū tē. Et Pñus de Cheny modo tenet fram illam de pquisito pñis sui tē. Dicunt t̄ qđ Jolies Gervaise e pticipes sui tenent de dño Rege xx ac̄ ĩre p đī releviū tē de feodo Audesfublej e debent tenentes feodi illius cariare sumptibz suis totū grossū maeremiū ad dño molend̄ Reġ in ĩ Montem Šci Michis e Chereburgñ videz molend̄ de Malassis e magnū molend̄ in pochia Šci Salvatoris. Et debent hoies Reġ istius poch̄i colleġe fenū Reġ in ista poch̄i et t̄ cariare vinū fenū e buscam dñi Reġ ubicūq; dñs Rex volūit in Inš.

Bordaḡ Presentant t̄ qđ Thomas de Sauzmareys e pticipes sui tenent xij virġ ĩre de bordaḡ quaz̄ quelibet valet p añ ij b3 ĩri et debet face serviciū capital̄ bordař in ista pochia e poch̄i Šci Lauř. Et Ričus le Mouner e pticipes sui tenent ij virġ ĩre de bordaḡ e valent p añ iij bus3 ĩri. Et Petr^o Chasteleyn e pticipes sui tenent consimītr j ac̄ ĩre que valet p añ ij q^rī ĩri. Et Roštus de Valle simītr tenet j virġ ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Guiltus Herbert tenet j ac̄ ĩre que valet p añ ij q^rī ĩri. Et Ričus de Barneville tenet eodem modo đī virġ ĩre que valet p añ j b3 ĩri. Et Huetus Goyres e pticipes sui simītr tenent j virġ ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Guiltus Horman e pticipes sui cōsimītr tenent ij virġ ĩre que valent p añ j q^rī ĩri. Et Thomas Herbert e pticipes sui tenent đī virġ ĩre que valet p añ j b3 ĩri. Et Petr^o de Cruce tenet consimītr j virġ ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Matñus de Molendino e pticipes sui tenent simītr ij virġ ĩre de bordaḡ. Et Petrus de Bourges bordař tē oñavit bordaḡ illud Colino le Maynen e pticipibz suis de redd̄ iij b3 ĩri qui reñ dño Regi q; coitas Inš testat^r qđ bordař nō possunt oñare bordagia sine licencia tē. Et Colinus Seruan e pticipes sui tenent ij

the King relief &c. And Philip de Cheny now holds that land of the purchase of his father &c. They say also that John Gervaise & his partners hold of the lord the King 20 acres of land by half-relief &c. of the fee of the Desfuble, & the tenants of that fee owe the carriage at their own costs of all large timber to the mills of the lord the King from between Mont St. Michel & Cherbourg, viz.: the mill of Malassis & the 'Grand Moulin' in the parish of St. Saviour. And the men of the King of this parish owe the duty of collecting the hay of the King in this parish & also of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the lord the King shall wish in the island.

Bordage.

They present also that Thomas de Samarès & his partners hold 12 virgates of land of bordage each of which is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat & he ought to do the service of the chief bordier in this parish & in the parish of St. Laurence. And Richard le Mouner & his partners hold 2 virgates of land of bordage & they are worth per annum 3 bushels of wheat. And Peter Chasteleyn & his partners hold likewise 1 acre of land which is worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And Robert du Val likewise holds 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And William Herbert holds 1 acre of land which is worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And Richard de Barneville holds in the same way half a virgate of land which is worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. And Huet Goyres & his partners likewise hold 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And William Horman & his partners likewise hold 2 virgates of land which are worth per annum 1 quarter of wheat. And Thomas Herbert & his partners hold half a virgate of land which is worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. And Peter de la Croix holds likewise 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And Matthew du Moulin & his partners hold likewise 2 virgates of land of bordage. And Peter de Bourges bordier &c. charged that bordage to Colin le Maynen & his partners with the rent of 3 bushels of wheat, which remain to the lord the King, because the commonalty of the island testifies that the bordiers cannot charge the bordages without license &c. And Colin Servan & his partners hold 2 virgates of land of bordage &

virg̃ ũre de bordaḡ e valent p añ et p̃d̃cm bordaḡ ofiat
Agneti relicte Riči Margie de vij caḡ fri qui similt̃ remanent d̃no
Regi t̃c. Et Ričus ponele tenet j virg̃ ũre de bordaḡ Horman de
pquiḡ de Thoma Pe[ronelle] defuncto que valet p añ v caḡ fri e remañ
d̃no Reg..... Et Walfus le Cu tenet iij virg̃
ũre de bord̃ Pot..... Regi p añ caḡ fri e facit šviciũ
bordagii t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus Vivien feč suĩ Robtm
veĩ t̃ cognovit t̃c set dicit qđ nō maliciose. Ido in miã et invenit
..... P̃hm Fũ..... e P̃hm Horman. Et Robtus de
Hoga feč citare R..... t̃c qui modo veĩ e
nō potest hoc dediĉe. Ido in miã et t̃c
unde Jordm de Hoga e Radm Turgys
Gervaḡ Greffyn Joĥem de Montibz e Robtm modo
nō veĩ. Ido in miã.

[The two remaining paragraphs of this Membrane are
very imperfect.]

(M. 45.) **Adhuc de p̃litis de Corona** de poĉi Šce Mař.
parochia Šce Mař veĩ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř p̃sentant qđ Colinus Robelin a xij annis elap̃s pro latrocinio
s̃pensus fuit. [Habuit] virgař terre que valet p añ iij^d. Et
Ričus Michel eodm anno s̃pens^o fuit nō [habuit catalla].

Presentant t̃ qđ Jordanus Chivaler abjuř Insulas a xxv annis
elap̃s et fuit di redd̃ d̃no Regi p añ
iij caḡ fri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joĥnes de Beket in piscando p̃pe ripam maris
cecidit de quadam rupe p quod statim s̃mersus

they are worth per annum And the said bordage is charged to Agnes the widow of Richard Margerie with 7 measures of wheat which likewise remain to the lord the King &c. And Richard Peronelle holds 1 virgate of land of the bordage Horman of the purchase of Thomas Pe[ronelle] deceased which is worth per annum 5 measures of wheat & remains to the lord the King And Walter le Cu holds 3 virgates of land of the bordage Pot to the King by the year measures of wheat & shall do the service of bordage &c.

They present also that Robert Vivien caused Robert to be summoned comes & acknowledges &c. but he says that he did not do it maliciously. Therefore to be amerced & he finds [as pledges] Philip Fu..... & Philip Horman. And Robert de la Hougue caused R..... to be cited &c. who now comes & cannot deny it. Therefore to be amerced & &c. whereupon Jordan de la Hougue & Ralph Turgys, Gervaise Greffyn, John des Monts & Robert now do not come. Therefore to be amerced.

(M. 45.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Mary.

The parish of St. Mary comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Colin Robelin 13 years ago for theft was hanged. [He had] virgate of land which is worth by the year 4 d. And Richard Michel was hanged in the same year & had no chattels.

They present also that Jordan Chevalier abjured the islands 25 years ago & had half paid to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat.

They present also that John de Beket in fishing near the seashore fell from a certain rock whereby he

fuit et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortuñ. Et Colin
eodm modo s̄mers^o fuit et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Jordanus de Castro cecidit de quad rupe in
mare e statim s̄mersus Et Rogus filius Gilbti
Dulbel piscando ppe mare casu fortuito s̄mers^o fuit. Et Robtus filius
Colini Blaunche balneando in quodam stagno s̄mersus fuit. Et
Guillot^o de Mara piscando piclitatus fuit in mari. Et nullus inde
malecr̄. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guillota filia ps̄bri Ansgot a diu est equitando
sup unū eqū casu fortuito cecidit e p̄dcs equus illam tramavit unde
statim inde obiit et n̄ts alius inde malecr̄. Judm Infortunū. Et
dicūt qđ P̄hus Levesk miles tūc fuit Balts qui de equo illo fec̄
cōmodū d̄ni Reḡ t̄c.

Redd̄ e firme
d̄ni Regis.

Presentant t̄ qđ d̄ns Rex pcipit p ann̄ in ista parochia xx li vij s̄
de certa firma p ann̄. Et de feodo des Meschins x s̄. Et de feodo
des Wyncheles v s̄ de greviia. Et d̄ns Rex habet j ac̄r terre de foris-
fc̄ura Guilli Artur que valet p ann̄ iiij cab̄ fri e Guilt filius Nichi
Robeleyñ modo tenet. Et Jordanus Levesqe e participes sui tenent
vij virgañ terre et reddūt d̄no Regi p annū xiiij cab̄ fri. Et f̄edes as
Robelins tenent iij ac̄r et reddunt d̄no Regi p annū xvij cab̄ fri. Et
d̄ns Rex habet de forisfc̄ura filii Robti Huḡes vj virgañ terre que
valent p ann̄ ij q̄r fri. Et de forisfactura as Griffouns ij q̄r fri iiij
capoñ per annū. Īm ymarka que fuit ūx Alani Eleire p parce
cōmune viij d̄ ij galliñ. Et Guifts Nicolas e participes as Robelins
reddunt d̄no Regi p annū de crofto del moster vj d̄ vj galliñ. Percipit
t̄ d̄ns Rex de montibz Petri Huḡñ que vocantur Latemie x li p annū.
Habet t̄ d̄ns Rex duo molendia videl̄ molendia de Jogelande e
molendim de Morer que valent p annū XL li. Dicunt t̄ qđ hoies d̄ni

was immediately drowned & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. And Colin was drowned in the same way & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Jordan du Castel fell from a certain rock into the sea & was immediately drowned And Roger son of Gilbert Dulbel fishing near the sea was drowned by accident. And Robert son of Colin Blaunche bathing in a certain pond was drowned. And Guillot de la Mare fishing was drowned at sea. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Guillota daughter of the priest Ansgot long ago while riding upon a horse fell by accident & the aforesaid horse trod upon her whereof she died immediately & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. And they say that Philip Levesque, knight, was then Bailiff, who took that horse for the profit of the lord the King &c.

tents & Farm
of the
ord the King.

They present also that the lord the King takes by the year in that parish 20 livres 7 sols of cert farm by the year. And of the fee of Meschin 10 s. And of the fee of the Vinchelez 5 s. of 'greverie.' And the lord the King has 1 acre of land of the forfeiture of William Arthur which is worth by the year 4 measures of wheat & William the son of Nicholas Robelin now holds it. And Jordan Levesque & his partners hold 7 virgates of land & pay to the lord the King by the year 14 measures of wheat. And the heirs of the Robelins hold 3 acres & pay to the lord the King by the year 18 measures of wheat. And the lord the King has of the forfeiture of the son of Robert Huges 6 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 quarters of wheat. And of the forfeiture of the Griffons 2 quarters of wheat 4 capons by the year. Also Ymarka who was the wife of Alan Eleire for the common pound 8 d., 2 hens. And William Nicolas & partners of the Robelins pay to the lord the King by the year for the croft of the Monastery 6 d. 6 hens. Also the lord the King takes of the hills of Peter Hugh which are called Latemie 10 livres by the year. Also the lord the King has 2 mills, to wit, the mill of Gigoulande & the mill of the Mourier which are worth per annum 40 livres. They say also that the men of the lord the King in this parish owe the service

Reĝ in ista pochia debent cariare vinū fenū e buscam dñi Reĝ ubi-cumq, Ministri Reĝ volfīt in Insula. Et Guilfus du Buhot tenet vij virĝ ĩre de feodo Riĉi Leveske e reddunt p añ vij b3 fri ij galliñ e ij d.

Presentant t̄ qđ Jordanus Levesqe et Pñus Levesqe tenent de dño Rege xxx acr̄ terre et reddūt diūm releviū cum acciderit. Et Guilfs le Petist Junior de pochia Šce Tñitatis teñ diām caructā et debet diūm releviū cum acciderit. Et Guilfs de Mara teñ diām carucatañ ĩre et deĥ diūm releviū cū acciderit.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius parochie est de advocaçone Abbis de Cesario e valet coib3 annis LX ti. Et Abbissa de Cadomo et Abbissa de Moster Vilers habent medietatē decie garba3 ejusd parochie. Et Abbas Šci Salvatoris pcipit sextam garbam ejusd decie.

Presentant t̄ qđ ante ultias assisas devenit de Wrecko apđ Portum de Laik quedam navis unđ ppars dñi Reĝ valuit xx ti de quib3 Lauř de Sevenok e Joñnes de Newent Receptoř respond.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robt^o Godel feĉ citare Guillm le Feuere e Guillm Hamon apđ Hayam Putei malicōse. Iō ipe in g^avi mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p sbscriptos videlē p Guillm Fauvel Reginald Wautier Petrū Morel Riĉm Boloyn Joñnem le Faucon Guillm Estevene Robtum Bodet e Rogum Bernard bolengarios. Et Guillm Fauvel Regiñ Gautier Guillm de Mara Galfr̄m Levesqe Robum Bodet Riĉm Bodet e Regiñ Mobey Tañnarios. Ido omēs in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Reginaldus Arthur pprestavit de chimino Reĝ p carucā suam latiř ij ped e longē j ptiĉ. Et Robtus Robelyn consimilr. Et Robtus Valoun feĉ ppresturam de via regali p quodđ

of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the King shall wish in the island. And William du Buhot holds 7 virgates of land of the fee of Richard Levesque & they render by the year 7 bushels of wheat 2 hens & 2 d.

They present also that Jordan Levesque & Philip Levesque hold of the lord the King 30 acres of land & pay half-relief when it shall occur. And William le Petit junior of the parish of Holy Trinity holds half a carucate & owes half-relief when it shall occur. And William de la Mare holds half a carucate of land & owes half-relief when it shall occur.

They present also that the Church of that parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Cherbourg & is worth one year with another 60 livres. And the Abbess of Caen & the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers have the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the same parish. And the Abbot of St. Saviour takes the 6th sheaf of the same tithe.

They present also that before the last assizes there came of wreck at the port of Lecq a certain ship whereof the share of the lord the King was worth 20 livres, for which Laurence de Sevenok & John de Newent, Receivers, shall answer.

They present also that Robert Godel maliciously caused William le Fevre & William Hamon to be cited at La Haye du Puits. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by William Fauvel, Reginald Vautier, Peter Morel, Richard Boloyne, John le Faucon, William Estevene, Robert Bodet & Roger Bernard, bakers; and William Fauvel, Reginald Gautier, William de la Mare, Geoffrey Levesque, Robert Bodet, Richard Bodet & Reginald Mobey, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Reginald Arthur encroached upon the high road with his plough in breadth 2 feet & in length 1 perch. And Robert Robelyn likewise. And Robert Valoun made an encroachment on the King's high-way by a certain ditch of his 2 feet in

fossatū suū latiī ij ped e longē j pticaī. Et Thomas Galoupin p'pres-
tavit de cōa Reḡ p caruē suam latiī ij ped e longē ij ptič. Et Henř
fiť Joeine e pticipes sui fecerunt p'presturam de cōa Reḡ latiī j pticate
e longē viij ptič. Ido omēs in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñnes Bloyen tenet xv acř fre de bordaḡ e reddit
đno Regi p anñ p qualibet bovata vij š que continent' in pđca firma
đni Reḡ e debet Idem bordaḡ fače šviciū bordagii in tota pochia
Šci Audoeni de hiis que spectant ad đnm Regem et debet respondere
p̄poīto istius pochie de omimodis denař đni Reḡ levand in pđca pochia
Šci Audoeni. Et Reginald Betoun e pticipes sui tenent j bovaī fre
de bordaḡ e reddunt p anñ ad pđcam firmam đni Reḡ vij š. Et
faciunt švič bordař in ista poch.

Presentant t̄ qđ homīes Reḡ de ista pochia debent cariare vinū
fenū e buscam đni Reḡ ubicumq, Ministri Reḡ volfint in Insula.
Ita tamen qđ debent recipe p qualibet quadrigata ij đ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Eḡus Constancieñ fiet tenentes suos in ista pochia
e pcipit de eis p anñ XL š vj đ et pđci tenentes nō solvūt fumaḡ tč.
Et Eḡus Abriceñ fiet in ista pochia camptū in feodo Pñi Selran e in
feodo Baudoeni Jonan quod valet p anñ L š.

Et Juř [p plibz] concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz convicti
fřnt [coram] Justič p exaiācoem [in mīa.]

(M. 45 d).

Adhuc de pochia Šce Mař.

Presentant qđ Thomas Henry insultavit noctantē domū filie Joñnis
Viuf frangendo tč. Et Phelipotus le Ducheroun simitr insul-
tavit eādem. Ido utq, eoř in mīa.

breadth & 1 perch in length. And Thomas Galoupin encroached on the King's common with his plough in breadth 2 feet & in length 2 perches. And Henry son of Jeune & his partners made an encroachment on the King's common 1 perch in breadth & 8 perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that John Bloyn holds 15 acres of land of bordage & pays to the lord the King by the year for each bovaté 7 s. which are contained in the said aforesaid farm of the lord the King & the same bordage owes the service of bordage in the whole parish of St. Ouen for those things which belong to the lord the King & ought to answer to the Provost of that parish (St. Mary) for all manner of moneys of the lord the King to be levied in the aforesaid parish of St. Ouen. And Reginald Beton & his partners hold 1 bovaté of land of bordage & pay by the year to the aforesaid farm of the lord the King 7 s. And they do the service of the bordiers in this parish.

They present also that the men of the King of this parish owe the service of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the King shall wish in the island, so nevertheless that they ought to receive for each four-horse cart, 2 d.

They present also that the Bishop of Coutances has his tenants in this parish & receives of them by the year 40 s. 6d., & the aforesaid tenants do not pay fumage &c. And the Bishop of Avranches has in this parish champart in the fee of Philip Selran & in the fee of Baldwin Jonan which is worth per annum 50 s.

And the jurors [for many] concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted [before] the Justices by examination [to be amerced.]

(M. 45 d.)

Continuation of the parish of St. Mary.

They present that Thomas Henry by night attacked the house of the daughter of John Viuf by breaking &c. And Phelipot le Ducheron likewise attacked the same. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̄ qđ molend̄ de Gigoullande cōbustū fuit p̄ malam e
stultam custodiam le Maynen tūc custodis molend̄ illius.
Ido ip̄e in m̄ia.

Comptum est p̄ Roſlos P̄hi le Evesk balli qđ Robtus le Evesk
ipsultavit quend̄ Malueynaunt pcusciendo eū unde sang's plaga
e ha cla et appleḡ fuit usq; ad has as̄ p̄ Radm Crapedoyt. Et
p̄dcs Robtus nō veñ. Ido pleḡ suus in ḡvi m̄ia.

Comptum est p̄ Roſlos P̄hi le Evesk Balli qđ Thomas Henry e
P̄hus Ducheroun de Šco Petro noctan̄ intraſunt domū filie Joñnis
Humfroy p̄ quod ip̄a reliquit domū cū ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend̄.
Et p̄dcs P̄hus veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xx š pp̄tm P̄hi le Evesk.
Et Joñnes Henry pať p̄dci Thome veñ e feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ filio
suo p̄ xx š pp̄tm P̄hi de Carſet. Comptū est p̄ Roſlos ejusd̄ Balli qđ
Joñnes fiť Pet' de Hailes v̄bavit Colinū le Abbey in retractu maris e
ip̄m acabliavit ad t̄ram unde sang's e ha cla. Et p̄dcs Joñes veñ e
feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xxxvj š pp̄tm p̄dci p̄ris sui.

Adhuc de reman̄ de poch̄ de Groviť.

Comptum est p̄ Roſlos P̄hi le Evesk Balli qđ Simon le Currouz
alias p̄posuit quasđ bill̄ de cōspiracoibz vsus Walſm le Keu Wiltm
Lenginour e Lucam Espiard pp̄t quod appleḡ fuit usq; ad has as̄ et
modo nō vult p̄sequi. Iō ip̄e in ḡvi m̄ia.

Et Juť duodene p̄ plibz concelamentis in vered̄co suo de quibz
convicti f̄sunt coram Justič p̄ examinačoe in m̄ia.

Juť p̄sentant qđ post ultimas as̄ venit ad Wreccū in pochia eoꝝ
j doleū vini albi sats p̄cii vj li x š quod Walſus le Keu fuit qui inde

They present also that the mill of Gigoulande was burnt through the careless & negligent custody of le Maynen then keeper of that mill. Therefore he is to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Robert l'Evesque assaulted a certain Malveynant striking him whereupon blood & wounds & 'Clameur de Haro' raised & he was remanded on bail until the next assizes by Ralph Crapedoyt. And the aforesaid Robert did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced.

It is found also by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Thomas Henry & Philip Ducheron of St. Peter by night entered the house of the daughter of John Humfrey whereby she left that house raising 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And the aforesaid Philip came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of Philip l'Evesque. And John Henry father of the aforesaid Thomas came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression for his son by 20 sols by the pledge of Philip de Carteret. It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that John son of Peter de Hailes struck Colin Labey at low tide & threw him to the ground whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid John came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols by the pledge of his aforesaid father.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of Grouville.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Simon le Currou at another time proffered a certain bill of conspiracies against Walter le Keu, William Lenginour & Luke Espiard on account of which he was appleged to these assizes & now he does not wish to prosecute. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

The jurors present that since the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish one barrel of white wine (salty) value 6 livres 10 sols which Walter le Keu had, who shall answer therefor. Also

respond. Iñm devenit ad Wreccū j peč ligni p̄ci x s̄ unde Wiltus le Petyt respond. Iñm devenit t̄ ad Wreccū j doleū vini uñ p̄pars Regē LX s̄ de quibz Wiltus le Petyt e Wilts Lengenour respond.

Presentant t̄ qđ sunt xv pticaĩ fre in eoꝝ pochl ubi dñs Rex solitus fuit h̄ere ceppos suos ad custodē p̄sones t̄c e tenentes teñ illud oflaſunt illud vsus ext̄neos de iij caſ fri reddē p̄ anñ quem Petrus Espiard p̄quisivit qui jam obiit. Et h̄edes p̄dci Petⁱ veñ e dat̄ dño Regi j caſ fri de reddē p̄ anñ p̄ sic qđ possint tenere teñ illud in pace salvo sibi waĩ suo t̄c. Et sciend̄ qđ quia p̄dcm teñ nimis p̄pinquē ecclie t̄c ordinatū fuit alias p̄ ministros dñi Regē qđ p̄soñ de celo ibi nō essent s̄z ducent^r ad castrū dñi Regē t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Phelipot^o de Breban abduxit uxem Rađi Justice simul cū bonis mariti sui. Et p̄dcus Phelipotus nō veñ e malecr̄. Ido exig^r e utlag^r. Et Joñnes de Braban e Olivus fra^r ejus soliti sunt multū expendere in tabnis plus q̄m possunt fidelit̄ acquirere p̄ quod ip̄i malecredūt eos et patet de eis in Roĩlo de deliberacone Gaof.

