

A DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE
OF THE
ISLAMIC MANUSCRIPTS
VOLUME II
PART I-URDU
THEOLOGY

No. 87. * کثیر الفراید
KATHIR AL-FAWĀED.

Substance, paper. Size, 11½ × 7 inches. Pages, 98. Lines, 21 on a page. Language, Urdu
Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance
old.

Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Theology and Islamic Law.

Author, not known.

A short anonymous treatise on Islamic law and theology, according to the Hanafite school, dealing with four of the five standard duties a Muslim has to fulfil, viz., prayer, fasting, alms and pilgrimage (نماز، روزہ، زکوٰۃ، حج) The Chief authorities mentioned on fol. 49b are : Kanz al-daqa'iq کنزالذائق، Nūr al-idhāh نور الاضاح and Fatāwā-i-Ālamgiri فتاویٰ عالمگیری. The copy is slightly defective at the beginning. It appears that a small portion of the introductory preface is missing. The work is written in the Dakḥnī prose. No mention of this work is made in anyone of the Catalogues found in this Library. It seems probable that the author belonged to the Carnatic, though there is no mention of his name.

The work is divided into the following five Kitābs :

- مقدمہ and seven Bābs), beginning :
کتاب طہارت on fol. 2a (containing a مقدمہ and seven Bābs), beginning :
مباحث فاعلمہ اوسے کہتے ہیں کہ مرد و زن کا بدن شرم گاہ کا پاکدیکر ملی الع
on fol. 9a (containing a مقدمہ and twenty-three Bābs), beginning :
قاصد اوسے کہتے ہیں کہ جماعت کے واسطے اذان کے طرح سے مؤذن کہتا ہی الع
کتاب زکوٰۃ on fol. 30b (containing a مقدمہ and eight Bābs), beginning :
نصاب اوس مال کو کہتے ہیں کہ جس پر زکوٰۃ ہوگی مقدار اوسکا جائزوں میں الع
on fol. 35a (containing seven Bābs), beginning :
روزہ اوسے کہتے ہیں کہ ترک کرنا کہانی اور پیدی اور جماع کو صبح کی وقت می الع
on fol. 38b (containing a مقدمہ and seventeen Bābs and
مقدم حج اسلام حج فرض کو کہتے ہیں مہیات اوسے کہتے ہیں کہ :
(خانہ) beginning :
مکی کے اطراف الع

The Bābs of each Kitāb are sub-divided into a number of Faṣls.

The copy opens abruptly thus : متصل اوسے کہتے ہیں کہ ایمان لانا الع . This is evidently a portion of an introductory preface.

The title of the work appears at the end of the Ms. on fol. 496. Headings or 'unwāns' in red ink. Bold and neat hand-writing. Arabic passages in Naskhi character. A few lines at the end of the Ms. are supplied by a different hand. According to a note at the bottom of the Ms. the copy belonged to Sirāj al-Imām Muhammad 'Abd al-Ghani, son of Anwār al-Dowlah A. H. 1287.

The copy is not dated.

Scribe, Ahmed 'Ali Khān, son of Anwar 'Ali Khān Bahadur.

Beginning :

مفصل اسے کہتے ہیں کہ ایمان لانا خدا کے وحدانیت پر اور محمد کے رسالت پر اور فرشتوں پر اور تمام پیغمبروں پر اور تمام کتابوں پر جو پیغمبروں پر نازل ہوئی ہیں اور قیامت پر اور اس بات پر کہ تقدیر نیکی اور بدی کے خدا کے طرف سے ہے اور اوتھنا جی کر بعد موت کے قیامت میں برحق ہی تفصیل ان سب کے عقائد ہی جیسا کہ اس رسالہ میں مجمل بیان ہوا الص *
End :

اس رسالہ سے نفع عالم بخشے اور پڑھنی والی کو اسکی اور بنانی والی کو اسکی اپنی رحمت عمیم اور فصل عظیم سی مغفرت کری بجاء حبیبہ و نبیہ سیدنا و مولانا محمد سید الانس والعجان و آلہ واصحابہ ذوالفضل والا حسان سبحان ربك رب العزت عما یصفون وسلام علی المرسلین والحمد لله رب العالمین آمین
اور بایمان دنیا سے لجاوی بہوت دعای خیر کرو اللہ تعالیٰ تمکو اجر دیوگا بہولونگا تمہارا احسان ہوگا *

No. 38. خزائن حسنات *

KHAZĀNAH-I HASANĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 6½ inches. Pages, 158. Lines, 17 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology and Religion.

Author, Sayyid Imām al-Dīn 'Alī Dēhlevī, Kāmil.

سید اسم الدین علی دہلوی کامل

A treatise on the observance of prayers, with special reference to the general principles of the five daily prayers of the Muslims, by Sayyid Imām al-Dīn 'Alī Kāmil, known as Faqir al-Hind فقیر الہند. The work was translated into Dakḥani dialect from the Persian original, styled, Miftāh al-Salāt مفتاح الصلوة of Shaikh Fatah Muhammad Muhaddith Burhānpūrī. Besides the present work, as is stated in the preface, the author wrote the following books and commentaries :—(1) Kitāb-i Khazānat Allāh styled Tafsīr-i Muḥammadi, کتاب خزائن اللہ عرف تفسیر محمدی (2) Khazānat al-Rasūl, called Fatāwah-i Jahāngīrī خزائن الرسول عرف فتاویٰ جہانگیر (3) Tarjumah-i fatāwi-i 'Almagīrī ترجمہ فتاویٰ عالمگیری (4) Sharh-i futūḥ al-Harmin, شرح فتوح الحرمین (5) Sharh-i-takmil al-Imān شرح تکمیل الايمان (6) Sharhi-Karimā etc. شرح کریمہ etc.

There arises apparently some confusion in ascertaining the exact title of the work. The following verse on fol. 79b, clearly identifies the title as خزانہ حسنات

نہ فقط ہی خزانہ حسنات کی کتاباں ابھی بنانا ہے *

The following passage, appearing on fol. 79a, may also be carefully noted :

اؤر دوستدار ازلی نے خلق اللہ کے اس کتاب کو کہ خزانہ حسنات ترجمہ ہے کتاب مزکور کا واسطی آسانی کے فرزندوں اور دلبندوں اور تمام صالحوں اور گروہ مومنوں مطالعہ کر عمل فرماویں *

Here also the work is called "کتاب مذکور" خزانہ حسنات in the above passage refers to Fatah Muhammad's Miftāh al-ṣalāt, مفتاح الصلوة, immediately mentioned above. This name is not certainly the actual title of the present work, as some have misunderstood it. This is merely a translation in Dakḥani of Miftāh al-ṣalāt, as is clearly stated in the preface on fol. 2a :

خواستہ کہ ترجمہ مفتاح الصلوة کہ تصنیف حضرت شیخ فتح محمد محدث برہان پوری است ارقام نمایم *

As for the following passage appearing on fol. 79a, it may be noticed that it is a mere reproduction of the original into the Dakḥani dialect :

جو کچھ کہ کثیراً لوفوع دیکھا گیا اس پر اکتفا کر مفتاح الصلوة تمام کیا ہندے *

The present copy seems to be rare and valuable. It was transcribed by the author himself. It is illustrated throughout with quotations from the holy Quran, the traditions and the sayings of the traditionists محدثین and the four Imāms ائمہ اربعہ. The Persian original has been repeatedly printed (see Ind. Off. Lib. Catal. Vol. II Part VI.)

Date of transcription, A. H. 1259. Scribe, Sayyid Imām al-Dīn 'Alī.

Beginning of the text on fol. 2a :

جان تو اے مومن تالیق بخت کرے تجھ کو خدای تعالیٰ کہ جاننا فرض کا ہر عاقل اور بالغ پر فرض ہے اور جاننا واجب کا واجب ہے اور جاننا سنت کا سنت ہے اور جاننا مستحب کا مستحب ہے حتیٰ کہ فتاویٰ کبیری میں اور فتاویٰ ناصری میں اور فتاویٰ مسعودی میں مذکور ہے کہ جو کوئی کہ فریضوں اور واجبات نماز کے نہیں جانتا ہے نماز اس کی روا نہیں ہے الصخ *

Beginning :

حمد حق دمیدم ہزار کروں
شکر ہر لحظہ بے شمار کروں *
غافل حمد حق کا بندہ نہیں
مردہ دل اصل میں ہی زندہ نہیں *
حمد سے تازہ زندگانی ہے
محب ہمیشہ جا داں *

حمد حق ہے پیمبروں کو عزیز
 نور ہے چشم صاحبان تمیز *
 حمد کے باغ کا جو مالی ہے
 جیوں سکندر کے بخت عالی ہے *
 حق کے توحید میں جو شاکہ نہیں
 جیوں ملک نور ہیں کہ خاکہ نہیں *
 چاہتا ہے اگر جمال خضر
 ورد کر حمد حق مثال خضر *
 فکر روزی میں مت ہو خارو ذلیل
 رزق ہر شبی کا حق ہی آپ کفیل الصغ *
 لشکر جہل رنوج ہیں خبری
 جابجا ملک میں لٹانا ہی *
 نعمت حق یہ واجب ازہر مو
 سجدہ شکر ہی دوگانہ ہی *
 یاد گاری تبری سے اے کامل
 سنخٹہ چند در زمانہ ہی *
 الحمد لله علي ذالك اللهم اغفر لکاتبه وقاریه ومصنفيه واولاده واقربایه وآبایه
 واجدادہ وجداته وعماته وخالاته واستاده وجيرانه وجميع المومنین والمومنات آمین
 یارب العالمین تمت تمام ہذا الكتاب بعون اللہ ملک الہاب بتاریخ بیت ہفتم
 شہر ذی قعدہ تمام رسید سنہ ۱۲۵۹ ہجری *

بملک محمد غوث ولد حافظ پیر *

No. 39. * چار کرسی

CHĀR KURSI.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 6 inches. Pages, 81. Lines, 11 on a page. Language, Urdu.
 Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Ahmad Khān Shirānī.

A concise treatise in Dakḥānī verse on Islamic religion and theology, especially on the ceremonies and formal observances of Muslims such as purification, ablution, prayers, invocations, rites and rules of marriage, together with a description of the Prophet's ancestors and the members of his family, based on the Quranic verses and the Prophet's traditions. The author calls himself Ahmad Khān Shirānī

a native of Kolar in the Mysore State. The work was commenced, as the poet himself states at Madanapalli in the Chittoor district and completed in A. H. 1196. The poet flourished during the time of Sultān Haidar 'Ali Khān of Mysore (b A. H. 1125 or 1131, d A. H. 1197).

The following verses selected from the Ms. illustrate the above points and some more details about the poet :

کرسیاں ہوی عہد نواب
 * حیدر علی خان کے عمل *
 قصہ مدن پلي مني
 * غلام علي شہکي مڪاں *
 مسلي ملایا اس سبب
 * فرزند محبہ مسلي پڑين *
 حیدر خان یہہ محي الدينخان
 * مسلي پڑين عثمان خان *
 تھی یاد مسلي شرع کي
 * میں نظم میں دکھنے کیا *
 مسلي زيادہ ہیں ککر
 * بہي نا پڑين مرد عورتاں *
 دیکہ محبتان اي مرد توں
 * کرنا ہی محبت نظم کوں *
 بہي سانچہ نچہ مسلي دسي
 * در کھول اوسپر رحمتاں *
 مسلي بيان کرمي کیا
 * احمد خان شیراني غريب *
 یارب کرم کي کر نظر
 * تیندو مري بہاياں اوپر *
 باشندہ میں کولارکا
 * کي سال موڑ واکل میں تھا *
 حاجي مکي حیدر ولي
 * وہاں دو ولياں کي تربتاں *
 چند سال بعد ظاہر ہوي
 * حضرت فتح اللہ شاہ ولي *
 ہی دست چپ حجری ستي

تاریخ تھی چوتھی صفر
 یو چار کرسی پوی تمام *
 سن یکت ہزار ایک سو نو
 اوپر تھی چھی آغاز جاں *

The work was composed, as the poet states in the preface, at the command of the holy Prophet in a dream ; and at its completion the Prophet was highly pleased :

کرسی کے تین اتمام کر
 دنیا نبی کے ہمت میاں *
 مقنی کی اواندر لئے
 اپنی مبارک ہات میں *
 کرسی کیتیں پڑ دیکھ کر
 تعریف کا کرتی بیان *
 ہر روز کوئی کرسی پڑی
 اوسکون شفا عنین کرون *
 (fol. 3a).

The following are some of the 'Unwāns of the work :

- جناب پیغمبر خدا صلی اللہ علیہ وآلہ وسلم کی کرسیکا بیان یعنی پڑ پانکا * on fol. 3 b.
 بیچ بیان صحابہ کبار کے کہتا ہی * on fol. 6 b.
 بیچ بیان فرزندان رسول اللہ صلعم کی * on fol. 7 b.
 بیچ بیان رحلت رسول اللہ اور خلافت صحابہ کی * on fol. 10 b.
 بیان میں وضو کی کہتا ہی * on fol. 15 a.
 بنا ہی اسلام کی بیانیہ کہتا ہی * on fol. 21 a.
 پانچ وقت کی فرض نماز کی اور روزے کے بیانیہ کہتا ہی * on fol. 23 a.
 ذبح کی بیانیہ کہتا ہے * on fol. 34 a.
 فرمان نکاح باندنی کے بیان میں * on fol. 35 b.

Verses and the Traditions are in the Naskhi character. 'Unwāns, in red ink.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1254. Scribe, Muhammad Qāsim. Colophon, on fol. 40b :

ہذا نسخہ چار کرسی من تصنیف حضرت احمد خاں شیرانی غفرلہ *
 بتاریخ دوازہم ماہ جمادی الاول روز شنبہ ۱۲۵۴ ھ یکہزار و دو صد
 و پنجاہ و چہار ہجری نبوی از دست عاصی محمد قاسم غفر ذنوبہ بانتمام رسید *
 Beginning :

اوحق تعالیٰ ایک ہے
 اوسکوں ہی لایق پاکیاں *
 اوباب ماں سونین ہوا
 نا فرزنداں نا عورتاں *
 نین کوئی خدا دو جا سمجھ
 ہی سمجھ خدا جن جیو دیا *

محمد رسول اللہ کون
 قاصد خدا کی تو پہچان *
 حق کے محمد لاڑی
 ویسی نبی کے ہم امت *

End :

یارب کرم کی کر نظر
 تینو میری بہائیاں اوپر *
 بہار خاں اور حمید خاں
 ہی تیسری رحماں خان *
 پڑ تو نیت خیر فاتحہ
 سورہ اذاجاء یاد پر *
 حق سوں دعائیاں خیر منگ
 فرزند برادر دوستان *
 درود بر محمد صلوٰۃ و سلام
 رسالہ کرسیاں کا کیا اختتام *

No. 40. * داستان عجیب

DĀSTAN-I AJIB.

Described under D. No. 40. Part II. Volume I.

No. 41. * چار کرسی

CHĀR KURSĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ × 9 $\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 43. Lines, 20 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology (Poetry).

Author, Ahmad Khān Shirānī, احمد خان شیرانی

Begins on fol. 1 b. The other works herein are :—(1) Qisṣah-i Dallālah. Muk-tālah fol. 25a, (2) Farhang-i Turkī Fārsī Angraizī fol. 40b, (3) Majmu'a-i Mathnawiyāt-i Miskīn fol. 52b, (4) Risālah-i man dēpak fol. 60b, (5) Bayādh-i ash'ar-i mutafarriqah fol. 76b, (6) Bayādh-i ash'ar-i mutafarriqah fol. 80 a.

A restored copy of the work described under No. 39 above.

Date of transcription, A.D. 27—2—1943.

Scribe, T. 'Abd al-Sattār.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 42. * رسالہ من دیپک

RISĀLAH-I MANDĒPAK.

Substance, paper. Size, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ × 9 $\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 31. Lines, 20 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology (Poetry).

Author, Moulānā Muhammad Bāqir Āgāh.

Begins on fol. 60 *b* of the Ms. described under D. No. 41 above.

Same work as that described under Nos. 47 and 53 below wherein details are furnished.

No. 43. * رسالہ در نماز

RISĀLAH DAR NAMĀZ.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 × 6 inches. Pages, 77. Lines, 9 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, Slightly injured. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 41*b* of the Ms. described under D. No. 549, Part III, Vol. II.

An Urdu treatise on the principles of legal prayers in Islam with numerous legal decrees of the Imāms.

It is imperfect both at the beginning and end. Neither the name of the author, nor the title of the work appears anywhere in the Ms. A few folios in the Ms. are written by a different hand. The copy is written carelessly.

The date of transcription and the scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

فصل مکروہات کا جو نماز کے باہر ہے فصل۔ جگہ نے بدان میں جو
کہ اوس جگہ پر نماز پڑنا مکروہ ہے سوا وپندرا ہیں اول غضب کئے سو
زمین پر دوسرا غضب کئے سو مصلہ پر تیسرا عیب معظمہ کے سقف پر اگر
چہ سترابہے ہو وہ چوتھا عالم کے آئے جانے کے راستے پر کہ جہان
شور پکارا لوگون کا ہے الصخ *

End :

اگر کوئی تیمم سے نماز کیا اور اپنی منزل میں جو پانی ہے سو
اوسے فراموش کیا تھا تو اعادہ کی حاجت نہیں مسئلہ اکر ایک تیر کے ٹپ
پر پانی رہے کا کمان ہو تو پانی طلب کرے وگرنہ خیر اور رفیق سے پانی
مانگذا اکر مقرب *

No. 44. * تاج النساء

TĀJ AL-NISĀ.

Substance, paper. Size, 7½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 20. Lines, 11 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nusta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 62*b* of the Ms. described under D. No. 547, Part III, Vol. II.

A small tract in Dakḥani verso. Date of composition and transcription **not known**. On the front page of the Ms. the following statement appears:—

”یہ تاج النساء بتاریخ تمام ماہ رجب المرجب کی آٹھویں کو ہوا“
 ”نوشتہ کاتب عاصی پر معاصی فقیر حقیق بیچمدان محمد اسمعیل عرف
 یاجہامیان برائے خواندن وزیر بی بی صاحبہ بروز جمعہ انعام شد“ *

Beginning :

ربذا یاربذا یاربذا
 کیوں زبان سے ہو سکے نیری ثنا *
 یا رحیم یا رحیم یا رحیم
 یا کریم یا کریم یا کریم *
 راہ ایسی رہمارے نہیں عطا
 جسمین راضی تو رہے اور مصطفیٰ *
 مصطفیٰ اوپر درودان اور سلام
 آل پر اصحاب پر اسکے تمام * الخ

End :

شرف دہ ہیں یکخفی دوسرا جلی
 جب ہوا تو دور اُس سے ہے ولی *
 جز خدا کے کوئی نہیں معبود ہے
 دو جہان کے بیچ او موجود ہے *
 بہایجان تاج النساء ہوی تمام
 مصطفیٰ اوپر درودان اور سلام *
 تمت تمام شد *

No. 45. * عقائد دکھنی

'AQĀ'ID-I DAKHĀNĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 37. Lines, 16 on a page; Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Muhammad Bāqir Agāh مولانا محمد باقر آقا،

The other works herein are :—(1) Dībāchah-i hashtbihišt fol. 20 b, (2) Risālah-man dēpak fol. 30b, (3) Risālah-i man haran, fol. 54a, (4) Risālah-i man mouhan fol. 77b, (5) Risālah-i Jag souhan, fol. 106 b, (6) Risālah-i ārām dil, fol. 135 a.

A concise treatise, in Dakhānī verse, on the principal creeds, doctrines and the ethics of the Islamic religion, deals chiefly with the conception of God and the angels the nature of the scriptures and the purpose of the Prophet's mission; composed A.H. 1185-86 by the well-known Carnatic poet, called Moulānā Muhammad Bāqir Aqāh, who, according to most Tazkirah-writers, was born in A.H. 1158 and died in A.H. 1220. Bāqir Hussain Khān Nāitī, in his Tazkirah, styled Guldastah.

Carnatic کربانک کل دستہ کرناٹک which was begun in A.H. 1210 and completed between A.H. 1244-48 (a very rare copy of which and perhaps the only one extant, is noticed in the A.S.B. Supp. Catal. Vol. I, No. 776), places the date of the poet's death in Til-haj, A.H. 1231—November, A.D. 1816. Agāh's life, his works, his reputation as a Persian, Arabic and Dakhani poet and writer, his versatility and his mastery over all these languages are too well-known to be mentioned. It is estimated that during his life time, he produced more than three hundred works and composed not less than a hundred thousand verses. Some of his works have recently been discovered. A rare Arabic Ms. containing his letters addressed from the Court of the Nawāb of Arcot to the Amir of Arabia, is known to be in the possession of Moulāna Dr. 'Abd al-Haq Sāhib M. A. Principal, Presidency College, Madras. For further information regarding the life and the works of the poet, refer Nos. 19, 29, I, I and 192, III, I.

The present work has several times been lithographed at Madras and Bombay. It was once in wide circulation among the Mussalmans. The main feature of the copy under notice is that it was transcribed during the life-time of the poet, namely, in A.H. 1210. A copy of this Ms. is known to be found in Paris. The work consists of about five hundred and forty-two lines. Headings, in red ink. The fly-leaf bears two seals, one of which reads thus : محمد عبدالغنی ۱۲۸۶

Colophon on the fly-leaf :

عقائد دکھنی من تصنیف مولوی محمد باقر آگاہ

Dated, A.H. '1210. Scribe, Mazhar 'Ali Haidarābādī.

Beginning :

ثنا اور حمد ہی حقکوں سزاوار
 کہ ہی قدرت کا جسکے سب یوبستار *
 کیا جب اپنی قدرت کون ہویدا
 کیا یکتا کی، سی سب عالم کون پیدا *
 محمد کون کیا سالار ہستی
 طفیل اوسکے ہی سب بالا ہستی *
 کیا سب انبیا کا اوسکون سرور
 شرف اوسکون دیا سب خلق اوپر *
 کیا برج ہدایت کا اسی سوز
 جہان اوسکے ہدایت سون ہی پر نور * الخ

End :

بہت نازک ہی دل اور ناتواں تن
 مہی محنت کی طاقت نین ہی ذوالمن *
 تھامنیج دلوں پر محنت سون یارب
 لجا مجھ تن سون پر زحمت کون یارب *

منجی دے صحت و توت خدایا
 لکہ رکہ آبرو حرمت خدایا *
 سدا رک محبوں اپنی دھیانکی سات
 لبنا آخر منجی ایمانکی سات *
 بحمد اللہ ہوا یو نامہ آخر
 بحق مصطفیٰ سلطان ناصر *

No. 46. * دیدباچٹہ ہشت بہشت *

DĒBĀCHAH-I ḤASHT BIḤISHT.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 19. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology (Biographical introduction).

Author, Moulana Muhammad Bāqir Āḡah.

In the same Volume as D. No. 45 above ; and begins on fol. 20b.

A short introductory preface to the Ḥasht biḥisht, composed partly in verse and partly in prose. Ḥasht biḥisht is the general title given to the eight tracts or رسائل composed separately by the poet, expounding the various excellent qualities of the holy Prophet and of his life (peace be on him). Here, each tract has been treated for descriptive notices as a separate Ms. Ḥasht biḥisht has been printed at Madras and Bombay. Once it was very popular among the Muslims. But with the appearance of the famous مواہد بدریہ by Badr-al-Dowlah, its popularity ceased. Two copies of the ہشت بہشت are known to be found in the British Museum and in Paris. The work was commenced in A.H. 1184 and completed in A.H. 1206.

The present introductory preface deals in detail with the contents of each of the tracts and the dates of their composition. In the versified portion the poet exhorts the Muslims to celebrate every year the glorious birthday or the میلاد of the holy Prophet. He, then, enumerates the various authorities, on which the following tracts are based. The following are some of those authorities.

اصابہ فی معرفتہ الصداۃ، و فی اعجاز الوفا، تحفۃ الغریب، فتح المسائل،
 روضتہ الاحباب، معارج الذبوتہ، نشو و نما، جذب القلوب، تحفۃ الاخبار،
 جواهر العقیدین وغیرہا *

The copy ends on fol. 29b. Occasional marginal notes. The title of the work and the name of the author appear on fol. 20b. No date of transcription. Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

حمد و سپاس حق سبحانہ تعالیٰ کیتین سزاوار ہی کہ نعمتان اوسکو گنتی سی
 ہاں ہیں اڈر درود و سلام اوپر سید عالم کی صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کہ فضائل و بزرگیار
 اونکی بیشمار ہیں اڈر اوپر آل واصحاب اونکی کہ سب اولیائی امت سی
 بہتر اڈر تمام امتوں کے سردار و مطہر ہیں *

End :

جس کیتین سرور اوپر ایمان ہی
 اور وہ دلہی اوس اپر قربان ہی *
 گروه خوش ہوئی شاہ کی ولادت سی
 نعمتوں کیا کیا ملینگی کو اوسی *
 نعمتوں اوسکی ہیں بیحد ای خدا
 دی تو یہ توفیق مومن کون سدا *
 نعت *

رسالہ من دیپک *
 No. 47. RISALAH-I MAN DEPAK.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 47. Lines, 13 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Baqir Āgah باقر آگاہ

In the same Volume as D. No. 45 above ; begins on fol. 30b.

A tract in verse on the birth of the holy Prophet (peace be on him), dealing principally with the "Divine light" or نور out of which, it is supposed, the Prophet was born, composed between A.H. 1185-1186. The title of the work appears on the fly-leaf and in the following verse on fol. 33b :

نام اسکا رکھہ تون من دیپک اور نجا اوسی شہ آکی رک *

The copy ends on fol. 53b.

Written in a bold and clear hand. 'Unwāns, in red ink and in a Naskhī character.

A copy of the same is described under D. No. 29, I, I.

Not dated; scribe, not known.