Presentant t̄ qđ Lucas Espiard s̄btraxit uxem Simonis le Curreour una cū bonis dñi Simonis put credunt t̄c. Et p̄dcus Lucas veñ e dicit qđ ip̄e nūq̄^a abduxit uxem Simōis ex^a domū suam t̄c et dat̄ dño Regi p̄ t̄ns quam fuit c̄ s̄ p̄p̄m Phi Levesk.

Presentant t̄ qđ in feodo Malet in eoꝝ pochl de quo Hamelinus de Hoga tenet eyneciam rōne ux̄is sue est quodd̄ molend̄ de quo dñs Rex solebat accipe L s̄ p̄ anñ p̄ sic qđ molend̄ illd̄ possit h̄ere cōem moltam de hoĩbz dñi Regē t̄c molere volentibz ad p̄dcm molend̄. Et dicūt qđ aliqui eoꝝ e eoꝝ p̄res viderunt Abbissam de Cadomo accipe L s̄ p̄ anñ in Castro dñi Regē de elemosina t̄c. Et postea dca Abbissa

there came of wreck one piece of wood value 5 sols whereof William le Petyt shall answer. There also came of wreck one barrel of wine whereof the share of the King is 60 sols for which William le Petyt & William Lenginour shall answer.

They present also that there are 15 perches of land in their parish where the lord the King was wont to have his stocks to keep the prisoners &c. and the tenants of that tenement charged it to outsiders (the purchasers) with the yearly rent of 3 measures of wheat, which (tenement) Peter Espiard purchased, who is now dead. And the heirs of the aforesaid Peter come & give to the lord the King one measure of wheat of yearly rent, so that they may hold that tenement in peace without prejudice to their warrant (if any) &c. And be it known that because the aforesaid tenement is too near the Church &c. it was ordered at another time by the officers of the lord the King that from henceforth the prisoners should not be kept there but should be taken to the castle of the lord the King &c.

They present also that Phelipot de Breban carried off the wife of Ralph Justice together with the goods of her husband. And the aforesaid Phelipot does not come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. And John de Braban & Oliver his brother are wont to spend more in taverns than they can honestly earn, whereby they suspect them & it appears concerning them in the roll of gaol delivery.

They present also that Luke Espiard took away the wife of Simon le Curreur together with the goods of the said Simon as they believe &c. And the said Luke comes & says that he never removed the wife of Simon out of her house &c. and he gives to the lord the King for the transgression which he made 100 sols by the pledge of Philip Levesque.

They present also that in the fee of Malet in their parish of which Hamelin de la Hougue holds the eldership in right of his wife there is a certain mill of which the lord the King was wont to receive 50 sols by the year so that that mill may have the common multure of the men of the lord the King &c. wishing to grind at the aforesaid mill. And they say that some of them & their fathers saw the Abbess of Caen receive 50 sols annually in the castle of the lord the King as of alms, &c. And since then the said Abbess for a long

jam diu est accepit p̄dcos L s̄ sup p̄dc̄m molend̄. Et dicūt qđ tenentes d̄ci molend̄ debent fiere de triennio in trienniū xxx s̄ p̄ f̄cura d̄ci molend̄ et sic usitatū est a tempe quo nō extat memoria qui quid xxx s̄ colligūt sup coitatem d̄ce poch̄ p̄ mañ tenenciū p̄dci molendini simul cū s̄uiente d̄ni Reḡ assedendi sc̄dm facultatē cuj^o cumq; t̄c.

Comptum est p̄ Rořlos Pthi le Evesk̄ Balti qđ filius Joñnis le Brabachon Juvenis fregit quand̄ archam existentem in arresto Reḡ in domo Pthi Justice sigillatam sigill̄ Vič. Et p̄dc̄s Joñnes veñ e feč finem p̄ filio suo p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xx s̄. Et t̄ comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Ričs Poyle sb̄traxit ux̄em Gilb̄ti le Blaunk̄ cū bonis mariti sui qui veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xxⁱⁱ p̄ quibz suppoñ corpus suū f̄ras e catalla loco securitatis. Comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Alan^o Anketil v̄bavit noctant̄ Radm Pareye e ux̄em Wifi le Leuere uñ ha cla qui veñ e feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xxx s̄ pp̄lm Petⁱ Hugoun e Druecti Mariette. Et t̄ comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Ričs fit Willi Horman v̄babit fit Petⁱ Neel e ip̄am acabliavit e male tractavit qui veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ XL s̄ pp̄lm Walfi le Keu. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ uxor Joñis Chivaler v̄bavit noctant̄ filiam Radi Romye e ip̄am acabliavit. Et Joñnes veñ e feč finē p̄ ux̄e sua p̄ xxxvj s̄ pp̄lm Luce Espiard. Et t̄ comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Gervaš de Normañ e Ričus frař ejus v̄bařunt noctant̄ Michem Herbert e Relictam Rořti Gabard uñ sang^{ls} e ha cla qui veñ e fečunt finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns quibz eoř p̄ xxxvj s̄ pp̄lm adinvicem. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Rořtus le Desuee e Gervaš le Desuee v̄bařunt Ričm le Chivaler faciendo ei sang^lnem e plař uñ ha cla qui veñ e fečunt finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xxxvj s̄ [pp̄lm] adinvicē. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Rořtus fit Hamelini de Hoga v̄bavit Rořm e ip̄m acabliavit unde sang^{ls} e ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄

time past has received the said 50 sols upon the said mill. And they say that the tenants of the said mill ought to have every 3 years 30 sols for the building of the said mill & so it was used from time immemorial: which said 30 sols are collected by the hands of the tenants of the aforesaid mill from the commonalty of the said parish together with the serjeant of the lord the King elected according to their respective properties &c.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that the son of John le Brabachon the younger broke open a certain chest being under arrest to the King in the house of Philip Justise, sealed with the seal of the Viscount. And the aforesaid John came & compounded for his son for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols. And it is also found by the same rolls that Richard Poyle took away the wife of Gilbert le Blanc with the goods of her husband, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 livres for which he pledged his body, lands & chattels by way of security. It is found by the same rolls that Alan Anquetil by night struck Ralph Pareye & the wife of William le Sueur whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 30 sols by the pledge of Peter Hugon & Drouet Mariette. And it is also found by the same rolls that Richard son of William Horman struck the daughter of Peter Neel & threw her down & illtreated her, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Walter le Keu. It is also found by the same rolls that the wife of John Chevalier by night struck the daughter of Ralph Romye, & threw her down. And John came & compounded for his wife by 36 sols by the pledge of Luke Espiard. And it is also found by the same rolls that Gervais of Normandy & Richard his brother by night struck Michael Herbert & the widow of Robert Gabard whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression each of them by 36 sols by the pledge of each for the other. It is also found by the same rolls that Robert le Desvee & Gervais le Desvee struck Richard le Chevalier drawing blood & causing wounds whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols [by the pledge] of each for the other. It is also found by the same rolls that Robert son of Hamelin de la Hougue struck Robert & threw him down whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by

(M. 46.)

Adhuc de plitis de Corona de pocht̃ Sci Lauř.

fressingfeld.

pocht̃ Sci Lauř veñ p xij.

Jereš Juř p̃sentant qđ Lucas Bertel a xvij annis elapsis s^opensus fuit. Et [habuit] ĩre p qua Jords Juliene reddit dño Regi p aññ ij, capoñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Haesius Chivaler adiu est abjuř Insulas p minori furto [non habuit] ĩras nec catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus le Batel in ultimis as̃ trahinatus e s^opensus fuit t̃c. Et [habuit] catalla videlĩ blada seminata p̃cii XLVj š. ĩfm j vac̃ p̃cii XL š j vitulũ p̃cii ij š j agnũ p̃cii viij š j porcellũ p̃cii ij š. ĩfm medietař j juveni e j vacce e j Guilli Hasteyn p̃cii xxx š. Idem t̃ ĩuit j q̃rřũ ordi quod tradideret Guillo War..... vendend̃ t̃c p̃cii xij š. Et ij bus̃ ordi p̃cii vj š quos tradidit Guillo Martin ad vendend̃ t̃c. Et Genettam p̃cii iiij š iiiij đ de quibz Robtus de Haddy respond ĩuit eciam reddm j bus̃ ři in feodo de Survitte quem Johnes de Cales ei debuit p̃cii tunc vj š. Et Humřus Foucher debuit ei in eodem feodo j cař fruĩti j pañ e j galliũ de reddũ p̃cii tunc ij š iiiij đ. ĩdo veniant iidem Johnes e Humř inde responsũ nich ulřius de eis q nich tenent modo de řra ejusđ.

Idem Guiltus ĩuit liřam řram vidz vij virg̃ que libate řřunt Rađo le Feuere e Rađo le Curraunt p xvij cař fruĩti solvend̃ dno Regi t̃c ĩuit t̃ in pocht̃ Sci Joħnis j bz řri de redd̃ de j virg̃ řre quam Johnes de Caleys modo tenet et t̃ ĩuit đi virg̃ řre que valet p aññ j cař řri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petrus le Moigne a iiij^{or} annis elapsis trahinatus fuit e s^opensus e Margia uř ejus combusta fuit t̃c. Idem ĩuit xxxj virg̃ řre que valent p aññ LX cař řri e modo dimittunt̃ ad vij^h t̃c. Et Thomas Archur tenet de ředitate ejusđ quandam peciam řre p

(M. 46.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Laurence.
Fressingfeld.

The parish of St. Laurence comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Luke Bertel was hanged 18 years ago. And [he had] of land for which Jordan Juliene pays to the lord the King by the year, 2 capons.

They present also that Haesius Chevalier long ago abjured the islands for a small theft. [He had neither] lands nor chattels.

They present also that William le Batel in the last assizes was drawn & hanged &c. And [he had] chattels, to wit, corn sown of the value of 46 s. Also one cow value 40 s. One calf value 3 s. One lamb value 8s. . One pig value 3 s. Also the moiety of one heifer & one cow & one of William Hasteyn value 30 s. He also had one quarter of barley which he delivered to William War..... to be sold &c. value 12 s. And 2 bushels of barley value 6 s. which he delivered to William Martin to be sold &c. And a foal value 4 s. 4 d. for which Robert de Haddy shall answer. He had also the rent of one bushel of wheat in the fee of Surville which John de Cales owed him of the value then of 6 s. And Humphrey Foucher owed him in the same fee one measure of wheat, one loaf & one hen of rent of the value then of 3 s. 4 d. Therefore let the same John & Humphrey come to answer therein. Nothing further from them because they now hold nothing of his land.

The same William had free land, to wit, 7 virgates which were delivered to Ralph le Fevre & Ralph le Curraunt for 17 measures of wheat to be paid to the lord the King &c. He also had in the parish of St. John one bushel of wheat of rent from one virgate of land which John de Caley now holds & he also had half a virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat.

They present also that Peter le Moigne 4 years ago was drawn & hanged & Margery his wife was burnt &c. The same had 31 virgates of land which are worth per annum 60 measures of wheat & now they are let at 7 livres &c. And Thomas Arthur holds of the

xx cañ fri de redd̄ quem idem Peĩr vendidit cuidam Wiffo Johan cuj^o heres idm Thomas est ante felonĩã tẽ e libata fuit ei p Justiẽ e valet ulfius ij cañ fri qui remañ dno Regi. Et idm Thomas respond̄ dno Regi de arreraḡ v annoꝝ a tempe quo libata ei fuit tẽ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robtus le Columbel indictatus qđ infecit uxẽm suam captus fuit e imp̄sonatus in Castro et inde evasit ex^a custodiam Petⁱ Espiard e exinde fugit ad eccliam S̄ci Elerii e ibi abjuĩ Insulas. Judm Evañ sup p̄dcm Petrum e hedes suos tẽ. Predcus Robtus fuit de liba fra ij virḡ fre que valet p añ j bus̄ fri. Idm t̄ fuit in poch̄ S̄ci Johnis j domũ que vendita fuit Robto Michel p xiiij s̄. Ido idm Robtus inde respond̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Scolastica fit Riçi le Neir a XL annis elapsis indictata fuit de latrociniis fugiit tẽ. Et fuit j virḡ fre que valet p añ j cañ fri. Et p̄dca Scolastica jam obiit. Et hedes Regin de Carlet dñi tẽ hent esch̄ p̄dce fre.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guillus le Gascoign bastardus obiit a ij annis elapsis. Et fuit medieĩ j meñ e j virḡ fre que valet p añ j bus̄ fri e di et sunt de escheta Reḡ et uxor p̄dci Guilli inde dotata est tẽ.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex het in eoꝝ poch̄ de feodo de Hundoneys xiiij q^ar̄t̄ e iij bus̄ fri p añ. Et tenentes ejusd̄ feodi debent dno Regi de xxx ac̄ ejusd̄ feodi plenũ releviũ vidz de qualibet ac^a xij đ et de residuo de qualibet acra vj đ q^a g^avior redd̄s tẽ het t̄ dñs Rex j virḡ fre de antiquo e valet p añ ij bus̄ fri et Colinus Bertin modo illam tenet. Et Robtus Gilbert tenet j virḡ fre de escheta Reḡ de antiquo tẽ et reddit p añ j bus̄ fri het t̄ dñs Rex de quadam antiqua escheta de feodo Fournier iij bus̄ fri de reddu j pañ e j galliñ vidz de

inheritance of the same a certain piece of land for 20 measures of wheat of rent which the same Peter before the felony sold to a certain William Johan whose heir the same Thomas is &c. and it was delivered to him by the Justices & it is worth further 2 measures of wheat which remain to the lord the King. And the same Thomas shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears of 5 years from the time at which it was delivered to him &c.

They present also that Robert le Columbel indicted for killing his wife was taken & imprisoned in the castle & escaped therefrom out of the custody of Peter Espiard & thence fled to the Church of St. Helier & there abjured the islands. Judgment: Evasion, the aforesaid Peter & his heirs responsible therefor &c. The aforesaid Robert had of free land 2 virgates of land which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat. The same had also in the parish of St. John a house which was sold to Robert Michel for 14 s. Therefore the same Robert shall answer therefor.

They present also that Scolastica daughter of Richard le Neir 40 years ago was indicted for theft, & she fled &c. And she had one virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat. And the aforesaid Scolastica is now dead. And the heirs of Reginald de Carteret the lord &c. have the escheat of the aforesaid land.

They present also that William le Gascoign, bastard, died 2 years ago. And he had the moiety of one messuage & one virgate of land which are worth per annum $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels of wheat & are of the escheat of the King & the wife of the aforesaid William has her dower thereon &c.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of the fee of Handois 14 quarters & 3 bushels of wheat by the year. And the tenants of the same fee owe to the lord the King for 30 acres of the same fee full relief, viz. for each acre 12 d. & for the rest for each acre 6 d. because the heavier rent &c. Also the lord the King has one virgate of land of old & it is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat, & Colin Bertin now holds it. And Robert Gilbert holds one virgate of land of the escheat of the King of old &c. and pays by the year one bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King has of a certain ancient escheat of the fee of Fournier 3 bushels of wheat of rent, one

iiij virg̃ fre. Iŕm dñs Rex fiet in eoꝝ poŕch de ŕta f̃ma p aññ ad fiõs
Pasch̃ Šci Pauli in estate e Šci Mich̃is ix fi ix ã iiij d̃ ad quēlibet l̃ñ.
Et de feodo des Arbris v ã de Greverie et d̃z plenū releviū t̃c̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus le Malesars insultavit Rob̃tm Gilbert in
mañio suo e feč ei plagā e sang̃nem unde ha cla. Et alias insultavit
eund̃ Rob̃tm e eum morsit p digitū unde ha cla. Et p̃dcus Colinus
veñ e dič qđ p̃dcus Rob̃tus eum vulñavit e multa enormia ei intulit
p quod idem Colinus p̃dco Rob̃to de alicubz malefecit et vadiat dño
Regi emend̃ taxand̃ p discrečõem Cuř t̃c̃ p̃ptm Henrici de Šco Mar-
tino. Et Gilbtus le Hardy insultavit noctañ quamdã dcam Melior
in hospico suo unde ha cla. Et Idm Gilbtus potans in tařna Riči
Boif voluit recessisse vi e cont̃ voluntatem iřius Riči p quod idm
Ričus cla ha. Et Colinus le Galicien vřavit Jořem Angare unde
ha cla qui veñ e vadiavit emend̃ t̃c̃. Et Ričus Morel jactavit lapides
ad hostiū Colini Morel p quod uxor iřius Colini cla ha. Iđo fiant
inde emend̃ t̃c̃. Et Ričus de Vergee vřavit noctañ Colinū le Fil-
lastre uñ ha cla et patet alibi de eo.

Presentant t̃ qđ Jořnes des Cays Peřr Ernof Guiffus le Golu e
Perrot⁹ le Opiket soliti sunt coit̃ fače citare maliciose fideles hoies
ex̃ regnū apud Constanč. Et modo nō veniūt. Iđo om̃es in miã.
Et cařr cū veřunt.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiffus de Vergee ebrius cecidit in quadã
valle p̃funda unde statim obiit. Et [nullus inde malecr̃.] Judm
infortunū.

Presentant qđ casu fortuito cecidit de equo suo p
infortunū p tempis inclementiam nullus inde malecr̃.
Judm Infortunū p̃cii equi XL ã Et assigñnt̃ in elemoř sic

loaf & one hen, viz. for 3 virgates of land. Also the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer & St. Michael 9 l. 9 s. 4 d. at each term. And of the fee des Arbres 5 s. of 'greverie' & it owes full relief &c.

They present also that Colin Malzard assaulted Robert Gilbert in his manor & wounded him & drew blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. And elsewhere he assaulted the same Robert & bit him on the fingers whereupon 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid Colin comes & says that the aforesaid Robert wounded him & committed many outrages upon him whereby the said Colin to some extent illtreated the aforesaid Robert & he will pledge to the lord the King amends to be taxed at the discretion of the court, by the pledge of Henry de St. Martin. And Gilbert le Hardy by night assaulted a certain woman called Melior in her inn whereupon 'Haro' was raised. And the said Gilbert drinking in the tavern of Richard Boif wished to withdraw by force & against the will of the said Richard whereupon the said Richard raised 'Haro.' And Colin le Galicien struck John Angare whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & pledged amends &c. And Richard Morel threw stones at the door of Colin Morel whereby the wife of the said Colin raised 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And Richard du Vergee by night struck Colin le Fillastre whereupon 'Haro' was raised, & it appears elsewhere concerning him.

They present also that John des Cays, Peter Ernof, William le Golu & Perrot le Opiket are wont maliciously to cite subjects out of the kingdom at Coutances. And now they do not come. Therefore all of them to be amerced, & let them be taken when they shall come.

They present also that William du Vergee while drunk fell into a certain deep trench whereupon he died immediately. And [no one is suspected thereof.] Verdict: by misadventure.

They present that by accident fell from his horse by misadventure by [the inclemency] of the weather, [no one] is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure: value of the horse 40 sols. And they are assigned in alms as

[Dicunt t̄ qđ hoīes dñi] Reġ in ista poch debent cariare vinū fenū
[e buscam dñi Reġ ubicumq, Ministri] Reġ volſint in hac Insula et
debent [facere sectam] in ista poch
molend de Kaytivel quo

(M. 46 d.)

Adhuc de pl̄itis Corone de poch̄ Sci Lauř.

P̄sentant qđ Robtus le Barber e Colinus le Baillif v̄bati f̄ſunt
noctant̄ e vulſati et Thomas Archur e Jords le Gascoign inde indic-
tati f̄ſunt et p̄tea rediti Offiĉ t̄c. Et p̄dcs Thomas veñ e inde
allocutus vidz de eo qđ cum ip̄e sit tenens dñi Reġ et ejus justiciabit
..... debet esse fidel̄ ip̄e in ex̄hedacōem dñi Reġ e Corone sue
tenent se ad p̄vilegiū clericale in tali casu de t̄nsḡr̄ t̄c quaz emend̄
ad dñm Reġe spectant p̄ pace sua fracta t̄c nō potest hoc dedice e
supponit se ġre Cuř t̄c. Et p̄dcs Jords nō veñ. Ido Jofes pař ejus
cuj⁹ familiaris est in m̄ia. Et teñ e catalla ip̄ius Jordi capiant̄ in
mañ dñi Reġ quousq, t̄c pleġ p̄dci Thome de emend̄ Riĉus Michel e
Peř Burnolf.

Presentant t̄ qđ j jumentū de Weif inventū in eoř poch lib̄atum
fuit Ballo p̄cii juñti x s̄ de quibz idm Balis respond̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radus fil̄ Henř Galycien h̄et j columbario injuste
in feodo nō lib̄o p̄ quod p̄ceptū fuit in aliis as̄ qđ p̄terneret̄. Et q,
nō p̄stravit Jō in ġ̄vi m̄ia et statim p̄snat̄ sumptibz suis t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Lauř de Sevenok̄ fuit clicus dñi Reġ e fuit in-
fidel̄ tam dño Regi q̄m populo e solitus fuit cape dona ex utraq, pte
ad manutenendū utrumq, t̄c. Et posuit fidel̄ hoīes in m̄is in Rořlis
sine scitu Balli veř Juř Reġ et feĉ levare denar̄ huj⁹modi ad opus suū

[And they say that the tenants of the lord] the King in this parish owe the carriage of wine, hay [and firewood of the lord the King wherever the officers] of the King shall wish in this island & they owe suit in this parish at the mill of Quetivel in which

(M. 46 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Laurence.

They present also that Robert le Barber & Colin le Baillif were beaten by night & wounded & Thomas Arthur & Jordan le Gascoign were indicted thereof & afterwards surrendered to the officer &c. And the aforesaid Thomas comes & being questioned therein, viz., as to how he, being a tenant of the lord the King & subject to his jurisdiction & owing allegiance to him, should have claimed the benefit of clergy to the damage of the lord the King & of his crown in such case of transgression &c. the amends whereof belong to the lord the King for breach of his peace &c. He cannot deny this & submits himself to the mercy of the court &c. And the aforesaid Jordan does not come, therefore John his father under whose power he still was, is to be amerced. And let the tenements & chattels of the said Jordan be taken into the hands of the lord the King until &c. Pledges of the said Thomas for amends, Richard Michel & Peter Burnolf.

They present also that a mare of waif found in their parish was delivered to the Bailiff; value of the mare 10 s. for which the said Bailiff shall answer.

They present also that Ralph son of Henry Galicien has a dove-cote without right in his fee which is not a frank-fee whereof it was ordered in the other assizes that it be pulled down. And because he did not pull it down therefore he is to be heavily amerced & let it be pulled down immediately at his costs &c.