Beginning :

جس حمد کون نین آخر اول
 ہی خاص خدائی عزوجل *
 نادات کون اوسکی غایت ہے
 نا وصف کون اوسکی نہایت ہے *
 اسما وصفات اوسکی بیحد
 اسرار و رموز اوسکی بیحد *

And :

سب عیاں ہی تجہ پر میرا حال
 اوس سخن ہو آخر ہوا مقال *
 نصیب پیچ تون ای رب اکبر
 تسلیم تیری محبوب اوپر *

No. 48. رسالہ من ہارن *

RISĀLAH-I MAN HARAN.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 45. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgah مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same Volume as D. No. 45 above; begins on fol. 54a.

This short treatise in verse expounds the prophecies, uttered by the ancient Prophets of God and the good tidings conveyed in the scriptures regarding the glorious birth and advent of the Prophet of the Desert; composed between A.H. 1185-1186. Every tract of the ہشت ہشت is written in a different metre. The copy ends on fol. 76b.

The title of the present work appears on the top of fol. 53b and in the following verse on fol. 57a.

نام رکھیا ہوں اسی من ہارن ہی اوسب عشاق کتیبین من لگن *

Headings, in red ink; clear and bold hand-writing. The work contains six hundred and fifty-one verses.

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بسم اللہ الرحمن الرحیم
 کذبح قدم کا طلسم عظیم *
 بلکہ امانت ہی بہر حرف اسم
 کذبح حقایق کی ہزاراں طلسم *
 جو ہی کتاباں میر خدا کی تمام
 سو ہی اوسب اوسمین نہاں اے ہمام *

End :

منتظران راہلب آمد نفس
 ای ز تو فریاد تو فریاد رس *
 حق صوں تحیدات وصلوات و سلام
 روح مقدس ہو تیر نب صبح و شام *

No. 49. رسالہ من موہان *

RISĀLAH-I MAN MOWHAN.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 54. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgah مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 45 above ; begins on fol. 77b.

This treatise deals with the birth and the miracles of the holy Prophet ; composed between A.H. 1185 and 1186. The title of the work appears on fol. 77 b and in the following verse on fol. 78b.

رکھہ یو نسخہ کا ناؤن من موہن کروسیلہ اوسی تون احمد کن *

Headings, in red ink. At the end of the Ms. on fol. 104a appears a Ghazal composed by the poet himself. The copy ends on fol. 104a.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1207. Scribe, not known.

At the end of the Ms. on fol. 104b, the following note appears :

بہو جب ارشاد کرامت بنیاد خانصاحب قبلہ دو جہان فیاض عالم
عالمیان تکیہ گاہ غریبان ارادتمندان محتاجان زرنر علیخان بہادر مرحوم
دام اقبالہ بتاریخ بست و دویم شہر صفر المصفر سنہ ۱۲۰۷ ہجری نبوی در
ترمل دہلی با تمام رسائیدہ *

This shows that the copy was transcribed during the life-time of the poet.

Beginning :

ای تیری حمد میر بیان حیران
ہو ج میں تیری جسم و جان حیران *
نہ تیری ابتدا کون غایت ہی
نہ نہایت کون کچھ ہدایت ہی *
راہ میں تیری عقل ہے کسیانی
کچھ نہائی بغیر حیرانی * الخ

End :

یک غزل میں کہا تھا ای سرور
ختم کرتا ہوں یو دعا اس پر *
دیکھ میرے کذاب بیحد کون
دیو مت یوں چلا تمہارا ہوں *
یہاں تلک غصہ مجھ ا پر نکرو
آخر ای ذوالعطا تمہارا ہوں *
عفو باقر کی اب کرو تقصیر
از بوائی خدا تمہارا ہوں *
تمہا تمام شد *

No. 50. رسالہ جگ سواہن *

RISĀLAH-I JAG SOWHAN.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 57. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu.
Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgah مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 45 above ; begins on fol. 106 b.

This treatise deals with the bare facts of the Prophet's life from his eighth year to his death, giving in detail all the important anecdotes connected with this period. The title of the work appears on fol. 106a and in the following verse on fol. 108b.

رک یونسختی کا لقب جگت سون ہر دل پاک کا ہی من سون

All the headings, in red ink. Occasional marginal readings. Contains eight hundred and seventy lines. The date of composition is contained in the following verse appearing on fol. 134a.

کم اتہی پانزد از بارا سو سال ہجری نسی بنا ہی یہہ تو

A.H. 1185.

The copy ends on fol. 134 a :

Beginning :

ای تیری ذات میں حیران واصل
ای تیری وصف میں نادان عاقل *
نہ تعبی اول و نا آخر ہی
ناتعی باطن و نا ظاہر ہی *
باوجود اوسکی ہی توں ای قادر
اول و آخر و باطن ظاہر *

End :

گرہ تعبی یوں تیری معجزو نمین کم
کہ نہو پہر تیری سستی کون الم *
خاتمہ کرتوں میرا ایمان پر
بحق ختم رسال خیر بشر *

No. 51. رسالہ آرام دل *

RISĀLAH-I ĀRĀM DIL.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. - Pages, 88. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu.
Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgah مولانا باقر آگاہ *

In the same volume as D. No. 45 above ; begins on fol. 135a.

This deals with the personal and prophetic character and conduct of the holy Prophet, based on the Quranic verses and authentic Hadiths. A.H. 1185 is the date of composition as given in the following verse appearing on fol. 178a :

ہزار اڈر یکت سوہ ہشاد و پنہج تہی ہجرت کی برساں ہواتب یہ گنج

The name of the title is contained in the following verse on fol. 137a :

ہی نام اس رسالہ کا آرام دل ہی ذکر اس کا سہ باب پر مشتمل

The work is divided into the following three Bābs :

1. On fol. 138a, beginning : در بیان آنکہ ہمہ اعضاء مبارک انحضرت صاعم دنیاہایت اعتدال
بودند *
2. On fol. 149a, beginning : در بیان حسن سیرت انحضرت صلی اللہ علیہ وآلہ وسلم *
3. On fol. 156a, beginning : در بیان عادات سید سادات عالم اورہ والتسلیمات *

The copy ends on fol. 179a.

Headings, in red ink. Bold and clear hand-writing.

Contains one thousand two hundred and fifty lines.

Fol. 171 and 172 contain a hand-drawn picture of a pair of sandals supposed to have been used by the holy Prophet and is considered to be an authentic miniature of the original.

The copy is not dated. Scribe, Zāhid Muhammad.

At the end of the copy (fol. 179a) the following note appears :

بر پشت کتاب آن نکو کردم رقمی بیادگاری شاید کہ بدین بہانہ روزے
درین نگری و یادم آری
راقم بمشق عاصی زاہد احمد *

Beginning :

جہاں تک ہے عالم ہمیں حمد و ثنا
سزاوار ہے تجھ کو یا ربنا *
ہیں سب عاتلان جگ کی حیرت مندے
کہ پونہی نہیں عقل تیری کدے *
ہے لایق تھی عظمت و کبریا
کہ مانند تیری نہیں دوسرا *

End :

اپس لطف و رحمت ستی اے غفور
پریشانیوں سب میرے کر توں دور *
الہی بحق نبی الہدی
محبی عافیت پیچ رک توں سدا *
میرا خانمہ کر نون ایمان پر
بحق محمد سراج البشر *
تمت تمام شد

ہشت بہشت *

HASHT BIHISHT.

دیباچہ ہشت بہشت *

DEBACHAH-I HASHT BIHISHT.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 6½ inches. Pages, 41. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Muhammad Bāqir Āgāh. مولانا باقر آگاه

The other works herein are :—(1) Risālah-i man dēpak fol. 10 a, (2) Risālah-man haran fol. 31 b, (3) Risālah-i-man mowhan fol. 54 b, (4) Risālah-i jag sowhan fol. 82 b, (5) Risālah-i ārāmdil fol. 111 b, (6) Risālah-i rāhat jān fol. 158 b, (7) Risālah-i mandarpam fol. 178 b.

A more beautiful and splendid copy of the same work as that described under D. No. 46 above. Written beautifully within gilt marginal lines and centre columns.

Begins with a short passage containing an account of some of the miracles of the reputed Saint, Shaikh 'Abd al-Qādir Jīlānī.

The title of the work appears on fol. 1b.

The copy is dated A.H. 1255. Scribe, not known.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 53. * رسالہ من دپک

RISĀLAH-I MAN DĒPAK.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 6½ inches. Pages, 44. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu.

Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgāh. مولانا باقر آگاه

In the same volume as D. No. 52 above ; begins on fol. 10a.

Same work as that described under D. No. 47 above.

The copy ends on fol. 30b. The title of the work appears on fol. 10b.

Gilt-ruled margins throughout.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1255.

Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 54. * رسالہ من ہرن

RISĀLAH-I-MAN HARAN.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 6½ inches. Pages, 45. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu.

Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgāh. مولانا باقر آگاه

In the same volume as D. No. 52, above ; begins in fol. 31 b.

Same work as that described under D. No. 48 above. The copy ends on fol. 53 b

The title of the work appears on fol. 31 b. Gilt-ruled margins throughout; beautifully written. 'Unwāns in red ink.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1255. Scribe, not known.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 55. * رسالہ من مویان

RISĀLAH-I MAN MOWHAN.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 55. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgāh. مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 52 above; begins in fol. 54b.

Same work as that described under D. No. 49 above. The title of the work appears on 54b.

Gilt-ruled margins. 'Unwāns, in red ink.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1256. Scribe, not known.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 56. * رسالہ جگت سوهان

RISĀLAH-I JAG SOWHAN.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 57. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgāh. مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 52 above; begins in fol. 82 b.

Same work as that described under D. No. 50 above.

The title of the work appears on fol. 82 b. Gilt ruled margins. Unwāns, in red ink.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1256. Scribe, not known.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 57. * رسالہ آرام دل

RISĀLAH-I ĀRĀM DIL.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 79. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgāh. مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 52 above; begins on fol. 111b. Same work as that described under D. No. 51 above. Four pages in the middle are left blank. The title appears on fol. 111b. Gilt-ruled margins.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1256. Scribe, not known.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 58. * رسالہ راحت جان *

RISĀLAḤI RĀHAT JĀN.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 41. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu
Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgāh. مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 52, above ; begins on fol. 158 b.

This tract deals with the peculiarities of the Prophet's character, based on the
Quranic verses and narrations. The four aspects of his character, which are dealt
with in this, are expounded in the following verses :—

قسم اول جو انهي فرض اوس اوپر
نہیں انهي امت کون شرکت اوس بہتر *
قسم ثاني جو انهي شہ پر حرام
پور انهي امت پہ جائز اي بہام *
قسم ثالث جو انهي شہ پر حلال
پور تهي امت پر حرام اے جگ اوجال *
قسم چوتهي میں هي فضائل تو جان
کہ ديا هي حق اوسي کرمان پان *

The date of composition is not mentioned, but the probable date is A.H. 1185,
the year in which the preceding five tracts were composed. The title of the work
is contained in the following verse appearing on fol. 160 b :

راحت جان اس رسالي کا هي نام
اہل دلکون اوس سون راحت هي مقام *

The copy consists of six hundred and two verses. Gilt bordered. 'Unwāns, in
red ink.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1256. Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

حمد بيحد اور ثنائے بي عدد
هي سزاوار خداوند صمد !!!
عرش و کرسی سات دہرت رسات کم
علم میں جس کي هي اک ذرے سون کم *
جس کا ہر مخلوق ہے سر عظيم
کيا کرے کوي وصف اوس کا اي سليم *

End :

دل کر میرے کر تری انست نصیب
 تن کر میری قربت و صحبت نصیب *
 پور شہادت پر میرا انجام کر
 پور مدینہ بیچ میرا کر مقر *
 راحت جان یہاں ہوا پورا تمام
 از طفیل مصطفیٰ شاہ انام *
 تمت تمام شد بتاریخ ۱۹ رجب المرجب سنہ ۱۲۵۶ ہجری *

No. 59. رسالہ من درپن *

RISĀLAH-I MAN DARPAN.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 6½ inches. Pages, 229. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Baqir Āgah. مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 52, above ; begins on fol. 179 b.

An elaborate treatise dealing with the miracles of the Holy Prophet, with numerous illustrations, from the Quran and Traditions. The work was probably composed in A.H. 1206. The title of the work appears in the following verses on fol. 183a :

میں من درپن رکھا ہوں نام اوسکا
 جلا دینا ہی دل کر کام اوسکا

Gilt-ruled margins. 'Unwāns' in red ink. Arabic passages in Naskhi character.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1257. Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

الہی کیا کہوں اوصاف تیری
 کہ عقل و فکر یہاں حیراں ہے میری *
 ہے کیا طاقت میری عاجز بیان کو
 کہ کھولی حمد میری تیری زبان کو *
 کہاں ہمت ہے ملک نارسا میں
 کہ بولی یک سخن تیری ثنا میں *

End :

حیات و موت کر ملت میں اوس کی
 ہمارا حشر کر امت میں اوس کی *
 بحمد اللہ ہوا یہ نسخہ آخر
 بحق مصطفیٰ سائر فاخر *

نہت تمام شد این رسالہ بابرکات بتاریخ ۲۲ محرم الحرام
 سنہ ۱۲۵۷ ہجری روز چہار شنبہ *

No. 60. رسالہ من جیون *
RISĀLAH-I MAN JIWAN.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 6½ inches. Pages, 58. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu
Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.
Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, Moulānā Bāqir Āgaḥ. مولانا باقر آگاہ

In the same volume as D. No. 52 above ; begins on fol. 295b.

This deals with how a true Muslim should express his love and devotion to the Prophet.

The date of composition of this work is noted in the following verse on fol. 322 b.

بارا سو ادر تہی چہی برس جب
یہ نسخہ خوش ہوا مرتب
A. H. 1206.

The name of the work is mentioned in the following verse on fol. 298b :

من جیون اسی ہی نام دلخواہ
ہی اس سی حیات ہر دل آگاہ *

The copy consists of eight hundred and eighteen verses. Gilt-ruled margins.
'Unwāns, in red ink.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1257.

Scribe, not known.

Colophon of the ہشت ہشت on fol. 324.

تمت کتاب بابرکات ہشت ہشت من تصنیف حضرت مولوی
محمد باقر آگاہ رحمۃ اللہ علیہ بتاریخ نہم صفر المظفر
سنہ ۱۲۵۷ ہجری بروز جمعہ بوقت دو پھر بعون الملک الوہاب *

Beginning :

اے جو تیرا وجود عالم
تجہم علم سے ہے نمود عالم *
ہے مہر سی تیری عین اشراق
ہر ذرۂ انفس و آفاق *

End :

دو جگت منی اپنا معجون کرتوں
مست معجون لجا ہر اودھر تون *
نست ہوے خدا سی در سب اوقات
روضی ہوں تری سلام و صلوات *

No. 61. * رسالہ من لکن *

SŪFISM

RISĀLAH-I MAN LAGAN.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 170. Lines, 11 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sūfism (Poetry).

Author, Moulānā Qādhī Mahmūd Bahri. مولانا قاضی محمد بھری

A sufico-ethical treatise in the Dakhani verse. The date of composition is noted in the following verse appearing on fol. 84b :

بھری تو یہی کیتک برس تھے
 بارا اوپر یکسو سرس تھے
 تب میس اپس کیا ہی بالا
 اس جگہ میں یو قدر نے رسالا

In the verse quoted above, the date is not clearly specified, but it appears that the probable date of composition was A.H. 1111. The poet lived during the first half of the twelfth century of Hijri era. When he died is not known, but it is certain that he was alive in A.H. 1117 (i.e.) A.D. 1705, as the date of composition of his 'Arūdh-i 'irfān عرض عرفان (noticed in A.S.B. catal., P. 616) was A.H. 1117. The fact that he flourished during the twelfth century A.H. is contained in the following verse appearing in fol. 15b.

ای بھای یو باروین صدی ہے
 نیکی کون دبا بدی بدی ہے

It seems that Bahri was a native of Gurgi 'گرگی' a village in the suburb of Bijāpūre. His father was Bahr al-Din the Qadhi of گرگی who came over to Bijāpūre in A.H. 1095. Details are not available regarding the life and works of the poet. The following extracts from the MS. illustrate some of the salient features of his life :

میں کو ٹھہری چھوڑ بہار آیا
 * دالان میں اس تہی کے دہایا *
 جب برس چہار گئے گذر تب
 * آ سامنے مکہ دیکھائی مکتب *
 بسم اللہ حجبی کہی کہو ہاں
 میں بول اٹھیا رحیم ورحمان *
 یعنی تھی بیٹی بہے نہاں زبرک
 چہر دنگت تھے جوان اور پیرک

(fol. 13 b.)

چالیس برس پہی تہی مستی
 یو شعر یو شاہدان پرستی *
 ہوا شعر بہے بہانت بہانت کا تھا
 بہو بہانت جو مہکت سانت کا تھا *
 ہندی تو زبانچہ ہے ہماری
 کہنے نہ لگی ہمیں کو بہاری *

(fol. 14 c.)

بولیا کہ بڈا ہوا ہون بیہوش
 نا تن میں ترنگ نہ جیو میں جوش *
 نا چک میں ہے چک نہ اتمین ہیر
 اب مہکون رکھو معاف ای میر *
 بولے جو نہیں ہے طبع پر بل
 سوزوں کو بسار ہولا مہمل *
 اس بات کون جب کچھ یک دیا گوش
 تب میں میں لیا یو من لگن جوش *
دستور عمل ہے عاملان کون

دارو ہے دکھی بہری دلان کون *

(fol. 15 a.)

میں شعر تو بول جانتا نہیں
 یو نیٹ نیٹ پہچانتا نہیں *
 مہکون نہ سفر سبق نہ صحبت
 گوگی منے گئی یو تر اکارت *
 مکتب کون کس اب تلک گیا نہیں
 مخدوم سون کس صلک بہیا نہیں *
 یک صرف مہتھی نہ کن پڑایا
 ڈالی چھاڑ یا نہ جھڑ جھڑایا *
 صحبت تو نہیں کہے کسے سون
 ہندی نہ دکھنے نہ فار سے سون *
 نا سڈھ کڈے سخنوران کا
 نا رنگ ہی عشق پروران کا *
 نا نظم کے دوست نڈر کے یار
 اس صفت سون مہتھی کیئے خبردار *

جس فی المثل ان منہ اول مان
دیوی تو سری سو شاہ بران *
تھا باپ میرا مرید اس گھر
اس گھر سون کیا ایس کون کوہار *
مجلس میں سری اتھا سدا کال
اس شاہ کے کلام کا ہون دنبال *
اب سے تو شکر کر چھوڑی کوڑ
بھری کر اتال بس یز مذکور *
(foll. 85 b, 86 a).

Further information regarding the life and works of the poet may be found under D. No. 617, iii, ii.

The present work was once popular among the Muslims of the Dakhan. It was widely read and committed to memory. Even today many of the old folk recite the verses. This work has been printed. The present Manuscript is apparently old.

The work is divided into the following 'Unwāns :

1. on fol. 9 a, beginning : در حقیقت سر بہان مولانا حضرت شیخ محمد باقر نور
 مولا کے صاحب بنی کے نایب
 مانس نہیں مظہر العجایب *
2. on fol. 12 a, beginning : در مدح بادشاہ دین پناہ سلطان اورنگ زیب شاہی
 اب بول توں مدح بادشاہ کا
 اور اوسکے کھانیک کلمہ کا *
3. on fol. 13 b, beginning : سبب تصنیف اس رسالہ
 میں کوٹھوی چھوڑ بہار آیا
 دالان میں اس دی کے آیا *
4. on fol. 15 b, beginning : در حکایت زر کار
 ای بہائی یز باروین صدی ہے
 زکی کرن دبا بدی بدی ہے *
5. on fol. 17 a, beginning : در وعظ راضیہ مقبرہ ماہد
 اپ ڈوہ میں اس ہوس کے ڈوہے
 کاندھے میں ہوا کے پیکچہ چوہے *
6. on fol. 22 b, beginning : در غلب علی حطی -
 کی دیس بھوت رہے سو تھوڑی
 بہتر جو ہرت پیاسوں جڑی *
 در رعایت درویشیہ
7. on fol. 25 a beginning :
 ای خاص خدا کے خاص ہوا چہ
 مستب خاص پنا خلاص ہوا چہ *

8. on fol. 32 b, beginning : در بیان عرفان --
ہستے او جو ہے نٹ اوس خدا کے
بس جان حقیقت اوس خدا کے *
9. on fol. 44 a, beginning : در بیان وجور ماکوتی
ای دوست اونن جو مکشھے ہے
کچھ بول جو جاتو میں جہی ہے *
10. on fol. 57 b, beginning: در بیان چندہن از اسرار دل و نفس --
کہ مجبکون کہے جو کوئے کامل
یک ہات ان دوست دو سر اول *
11. on fol. 60 b, beginning : در بیان اسرار بیضودی و ذکر منصور وانا الحق --
کہتے ہیں جو بیضودی کے بن یار
دیتا نہیں درپن اؤر مدار *
12. on fol. 73 b, beginning : در بیان مرگ مجاری و حقیقی --
جن مرگ کے مرم سون ہی محرم
مرنا نہیں جیوتتا ہے جم جم *
13. on fol. 77 b, beginning : در بیان عشق
ای عشق شراب کے چہکے ہو
پاک میں پریت کے بہکے ہو *
14. on fol. 84 a, beginning : خانمشہ کتاب
جیونکہ جو ہے بے بدل جوت کا
ار یک جو گھر ہے معرفت کا *
- دم دینہ میں ہی تلک میرا رب
کر مجبکون دکھانیا مرتب *

'Unwāns' in red ink.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

Colophon, in red ink on fol 1 b :

آغاز رسالہ من لکین مشق بیدردہ محمود بحری ساکن وطن گویا ادب
عمر اللہ زنوبہ در توحید باریتمانے عزاسمہ *

Beginning :

ای روپ ترا رتے رتے ہے
پریت پریت پتی پتی ہے *

پریت میں روک نہ کم پتی میں
یک رہے راس اؤر راتے میں *

پور ہو بھی کہا نہجائی تہجکون
جو بدیم جگت کے جانہے تہجکون الہ *

End :

خاموش کون بولتے پرس ہے
 کہتے کون کہیں کہ بوالہوس ہے *
 یو جیہا ہی عدت ہوس کیتیں ہوش
 کر ہوش ہوس سے فراموش *
 اک اصل پوچت نہ جہانوں اوپر
 کر ختم خدا کے ناون اوپر *
 تمت تمام شد *

No. 62. * اشارة الغافلین
 ISHĀRAT AL GHĀFILĪN.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 414. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu, Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sūfism.

Author, Muhammad 'Āshiq Hoashi. محمد عاشق ہوشی

An ethico-mystical work in the form of a Mathnawī, principally based on the verses of the holy Quran, Traditions and a number of Persian verses, with their mystical significance in Dakhani verse, by Muhammad 'Āshiq Hoashi. He flourished, it appears, during the reign of Wālājāh, the Nawāb of Arcot, who ruled over the Carnatic from A.H. 1162 to A.H. 1210, A.D. 1749—1795. The date of composition of the work is recorded in the following verses, on fol. 70 b :

محرم کے چہتے بوقت عصر
 کہ سن گیارہ سو تھا چہتر اوپر *
 ہوا ختم شاعر دوشنبہ کے روز
 ولی اس میں کہنا تھا باقی ہدوز *

The 6th Muharram, A.H. 1176.

The title of the work appears on fol. 2 b in the following verse :

سنو نام اوسکہ سو ای مسلمین
 کیتے اوسکون اشارة الغافلین *

Verse :

It is very difficult to find out the exact name of the poet.

It is only from the following verse on fol. 70 a that the title Muhammad 'Āshiq Hoashi has been traced out :

یوتصنیف ہوشی جو عاشقی کر
 تخلص جو ہوشیکا دہر وس اوپر *

Muhammad 'Āshiq is one of those poets of the Dakhan, like Amin al-Dīn 'Alī Khān Giryān امین الدین علی خان گریان the author of Tā'ed al-adād تآید الاعداد

Beginning:

ہاں ہے اس کا بھی کر ابتدا
 خدا کے ہاں طالب کون ہوئے فایدا *
 اللہ نام اول اے ہر لوں انگے
 نون دیتا ہے اس کون جو تھکن منکے *
 تو داتا ہے تیرے سوں مذگتے ہیں سب
 کو اتنا ہے توں سب سو منگنیاں کا رب *
 کئے جو نچہ جسکے ہے دل، بیچ خاص
 تو دیتا ہے اسکوں نکر تا نراس *
 تھہے چھوڑ کر جاوے دسرونکے گھر
 سبب جو بسر نیکا ہے بے بصر *
 و لیکن وہاں بھی تو میں ہے سہجان
 بشر کی کیا قدرت کرے کسکو واں *
 جو دیتا دلاتا تو ہے میرے رب
 یو تیری سو ظاہر کہ ماتاں ہیں سب *
 و لیکن میرے میں کہوں کیا صحیال
 کروں میں جو تیری خدا نیکا خیال *
 عجب ہے تو حکمت میں ہے کار ساز
 تیرا تو نچہ جانے یو راز و نیاز *
 تو ایسا سکتوار ہے پاک ذات
 نکر لے میں آتی ہے تیرے صفات *
 کہ جب توں اتھا کذبح مخفی بہتر
 نتھا کس کون معلوم کیوں تھا مگر *
~~چھپایا تھا کیا آپ کو آشکار~~
 نکل شوق سوں وینچہ پر دیکے بہار *
 بزان وہاں سیتے ایک صورت پکڑ
 رکھیا نام صورت کا آدم ککر *
 سو اوس نام سوں آکر ظاہر ہوا
 فرشیتاں سوں سارے وہ سجده ایسا *
 اوسب بات کا اسکے تیں ہے سکت
 کسی بات کانیں ہے اوسکوں لرت *
 اول میں اتھا آپ آپے احد
 احد سوں ہوا احمد پکڑ جسم و تد *

End :

حدیث اس یور کھتا ہوں شاہد گواہ
 تو رکھہ سفقہ مطلب ہو اوسکے نگاہ *
 کہوں ذات تو صفت آنا نظر
 کہوں صفت تو ذات آنا نظر *
 گر گوئی تو ہے چوں تو باچوں دے
 اگر گوئی باچوں تو ہے چوں دے *
 اگر کو نہ ہے تن تو باتن ہے او
 اگر کو نہ باتن تو ہے تن ہے او *
 عجب اس کا اسرار ہے کرم کون
 نہ کہنے میں بھید آتا ہے یوں *
 کہا جان تلگ تھا سو کہنے کا حد
 وے ایک تیرا اننا باقی سند *
 ختم اس سخن پر کیا میں کیا
 کہ عالم و جاہل جو ہے لا جواب *

Colophon.

بو تصنیف محمد جو عاشق نے کر
 تخلص جو پوشیکا دھراوس اوپر *
 ہے بارہ وطن مجھ سوں تم اے یار
 رہتا ہوں اپنا بیشتر قصہ منجھار *
 وکن میں عجایب شہر پیڑ ہے
 یو آدم کے کونجی میں کشمیر ہے *
 جو ہے پیر ماراں ہے کیتے خراب
 کیا ہوں اونو واسطے یو کتاب *
 یوں سنکر جو ایماں لا اس اپر
 پکڑ پیر انڈے خدا کون بشر *
 یو آیت حدیثاں بھی درقول سوں
 کیا ہوں جمع لا یکت یکت بول سوں *
 محرم کے چھٹے بوقت عصر
 کہ سن گیارہ سو تھا چہتر اوپر *
 ہوا ختم شاعر دوشنبہ کے روز
 سنو اس میں کہنا تھا باقی ہنوز *
 سز اے مسلمان بہایاں تمام
 جو ہوتا ہے اب یہاں سو آخر کلام *

کہ جس وقت ہوا ہے ختم ہو کلام
 تو بھیجے ہے پر درون ہو سلام *
 الہی لکھن ہری کون نام دے
 بیڑ ہنہاری کے دل کون آرام دے *
 سنن ہار کے دل کون رکھہ تو جو شاد
 ہر یک تہیکہ تون ہرلا مراد *
 ہزار ان درون ہزاران سلام
 بحق محمد علیہ السلام *
 کہ تمت کیا ہوں مبارک گھڑی
 لکھا آرزو دل منے رکھہ بڑی *
 تمت تمام شد۔ کارمن نظام شد *

No. 63. مثنوی مرآت الانوار *

MATHNAWĪ-I MIRĀT AL ANWĀR.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 41. Lines, 20 on a page. Language, Urdu.
 Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing not good. Appearance, now.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sūfism (Poetry).

Author, Shāh Wali Allāh Qadiri. شاہ ولی اللہ قادری

Begins on fol. 1 a.

A restored copy of the same work as that described under D. No. 26, I, I. It appears that both the transcripts are copied from the MS. described under D.No. 431 III, I. The arrangement of the pages in all the three copies is not in proper order. Many of the folios are misplaced. The following passage, for example, appears on fol. 2 b, It seems, to belong to a different work styled Risālah-i. Wajūdiyyah.

رسالہ وجودیہ

الحمد لله رب العالمين..... بدان اے عزیز کہ رسالہ وجودیہ
 تصنیف شاہ سنیر اللہ قدس اللہ سرہ العزیز طالب خرد بیان فرمودہ است
 اور وجود روشن کرد در بیان پنہج عناصر وبسے پنہج کند وغمیرہ ہرچہ در عالم
 افاصت در وجود آدمی بیان فرمودہ این رسالہ فقیر حقیر شاہ ولی اللہ قادری
 خاک روبر درگاہ حضرت شاہ حبیب اللہ قادری قدس اللہ سرہ العزیز برائے
 سالکان راہ یقین..... بر بان دکھنی بنظم آورده..... رسالہ وجودیہ
 مذکور این است ہر چہل و چہار ابیات مرتب نموده شد

In many places the metre of the poem also varies.

Details regarding the life and works of the author are not available. It seem probable that he is identical with Shāh Wali Allāh of Trichniopoly, the spiritua guide of Moulānā Bagir Agāh.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe, not known.

Beginning :

سراون اسی جن محمد کا نور
اپس نورستی کیا ہے ظہور *
بھی نور سے سب شئی کیا
کون سب پر بڑائی دیا *

End :

صلوة اللہ سلام اللہ بھی اور آل پر آدم
وہی رہا ہر وہی سرور وہی مہتر وہی خاتم *
ختم خاتم پہ کیا میں کتاب مرآة الانوار
اسی نارو کے برکت سوں کھربینگی سمائیکے اسرا *

No. 64. مثنوی مرآت الانوار *

MATHNAWI-Ī MIRĀT AL-ANWĀR.

Substance, paper, Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages 45. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, Complete.

Subject, Sūfism (Poetry).

Author, Shāh Wali Allāh Qādiri. شہادہ ولی اللہ قادری

Begins on fol. 1 a of the MS. described under D. No. 431, III, I.

Same work as that described under D. No. 63 above. Here also many pages are misplaced. Fragments from 'I arjumaḥ-i risālah-i Wajūdiyyah ترجمہ رسالہ وجودیہ Panj ganj پنج گنج and Risālah-i-'aqqā'il-i Dekhāni رسالہ عقائد دکھانی intervene between them.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe, not known.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 65. رسالہ تصوف *

RISĀLAH-I TAṢAWWUF. -

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 16. Lines, 11 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sūfism (Poetry).

Author, Muhammad Mirān. محمد میران

Begins on fol. 1 b. The other work herein is Risālah-i tasawwuf in prose.

A short semi-sūfic treatise in the Dakḥani verse. Nothing is known about the author. He calls himself Muhammad Mirān. When he lived, is not known. It appears that he was a native of Kālāhasti in the District of Chittoor. One Pir Hussaini seems to be his spiritual guide. The following lines appearing on fol. 9 a illustrate the above points :

عبداللہ کو تو ہی دستگیر *	پیر حسیني میر پیر
برکت محمد پیغمبر *	اللہ مجھ پر کرم کر
ختم نبی پر ہوا تمام *	یہاں یکت کیا تھا مجھ نام
ہر یکت کسکون فادر دسی *	لکھا محمد میران اسی

The title of the work appears on fol. 1b.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe, not known.

Beginning :

گنچ خنی میر آپ مقیم *	اول اللہ ہو ہی قدیم
جلی قلبی روحی سرب خفی *	پنج ذکر سون یکتا ہے
اندیشہ کینا سو سرب *	آپس میں تاپ تھا خفی
ہوجیا آپس قلبی سون *	دیکھا آپس روحی سون
بتی کہا ہی کن فیکون *	جلی ذکر کی میانی ان
برقع خ کر کر اظہار *	محمد ہو کر نکلیا بہار
ہد ہد نمذیں پنجتن سب *	پنجتن میانی آپسی آپ
جیو صو پیر ہی دیکھہ الکت *	ذات خدا کی نور جھلکت

End :

دلکی پتی پر نقش بہرو *	جو ہی مسلمان یاد کرو
ہر ای صاحب میانصاحب کی *	تمام کیا نام پرواہب کی
دوزخ روزی ہوی اوسکون *	اگر کوئی دعوا کری اسکون

No. 66. * رسالہ تصرف
RISĀLAH-I TASAWWUF.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sūfism (prose).

Author, not known.

Appearance, old.

Begins on fol. 9b of the MS. described under D. No. 65 above.

A short sūfic treatise in the Dakḥani prose, by an anonymous author. It is illustrated throughout with numerous quotations taken from the holy Quran and the sayings of Shaikh Muhaid al-Dīn 'Arabi. This Shaikh is not identical with Muhaidul-Dīn Muhammad bin 'Alī al-Tā'ī al-Hātīmī, called Ibn al-'Arabi (b.A.H. 560d A.H. 638), the reputed author of the famous Arabic work styled Al-futūhāt al-makkiyah. — المتوحات المکیة

The present work is attributed to Shaikh Muhaid al-Din'Ar whos eidentiy is not known. The following colophon appears on fol. 9 b :

رسالہ تصوف من تصدیف حضرت شیخ محی الدین عربی رحمۃ اللہ
علیہ *

Some of the verses are not properly quoted. The name of the author does not appear anywhere in the MS. Arabic passages are in Naskhi character.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe, not known.

Beginning :

حضرت شیخ محی الدین عربی روایت کئی ہیں کلمہ کون پانچ جنس
سون ہو جنہاں یوں کوی نابوجیگا تو اوسکی مسلمانی اور اوسکی فقیری حرام
ہی سن طالب اول لا دسرا الہ تسرا الا چوتھا اللہ پانچوان ہو سن طالب
اول لا کہی تو معنا دو جنس سون ہوتا ہی لا نفی ہی اثبات ہی
ہی ہوجنا مرشد کامل سون خدا کہا ایس مومن و یحتمعون فی المساجد
و یقولون لا الہ الا اللہ برسہ نہو مذاق - خدا کہا مسجد میں بیٹھ کر یوں کلمہ
بولتی مین سو مومن نہوی او مذاق مین الصخ *

End :

محی الدین عربی بعض عارفان تنزیہ و تشبیہ دونو کون دو جنس سون
ہوچ کر کمالیت کون ہونچکر شر علی محملین رہی سن طالب جو کوی
کلمہ کا منزل مقام مرتبہ کون ہوجکر کمالیت کون نیڑی سوانو کو واصل
کہا جائیگا *

رسالہ تصوف * No. 67.

RISĀLAH-I TASAWWUF.

Substance, paper. Size, 10 × 9 inches. Pages, 5. Lines, 20, on a page. Language, Urdu.
Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sūfism (Poetry).

Author, Muhammad Mirān. محمد میران

Begins on fol. 1a. The other work herein is Risālah-i tasawwuf in prose. Fol. 10 b.

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 65 above. Date of trans-
cription, A.D. 29th November 1942. Scribe, Muhammad Gouth.

Beginning and end as usual.

رسالہ تصوف * No. 68.

RISĀLAH-I TASAWWUF.

Substance, paper. Size, 10 × 9 inches. Pages, 9. Lines, 20 on a page. Language, Urdu.
Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, sūfism (Prose).

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 10 *b* of the MS. described under D. No. 67 above. A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 66 above.

Date of transcription, A.D. 29th November 1942.

Scribe, Muhammad Gouth.

Beginning and end as usual.

No. 69. * رسالہ عقاید دکھنی
RISĀLAH-I 'AQĀED-I DAKHĀNĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 8½ inches. Pages, 15. Lines, 20 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sūfism (Prose).

Author, not known.

A short treatise in Dakhani prose on sūfic maxims and principles. Neither the name of the author, nor the title of the work appears anywhere in the MS. The present work seems to be a restored copy of the MS. described under D. No. 431, III, I. A similar copy is contained in the MS. described under D. No. 26, I, I. In neither of the three copies the correct title of the work can be ascertained. The present title appears only on the fly-leaf of the MS. Fol. 13 *b* to 14 *b* contain short notices in Persian on the "Twelve Imāms" The date of composition is not mentioned.

Date of transcription, A.D. 1929-30. Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والعاقبت للمتقين و درود ہے عدد ہر مید المرسلین
صلي الله عليه وسلم - اے فرزند گیتی ایک باتان خدا کی پہچانت کی
بولتا ہوں خوب سن آؤر پہچان کسی نا محرم کے حضور یہی باتان نا ظاہر
کرے اگر ظاہر کریگا تو کافر ہوگا اور سنا سر دیوانہ ہوگا نعوذ باللہ منہا
..... یعنی پہچانو خدا کون ثابت باتان سون یعنی
پیر اور مرشد کی باتان سون اور پہچالے تو خدا حاصل ہوتا ہے الخ *

End :

اور دل میں اوس ذکر کا خلاصہ معلوم ہونے ہمیشہ تمام عالم کون اور
اپسکون وہی ہے تو دیکھنے سون اور اسکے شوق اور خوشحالی اور لذت پانے
کے سبب تمام اپسکو فراموش ہو کر محو در محو ہوا ذرہ جی اپنا ہی نیا
یا نہ در ہیا تو اس حال کون ذکر خفی بولتی ہیں
معصوم قاسم ابن امام تقی علیہ اسلام درسمہ سالکے شہید شدند منصور بن ناصر
بن ابراہیم لعنہ علیہ المدفون فی النہری *

No. 70. تصائد و زلیبات سودا *

QASĀĪD WA HAZLIYĀT-I SOWDĀ.

Substance, paper. Size, $9\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 332. Lines, 14 on a page. Language, Urdu. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old. Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Poetry (Kulliyāt).

Author, Mirzā Rafīal-Dīn Sowdā, میرزا رفیع الدین سودا

A short collection mainly of Satirical poems and Qasīdahs (panegyrics), composed by Mirzā Rafīal-Dīn Sowdā (A.H. 1125 to 1195 ; A.D. 1713 to 1781), a great Urdu poet, who enjoyed the reputation of being one of the best Qasīdahh-writers and surpassed his predecessors and contemporaries in satirical and humorous description of persons, things and places. Besides Qasīdahs, he composed a number of Ghazals, Qita'āt, Mukhammasāt, Ruba'āt, Fardiyāt and Mathnawiyāt.

For further information regarding the life and poetic works of Sowdā, refer to F.J. Blumhardt's India Office Library Catalogue of the Hindustani Mss. PP. 76-80. The poems of Sowdā have been repeatedly edited, arranged, lithographed and printed (vide J. F. Blumhardt's catalogue P. 77).

The present copy is defective both at the beginning and end. It opens abruptly with :

برنگ کوه ره خاموش حرف ناسزا سنکر
کہ تابدگو صدائے غیب سے کہیجی پشیمانی *

The poems are not alphabetically arranged. The copy consists of a few Ghazals, Qasīdahs, Mathnawiyāt and Mukhammasāt. They are classified and arranged as follows :

(1) Ghazals, on fol. 1 a, beginning :

برنگ کوه ره خاموش حرف ناسزا سنکر
کہ تابدگو صدائے غیب سے کہیجی پشیمانی *

(2) Qasīdahs, on fol. 3 a, with headings or 'Unwāns in red ink.

These consist of poems in eulogy of the great Imāms, Hadhrat 'Alī, the holy Prophet (peace be on him), 'Alangir II, and nobles and other men of eminence of his time. The Qasīdahs are not properly arranged ; a few Ghazals intervene between them.

First Qasīdah, in praise of Hadhrat Imām Hussain, on fol. 2a, beginning :

سواج خاک نہ کہیجونکا مذمت دستار
کہ سر تو شب لکھی ہی میری بخت غبار *

Qasidah, a satire against Moulvi Sājid, on fol. 92 a, beginning :

سنای میں یہ کسی فی بدمعای نساد
کہا ہی مولوی ساجد سی جاکی شاہ باد *

(3) **Mathnawiyaāt**, in satires, on fol. 96 a, beginning :

کیا ہوا یارو وہ نسق ہیہات
لیہون کی چور کا کٹی تھا ہات *

Spaces for 'Unwāns of a few Mathnawiyāt are left blank.

A few Qasidahs intervene between the above satirical Mathnawīs.

(4) **Mukhammasāt**, on fol. 142 a

جای دنیا سی یہ دل اور وفاداری دل
ایک غم پر دیتو ہو سکتی ہے غمخواری دل *

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe, not known. The copy appears to be very old.

Beginning :

برنگ کوہ رہ خاموش حرف ناسزا مذکر
کہ تابد گو صدائے غیب سی کہیچی پشیمانی *
نہیں غیر از ہوا کوئی ترقی بخش آتش کا
نفس جب نک ہے داغ داسی فرصت کیونکی ہو پانی *

End :

جہاں وہ پنہاں درختونکی اور کہنی کہنی پات
نہ وہ درخت ہیر اب واں نہ آدمی کی ذات *
کوئی نہیں مولیٰ نہ ریسماں نہ دول *

No. 71. * چمن ناز *

CHAMAN-I NĀZ.

Substance, paper. Size 8½ × 6 inches. Pages, 178. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Restored in 1926-27 from D. No. 17. Part I, Vol. 1.

A rare Mathnawī in Dakhnī verse, composed by Miskin. The original MS. from which this copy is transcribed, is styled *Majmū'ah-i Mathnawiyāt-i Miskin*. The title of the work is contained in the following verses.

چمن ناز قصہ کا یو نام ہے
 جو نازاں سو عالم کو سب کام ہے *
 (fol. 3 b.)

چمن ناز کر اوس رکھا نام میں
 جو باد پور بازار سے کچھ کام نہیں *
 (fol. 88 a.)

The actual name of the author is not known.

It appears that the poet was alive in A.H. 1164.

Important extracts from the present copy are given below :—

اگر کوئی دانش وری کر دیکھائی
 غلط کچھ کہیا ہوں تو دامن دہنکائی *
 میں اتھا فارسی کو اب تمام
 جو دکنی سو مجھ کو نہ تھا انتظام *
 (پڑا) تھا میر جو فارسی سب تمام
 جو رقعہ کا برتا تھا میرا جو کام *
 کتاباں پڑا فارسی سو مدام
 جو دکنی سو مجھ کون تھا کر جلیبی کام *
 عجب پھول کند کند قصہ کریا
 عجب ہار مضمون گل میں دہرا *
 (fol. 3 a.)

مرا دوست تھا یک صاحب کمال
 چندر شمس اسکے تھی انکی ابھال *
 سرانا مرا کچھ مناسب تھا

 اگر او مجالس میں آکر کھرے
 دیسی او جو مجلس جواہر چرے *
 انکھیاں میں جو اس مرک کا ناز تھا
 نراکت چلن ناز کا ساز تھا *
 جو کردی اتھی چال میں اسکی سب
 اوٹھا ناچ مہوراں جو دنگ تھی عجب *

جو باتاں ڪري تو بهي مور چنگ
 قدم جو رکهي تو بهي مردنگ *
 چلي تو جو تال پور بربط بهي
 جو دامن کي ڪري پوکنڪري پنسي *
 سرايا پون تهوڙا معنيٰ ڪام تها
 اڱر جو سراتا نو دفتر پوتا *
 اشارا ڪيا وه منجھي امترا (اسطرح)
 يو دنياں تو دو دن ڪا هي سرا *
 بڙي يادگاري بڙي يڪ عجب
 عجب يڪ قصه بول تون يڪ عجب *
 قبوليا دل و جان سون اس سخن
 جو اس پر مرا تها و سب جان من *
 (fol. 4 a.)

There are numerous scribal errors throughout the copy. The style is hopeless. The copy contains a number of Ghazals composed by the author himself. The first page of the copy is missing.

The date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

No. 72. * چمن ناز *

CHAMAN-I NĀZ.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 6 inches. Pages, 15. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good.

Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, incomplete.

* مسڪرين

Begins on fol. 52 b of the MS. described under D. No. 41 above.

Same as the above. Restored in 1942-43.

No. 73. * مثنوي مير تقی *

MATHNAWĪ-I MĪR TAQĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 10 × 9½ inches. Pages, 14. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, incomplete.

Restored from D. No. 16. Part 1, Vol. 1 above. For details regarding the life and works of Mir, refer D. Nos. 14 and 15. Part I, Vol. 1 above; and J.F.B. Cat., No. 164, p. 85.

No. 74. * دیوان سودا *

DĪWĀN-I SAWDĀ.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. pages, 91. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 20. Part I, Vol. 1 above. For details regarding the life and works of Sawdā, refer D. No. 70 above and J.F.B. Cat. No. 146, pp. 76-80.

No. 75. • دیوان ولی •

DĪWĀN-I WALĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 131. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 4. Part I, Vol. 1.

This copy contains the poetical work of Wali, the celebrated poet of the Deccan. His well-known poetical work styled Raudhat al-safā روضة الصفا is noticed in J.F.B. Cat. No. 112, p. 59. Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat. No. 162; and Rieu I, p. 152 b.

Beginning :

جن ني عاشق کي چهره کون ديا ہے يک بهار الصبح *

End :

قربان ہوا اس چشم کي والا عصر پر عشاق کا تن * من

No. 76. * بیاض اشعار متفرقة *

BAYĀDH-I ASH'ĀR-I MUTAFARRIQAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 6. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 76b of the MS. described under D. No. 41 above.

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 7. Part I, Vol. 1.

No. 77. * بیاض اشعار متفرقة *

BAYĀDH-I ASH'ĀR-I MUTAFARRIQAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 4. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 8 ob of the MS. described under D. No. 41 above. Restored in 1342—43 from D. No. 6 Part I. Vol. I above.

No. 78. * اشعار ہندی

ASH 'AR-I HINDĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 × 4½ inches. Pages, 156. Lines, 9—10 on a page. Language, Hindi. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, injured. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 170 a of the MS. described under D. No. 197. Part III, Vol. 1.

This booklet contains many Hindi verses. Neither the name of the author, nor the title of the work is found anywhere in the MS.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned

Beginning :

..... اٹھ بھامن بیٹھے بھون اسارین

کنجین کی کھنڈیاں آنکھیں کچھ کنجک انجیر ناتھ مذہاریں *

End :

نہنچت نسبت میر انست ہے کنتھہ اننت اسنت کری بل میں

بن سین سرپر نہ دھیر دھرے نے سرپر کی پیدا راستھل میر *

No. 79. دورے

DAWHARAY.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 × 4½ inches. Pages, 66. Lines, 12 on a page. Language, Hindi. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, injured. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 249 a of the MS. described under D. No. 197. Part III, Vol. above. The name of the compiler of these Hindi verses is not mentioned anywhere in the MS.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

آنسو و چلت نت برہنی اکت چوت کم کاج

سر منہر یدد بب کھنڈ کری سو آوت یہ باج *

End :

دہونم جو نکست مدہہ جل جانب ہوکا آہہ
..... بیوکن منحن کرکي ساہہ *

FICTION.

No. 80. * اسرار عشق

ASRĀR-I 'ISHQ.

Substance, paper. Size, 12½ × 7½ inches. Pages, 200. Lines, 27 on a page (including those on margins), Condition good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Ghulām Husayn Muhammad. * غلام حسین محمد

A very interesting love-story of 'Āqil and Nazarband Baygam, the two members of the royal family of Rome. The name of the author and his Takhalluṣ are contained in the following verses appearing on fol. 99 b.

ہے مولود میرا غلام حسین
مدد میرے ہیں امام حسین *
خلص تو میرا محمد ہوا
غلام اب میں بدرا محمد ہوا *

He also calls himself 'Abd-al-Husain :

اؤر عبدالحسین ہی میرا نام ہے
یہی نام ہے مجھکو اکرام ہے *

The author is quite probably identical with the author of the Raudhat al-Sālihīn, a copy of which is found in the British Museum. The date of composition of this Mathnawī and the name of the author are found in the following verses on page 551 of the "Yurup men Dakḥanī makḥṭūtāt". "یورپ میں دکھنی مخطوطات"

بارہ سے سن یہ اٹھوان تھا سن
جبکہ اس نظم سے غلام حسن *
ہوا فارغ بدرکت حضرت
پر محمد و آل او صلوات *

A. H. 1208.

A.H. 1225 is the date of composition of the present work. This date is contained in the following verses appearing on fol. 99b. It may also be noted that according to the author's own statement, the work was commenced A.H. 1222 and was finished in A.H. 1225.

یہ حاصل ہوا ہیگا جب تجھکو گنج
تھامن ایک ہزار دوصد و بست و پنہج *

شروع جو کیا میں یہ قصہ کہتیں
تھا بارہ سے بائیس وہ سن و یقیں *

میں جھوڑا تھا آدھا بنا کر اسے
جو کچھ فکر سمجھو، پڑی آن کر *

ہوا ہے بفضل خدا یہ، نلام
تھا بارہ سے بست و گنج میں تمام *

From the verses cited above it can easily be presumed that the author was alive between A.H. 1208 and A.H. 1225. Some of the following chronograms found at the end of the MS. also supports this view.

کچھ اس میر نہیں ہے بفضل خدا
نو پھر دیکھ ہے قصہ عشرت نزا *

اوسکا ہر مضمون اہل دل کہتیں،
کہ دیا ہے پل میر یوں سرتار عشق *

محبت کے رومے یہ ہاتف کہا
کہ مقدور دل ہائے اسرار عشق *

سال تاریخ خواست چون حیدر
شد ندا شاید خوشی زسروش *

In some of the verses composed by his contemporaries, the poet is also called Nawwāb نواب.

از تصنیف نواب عالی مقام
چو شد داستان فرح اختتام *

بفضل خدا و بفضل ندی
کہا جبکہ نواب نے مثنوی *

The story begins on fol. 3 a with the following heading in red-ink :

آغاز داستان قصہ تنہا روم یعنی فیروز شاہ احوال کوید *

The opening verses of the story are :

خوشی سے بلا مجھکو مانی شراب
کہ تا میر کہوں ایک کہانی شتاب *

خوشی سے بلا تو مٹی پر خمار
کہ تا میر خوشی سیتی ہوں دلفگار *

کہ تھا روم کے ملک میں ایک شاہ
بہت خوبی و خلق کا پادشاہ *

سبھی پادشاہ دیوین اسکو خراج
سہارے اسے روم کا تخت و تاج

The following note appears at the end of the MS. on fol. 100 b.

این کتاب اسرار عشق بتاریخ دوم ماہ ربیع الاول سنہ ۱۳۲۲ ہجری
روز چہار شنبہ بحسب خوابش حبیب النساء بہ قلم غلام جیلانی عفی عنہ
اختتام یافت *

The margins contain many of the verses of the Mathnawī. The copy is well bound and covered in a nice cloth. The Mathnawī contains many Ghazals of the poet both in Persian and Urdu. It consists of five thousand and four hundred line .

The copy is dated Rabi' al-awwal, A.H. 1322. Scribe, Ghulām Jilānī.