They present also that Laurence de Sevenok was the clerk⁽¹⁾ of the lord the King, & was unfaithful as well to the lord the King as to the people & was wont to take gifts on both sides to maintain both &c. And he amerced liege men in the rolls without the knowledge of the Bailiff or Jurats of the King & caused such money to be levied for his own advantage. And the aforesaid Laurence

(1) The Greffier.

pp'um. Et p̄d̄cus Lauř modo nō veñ. Ido cap' cū veñit. Et teñ sua capiant' in manū dñi Reġ quousq; tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus le Fraunceys tenz xvij acř ĩre de feodo Amorers in ista počĥ. Et de feodo de la Launde in počĥ Šce T'ni-tatis xij acř ĩre. Et de feodo des Arbres in ista počĥ xxx acř ĩre et debet p teñ istis plenū releviū cū acciderit. Et Greveriam tē. Et p̄d̄cus Ričus debet p p̄d̄co feodo Amorers unū p̄ndiū p anñ ad ministros dñi Reġ vidz ad tres equites e duos pedites tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ as̄s panis e vini fracta est p s̄s̄c̄ptos vidz Guillm Chivaler, Guill Neel, Petronillam Bertin, Wiltm Ernald, Lauř Pynel, Ričm le Corraunt, Guillm Mortfouache, Guillm Galicien, Colinū le Neir, Rađm Tebaut, Joĥem Tebaut, Pĥm Pynel, Colinū Pynel, Guillm Roger, Rađm Neel, bolengarios. Et Joĥem le Gascoign, Colinū Galicien, Wiltm Hasteng, Collardū Waryn, Joĥem le Gros, Ričm Boif, Colinū Boif, Rob̄tm Barber, Pĥm Boif, Jacobum de Mountsorel, Joĥem Martin, Joĥm Angare. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rađus Curraunt Joĥnes le Vicon e Joĥnes Hobaut fecerūt Ričō Trachee ha cla injuste. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius počĥ est de advocacōne Abbtis de Blancalanda e valet coĩbz annis xxxⁱⁱ e fminat' in quo waranto.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex ĩet de tenentibz feodi de Hundoneys p̄t̄ s̄vicia sc̄pta infra in isto Rořlo vidz de Guillmo e Petro de Marek ĩribz ij đ e ij galliñ p anñ. Et Petro de Keyteuel iij đ ij galliñ e xxx ova. Et de Guillō Firebrache iij đ ij galliñ e xxx ova. Et de Rađo Gerald j đ e j galliñ. Et de ĩedibz Guilti Michel j đ e j galliñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus du Pount e alii familiares Rectoris de Šco Clemente asportařunt genettam Galřri de Pount cont' ejus voluntatē. Ido ip̄i in m̄ia.

does not now come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come, & let his tenements be taken into the hands of the lord the King until &c.

They present also that Richard le Fraunceys holds 18 acres of land of the fee of Amorerers in this parish. And of the fee of la Launde in the parish of Holy Trinity 12 acres of land. And of the fee des Arbres in that parish 30 acres of land & he owes for these tenements full relief when it shall occur & 'greverie' &c. And the aforesaid Richard owes for the aforesaid fee of Amorerers a dinner yearly to the officers of the lord the King, viz. to 3 mounted & 2 on foot.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, William Chevalier, William Neel, Petronilla Bertin, William Ernald, Laurence Pynel, Richard le Corrant, William Mortfouache, William Galicien, Colin le Neir, Ralph Tebaut, John Tebaut, Philip Pynel, Colin Pynel, William Roger, Ralph Neel, bakers; & by John le Gascoign, Colin Galicien, William Hastein, Collard Waryn, John le Gros, Richard Boif, Colin Boif, Robert Barber, Philip Boif, James de Mountsorel, John Martin, John Angare. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Currant, John le Vicon & John Hobant caused 'Haro' to be raised wrongly against Richard Trachee. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Blanchelande & is worth one year with another 30 livres, & it is determined in the 'quo warranto.'

They present also that the lord the King has of the tenants of the fee of Handois besides the services written within in this roll, to wit, of William & Peter du Marais brothers 2 d. & 2 hens by the year. And of Peter de Keytivel 3 d. 2 hens & 30 eggs. And of William Firebrache 3 d. 2 hens & 30 eggs. And of Ralph Gerald 1 d. & 1 hen. And of the heirs of William Michel 1 d. & 1 hen.

They present also that Colin du Pont & other servants of the rector of St. Clement carried away a foal of Geoffrey du Pont against his will. Therefore they are to be amerced.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus fil Gregorii Amelyne inventus fuit mortuus in p̄tis de Groviff et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus le Gras indictatus de latrocinio in ultimis assis exactus fuit et modo nō veñ e malecr̄. Ido ex̄ e utlaḡ. Catalla nulla.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus de Carteret e pticipes sui capiunt p anñ de molendino de Denemarche LX s̄ et est molendinū illud de feodo de Botevyleyn et Robtus de Melechtes reddm illū tenuit inf̄ alia teñ sua t̄c. Et idm Pñus e pticipes sui recipiunt de f̄ma in ista pochia et in poch̄ S̄ci Joh̄nis vij li p̄cipiunt t̄ idem pticipes decimas in ista poch̄ et in pochia S̄ci Joh̄nis que valent p anñ LX s̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Willus le Gras obiit bastardus e fuit j virḡ t̄re e di que valent p anñ j q̄r̄i f̄ri et est in feodo Paynel e h̄edes Regiñ de Carlet illum tenent.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robtus le Desuee puer IX annoz invent^o fuit s̄mersus in rivo molendini de Tessoun et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Robtus de Houn Doneys e pticipes sui tenent de d̄no Rege et debet idem Robtus colliḡe f̄rm deb̄it d̄no Regi in feodo illo quod intus in Roñlo 9̄tinet̄. Et debet ul̄tius d̄no Regi j pār pār calcār alboz que aretro sunt e xxx annis. Ido p̄dcs Robtus inde respond̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus Baudeyn fēc p̄presturā in chimino Regis latī di ped̄ e lonḡ j pticate. Et Guills Ernald consim̄tr latī di ptic̄. Et Joh̄a relicta Galf̄ri Ernald p̄prestavit latī e vj ped̄ lonḡ. Et Guills Nonel a iij annis elapsis p̄prestavit t̄re que p anñ vj d̄. Ido respond̄ de arrerağ̄ t̄c

They present also that Philip son of Gregory Amelyne was found dead in the meadows of Grouville & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Philip le Gras indicted for theft at the last assizes was called & does not now come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. He has no chattels.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & his partners take by the year of the mill of Danmarche 60 s., & that mill is of the fee of Boutvilein, & Robert de Melèches held that rent among other his tenements &c. And the same Philip & his partners receive of farm in this parish & in the parish of St. John 7 livres, & the same partners also take the tithes in this parish & in the parish of St. John which are worth by the year 60 s.

They present also that William le Gras, a bastard, died & had $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which are worth by the year one quarter of wheat, & it is in the fee of Paynel & the heirs of Reginald de Carteret hold it.

They present also that Robert le Desvee a boy of 9 years was found drowned in the stream of the mill of Tesson & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Robert de Handois & his partners hold of the lord the King, & the same Robert owes the duty of collecting the wheat due to the lord the King in that fee which is contained within in the roll. And he owes further to the lord the King one pair of white spurs which are in arrear 30 years. Therefore the aforesaid Robert shall answer therefor.

They present also that Philip Baudains made an encroachment in the King's road half a foot in width & one perch in length. And William Ernaud likewise half a perch in breadth. And Joan the widow of Geoffrey Ernaud encroached in breadth & 6 feet in length. And William Nonel 3 years ago encroached of land which by the year 6 d. Therefore let them answer for the arrears &c.

..... salvo Et omnes p̄dci p̄ p̄dci p̄prestui
sint in m̄ia.

Et Jūr duodene p̄ plibz conclamentis de quibz cōvicti f̄iunt
coram Justiç p̄ examinaçõem in m̄ia.

[Respice de remañ in Dorso de eodem.]

(M. 47.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis Corone** de pochia Šci Joñnis.

Fresingfeld.

pochia Šci Joñnis veñ p̄ xij.

Jereš Jūr p̄sentant qđ Riçus le Meleter trahinatus fuit e s̄p̄ensus p̄
latrociniis e m̄dro. [Habuit] ij virḡ ĩre que reddunt d̄no Regi p̄
an̄ xvij đ. Et Petronilla filia Pet' Boiste Cecilia
sorores ejusdem s̄p̄ense fuerunt et ĩuerunt iij virḡ ĩre que reddunt
..... j q̄r̄ ĩri. Et Robtus Burnel e Lucas Bertel a
diu est s̄p̄ensi f̄iunt. Et nulla ĩuerunt catalla.

Presentant t̄ qđ Riçus Courlu a diu est abjūr Insulas p̄ lat̄cinio
ad eccliam istius [parochiae] ĩuit j virḡ ĩre e đi e reddunt d̄no Regi
p̄ an̄ j bus̄ ĩri.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñna la Graneye e Joñ la Pareye ceciderunt
casu fortuito de quadam alta rupe et inde statim obierunt et nullus
inde malecr̄. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ d̄ns Rex ĩet de feodo de Hennodoit XL b̄z ĩri p̄
an̄ ad pvam mensur̄ et se extendit ad mensuram Reğ ad vj q̄r̄ v cađ
e j ĩcionař. Et ĩet ul̄ius de eodem feodo v š de greverie p̄ an̄. Et
feodum Donneville debet d̄no Regi p̄ an̄ XLj š x đ ad festū Šci Pauli
in estate et debent residentes in eodem feodo j p̄ndium p̄ an̄ ad

..... saving And let all the aforesaid for the said encroachments be amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments of which they were convicted by the Justices after examination to be amerced.

[Refer for the remainder to the back of the same.]

(M. 47.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. John. Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. John comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jury present that Richard le Meleter was drawn & hanged for thefts & murder. [He had] 2 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 18 d. And Petronilla daughter of Peter Boiste Cecilia sisters of the same were hanged, & they had 4 virgates of land which pay one quarter of wheat. And Robert Burnel & Luke Bertel were hanged long ago. And they had no chattels.

They present also that Richard Courlu long ago abjured the islands for theft at the Church of this [parish]. He had 1½ virgates of land & they render to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat.

They present also that Joan la Graneye & Joan la Pareye fell by accident from a certain high rock & immediately died thereof & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that the lord the King has of the fee of Hennodoit⁽¹⁾ 40 bushels of wheat by the year by the small measure & it amounts according to the King's measure to 6 quarters 5½ measures. And he has further of the same fee 5 s. of 'greverie' by the year. And the fee Donneville owes to the lord the King by the year 41 s. 10 d. at the feast of St. Paul in the summer & the residents on the same fee owe one dinner by the year to the officers of the lord

(1) *Fief de Henaud or Henout (Extentes 1274 & 1381).*

ministros dñi Reḡ in hac Insula videl̄ iij equites e iij pedites cū
p̄poito prel̄ nūm t̄c. Et dñs Rex h̄et ul̄ius de eodem feodo x cab̄ fri
iij an̄c iij putt̄ ix galliñ ix pañ e LXX ova et dñs Rex h̄et camptum
in eod̄ feodo quod valet coib̄z annis iij ti. H̄et t̄ dñs Rex de antiquo
t̄c j virḡ f̄re que vocat̄ le Pount de Bouet e valet p̄ añ j q̄r̄t̄ aveñ.
Īm dicunt qđ dñs Rex h̄et quamdam coām in eoḡ poch̄ videl̄ a rivulo
de Molyn usq; ad montem de Rokens. Et maḡ P̄ius de Cheny debet
dño Regi p̄ feodo Pinel e aliis teñ in pochia S̄ci Joñnis que Willus
pāl̄ ejus fuit de dono dñi H. Reḡ avi t̄c j pā calcar̄m deauratoḡ. Et
Drogo de Barantin e pticipes sui deb̄t dño Regi vj d̄ p̄ añ p̄ teñ
que ten̄t de feodo Paynel de eschambio f̄co inf̄ dñm H. Regem av̄m
t̄c et Drogonem de Barantino av̄m p̄dci Drogonis de LX ti f̄re de p̄dco
feodo tenend̄ p̄dco Drogoni e h̄et t̄c in eschambio p̄ teñ p̄dci Dro-
gonis in Insula de Auren̄y.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius pochie est de advocacōne Abb̄tis
S̄ci Salvatoris et idem Abbas tenet̄ invenire custagia de repacōne
p̄cie ptis ecclie et idem Abbas nō veñ p̄mo die Itin̄is. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ as̄s panis e vini fracta p̄ subsc̄ptos videl̄ Lauř
Beneyt Guiltm le Barfot P̄im le Baouns Roḡm le Caleys Guiltm le
Noble Colinū le Monoyer Thoñ Malesars e Peř Hastenḡ Ranulp̄m
Humfrey bolengarios et Peř Hastenḡ tab̄nariū. Et Petrum Marek
Joñem de Bonenoet Joñem le Noble Godefr̄m Godart bolengarios et
tab̄narios. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiltus Maret Peř de Maret Godefr̄us Godart e
Joñ de Bonenoet salierunt congros cont̄ inhibicōem t̄c. Et Dionis̄
de Creauce Prior de Bona nocte simitr̄ salivit congros tam p̄ stauro
suo q̄m p̄ stauro Abbie sue. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

the King in this island, to wit, to 3 mounted & 3 on foot with the Provost besides the number &c. And the lord the King has further of the same fee 10 measures of wheat, 3 geese, 3 pullets, 9 hens, 9 loaves & 70 eggs, & the lord the King has champart in the same fee which is worth one year with another 4 livres. Also the lord the King has of old &c. one virgate of land which is called le Pont du Bouet & it is worth by the year one quarter of oats. Also they say that the lord the King has a certain common in their parish, to wit, from the stream of the mill up to the hill of Rokens. And Master Philip de Cheny owes to the lord the King for the fee Pinel & other tenements in the parish of St. John which William his father had of the gift of the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. one pair of gilt spurs. And Drogo de Barantin & his partners owe to the lord the King 6 d. by the year for the tenements which they hold of the fee Paynel by exchange made between the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. and Drogo de Barantin the grandfather of the aforesaid Drogo of 60 librates of land of the aforesaid fee, to be held by the aforesaid Drogo & his heirs &c. in exchange for the tenements of the aforesaid Drogo in the island of Alderney.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour, & the same Abbot is bound to provide the costs for the repair of the third part of the Church, & the same Abbot does not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Laurence Benest, William le Barfot, Philip le Baons, Roger le Caleys, William le Noble, Colin le Monoyer, Thomas Malzard, Peter Hasteng, Ranulph Humfrey, bakers, & Peter Hasteng, taverner. And by Peter Maret, John de Bonnenuit, John le Noble & Godfrey Godart, bakers & taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that William Maret, Peter de Maret, Godfrey Godart & John de Bonnenuit salted congers notwithstanding the prohibition &c. And Dionis de Creance, Prior of Bonne Nuit, likewise salted congers as well for his stock as for the stock of his abbey. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus le Grosser p̄prestavit de chimino Reġ
latiŕ j ped e di e longġ vj pticaŕ vidz p caruċ suam. Et Nichus Heles
feċ p̄presturam de via regali p caruċ suam latiŕ ij ped e longġ j perti-
cate. Et Colinus Lillierre fodiit sup coam Reġ latiŕ j ped e di e longġ
vj pticaŕ. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Nichus heres magr̄i Nichi de Surville nō veŕ
p̄mo die Itifis. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joĥnes de Bonenoet h̄et quamdam porcōem
domus sue sup coam latiŕ iij ped e longġ xij ped et Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Abbas de S̄co Salvatoz p Regiŕ Maridort q̄nd
Priorē de bona nocte levavit quemđ murū claudendo de cōa j ptiċ in
latiŕ e iij pticaŕ in longġ et p̄ceptum fuit in aliis aſs qđ p̄ſneret̄. Et
Abbas adhuc tenet clausum illud cont̄ inhibiċōem t̄ et Ido ipe in
ḡvi m̄ia.

Comptum est p Roſlos P̄hi le Evesk Baſi qđ Robtus le Evesk e
Joĥnes Falu inventi f̄unt noctant̄ p Robtm de Carſet in Warenam
Reġ apud le Morer cū recibz que recia tradita f̄unt Robto de Haddy
et postea p̄dci Robtus e Joĥnes in p̄sonam f̄unt t̄ et exinde appleḡ
ad has aſs p Joĥem de Wyncheles e Joĥnes obiit
e Robtus ponit̄ in exigend̄⁽¹⁾ sicut patet alibi et p̄dcs Joĥes Falu nō
veŕ Jō cap̄ cū veſtit. Et Joĥnes de Wyncheles veŕ e poſ se in gr̄am
Cuŕ de xx ti p p̄dca manucaſ e aliis magnis t̄n̄s pp̄tm Wilſi le Petyt
de Rosel Guilli des Aungreys e Robti Bradefē de quibz x ti ponūt̄
in suſ et residuū ponit̄ sup portū suū.

Et Juŕ duodene p plibz conclamentis in vered̄co suo de quibz
cōvicti f̄unt coram Justiċ p examinaċōem in m̄ia.

Juŕ p̄sentant contenċōe inſ P̄im Baudeyn e
Colinū Hales p Wrecco ad duod maris et
quod Colinus voluit asportasse in m̄ia.

(1) i.e. a writ of 'exigi facias' was issued against him, commanding his
appearance within certain days of proclamation under penalty of being outlawed,

They present also that Colin le Grosser encroached on the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in breadth & 6 perches in length, to wit, by means of his plough. And Nicholas Heles made an encroachment on the King's high-way with his plough 2 feet in breadth & 1 perch in length. And Colin Lillierre dug upon the common of the King $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in width & 6 perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Nicholas the heir of Master Nicholas de Surville did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that John de Bonnenuit has a certain portion of his house upon the common, in breadth 4 feet & in length 12 feet. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of St. Saviour by Reginald Maridort, formerly Prior of Bonnenuit, raised a certain bank to enclose of the common 1 perch in breadth & 3 perches in length, & it was ordered in the other assizes that it should be thrown down. And the Abbot still holds that close notwithstanding the inhibition &c. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Robert l'Evesque & John Falu were found by night by Robert de Carteret in the warren of the King at le Mourier with nets: which nets were delivered to Robert de Haddy & afterwards the aforesaid Robert & John were in prison &c. and thence remanded on bail to these assizes by John de Vinchelez & John is dead & Robert is cited as appears elsewhere & the aforesaid John Falu does not come, therefore let him be taken when he shall come. And John de Vinchelez comes & submits himself to the mercy of the court for 20 livres for the aforesaid bail & for other great transgressions by the pledge of William le Petyt of Rosel, William des Augrès & Robert Brasdefer: of which 10 livres are paid down & the remainder is imposed upon their income.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

The jury present contention between Philip Baudains & Colin Hales for wreck to 12 of the sea & that Colin wish to carry away to be amerced.

(M. 47 d.)

Adhuc de reman de pochia **Sci Lau**.

Presentant qđ Colinus fil Gilbti Dyacre p fuř tĉ a ix añ elapsis s^opensus fuit. Idem Colinus fuit unus hędum Gilbti Diacre p̄ris sui qui obiit a iiij^{or} annis elapsis seisit^o de xiiij virḡ tre e di de feodo Regē in hac poch̄ q̄ valent p añ xxj cađ fri e di. Et de j virḡ tre [e di] in poch̄ Sci Petⁱ q̄ valent p añ iij cađ fruñti. Et de ij virḡ tre in poch̄ Sci Broerdi q̄ valent p añ iiij cađ fri. Qui quidem s^opensus h̄uit duos řres e ples sorores Ita qđ ppars sua de řdca hęditate est řcia ps duař pciũ tĉ. Et sic se extendit ppars ejus ad iiij virḡ tre q̄ valent p añ ult^a řviciũ tĉ vj cađ fri e di set inde jure [matris] ejus supstite sĉtrahat^r řcia ps p dote sua tĉ e post mortem ejus integre remaneant dño Regi tĉ. Et pticipes ejus respond dño Regi tam de arř iiij^{or} annoř q^m de reddu de ceřo. Et sunt arř excepta dote xLij ř iiij đ. Et sciend qđ hic utit^r p lege qđ pař vt mař de hęditate sua nō potest dare uni řer suoř plusq^m alii tĉ.

Juř řsentant qđ Galřrus del Pount noctanĉ pcussit Colinũ del Pount unde ha cla. Iđo řpe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Magř Pħus de Carřet levavit j columbare in feodo firmario ubi nō debet esse. Iđo řceptũ est qđ pfnat^r tĉ. Postea veñ řdcs Pħus e dat dño Regi reddm j ľb pipis pcipiend singtis annis impptũ p sic qđ řpe e ředes sui gaudere possint columbari illo salvo jure cuj^oř. Et admittit^r p eo qđ nō est ad nocumentũ dñi Regē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Gregoř del Vergee alias p cunicis fugiit ad eccliam. Et postea reddidit se castro et inde missus in Angł p Thoñ Payn vicem řntem Petⁱ Darcyř Balti.

Presentant t̄ qđ Nicħus Eřus Abriceñ est ľbe tenens et nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Iđo řpe in m̄ia.

(M. 47 d.) **Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Laurence.**

They present also that Colin son of Gilbert Diacre for theft &c. was hanged 11 years ago. The same Colin [was] one of the heirs of Gilbert Diacre his father who died 4 years ago seised of $14\frac{1}{2}$ virgates [of land] of the King's fee in this parish which are worth by the year $21\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat. And of $1[\frac{1}{2}]$ virgates of land in the parish of St. Peter which are worth by the year 3 measures of wheat. And of 2 virgates of land in the parish of St. Brelade which are worth by the year 4 measures of wheat : which said (person) hanged had 2. brothers & many sisters, so that his share of the aforesaid inheritance is the 3rd part of 2 parts &c. And so his share amounts to 4 virgates of land which are worth per annum beyond service &c. $6\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, but for the rights of his mother who survives the 3rd part thereof is subtracted for her dower &c. and after her death the whole shall remain to the lord the King &c. And his partners shall answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears of 4 years as for the rent from henceforth. And the arrears except the dower are 43 s. 4 d. And be it known that here it is used by law that the father or mother cannot give more of their inheritance to one than to another of their heirs &c.

The jurors present that Geoffrey du Pont by night struck Colin du Pont whereby 'Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Master Philip de Carteret erected a dove-cote on a fee farm where it ought not to be. Therefore it is ordered that it shall be taken down &c. Afterwards comes the aforesaid Philip & gives to the King the rent of one lb. of pepper to be received every year for ever, so that he & his heirs may enjoy that dove-cote, saving the right of any others. And he is admitted because it is not to the detriment of the lord the King.

They present also that Gregory de la Vergee at another time for (stealing) conies fled to the Church. And afterwards he gave himself up at the castle & thence was sent to England by Thomas Payn filling the office of Bailiff in the stead of Peter Darcys.

They present also that Nicholas Bishop of Avranches is a free tenant & did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiffrs Chivaler e Colinus Gerbert tenent j bovata fr̄e de bordaġ. Et Ričus Hubert e pticipes sui tenent j bovať fr̄e de bordaġ. Et Wiffrs Neel e pticipes sui tenent j bovať fr̄e de bordaġ et faciūt sviciū bord̄ et alia svicia sicut vicini p̄l cariaġ e fumaḡ t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus Gilbert a ix annis elapsis s̄pensus fuit Nich̄ ulfius q, sup̄.