Beginning :

شروع میر کیا ہوں بنام کریم
کہ وہ ہیگا بیدشک علی العظیم *

وہ واحد ہے یکتا وہ خلاق ہے
وہ معبود برحق وہ رزاق ہے *

رسانندہ روزی بندگان
کشایندہ کاروا ماندگان *

وہ ہیگا کریم اور وہ ہے رحیم
وہ ہیگا قدیم اور ہے وہ حکیم *

وہ ہے پادشاہ زمین و زمان
وہ سب اپنے بندوں پہ ہے مہربان *

وہی ہے علی کل شیء تدبیر
بہیں کوئی اس سا وہ ہے بے نظیر *

وہ ستار ہیگا وہ غفار ہے
وہ قدوس و عیون وہ جبار ہے الخ

End :

تھا پنجشنبہ کا روز رور سعید
ہوا ختم یہ قصہ با امید *
محمد ندے طول کر اوسکے بس
ہوس ہے تو تھکے بہرین قدر بس *
تمام یہہ ہوا ہیگا اسرار عشق
ہوا گرم اسیتی بازار عشق *
کیا ہوں میں اب ختم قصہ کی بات
کہو آل احمد یہ ہر دم صدرات *
تمام شد اسرار عشق *
تاریخ گذرایندہ حسن اندین خان بہادر *
اگر دیکھے ذرا بہہ شعر والا
تو عاتق ہوے ہر تصنیف والا *
تو شہر شعر کا سردار و وال
رعیت ہیں تیرے مضمون عالی *

No. 81. (دوسرا چمن) * کتاب دہستان

KITĀB-I DABISTĀN (DŪSRĀ CHAMAN).

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 79. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good
Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 23, Part I, Vol. 1.

This copy seems to be the second Daftar or the second part of the work styled
Dabistān دہستان.

No. 82. قصہ دلالہ محتالہ *

QIṢṢAH-I DALLĀLAH MUHTĀLAH.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 29. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good;
Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 25 of the MS. described under No. 41 above. Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 21 Part, I, Vol. 1

No. 83. قصه جم جاء *

QISSAH-I JAMJAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{7}{8}$ inches. Pages, 7. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Kamtarin. * كمتارين

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 10, Part I, Vol. 1.

The author's full name is Miyān Kamtarin. He is also called Pir Khān. He is an Afghāni, but spent the greater part of his life at Delhi and died in A.H. 1168. His name is mentioned in Qiyām al-Dīn 'Alī's Makhzan-i nikāt مآخزن نكات, a copy of which is noticed in Ethe, Ind off-Lib. Cat., Vol. i, P. 360, No. 701. It is stated that Kamtarin used to sit in the evening in the Chauk of Delhi, and to sell his poems which he had written on detached pieces of paper. There appears at the end of the MS. fol. 7a a prayer in Arabic which opens with : اللهم افتح لنا ابواب الرحمة and ends with * برحمتك يا ارحم الراحمين *

No. 84. قصه لعل و گوهار *

QISSAH-I LA'L WA GAUHAR.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{7}{8}$ inches. Pages, 27. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 5 a of the MS. described under D. No. 83 above.

Restored in 1942-43 D. No. 11, Part 1, Vol. I.

'Ajiz was born in the Dakhan and died in A.H. 1187. The Mathnawi was probably composed after A.H. 1150. 'Ajiz has also left a Diwān. This 'Ajiz is not identical with Sayyid Muhammad 'Ajiz, the author of the Qissah-i Malikah-i-Misar قصه ملکه مصر which was composed in A.H. 1100/ A.D. 1688.

The present work has been published at Madras in A.D. 1873.

No. 85. مثنوي سعد *

MATHNAWI-I SA'D.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{7}{8}$ inches. Pages, 10. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

(Poetry).

Begins on fol. 18 b of the MS. described under D. No. 83 above.

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 12, Part I, Vol. 1.

No. 86. قصہ داکھانی *

QISSAH-I DAKHANI.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 × 5½ inches. Pages, 24. Lines, 15-17 on a page. Condition, injured. Mode of writing, very bad. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

A defective Mathnawī in Dakḥanī verse. Neither the name of the author, nor the actual title of the work is to be found anywhere in the MS. Haydar Khān is probably the name of the author which is contained in the following verse appearing on fol. 12b.

اللہ سے کرم کرتوں معجز سرا
کے حیدر خان تیرا کدا *

The hand writing is so bad that it is difficult to read the verses correctly. Scribal mistakes are found throughout the copy.

Beginning :

اول حمد بواہن اللہ سے تیرا
توں ہے کہ ہوورد عالم کیرا *
کروں حمد اللہ کا جیوں بار بار
سزا وار ہی حمد اللہ کے تہار *

End :

اللہ سے کرم کرتوں معجز سدا
کے حیدر خان تیرا کدا *
کہ تجھ لطف سون معجزوں دیتا ہے
تیری وصل میں جم رہوں

No. 87. * حکایات

HIKĀYĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, 9½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 4. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, injured.

Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 74 a of the MS. described under D. No. 693, Part III, Vol. 2. Fragment of a large work in Dakḥanī prose. It is an abridged version of an English original, translated by order of Dr. John Gilchrist into easy Urdu, for use in educational institutions. According to the statement in the preface, the original English work was rendered in to some of the Indian languages. The copy is defective at the end.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بہلا ہند ہرن اور شیر بدر کی تمثیل - کسی وقت ایک ہرن شکاری کے
ڈر سے بھاگ کر ایک غار کے اندر بیٹھا الص
End .

تمہارا بدن برف کو سیا کر سکتا ہے پر برف تمہارے جسم کی سیاہی
دور نہیں کر سکتی *
خلاصہ بد آدمی بھلے کو برا کر سکتا ہے - برے کو بھلا *

No. 88. * ترجمہ منطق الطیر

TARJUMAḤ-I MANTIḤ AL-ṬAYR.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 227. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good.

Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Wajih al-Dīn Wajdi. * شیخ وجہ الدین وجدی

Restored in 1926-27 from D. No. 30, Part I, Vol. 1.

Wajdi is a native of Kurnool. He is known to have written two other Mathnawīs, namely, Tuhfaḥ-i, 'Ashiqān توفیق عاشقان (A. H. 1115) and Bāgh-i Jānfizā (A. H. 1145). The present work is also styled Panchḥī bāchā پنجہی باچا. This was composed in A. H. 1131, A. D. 1719. This appears to be the correct date of its composition. J. F. Blumhardt has wrongly attributed the authorship of this Mathnawī to a poet whose Takhalluṣ is dha'if ضعیف (vide J. F. B. Cat., P. 63 No. 121).

Date of transcription, A. D. 1926-27.

Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

پاک دلسرین یاد کر اس پاک کون
جن دیا جیون اس موٹی بہر خاک نو آہ *
End :

تا کہ بندشے جاین میرے سب گناہ
ہرے او جلد یو میرا نامہ سیاہ *

ترجمہ منطق الطیر * No. 89.

TARJUMA-I MANTIQA AL-TAYR.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 196. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 31, Part I, Vol. 1. above.

Similar copies are described under D. No. 31-32, Part I, Vol. 1 above. A good copy of the present work is known to be found in the Āsafiyah Library, Hyderabad (Deccan.)

MEDICINE.

No. 90. طب شفا *

TIBB-I SHIFĀ.

Substance, paper. Size, $9\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 64. Lines, 10 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

A short Urdu treatise on medical science, composed by an anonymous writer, dealing chiefly with the general principles of hygiene and describing the medicaments used in the treatment of diseases. The work was translated, as is stated in the preface, at the request of one Hadhrat Baygam Šāhibah (fol. 2 a) from a medical work styled, Muntakhab * منتخب.

This book is styled on the fly-leaf Kitāb-i tibb-i Shafāi کتب طب شفائی The last page contains three separate prescriptions.

The copy is dated A.H. 1210. The fly-leaf bears the following statement.

نمبر ۲۴ فی محرم الحرام سنہ ۱۳۰۰ ہجری *

Beginning :

بعد از حمد اور مدح کی او ایسا پروردگار کے بیچ حکم اوسکی تمام انسان
و ملائک و حیوانات و آسمان و زمین حاضر اور سرگرم ہیں از او ایسا خدایتعالی
کے بیچ آواز کن کی اس دونو جہاں کو موجود کیا اور او ایسا حکیم ہے کہ

اپنی حکمت سون سب نین تھا سو اوسی ظاہری میں لایا اور بعد از تعریف
سید البشر یعنی محمد مصطفیٰ صل اللہ علیہ وآلہ وسلم کی الص *
End :

نسخہ تب بہوت فایده مند ہی کشنیز خشک تین ماشے بادیاں چہی
ماشے اصل سوسر تین ماشے • مغایک تولہ کل نیلوذر تین ماشے یہہ تمام
دوایاں کا جوشندہ تیار کر کر تناول کریں *
تمام شد *

روز جمعہ کے ذیحجہ کی مہینے میں تاریخ چہارویں کتاب تمام ہوئی
سنہ ۱۲۱۰ ہجری *

No. 91. * نسخہ جات *

NUSKHAH-JĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 8. Lines, 13-18 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 39 a of the MS. described under D.No. 647, Part III, Vol. II, below.
Contains a few useful Naskhah-jāt with a brief description of principles concerning
hygiene. The prescriptions are given both in Urdu verse and prose. It appears
that the various prescriptions mentioned in the present copy are selected from
different medical works. A prescription from Shaykh Ibrāhīm is given on fol. 40 a
which is considered useful for applying as ointment or * مرجم *

The copy is written by different hands.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

صبح کو خواب سے جب پروے بیدار

زبان کا کز مزا معلوم اے یار *

اگر میڈھا ہے لذت خونکا جوش

نہو تون فصد بے اوسکے سراموش *

اگر کڑا ہے لذت خونکا تھوڑا

ہے بے شک تہہ بدن میں تپکا زورا الص *

End :

بعد از صرفے دوسری آدھی پوڑی اور آٹھا اونس شراب ڈالکر خوب حل
کر کر پھر وہ شکر مذکورہ کو اوسمیں ڈالکر آمیز کر کر سوکا لینا تب وہ شکر
رنگ ہو یا چمک دار ایڑینگے جب رنگ تیار ہو گیا *

No. 92. رسالہ نسخہ جات *

RISĀLAH-I NUSKHAH-JĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$ inches. Pages, 16. Lines, 18-21 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, bad. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins abruptly on fol. 45 a of the MS. described under D. No. 651 Part III, Vol. II below.

A short Urdu treatise on the methods of preparing various prescriptions for various diseases. Some verses from the holy Qurān are also quoted ; and it is claimed that if the verses are properly chanted many of the diseases and ailments will disappear. Regarding the treatment of certain diseases, some sayings of the holy Prophet (peace be on him) are also quoted.

The copy is written by different hands.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

دیگر نسخہ سید • خردوم خواجه نصرالدین چراغ دہلوی فرماتے ہیں - اول ضرور
کر کر دو رکعت نماز پڑھ کر فاتحہ کرنا اور سات دفعے درود پڑھنا • یہ
آیت پڑھنا ان امنوا باللہ وجا ہدانع رسالہ الخ •

End :

اگر گل انار کے پہل کے سات کہاویگا تو درد شکم درد اور بدینی کا دور
ہوے اگر سونٹ و گرم پانی سے کہاویتو شکم دور ہوے *

نعت تمام *

No. 93. رسالہ نسخہ جات *

NUSKHAH-JĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 26. Lines, 11-13 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 1a of the MS. described under D. No. 547, Part III, Vol. II below.
A collection of some useful prescriptions.

The text is full of spelling mistakes.

Date of transcription, Şaffar, A.H. 1272.

Scribe, Lālah Bālaġi Rām.

Colophon :

اینبجند نسخہ جات وغیرہ بتاریخ پنجم ماہ صفر المظفر سنہ ۱۲۷۲ ہجری
در مقام مدراس بجای ترملکھڑی بھیلہ امیدوار سرکار فدیس آثار از دست
عاصی پر معاصی کمترین عوام لالہ بالاجی رام نگارش یافت *

Beginning :

بعد حمد و نعت حضرت رسالت پناه صلی اللہ علیہ وآلہ وسلم کہ الصخ

End :

بعد ایک شب کے صحبت کئے تو البتہ بارہا سوال کی عمر ہوگی اگر
بہت دیزار پالی کیا تو دو تین خطرے (قہرے read) حالت اصلی پر آویگا۔
مغرب ہے *

تمام شد *

GRAMMAR.

No. 94. رسالہ قواعد ہندی *
RISĀLAH-I QAWĀ'ID-I HINDI.

Substance, paper. Size, 9½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 43. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, injured.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 52 b of the MS. described under D. No. 693, Part III, Vol. II, below. A similar printed copy is described under D. No. 3 i, i above.

The present copy is styled on fol. 52 b, Risālah-i Zubān-i Rikhtah . رسالہ زبان ریختہ .
Whereas in the colophon on fol 73 b, it is called Risalah-i Hinde Gilchrist.

رسالہ ہندی کلکرسٹ

It appears that the work was compiled at the request of John Gilchrist, the famous patron of Indian languages, for the use of the students of Fort William College, Calcutta.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1236, Scribe, Muhammad Tipū.

Colophon : on fol. 73 b.

رسالہ ہندی کلکرسٹ ہوقت ظہر روز دوشنبہ ماہ ربیع الاول تاریخ
شانزدہم سنہ ۱۲۳۶ ہجری انہوی بندہ کمترین خاک پائے عالم محمد
تیبو جہت مطالعہ خود نوشتہ شد در شہر حیدر آباد *

Beginning :

یہ رسالہ زبان ریختہ ہندی کی صرف و نحو میں مشتمل ہے در
مقالہ پر مقالہ اول مفردات میں کلمہ وہ لفظ کے موضوع ہوئے واسطے ایک
معنی مفرد کے یہ شامل ہے تین بحث پر الخ *

End :

فایده دہسنا و دہلکنڈا دونوں مترادف ... چرسنا چوسکنا ہٹنا ہٹکنا
ہٹاوریکہ کلام اکثر یہ الفاظ ذکر کرتے ہیں۔ یعنی جو ہے سو تمہاری سو
چیز ہے۔ مہربان نام خدا چشم بد دور *
تمام شد *

No. 95. * قواعد دکھنی *

QAWĀ'ID-I DAKHĀNI.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 × 6½ inches. Pages, 27. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 122 b of the MS. described under D. No. 732, Part III, Vol. II,
below.

A short Urdu treatise on the conjugation and etymological forms of Urdu verbs.
The name of the compiler is not found anywhere in the MS. The following note
appears at the end of the MS. on fol. 135 a.

بفصلہ تمام ہوا رسالہ صرف دکھنی کا ۱۵ ماہ نومبر سنہ ۱۸۲۷ء سب
از دست غلام محی الدین۔ مالک این کتاب عاجز غلام دستگیر *

At the end of the MS. appear a few Urdu verses and letters in Persian prose.

Date of transcription, A.D. 15th November 1827.

Scribe, Ghulām Muhiyi al-Dīn.

Beginning :

چونکہ تمام فعلوں دکھنی زبان میں چھ۔ قسم پہ ہیں ماضی و مضارع
حال و مستقبل امر و نہی۔ ماضی او فعل ہی جو گذشتہ سے علاقہ رکھے
جیسا مارا مضارع او فعل ہی کہ جس سے زمانہ حال و آئندہ کا سمجھنا
جاوے حال او فعل ہی جو زمانہ موجود سے تعلق رکھے جیسا مارنا
ہی الخ *

End :

گردان اسم فاعل کی *

مارک والا مارک والے مارک والی مارک والیاں *

فعل میں اسم مفعول کے اور بعد از صیغہ ماضی مطلق مجہول کا
بھی جیسا ماریا گیا اور کبھی لفظ ہوا کو آخر ماضی مطلق کے یادہ کر کے سے
حاصل ہوتا ہے *

گردان اسم مفعول کی *

ماریا ہوا مارے ہوئے ماری ہوئی ماریاں ہوئیں

DREAMS, GEOMANCOY, DIVINATION, ETC.

KULLIYĀT-I 'AMALIYYĀT.

کلیدیات عملیات *

No. 96. * تعبیر نامہ *

TA'BIR NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, 11½ × 6½ inches. Pages, 30. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, fair.
Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Dreams.

Author, Qādirī. * قادری *

The other works herein are (i) Fāl Nāmah, fol. 16 b, (2) Risālah-i Nujūm (Persian), fol. 19 a, (3) Risālah dar Ramal (Persian), fol. 21 b, (4) Ta'bīr Nāmah (Persian), fol. 24 a, (5) Tarjumah-i Fāl-i Qurān, fol. 30 b, (6) Tafṣīl-i Ta'bīrāt-i Khwab (Persian), fol. 37 a, (7) Ahmadi Fāl, fol. 40 b, (8) Risālah dar 'Ilm-i Nujūm (Persian), fol. 54 b, (9) Majma'al-Fawā'id, fol. 58 a, (10) Majmu'ah dar 'Ulūm-i Ghāyb, fol. 67 a, (11) Risālah dar Tibb (Persian), fol. 102 a.

Ta'bīr Nāmah on fol. 1, Urdu translation in verse of a Persian treatise on the interpretation of dreams, by an anonymous author, but whose Takhalluṣ (penname) is contained in the following verses:—

(fol. 1 a)

زبان کو نعمت سے اب قادری کہول
یہ پائی میر سخن کے وہ شکر کہول *

(fol. 2 a)

تعمیر قدرت بفرن شاعری ہے
ملی تبراً نخلص قادری ہے *

(fol. 15 b)

یہ اپنی قادری کو قادری کر
کدا کردی نہ شاہ دہر تری کر *

From the following verse appearing on fol. 15 b, it is clear that the date of composition of the present work is A.H. 1216.

تھی سن بھرت سے بارا سو پو سولا
یہ غنچہ تب دہاں دُر اپنے کہولا *

The following verses on fol. 2 a may be carefully noted, as they contain an account of the author's life and details regarding the present work.

یہ دل دریائے فکرت کا ہو غراض
لے آنا جب سگن کے مرتبیاں خاص *

نہوتا تھا انہو کا کوئی خریدار
ہوا تھا گرم بیدری کا بازار *
مجھے کرتے ہیں جوہریاں ملامت
کہ پوت اپنی ہمارے آگے لامت *
کوئی کہتا تھا مجھ کو کہجائے

ہیں در دالے تیرے موتی کے دالے *
کوئی کہتا تو کیوں پڑنا پڑانا
بڈھا جوں کوٹھری میر پڑوانا *
یہ سن شیرت لیا دل میرا فی الفر
میں باز آیا سخن کہنے سے ہر طور *
ولیکن میرے یاں ایک درست آیا
سراپا مغز ہو با پوست آیا *

ہی شمس الدین جسکا نام ثانی
شرافت اور نجابت میں گرامی
کہا مجھ کوں زباں درفشاں سے
کہ تو ممتاز ہے سب شاعران سے *

پلا مجھ کو سخن کا تیری پانی
پیداسا میں ہوں اے بحر معانی *

مرے نزدیک نسخہ فارسی ہے۔
مجھ والے کوں مثل آرسی ہے *

فن تعبیر کا اسمیں بیان ہے
بیان اس کا نہ ہر ایک پر عیاں ہے *

- ڪر اس کا ترجمہ ہندی میں مرقوم
 کہ نسخہ معتبر ہے اور منظوم *
 نبالے کا قرار اس سے کہ میں
 اویس ہندی زبان سے یوں کہا میں *
 بیان اس کا کیا منظوم سارا
 زمانے کو جس میں گارا *
 (fol. 14 b)
 یہ تعبیراں جو بولا ہوں بیان وار
 وہ ہیں سب فارسی نسخہ سے ای یار *

It appears that the author took materials from Kāmil al-Tabīr. کامل التعمیر the famous early work on the interpretation of dreams by Abū al-Fadhī Husayn who flourished towards the middle of the 6th century of the Hijrah. The following verse appearing on fol. 3 b may be cited as an evidence of the above statement.

زیادہ بھی طرف سے اپنے بول
 گھر کچھ کامل التعمیر سے بول *

The work is divided into fourteen Bābs and a Khātimah.

The copy is not dated. Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

ثنائی ہے نہایت اور بسیار
 ہی معبود حقیقی کون مزارار *
 جھڑک منہ پر ہماری آب کن کا
 عدم کے نیند سے ہم کو جگایا *
 عدم کا ہی لیا تھا کہیں اندہارا
 ہمارے منہ اجالے میں لے آیا *
 اوسے کہانا ہے نا پینا ہے نا خواب
 ولا نوم صفت ہے اس کی دریاب *
 بشارہ میں کسی کو وہ مدب سار
 کیا ہی فیض اوجی سے سرفراز *
 دیا ہی اس نبی کو عام تعبیر
 دیار دھر کا جو ہو گیا میں الخ *

دی ہمت راہ کا مجھکو سرانجام
 کہ ہمت راہ میرے تیرے آئیگی کام *
 دے بہرہ مایہ عرفان مجھکو
 بچالے راہ کی چوروں سے مجھکو *
 میرا سائی تو ہی ہے رہنما ہے
 تجھے بھولا سو دایم *
 عذاب تیرے مجھکو چھڑادے
 مجھے دوخکی آتش سے بچادے *
 طفیل مصطفیٰ کے مجھکو یا رب
 بخش ہماری گناہاں میری تو سب *

No. 97. * فال نامہ *

FĀL NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 5. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, fair. Mode of writing, not bad. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Fortune-telling (Geomancy).

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 16 b of the MS. described under D. No. 96 above.

A short Urdu treatise in prose on divination by putting fingers upon a special magical tablet on which certain numbers are written. The author explains in detail the inner meanings of those numbers and their influence on the future. Neither the name of the author, nor the title of the work is found anywhere in the MS.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ہو فال ہی رسول صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم دیکھے سو یو اصل دیکھنے وقت
 پہلی وضو کرنا بعد از الحمد للہ یکبار قل ہو اللہ تین بار پڑنا بعد دعا یکبار
 یو پڑنا بسم اللہ الہم انی اسألتک و تعالیٰ بکتابک الخ *

End ;

بسبب یا تین روز میرے ترا کام فتح ہوئیگا بزرگاں کے نام سو قرآن
 پڑھا کر بخشناں بلا دور ہوئیگی انشاء اللہ تعالیٰ *
 تمہارا خدا *

No. 98. * احمدی فال

AHMADĪ FĀL.

Substance, paper. Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 23. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, fair.
Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Fāl.

Author, Qādir 'Alī Kamtar. قادر علی کتتر

Begins on fol. 40 b of the MS. described under D. No. 96, above.

A short Urdu treatise in verse on divination and fortune-telling by the method of Ramal, with numerous illustrations of tabular forms, strange incantations, magic figures termed as فالینہ and نعرہ was composed by one Qādir 'Alī, poetically known Kamtar. The work is in the form of a Mathnawi. The name of the author appears in the following verses on fol. 51 b.

محمد امام الدین ابن علی
غلام ان کا میر یعنی قادر علی.*
یہی کتتر تخلص سے مشہور ہے
وہی شعر ناقص میں مذکور ہے*

The poet speaks of his father in the following verses appearing on foll. 51 a and 51 b. The title of the work and other details are also contained in the lines :

بحمد اللہ کتتر تو خوشحال ہو
ہو ی انصرام احمدی فال یو*
کیا ترجمہ فال قرآن کون
ذکر فال بھی چند عنوان سون*
کیا منتخب علم نذیم بھی
کیا سب قواعد سے ترقیم بھی*
ہر ایک حرف کے سب موکل کو دیکھ
برج اور ستاری مفصل سو دیکھ*
کہ یعنی رکھا قاعدی پر نظر
لکھا تب یہ تفصیل کے میں سطر*
گیا دونڈ میں سب بیاض و کتاب
لکھا ہی قواعد جو عالیجناب*

کہ یعنی پدر میری والا تھا
 مجھے پیشوا مقتدا استاد *
 مجھے فیض ہے انکی انفاس کا
 مجھے بوٹی خوش ہے اوسی
 کتابان سے انکو اتھا بہوت شوق
 کتابت کا سب عمر تھا انکو ذوق *
 میری لک نہ بھولے کتابانکی بات
 خزانہ کہیں اوقلم اور دوات *
 کتابان لکھے او سو مشہور ہیں
 بہت مدرسے جسے معمور ہیں *
 جنو کے ہزاران سوشاگرد ہیں
 کروں کیا عدد سب زن مرد ہیں *

The date of composition of the work is contained in the following verse on fol. 51 b.

کیا احمدی فال کون منڈھی
 سنہ یکہزار دو صدوسی رسہ *
 A. H . 1233

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Bejinning :

بہمد خرد بخش اہل علوم
 تصور سے ہی مغفرت سب نجوم *
 مہندس نیا بھول کر ہندسہ
 پڑیا اہل تقریم کو رسوسہ *
 ترے عجز کا پہنڈیگا رمال نے
 میر ہے صاحب فال نے *
 خداوند دانندہ غیب ہے
 منڈزہ نقایم سے لاریب ہے *
 منہم رہی اور رمال او
 کہ پہچانتا خلق کے فال او الخ *

End :

کروں ناتھ تم جو دیکھنیگے فال
 وگرنہ ہے مہنت میری با.....
 خدایا گناہاں سے کر پاک تون
 سبھی زشت اعمال کر پاک تون *
 سخن میرا مشہور کر جا بجا
 بحق محمد شفیع الورا *
 تمت تمام شد *

No. 99. ترجمہ فال قرآن *

TARJUMAH- IFĀL-I QUR'ĀN.

Substance, paper. Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 13. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good.
 Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Fāl.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 30 b of the MS. described under D No. 96, above.

A short treatise in Urdu verse on divination by putting fingers upon the verses of the Qurān, with the interpretation in alphabetical order of the initial letters of the verses upon which the finger was put. The interpretation extends to the letter ق only. It seems therefore that the copy is incomplete at the end. The present work is a translation of a Persian work styled Fāl-i Qurān فال قرآن

کہ فرمائی مجھ سے فہم القرین ہی
 نظم اسکا کئے تو بہترین ہی *
 کیا یہ نظم ترتیب فال قرآن
 کہ لانا ہی مسلمان صدق ایمان *

The date of composition of the work is A.H. 1242, which is contained in the following verses on fol. 32 a.