Comptum est p Rořlos Phi le Evesk balti qđ Ričus Morel v̄bavit uřem fr̄is sui in domo sua inde ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p p̄dca t̄n̄s p xx s̄ pptm Guilfi Morel.

Comptum est t̄ p eosđ Rořlos qđ Gilbtus le Hardy feč insultū noctant̄ Meliore la Foleye frangendo ostiū suū cont̄ voluntatē t̄c qui veñ e vadiat emend̄. Et q, noluit invenire securitatem remittit' p'sone t̄c. Et Idem Gilbtus feč Ričm Beynečveyse ha cla noctant̄ in tabna sua deforciano ei stocē suū Jō fiāt inde emend̄ et sciend̄ qđ Rađs le Hardy pař ejus e Rađs frař suos fřunt ej' pleġ.

Comptū est t̄ p eosđ Rořlos qđ Colinus Galicien Junior v̄bavit Jořem Angare e ip̄m acabliavit cū plaga e sang'ne uñ ha cla. Jō fiant inde emend̄.

Comptu est t̄ p Rořlos ejusđ qđ Colinus Malesars vulřavit Robřm Gilbert in brachio de quod gladio. Et p̄dcs Colin' feč finē sicut patet alibi. Comptū est p Rořlos ejusđ qđ Rađs Corraunt Jořes le Vetu e Jořes Hubaunt decimatores t̄c fečunt Robřto Trachee ha cla p eo qđ ip̄ato decimařūt blada ip̄ius Riči inponentes ei qđ false decimavit qui veñ e fečunt finem p p̄dca t̄n̄s p XL s̄ pptm adinvicem.

They present also that William Chevalier & Colin Gerbert hold 1 bovate of land of bordage. And Richard Hubert & his partners hold 1 bovate of land of bordage &c. And William Neel & his partners hold 1 bovate of land of bordage, & they perform the services of bordiers & other services like their neighbours except carriage & fumage &c.

They present also that Colin Gilbert was hanged 9 years ago. Nothing further than above.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Richard Morel struck the wife of his brother in her house whereupon 'Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of William Morel.

It is found also by the same rolls that Gilbert le Hardy by night made an assault on Meliora la Foleys by breaking her door against her will who comes & pledges the amends. And because he would not find security he is sent back to prison &c. And the same Gilbert caused Richard Bechervaise to raise 'Haro' by night in his tavern by forcibly taking away from him his dagger. Therefore let them make amends therefor. And be it known that Ralph le Hardy his father & Ralph his brother were his pledges.

It is found also by the same rolls that Colin Galicien, junior, struck John Angare & threw him to the ground with wounds & blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor.

It is found also by the rolls of the same that Colin Malzard wounded Robert Gilbert in the arm with a certain sword. And the aforesaid Colin compounded as appears elsewhere. It is also found by the rolls of the same that Ralph Corraunt, John le Vetu & John Hubaunt farmers of the tithes &c. caused Robert Trachee to raise 'Haro' because they for a second time took tithes of the corn of the said Richard accusing him of having cheated in the payment of his tithes; who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 s. by the pledge one for the other.

(M. 48.) **Adhuc de plitis Gorone de poch̄ Šci Martini.**

pochia Šci Martini veñ p xij.

Jereš Juř p̄sentant qđ Guillotus le Tongart a diu est abjuř Insulas ad eccliam nō ģuit ģram vř catalla.

Presentant t̄ qđ Gaudinus Quarrere a xij annis elapsis abjuř Insulas. Et [habuit] videlř j virģ ģre e đi quas Joĥnes Wauter modo tenet e reddit đno Regi p [anř] Et Guiffus le Noarcepeys e Nicha uxor ejus e Colinus filius ejusdem Joĥnes F..... le Borgeys p fuř j patelle e denarioř tĉ abjuř Insulas. Et nich ģuerunt.

Presentant t̄ qđ Gaudinus Gerard adiu est s^opensus fuit. Et nich ģuit. Et Guills Foley a xx annis elapsis s^opensus fuit. Et ģuit iij virģ ģre que valent p anř vij caš řri. Et Robtus Chalan a diu est s^opensus fuit. Et ģuit libam ģram vidz j virģ ģre e đi que valet p anř iiij caš řri et Thomas Dervaunt iř modo tenet.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petrus Ernof Thomas Dervaunt senior e Thomas Dervaunt Junior soliti sunt trahere homines Reģ in plitum in Cuř xpianitatis ex^a regnū apud Constanĉ e alibi Jō iři in g^{vi} m̄ia.

**Redd e firme
đni Reģ**

Presentant t̄ qđ đns Rex ģet in eoř pochia de ģta firma p anř ad ģminos Pasĉ Šci Pauli in estate e Šci Michis vidz de quelibet ģmino xⁱⁱ x^o xj^d. Et iij^o de greverie. Ĥet t̄ đns Rex de esĉeta de carucata de Dauneviř vj q^{rt} řri e vj caš p anř e xiiij đ xiiij anĉ xxix galliř e ccccox ova. Et đns Rex ģet camptum in eodem feodo quod valet coibz annis xj ti. Iřm đns Rex ģet de esĉeta Hamonis Dervaunt bastardi iij virģ ģre que valent p anř xj caš řri. Et de antiqua esĉeta de feodo Tollisaċ iij virģ ģre quas Alicia que fuit uxor Riĉi Cogard modo tenet e valent p anř vij caš fruřti. Et

(M. 48.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** in the parish of
St. Martin.

The parish of St. Martin comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jury present that Guillot le Tongart long ago abjured the islands at the Church he had neither land nor chattels.

They present also that Gaudin Quarrere 12 years ago abjured the island. And [he had] to wit, 1½ virgates of land which John Vautier now holds & pays to the lord the King by [the year] And William le Noarclepeys & Nicholaa his wife & Colin son of the same, John F..... le Borgeys for theft of a pan & money &c., abjured the islands. And they had nothing.

They present also that Gaudin Gerard was hanged long ago. And he had nothing. And William Foley was hanged 20 years ago. And he had 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 7 bushels of wheat. And Robert Chalan was hanged long ago. And he had free land, to wit, 1½ virgates of land which is worth per annum 4 measures of wheat & Thomas Dervaut now holds it.

They present also that Peter Ernof, Thomas Dervaut, senior, & Thomas Dervaut junior were wont to sue the subjects of the King out of the realm in the Ecclesiastical Court at Coutances & elsewhere. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer & St. Michael, to wit, for each term 10 l. 10 s. 11 d. And 3 s. of 'greverie.' Also the lord the King has of escheat of the carucate of D'Anneville 6 quarters of wheat & 6 measures by the year & 14 d., 14 geese, 29 hens & 420 eggs. And the lord the King has champart in the same fee which is worth one year with another 11 livres. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Hamon Dervaut, a bastard, 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 11 measures of wheat. And of ancient escheat of the fee Tollisak⁽¹⁾ 3 virgates of land which Alice who was the wife of Richard Cogard now holds, & they are

(1) See Extente 1274, page 21.

Joh̄nes Hubert tenet de eadem escheta ij virḡ ĩre e di e reddit dño Regi p añ iij caš fri. Et Pñus Troptostney tenet inde iij virḡ ĩre p vj caš fri. Et Galfrus Mahie tenet de eadem escheta ij virḡ ĩre e di p quibz redd p añ v caš fri. Et Ricus le Goymel tenet iij virḡ ĩre de escheta Fangot bastardi e redd dño Regi p añ vij caš fri j pañ e j capoñ. Et Coķ le Archer tenet iij virḡ ĩre de escheta fratris ejusdem Fanegot simitr bastardi p v caš fri j pañ e j capoñ. Et Thomas le Blaunk tenet v virḡ ĩre de escheta Nichi de la Hoge bastardi e redd p añ x caš fruñti. H̄et t̄ dñs Rex j virḡ ĩre e di de fra Bilot que vaš p añ ij caš fri. Et Colinus le Feuere ill modo tenet. Et Ricus de Šco Stepho tenet iij virḡ ĩre de fra Troptostney e redd p añ v caš fri. Iñm Joh̄nes du Mount tenet j virḡ ĩre de escheta la Rause bastarde e redd p añ ij caš fruñti. Et Guillus Mahie tenet j virḡ ĩre de escheta la Foleye s^pense que redd p añ ij caš fri. Et Colinus le Esterk tenet de eadem escheta iij virḡ ĩre p ij bz fri. Et Galfrus Chivaler tenet inde j virḡ ĩre p iij caš fri. Et Idem tenet xxx ptič ĩre de escheta Flori bastardi p ij caš fruñti. Et Joh̄nes Wauter redd dño Regi p añ p j virḡ ĩre e di de escheta la Carrere que abjuř tč v caš fri. Et Rades Dervaunt Junior tenet j virḡ ĩre de escheta Milais que valet p añ iij caš fri. Et Colinus le Clerk redd dño Regi p añ p ij virḡ ĩre e di de escheta Malnori s^pensi iij caš fri. Et Guillus Troptostney tenet de eadem escheta viij virḡ ĩre p xvij caš fri. Et Guillus Congart tenet de eadem j virḡ ĩre p ij caš fri. Et Lucas Espiard di virḡ ĩre p j caš fri. Iñm Thomas Dervaunt tenet v virḡ ĩre p quibz redd p añ xv caš fri de quibz de fra Chalaunt di acř e de fra Hamon di acř et de escheta Thomase de la Hoge bastarde j virḡ ĩre. Et Colinus Lesterk tenet

worth per annum 7 measures of wheat. And John Hubert holds of the same escheat $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & pays to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. And Philip Troptostné holds thereof 3 virgates of land for 6 measures of wheat. And Geoffrey Mahie holds of the same escheat $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land for which he pays by the year 5 measures of wheat. And Richard le Goymel holds 3 virgates of land of the escheat of Fanegot, a bastard, & pays to the lord the King by the year 7 measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon. And Cok l'Archer holds 3 virgates of land of the escheat of the brother of the same Fanegot likewise a bastard for 5 measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon. And Thomas le Blanc holds 5 virgates of land of the escheat of Nicholas de la Hougue, a bastard, & pays by the year 10 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgate of land of the land of Bilot which is worth by the year 2 measures of wheat. And Colin le Fevre now holds it. And Richard de St. Stephen holds 3 virgates of land of the land of Troptostné & pays yearly 5 measures of wheat. Also John du Mont holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of la Rause, a bastard, & pays by the year 2 measures of wheat. And William Mahie holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of la Foleye who was hanged which pays by the year 2 measures of wheat. And Colin Lesterk holds of the same escheat 3 virgates of land for 2 bushels of wheat. And Geoffrey Chevalier holds thereof 1 virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And the same holds 30 perches of land of the escheat of Florus, a bastard, for 2 measures of wheat. And John Vautier pays to the lord the King by the year for $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the escheat of la Carrere who abjured &c. 5 measures of wheat. And Ralph Dervaut junior holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of Milais which is worth by the year 3 measures of wheat. And Colin le Clerk pays to the lord the King by the year for $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the escheat of Malnori⁽¹⁾ who was hanged 4 measures of wheat. And William Troptostné holds of the same escheat 8 virgates of land for 18 measures of wheat. And William Congart holds of the same 1 virgate of land for 2 measures of wheat. And Luke Espiard half a virgate of land for 1 measure of wheat. Also Thomas Dervaut holds 5 virgates of land for which he pays by the year 15 measures of wheat of which of the land of Chalaunt half an acre & of the land of Hamon half an acre & of the escheat of Thomasia de la Hougue, a bastard, 1 virgate of land. And Colin

(1) Mannuris (Extente 1274).

ij virg̃ fre de escheta la Duweresse bastard que valent p añ j b̃z fri. Iñm Thomas le Dubbeour⁽¹⁾ tenet x ptiç de antiqua escheta tç p quibz redd p añ x cab̃ fri. H̃et t̃ dñs Rex de escheta Johne Percequoer bastarde que obiit hoc anno reddm j q̃r̃t̃ fri j pañ e j galliñ pvenientem de di ac̃ e di virg̃ fre quam Johannes Larker modo tenet. Iñm dñs Rex pcipit de carucata Everard IX cab̃ fri e ij fcionar̃ j pañ e j capoñ e v s̃ v d̃ p añ ad festum S̃ci Michis. Et Riçus le Jumel debet dño Reği j pañ e j capoñ de reddu sup meš suū. Et Riçus le Coķ debet j pañ e j capoñ sup iij virg̃ fre quas Colinus Lesterķ tenere solebat. Dicunt t̃ qđ Riçus de Ketevill tenet de dño Rege j caruç fre de feodo de Ketevill e reddit xv s̃ p añ ad p̃dcam f̃mam et debet plenū releviū cū acciderit. Guills Dervaunt e p̃ticipes sui tenent de dño Rege diām caruç fre p dimid̃ releviū e reddūt IX s̃ p añ ad p̃dcam f̃mam. Et debēt p̃dcus Guills e p̃ticipes sui cariare totum grossum macrenniū e molas p mare inf̃ montem S̃ci Michis e Chireburg̃ñ ad tria molend̃ vidz molend̃ de Morer de Pount terryn e le Noef molyn pcipit t̃ dñs Rex de carucata Everard in eoꝝ pochia camptum quod valet coibz annis LX s̃. Dicunt t̃ qđ tenentes p̃dce carucate de Daunevill Debent h̃ere quodd̃ pañ anelloꝝ sive boiaꝝ ad custodiend̃ p̃sones tç p voluntate ministroꝝ dñi Reğ vidz de p̃soñ captis in eadem carucata. Iñm hoies Reğ in eoꝝ pochia tenent̃ cariare vinū fenū e buscam dñi Reğ ubicumq; ministri ĩpius Dñi Reğ volũnt in Insula. Et debent Iidem tenentes invenire sumptibz [suis totum meremium] ad molendinū Reğ quod vocat̃ le Graunt Molyn videlz tç s̃z dñs Rex debet invenire molas ferrum e carpenteriam. [Et valet] p̃dcm molendinū coibz annis L ti.

Presentant t̃ qđ Drogo de Barantino tenet de [dño Rege] massiū de Rosel et habet furcas libam Warennam espkeriam Wreccū e Cuř [et terminatum in] quo Waranto. Et [debet] releviū LX^s cum acciderit

(1) Thomas le Dauqueur (Extente 1331, page 2).

Lesterk holds 2 virgates of land of the escheat of la Duweresse, a bastard, which are worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. Also Thomas le Dauqueur holds 10 perches⁽¹⁾ of ancient escheat &c. for which he pays per annum 10 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Joan Percequoer, a bastard, who died this year the rent of 1 quarter of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 hen issuing from half an acre & half a virgate of land which John Larker now holds. Also the lord the King takes of the carucate Everard 19½ measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon, & 5 s. 5 d. by the year at the feast of St. Michael. And Richard le Jumel owes to the lord the King 1 loaf & 1 capon of rent upon his messuage. And Richard le Cok owes 1 loaf & 1 capon upon 3 virgates of land which Colin Lesterk used to hold. They say also that Richard de Quetteville holds of the lord the King 1 carucate of land of the fee of Quetteville & pays 15 s. by the year to the aforesaid farm & owes full relief when it shall occur. William Der-vaut & his partners hold of the lord the King half a carucate of land by half relief & pay 9 s. by the year to the aforesaid farm. And the said William & his partners owe the carriage of all the large timber & the mill stones by sea between Mont St. Michel & Cherbourg to the 3 mills, viz., the mill of Mourier, of Ponterrin & the New Mill. Also the lord the King takes of the carucate Everard in their parish champart which is worth one year with another 60 s. They say also that the tenants of the aforesaid carucate of D'Anneville owe the service of furnishing a certain pair of rings or fetters to keep the prisoners &c. at the will of the officers of the lord the King, to wit, the prisoners taken in the same carucate. Also the men of the King in their parish owe the duty of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the said lord the King shall wish in the island. And the same tenants must find at their own costs [all the planks] for the mill of the King which is called le Grand Moulin, to wit &c. but the lord the King must find the mill-stones ironwork & wood-work. And the aforesaid mill one year with another is worth 50 livres.

They present also that Drogo de Barantin holds of [the lord the King] the Manor of Rosel & has gallows, free warren, esperkeria, wreck & courts [and it is determined in] 'quo warranto.' And [he owes] relief 60 sols when it shall occur

(1) Query : virgates.

(M. 48 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona de poch̄ S̄ci Martini**

Presentant qđ Joh̄na fit Riči Dalet de etate iiij^{or} annoꝝ portavit ignem in suo qui adherens pannis suis ip̄am combussit unde cito postea obiit et n̄ls malecr̄. Judm̄ Infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus Troptostney Pet̄ Fouket e Joh̄nes de Elemosina simul [multis] aliis circiū miniū viginti q̄tuor t̄nssierunt in quod̄ batello apud Eskerho ad querend̄ Wreccū t̄c redeuntes s̄bmersi f̄gunt. Et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm̄ Infor̄. Et q̄ p̄dcus batellus movens t̄c fuit causa mortis t̄c. Ido reman̄ deodand̄. Et concedit̄ Thome Roger Johi Vallet e Ričo le Home p̄p̄tm̄ adinvicem p̄ XL s̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ devenerunt de Wrecco apud Beleval iiij^{or} dolea vini unde p̄pars Reġ x li debiit monete de quibꝫ Rob̄ts de Haddy respond̄. Īm j mastus p̄cii xvij^{li} debiit monete qui cariatuſ fuit in Gerneſ p̄ negociis d̄ni t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Wills la Foley feč p̄presturam de via regali p̄ carucam suam latiū iiij ped̄ e lonḡ j p̄ticaſ e d̄i e illam seminavit. Et Silvester La Foley simitr̄ p̄prestavit de chimio Reġ latiū j ped̄ e d̄i e lonḡ xij p̄tič. Ido ip̄i in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiffotus Noel p̄ injuriam Riči le Aungre qui asptabat lapid̄ de batello p̄dci Guiffoti cont̄a voluntatem suam levavit ha cla. Ido p̄dcs Ričs in m̄ia. Et Rob̄tus fit Riči de la Ville feč Thomā Doneuald ha cla injuste in domo sua. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rađs Marsseille Thomas le Naom Gaudin^o de Elemosina Rađs le Gascoign Raulina relicta Steph̄ni le Suour Ričs de Vallibꝫ e Coķ le Archer vendiderunt panē cont̄a ass̄m̄. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia. Et Guiff̄ Galiote Ričus le Jumel Coķ le Archer Ričus de Vallibꝫ

(M. 48 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Martin.

They present also that Joan the daughter of Richard Dalet of the age of 4 years carried fire in her which catching to her clothes burnt her whereof she soon afterwards died & no one is suspected. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Colin Troptostné, Peter Fouket & John de l'Aumône with [many] others about the number of 24 crossed in a certain boat to the Ecehos to seek wreck &c. & coming back were drowned. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure. And because the said boat bringing about (the accident) &c. was the cause of the death &c., therefore let it remain as a deadand. And it is granted to Thomas Roger, John Vallet & Richard le Home by the pledge one for the other for 40 s.

They present also that there came of wreck at Beval 4 barrels of wine whereof the share of the King is 10 livres of poor money for which Robert de Haddy shall answer. Also a mast value 18 livres of poor money which was carried to Guernsey for the King's service &c.

They present also that William la Foley made an encroachment of the King's high-way with his plough in width 4 feet & in length $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches & sowed it. And Silvester la Foley likewise encroached of the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in width & 12 perches in length. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that Guillot Noel, on account of the wrongful act of Richard le Aungre who carried away stones from the boat of the aforesaid Guillot against his will, raised 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore the aforesaid Richard to be amerced. And Robert son of Richard de la Ville caused Thomas Donevald to raise 'Haro' wrongly in his house. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Marseille, Thomas le Naom, Gaudin de l'Aumône, Ralph le Gascoign, Raulin the widow of Stephen le Sueur, Richard des Vaux & Cok l'Archer sold bread against the assize. Therefore they are to be amerced. And William Galiole, Richard le Jumel, Cok l'Archer, Richard des Vaux, William

Guilf le Feuere Robtus Fanegot e Robts Dalet tabnari vendiderunt vinū e sviš cont̄ ass̄m. Ido ip̄e in miā. Et Thomas Fanegot Thomas Fortyn fecunt t̄n̄s in vendendo vinū. Ido ip̄i in miā.

Presentant t̄ qđ filius Colini le Blaunk casu fortuito mortuus fuit in molend̄ de Rosel et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortunū. Et nich̄ de molend̄ q̄ cōbus̄ fuit tempe Guerre.

Et Juř duodene p̄ plibz conclamentis in veredco suo de quibz cōvicti f̄sunt coram Justic̄ p̄ examinaçoem in miā.

Comptum est p̄ Rořlos P̄hi le Evesk̄ Balti qđ Guilfs fit Riči de la Ville v̄bavit Guillotū le Counte in retractu maris faciendo ei plagā unde sang's e ha cla. Et p̄dcs Guilfs veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄n̄s p̄ xxxvj s̄ p̄plm Coķ Larcher. Et comptum est p̄ Rořlos ejusd̄ Balti qđ Robtus fit Riči de la Ville venit ad domū Thome Doneuald noctant̄ e cepit đcm Thom̄ p̄ guttuř in domo sua uñ ha cla qui veñ e finem feč p̄ xx s̄ p̄plm Coķ Larcher.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Jořna uxor Thome Hugoun v̄bavit Jořam Filastre Lucas e fregit brachiū suū Jō ip̄a in ḡvi miā.

(M. 49.) **Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona** de pochl̄ Šci Audoeni.

fressingfeld.

paroch̄ Šci Audoeni veñ p̄ xij.

Jerseye. Juř p̄sentant qđ Jořnes le Fesse indictat^o de latrocinio a iij elaps̄ fuğ ad ec[clesiam] et ibi abjuř Insulas. Idm̄ h̄uit de liřa řra viij v'gaĩ řre que valent p̄ anñ vij cař de Carřet đns tē respondeat đno Regi de uno anno. Iřm đns Rex h̄uit xvij s̄ de mañ Robti de Hady. Et Idm̄ h̄uit macrennū p̄č v̄ s̄ de quibz Guilfs le Petist respondeat.

le Fevre, Robert Fanegot & Robert Dalet, taverners, sold wine & ale against the assize. Therefore they are to be amerced. And Thomas Fanegot, Thomas Fortyn transgressed in the selling of wine. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the son of Colin le Blanc by accident died in the mill of Rosel & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure. And there is nothing of the mill because it was burnt in time of war.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that William son of Richard de la Ville struck Guillot le Conte at low tide, wounding him whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid William came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols by the pledge of Cok Larcher. And it is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Robert son of Richard de la Ville came to the house of Thomas Donevald by night & seized the said Thomas by the throat in his house whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded by 20 sols by the pledge of Cok Larcher.

The jury present that Joan the wife of Thomas Hugoun struck Joan Fillastre Lucas & broke her arm. Therefore she is to be heavily amerced.

(M. 49.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Ouen. Fressingfeld.

The parish of St. Ouen comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that John le Fevre indicted for theft 3 years ago fled to the Church & there abjured the islands. The same had of free land 8 virgates of land which are worth by the year 7 measures [and Philip] de Carteret the lord &c. shall answer to the lord the King for one year. Also the lord the King had 17 sols of [by the] hands of Robert de Hady. And the same had timber value 5 s. for which William le Petit shall answer.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ymarka filia Colini Quissen de etate duoz annoz cecidit in quodam ibi s̄mersa fuit et nullus alius inde malecr̄. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Mariona filia Joñnis Wautier piscando p̄pe ripam maris casu fortuito in mare e ibi s̄mersa fuit et nullus alius inde malecr̄. Judm Infort. Nulla fuit catalla.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoꝝ parochi Les Laundes de Lestak que modo reddunt dño [Regi] p̄ añ xxx s̄. Percipit t̄ dñs Rex de xLiij ac̄ ĩre e di de feodo Doglaundres xLiij s̄ vj đ p̄ añ de certa firma de quibz Petr^o Girard tenet di virgaĩ ĩre que reddit dño Regi p̄ annũ iij caš ĩri. Et Ričus Faleisse tenet inde j virgaĩ terre p̄ iij caš ĩri. Et vj virgaĩ ejusdē ĩre sunt eschete dñi Regē de quod felone t̄c̄ que valent p̄ añ vj caš ĩri et p̄ redditu p̄dci ĩri debent s̄trahi xij đ de predca firma.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia pochie isti^o est de advocačoe Abbis de Monte Šci Michis et valet coibz annis xL ti. Et Idem Abbas habet in pp̄os usus ij partes decie ejusd ecclie. Et Abbissa de Cadomo et Abbatisa de Moster Vilers ĩnt ĩciam ptem ejusd decie.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p̄ s̄scriptos videli p̄ Guillm Grante Petrũ Mahie Petrũ de Valle P̄im le Serf Guillm Geraud P̄im Turgys Petrum Falu Roštum le Serkeys Wiif le Serkeys Radm Turgys Guillotum Basset Petrũ Lagerte bolengaĩ. Et Roštum Bernart Roštum le Normaunt Guillm Manuel Joñnem de Wyncheles Matham Thebaud P̄im Thebaud P̄im Fundeng Lauř Jordan Petrum Brogue et Petrũ Buffey Tabnař. Ido oĩes in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex ĩet p̄ añ de feodo de Wyncheles de certa firma ix s̄ viij đ. Et de eodm feodo v s̄ de Greverie p̄ mañ p̄poiti Šce Marie.

They present also that Ymarka daughter of Colin Quissen of the age of 2 years fell into a certain where she was drowned, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Marion daughter of John Vautier fishing near the sea-shore by accident [fell] into the sea & there was drowned, & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. She had no chattels.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish Les Landes of l'Etacq which now render to the lord [the King] by the year 30 s. Also the lord the King receives of 44½ acres of land of the fee of d'Orlaundes 44 s. 6 d. by the year of cert farm, of which Peter Girard holds half a virgate of land which pays to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. And Richard Falaise holds thereof 1 virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And 6 virgates of the same land are escheats of the lord the King of a certain felon &c. which are worth per annum 6 measures of wheat & from the rent of the aforesaid wheat 12 d. of the aforesaid farm should be deducted.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Mont St. Michel & is worth one year with another 40 livres. And the same Abbot has for his own use 2 parts of the tithe of the said Church. And the Abbess of Caen & the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers have the 3rd part of the same tithe.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by William Grantez, Peter Mahie, Peter du Val, Philip le Serf, William Gerard, Philip Turgys, Peter Falu, Robert le Serkeys, William le Serkeys, Ralph Turgys, Guillot Basset, Peter Lagerte⁽¹⁾, bakers ; & by Roger Bernart, Robert le Normaunt, William Manuel, John de Vinchelez, Matthew Thebaut, Philip Thebaut, Philip Fondan, Laurence Jordan, Peter Brogue & Peter Buffey, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has by the year of the fee of Vinchelez of cert farm 9 s. 8 d. And of the same fee 5 s. of 'greverie' by the hands of the Provost of St. Mary.

(1) La Gerche (?)

Presentant t̄ qđ Dioniš le Feuere feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ p fossatum suū latiř uni^o ped e long j pticate e di. Et Jořnes Falu p'prestavit de chimino Reġ p caruč suam latiř ij ped e long j pticate. Et Petrus de Falu feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ p caruč suam latiř j ped e long j pticate e di. Et Thomas le Feuere p'prestavit p fossatum suū sup chiminū Reġ latiř j ped e long di pticate. Et Jořnes de Wyncheles feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ latiř ij ped p caruč suam in t̄ns^o di virgā ĩre. Et Colinus le Broc simiř p caruč suam p'prestavit de chimino Reġ latiř j ped e di e long j pticate e di. Ido omes in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus de Carřet tenet mařiū suū de Šco Audoeno de dño Rege p šviciū duař pciū unius feodi militis e debet tempe guerre se ĩcio equitū cū equis ad arma deservire dño Regi p spaciū duař pciū XL dieř. Et est releviū pđci Mařii x ti scitř p duabz ptibz unius feodi militis.

Et Juř duodene p ptibz conclamentis in veredco suo de quibz convicti řiunt p examinačoem coram Justič in m̄ia.

Comptum est p Rořlos Pñi le Evesk Balti qđ Jords le Neir de Šco Audoeno noctanř řřavit Colinū Wauter e iřm acabliavit unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend. Comptū est t̄ p eisdem Rořlos qđ Peř Broune řřavit noctanř Colinū Wauter e iřm acabliavit unde ha cla qui veř e feč finem p pđca t̄ns p xx š pptm Pñi de Carřet. Et qđ pđcus Colinus alias oř se ad sequend řsus pđcm Peř et modo nō vult psequi. Ido iře in m̄ia. Comptū est t̄ p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Jořnes Patier alias recogñ qđ abduxit quemđ bateř de Wrecco ex feod Reġ apud Laik usq, in feod Jořnis de Carřet militis e appleg fuit usq, ad has as̄ p eund Jořnem. Et pđcus Jořnes Patier modo nō

They present also that Dionisius le Fevre made an encroachment upon the King's road by his hedge in width 1 foot & in length $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches. And John Falu encroached on the King's road with his plough to the width of 2 feet & the length of 1 perch. And Peter de Falu made an encroachment upon the King's road with his plough 1 foot in width & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. And Thomas le Fevre encroached by his hedge upon the King's road 1 foot in width & half a perch in length. And John de Vinchelez made an encroachment upon the King's road 2 feet in width with his plough across half a virgate of land. And Colin le Brocq likewise with his plough encroached on the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in breadth & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip de Carteret holds his manor of St. Ouen of the lord the King by the service of 2 parts of a Knights fee, & he is bound in time of war with two other horsemen & horses to serve under arms the lord the King for the space of 2 parts of 40 days. And the relief of the said manor is 10 livres, to wit, for 2 parts of one Knight's fee.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted by examination before the justices to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Jordau le Neir of St. Ouen by night struck Colin Vautier & threw him down whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor. It is also found by the same rolls that Peter Browne by night wounded Colin Vautier & threw him down whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of Philip de Carteret. And because the aforesaid Colin at another time began a suit against the aforesaid Peter & now does not wish to prosecute, therefore he is to be amerced. It is found also by the rolls of the same Bailiff that John Patier at another time acknowledged that he took away a certain boat of wreck out of the fee of the King at Lecq into the fee of John de Carteret, Knight, & was remanded on bail to these assizes by the said John.⁽¹⁾ And the aforesaid John Patier does not now come. Therefore the aforesaid John

(1) i.e. by the pledge of the said John.

veñ. Ido p̄dcs Joñnes pleḡ suos in g^{vi} m̄ia. Et sciend̄ qđ p̄dcs Batell̄ app̄ciatus fuit ad viij li de quibz fiedes Regiñ de Carfet qui batell̄ illū fuerunt simul cū Balio respondeb̄t. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Gills Lestakeys noctan̄t pcussit Colinū Hastein e fregit pannos suos und̄ ha cla et appleḡ fuit usq; ad has as̄s p̄ Joñem de Carfet militem. Et p̄dcs Guills modo nō veñ. Ido pleḡ suos in m̄ia. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosdem Rořlos qđ Peř Organ v̄bavit Robřm Organ e ip̄m acabliavit unde plaḡ sang's e ha cla qui veñ e vadiat emend̄ taxad̄ p̄ Cuř t̄c. Et Galfr̄ de Laik e Robřtus Serkeys f̄lunt ej^o pleḡ. Postea p̄dcs Peř feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ xx s̄ pp̄lm P̄hi Fundēg.

Jord̄s Norman Joñnes de Laik Robřtus Norman e filius Guilli de Laik arectati de fracc̄oe domus Lauř de Sevenok̄ e asptačoe macrenni ejusđ veñ e dant d̄no Regi xx s̄ p̄ fiend̄ inde bonam inquis̄ pp̄lm Jordi de Marek. Et Juř dicūt sup̄ sacřm suū qđ ip̄i nō sunt inde culpabit. Ido respond̄ pochiam de dampnis f̄cis in p̄dca domo qđ nolunt diče culpabit t̄c.

(M. 49 d.) [Preceptum] est P̄ho le Evesk̄ Balto d̄ni Reḡ p̄ Justič̄ hic qđ exigi fač oñes sb̄sc̄ptos rectatos [ad pl̄ita] Corone d̄ni Reḡ e fugitivos semel exactos ad pacem d̄ni Reḡ in hiis as̄s ad tres p̄ncipales Cuř d̄ni Reḡ px̄io tenend̄ p̄t has as̄s. Ita qđ ad p̄mam Cuř sint sc̄do exacti et ad sc̄dam Cuř řcio exacti et ad řciam Cuř q̄rto exacti. Et si nō vef̄int tūc faciat eos utlagař sive forbanire. Et si cicius vef̄int tunc eos capiat e in p̄sona salvo custodire faciat. Ita qđ fiat corpa eoř ad stand̄ recto sc̄dm legem e cōsuetud̄ In̄s s. P̄hm le Gras p̄ furto

his pledge to be heavily amerced. And be it known that the aforesaid boat was valued at 8 livres for which the heirs of Reginald de Carteret, who had that boat, shall answer together with the Bailiff. It is also found by the same rolls that William Lestakeys by night struck Colin Hastein & tore his clothes whereupon 'Haro' raised & he was remanded on bail to these assizes by John de Carteret, Knight. And the aforesaid William does not now come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. It is also found by the same rolls that Peter Organ struck Robert Organ & threw him down whereupon wounds, blood & 'Haro' raised, who comes & gives security for the amends to be taxed by the court &c. And Geoffrey de Lecq & Robert Serkeys were his securities. Afterwards the aforesaid Peter compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of Philip Fondan.

Jordan Norman, John de Lecq, Robert Norman & the son of William de Lecq accused of breaking into the house of Laurence de Sevenok & taking away his timber come & give to the lord the King 20 s. to have thereon a full enquiry by the pledge of Jordan du Marais. And the jury say upon their oath that these are not guilty thereof. Therefore let the parish answer for the damages done in the aforesaid house because they do not wish to denounce the culprits &c.

(M. 49 d.) It was [commanded] to Philip l'Evesque Bailiff of the lord the King by the justices here that he cause all the underwritten accused persons to be cited at the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King & the fugitives already called to the peace of the lord the King in these assizes at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King next to be held after these assizes, so that at the first court they may be called to the second & at the second court to the third & at the third court to the fourth. And if they shall not come then let him cause them to be outlawed or banished. And if they shall come before, then let him take them & cause them to be kept safely in prison, so that [he may have] their [bodies] to stand their trial according to the law &

Robt̄m p̄ murdro Robt̄m fit Robti Levesk p̄ raptu ancille Berteloti le Talender, P̄hm Braban q̄, abduxit ux̄em Rad̄i Justice cū bonis viri sui, Petrū Faleyse qui se gerit p̄ [decano] huj̄^o Insule q̄, fregit p̄sonam Reġ e alias cepit Lauř de Sevenoġ clicum dñi Reġ [infra] maffiū dñi Reġ de Šco Clemente simul cū cataft̄ dñi Reġ in custod̄ p̄dci Lauř inventis et misit p̄dcm Lauř p̄sonem ex̄^a dominiū Reġ in alienū regnū, Guillotū fit Robti de Hoga qui fuit in auxiliū ad eripiend̄ p̄dcm Decanū⁽¹⁾ ex̄^a p̄sonam Reġ P̄hm fit Jordi Horman p̄ eodem Jordm̄ fit P̄hi Horman p̄ eodem. Et c̄tificet Justiĉ dñi Reġ ad p̄mas aās cū ad ptes istas vefint quid fecit de p̄missis distincte e apte. Et Justiĉ t̄c̄ fecunt p̄dco Pho inde tras suas patentes. Et simitr̄ p̄cept̄ est Baltis qui hic f̄funt qđ in inquisiĉoibz̄ capieđ̄ poniāt distincte e apte in Rotlis nomen suū p̄ipum. Et noīa Juř dñi Reġ qui eū eo p̄sentes f̄funt et noīa Juř in eisdem inquisiĉoibz̄ e eciam diem e añ̄ e locum de capĉoē huj̄^o inquis̄. Et p̄ceptum est simitr̄ qđ ad abjuraĉoēs simitr̄ fiat tam de noībz̄ q̄^am de die anno e loco et ponat̄ in Rotlis felonia recognita e portus feloni assiḡ^atus.

Cantař de Castr̄

Comptum est qđ Petr̄^o Vavasour Capells Castri dñi Reġ pcipit de redditu dñi Reġ c̄ s̄ p̄ annū e tenetur celebrare in capella castri t̄^ammodo ter in septimana e nō amplius p̄ defectu victualiū t̄c̄. Et sunt in d̄c̄ta Capella de Stauro j missale j calix bonus j par om̄i-

(1) Doubtless a mistake for "Clericum".

custom of the island⁽¹⁾, to wit, Philip le Gras for theft, Robert for murder, Robert son of Robert Levesque for the rape of the maid of Bertelot le Talender, Philip Braban because he took away the wife of Ralph Jutise with the goods of her husband, Peter Faleyse who held the office of Dean of this island because he broke into the prison of the King & therefrom took Laurence de Sevenok clerk of the lord the King [within] the lord the King's manor of St. Clement together with the chattels of the lord the King found in the custody of the aforesaid Laurence & sent the aforesaid Laurence a prisoner out of the dominion of the King to a foreign realm, Guillot son of Robert de la Hougue who aided in removing the aforesaid clerk out of the prison of the King, Philip son of Jordan Horman for the same, Jordan son of Philip Horman for the same. And he shall certify to the justices of the lord the King at the next assizes when they shall come to these parts what he shall have done concerning the premises clearly & frankly. And the justices &c. shall issue to the said Philip therein their letters patent. And likewise it was commanded to the bailiffs who shall be in office here that in inquisitions to be taken (by any one of them) he shall put clearly & openly in the rolls his own name, & the names of the jurats of the lord the King who shall be present with him, & the names of the jurors in the same inquisitions, & also the day & year & place of the taking of the inquisition. And it was commanded likewise that at abjurations the same be done as well as to the names as to the day, year & place & that the felonies acknowledged & the sentence pronounced on the felon shall be entered in the rolls.

The Chantry
of the Castle.

It is found that Peter Vavasour Chaplain of the castle of the lord the King receives of the revenues of the lord the King 100 s. by the year & is bound to celebrate in the chapel of the castle as often as 3 times in the week & not more on account of the lack of main-

(1) The procedure here described (and also at page 171) existed for centuries afterwards. It was customary for the Attorney-General at the Assize d'Héritage to cite criminals and fugitives from Justice to come to the King's peace. If they did not appear their names were inscribed as defaulters. A criminal could not be cited to appear at the Assize d'Héritage before being indicted. After having been indicted it sufficed for the accused to be called "en ouye de paroisse" and upon the return of the Prévôt of the accused's parish the proceedings were continued.

The following Act of the Royal Court shows succinctly the procedure :—

" L'an 1597 le 28^{me} jour de Juin. Richard Huelin ayant esté costumacé par ses défautes aux 4 assises des chefs plaids d'héritage à l'instance du Proc^r de la Reyne après avoir esté formellement Endité par le Conestable et Sermentez pour larrecin de certaine quantité de pommes et par ces costumaces attainé et convaincu dud^t crime et ses biens confisquez meubles et héritages, s'est depuis volontairement rendu en Justice se submettant à la deliberation d'icelle. Laquelle ayant considéré comme dedans l'an et jour de ladite costumace il s'est rendu en Justice et qu'il avait pris la fuite avant que d'avoir esté entre mains des Off^r. Et qu'il y a espoir de penitence, la condamnation est tournée en punition corporelle et partant ledit Huelin a esté condamné d'estre fouetté jusque à effusion de sang; au surplus demeure la confiscation au contenu de la sentence."

modoꝝ vestimentoꝝ ad celebꝛandũ tam ꝑ ꝑsbr̃o q̃r̃a ꝑro altari set deficit unum porti-forium ꝑ matitutinis t̃c unde concordatũ est qđ de xij q̃r̃i fr̃i redd̃ quem dñs Rex recupavit versº Ab̃em de Bellosana assignentur de celo predco capello qui ꝑro tempe celebrabit in predco Castro vj q̃r̃i fr̃i singlis annis in ꝑꝑaõem victualiũ suoꝝ e stipendii t̃c Ita qđ singlis diebꝫ continue celebret in eodm ꝑ dño Rege Edwardo defuncto e dño Rege nunc et Regina et ad hoc Juratur. Et Injunctum est ballio qđ de viij libr̃ de deodandis una cũ ꝑdco capllo cito ꝑvideat ad opus Capelle illius de uno competenti portiforio ibid̃ remanendo impetuũ videl̃ de denaꝛ dñi LX s̃. De Petro de Šco Elerio dño de Sausmareys XL s̃ de deodand̃ molendi sui. D̃ Rađo Turgys ꝑ uno equo de deodanda XL s̃. Et de hoĩbꝫ Drogoñ de Barantyno de Rosel XL s̃ unde ad lib̃m ꝑdcm xx s̃. Et ad Lañnam de Eskerho xx s̃.

(M. 50.)

Adhuc de coĩbꝫ ꝑlitis.

Jerseye.

Petrº Faleyse Decanus t̃c associata sibi magna multitudie chicoꝝ veñ hic [quum] Justiciaꝛ sedebant in hac Insula satis mane. Et ꝑmo petiit ex pte Eꝑi C[onstañ et Offiç] sui delibaõom chicoꝝ arrestatoꝝ in Insula de Gerneꝛ ꝑ quacumqꝫ causa cap[torꝫ e cũ] Justiç pefent ab eo si sꝑale warantũ ad hoc h̃eret de eꝑo tanq̃a loci ordinaꝛ [prose]quando ꝑferebat set inde nichil ostendebat quod esset valoris. Et sup hoc Idem [Decanus] petiit diem de avisamento t̃c. Et statim postea. Idem Decanus ꝑferebat qđ Justiciaꝛ feçunt quasdam ꝑclamaões e inhibiões quas Balts hujº Insule publicaꝛat que [ꝑclamaões] ffunt in lesionem eccliaſtice lib̃tatis quas instant̃ monuit Justiciaꝛ hic statim cũ Justiciaꝛ hic ballio sup hoc requisito ꝑpendissent qđ

tenance &c. And there are in the said chapel of the Cross a missal, a good chalice, 2 sets of vestments for celebration as well for the priest as for the altar, but there is wanting a breviary for matins &c. whereupon it is agreed that of the 12 quarters of wheat rent which the lord the King recovered from the Abbot of Bellozanne there shall be from henceforth assigned to the aforesaid chaplain who for the time shall celebrate in the aforesaid castle 6 quarters of wheat every year in full payment of his maintenance & stipend &c., so that every day regularly he shall celebrate in the same for the lord King Edward deceased, & the present lord the King & the Queen; & to this he is sworn. And it is enjoined to the Bailiff that out of 8 livres of deodands he together with the aforesaid chaplain shall quickly provide for the use of this chapel a suitable breviary to remain there in perpetuity, to wit, 60 s. of the money of the lord the King. From Peter de St. Helier lord of Samarès 40 s. of the deodands of his mill. From Ralph Turgys for a horse of deodand 40 s. From the men of Drogo de Barantyn of Rosel 40 s. whereof for the said book 20 s., & for the lighthouse of the Ecrehos 20 s.