تواریخ کا کروں اب عقد حاصل
 جمادی الثانی تھی تاریخ اول *
 کہ ہارا سو پہ چہل ودو اتھاسن
 کیا دریافت از بس شعر کے فن *

Hand writing and spelling mistakes throughout the copy. Alphabetical letters in red ink. The last page bears a short incantation or *منتر* *چنتر*.
The copy is not dated. The name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

قال الله تعالى والله المستعان علي ما تصفون
 كرونمير اول حمد خدا بي
 وبي هادي يقين راه هدا بي *
 بشر كيتبين وبي عرفان بخشيا
 ديا عزت شرف امكان بخشيا *
 تفصل حق كها تو سب عياں بي
 نهين تو سر بسر كنگي زبان بي الخ *

End

جو كجهه ارشاد نها فضل خدا كا
 كرم افضل وه اسكي عطا كا *
 اوا محبه پر كرم اكرام اسكا
 عطا مخصوص وه انعام اسكا *

No. 100. مجمع الفوائد

MAJMA'AL-FAWĀ'ID.

Substance, paper. Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 18. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, fair.
 Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Divination.

Author, Sayyid Shāh 'Abd al-Nabī Qādirī. سيد شاه عبدالنبي قادري عرف نبي بادشاه *

Begins on fol. 58 a of the MS. described under D. No. 96, above.

A short Urdu treatise on divination by astrology and the influences of the heavenly bodies on days and hours, with numerous astronomical tables and magical figures and diagrams, compiled by Sayyid Shāh 'Abd al-Nabī, called Nabī Badshāh. The name of the author and the title of the work appear on fol. 58 a. The date of compilation is not known.

The copy is not dated. Scribe, not known.

Colophon : on fol 58 a.

سيد شاه عبدالنبي قادري عرف نبي بادشاه عفي عزم چند نواید
 دريافت کرنے ایام سعد اور نحوسات کی واسطے حضور قدسید نواب عالیہ

کے زبان ہندی سین یہ رسالہ بہوت کٹاہاں فارسی میں نکال کر فایده
موافق دستور العمل
اور نام اسکا مجمع الفوائد دستور العمل شاہی رکھا *

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين. والصلوة والسلام علي رسوله سيدنا محمد المختار
واله الاطهار واصحابه " برار اجمعين بعد سراسر عاصي معاصي دعا گوید الخ *

End :

لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله صلي الله عليه وسلم برحمتك يا ارحم الراحمين
فلان بتت فلان *

No. 101. مجموعہ دار علوم غیب

MAJMŪ'AH DAR 'ULŪM-I GHAYB.

Substance, paper. Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 70. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, fair.
Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Fortune-telling.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 67 a of the MS. described under D. No. 96, above.

A confused collection, defective fragments and short pieces in Urdu and Persian prose and verse, dealing with astronomy, astrology, Ramal, Fāl, eras, solar and lunar, interpretation of dreams, secret scripts, amulets, calculation of dates, demonology and magical practices, etc., illustrated with numerous figures and tabular forms. The copy is carelessly written by different hands. Urdu and Persian passages are intermingled. There is neither beginning nor end. The sources of these fragments are not known. Neither the name of the author, nor the title of the work is mentioned anywhere in the MS.

The copy is not dated. Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

شیخ شرف الدین قدس سرہ العزیز گفتہ اند کہ اوز سوزو کردہ بعدہ ایک
بار سورہ فاتحہ بخواند و سہ مرتبہ قل هو الله احد خواندہ سطرالف یک و سہ سہ
سطر طرح کند ہر چہ سہ سطر باقی ماند البعدہ (علمدہ read) بنویسد - مطلب کدام
حوالہ کند باید دید الخ *

End :

چورو منتر ایسر پاچا سید سانجا بحق الله محمد رسول یہ مہتر
واسطہ دنبل اور تولد اور کڑھ واسطہ نیل پردم کر کر دینا

DICTIONARY

No. 102. فرہنگ ترکی فارسی انگریزی
FARHANG-I TURKI FĀRSI ANGRAYZI.

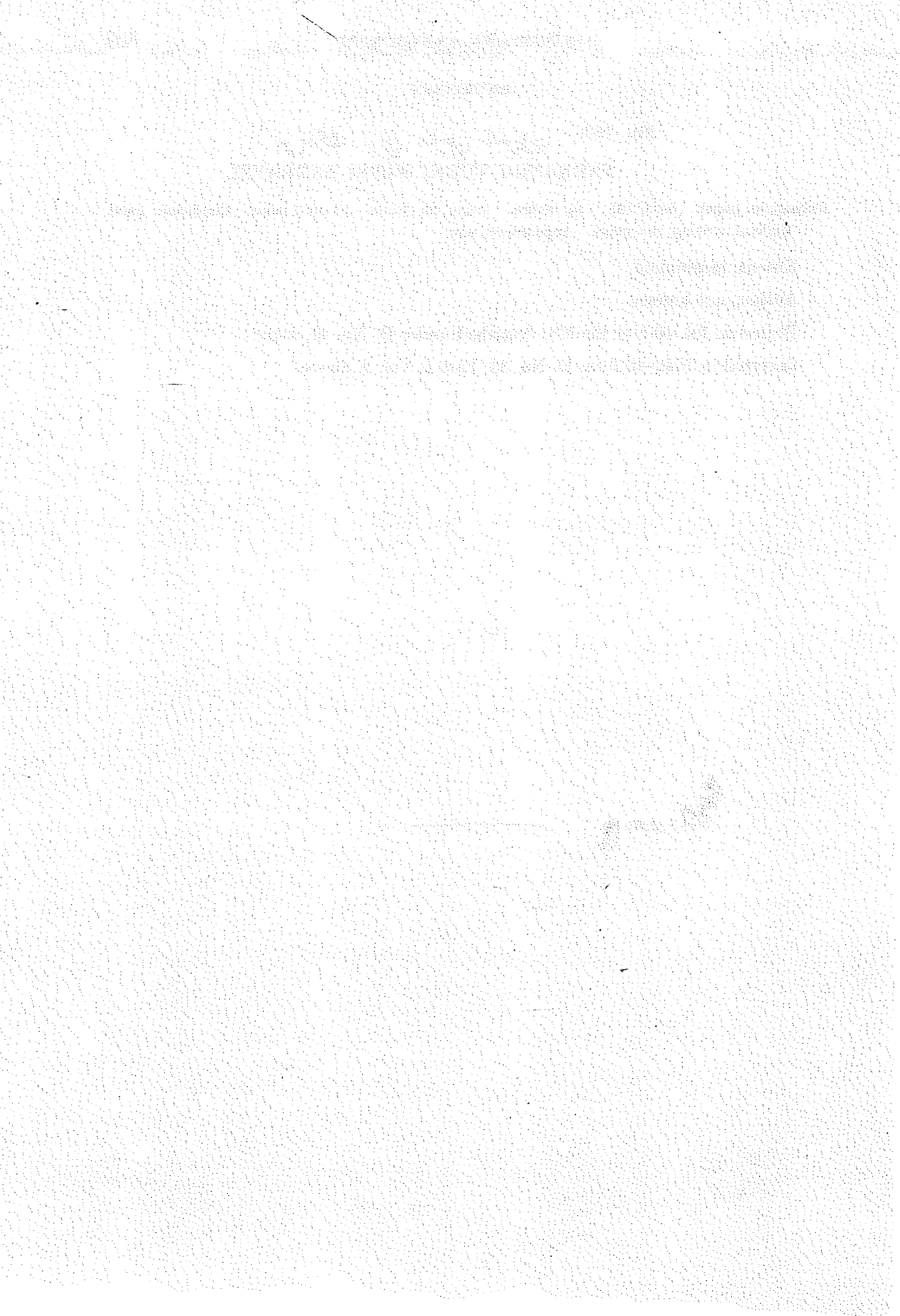
Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages 22. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition good.
Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, now.

Extent, incomplete,

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 40 *b* of the MS. described under D. No. 41, above.

Restored in 1942-43 from D. No. 33, Part I, Vol. I, above.



PART II—ARABIC

THEOLOGY.

No. 198. * دلائل الخيرات

DALAIL-AL-KHAIRAT.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 272. Lines, 9 on a page. Condition slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Abū Abd Allah Muhammad b. Sulayman b. Abu Bakr Jazūli.

ابو عبد الله محمد بن سليمان بن ابو بكر جزولي *

It is a well-known collection of prayers of the Holy Prophet Muhammad, compiled by Abu Abd Allah Muhammad b. Sulayman b. Abu Bakr Jozūli. It is a very popular among the Muslims and has been repeatedly printed. The compiler died on Rabi-'al-awwal 870 A.H. corresponding to 1465 A.D. (see Rieu Suppl. Cat. of the Ar. Mss. in the Brit. Mu. P. 165a. Similar copies are described in e Rieu, Ar. Cat. P. 76; doth, No. 350; the Ber. Cat. No. 3919; Pr. No. 807; and the Khed. Lib. Vol. II P. 194). A Persian commentary styled Mazra'-al-Hasanat مزرع الحسنات upon the present work is noticed in Bk. Cat. Vol. XVI, P. 112.

The title of the work appears on fol. 16. The name of the author and the date of composition are not mentioned any where. The full title of the work, as given in the Preface, is دلائل الخيرات وشوارق الانوار في ذكر الصلوة على النبي المختار صلعم. The copy is incomplete at the end. The first word of every Prayer is in red ink. Foll. 18a—19a contain five coloured map sketches representing the sacred tomb or روضه مبارك. The copy is slightly repaired. The name of the scribe and the date of transcription not mentioned.

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي لا ايمان و الاسلام و الصلوة و السلام علي محمد
نبيه الذي استنقذ به من عبادة الاوثان و الا صنم و علي آله اصحابه النجباء
المررة الكرام الصخ *

End :

واجعلها نورا بين ايدينا و من خلفنا و عن ايماننا و عن شاكلنا و في
حياتنا و موتنا و في تدبرنا و حشرنا و نشرنا و ظلا يوم القيامة علي

No. 199. * درود مسعود

DARŪD-I-MAS'ŪD.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ × 4 $\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 27. Lines, 9 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

A short collection of prayers copied from اوراد خان غالب محمد خان. The title appears on the fly-leaf and in the colophon. There are interlinear and marginal notes through out. Date of transcription and the name of the scribe, not known.

Colophon—Fol. 14b.

این درود مسعود در قصیدہ آرکات ملک کز ناتک از اوراد خان سمو المکان
غالب محمد خان در مہ ماہ مبارک رمضان سنہ ۱۰۲۱ جلوس والا تحریر یافت *

Beginning :

انصلوۃ وانسئم علیک یا رسول اللہ انت شفیع المذنبین انا المذنب
فشنعنی یا شفیع المذنبین الصلوۃ والنسئم علیک یا رسول اللہ الصخ *

End :

اللہم یا موجود صل علی محمد الراجد و علی آل محمد و بارک و سلم
کما صلیت و بارکت و ارحمت و ترحمت علی ابراہیم و علی آل ابراہیم
و علی جمیع الانبیاء والمرسلین و علی الملائکۃ المقربین و علی عباد اللہ الصالحین
و علی کل ملک برحمتک یا ارحم الراحمین *

No. 200. * اسماء غوث الاعظم

ASMĀ' I-GHAUTH-AL-A'ZAM.

Substance, paper. Size, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ × 5 $\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 5. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Syed Ahmad Kabir-al-Rafā'i.

سید احمد کبیر الرفاعی :

This is a form of incantation addressed to the reputed Saint Shaikh 'Abdul Qadir Jilānī (b. circa A.H. 470, d. A.H. 561) with the attributes ascribed to him.

The colophon appears on fol. 1b.

این اسمہائے مبارک حضرت غوث الثقلین رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ من تصنیف
سید احمد کبیر الرفاعی قدس اللہ سرہ *

Written in a neat and bold Naskhi character. It breaks off in fol. 3b. Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

يا حضرت شهنشاہ یا اکمل من اولیاء اللہ یا قادر بتدرۃ اللہ یا موصوف
بصفات اللہ یا معروف بذات اللہ یا متجلی بتجلیتہ اللہ یا منصور بذکر
من اللہ الخ *

End :

یا رفیق السفر یا قاصر الخطر یا قاطع الشرر یا کلید الظفر یا تطب الشجر
والحجر از کرم رمن نگر سه بار بگوید اغثنی وامدنی یکبار بگوید *
تمت تمام شد *

No. 201. انوار العقول فی اشعار وصی الرسول *

ANWĀR-AL-'UQŪL FĪ 'ASH'ĀRI WASĪ AL-RASŪL.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9¾ inches. Pages, 98. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition,
good. Mode of writing, not bad. Appearance, now.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Arabic Poetry.

Author, Abd-al-Rahman b. 'Alawi b. Muhammad al-Aydarūs.

عبدالرحمن بن عاوی بن محمد العیدروس *

Restored from D. No. 43 Part II, Vol. I. The work is preceded by a short pro-
face by the compiler. The title of the work appears on fol. 5a of the Ms. The
following note appears at the end of the Ms.

کتبه الفقیر جمشید بن محمد بن مسعود الحسینی الزواری فی سلخ شهر
جمادی الآخر سنه ثلث وتسعين وثمانیه الخ *

No. 202. شرح ہدایۃ الحکمہ *

SHARH-AL-HIDĀYAT-AU-HIKMAH.

Substance paper. Size, 10¾ × 7½ inches. Pages, 94. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition,
good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Philosophy.

Author, Husain b. Muinuddin al-Maybadi. حسین بن معین الدین المیبدی

Begins on fol. 25a of the Ms. D. No. 649 It is an Arabic commen ary on
al-Hidāyat-al-Hikmah الہدایۃ الحکمہ, a well-known book on Philosophy written
by Athir-al-din Mufadhhal 'Umar-al-Abhari (d. A.H. 663), the author of the com-
mentary on the Isāghaujī. The MS. is full of marginal glosses. Since the pages are
not properly arranged the work actually begins on fol. 64b and breaks off in folio
30b. Folios are arranged in the following order :—42a—47b ; 34a—41b ; 25a—33b ,

17a—24b ; 9a—16b ; 1a—8b. Few pages are slightly injured. The copy is written by two different hands (see fol. 29b). The date of transcription is not known. The name of the scribe is Turab 'Ali.

Beginning :

الهداية امر من لديه و كل شيء يعود اليه له الحمد علي ما انعم علينا
سوابق النعم ولو احققها و الهم اليها حقائق الحكمة و دقا يقها و الصلوة علي
جميع الانبياء و الا ولياء خصوصا علي نبينا محمد الص *

End :

و النار ايضا ينقلب هراء كما يشاهد في المصباح فان ما ينفصل عن شعلته
لو بقيت ناراً لَرَوِيَتْ

No. 203. شرح التهذيب *

SHARH-AL-TAHZIB.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 × 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 56. Lines, 21 on a page. Condition injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Maula Shaykh 'Abdal-Salam. مولانا شيخ عبدالسلام

A defective copy of a commentary on Tahzib al-Mantiq تهذيب المنطق of 'Allamah Taftāzānī علامه تفتازاني (d. A.H. 792), a popular text book of Deductive Logic. The commentary is elaborate and comprehensive in its mode of description and simple and lucid in style. The name of the author and the title of the work appear on the fly-leaf. Nothing is known about the author of the present commentary. This work seems to be quite different from the two well-known commentaries of Mulla 'Abd Allah Yāzdi (d. 1015 A.H.) and Mulla Jalāl al-Din Dawwāni respectively, different copies of which are described under D. Nos. 128, 129, 130, 132 and 141. ii. i (ref. also Rieu, Brit. Mus. Ar. Cat. P. 501a, No. 735 and Brn. Camb. Mu. Ar. Cat. P. 103).

The commentary is not easily distinguishable from the text. The copy is much damaged ; but still it is readable. The copy is not dated and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

قال المولى العلامة بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم تقديرة بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم
اولف لان متعلق بهذا الباب ماجعل التسمية مبدء له و شرح كلمات النسبة
في المطولات الحمد معناه غاية الثناء مختصته بالله لانه

End :

ويمتنع تركيب ما يتيه من امرين متساويين فيكونه للجنس العالي فصل
مقوم ولا يكون هذا الفصل مقسما للجنس اللذي فوته ان ليس فوته جنس ثم
اعلم ان فصل النوع السافل مقدا له ولا يجوز ان يكون له فصلا مقسم
الرابع الخاصة و هو الخارج الوجودي يعنى ان الخاصة في اصلاهم
اسم لكلي

No. 204. رسالته في المنطق *

RISĀLATUN FĪ AL-MANṬIḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, $6\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 166. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition much injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

An Arabic super-commentary upon the commentary in an anonymous work in logic. The copy is defective both at the beginning and end. The title of the work, the name of the author and the date of composition cannot be ascertained. The folios are numbered, but they are not properly arranged. The folios are found to be arranged in the following order. Foll. 78a—93b, foll. 142a—149b, foll. 134a—141b, foll. 74a—77b, foll. 94a—133b, foll. 150a—157b. The copy abruptly opens on fol. 78a and ends on fol. 157b.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

تسميه به كون الميزان سببا لظهور النطق و لقرانه حتى
المنطق و محله و لما كان ظهور القوة النطقية التي هي في الجنس الناطقة
و تقويها الخ

End :

والجسم النامي المتصف العامته المشتركة بين الانسان والشجر ولا توجد
ذالك اي تمام المشترك المذكور كالحبوان مثلا في النوع *

GRAMMAR.

No. 205. الفوائد الضيائية *

AL-FAWĀ'ID-AL-ZIĀ'YAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 12\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 211. Lines, 23 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mullā Nūr-al-Din 'Abd-al-Rahmān al-Jāmī.

ملا نورالدين عبدالرحمان الجامي *

A well-known commentary of al-Kāfiyah of Ibn-i-Hājib. Copies of the same are described in Vol. I, Part II under D. Nos. 95, 96 and 98. The MS. contains marginal and interlinear notes. Just to distinguish the text from the commentary, the former is written in red ink. The name of the scribe and the date of transcription not known.

Beginning :

الحمد او اية والصلوة علي نبيه و علي اله واصحابه المتتابعين بآديه اصابع فهذه
فوائد وانبيته بحل مشكلات الانبياء العلامة المشتهر في المشارق والمغرب ... الخ *

End :

..... وبعد قد استرجع لي كد الانتهاض لنقل هذا الشرح عن السواد
الي البياض لعبد الفقير عبد الرحمان الجامي ونقم الله سبحانه في وظائف
عبوديته للاعراض عن مطالبته الاعراض والاغراض صخوة السبت الحادي عشر من
رمضان المنتظم في سلك شهر سنته سبعة وسبعين وثمان مائة - تمت *

No. 206. كشف النقاب عن مخدرات ملهته الاعراب *

KASHF-AL-NIQĀB 'AN MUKHDARĀT-I-MULHAT-AL-
I'RĀB.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 122. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, now.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Abd-al-Qadir. b. Ahmad. b. Ali-al-Fākihi.

عبدالقادر بن احمد بن علي الفاكيهي *

A restored, copy of the work described under D. No. 106, Vol. I, Part II. It is a commentary by 'Abd-al-Qadir Fākaḥī (d. 982 A.H.) upon the Mulhat-al-I'rāb of al-Qāsim b. 'Ali-al-Hariri (d. 516 A.H.); the latter was printed in Cairo in A.H. 1302. Various commentaries have been written on this well-known work.

No. 207. الرشاد في شرح الارشاد

AL-RISHĀD FI SHARHIL IRSHĀD.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 81. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, now.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muḥammad-b-Sharif al-Husayni. محمد بن شريف الحسيني

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 71, Vol. I, Part II.

No. 208. * العوامل

AL-'AWĀMIL.

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 2. Lines, 10—14 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Abd al-Qādir b. 'Abd al-Rahmān al-jurjānī.

عبدالقادر بن عبدالرحمان الجرجاني *

The other works herein are (1) sharh al-'Awāmil fol. 2b, (2) Nahw-i Mir (Persian) fol. 27a, (3) Kitāb-i Dharirī fol. 26b, (4) Al-Kāfiyah fol. 27b, (5) Hall al-Lughāt (Persian) fol. 226b.

The well-known primer of Arabic syntax for beginners. Copies of the same are described under D. Nos. 72 a, 92, 93, Part II, Vol. I, above.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

العوامل في النحو عني ما ألفه الشيخ الامام الفاضل عبدالقادر بن
عبدارحمن الجرجاني *

End :

والمعنوية عنها عددان العامل في المبتدأ والتخبر والعامل في الفعل المضارع
وهو وقوعه موقع الاسم *

No. 209. * الكافية

AL-KĀFIYAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 225. Lines, 5 on a page. Condition good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Jamāl al-Dīn Abū 'Amr 'Uthmān b. 'Umar, known as Ibn al-Hājib.

جمال الدين ابو عمرو عثمان بن عمر المعروف بابن الحاجب *

Begins on fol. 27b of the MS. described under D. No. 208 above.

The well-known standard work on Arabic syntax by Ibn al-Hājib who died in A.H. 646/A.D. 1248, 1249. Copies of the same are described under D. Nos. 101, 102, 103 and 104. Part II, Vol. I above.

The present copy contains copious interlinear and marginal notes in Arabic and Persian, chiefly from Jami's famous Arabic commentary, styled Sharah-i Mullā Jūmī شرح ملا جامی *

The owner of the copy is Muhammad Darwaysh.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الكلمة لفظ وضع لمعني مفرد وهي اسم وفعل وحرف الصخ *

End :

والمخففة تحذف للساكن وفي الوقت فيرد ما حذف والمفتوح ما قبلها
تقلب الفا بفضلها — تمام شد *

No. 210. * العوامل

AL'AWĀMIL.

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ inches. Pages, 8. Lines, 7 on a page. Condition, fair
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Abd al-Qādir b. 'Abd al-Rahmān Jurjānī

عبد القادر بن عبد الرحمن الجرجاني *

Begins on fol. 68b of the MS. described under D. No. 680, Part III, Vol. II
above.

Same work as that described under D. No. 208 above.

Copious interlinear and marginal notes throughout.

No. 211. * كتاب ضريري

KITĀB-I DHARIRI.

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 27. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition
slightly worn-eaten. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Abū al-Hasan 'Alī b. Muḥammad b. Ibrāhīm al-Dhariri,

أبو الحسن علي بن محمد بن إبراهيم الضريري *

Begins on fol. 13b of the MS. described under D. No. 208 above.

A popular standard work on Arabic etymology.

A copy of the same work is described under D. No. 93, Vol. I, Part II—

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

No. 212. * عمل الخليلي

LAL AL-KHALILĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, $6\frac{1}{8} \times 3$ inches. Pages, 112. Lines, 7 on a page. Condition,
much injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

A short standard Arabic book on etymology. The title of the book and the name of the scribe appear on the fly leaf. The name of the scribe is Muhammad Salim. The copy is written in a bold Naskhi character. Date of transcription not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة علي رسوله محمد وآله اجمعين اعلم
ان المصدر اصل الخ *

End :

وكذا حكم مهموز اطمان اطمان اطمان فهور مطمان والله اعلم بالصواب *

No. 213. * زنجاني

ZANJĀNĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 26. Lines, 8—10 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, 'Abd al-Wahāb b. Ibrāhīm al-Zanjānī. عبدالوهاب بن ابراهيم زنجاني

Begins on fol. 86b of the MS. described under D. No. 687. Part III, Vol. II below.

Copies of the same are described under D. Nos. 72 and 73. Part II, Vol. I above.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين اعلم ان التصريف في اللغة التصير الخ *

End :

وقد يستوي لفظ العاعل والمفعول في بعض المواضع

و منجباب ومختار ومضطر ومعدت ومقعد *

No. 214. * شانبيه

SHĀFIYAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 44. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete

Author, Jamāl al-Dīn Abū 'Uthmān 'Umar b. Al-Hājib

جمال الدين ابو عثمان عمر بن الحاجب *

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 74. Part II, Vol. I above.

Similar copies are described under D. Nos. 75, 76 and 77. Part II Vol. I above.

No. 215. شرح العوامل

SHARH AL-'AWĀMIL.

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 20. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly worm-eaten. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 2b of the MS. described D. No. 208 above.

Same work as those described under D. Nos. 83, 92 (a), 93 (a) and 113 (b).
Part II, Vol. I above.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة الخ *

End :

وعند اكثر الكوفيين عمال الفعل المضارع تجرده عن العوامل الذواصب والجوازم
وهو المختار *

No. 216. شرح العوامل

SHARH 'AL-AWĀMIL.

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ inches. Pages, 19. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, fair. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 72b of the MS. under D. No. 680.

Same work as that described under D. No. 215 above.

Occasional interlinear and marginal notes are found in Persian and Urdu. A few pages at the end of the copy contain miscellaneous passages in a confused hand writing.

MISCELLANEOUS.

No. 217. الحكايات

AL-HIKĀYĀT.

Substance, paper. Size $8\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 130. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete,

Subject, Fiction.

Author, not known.