(M. 50.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Peter Faleyse the dean &c. a great number of clerks accompanying came here [while] the justices were sitting in this island early. And first he claimed on behalf of the Bishop of [Coutances & his Official] the surrender of the clerks arrested in the island of Guernsey for whatsoever cause [they were seized, and when] the justices asked of him if he had any special warrant for this from the Bishop as ordinary of the place, which he could produce [authorising him to proceed] therein, he showed nothing of any value. And hereupon the same [Dean] demanded time for consideration &c. And immediately afterwards the same Dean alledged that the justices made certain proclamations & inhibitions which the bailiff of this island had published which [proclamations] were to the prejudice of ecclesiastical rights which he instantly warned the justices here immediately when the justices here (the bailiff being asked about this) had considered that these

illas proclamaciones factas fuisse bre dni Regē quod dñs Rex nup misit Ottoni tē in heo vba tē. Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit dilecto e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi suo Insulaz de Gerneseye Gerseye Serk e Aureneye vt ejus locum tenenti salm Cum sicut intellexim⁹ quidam hoies Insulaz illaz quas tenetis ad lminū vite vre ex concessione dni E. quond Regē Angl p̄ris nr̄i e que post decessum vrm ad nos e fides nr̄os reſti debent non hntes consideraom ad Jus nr̄m regm̄ in hac pte tam ministros vros q̄ alios hoies parciū eazd ad compend coram Ep̄o Constañ e aliis Judicibz ecclasticis extra easdem Insulas sup hereditatibz feodis e suis feodalibz responsū quoꝝ cogniō infra easdem Insulas ad nos mere sp̄tat maliōse citari faciunt in nr̄i p̄judm̄ e exheredaom manifestam. Nos huj⁹ modi maliciam s̄tinere nō valentes voſ mandam⁹ qd̄ in plenis Cuī in Insul̄ p̄dcis e aliis locis ubi expediī videritis ex pte nr̄a firmiū inhiberi faciatis ne quis s̄b forisf̄cura lraz e teñ suoꝝ necnō e om̄iū que noſ forisf̄ce poſunt citare fač seu citari procuret aliquem ministrū Insulaz p̄dcaꝝ seu aliquē aliū de eisdem Insul̄ ad compend coram p̄fato Ep̄o seu alio Judice ecclastico sup hereditatibz feodis seu feodalibz aut sup aliquibz aliis quoꝝ cogniō ad nos p̄tinet responsū. T̄. me ip̄o ap̄d Wesim̄ xv die Maii anno r̄ ñ sc̄do et nō atr et Idem Justiciā illud intimassent p̄dco Decano dicentes inhibiōes e p̄clamaōes illas factas fuisse p̄ p̄dcm̄ mandatū dñi Regē e non p̄ ip̄os nec ip̄i Justiciā illas possent revocare cū p̄ dñm̄ suū f̄cte fuissent nec ffunt revocande cū juste fuissent p̄dcus Decanus responsū eoꝝ nō acceptans statim dixit se p̄nunciare ex decreto qd̄ om̄imoda cogniō quoꝝcumq; plitoꝝ p̄tq̄ de feodis hereditaris in Insul̄ mere sp̄tabant ad forū ecclasticū e nō ad aliū e contradictores incidere in sentenciam excoīaōes majoris tē. Et licet Justiciā hic monstrassent ei qd̄ om̄es

proclamations were made by [virtue of] a writ of the lord the King which the lord the King lately sent to Otto &c. in these words &c. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison his Warden of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney or his lieutenant greeting. Whereas as we understand certain men of those islands which you hold for the term of your life of the grant of the lord E. formerly King of England our father & which after your decease ought to revert to us & to our heirs, not having consideration for our royal right, in this behalf have maliciously caused as well your officers as other men of those parts to be cited to appear before the Bishop of Coutances & other ecclesiastical judges out of the same islands to answer concerning fees of inheritance & their issues, the cognizance whereof within the same islands wholly belongs to us, to our prejudice & manifest detriment: We not being able to suffer such wrong command that you in open court in the aforesaid islands & in other places where you shall deem it expedient shall on our behalf cause it to be strongly inhibited that no one under penalty of the forfeiture of his lands & tenements & of all things which they could forfeit to us, shall cause or procure to be cited any officer of the aforesaid islands or any one else of the same islands to appear before the aforesaid Bishop or other ecclesiastical judge to answer for fees of inheritance or issues therefrom or upon any other things the cognizance whereof belongs to us. Witness ourself at Westminster the 15th day of May in the 2nd year of our reign; & not otherwise, and the same justices had intimated this to the aforesaid Dean, saying that those inhibitions & proclamations had been made by virtue of the aforesaid mandate of the lord the King & not by themselves, neither can the same justices revoke them inasmuch as they were made by their lord, neither should they be revoked because they were just. The aforesaid Dean, not accepting their answer, forthwith said that it had been proclaimed by decree that the cognizance of all pleas whatsoever except those concerning fees of inheritance in the islands belong wholly to the ecclesiastical jurisdiction & not to any other & that those who should impugn this should incur the penalty of the greater excommunication &c. And although the justices here

libe tenentes Insulaꝝ Curiam hntes a tpe quo non extat memoria hnt e fuerunt cogniconem de debitis e catafl sbditoꝝ suoꝝ e hoc constat ipos hie ex antiqua concessione Regū e dnoꝝ Insule monstrassent q, eidm Decano qđ non latuit ei qui tamdiu moram traxit in Insul qđ dñs Rex e ejus antecesꝝ dñi Insulaꝝ a tpe quo memoria nō existat semp usi ffunt tam de Juꝝ qꝫ de consuetudie hie cognicones de tꝫnsgꝛ omibꝫ p quoscumqꝫ fctis in Insul e de debitis simitr que nō sunt de testamento vl matrimonio pꝛdcus Decanus hnt omia pinpendens Ifato ficio e quarto monuit ipos Justiciaꝝ qđ pꝛdcas proclamaçoes e inhibiçoes statim façent revocari. Et cū Justiciaꝝ hic sepi⁹ ei dicerent illas fcas fuisse per dñm Regē ut pꝛdcm est e ipi fcm ejus nec possent vl vellent impugnaꝝ e monuissent ipm Decanū qui adiu est protegebatur sꝫ pace ipius dñi Reꝝ in Insul ne aliquid attemptaret in pꝫjdm dignitatis Corone dñi Reꝝ contꝫ Justiç tē pꝛdcus Decanus contemptiblr pronunciavit exçoiçatos omes illos a quibꝫ pꝛdce pꝛelamaçoes e inhibiçoes emanarunt gēnatꝫ e ipos Justiciaꝝ eadm de causa noiatim in plena Cur coram ipis Justiç. Et monuit totā coitatem Insule ex parte Epi sꝫ pena exçoiçacois ne quis popli dñi Reꝝ hic ipis Justiç obediret. Et sic ipi Justiciaꝝ ipm Decanū statim ibi in Judiço coram eis adjudicaçunt ad pꝫsoñ tē e ipm Decanū arrestaçunt. Et clici illi sic adherentes sibi ut pꝛdcm est ipm violentē rapuerunt a pꝫsona. Et Justiç hic fieri feçunt inquis de noibꝫ pꝛdcoꝝ Cliçoꝝ p quā quā inventū fuit qđ Galfr de Carfet Vivianus Mahumet psona ecclie Šci Lauꝝ Wilts Payen psona ecclie de Šco Petro Joħnes le Salvage psona ecclie Šci Eleꝝ Riçus Gerart psona ecclie Šci Joħnis Riçus le Pestour psona ecclie Šci Brolardi Riçus le Kaunber psona ecclie Šci Cleim Regiñ Hubert psona Capelle de Lougevitt Robtus Levesqe Robtus de Carfet Henꝝ de Šco Martino Wilts filius Robti de Hoga

showed to him that all the free tenants of the islands, having right of court, have & from time immemorial had cognizance of the debts & chattels of the persons subject to them, & it is established that they had this of the ancient grant of the Kings & lords of the island, & that they had showed to the said Dean that it was not unknown to him who had lived for such a long time in the island that the lord the King & his ancestors lords of the islands from time immemorial always used as well by right as by custom to have cognizance of all trespasses by whomsoever made in the island & of debts likewise which do not concern wills or marriage, the aforesaid Dean considering all these things admonished for a 2nd, 3rd & 4th time the said justices to cause forthwith the aforesaid proclamations & inhibitions to be immediately revoked. And whereas the justices here repeatedly told him that they (the proclamations) were made by the lord the King as is aforesaid & they neither could nor would impugn his deed & had admonished the said Dean, who for so long past has been under the protection of the peace of the said lord the King in the island, that he should not attempt anything to the prejudice of the dignity of the crown of the lord the King against justice &c. the aforesaid Dean in contempt pronounced all those to be excommunicated from whom the said proclamations & inhibitions emanated generally & the said justices for the same cause by name (& this he did) in open court before the justices themselves. And he admonished the whole community of the island on behalf of the Bishop under pain of excommunication that none of the people of the lord the King here shall obey the said justices. And so the said justices immediately proceeding to judgment committed the said Dean to prison &c., & they arrested the said Dean. And those clerks so adhering to him as is aforesaid violently rescued him from prison. And the justices here caused an inquisition to be made of the names of the aforesaid clerks whereby it was found that Geoffrey de Carteret, Vivian Mahumet, parson of the Church of St. Laurence, William Payn, parson of the Church of St. Peter, John le Sauvage, parson of the Church of St. Helier, Richard Gerart, parson of the Church of St. John, Richard le Pestour, parson of the Church of St. Brelade, Richard le Kaunber, parson of the Church of St. Clement, Reginald Hubert, parson of the Chapel of Longueville, Robert Levesque, Robert de Carteret, Henry de St. Martin, William son of

Plius filius Jord̄ Horman Jord̄ filius Phi Horman Robtus Gilbert Drogo de Šco Martino Symon de Šco Martino e Jord̄ Laungle sunt inde culpabtes. Postea duodena de Šco Clēm Jurata ad p̄lita Corone p̄sentavit qđ pred̄ Decan^o e Thom̄ Daunceys Petr^o Ernof Petr^o Darcys Junior Wills le Golu Rađ de Bullone et Wills Pyrou jam a tribz annis elap̄s sine waranto e absq̄ licencia f̄nda vt petenda de ballis seu ministris d̄ni Reġ intraverunt natiū d̄ni Reġ de Šco Clēm e ibid̄ cepunt Lauř de Sevenok̄ tūc clicum d̄ni Reġ in hac In̄s una cū bonis suis videl̄ ij ciphis arḡnti e aliis bonis q̄mpl̄imis t̄c. Et ip̄m in p̄sona f̄unt e posuert in ferre e s̄b magna custodia ip̄m duxerunt ex̄ regnū ut p̄sonē t̄c una cū magna sūma bonoꝝ a p̄d̄ S̄cm Eleř e alibi inventa s̄b possessione sua t̄c. Et ex pte d̄ni Reġ injunctū fuit Thome Daunceys gen̄ali p̄curatori Epi Constañ in om̄ibz que ip̄m tangunt in hoc Itiñe qđ ad diem lune p̄x̄ post f̄m Šci Lauř veniř fāc pred̄cos Clicos ad respond̄ inde d̄no Regi t̄c. Ad quē diem p̄dcus Thom̄ manifeste dixit se nō audeř intromittere quemcūq̄ clicum veniř in Cuř d̄ni Reġ ad respond̄ ibi de aliquo t̄c. Dič řn ad excusand̄ se ip̄m qđ ip̄e pat^o erit v̄fificā p̄ p̄riam qđ ip̄e nūq̄ apposuit mañ ad p̄dc̄m Lauř [nec] ad aliqua bona sua unde certis de causis remanet inquis capienda quousq̄ locutū f̄uit [coram] consilio d̄ni Regis t̄c.

(M. 50 d.) [Etiam] pred̄cus Decanus p̄fies e solempniř vocat^o ad pacem d̄ni Reġ et Guillot^o de Hoḡ filius Robti de Hoġ Phot^o Horman filius Jord̄i Horman e Jord̄ Horman filius Phi Horman qui dicuntur [in auxiliū] ip̄i simiř vocati t̄c nō veñ nec se volunt p̄mittere Justiciari p̄ ministros d̄ni Reġ nec Dyocesanus vult eos fāce veniř Justiciales t̄c. Ido exigantur e utlagentur sive forisjudicarentur t̄c. Et catalia

Robert de la Hougue, Philip son of Jordan Horman, Jordan son of Philip Horman, Robert Gilbert, Drogo de St. Martin, Simon de St. Martin & Jordan Laungle are guilty thereof. Afterwards the [jury of] 12 of St. Clement sworn at the pleas of the Crown presented that the said Dean & Thomas Daunceys, Peter Ernof, Peter Darcys junior, William le Golu, Ralph de Bullon & William Pyrou now 3 years ago without warrant & without license had or sought from the bailiffs or officers of the lord the King entered the lord the King's Manor of St. Clement & there took Laurence de Sevenok then clerk of the lord the King in this island together with his goods, to wit, 2 silver cups & many other goods &c., and they imprisoned him & put him in irons & under strong custody they led him out of the realm as a prisoner &c. together with a great quantity of goods found at St. Helier & elsewhere in his possession &c. And on behalf of the lord the King it was enjoined to Thomas Daunceys general proctor of the Bishop of Coutances in all things which concern him in this eyre that on Monday next after the feast of St. Laurence he shall cause the aforesaid clerks to come to answer therein to the lord the King &c. At which day the aforesaid Thomas openly said that he did not dare to intermeddle (to cause) any clerk whomsoever to come into the court of the lord the King to answer there for anything &c. He says nevertheless to excuse himself that he will be ready to establish by the verdict of the country that he never laid hands on the aforesaid Laurence nor on any of his goods, wherefore for certain reasons let the inquisition to be taken stand over until it shall be referred to the council of the lord the King &c.

(M. 50 d.) [Also] the aforesaid Dean many times & solemnly called to the peace of the lord the King & Guillot de la Hougue son of Robert de la Hougue, Philipot Horman son of Jordan Horman & Jordan Horman son of Philip Horman who are said to be (aiding him) likewise called &c. do not come nor will they submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the officers of the lord the King, unless their diocesan will allow them to acknowledge the jurisdiction &c. Therefore let them be cited & outlawed, or be judged by default &c. And let the

ŕdcoꝝ fugitivoꝝ forisfiant. Et ŕre e caĩ alioꝝ tē qui nō fugerunt preceptĩ fuit Vič qđ ea capet in mañ dñi Reĝ e salvo custodiret quousq, tē remaneant in mañ dñi Reĝ tē. Ita qđ Vič inde respondĩ dño Regi de exiĩ tē quousq, veŕŕint et inde satisfecĩnt tē. Et sciendĩ qđ ŕdcoꝝ Galfr de Cartet se supposuit ĝre Cuĩ tē. Et Henĩ de Šoo Martino qui tenens est ipius dñi Reĝ sup hiis allocut^o dič qđ nō est inde culpabĩs videlĩ de auxilio neq, de consilio. Et inde dixit qđ se velle purgaĩ tē. Et justič statim de ĝra tē concesserunt ei qđ se purgaret inde sola sua manu tē qui hoc fače noluit set dixit se inde velle sequi ĝram Cuĩ tē. Et q, constat Cuĩ hic qđ predcoꝝ Robtus de Cartet qui unus est de prĩcipalioribz tē pĩcipit singlis annis quandam annuam pensionē Triginĩ libraꝝ Turroñ p ppte hered eoꝝ in hac Inš. Iđo phibitũ est ŕdcto Pĩo qđ illam de celo nō solvat predco Robto quousq, satisfecerit dño Regi set illam ex nunc retineat dño Regi inde responsur^o quousq, tē. Et predcoꝝ Robin^o Gilbt postea veñ. Et dič qđ nō fuit in eoꝝ societate ad ŕmissa facienda tē. Et de hoc poñ se sup patriam. Set q, postea veñ ad eoꝝ societate. Iđo in ĝ^{vi} mĩa. Catalla ŕdci Petri Faleyse j equus ŕcii LX š. In minutis bonis XL š. Magĩ de Cartet ģeat elečionem solvendi dño Regi xxx li p delicto suo vt remaneant terre e caĩ sua in mañ dñi Reĝ quousq, satisfecit dño Regi tē. Et interim respondeat^r dño Regi de exiĩ tē. Et sciendĩ qđ postq, Iđm Magĩ Galfr fecat dño Regi fidelĩ tē statim postea sic sicut in auxilio Decani ipm movens e Juvans ad faciendĩ id quod fecĩ et ad movendĩ omēs Insulanos qđ nullus eoꝝ intenderet Justiciaĩ hic et ipē una cum ŕdco Robto ģre suo pĩcipat extitit ad ducendĩ Decanũ extra Cuĩ a psona ģ in ŕsencia ipoꝝ Justiciarioꝝ tē. Et nichomin^o XL li de fine suo in Itineĩ Robti

chattels of the aforesaid fugitives be forfeited. And as to the lands & chattels of the others &c. who did not flee it was commanded to the Viscount to take them into the hands of the lord the King & to keep them safely until &c. and they shall remain in the hands of the lord the King &c. So that the Viscount shall answer therefor to the lord the King for the revenues &c. until they shall come & shall make satisfaction thereof &c. And be it known that the aforesaid Geoffrey de Carteret submitted himself to the mercy of the court &c. And Henry de St. Martin who is a tenant of the same lord the King questioned about these things says that he is not guilty thereof to wit, neither by aid nor by counsel. And therein he says that he wishes to clear himself of the accusation &c. And the justices immediately as of favour &c. granted to him that he might clear himself thereof at their hands alone &c. who did not wish to do this, but said that he wished therein to submit himself to the mercy of the court &c. And because it appears to the court here that the said Robert de Carteret who is one of the principal (heirs) &c. receives every year a certain yearly pension of 30 livres tournois for the share of their inheritance in this island, therefore it is prohibited to the aforesaid Philip to pay the same henceforth to the aforesaid Robert until he shall have satisfied the lord the King, but he shall retain the same from now for the lord the King to answer therefor until &c. And the aforesaid Robin Gilbert afterwards comes & says that he was not in their company in doing the acts aforesaid &c. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country, but because he afterwards came in their company therefore he is to be heavily amerced. The chattels of the aforesaid Peter Faleyse, a horse value 60 s., in small goods 40 s. Master Geoffrey de Carteret shall have the choice of paying to the lord the King 30 livres for his offence, or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy the lord the King &c. And in the meantime let account be made to the King for the revenues &c. And be it known that after the same Master Geoffrey had done fealty to the lord the King &c., he immediately afterwards aided the Dean inciting him & supporting him to do that which he did & to move all the islanders that none of them would attend the justices here; & he together with the aforesaid Robert his brother was the principal one to take the Dean out of the jurisdiction of the court from the prison & that in the very presence of the same justices &c. And nevertheless 40 livres of his fine in the eyre of Robert de Leisset

de Leisseī que poiti fīnt sup portū suū s̄ plevinna p̄ris sui e alioꝝ
adhuc sic remaneat in s^openso. Et p̄dcus Robtus fraī suus det d̄no
Regi x li si velit delibare pensionē suam. Vivianus Mahumet p̄sona
S̄ci Lauř solvat simitr d̄no Regi x li p̄ p̄dco delicto v̄t remaneant fr̄e
e caī sua in mañ d̄ni Regē quousq̄ satisfecit t̄c. Et se extendunt caī
sua ad xxx libr. Et Wifis Payen p̄sonē ecclie S̄ci Petri qui simitr
magnam ptē habet de fr̄is e caī t̄c respond̄ d̄no Regi de x li. Et
Joh̄nes le Salvage in cuj^o domo illa magna conspiraço p̄locuta fuit
versus d̄nm Regē p̄ p̄dcis t̄nsgr̄ det d̄no Regi x li v̄t remaneant in
mañ d̄ni Regē xij virḡ terř quas habet de fra geldabili de feodo p̄dci
magri Galfr̄i de Cartet una cū bestiis e aliis bonis suis preter obven-
cōnes ecclie quousq̄ t̄c. Et Riçus Gerart p̄sona ecclie S̄ci Joh̄nis
det d̄no Regi x li v̄t remaneant fr̄e e bona ei ut sup̄. Et Riçus le
Pastur p̄sona S̄ci Broelardi det d̄no Regi x li v̄t remaneant fr̄e ej^o e
bona ut sup̄. Et Riçus le Caunber det d̄no Regi xij li sup̄ om̄ibz
que possidet. Et Reginaldus Huḅt p̄sona Capelle de Loungevill det
d̄no Regi x li v̄t remaneant fr̄e e caī ejus in mañ d̄ni Regē quousq̄
satisfecit Robtus Levesqe de S̄ca Trinitate det d̄no Regi c s̄ v̄t exeat
fram Regē quousq̄ reappelletur t̄c. Et infim remaneant bona ejus
cum terra sua in mañ d̄ni Regē. Et Wifis de Hoga det d̄no Regi
c s̄. Et si nō sufficiat t̄c tunc respond̄ inde paī suus cuj^o manupastus
est t̄c. Et P̄hus filius Jordani Horman. Et Jordan^o filius Phi Hor-
man dent d̄no Regi x li. Et si nō suffiç respondeant ind̄ p̄res eoꝝ t̄c.
Et p̄dcus Henř de S̄co Martino Drogo e Symon fr̄es ejus dent d̄no
Regi xxx li v̄t catalla eoꝝ appreciata ad XL li una cum om̄ibz fr̄is eoꝝ
remaneāt in mañ d̄ni Regē quousq̄ satisfecint ut sup̄ t̄c. Et infim
respond̄ d̄no Regi de exiū t̄c. Et Jordan^o Laungle det d̄no Regi c s̄

which were imposed upon his income under the replevin of his father & of others still so remains in suspense. And the aforesaid Robert his brother shall give to the lord the King 10 livres if he wish to free his pension. Vivian Mahumet parson of St. Laurence shall pay likewise to the lord the King 10 livres for the aforesaid offence or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy &c. And his chattels amount to 30 livres. And William Payn parson of the Church of St. Peter who likewise has large portion of lands & chattels &c. shall answer to the King for 10 livres. And John le Sauvage in whose house that great conspiracy was hatched against the lord the King shall give to the lord the King for the said transgression 10 livres, or there shall remain in the hands of the lord the King 12 virgates of land which belongs to him of geldable⁽¹⁾ land of the fee of the said Master Geoffrey de Carteret together with his beasts & other goods except the offerings of the Church until &c. And Richard Gerard parson of the Church of St. John shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & goods shall remain as above. And Richard le Pestur parson of St. Brelade shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & goods shall remain as above. And Richard le Caunber shall give to the lord the King 12 livres upon all things which he possesses. And Reginald Hubert parson of the chapel of Longueville shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy. Robert Levesque of Holy Trinity shall give to the lord the King 100 sols, or he shall leave the territory of the King until he shall be recalled &c. And in the meantime his goods with his land shall remain in the hands of the lord the King. And William de la Hougue shall give to the lord the King 100 sols, & if he has not sufficient to pay &c. then his father under whose authority he lives shall answer therefor &c. And Philip son of Jordan Horman, & Jordan son of Philip Horman shall give to the lord the King 10 livres, & if they have not sufficient to pay their fathers shall answer therefor &c. And the aforesaid Henry de St. Martin, Drogo & Symon his brothers shall give to the lord the King 30 livres or their chattels which are appraised at 40 livres together with all their lands, shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until they shall satisfy as above &c. And in the meantime account shall be given to the lord the King of the revenues &c. And Jordan Laungle shall give to the lord the King 100 sols or his

(1) Geldable, i.e. liable to pay tax or tribute.

vt remaneant dño Regi terre ejus et catalla ut sup̄. Et om̄ibz ista contradicentibz statim puplice phibeatur terra dñi Reġ tē. Et in m̄catis e locis aliis competentibz phibeatur om̄ibz puplice ne quis huj⁹modi contradictores manuteneat vt receptet. Et a tēpe phibiçois huj⁹ Ballivus puniat ġ̄viŕ quos investit inde culpabtes. Et si Decanus venire voluerit ad pacem dñi Reġ tunc inveniat bonam sec̄ritatem de L libr preŕ predca catalla sua forisfcta tē de quibz medietas solvetur dño Regi e alia medietas ponetur in sufferenciam sup portū suū. Et q̄ predci Petr⁹ Ernof Petr⁹ Darcys Junior Wilts Galu Rads de Bullone et Wilts Pirou qui s̄sunt in capçone p̄dci Lauŕ de Sevenoŕ nō veniunt. Ido capiantur cū veſint.

(M. 51.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis Gorone** de manucaptis qui nō veſunt.

Jereš Jord̄s le Neir manucapt⁹ p Guil̄m le Neir e Rob̄m Harmel de
D̄ Šco Auđ eo qđ indictatus fuit ŕbavit noctan̄ Colinū Wauter e ip̄m acabliavit
ad ŕram unde ha cla nō veſ. Ido pleġ sui in m̄ia.

Petrus de Broune manucapt⁹ p Petrum Boeffey p t̄nsġssioe fca
Colino Wauter [nō veſ p'imo die] Itiſis. Ido pleġ suus in m̄ia.

D̄ Grovill Alanus Anketil manucapt⁹ p Drogonem Mariette e Guil̄m Pop-
pecte p t̄n̄s fca Radi [non] veſ p'imo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ
sui in m̄ia.

Ričus fil Wilti Horman manucapt⁹ p Wiltm Horman e Rob̄m
Horman p t̄n̄s fca nō veſ p'imo die Itiſis. Ido
pleġ sui in m̄ia.

Ričus Avice manucepit uřem Joġnis Chivaler p t̄ns fca filie
Radi Romye e ip̄am nō p'imo die Itiſis. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia.

lands & chattels shall remain to the King as above. And to all remaining refractory let the territory of the lord the King be forthwith by public proclamation forbidden &c. And let public proclamation be made in the markets & other places of assemblage that no one shall assist or harbour such refractory persons. And from the time of such prohibition the bailiff shall punish severely those whom he shall find guilty thereof. And if the Dean shall wish to come to the peace of the lord the King then let him find good security of 50 livres, besides his aforesaid chattels forfeited &c. of which the moiety shall be paid to the lord the King & the other moiety shall be charged on his revenue. And because the aforesaid Peter Ernof, Peter Darcys, junior, William Galu, Ralph de Bullon & William Pirou who were at the taking of the aforesaid Laurence de Sevenok do not come, therefore let them be taken when they shall come.

(M. 51.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons bailed
who did not come.

Jersey.
St. Ouen. Jordan le Neir bailed by William le Neir & Robert Harmel for that he was indicted for having assaulted by night Colin Vautier & thrown him to the ground whereupon 'Haro' was raised, does not come. Therefore his pledges are to be amerced.

Peter de Broune bailed by Peter Boeffey for wrong done to Colin Vautier [does not come the first day] of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Grouville. Alan Anketil bailed by Drogo Mariette & William Poppecte for wrong done to Ralph [does not] come the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Richard son of William Horman bailed by William Horman & Robert Horman for wrong done to did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Richard Avice bailed the wife of John Chevalier for wrong done to the daughter of Ralph Romye & she did not [come] the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Gervaš de Normanū e Ričus fraš ejus manucapti p Robřm Herbert p t^{ns} fca Michi Herbert nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo řđcs Rořtus pleř eoř in g^{vi} m^{ia}.

Rořtus le Desnee e Gervaš le Desnee manucapti p Robřm Bertram e Henř le Desnee p t^{ns} fca Ričo le Chivaler nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř sui in m^{ia}.

Eleř Jords Lempere manucapt^o p Přim Fundenř e Radm Lempere p t^{ns} fca Wilto Lenginour nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř sui in m^{ia}.

Rořtus le Bas Junior manucaptus p Radm Mařie Radm Crespel e Guillm le Curteys de eo qđ indictatus fuit qđ řbavit noctanř Pňotum bordař Reř uň ha cla nō veň. Iđo pleř sui in g^{vi} m^{ia}.

Rađus Harel manucapt^o p Petrum Harel p t^{ns} fca Stepňo le Bretoň nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř suus in m^{ia}.

Joňnes Columbamy manucaptus p Guillm Norman p t^{ns} fca Guiffo Columb nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř suis in m^{ia}.

Salvař Joňnes Beneyt manucapt^o p Thomam Hugoun p t^{ns} fca Ričo Poyle nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř suus in m^{ia}.

Gilřtus le Vassal manucař p Gilřtm le Blank p t^{ns} fca Rico Poyle nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř suus in m^{ia}.

Thomas Hugoun manucapt^o p Joňem Beneyt p t^{ns} fca Ričo Poyle nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis pleř suus in m^{ia}.

Martinus de Wyncheles manucapt^o p Guillm de Wyncheles p t^{ns} fca Raoline la Maygnane nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř suus in m^{ia}.

Audoenř Peř Organ manucař p Guillm de Laiř e Robřtm le Serkeys p t^{ns} fca Rořto Organ nō veň p^{mo} die Itiřis. Iđo pleř sui in m^{ia}.

Gervaise of Normandy & Richard his brother bailed by Robert Herbert for wrong done to Michael Herbert did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore the said Robert their pledge to be heavily amerced.

Robert le Desnee & Gervaise le Desnee bailed by Robert Bertram & Henry le Desnee for wrong done to Richard le Chevalier did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore their pledges to be amerced.

St. Helier. Jordan Lemprière bailed by Philip Fondan & Ralph Lemprière for wrong done to William Lenginour did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Robert le Bas junior, bailed by Ralph Mahie, Ralph Crespel & William le Curteys for that he was indicted for striking by night Phillot the 'bordier' of the King whereupon 'Haro' was raised did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

Ralph Harel bailed by Peter Harel for wrong done to Stephen le Breton did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

John Columbamy bailed by William Norman for wrong done to William Columb did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

St. Saviour. John Benest bailed by Thomas Hugoun for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Gilbert le Vassal bailed by Gilbert le Blanc for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Thomas Hugoun bailed by John Benest for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Martin de Vinchelez bailed by William de Vinchelez for wrong done to Raolina la Maygnane did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

St. Ouen. Peter Organ bailed by William de Lecq & Robert le Serkeys for wrong done to Robert Organ did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Ď Šca Maria.

Guiltus le Faucon manucaþ p Peřr le Bas e Jordm del Pointe de indictamto lat^ocinii nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleĝ sui in m^{ia}.

Guiltus fit Riči de la Ville manucaþ p Ričm přem suū p t^{ns} fca Guilbto le Counte nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Ido pleĝ suus in m^{ia}.

Thomas Henry manucapt^o p Jořem Henry p t^{ns} fca filie Jořnis Humfrey nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleĝ suus in m^{ia}. Et Pñus le Ducheroun manucaþ p Jordm le Evesk p eod nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleĝ simitr in m^{ia}.

Salvaĩ

Galfr Cokerel manucapt^o p Radm Payn e Jořam matrem ipius Galfri p t^{ns} fca Gilto fri suo nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleĝ sui in m^{ia}. Et si pđca Jořna nō sufficiat respond Balis qui ipam admisit.

Ď Šco Clemie

Roĝus de Coustil manucapt^o p Jořem du Coustil přem suū p t^{ns} fca Marione de Barantino nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleĝ suus in m^{ia}.

Jořnes du Costil manucaþ p Guillm du Costil přem suū p t^{ns} fca Marione de Barantino nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleĝ suus in m^{ia}.

Pñus Godel đcs Gentilhome manucaþ p Pñm Payn e Guillm Borgate de eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit noctan^o domū Marione de Barantino jactando lapid ad ostiū suū uñ ha cla nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in g^{vi} m^{ia}.

Colinus Goscelin manucaþ p Wiltm Lenginour Alanū le Neir faciendo ei plagam e sang^onem in g^{vi} m^{ia}.

Guiltsiaunt e Rořtus Grima..... [indictati] fřunt [qđ insult]ařunt Colinū Pynel cū acabliamento Iō pđc eoř in g^{vi} m^{ia}. Et Elerio Saumareys

St. Mary. Gilbert le Faucoun bailed by Peter le Bas & Jordan du Pont on an indictment for theft did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

William son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard his father for wrong done to Gilbert le Conte did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Thomas Henry bailed by John Henry for wrong done to the daughter of John Humfrey did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And Philip le Ducheron bailed by Jordan l'Evesque for the same did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge likewise to be amerced.

St. Saviour. Geoffrey Cokerel bailed by Ralph Payn & Joan mother of the said Geoffrey for wrong done to William his brother did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And if the aforesaid Joan be not able to pay, then let the Bailiff who accepted her answer.

St. Clement. Roger de Costil bailed by John du Costil his father for wrong done to Marion de Barantin did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

John du Costil bailed by William du Costil his father for trespass done to Marion de Barantin did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Philip Godel called Gentilhomme bailed by Philip Payn & William Borgate for that he was indicted for assaulting by night the house of Marion de Barantin by throwing stones at her door whereby 'Haro' was raised did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

Colin Goscelin bailed by William Lenginour [indicted for assaulting] Alan le Neir, wounding him & drawing blood, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced.

Williamiaunt & Robert Grima.....
were [indicted for wounding] Colin Pynel by throwing him to the
ground [& do not come.] Therefore their aforesaid [pledges] to be
heavily amerced. And
St. Helier Samarès

(M. 51 d.)

Adhuc de manucaptis qui nō veſunt.

..... manucapt^o p Rađm Hastein, Galfr̃m Hastein e
Colinū Morel p t̃ns f̃ca uxi nō veñ p^omo die Itifis.
Idō pleḡ sui in m̃a.

..... Galicien manucapt^o p Nichm̃ p̃rem suū p t̃ns f̃ca Johi
Angare nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suus in m̃a.

..... Malesars manucaptus p Thomam Malesars & Ja-
cobum de Wyncheles p t̃ns f̃ca Gilbert nō veñ p^omo die
Itifis. Iō pleḡ sui in m̃a.

..... le Corraunt Joñes le Victu e Joñes Hubaunt manu-
capti p Ričm le Corraunt, Robīm Perer p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo Trache nō
veñ p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ eoḡ in g^ovi m̃a.

Jord̃ fit P̃hi Horman manucapt^o p Guillm̃ des Augreys Jacobū
de Wyncheles e Colinū Malesars p t̃ns f̃ca Vivencie Mothoun e filie
sue nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Jō pleḡ sui in m̃a.

Sebirota Goies manucapta p Regiñ de Šco Clemente Thomā
Anleķ e Joñem Hubert p t̃ns f̃ca Colino le Fillastre nō veñ p^omo die
Itifis. Iō pleḡ sui in m̃a.

Đ Šco Martino.

Guilts fit Riči de la Ville manucapt^o p Ričm̃ p̃rem suū nō veñ
p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suus in m̃a.

Robtus fit Riči de la Ville manucaḡ p Ričm̃ de la Ville e Guillm̃
Direvaunt nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suus in m̃a.

(M. 51 d.) **Continuation of persons bailed** who did not come.

..... bailed by Ralph Hastein, Geoffrey Hastein & Colin Morel for wrong done to the wife of did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

..... Galicien bailed by Nicholas his father for wrong done to John Angare did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

..... Malzard bailed by Thomas Malzard & James de Vinchelez for wrong done to Gilbert did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

..... le Corraunt, John le Victu & John Hubaunt bailed by Richard le Corraunt, Robert Perer for wrong done to Richard Trachy did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced.

Jordan son of Philip Horman bailed by William des Augreys, James de Vinchelez & Colin Malzard for wrong done to Vivienca Mothoun & her daughter did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Sebirota Goies bailed by Reginald de St. Clement, Thomas Anley & John Hubert for wrong done to Colin le Fillastre did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

St. Martin. William son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard his father did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Robert son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard de la Ville & William Direvaut did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

(M. 52.) **Delibāco Gaole coram prefatis Justic̄ in Ins̄
de Jereseye.**

Jereseye. Justic̄ hic audientes p famam publicam qđ quidam Robt^o Desnee puer IX annis [ætate] murdr̄it^o fuit et exinde poitus juxta pvū rivulū molend̄ in confinio pochias̄ Šci [Laurentii] et Šci Petri ac si fuisset sb̄msus in rivello illo cum nō esset e accidentes magnam [intentionem] esse hic ad feloniam illam cōceland̄ pcesserunt ad inquirend̄ inde rei v̄itatem p p[robiores et] fidedigniores hujus Insule s̄ P̄hm de Carteret Joñnem de Barantyn Petrum de Šco [Elerio] Levesqe Reginaldū de Šco Elerio Robtum de la Hoge Guillm des Augeres Guillm le Petit [Ma]lesars Guillm Dierevaud P̄hm Horman e P̄hm Levesqe. Qui dicunt qđ nec ip̄i nec eoꝝ antecessores p̄ qui feoda integra tenent umq̄^a poni consueverunt in huj^o inquisiçõibz ex officio set [propter] reverenciam d̄ni Reġ e rogatū Justiciarioꝝ concesserunt ad p̄sens inde façe veredctm̄ salva [ipsis] e h̄edibz suis lib̄tate sua ne trahatur in consequenciam tempibz futuris t̄c. Et eis [conceditur]. Et dicunt sup sacrū suū qđ ip̄i malecredūt Raulinam ux̄em Nichi le Desnee de murdro p̄dco. Et cum p Justiciar̄ p̄cept̄ fuisset vicecoñ qđ ip̄am statim capet vicecoñ statim adiit ap̄d villā de Šco Elerio ubi morantes erant e ip̄am querens non invenit set publice precipit ex pte d̄ni Reġ qđ burgenses munirent cimiterium ne ip̄a ibi se intruderet. Et dū vicecoñ alibi quesivisset eam p̄dci Nichus e Raulina manifeste coram ip̄is burgensibz sine impedimento se posuerunt in eccliam clamor̄ de harou tamen fiete levato Justiciar̄ adhuc sedentibz ad plita. Ido om̄es in m̄ia. Et p̄dci Nichus e Raulina tenuerunt se in ecclia p xv dies e amplius licet plies per Justiciarios e Juř Regis quesitū esset ab eis si voluissent reddere se ad pacem d̄ni Regis tanq̄^a hoies

(M. 52.) **Exco Delivery before the said Justices in the island of Jersey.**

Jersey. The justices here, hearing by public report that a certain Robert Desnee a boy of 9 years [of age] was murdered & then put close by a small mill stream in the confines of the parishes of St. [Laurence] & St. Peter, as if he had been drowned in that stream, whereas he was not, & as there happened to be a great [endeavour] here to conceal that felony, proceeded to enquire into the truth of the matter by [the best and] most trustworthy men of this island, to wit, Philip de Carteret, John de Barantyn, Peter de [St. Helier,] Levesque, Reginald de St. Helier, Robert de la Hougue, William des Augrès, William le Petit, Malzard, William Direvaud, Philip Horman & Philip Levesque, who say that neither they nor their ancestors before them who hold fees entire⁽¹⁾ were ever wont to be put on such inquisitions 'ex officio,' but out of respect for the lord the King & by the desire of the justices, they consented in this present case to give a verdict therein, saving [to themselves] & to their heirs their rights, that it be not drawn into precedent in the future &c. And [this is conceded] to them. And they say upon their oath that they suspect Raulina the wife of Nicholas le Desnee of the aforesaid murder. And whereas it was commanded by the justices to the Viscount that he should arrest her at once, the Viscount forthwith went to the town of St. Helier where they were living & asking for her did not find her, but commanded publicly on behalf of the lord the King that the burgesses should guard the cemetery so that she might not enter there.⁽²⁾ And while the Viscount sought her elsewhere the aforesaid Nicholas & Raulina apparently before the eyes of those very burgesses without hindrance on their part put themselves in the Church, 'Clameur de Haro' being raised but without right, the justices being then sitting at the pleas. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid Nicholas and Raulina remained in the Church for 15 days & more, although on many occasions they were called upon by the Justices & Jurats of

(1) Feodum integrum, i.e. non divisum (fié entérin).

(2) i.e. prevent her from entering the Church to take refuge.

pacis v̄l tenere se ad refugiū ecclie sicut felones. Qui demū reddiderunt se paci dñi Reĝ. Et venientes coram Justiciā t̄c. Et pred̄ca Raulina allocuta de pred̄ca feloniam mortis ip̄ius Roḡti et pred̄cus Nichus pre s̄p̄içone fuge sue allocut⁹ de consensu t̄c e de receptamento ūxis sue scienter t̄c defendūt mortem e om̄em feloñ t̄c. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et P̄hus Fundenĝ Radulphus Turgys Wilts le Petist Joñnes de Wyncheles Thoñ Huges Galfr Levesque Thoñ des Augres Lauř Loisel Joñnes de Wyncheles Junior Roĝus Dauboeuf Galfr le Galicien e Guills le Segresteyn Juř dicunt sup sac̄rm suū qđ pred̄ci Nichus e Raulina non sunt inde culpab̄tes nec malecred̄ de aliquo alio malef̄co. Iđo eant inde quieti salvus dño Regi catalt̄ eoꝝ p̄ fuga qui se extendunt ad vij^m xvij^a ix^d per diversas pt̄ctas in pochiis Šci Salvatoris Šci Lauř e Šci Elerii de quibz Vič e p̄poiti simul cū p̄dco Nicho respondebunt.

Et sciend̄ qđ pro magna mantencōe quam Justič p̄penderunt esse de dīsis feloñ fecerunt ip̄i qđ Juř dñi Reĝ p̄ majori e fideliori parte eoꝝdm poiti ffunt in inquisiçoibz in quas indictati se posuerunt cum p̄testacōe qđ non trahatur in consequenciam t̄c set salva sit eis lib̄tas sua quatenus de jure salvanda fuit t̄c.

De Šca Mař Guills le Faucon rectat⁹ de latrociniis de pilando bidentes vicinos veñ e defend̄ om̄e lat̄ciniū e totū t̄c. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Juř dicunt sup sac̄rm suū qđ pred̄ Guills nō est inde culpabilis nec de alio malef̄co malecr̄. Iđo sit quiet⁹.

Đ Šco Petro. Riçus Galopin rectat⁹ de s̄p̄içone latrociniū bidenciū gallinaꝝ e alioꝝ minuī veñ e defend̄ om̄e lat̄ciniū e totū t̄c. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat̄am. Juř dicunt sup sac̄rm suū qđ nō est inde culpabilis nec de alio malef̄co malecr̄. Iđo sit quietus.

the King to say whether they would surrender to the peace of the lord the King as peaceful subjects or remain in the refuge of the Church as felons ; who at length surrendered to the peace of the lord the King & coming before the justices &c. ; and the aforesaid Raulina being accused concerning the said felony of the death of the said Robert & the aforesaid Nicholas on account of the suspicions raised by his flight being accused as to his consent &c. and to his having received his wife knowing &c. repel (the accusation of having caused) the death & all felonious intent &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Philip Fondan, Ralph Turgys, William le Petit, John de Vinchelez, Thomas Hüge, Geoffrey Levesque, Thomas des Augrès, Laurence Loisel, John de Vinchelez, junior, Roger Dauboef, Geoffrey le Galicien & William le Segresteyn, jurors, say upon their oath that the aforesaid Nicholas & Raulina are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other wrong-doing. Therefore let them be discharged therein, saving to the lord the King their chattels on account of their flight which amount to 7 livres 17 sols 9 deniers in various parcels in the parishes of St. Saviour, St. Laurence & St. Helier of which the Viscount & the Provost, together with the aforesaid Nicholas shall answer.

And be it known that for the great protection which the justices considered to be necessary concerning divers felonies they enacted that the jurats of the lord the King for the greater & more faithful part of them should be put on inquisitions to which those indicted have submitted themselves, receiving a protest that it should not be drawn into precedent &c. but that their freedom shall be maintained, so far as by law it should be maintained &c.

St. Mary. William le Faucon accused of the theft of shearing the sheep of neighbours came & denied all theft & all &c., and for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid William is not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be discharged.

St. Peter. Richard Galopin accused on suspicion of stealing sheep, hens, & other small things comes & denies all theft & all &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that he is not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be discharged.

Ď Šco Salvař

Jořnes filius Riči Douenand e Colinett^o Palot rectati qđ sunt cōmunes latrones tĉ veř e defendĉ ořme latrociniū e totū tĉ. Et de bono e malo poř se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ pđcti Jořnes e Colinett^o nō sunt inde culpabľes nec de alio malefĉto malecrĉ. Iđo quieti.

Jořnes le Feuere đcus Justice rectatus qđ nō⁽¹⁾ fuit de societate Rořti Horman falsonař monete veř e defendĉ totū tĉ. Et de bono e malo poř se sup pat'am. Et Jořnes Diereuauđ Jořnes de Braban et Oliřus de Braban rectati qđ ipi multum expendunt in tařnis e alibi plus qđm possunt fideř lucrari p quod credit' ipos esse latrones veř e defendĉ totū tĉ. Et poř se sup patriam. Et pđcus Přus simiř rectat^o qđ ipē feĉ crokettū de quodam cultello e apuit hostiū celarii et ipē simul cum pđcis Jořne e Olivero e Jořne Douenauđ dū fřřunt in p'soř in castro Reģ fuř de warnistura Reģ ad qđntitatē dimidii dot vini e tres bacoř veř e defendĉ totū tĉ. Et de bono e malo poř se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ pđci Přus Jořnes Oliver^o e Jořnes non sunt inde culpabľes nec de aliis malefĉcis malecrĉ. Iđo sint quieti.

Petr^o Piket rectat^o qđ ipē simul cū aliis murdriavit Thořm Douenauđ e Olivam uřem ejus veř e defendĉ ořmem feloř e totū tĉ. Et de bono e malo poř se sup patriam. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ pđcus Petr^o nō est inde culpabľis nec de aliis malefĉcis malecrĉ. Iđo sit quiet^o.

Dioniř le Feuere rectat^o de societate Rořti
fiř Riči Faleyse rectat^o de blađ p'or
[veř e defendĉ totū tĉ. Et de bono] e malo poř se sup přiam Juř
dicūt sup [sacřm suū qđ pđci Dioniř et non sunt inde]
culpabit. Iđo eant inde quieti.

(1) Sic.

St. Saviour.

John son of Richard Dovenand & Colinet Palot accused of being common thieves &c. come & deny all theft & all &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid John & Colinet are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore they are discharged.

John le Fevre called Jutise accused of being of the company of Robert Horman forger of money comes & denies the whole &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Dierevaud, John de Braban & Oliver de Braban accused of spending much more in taverns & elsewhere than they can honestly earn, whereby they are believed to be thieves come & deny all &c. And submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And the aforesaid Philip likewise accused of making a crook of a certain knife & opening the door of a cellar, & he together with the aforesaid John & Oliver & John Dovenand while they were in prison in the castle of the King stole from the King's garrison stores to the amount of half a hogshead of wine & 3 pig's carcasses come & deny all &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid Philip, John, Oliver & John are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeeds. Therefore let them be discharged.

Peter Piket accused for that he together with others murdered Thomas Dovenand & Olive his wife, comes & denies all felony & all &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid Peter is not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other misdeeds. Therefore let him be discharged.

Dionisius le Fevre accused [of being] of the company of Robert son of Richard Falaise accused [of taking] the corn of the Prior of [come & deny all &c. And] for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say on [their oath that the said Dionisius and are not] guilty thereof. Therefore let them be discharged.

(M. 53.) **Plita de Corona** coram Joĥne de Fresingfeld Drogone de Barantino et Joĥne de Dittone Juticiariis Itifantibz in Insulis die lune px̄ ante festum sc̄i Barnabe Ap̄li anno regni d̄ni Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo continuato in Jersey usq; ad diem lune px̄imū post festū Ap̄torum Petri et Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jersey. P̄hus Hamon unus de duodena t̄c in m̄ia p̄ contemptu. Et
Brolard̄ Nichus du Gardin..... in m̄ia p̄ eod̄m.

Petr^o Maret elect^o ad inquisitiones d̄ni Reḡ non veñ et suñ t̄c. Jdo in m̄ia. Et in m̄ia p̄ eod̄m.