This is an Arabic translation of an anonymous collection of Persian tales and stoires mostly with some moral maxims. The present copy contains the

Persian text also. The name of the author, the title of the work, and the date of composition are not known. The Arabic version is written in bold and clear Naskhi character. There are many mistakes as far as the application of diacritical marks to the Arabic passages are concerned.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

دوزن در پاره طفلي مزارع ميگردند و گراه نداشتند اردو پيش قاضي رفتند
 و انصاف خواستند قاضي جلاد را طلبيد و فرمود كه اين طفل را در پاره كن
 امرا نين تذاعن في طفل و كلمتا هما بلاشهره فترافين عندالقاضي و طلبين
 الانتاف فالقاضي طلب الجلاذ و امره بان تقطع هذاالطفل الصغ *

End :

و قدر نعمت خدا و ندي شناسم يادشاه چون اين جواب شنيد بسنديد
 و اورا دركذار گرفت و مرتبه او بزرگ كرد *
 و اعرف حق نعمت السلطان و فرح السلطان منه و احضنه و قبله و اعظم قدره
 و مذلته ذوق ماكان *

No. 218. غريب المقامات

GHARĪB AL-MAQĀMĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 126. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

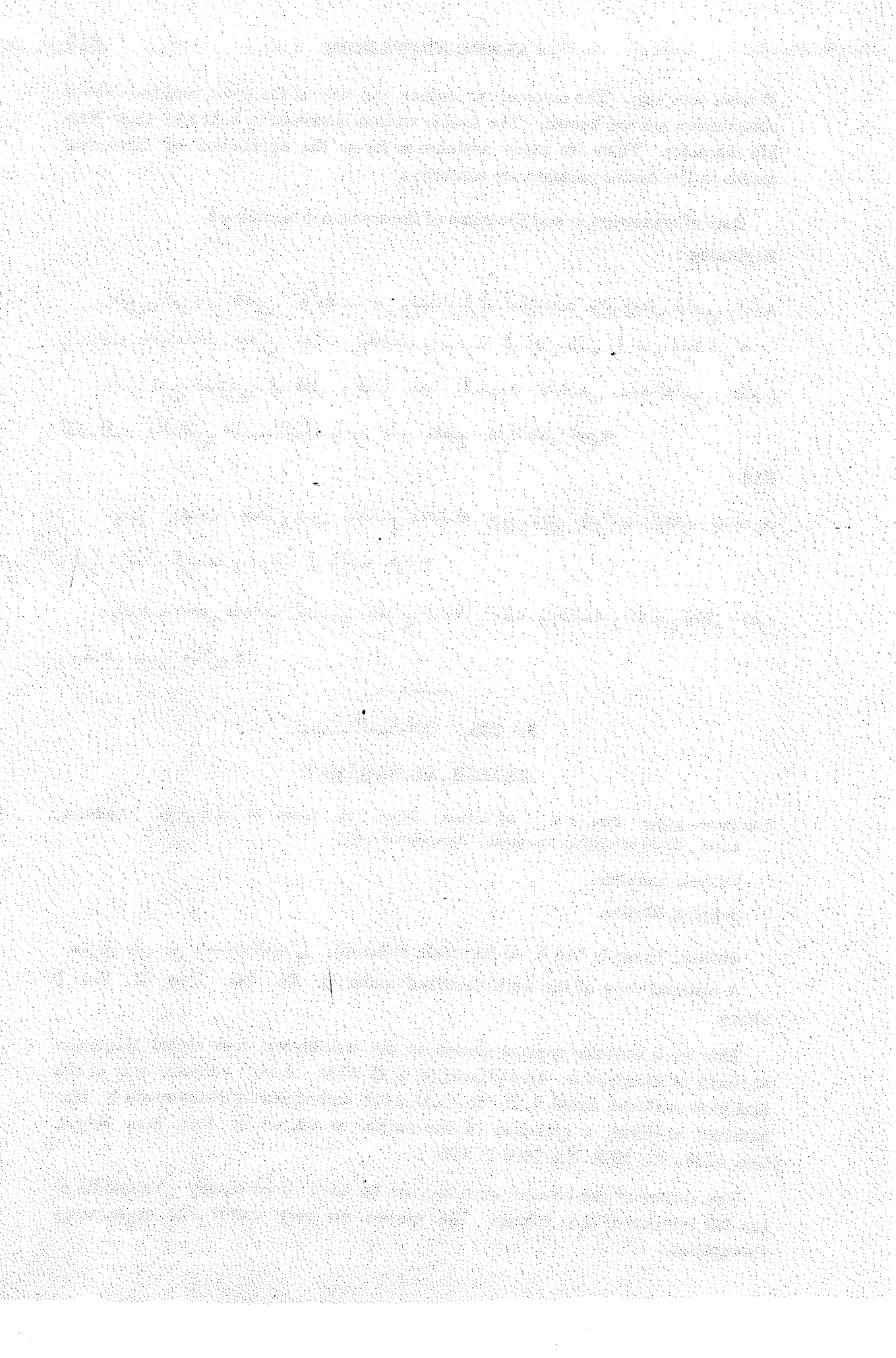
Subject, Glosses.

Author, 'Umar b. 'Ali b. al-Mubūrak al-Mauili, عمر بن علي بن المبارك الموصلي

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 181. Part II, Vol. I above.

This work contains copious glosses on the well-known work styled Maqāmāt-al-Hariri of Al-Qāsim b. 'Ali al-Hariri (d. A.H. 516). A very valuable copy of the Maqāmāt al-Hariri, dated A. H. 557/A.D. 1162 and copied by Muhammad b. Muhammad al-Hariri, a grandson of the author, is noticed in Brit. Mus. Suppl. Cat. of the Ar. MSS. No. 1006 P. 635.

The author of the present work appears to have lived during the middle of the 7th century of the Hijrah. The glosses are very useful and explanatory throughout.



PART III—PERSIAN

THEOLOGY.

No. 537. (فتح العزيز) تفسير عزيز
TAFSĪR-I 'AZĪZĪ (FATH AL-'AZĪZ).

Substance, paper. Size, 11 $\frac{3}{4}$ × 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 434. Lines, 21 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Tafsir (Exegesis).

Author, Maulānā Shāh 'Abd al-'Aziz Dihlavi مولانا شاه عبدالعزیز دہلوی

A very extensive Persian commentary on the 30th Part of the Holy Qur'ān entitled Pārah-i 'Amm. Relevant Traditions and apt quotations from famous writers on his subject are pressed into service.

The author is the son of Shāh Walī Allāh Dihlavī (b. A.H. 1114 d. 1216) and grandson of Shāh 'Abd al-Rahīm Dihlavī. Maulānā Shāh Rafī 'al-Dīn Dihlavī (b. A.H. 1163 d. 1233) and Maulānā Shāh 'Abd al-Qādir Dihlavī (b. A.H. 1167 d. 1243), his two great learned brothers have left a number of renowned works in Persian and Urdu. Shāh 'Abd al-'Aziz was born in A.H. 1159, A.D. 1746 and died in A.H. 1239/A.D. 1824. He is also the author of the Bustān-i Muḥaddithīn بسنن محدثین and Tuhfah-i Ithnā 'Ashariyyah, etc.

The present MS. copy of his commentary on the سورة فاتحه (fol. 1—46) has a short preface by him. This preface is the first part of the commentary. The second part begins on fol. 49b. A subject index to Part II is appended on fol. 47 and 48. This part begins with the commentary on the سورة عم يتساءلون. A copy of the present work without preface is noticed in Ivanow, A.S.B. Suppl. Cat. Vol. II. No. 990, wherein it is styled Tafsir-i 'Abd al-'Aziz. The title Fath al-'Aziz فتح العزيز is contained in the following note on fol. 1a.

تفسیر جزء عم نساء لون از شاه عبدالعزیز صاحب قدس سره که مسطور
بفتح العزیز است بتاریخ دهم شعبان سنه ۱۲۷۱ هجری روز شنبه از ہراج کتب
جناب افضل العلماء قاضی ارتضی علی خان صاحب سرکار فیض آباد
جناب حضرت قبلہ نواب سید محمد ط. خان بہادر مدظلہ العالی بمقیمت
مبلغ ہشت روپیہ دوازدہ آنہ خرید شد *

The work was written as is stated on fol. 2a in the preface, in A. H. 1208. Our copy is very old, probably transcribed during the lifetime of the author or shortly after his death in A.H. 1239. Qādhi Irtidhā 'Alī Khan Šāhib, the owner of the copy was born in A.H. 1198 and was still alive in A.H. 1268. In the

following note appearing at the end of the MS. on fol. 169b, it is stated that this copy was transcribed from the original and was collated with it.

“ قد باغت المقابلة من الأصل المنقول عنه * ”

The scribe of the original copy is 'Abd Allāh (fol. 2a).

Foll. 1—46 seem to have been supplied by a different hand. This portion is much injured, but still it is in a readable condition. The Arabic text is written in red in the Naskhī character. The first portion is in Nasta'liq and the Arabic verses are underlined in the red. The copy is well-bound. Occasional explanatory notes appear on the margins.

Commentary on سورة فاتحه begins on fol. 2b with :

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ : بِضَامِ خَدَائِعِ بَخْشَائِنْدَه مَهْرِبَانِ الْخ *

Commentary on سورة عم بعد الفجر opens on fol. 49b with :

سُورَةُ تَسَائِلِ رَائِنِ سُورَةَ رَا نَبَاهُ نِيْزِ كُوَيْدِ مَكِّيِ اسْتِ الْخ *

The work has been repeatedly printed.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

حمد را با تر نسبتی درست

بر دربار که رفت بر درتست *

سپاس تقدس اساس جمیع السند را بدرگاه اوست و ستایش مبرا از آلائش
در جمیع ازمنه سزاوار بارگاه اوست جواریج آفریده را چه یارا که
آفریننده را در خور کبریای او ستاند *

از دست و زبان که بر آید

کز عهد شکرش بدر آید الخ *

End :

ولیز بعضی از محققان نوشته اند که ابتدای قرآن بلفظ با است و انتهای او
بلفظ سین اینهمه اشاره بانست که قرآن مجید در کرئین بس است چنانچه حکیم
نذائی فرموده است *

اول و آخر قرآن زچه با آمد و سین

یعنی اندر ره دین رهبر تو قرآن بس *

No. 538. * تفسیر حسینی

TAFSĪR-I HUSAYNĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 13½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 992. Lines, 27 on a page. Condition, fair. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Tafsīr (Exegesis).

Author, Husayn b. Ali 'al-Wā'iz al-Kāshifī, حسین بن علی الواعظ الکاشفی

A Persian commentary upon the holy Qur'ān, with the Arabic text in red-ink written in the Naskhī character, by the well-known Kamāl al-Dīn Husayn b. 'Alī al-Wā'iz al-Kāshifī (d. A.H. 910/A.D. 1505). The author intended at the request of Mir 'Alī Shīr to write an elaborate commentary upon the Holy Qur'ān in four volumes, styled *Jawāhir al-Tafsīr li-Tuhfat al-Amīr* جواهر التفسیر لتعريف الامير. He could finish the first volume only. A copy of this first volume is noticed in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, No. 2680. The present work (which is quite different from the جواهر التفسیر لتعريف الامير) is a commentary on the whole of the holy Qur'ān. It was written during A.H. 897 and 899/A.D. 1492-1494.

The سورة and جزو are distinctly marked in red. The first page is gorgeously embellished; second page is gilded; splendid binding. Some pages are damaged, but repaired. On the first page is a Persian note relating to the purchase of the MS. at a cost of Rs. 64. The first and the last pages contain two seals. The first reads thus: ۱۱۰۱ سید جاد محمد خان. The second is not decipherable, but it bears the date A.H. 1072. The copy appears to be very old and most valuable. The owner is stated to be Sayyid Jāh Muhammad Qādirī.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Colophon, on fol. 1b.

تادیر غره محرم المکرم سنه سبع و تسعين و ثمان مائة هجرية عاليه عليهم
غيبني از عالم لاربيبي بخاطر فاتر بنده حاني حسين اعظ كاشفي رسيد كه
عجالتهم الوقت را ترجمه مبرا از تكلف سخن آرائي ... و خاطر خاطر را پيش
از رسيدن آن ثمرات رياضي فرقاني بدین نوباده حدائق معاني كه نسبت
باسم سامی آن حضرت بمواهب عليه التمام یافته محفوظ گردانید

The title *Mawāhib-i 'Aliyyah* مواهب علی otherwise known as *مهر حسینی* occurring in the above passage, appears on P. 1460. of *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I.

Beginning :

بعد از تمجید قواعد محمد الهی و تاسیس مبادی ثنا خوانی حضرت
رسالت پناهی علیه و علی آله واصحابه صلواته عن التناهی نموده میشود
که قبل ازین باشارات مشتمل به بشارات که از عالیجه امارت پناه ایالت
دستگاه معالی صفات مذاقب سمات مقرب الحضرت السلطانیته مومن المملکت
الغنائیته عضد واته الدولته القاهرة سراج السلطنت الظاهرة موید الاسلام
والمسلمین الخ *

End :

در افتتاح کلام الهی بحرف باء و اختتامش بحرف سین سری است *
چه این دو حروف بس باشد عرب گویند ای حسبت بس بمعنی

چندین باشد که حسبک بن الکوئین ما اعطیناک بدین الحرمین و از نوادر انفاقات
 آنست که این دو حرف در لغت یاز سر همان معنی حسب آید یعنی پسندیده
 و حکیم هم اشارت به این معنی نمود بیت اول و آخر قرآن ز چه باو و آمد
 و سین یعنی اندره *

No. 539. * نور العیون

NŪR AL-'UYŪN.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 4½ inches. Pages, 92. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition,
 slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Polemics.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 152b of the MS. described under D. No. 583 below.

A controversial treatise containing a denunciation of the doctrines of the Shi'ites and a defence of the right and privileges of the companions of the holy Prophet especially of the first three caliphs. The Shi'ah theory of the Imamah is fully discussed. Ap quotations from various eminent Shi'ah commentaries, the holy Qur'an and Traditions are pressed into service. Many pages are devoted to the interpretation of the following verse of the Qur'an which is supposed to be one of the controversial verses of the Qur'an between the Shi'ahs and the Sunnis:

” تنزیل من حکیم حمید و السابقون الاولون من المهاجرین و الانصار و الدین
 اتبعوهم باحسان رضی الله عنهم و رضو عنه و اعد لهم جنات تجري تحتها الانهار
 خالدین فیها ابدًا ذالک الفوز العظیم “

Neither the name of the author, nor the date of composition is mentioned anywhere in the copy. “ نور العیون فی تفسیر ” و السابقون الاولون “ is the full title of the work as is stated on fol. 153a in the preface. The date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي صير اصحاب نبيه خير اصحاب الانبياء و خاطبهم بكنتم
 خيرا و كذاك جعلناكم امة وسطا لتكولو شهداء و الزمهم كلمته التقوي و انزل
 عليهم السكينة و اتم عليهم النعماء و حبب اليهم الايمان و كره اليهم الفسوق
 و العصيان فكانوا مشاهدين علي طاعته مدي الاناء و استبغ بتوسطهم علي كل من
 دونهم من اهل هذا الدين جلايل الالاء فهم اصول الاول بشمول البطلاء
 جميع من سواهم فروعهم بلامتراء الصخ *

End :

بپاس اختصار درین رساله بده روایت صحیحہ اختصار نمود اهل ایمان
وایقان را یک روایت کافی بود و صلی اللہ علی نور الوجود و سرالشہود و آلہ واصحابہ
انفایزین برضوان المعبود المحبوبین القدوس الوداد وسلم تسلیما کثیرا *

No. 540. * زینت القاری *

ZĪNATAL-QĀRI.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 4½ inches. Pages, 6. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good.

Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Tajwid (Art of Recitation of the holy Qur'ān).

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 198b of the MS. described under D. No. 583 below.

A short Persian tract on Tajwid. It is partly vorsified. The title of the work is contained in the following verse appearing on fol. 198b.

ای عزیز اول کہ گفتے باز گوی
زینت القاری کتابے ساختم *

* The name of the author is not mentioned anywhere in the copy.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

زینت القاری کتابے ساختم
نظم آن را پرسی پرداختم *
وقف کردم این تدر از بهر حق
در زبان خاص و عام انداختم *
جهد کر دم من درین در روز و شب
جان و تن را نیز دروی با ختم *

End :

ایضا تم میقات فنادی اکثر هما علی ان قرآة القرآن بالالحن مکروه
اسماع اللہ بما فیہ من تشبیه و مردہ قولہ علیہ السلام ' زیدوا القرآن باصواتکم
القرآة بنعمتہ العرب قال علیہ السلام اقرءوا القرآن ما یحسد العرب *

No. 541. * المنتخب التجويد *

AL-MUNTAKHAB AL-TAJWID.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 4½ inches. Pages, 22. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Tajwid.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 201b of the MS. described under D. No. 583 below.

A short Persian treatise on the art of proper recitation of the holy Qur'ān with a description of the principal schools of readers of the Qur'ān. The name of the author is not mentioned in the copy. The treatise is divided into a number of Fasl̄s are in red-ink. An incomplete fragment of an anonymous work on Tajwid is found at the end of this MS.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ای نوا ساز برده تَنْزِيل
راست آمد بیان آن ترتیل *
که ادای حروف و حفظ و قوف
کرد تفسیر آن رسول عطوف *
پس بحکم حدیث اگر خواهی
که ز ترتیل یا بی آگاهی *
مخرج حرفها بنام بدان
با صفائی که کرده اند بیان الخ *

End :

صاد را وقف مرخص خوانده
ایستی دروی اگر در مانده *
ق فصل وقف آمد پیشگی
نزد بعضی وقف باشد بعضی *
لام الف باشد علامت کردرو
نیست وقف آن جا ترا بگذرا زو *
تمت الرسالة المنتخب التجويد بعون الملك *
حمید تمت تمام شد *

تواعد القرآن *

QAWĀ'ID AL-QUR'ĀN.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 4½ inches. Pages, 51. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Tajwīd.

Author, Yār Muhammad b. Khudādād Samarqandī,

يار محمد بن خدا داد سمرقندی *

Begins on fol. 214b of the MS. described under D. No. 583 below.

A concise Persian treatise on the proper methods of reading the text of the Qur'ān, illustrated throughout with various verses of the Qur'ān. The work is dedicated to 'Ubayd Allāh Bahādur Khān who reigned in Transoxania (A.H. 939—964/A.D. 1532—1540) fol. 215a. Yār Muhammad b. Khudādād states in the preface that he attended the valuable lectures of the most learned 'Ulamās of his time on this subject and acquired much knowledge of the Tafsir and علم القراء. In the preface the author is called Yār Muhammad Khudādād Samarqandī, without ابن before خدا داد. The title of the work appears on fol. 215b. The work is divided into twelve Bābs.

Copies of the same are noticed in Etne, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, No. 2703 and Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat. P. 437, No. 973. A fragmentary copy of the same work is described in Rieu II, P. 803, No. IV.

Different readings on the margins.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

حمد بیدد و ثناء بیعدد مر حضرت قادری را که قرآن مجید و فرقان
حمید بر ما فرستاده شکر بان منعمی که نعمت ایمان و عرفان بر ما داد تقدت
اسماء و تزیهت کبریا و صد هزاران صلوات نامهای و حذف تعذبات
زاکیات بر مرقد سنون و مشهد معطر خلاصه کائینات و زبدۀ مخلوقات آن سیدی
که نام مبارکش بخ *

End :

و لعذاب الاخرة اكبر كصاحب العوت انه لمجنون في لوح اذا جاءه لا يواخر
وفي الذاز عات كالمديرات امرا ابصارها خاشعة اذا كره خاسرة حديث موسي
فمن شاء ذكره وفي الغاشية فيها عين جارية وفي البلد عليه العبد *
تمت الكتاب بعون الملك الوهاب *

فتاوى عمدة الاسلام * No. 543.

FIQH-I 'UMDAT AL-ISLĀM.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 4½ inches. Pages, 165. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Fiqh.

Author, Abū Ṭāhir b. Kamāl. ابو طاهر بن كمال

Persian treatise in prose, on the Sunni system of Fiqh, dealing chiefly with the five principal commandments or فرائض of the Islamic religion. Two defective copies of the same are noticed in Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., No. 1051 (I) and the Suppl. Vol. II, No. 997.* The name of the author does not appear in anyone of these two copies. A similar copy is described in the Cat. of the Arabic and Persian MSS. in the Būhār Library (Calcutta), No. 140 (a). The actual name of the author is Abū Ṭāhir b. Kamāl Multānī (f. 81b), not 'Abd al-'Aziz as given in Hāji Khalīfah No. 8303. The date of composition is not mentioned. The work frequently quotes extracts from the following authorities (fol. 82a and 82b): 'Umdah عمدة, Aqīdah عقيدة, Amālī امالى, Manār منار, Kashf al-Asrār كشف الاسرار, Fatāwā-Khānī خاني, Muhīt محيط, Sharh-i Ṭahāwī شرح طحاوي, Majma 'al-Bahrayn مجمع البحرين, Targhib al-Ṣalāt ترغيب الصلوات, Tirmazī ترمذی, Mashāriq al-Anwār مشارق الانوار, etc.

According to the statement of the author on fol. 81b, the work is divided into five Muqāddimah. But actually it is divided into the following Bābs:

1. كتاب الايمان, (not mentioned) on fol. 1b, beginning:

دركشف الاسرار آورده است الخ

2. كتاب الظهارة, on fol. 20a, beginning:

شروط نماز شش چیز است الخ

3. كتاب الصدقة, on fol. 34a, beginning:

بدانکه سید نماز وقت است بدر آمدن الخ

4. كتاب الصوم, on fol. 59a, beginning:

بدان وفقك الله تعالى علي الطاعات الخ

5. كتاب الزكاة, on fol. 63b, beginning:

زکوة فرض عين است برمسلم مر بالغ و عاقل الخ

6. كتاب الحج, on fol. 67b, beginning:

قرباني واجب است بر هر مسلماني که توانگر باشد الخ

7. كتاب الحج, on fol. 68b, beginning:

حج فرض عين است بر همه مسلمانان الخ

8. كتاب الخمر, (not mentioned) on fol. 81b, beginning:

میکوید بنده کنایگار الراجی الخ

These kitābs are again subdivided into a number of Bābs and Faṣls Headings in red. Arabic passages in Naskhī character. Occasional different readings on the margins.

The copy is not dated, but the following inscription appears at the end of the MS.
بعون الملك الجليل تحریر ۲۲ رجب المرجب سنه چهارم محمد شاهى در تصیفة آرکات ماکه کونانک *

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام على رسوله محمد وآله وصحبه
جمعين بدان ارشادك الله تعالى في الدارين در كشف الاسرار آورده است اول
چيزی که بر بنده واجب است پیش از جمله ذرائع پس از بلوغ شناختن
خدای تعالی است الخ *

End :

وبخاتمہ خیر این ضعیف را مدد بنانہ با خلاص کنند الیوم احینا
مع الایمان وامتنا بالایمان واحشرنا فی زمرة المتقین یوم الحساب وصلى الله
على خير خلقه وآله النبي المكي المدني القرشي وآله اجمعين برحمتك
يا ارحم الرحمين *

No. 544. فقه عمدة الاسلام.

FIQH-I 'UMDA' T AL-ISLĀM.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9¾ inches. Pages, 83. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 543 above.

No. 545. مالا بد شانعى

MĀLĀ BUDDA SHĀFA'Ī.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 256. Lines, 11—13 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, very good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Theology.

Author, not known.

A Persian treatise on religious observances as expounded by the Shāfai school of thought. As the work is intended for the beginners, the language used is simple and easy.

The title appears on the fly-leaf and the chapters are marked in red ink. Folios 105a to 128a were supplied by a different hand. The fly-leaf and the

last page contain two seals respectively. The first reads ملك محمد اسلم and the second is not decipherable. ۱۲۱۶

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والعاقبة للمتقين و صلوات الله وسلامه و رحمته و بركاته
علي محمد بن المصطفى اما بعد بدان و فقك الله تعالى للطامات كه اين
كتاب درميان مسئلة چند از فرض و سذف و ادبست و آنچه بايد دانست
از كارهاى دين و راه مسلماني

End :

واز عبدالله بن عمر روايت آمده است اين معنى كه ما مي شهر دم كه فرستاده
خداى تعالى محمد مصطفى صلى الله عليه وسلم دريك مجلس صدنوبت

مي گنفت رب اغفر لي و تب علي انك انت التواب الرحيم م م م ...

No. 546. ترجمه كنز الدقائق

TARJUMAH-I KANZ AL-DAQĀ'IQ.

Substance, paper. Size, 13 × 7½ inches. Pages, 528. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Naṣr Allāh b. Muhammad b. Jamal al-Azdi.

نصر الله بن محمد بن جمال الازدى *

Persian translation of the famous Arabic work entitled Kanz-al-Daqā'iq
كنز الدقائق, a catechism according to the Hanafī school, by Hafiz al-Din al-Nasafi
(d. A.H. 710/A.D. 1310), printed at Delhi in A.H. 1287.

Similar copies are noticed in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 1386–1389,
where the author is called by different names, such as جمال الازدى, جمال الازدى
جماد الازدى and جمال الازدى. The work is divided into a number of Bābs, Kitābs and
Faṣls—all marked in red ink. The fly-leaf contains the following invocation :

(۱) يا كلهج (۲) حيدر جنك *

۱۲۰۱

Preface to the work is written in Arabic. The text of the translation begins with:

كتاب الطهارة ذرايض وضو الصخ *

Date of transcription, not known.

Scribe, Hāfiz Nūr Muhammad.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين الذي اوضح مناهج الشريعة والاسلام و اورده
مناهيل التكليف جملة الانام وجعل العلماء قادة الي الجنة الصخ *

End :

الحمد لله وفقني بترجمته هذا الكتاب والصلوة على رسوله محمد خير خلقه
والله اجمعين تمت تمام شد کار من نظام شد بتاريخ بهست ونهم شهر محرم
الحرام سنه ۳۰۵ جلوس خط فقير الحقير خاک پاي حافظ نور محمد عفرالله
ذنبه بروز چهارشنبه در وقت چاشت اتمام رسيد بمنه و کمال کرمه *

No. 547. اساس اسلام

ASĀS-I ISLĀM.

Substance, paper, Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$ inches. Pages, 96. Lines, 10—14 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject,

Author, Ābid. عابد

An account of Islamic law and ethics in Mathnavi form, by one Ābid about whom nothing is known. It was composed in the year A.H. 1064 (fol. 2a).

سر سال هزار وسعت و چهار
گرچه کم بود فرصتم بسيار *

The title of the work appears in the following verse on fol. 2a :

چون بدین گونه دادم انعامش
نام کردم اساس اسلامش *

Name of the author on fol. 2a :

گرچه این مرزۀ کار عابد نام
در عبادت نزد بحق یکت گام *

Text, on fol. 2b, beginning

بشنوای سالک طریق ارشاد
بادعون حقیقت رفیق معاد *

The MS. has no headings, though space for the purpose is left blank.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بسم معبود کل موجود
من له حمد کل معبود *

صلی ربی علی ابی القاسم
وعلی کل آل سلم الص *

End :

چون تو مانیش قبله و مقصود
 نشود ہی شک از درت مطرود *
 چون نباشد بجز تراش تسکین
 چه بود دوستی دگر به ازین *
 تمت تمام شد *

No. 548. رسالہ اوقات الصلوة
 RĪSĀLAH-Ī AUQĀT AL-ṢALĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 17. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Hājji Muhammad Inām al-Dīn Khān, حاجی محمد امام الدین خان

A short but useful work on ascertaining the exact direction of Qiblah قبله and the exact hours for the performance of the five prayers, compiled by Hājji Muhammad Inām al-Dīn Khān, who, according to his own statement in the preface, on fol 1b, flourished during the time of Sirājl-Umarā Nawāb 'Azam Jāh Bahādur of the Carnatic family. The work was compiled (fol. 10a) during the year A.H. 1244. Numerous tabular forms containing days, hours and minutes are given. The fly leaf bears a diagram for finding out the four directions. Fol. 10b contains a table indicating the exact location of some of the cities in South India.

The copy is not dated. Scribe, probably written by the author himself.

Colophon :

این خاکسار ذرہ بیدمدار حاجی محمد امام الدین خان عفی اللہ عنہ
 خواست کہ رسالہ در معرفت اوقات الصلوة و جهت کعبہ شریف بیان سازد *

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام على رسوله محمد وآله الطيبين الطاهرين
 واصحابه المهديين اما بعد درین اوان فرحت تیران در زمان جهان بان شریعت
 دان عالم پرو دین پناه مجمع مکارم صاحب السیف والقلم معدن الجود والکرم الخ *

End :

درین باب این خاکسار مدتی سعی بلیغ بکار برده تا که بر اوراق لیل و نهار
یادگار بماند این رساله در سن یک هزار دو صد و چهل و چهار مرتب شد *
۱۲۶۴

هزاران درود و هزاران سلام
بحق محمد علیه السلام *

No. 549. شرح نام حق

SHARH-Ī NĀM-Ī HAQQ.

Substance, paper. Size, 8 × 6 inches. Pages, 75. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, injured.
Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Ikhtiyār b. Giyāth al-Din al-Husaynī.

اختیار بن غیاث الدین الحسینی *

A detailed Persian commentary on the well-known Mathnawī entitled Nām-i-Haqq نام حق of Maulānā Sharf al-Din Bukhārī (Comp. A. H. 703/A.D. 1303). It is written by Ikhtiyār, the author of Mukhtār-al-Ikhtiyār, مختار الاختیار. The commentary deals with all the rites and observances of the legal prayer of the Sunnī school of thought.

The chronogram as composed by him on fol. 80b is enigmatic :

باستكمال ای ماه دو هفتده
همانا هفت روزی حرف رفتہ *
سہی ذی الحجہ چون این زیادت تکمیل
بعہ تاریخ آں از آخر سال *

The work is styled in Ethe and Riou Cats. Sharh-i-Maqdam-al-Salāt شرح مقدم الصلاة or Muqaddimah al-Salāt مقدمہ الصلوٰۃ. Other Persian commentaries on Nam-i-Haqq are noticed in Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. cat., P. 1375 and Riou I., P. 23. Arabic passages in Naskhī character. Four pages at the end of the MS. are of a different work. Fol. 1b bears a seal that reads thus :

وتفت علی اولادہ سکین حقیر غلام قادر *

Date of transcription, A.H. 1250. Scribe, not mentioned.

Preface, on fol. 2a, begins with

اما بعد چندین گوید فقیر محتاج برحمت ربہ الغنی اختیار بن غیاث الدین

الحسینی الخ *

Text, on fol. 3a, beginning with

نام حق بزبان همی رانم
که بجان و دانش همی خوانم الصخ *

Beginning :

سپاس به قیاس سرپرورنده را که رحمت به نهایتش طفل جان را به
شیر دلپذیر خطاب از بستان ام‌الکتاب پرورش دا دونسیم لطف عمیـش صبا آئینه
صـبی خـرـده بین خرد را در مـهد رحمت بدست مـرحمت بخشش ورد الصخ *

End :

بچشم داستانش جلوه ده
ز تر صیح قبولش زیوریه نه *
بتوفیق نوالے فتاح علام
ز آوازش رسانیدم با نجام *
کنن و دردی که با جانم ترین است
بحمد الله که رب العالمین است *

No. 550. تکمیل الایمان

TAKMİL AL-ĪMĀN.

Substance, p. per. Size, 12½ × 7¾ inches. Pages, 80. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Abd al-Haqq b. Sayf al-Dīn al-Turk al-Dihlawī al-Bukhārī.

عبد الحق بن سیف الدین الترك الدهلوی البخاری *

A Persian treatise on the principles of Islamic creed, based on the Sunnī doctrine, compiled by 'Ad al-Haqq, the well-known author of *Jazb al-Qulūb ilā dār al-Mahbūb*. *جذب القلوب الی دار المحبوب* (Vide No. 579 below) and a number of other works (Vide *Étude*, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. 1, pp. 1392—1394).

On the first page of the present copy are quoted some of the traditions dealing with the esoteri- significance of the names of the holy Prophet. There are copious marginal and interlinear glosses and explanatory notes.

Date of transcription is contained in the following statement appearing on fol. 36b :

تمت هذه الرسالة المسمی بتکمیل الایمان و نفویته الایقان بتاريخ بست
و دوم رجب المرجب سنة ۱۲۷۰ هجری نبوی حسن اختتام یافت *
—A.H. 1270.

At the end of this copy there are two separate printed copies of the work entitled *Raudhat al-Ābidin* روضه العابدین

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام عني سيد المرسلين و امام المتقين
 و خاتم النبيين محمد واله واصحابه واتباعه اجمعين هدايت طريق الحق و مهدي
 علوم الدين الصخ *

End :

و نا اميدي از رحمت خدا كفر است و ايمن بودن از عذاب وي تعالي نيز
 كفر است و ايمن در ميان اميد واري و ترس كاري است تمام شد ترجمه ع. بي *

No. 551. * لؤلؤی مجالس *

LULŪ-I MAJĀLIS.

Substance, paper. Size, $5\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Pages, 124. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, not bad. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Religion and Ethics.

Author, not known.

A rich collection of a series of forty-seven discourses on religious and ethical topics delivered by Najm Muhammad between A.H. 859 and A.H. 861 in the famous Jāmi' Masjid of Ahmad Nagar in Gujarāt. They are based principally on the verses of the Qurān, the Traditions of the holy Prophet and the anecdotes from the lives of great saints. The compiler whose name is not known states in his preface that he was a disciple of Sayiid al-Mashā'ikh Sayiid Burhān Mahmūd and that he used to attend the above lectures along with a multitude of all classes of people of his time who thronged to the mosque with great zeal and fervent. From this statement it is clear that the compiler was a contemporary of Najm Muhammad. He was still alive when Najm Muhammad died in A.H. 861 (fol. 13a). Nothing is known about the life and works of Najm Muhammad. The compiler states on fol. 213a that he (Najm Muhammad) died in A.H. 861 at the age of seventy. The date of birth can therefore be placed in A.H. 791. He lived during the time of Abū al-Muzaffar Ahmad Shāh b-Muhammad Shāh b-Ahmad b-Muhammad Shāh b-Muzaffar Shāh Sultān whose identity cannot be established. He spent a greater part of his life, nearly forty years (fol. 213a) in Gujarāt preaching the Gospel of Allāh.

The MS. bears a seal which reads thus : محمد علی حسین خان ناج الامرا *

On the fly-leaf the following note also appears

۱۰ اردی قعدة سنه ۱۱۴۰ انیس روپيه قيمت

Abū Muhammad is the scribe and the owner of the copy. The title of the work appears on fol. 2b. The title page bears the full title of the work لؤلؤی مجالس در وعظ و نصائح Each lecture is described with proper dates in the following manner

مجلس اول قاضي نجم محمد بتاريخ هفتم ماه ذی قعدة سنه تسع
 و خمسين و ثمان مائة متب دو شنيدم كه فاضل ترين و بزرگ ترين شهباسف
 سخن در ذكر لطف خدا يتعالی افتاد الصخ *

The copy is not dated.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والعاقبة للمتقين والصلوة علي رسوله محمد وآله
اجمعين - بد ان اسعدك الله تعالي في الدارين كه اين الفاظ وعظ درر بارو
گوهر نثار قاضي القضاة ملك العصر والزمان شاه دهر وفور العلم
بهر المعاني نعمان الثاني نجم محمد كه در عرصه گجرات تخت گاه شهر معظم
احمد آباد حرس الله تعالي عذ. جميع الافات الدنيا والاخرة نكاه باد (بعهد ۶)
امايون قطب الدين والدنيا ابو المظفر احمد شاه بن محمد شاه بن احمد
بن محمد شاه بن مظفر شاه السلطان آن بزرگوار بر معتاد خود بعد از
جمعه حج المساكين وسيد اليوم وشب دو شنبه كه شبى با عظمت و رحمت
است بر منبر مسجد جامع بنا كرو ملك الشرق ملك العديب الملك
برمي آمد سخنها فائده دين پاك را بگوش خلق در مجلس آن
بزرگوار عالمان وفقهان و قرآن خوان سبع قاري و ملوكان و امرا و لشكريان
و سوداگران و مردان و عورتان در پرده خاص و عام حاضر مي شدند الخ *

End :

بعد از بزرگوار نافع خلق علم باعمل داشت بتاريخ شانزدهم ماه
رمضان المبارک سنه احدي وستين وثمانماية در سه شنبه وقت اشراق سه
پاس روز گذشته بود كه از دار فنا به دار البقا رحلت فرمودند عمر مبارک
بهشتاد سال رسیده چهل سال در گجرات در تذكيره گذرا نديدند خداوند
مقامش بهجنت الفردوس كودرن و بار كران بزرگوار را و اين فصير را
اخلاق و محبت الله والله اعلم بالصواب تمت تمام شد مالك و راقم اين كتاب ابو
محمد شكر الله غفر الله ووالديه وجميع المومنين والمومنات والمسلمين
والمسلمات *

No. 552. شرح نخشبى *

SHARH-I NAKHSHABI.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 44. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition,
good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, commen tary on Prayer.

Author, Dhiyā al-Din Nakḥshabī.

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 431, Part III, Vol. I above, wherein it is styled *Sharh-i Du'ā-i Suryāni* شرح دعای سورانی. This is probably another work written by *Dhiyā'al-Dīn Nakhshabī* (d. A.H. 751), the famous author of the *Tūti Nāmah* (Comp. A.H. 730), the *Silk-i-Sulūk*, the *Juz'iyāt wa Kulliyāt*, the *Gulriz*, etc. (Vide *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cal., Vol. I, Nos. 2034, 743—751, 1838, 1839 and 2852; Rieu II, P. 740a; and Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., No. 105*). The author is simply called *Nakhshabī* (Foll. 1a and 43b). At the end of the MS. appear a few ruzd lines from the *'Aqaid-i Dakhani* described under D. No. 69, Part I, Vol. II, above.

No. 553. * معرفت المذاهب

MA'RĪFAT AL-MAZĀHĪB.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{7}{8}$ inches. Pages, 18. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Sects in Islām.

Author, Mahmūd Tāhir Ghazālī. محمود طاهر غزالی

Herein is included another work *Pand-i-Luqmāni-Hakīm* fol. 106.

This is a very short Persian tract dealing with the elementary principles of the Sunni doctrine. A brief account of the seventy-three Muhammadan sects is also given. The author calls himself Mahmūd Tāhir Ghazālī, but nothing is known about his life and other works. The title colophon of the work appears on fol 2b. Copies of the same work are noticed in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat. No. 2548 and 1920, II*.

Headings in red ink. Arabic passages in neat Naskhī character.

Date of transcription, Jamādi al-Awwal, 1254.

Scribe, Muhammad Qāsim.

Beginning :

الحمد لله المحمود الطهر المعدود في الباطن والظهور الصلوة والسلام على
رسوله الكامل اما بعد گوید جامع این جواهر لای امیدوار برحمت
معالي محمود طاهر غزالی احسن الله اليه وغفر الله له ولوالديه که درنا بادشاه
توانا نطاعت الایه ترادف نعمایه چندین بیفر ما ید الخ *

End :

حضرت حق سبحانه تعالی بهیچ کس را بدان راه نماند که نماند دهمه را به
صراط مستقیم که راه سنت و جماعت است ثابت دارد بحر مت الهی واه
الامجاد صلی الله علیه وآله واصحابه وسلم *

KITĀB AL-RASĀ'IL.

بذل الدراية في ذكر ضوابط الرواية *

BAZL AL-DIRAYAH FI ZIKRI DHAWABIT AL-RIWAYAH.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 50. Lines, 15 on a page. Language, Persian. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Science of Traditions.

Author, Maulānā Muhammad Bāqir Āgah, * مولانا محمد باقر آگاه

The other works herein are (1) Tā'id al-Haqq, fol. 36b (2) Plāms al-A'lām, fol. 50a (3) Nahw. al-Zindiq, fol. 77a, (4) Al-Tahqiq al-Aniq, fol. 113b (5) Lubb al-Lubāb, fol. 138a, (6) Daf'al-Waswās al-Khannās, fol. 154b, (7) Maqāmi'al-Hadid, fol. 202a, (8) Al-Barqal-Wāmidh, fol. 234b, Kashf al-Astār, fol. 278a, (10) Al-Hijaj-al-Nāhidhah, fol. 293b.

The Kitāb al-Rasā'il is a large Persian work in prose, which, in general, deals with the doctrine of the Imāmate, the legitimacy of the first four caliphs to the Khilāfat, and the most controversial points between the Sunnis and the Shi'ahs regarding the theory of the Divine Right of the Prophets' descendants and nearest of kin to wield the supreme authority in Islam both temporal and spiritual. This theory is bitterly refuted by the author of the above work. The Khwārij or the seceders representing the extreme democratic view that any free Arab was eligible for election as caliph, are also attacked and strong arguments against these theories are furnished. The work is divided into eleven separate treatises or مسائل. For detail notices regarding the life and works of Maulānā Bāqir Āgah, refer MSS. Nos. 19, 20, Part I, Vol. I. above, 192, Part III, Vol. I, above, 45-51, Part I, Vol. II. above 52-60, Part I, Vol. II above.

The Bazl al-Dirāyah fi Zikr Dhwābit al-Riwāyah is the first treatise contained in the Volume. In the preface the author enumerates the sources studied by him for writing these eleven treatises. The preface begins on fol. 1b and ends on fol. 9a. The present treatise begins on fol. 10a and ends on fol. 35b. This treatise which deals with the Science of the Traditions and Narration and the authenticity of some of the اسناد (chains) and متن (text), should be treated, as the author states in the preface, as a kind of general introduction to the مسائل that follow it.

Beginning :

بعد حمد خدا و نعمت رسول

بشنو این نکته را بسمع قبول *

که این رساله اولی است از کتاب الرسائل فیما یتعلق بالامامة من المسائل
در بیان تحقیق متن و اسناد حدیث و اثر باصطلاح مهرة من خبر مقرون به
نهایت تلخیص و اختصار الصح *

End :

الحمد لله الذي خص اهل السنه منه بالخط العزيز والصلواة والسلام علي سيدنا محمد البشير النذير الذي ميزهم بما انا عليه واصحابي بتمكين واضح كثير وعلي آل وصحبه اهل المعبد الاثيرو اتباع سنته واضعيا امته سيما علي فلذة كبده وبضع فلهه محبي الدين الذي لم يوجد له نظير الخ *

No. 555. * تائيد الحق في تعديد الفرق *

TA'ID AL-HAQQ FI T'DID AL-FIRAQ.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 26. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 36b of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

This treatise explains in details the various sects in Islam that sprang up immediately after the death of the holy Prophet (peace be on him with Traditi on that allude to those sects.

Beginning :

الحمد لمنزل الفرقان، الفارق بين الحق والباطل الخ *

End :

اقتصار بدين مقدار اولي بودو كار سائل ديگر در پيش و تحريرش اخري مي نمايد اللهم كما جعلتنا بمنتك الغير المتناهيه من الفرنج السنيه الناجيه سيما علي وارثه ابي محمد محبي الدين *
تمت تمام شد *

No. 556. * اعلام الاعلم بوجوب نصب الامام *

I'LĀM AL-'ALĀM BĪ-UJŪBI NAṢB AL-IMĀM.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 53. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 50a of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above, the treatise deals with the theory of Accession to the Khilāfat in Islam based on verses of the holy Qur'an and Traditions from a strict Sunni standpoint and criticises vehemently the Shiaḥ doctrine of Divine Right. The title appears in red on the top of fol. 50a. All Arabic passages are in Naskhi character.

The treatise is divided into two Bābs :

1. on fol. 50a, beginning :

در ذکر وجوب نصب امام بر مذهب اهل سنت و جماعت و صل اول
در بيان تحقيق الخ *

2. On fol. 57a, beginning :

در ذکر اقاريل اهل بدعت در مقدمه امامت و درين باب چند فصل
ست الخ *

Beginning :

بعد الحمد لله تعالی بدان ای صاحب فهم رسا و فغنی الله تعالی
وایاک لما یحب و یرضی که امامت نزد ما از احکام فروع است نه اصول و نصب
امام از فروع کفایه بود - اعنی اگر جماعت از اهل جن و عقد بنصبش
قیمت نمایند فرض از دیگران ساقط شود الخ *

End :

و کلام در بسط اثناویل این فرق بسیار است لیکن نظر باختصار این رساله برین
مقدار اکتفا نموده آمد صلی الله علیه وسلم وعلی آل الطاهرین
و اصحابه من الانصار و المهاجرین و التابعین و تبعهم الی یوم الدین سیمما علی
سند الافراد المحبوبین مدنا الا امام ابی محمد مہدی الدین *

نهر الزندیق باثبات خلافتہ اند دین * No. 557.

NAHR AL-ZINDIĠ BĪ-ITHBĀTĪ KHĪLĀFAT AL-ŞİDDĪĠ.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 72. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 77a of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

This deals with the genuineness of the Sunnī Traditions regarding the legitimate right of Hadhrat Abū Bakr's accession to the Khilāfat, with numerous quotations from the holy Qurān.

The work is divided, as is stated on fol. 77b, into a *مقدمه* (introduction), two *باب* and a *Khātimah* (conclusion);

مقدمه on fol. 77b, beginning :

بدان اے برادر دینی اولاک الله بالعلم الیقین کہ یہود و نصاری الخ *

on fol. 78b, beginning :

در ذکر دلائل خلافت حضرت صدیق با بر افضل الخ *

on fol. 97b, beginning :

در بیان حجج امامیہ بر خلافت بلا فضل حضرت مرتضویہ الخ *

not mentioned.

Beginning :

حمدیکہ علیہ بہار صادق نفسان انفس و آفاق الخ *

End :

..... واصحابہ من الانصار و المهاجرین و علی سائر اولیاء امتہ الماجدین
سیمما علی وارثہ الاعظم ابی محمد مہدی الدین *

No. 558. * لتحقیق الانیق فی بیان افضلیتہ الصدیق

AL-TAĤQĪQ AL-ANĪQ FĪ BAYĀNI AFDĤALIYYAT AL-SĪDDIQ.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 49. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 113b of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

Contains numerous verses and Traditions in praise of Hadhrat Abū Bakar, the first caliph and his greatness as the first legitimate successor to the holy Prophet (peace be on him).

Foll 121a to 127b are supplied by a quite different hand.

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي شرف بد انكم حجاج مذكورة چند
قسم است الخ *

End :

سبما علي وارثه الاعظم غوث الوري تمت تمام شد *

No. 559. * لب اللباب في فضائل الاصحاب *

LUBB AL-LUBĀB FĪ FADĤĀ'IL AL-AṢĤĤĀB,

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 32. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 138a of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

Contains numerous quotations from the Holy Qur'ān and the sayings of the Prophet illustrating the greatness and the virtues of the Ashāb or the companions of the Prophet.

Beginning :

نفس آهنگ تحمیدی کند ساز
که درو وصف نبی ماندز پرواز *

End :

خصوصاً سید الافراد - تمت بالخیر *

No. 560. * دفع الوسواس الخناس العارض في حديث الميراث والفدك والقرطاس *

DAF'AL-WASWĀS AL-KĤANNĀS AL-ĀRIDĤ FĪ ḤADITH AL-MĪRĀTH WA AL-FĪDAK WA QĪRṬĀS.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 95. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 154b of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

This treatise with the Shi'ah's arguments regarding the famous Tradition about *ميراث* (inheritance), the *Fidak* () and the *قرعاس* (writ).

Beginning :

حمد و سپاس بیرون از حضور قیاس ^{ذال} به غرض و روایت بدعوض
را مدسزد آبخ *

End :

..... سیما علی سید محمد یوسفی انصاری - تمت تمام شد *

No. 561. *مقامع الحديد في جمع معان المنهج والتجريد **

MAQĀMĪ'AL HADĪD FĪ QAMĪ MATĀ'INALMANḤAJ WA AL-TAJRĪD.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 64. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 202a of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

Contains a bitter criticism of the Shi'ah's denunciation of the Companions of the holy Prophet. It is based on numerous quotations from the holy Qur'ān and the sayings of the Prophet.

The work is divided into the following four Fāsils :

1. On fol. 202a, beginning :

در رد مطاعن این فریق الحاد اثر بر حضرت صدیق اکبر رضی الله
عنه آبخ *

2. On fol. 216a, beginning :

در رد مطاعن ابن اخوان الشیاطین بر حضرت فاروق رضی الله
عنه آبخ *

3. On fol. 221b, beginning :

در رد مطاعن این زندیقان بر حضرت جابح القرآن رضی الله
عنه آبخ *

4. On fol. 227a, beginning :

در رد مطاعن این خزان بے گوش و دم بر جمهور اصحاب آبخ *

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي عصم نبينا عن كيد المشركين آبخ *

End :

..... سیما علی وارثه الاعظم امام المعصومین *

No. 562. البرق الواض لكشف هفوات الروافض *

AL-BARQ AL-WĀMĪDH LI-KASHFĪ ḤAFWĀT AL-RAWĀFĪDH.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 85. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 234b of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

This is polemical in nature. It criticises the doctrines of the Shi'ah's.

The copy is principally divided into two *ḥafwāt* and two *Faḥḥ* :

1. *Ḥafwā* On fol. 234b, beginning :

سخنى زماند كه باتفاق قواعد عقلييه وضوابط نقليه الصح *

2. On fol. 235a, beginning :

برناظران اين بطور مستحب و مستور نماند الصح *

1. *Faḥḥ* On fol. 236b, beginning :

درابطال هفوات شيعه كه بد اصول و فروع الصح *

2. On fol. 271, beginning :

درادات فضائل سمات اين يذابيع النساد الصح *

Beginning :

سندائيش شايان و نيائيش نمايان نياز بارگاه حضرت صمدى الصح *

End :

..... سيما على على ، محبره الاعظم سيد اهل المقامات *

No. 563. كشف الامتار عن مشابهته الروافض بالكفار *

KASHF AL-ASTĀRAN 'MUSHĀBAḤATĪ AL-RAWĀFĪDHĪ BI AL-KUFFĀR.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 5½ inches. Pages, 29. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 278a of the MS. described under D. 554 above.

This is a very pungent criticism of the doctrines and theories of the Shi'ah's.

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي نهى عن سوالات الكفار واعد على محاسنهم بدار البوار الصح

End :

بمما على وارثه الاعظم ولا يديه الانفخم الذي كان قدمه الاصم وسلم تسليمها كثيراً

الصحيح النافذ في حكم الرافضة * No. 564.

AL-HIJAJ AL-NĀHIDHAH FĪ HUKM AL-RĀFIDHAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $9 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 50. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Begins on fol. 293b of the MS. described under D. No. 554 above.

This treatise contains the final verdict of the author on the question of the heresy of the Shi'ah sect. According to the author, arguments are based on the verses of the holy Qur'an, the Traditions and the legal decrees of the great Imāms and jurists of Islam.

Regarding the date of composition of the above treatise of the کتاب رسائل the author furnishes the following statement on fol. 372b :

مخفي نماند که رساله دافع الو سواس در آواخر سنه نالیف یافته و سائر رسائل کتاب الرسائل در سال دیگر رنگ ارتسام پذیرفته پس در ماده تاریخ بکل الروافض کله یکت عدد کم می شود در حقیقت تفاوت ماهی چند بدیش نبود و مضائیکه ندارد

The date contains in the following versified chronograms :

چو خواستم زخرد سال اختتامش گفت
که منع مذهب ناحق نموده آگاهی *
چو تاریخ امامش از عقل جستم زه در خاص فرمود به من *

—A.H.1208.

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي حبب الصحابه المناصب الكبار ليغيب بهم الكفار الخ *

End :

..... چون عدد مین را از جمله زهی رد رفاض برآورد تاریخ برمی آید و کمی ماهی چند مضائیکه ندارد چنانکه گذشت *

SUFISM AND ETHICS.

No. 565. * الإنسان الكامل

AL-INSĀN AL-KĀMIL.

Substance paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 42. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Doctrine of the Perfect Man.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 1a of the MS. described under D. No. 706 below.

A Persian treatise containing the mystical interpretations of some of the selected verses from the holy Qur'ān. This work is quite different from 'Abdal-Karīm al-Jilis, (d. between 808/1406 and 819/1417). Al-Insān al-Kāmil الإنسان الكامل which is in Arabic; neither it is identical with the Persian work entitled Insān al-Kāmil fi Marifat al-Wāfir الوافر الكامل written by 'Aziz-Muhammad al-Nasafi al-Bukhārī who died in 661/1263. The name of the author of the present work does not appear anywhere in the MS. The title of the work appears on fol. 1b. The MS. was copied from Shāh Kalīm Allāh Shaḥs transcript. Mu.ammad Qudrat Rasūl is the owner of the copy. Scribe, not known.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1255.