Wiffus Warclipeys veñ in Cuř hic e ptulit cartam d̄ni Reḡ pat̄s in hec verba. Edwardus Dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hib̄n e Dux Aquit̄ om̄ibz suis ad quos p̄sentes tre p̄vesint sal̄tm. Sciatis qđ caritatis nostr̄e p̄donavimus Warclipeys e Agneti ux̄i ejus Nicho le Warclipeys e Gaudino Karrere de poch̄ Sc̄i Martini Veñis de Insula de Gereseye sectam pacis n̄re que ad nos ptinet p̄ latrociniis e aliis t̄nsḡr̄ssionibz p̄ ip̄os Willm Agnetem Nichm e Gaudinū in Insula p̄d̄ca cont̄ pacem n̄ram p̄pertratis unde rectati sunt et t̄ abjuraçoem ejusd̄ In̄s e aliaꝝ Insulaꝝ adjacent̄ quam fecunt p̄ lat̄ciniis e t̄nsḡr̄ p̄d̄cis e firmam pacem n̄ram eis inde concedim^o Ita tñ qđ fient recte in Cuř n̄ra ibidem si quis vsus eos vol̄sit de lat̄ciniis e t̄nsḡr̄ p̄d̄cis. In cuj^o rei testimoniū has Iras n̄ras fieri fecim^o patentes. T̄. me ip̄o apud Westm̄ vij^o die April̄ anno r̄ ñ xxvij^o.

Comptū est p̄ Juř in quam Joĥnes de Laik se posuit qđ ip̄e emit quamđ osta[dam ?] de stauro d̄ni Reḡ de Lauř de Sevenok̄ ex̄ mereatū t̄c sine waranto. Iō ip̄e in ḡvi m̄ia.

(M. 53.) **Pleas of the Crown** before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantín & John de Ditton justices in eyre in the islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England continued in Jersey up to the Monday next after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul as from day to day.

Jersey.
St. Brelade. Philip Hamon one of the 12 &c. to be amerced for contempt.
And Nicholas du Gardin to be amerced for the same thing.

Peter Maret chosen [to serve] on the inquisitions of the lord the King does not come & was summoned &c. Therefore he is to be amerced. And to be amerced for the same thing.

William Warclipeys came into court here & produced a Charter of the father of the lord the King in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all his to whom these present letters shall come, greeting: Know ye that we of our charity have granted to [William] Warclipeys & Agnes his wife, Nicholas Warclipeys & Gaudin Karrere of the parish of St. Martin the Old of the island of Jersey, suit of our peace, which belongs to us, for thefts & other trespasses perpetrated by the same William, Agnes, Nicholas & Gaudin in the aforesaid island against our peace whereof they are accused, & as to the abjuration of the said island & of the other islands adjacent which they made for the aforesaid thefts & trespasses we have granted them our firm peace therein, so nevertheless that they do stand their trial in our court there if any one shall wish to [proceed] against them concerning the said thefts & trespasses. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent.

Witness Ourselves at Westminster the 7th day of April in the 27th year of our reign.

It is found by the jury to which John de Lecq submitted himself that he bought a certain (?) of the lord the King of Laurence de Sevenok privately⁽¹⁾ &c. without warrant. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

(1) i.e. not in open market.

(M. 54.) **Plita coram Johne de Fresingfeld** e sociis suis Justic
Itifantibz in insulis die Lune px̄ ante fm̄ Sci Barnabe Apli
anno regni dni Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo predco die
continuato in Aurenny usq; ad diem post festum
Decollaconis Sci Johannis Bap̄ ut de die in diem.

Aurenny. [Dñs] Rex p̄ Wilfm̄ des Mareys qui sequitur pro eo petit vsus
Precentor̄ e Capitlm̄ e octo solidatas redditus et reddm̄
novē cabotelloz̄ fri quatuor e camp̄tū bladoz̄
de toto feodo ip̄oz̄ p̄centoris e capitli advoçacoem
eccie ejusdem Insule ut Jus t̄c. Et unde Idem Wilfs dicit
..... avus t̄c fuit seisit^o de predcis redditibz et advocaçoe t̄c
..... ad eccliam illam p̄sentavit quendam Wilfm̄
chicum suū institutus in eadm̄. Et qđ t̄le sit
jus ip̄ius dni [offert verificare sicut] Cuñ conā.

[Et Precentor e] magr̄ scolasticus concanoicus ejusdem p̄ attorn̄
suū veñ. Et Wilfs de Stonerailles p̄cuñ ad
tūc admissus p̄ veñ. Et dicūt qđ p̄dci precentor e
capitlm̄ t̄c e om̄es p̄decessores sui de [habu]erunt p̄dca teñ
e p̄dca eccliam in pp̄los usus a tempe quo nō extat memoria
..... [sine] tempis interrupçoe excepto tempe guerre in^o Reges
ultimo h̄ite scil̄ p̄ris dni Reḡ nūc. Et qđ ita est
offerunt v̄ificare p̄ p̄riam.

Et Wilfs dicit p̄ dño Rege qđ dñs Johannes Rex obiit sc̄itus de
p̄dcis teñ cuj^o mortem p̄dcus dñs H. rex avus t̄c
intravit in eadem e illa Ita est offert
v̄ificare p̄ dño Rege p̄ recordū Cancellar̄ dñi Reḡ aliis modis quibz
[Curia] conā. Et petit Judm̄ p̄ dño Rege.

(M. 54.) **Pleas before John de Fresingfeld & his fellow-justices** in eyre in the Islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England being continued on the aforesaid day in Alderney up to after the feast of the Decollation of St. John the Baptist⁽¹⁾ as from day to day.

Alderney. [The lord] the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Precentor & Chapter of [Coutances] 8 sols of rent & the rent of 9 bushels of wheat, 4 & champart of the corn of the whole fee of the said Precentor & Chapter advowson of the Church of the same island as of right &c. And thereupon the said William says that the grandfather &c. was seised of the aforesaid rents & advowson &c. to that Church presented a certain William his Clerk instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the said lord the King [he offers to establish] as the court shall determine.

[And the Precentor &] Scholastic Master, Fellow-Canon of the same by his attorney comes. And William de Stonerailles proctor thereupon admitted comes, & they say that the aforesaid precentor & chapter &c. and all their predecessors of [held] the aforesaid tenements & the aforesaid Church to their own uses from time immemorial [without] interruption of time except at the period of the war last waged between the Kings, to wit, [in the time of the] father of the lord the King that now is. And that this is so they offer to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the lord John the King died seised of the aforesaid tenements at whose death the aforesaid lord H. the King, the grandfather, &c. entered into possession of the same & [held] them &c. That this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King by the rolls of Chancery of the lord the King [or] by other ways which [the Court] shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King.⁽²⁾

(1) June 24th.

(2) On the subject of the royal and ecclesiastical rights in Alderney, see Dupont vol. i, p. 321. & vol. ii, pp. 103—112.

Plita de Corona de Aureny.

Nomina p̄poitoꝝ	Noīa Juř Reĝ	
Wilfus Jacob	Petr ^o Peset	Guiff May
Guiff le Petyt q ⁱ nūc est	Petr ^o du Pleyn	Guiff le Waleys
	Jacobus Nicole	

Noīa Juř duodene

Ričus le Cardonel,	Guiff Nicole,	Henř Gilard,
Rads Lengleys,	Henř de la Hoge,	Henř Bertram,
Joħnes Menet,	Petr ^o Nicole,	Joħnes Avice,
	Guiff Cosyn senior,	
	Ričus le Counte,	
	Robtus Rouey.	

Insulata de Aureny veñ p xij.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Simon Oede inventus fuit seisisus de una camisia de furto valoris x den̄ quam fuř de uře Riči Jacob. Et Simon veñ petens inde ĝram tč e dič qđ ipe fecit p̄q̄m de p̄dca camisia tantumodo de eo. Et poñ se sup p̄riam. Et Juř dicūt sup sacrum qđ ipe nō malecredunt eum de aliquo alio malefco. Jō mittit^r ad castrū dñi Reĝ de Garnesey morand̄ ibi in p̄sona p̄ voluntate dñi Reĝ. Et inřim inde loquend̄ est tč.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joħnes Champion indictatus fuit qđ ipe fregit de Wrecco e vendidit quemđ fanchionē mirentū in eadem. Et Joħn sz q, p̄les sunt testes. Jō mittit^r simiř p̄sone tč. Et inřim loquend̄ est

Presentant t̄ qđ Joħnes de Portesume simul cū navicla de Portesume vefunt in hāc Insulam e ceperunt Guillot secum in naviclam suam cont^r ejus voluntatem tč. Et Idm Guillot

Pleas of the Crown of Alderney.

Names of the Prevosts.	Names of the Jurats of the King.	
William Jacob,	Peter Peset,	William May,
William le Petyt who is now in office.	Peter du Pleyn, James Nicole.	William le Waleys,

Names of the Jury of twelve.

Richard le Cardonel,	William Nicole,	Henry Gibard,
Ralph Lengleys,	Henry de la Hougue,	Henry Bertram,
John Menet,	Peter Nicole,	John Avice,
	William Cosyn senior,	
	Richard le Conte,	
	Robert Rouey.	

The islet of Alderney comes by 12 men.

The jury present that Simon Ode was found in possession of a shirt obtained by theft of the value of 10 d. which he stole from the wife of Richard Jacob. And Simon comes, seeking grace therein, &c. and says that he made except concerning the said shirt. And he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And the jurors say upon their oath that they do not suspect him of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be sent to the castle of the lord the King in Guernsey to remain there in prison at the will of the lord the King. And in the meantime the matter is reserved for pleading &c.

They present also that John Champion was indicted for that he broke of wreck & sold a certain looking-glass in the same. And John but because there are many witnesses therefore let him likewise be sent to prison &c. and in the meantime let it be reserved for pleading.

They present also that John de Portsmouth together with ship of Portsmouth came into this island & took Guillot with them into their ship against his will &c. And the said Guillot

..... Serk ubi ip̄i robiaſunt Insulanos tē. Et Guillotus
..... contra voluntatem suam et diē
qd̄ ip̄i sepissime illū inficere
maliciam eoꝝ tē e diē qd̄ eandem p cantelam vix ev.....
..... hic ppendentes malū exemptū e scandalū fieri si
.....rint cū p̄dcs̄ feloñ
pedibꝫ suis in p̄dca Insula miserunt
eum p̄sone. Et infim loquend tē. Et p̄dcs̄
..... rediit in hanc In̄ sine wař e recept^o fuit ut
..... abstulit eis navē suam. Iō tota Cōitas
in m̄a. Postea tē
p̄dci Gilbt̄i sibi remittit̄.

(M. 54 d.)

Adhuc de pl̄itis Gorone de Aureny.

Presentant qd̄ Wills Estambert abjuř In̄ a xxxvij annis elapsis
p bidentium Postea tris dni
Reḡ de p̄donaçoe abjuř et t̄ de tr̄is e catař suis reřend. Et p̄dcs̄
Wills de Sandwyꝫ pbavit ġram illam p quod tr̄e sue
ei libate Et Colinus Mener

Presentant t̄ qd̄ Colinus Mener cois̄ latro a xij annis elapsis
s^opensus fuit et dñs Rex p mañ Rađi Oede tūc bařti tē e
Idm̄ fuit tr̄am h̄editarie vide vj virġ tr̄e de valore
patet infra. Et fuit vij virġ tr̄e in feodo Cap̄illi Constan̄ unde
..... annū tē. Et valent p̄dce virġ tr̄e vj bus̄ řri p annū.

Presentant t̄ qd̄ Matild̄ la Nouvele bastarda que fuit tres filios
bastardos p̄creatos seisita de quibꝫdam teñ in
villa be Marie in hac Insula circi^o a LX annis elapsis de quibꝫ
.....

[went with them to the island of] Sark where they robbed the islanders &c. And Guillot [says that he went with them] against his will & says that they [tried to kill him on many occasions] their wickedness &c. And he says that at length by wariness he with difficulty escaped [The Justices] hereupon considering that a bad example would be shown & a scandal would be caused if when the aforesaid felon put his foot in the said island sent him to prison. And in the meantime let it be reserved for pleading &c. And the said returned into this island without warrant & was taken as took from them their ship. Therefore all the commonalty to be amerced. Afterwards &c. of the aforesaid Gilbert is remitted to him.

(M. 54 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown in Alderney.

They present also that William Estambert abjured the islands 37 years ago for [stealing] sheep Afterwards [he produced] a letter of pardon of the lord the King for the abjuration & also to retake possession of his lands & chattels. And the aforesaid William [by] de Sandwych proved that pardon whereby his lands were delivered to him And Colin Mener

They present also that Colin Mener a common thief was hanged 12 years ago & the lord the King by the hands of Ralph Ode then bailiff &c. And the same had land of inheritance, to wit, 6 virgates of land the value of which appears within. And he had 7 virgates of land in the fee of the chapter of Coutances whereof year &c. And the aforesaid virgates of land are worth 6 bushels of wheat by the year.

They present also that Matilda la Nouvele a bastard who had 3 bastard sons begotten died seised of a certain tenement in the vill of St. Mary in this island

Henř de Hoga tenet j virg ěre e redd ěno Regi p annũ j busš fri.
Et Oñius le Gresley ěre de ěra ejusđ e redd
đno Regi p annũ j bz fri. Et Joñnes Cosyn tenet de ěra đi
virg ěre spinose e redd p annũ j caš fri. Dicunt t̄ qđ tota domus
scil̄ veraq, Pet^l Peset nup quamđ
porđdem ěre ejusđ in pđca villa una cũ meš excepto muro gabuli
vsus austrũ. Postea de ěra meš cũ domibz t̄c reconcedit^r pđco Petro
e ěredibz suis tenend de đno Rege p reddm ij š e j q̄r̄t̄ fri una cũ
pullaĝ t̄c. Et reddš de quibz meš illđ ofat^r post mortē pđce Matild
a quo quidē tempe meš illđ fuit esch̄ đni Reĝ total̄ adnullant^r.

Presentant t̄ qđ sunt ij mole manuales libe in hac Insula quaš
Nichus le Neir ěet unā e Sampson le Counte ěet aliam ab antiquo t̄c
sz nō possunt molere ad molas suas [nisi] f̄f̄it p defectu molend̄ đni
Reĝ qđ nō pořint ibi molere e nullus Insulanoš potest ěre molas
p̄l pđcos Nichm e Sampš sine speciali licenč ministroš đni Reĝ vt
firma

Presentant t̄ qđ đns Rex ěet in villa Bē Marie in hac Insula
quodđ clausũ ubi Reĝ ponit^r e valet camptũ coibz
annis XL ti pcipit t̄ đns Rex de đta firma in hac Insul per annũ de L
bovař ěre quaš quedam fuit majores e quedam minores. ěet t̄ in
đnico ěra arrabili circiř Lij virg ěre de quibz Juř libařunt quamđ
cedulam circiř a iij^{or} annis elapsis fcam in hec vba Robtus Reyner
p ij virg ěre ij bz fri Relicta al Dekene p ij virg xxx peč (?) ěre
v caš fri e j galliñ Lauř Lengleys p iij virg j q̄r̄t̄ fri Robtus Reyney
p ij virg e đi v caš fri Peř le M^ocer p ij virg e đi j q̄r̄t̄ fri e j caš
..... M^ocer p ij virg v caš fri Mathš Peissoun p ij virg v caš
Joñnes Colin p ij virg ij bz fri e p j Alia virg j bz e ij danereř
Peř Peset p ij virg ij bz fri Lauř Lengleys p j virg iij caš fri Peř

about 60 years ago of which Henry de la Hougue holds one virgate of land & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And Oliver le Gresley of land of the land of the same & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And John Cosyn holds of the land [of the same] half a virgate of thorny land & pays per annum one measure of wheat. They say also that the entire house to wit, of Peter Peset [is situated upon] a certain portion of the land of the same in the aforesaid vill together with a messuage except the wall of the gable towards the south. Afterwards by grace the messuage with the houses &c. was regranted to the aforesaid Peter & to his heirs to be held of the lord the King by the rent of 2 sols & one quarter of wheat together with pullage &c. And let the rents with which that messuage is charged be altogether annulled after the death of the said Matilda from which said time that messuage was the escheat of the lord the King.

They present also that there are 2 free hand-mills in this island of which Nicholas le Neir has one & Sampson le Conte has the other of old &c. but they may not grind at their mills [unless it] shall be by the default of the mill of the lord the King that they shall not be able to grind there, & none of the islanders can have mills except the aforesaid Nicholas & Sampson without special license of the officers of the lord the King or of the farmers of

They present also that the lord the King has in the vill of St. Mary in this island a certain close where the champart of the King is put, & the champart is worth one year with another 40 livres. Also the lord the King takes of cert farm in this island 40 [livres] by the year of 50 bovates of land whereof some are large & some are small. He has also in demesne land about 52 virgates of land of which the Jurats delivered a certain schedule about 4 years ago made in these words:—Robert Reyner for 3 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, the widow of Dekene for 2 virgates 30 perches of land 5 measures of wheat & 1 hen, Laurence Lengleys for 4 virgates 1 quarter of wheat, Robert Reyney for 2½ virgates of land 5 measures of wheat, Peter le Mercer for 3½ virgates of land 1 quarter of wheat & 1 measure, le Mercer for 2 virgates 5 measures of wheat, Matthew Peisson for 2 virgates 5 measures, John Colin for 3 virgates 3 bushels of wheat & for 1 other virgate 1 bushel & 2 small bushels, Peter Peset for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Laurence Len-

du Pleyn p j virg j b3 fri Rads Le Aiguel p ij virg tre iij b3 fri
Jacobus Nicole p iij virg iij b3 fri Guills Martinet p di virg j cab fri
Bertramus Nicole p ij virg ij b3 fri Riçus le Counte de la Fountenele
p ij virg ij b3 fri Peir Peset p j virg iij cab fri Galfr Leaignel p iij
virg iij b3 fri Peir Peste p x ptiç tre ij danereff fri Guills Cosyn p
ij virg tre e di iij b3 fri Robtus Reyney p di virg j cab fri.

*[The remainder of this membrane is in too imperfect
a condition to be worth publishing.]*

(M. 55.)

Adhuc de reman de Corona de Aureng.

*[This membrane is also very imperfect. The following
paragraphs only will allow of publication.]*

[Presentant] t̄ dns Rex Capellam S̄ci Deharii jux^a Castrum que
valet coib3 annis

Presentant t̄ Juř qđ Joñnes Menir Osanna filia M.....
Robtus J..... t̄nsçssi sunt in assisa panis t̄c. Et Petr
Peset Guills Elene Oliçs le Joñnes le
Fauconer Henř Longenet Riçus Cardonel Petr De
Robtus Rogney Jacobus Nicole t̄nsçssi sunt in assisa panis e vini.
Jō ipe in m̄ia.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Robtus le Fauconer alias violent̄ p̄travit ostiũ
domus Reymūdi fr̄is sui p que appleḡ fuit ad as̄ t̄c et Robtus e
Reymūdus veñ e concord̄ sunt. Jō uřq3 eoř in m̄ia.

Riçus Cardonel queř de falso Judio qui alias appellavit t̄c et
posuit fr̄as e catalla loco pleç nō p̄sequit̄. Jō ipe in m̄ia.

Et Juř duodene simul cū tota coitate p conclamento fraç q̄ f̄runt
Drogonis de Barantyn quas dns H. Rex fuit de eo in escambiũ in

gleys for 1 virgate 3 measures of wheat, Peter du Pleyn for 1 virgate 1 bushel of wheat, Ralph le Aignel for 2 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, James Nicole for 4 virgates 3 bushels of wheat, William Martinet for half a virgate 1 measure of wheat, Bertram Nicole for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Richard le Conte de la Fontenele for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Peter Peset for 1 virgate 3 measures of wheat, Geoffrey le Aignel for 3 virgates 3 bushels of wheat, Peter Peste for 10 perches of land 2 small bushels of wheat, William Cosyn for 2½ virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, Robert Reyney for half a virgate 1 measure of wheat.

(M. 55.) **Continuation of the remainder of the Crown pleas of
Alderney.**

They present also that the lord the King [has] the chapel of St. (?)..... next the castle which is worth one year with another

They present also that John Menir, Osanna the daughter of M..... Robert J..... have broken the assize of bread &c. And Peter Peset, William Elene, Oliver le John le Fauconer, Henry Longenet, Richard Cardonel, Peter De, Robert Rogney, James Nicole have broken the assize of bread & wine. Therefore they are to be amerced.

The jury present that Robert le Fauconer at another time had violently pulled down the door of the house of Reymund his brother whereby he was remanded on bail to the assizes &c. And Robert & Reymund come & are agreed. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Richard Cardonel plaintiff who at another time appealed concerning a wrong judgment &c. and gave his lands & chattels by way of security, does not prosecute. Therefore he is to be amerced.

And the jury of 12 together with the whole commonalty for concealments of lands which belonged to Drogo de Barantyn which the lord H. the King had in this island of him in exchange for

hac Insula p LV ti lre in Inš de Jereš. Et t̄ p plibz cōcelamentis in
veredco suo de quibz cōvicti f̄iunt coram Justiç p examinaçdem. Jō
omēs in ḡvi m̄ia. Et maxie p [teñ] q̄ f̄iunt Drogonis de Barantino
..... dñs H. Rex dedit ei in escam̄ LX ti lre in Jereš in
escam̄ q̄ cū tota coitate.

Petr du Pleyn Jacobus Nicole Wilts May e Wilts le Waleys Juř
Reḡ se s̄trahentis nō ařunt venire coram
Justiç quousq; p̄positus quosd̄ sollempniř
e misit p quibzđ. Jō in ḡvi m̄ia.

(M. 56.)

Adhuc de

Preceptū est balfio firmiř e injunctum qđ ad tres p̄ncipales Cuř
p annū diligenter inquiret de om̄ibz
t̄nsgressionibz f̄ctis contra pacem in Insula de quibz t̄ns.....
inquiri solet ab antiquo. Et attack̄ indictatos scđm antiqum con-
suetudiem t̄c. Et simitr inquiret de Wreccis
solatis dño Regi vř conclatis. Et de
de infortuniis de morte hois. Et si investit aliqua bona vř catalla que
sunt in cujuscumq; etatis vř condiçois
..... bona illa fideiř appreciari e
predcas assisas. Et ea tunc p̄sentet coram Justiciař etc.

*[The condition of remainder of this membrane as also
that of M. 56 d. which concludes the Roll is so imperfect
as not to warrant being printed.]*

FINIS.

55 librates of land in the island of Jersey, & also for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination, are all of them to be heavily amerced. And chiefly [for the tenements] which belonged to Drogo de Barantin. The lord H. the King gave him in exchange 60 librates of land in Jersey in exchange, which with the whole commonalty

Peter du Pleyn, James Nicole, William May & William le Waleys jurats of the King withdrawing themselves did not [care] to come before the Justices until the provost according to custom summoned them & sent for others. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

(M. 56.)

Continuation of

It is firmly commanded to the bailiff & enjoined that at the 3 principal courts each year he shall diligently enquire concerning all trespasses committed against the peace in the island, concerning which trespasses enquiry was wont to be made of old. And that he attach those indicted according to ancient custom &c. And likewise that he enquire concerning wrecks taken from the lord the King or concealed. And concerning of misadventures concerning the death of men. And if he shall find any goods or chattels which are in of whatsoever age or condition those goods to be faithfully appraised & arrested to the aforesaid assizes. And that he then present those things before the Justices &c.

FINIS.



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