Beginning :

بسم الله المقدم الاولي يدب التي لا ابتدائي لها بسم الله المرخر ... التي
لانقضاء لها بسم الله ظاهر لدانية ولا كيفيته بسم الله باطن بذا ما يدب الصخ
End :

وانزلنا القرآن بكل مثل ولكن الانسان جهولا آية ان الله غني عن العالمين
اگر در آئی درونی در باز است و اگر در نیایی حق به نیاز است این کتاب
کردیم برای خدای طالب حق تلاوة قرآن العظیم *

No. 566. * ذخيرة الملوك

ZAKHĪRAT AL-MULŪK.

Substance, paper. Size, 7½ × 4½ inches. Pages, 454. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Ethics.

Author, Sayyid 'Ali b. Shihāb. سيد على بن شهاب

An ethico-political Persian treatise, composed by Sayyid Ali b. Shihāb of Hamadān, who died A.H. 786 A.D. 1385, at the age of seventy-three. He is also the author of the following works: Mastūrāt مستورات described in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I., No. 1850; Khulāṣat al-Manāqib خلاصة المناقب (Comp. A.H. 778); Hall al-Nuṣ'ūs حل النصوص noticed in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I, No. 1357, 9 and *Rieu II.*, P. 836b; Daḥ Qā'idah ده ناعده; Risālat al-Is'tilāhāt رسالة اصطلاحات Mashāriq al-Azwāq مشارق الاذواق a copy of which is noticed in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I, No. 1922, 12; Munājāt مناجات and a number of letters and Ghazals are also ascribed to him.

Two incomplete copies of the present work are found in this Library. (Vide Nos. 425 and 426, Part III, Vol. I., above, the latter being transcribed in A.H. 1057). Copies of the same are also noticed in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I., PP. 1188—1190; *Rieu II.*, P. 447b; and *Ivanow, S.B. Cat.*, No. 1380.

According to the author (fol. 2a) the work is divided into the following ten Babs :

1. در شرائط احکام ایمان و نوازم آن on fol. 3a, beginning :
قال الله تعالى آمذو بالله ورسوله و نورالذي انزلنا الحق *
2. This Bāb is not traceable in the copy.
3. در مکارم مهبت و حسن اخلاق الخ on fol. 43b, beginning :
سیرت خلائق راشدین رضوان الله علیهم اجمعین الحق *
4. در حقوق والدین و زوج و زوجة on fol. 55b, beginning :
قال الله تعالى و قضي ربك ان لا تعبدوا الا اياه الحق *
5. در احکام ولايت و سلطنت و امارت و غیره on fol. 79a beginning.
قال الله تعالى ان الله يامر بالعدل و الاحسان الحق *
6. در شرح سلطنت معدوی و غیره on fol. 105a, beginning :
قال الله تعالى هو الذي جعلكم خلائف في الارض الحق *
7. در بیان وجوب امر معروف و غیره on fol. 124a, beginning :
قال الله تعالى و لتكن منكم امة يدعون الحق *
8. در بیان فضیلت شکر و غیره on fol. 152b, beginning :
قال الله تعالى و ان تعدوا نعمت الله الحق *
9. در بیان فضیلت صبر و غیره on fol. 187b, beginning :
چون مجاری جریان حکمت عملی الهی الحق *
10. در مذمت تکبر و غضب و غیره on fol. 212b, beginning :
قال الله تعالى صاعرف عن آياتي الذين الحق *

The fly-leaf contains a number of seals, but neither of them is decipherable. Arabic passages are underlined and are in the Naskhi character.

The copy is dated the 4th Ramadhan A.H. 1054.

Scribe, Habib.

Beginning :

حمد بسیار و ثنای بی شمار حضرت ملکی که اسباب معاش مسکن خطه
ملک دلیوی را بتمهید قانون سیاست حکمی نظام داد الحق *

End :

پس شرفی که بقلب دردی مقدم شود یا بآتش بسوزد و شرف جهودی
بر آن راجع گردد و باین همه در آخرت مناقشه و حساب و گرفتار عتاب
گردد و بالله بالتوفیق *

No. 567. * لوامع الاشراف
LAWĀMI AL-ISHRĀQ.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 7½ inches. Pages, 196. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Ethics.

Author, Jalāl al-Dīn Muhammad b. As'ad al-Dawwānī.

جلال الدين محمد بن اسعد الدواني :

The well-known Persian work on ethics, with the full title, Lawāmi, al-Ishrāq, fi Makārim al-Akhlāq, لوامع الاشراف في مكارم الاخلاق, sometimes styled also Akhlāq-i Jalāli جلالی اخلاق. The title of the work appears on fol. 56 and the name of the author on fol. 96a. فقور جانی محمد بن اسعد دوانی

The work was dedicated (fol. 36) to Husyan Bayg Bahādur, the ruler of 'Irāq A.H. 872—882/A.D. 1467—1477. According to the Haft-Iqlīm, the author was born A.H. 830/A.D. 1427 and died. A.H. 908/A.D. 1502, 1503.

The work has been repeatedly printed.

The last page of the present copy bears a few Persian verses.

Date of transcription, Rabi 'al-Awwal, A.H. 1261.

Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

* افنداح كلام بذيام واجب الاعصام سلطاني سزد الخ *

End :

فايدهما بمزيد التائيد والامتنان بحق عيين الاعيان محمد وآله وصحبه
من ذوي الاعيان بتاريخ يازدهم ماه ربيع الاول سنة ١٢٦١ هـ تمت اتمام
پذيرفت *

نام کتاب هذا *

* لوامع الاشراف في مكارم الاخلاق *

No. 568. * اعظم صواطع الافاق في شرح لوامع الاشراف *
A'ZAMUSWĀṬI'AL-ĀFĀQ FĪ SHARHILAWĀMI' AL-ISHRĀQ.

Substance, paper. Size, 7¼ × 5 inches. Pages, 579. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, Complete.

Subject, Ethics (commentary).

Author, Muhammad Yūsuf 'Alī. محمد يوسف علی

A very rare and valuable copy of Muhammad Yūsuf 'Alī's Persian Commentary on Jalāl al-Dīn's well-known work styled Lawāmi 'al-Ishrāq or otherwise called Akhlāq-i Jalāli (see No. 567, above). The present copy is very beautifully got up.

The leaves are of different hues. The hand-writing is excellent. Probably this is the only copy extant. It was composed in the middle of the 13th century A.H. at the request of Nawāb Ghauth Khān Bahādur, the Nawāb of Arcot, one of the great patrons of scholars and poets and himself a poet and a man of literary taste and author of the *Tazkirah-i Gulzār-i Azam*. تذکرہ گلزار اعظم

Muhammad Yūsuf 'Alī like Amīn al-Dīn 'Alī Khān Giryān (I) the author of *Tā'id al-A'dād* (see No. 736 below) is one of those authors and scholars of Arcot not known to Tazkirah-writers. From the present commentary it may easily be inferred what a man of erudition and great learning he was! Nothing is known about the details of his life and works. The following passages selected at random from his preface to his commentary throw some light on his life and his present work :

” اما بعد برضما یرا و ابوالو بصر مخفی و محتجب مباد که خدیو عالم پناه
خسر و عالی جاه رکن دیوان عدالت امیر الهند والا جاه عمدة الامرا
مختار الملک سراج الدوله محمد غوث خان بهادر بهادر جنگ المتخلص باعظم
..... با وصف اشتغال اشغال سلطنت و جهان داری و احتمال اقبال
نصفت و داد گستری همت عالی نهجت مصروف تحصیل علوم ادبیه و فنون
کسبیه میدارند و لعمریکه روز و شب در نعل و غفلت نمی گذارند (fol. 2a) * “
پنگام تهذیب اخلاق و بتعلم و استکشاف غوامض لواحق الاشراف فی مکارم
لاخلاق تالیف عالم محقق و فیلسوف مدقق ملا جلال الدین محمد بن اسعد
دوایی از خدمت ادیب لہیب اربیب سہیلان زمان حیان دوران
معدن نهم و ذکاۃ سید ابو طیب خان والا امر سلطانی از ذرورۃ قدر دانی
شرف صد و ریانت این خاکسار ازلی محمد یوسف علی بہ تنقیح و تفتیح
مغلفات و شرح و بسط مشکلات آن کتاب مستطاب پردازد بناء
علیہ این زاویہ کزین کمناہی باوجود عدم استطاعت و قلت بضاعت امر جلیل
سلطان نبیل را ذریعہ سعادت خود انگاشتمہ بتسویدیش پر داختم “
(fol. 2b-3a)

” چون تالیف این شرح باشارت آن عالی جاه بود مناصب چنان
نمود کہ باعظم سوا طع الافاق فی شرح لواحق الاشراف موسوم شود تا سطوع
این شرح بعظمت نام نابی و رسم سامی ممدوح آفاق مجسم اخلاق بجمیع
آفاق عام گردد (fol. 3a) * “

From the above passages, it may be concluded :—(1) That the writing of the commentary was probably commenced at the request of Nawāb Ghauth Khān, about the time when Sayyid Abū Tayyib Khān Wālā (A.H. 1190—A.H. 1264) Nawāb's tutor, was engaged between A.H. 1253 and A.H. 1264 in teaching *Lawāmi' al-Isrāq* to Nawāb Ghauth Khān (Vide *Tazkirah-i Gulzār-i Azam* PP. 368—374), who was at that time fourteen years old only. (2) That the author was still alive in A.H. 1253.

The exact date of the composition of the work cannot be ascertained. The first two pages of the copy contain a list of the contents of the *لوامع الاوراق*

Preface to the commentary, on fol. 1b, beginning :

تخلقی بخلقی که بذروه اعلیٰ الخ *

Commentary, on fol. 1b, beginning :

افتتاح آغاز نمودن اعتصام چنگ در زدن جنود جمع چند الخ *

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

تخلی بخلقی که بذروه اعلیٰ علیین عزت رساند حمد خالقی است
جل جلاله که نوع انسان را بخلعت فاخره و نقد کرد با بنی آدم نواخت
و تادب بادبی که از حسیض اسفل اسافلین مذات نجات بخشید شکر منعمی
عم نواله کم گشتگان باد افراط و تفریط را بهدایت منزل اعتدال تخلیوا
با خلاق الله پرداخت و درودنا محدود نثار شاهد مجله زینت لی مع الله
وقت که سراپا پیش بعلی و حمل انک لعلی خلق عظیم آراستگی یافت الخ *

End :

واز حسن اتفاقات زمان شرح و بسط این نعمات آنکه هر روز را از
طیب انگیزی سعید طیب طیب دوم ابو الطیب و الطاهر علیه التحیته
فی الاول والاخر به عاصی رسیده که عدت عشرتیش بنخستین کاخ عشرت سرای
تهدیه عشرت کزین شده مذاتش بعلو مرتبت این عشرت که شطر عدت
خود دانسته بل صنت ازرا عشرت هم خود پنداشت فی الجملة عدت
عشرت و مذیات بهر تهنه مؤلف که بشرف بعد دی نخل و مثل بالفعل مشرف
واحدی از مادبکم پائیکی درین عشرت کده باز نیافته بی بی صفری گذاشته
که بجر است منزلش چشم باز کرد الحمد لله اولاً و آخراً و الصلوات و السلام
علی افضل رسله کثیراً متوالیا و علی آله و اصحابه ثانیاً و تالیاً *

دانش نامه No. 569.

DĀNISH NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{3}{4} \times 9\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 92. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Ethics.

Author, Muhammad 'Atā' Allāh, محمد عطاء الله.

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 424—III, I, above.

A very useful Persian treatise on ethics and politics. The work was written, as is stated on fol. 2b in the preface, in A.H. 1244 during the time of Nawāb 'Azīm Jāh, Bahādūr who was born in A.H. 1217 and who acted as a regent to Nawāb Muhammad Gouth Khān (d. A.H. 1272). It appears from fol. 1b that this work was dedicated to Nawāb Muḥammād Mahfūz Khān Bahādūr Shaḥāmāt Jang who died in A.H. 1193. Nothing is known about the life and other works of the author.

At one place in the preface the work is styled *Matan-i-Dānish* دانش (fol. 4b) It consists of a Muqaddimah, three Maqālahs and a Khātimah.

No. 570. کنز حال (نشر چمن) *

GULZĀR-I-HALL (SHASH CHAMAN).

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 111. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Ethics.

Author, Banwālī Dās. بن والی داس

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 432, Part III, Volume I above.

A Persian translation of a Sanskrit drama which was composed by Kishan Dās Bhāt. Banwālī Dās, the author of the Persian version was a Munshi of Prince Dārā Shukūh in A.H. 1073 (See also *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I., No. 195 and *Rieu II.*, P. 855a, No. III, and III., P. 916b). He is also called Ranjit Sing with the Takhallus Wali or Wali Rām. He is known to be the author of a work styled *Rājā Wali* راجا ولی, copies of which are noticed in the *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I., Nos. 205 and 206; and *Rieu II.*, P. 885a, No. III and III. P. 91 b His *Mathnawī* styled *Mathnawī-i-Wali Rām* مثنوی ولی رام is described in *A. Spr. Cat.*, P. 589.

No. 571. زعفر نامه *

ZĀFAR NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 7. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Subject, Ethics.

Author, Ibn-i-Sinā, ابن سینا

Begins on fol. 43b of the Ms. described under D. No. 647. below.

A fragment from the *Zafar Nāmah*, a Persian version of a Pahlavi book on Ethics and politics, ascribed to the authorship of Buzurjmihr, the Wazir of Anūshirwān. Ibn-i-Sinā is stated to have translated it into Persian at the request of one Sāmānide prince. The work contains moral teaching and maxims of Buzurjmihr. They are in the shape of questions and answers, the interlocutors being Buzurjmihr and Aristotēs. از سزا علیس

Copies of the same are noticed in *Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 2151, 1762—18; Rieu I., P. 52, No. VII and Ivanow, A. S. B. Cat., P. 655. No. 1369.*

A text of the present copy slightly differs from that of the copies described in the above catalogues. The title of the work appears on fol. 44a in the preamble.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1267.

Scribe, Abū Bakr Jilānī.

Beginning :

بعد از حمد خالق بے همتا و نعت پیغمبر خدا میگوید که روزی
نوشیروان پادشاه عادل خواجه بزرجمهر را که وزیر او بود طلبید و فرمود که
اے بزرجمهر برائے من کتابی پرداز بزرگ و خورد آسان و مشکل ساز
چنانچه درین جهان فانی راه نماید و الفاظ خوب و عبارت مرغوب باشد و
در کاغذ خورد بگنجد و سود کند بود و عزیز دلها گردد و پس ازما یادگار ماند
چون این سخن شنید بزرجمهر برخواست و یک هفته را مهلت طلبید *انح**

End :

در جهالت چیست گنت ناانصاف گفتم ناانصاف کرامی گویند هر
کرا علم نباشد و برو فل نه کند و گفتم علم چیست و فل چیست گفت
دانستن علم و کار کردن فل *

نعت تمام شد *

No. 572. *پند لقمان حکیم **

PAND-I LUQMĀN-I HAKĪM.

Substance, paper. Size, 7½ × 6 inches. Pages, 5. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Subject, Ethics.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 10b of the Ms. described under D. No. 553 above.

Wise sayings and admonitions addressed by the famous Luqumān Hakim to his son. A copy of the same is noticed in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat. Vol., No. 2217*, wherein it is styled *Wasīyyat-i Luqmān* وصیعت لقمان. The title of the work appears in red on fol. 10b and in the following colophon on fol. 13a.

نعت الكتاب بعون الملك الوهاب پند لقمان حکیم در سنه ۱۲۵۲
بمهری تدوی روز سه شنبه نهم ماه جمادی الاول از دست کمترین محمد
قاسم خنرالله تدویہ واولادیدہ *

Date of transcription, A.H. 1254.

Scribe, Muhammad Qāsim.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام علي رسوله محمد وآله واصحابه
اجمعين اما بعد اين صد كلمه سود مند دل پسند که لقمان حکيم پسر
خود را وصيت کرده فرمود که اين سخنان را يادگير و بدان عمل کن خرد مند
و بزرگ گردد **السخ ***

End :

اموال خود را از اولاد و اتباع خویش مخفي دار و اگر اندک باشد در چشم
ایشان حقير نمائی و اگر بسيار باشد مرکز برجاي ایشان راضي نشود **انهم**
شدیدی در عمل آرتاير خور دار شوي *****

HISTORY.

No. 573. تاريخ علي عادل شاهي *

TĀRIKH-I ALI 'ĀDIL SHĀHĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 12 $\frac{1}{8}$ × 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 112. Lines, 19 on a page. (Shikastah). Condition, good. Mode of writing, good.

Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Nūr Allāh b. Qādhi Sayyid 'Alī Muhammad al Husaynī al-Qādirī.

نورالله بن قاضی سید علی محمد القادری *

A history of Sultān 'Alī 'Ādil Shāh II of Bijāpūr (ruled from A.H. 1067 to A.H. 1083/A.D. 1656-1672), written in a flowery language. This work was written, as it appears from the preface, at the request of the Sultān and was probably completed in A.H. 1077.

The copy is slightly incomplete at the end. Copies of the same work are described in Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I., Nos. 450-453 and Reiu i., P. 318a. Headings in red ink. Copious marginal and interlinear explanatory notes throughout the copy.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ستائيش خدای جان وتن آفرين و بادشاه ملک آسمان و زمين منزله
و مبرا است **السخ ***

End :

بدان انکه برق درخشان زمين شرار تغذگ برق اينک بود چه برق که
باران اوسنگ *****

تاریخ جهان کشائے * No. 574.

TĀRIKH-I-JAḤĀN GUSHĀ'Ī.

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 338. Lines, 21 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.
Extent, complete.

Author, Mirzā Muhammad Maḥdi Khān Astarābādi.

میرزا محمد مهدی خان استرآبادی *

A persian History of Nādir Shāh who ruled A.H. 1148-1160 A.D. 1736-1747, with a brief description of events preceding his reign. The work was completed in A.H. 1171.

The present copy was transcribed in A.H. 1245. The oldest copy of this work, transcribed in A.H. 1188, is described in Ethc, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol.I, No. 558. Our copy contains many useful marginal glosses written by a quite different hand. At the end of the Ms. there is a valuable letter, entitled Ruḡa'-i-Durrat al Nādiri رفته درة النادری از کاظمین علم السلام. But it is short and incomplete.

Different copies of the same are noticed in Ethc, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol.I, pp. 218-220 and Rien I., P. 192 wherein details regarding the life of the author are furnished.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بر دانایان رموز آگاهی و تدقیق یابان حکمتهاے السی واضح است که در
عهد و اوان که اوضاع جهان در منقلب و پریشان و چرخ ستمگر بکام متم کیشان
کردن الص *

End :

گرچه نامد ستوده کرے از من
گرچون نہ گرفت اعتبارے از من *
بستم نقشے کہ چون تابندم مازد
بروئے زمانه یادگارے از من *

مائدة الفوائد * No. 575.

MĀ'ĪDATAL-FAWĀ'ID.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 496. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.
Extent, complete.

Author, Maulvi Ghulām Makhdūm, مولوی غلام مخدوم

An elaborate persian commentary on the well-known Waqā'i-i Nimat Khān 'Āli (a satirical chronicle of the siege of Hyderabad) of Mirzā Nimat Khān 'Āli, nicknamed Mirzā Muhammad, who, according to most Tazkirah-writers died in A.H. 1121/A.D. 1709, 1710. For detailed notices regarding his life and works refer Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 902-907; Rieu I., p. 268, ii; 745a, 796 and 850b, iii. 1049a; and Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., Vol. I., No. 826 (4) etc.

In appearance the copy looks beautiful. It consists of pages painted in different colours. The text is underlined in red. Arabic passages are in Naskhī character.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1273.

Scribe, not known.

Colophon :

ستایش و نیایش مرخدائے موفقی را بر توفیق اتمام طبع کتاب
مائدة الفوائد شرح و قایع میرزا نعمت خان عالم عرف میرزا محمد که آخر
مخاطب بخطاب سلطانے بدانشمند خان کردید الصخ *

Beginning :

حمد بے حد و ثنای بے عدد مر کریمی راسزد که خوان نعمت احسان
بے پایان بر عالم و عالمیان گستردہ از نعمت خوان عالیش بهره بانس و جان
و جهانیان فرامیدہ شعر —
چنان پهن خوان کرم گسترد
که سیرغ درقاف قسمت خورد الصخ *

End :

چون برہمن جز اسفندار مدمہای نیفراید اگرچہ عمر ترا فرود اما عاقل
او کم شد تعریفیست بر اینکہ اگرچہ بادشاہ بہ پیری رسید اما عقل و حواس
بادشاہ مختل کردید صحاح اعلاط مائد الفوائد جزو ثانی قضیہ خبر
ثانی قیاس اوتراپی *

No. 576. * قوم نوائٹ *

QAUM-I NAWA'IT.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 20. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Ikrām Khān. — اکرم خان

A short persian treatise on the origin and purity of the Nawā'it, race in India especially in the Dakhan. The author refutes vehemently (fol. 1b) the explanation regarding the origin of the community, given by the compiler of the Qāmūs as "being a community of mariners."

صاحب قاموس در کتاب خرد میگوید النایط طایفه من القوم الملاحین
 سبحانه الله عجیب تاریخ دارن، بی عدیل بود که حرف ابجد را تفرقه نم نمود
 و مخرج تا ۶ و ط ۶ را در یک محل شمرده قطع نظر ازین مغالطه صریح که طفل
 و ابجد خان هم قائل چندین غلطی نخواهد شد کتب متداوله هم بنظر غرر بدید *

He traces the origin of the community to the great Imām Ja'far Tayyār and then gives in details an account of different sects of the Nāwā'it.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Colophon :

سمت الرسالة اکرام خان فی وجه تسمیة اذلقاب القوم النوایت *

Beginning :

شرایف حمد و توحید مرحامدی راست که ذاتش از علامات حدوث
 احساب انساب بی توسط ارحام و اجداد متبرا است و فضائل نعمت و تمجید
 سرورے را که جنابش مفخر اشراف قریش و اعیان عرب کشته الخ *

End :

نرض ازین تحریر و ایمای آین سبیل آین است که چون کثرت تولد
 و تناسل سر رشتنه ابنائے عالم و فرزندان بنی آدم بسر تزیید اولاد و ازدیاد
 خاندان ہائے بی شمار غلط واقع نشود زیرا کہ خلق الانسان من تنافؤ واقع
 هرکس از جائے مراتب خویش پابیرون نهد و واقف از اجداد پدری و مادری
 باشد یناطق علیکم و شیء سمعنا *

اکبر نامہ (جلد اول) * No. 577.

AKBAR NĀMAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 648. Lines, 20 on a page. Mode of writing, fair. Condition, good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Abū al-Fadhī b. Mubārak, ابو الفضل بن مبارک

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 281, Part III, Vol. I above.

[A detailed history of the reign of Akbar, written at the emperor's order. The work was completed on the 27th of Shabān, A.H. 1004/A.D. 1602 and was continued down to A.H. 1010, within a year of the author's death in A.H. 1011, A.D. 1602. The third volume of this work is known as Ā'in-i-Akbarī آئین اکبری. The first two volumes of the Akbar Nāmaḥ have been lithographed at Lucknow, A.H. 1284. A greater portion of the Ā'in-i-Akbarī has been translated by Francis Gladwin, Calcutta, 1783.]

For detailed notices regarding the life and works of the author, refer Etche, Ind Off. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 99-112.

تذکره الانساب * No. 578.

TAZKIRAT-AL-ANSĀB.

Substance, paper. Size, 10×5½ inches. Pages, 64. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mustafā 'Alī Wālā jāhī. مصنف علی والا جاهی

A rare and valuable Persian work, written by Mustafā 'Alī Wālā jāhī b. Khayr al-Dīn Khān. It was written in A.H. 1192 during the reign of Nawāb Wālā Jah Amīr al-Hind 'Umdat al-Mulk Anwar al-Dīn Khān who ruled over the Carnatic from A.H. 1162 to A.H. 1210/A.D. 1749-1795. The author traces in the following statement appearing on fol. 3a his genealogy back to Shaykh 'Abd al-Qādir b. Qadhī Shaykh Ibrāhīm b. Shaykh Nim Allāh Khattābī Fārūqī Qanaujī.

جدنا شیخ عبدالقادر ابن شیخ ابن شیخ ابراهیم ابن شیخ نعم الله
خطابی فاروقی قنوجی که جد اعلی ایشان از آنجا آمده سکونت بلده قنوج
اختیار کرده بودند. بلده ما مشهور است بخطابیان حالا در آن محله سواي
یک مسجد دیگر بهیچ نشانی نمانده جدنا معنی الیه برائے طالب علمی در
تصبیه () کوپامو آمده تحصیل علوم ظاهری نموده و بیعت
ارادت بجانب اقدس تطب الاقطاب حضرت بندگی نظام الدین ابدیتهوی که
سکونت کوپامو اختیار نموده بودند آوردند البت *

This Ms. contains a very useful and interesting genealogical description of the author's paternal and maternal ancestors and contemporaries among whom are scholars, poets, commanders, Nawabs, greatmen of piety, well-known Shaykhs, authors and greatmen of eminence. His information is based on the authentic oral accounts furnished by one of his relatives and on what he himself had personally seen and experienced. According to his own statement, the Nawābs of Arcot were closely related to him. He has also furnished a genealogical account of Anwar al-Dīn Khān and his relationship with his own ancestors. But the author has not given in details the literary and other activities of his ancestors.

The following passages from the present work is worth citing :—

تصه این صدیقان اینست که بزرگ صاحب کرامات و خرق عادات
و جامع الکمالات صدیقی نسب از روم بهندوستان آمده وارد بلده اوده گردید
چند مدت در اوده استقامت نموده قاضی اوده بسیار صحیح النسبین بود
جو اورد یار اوده اعتبار می داشت آن بزرگ صدیقی شرافت حسبی و نسبی
قاضی مذکور دریافته درخواست کنخدانی بادختران خود قاضی کرد قاضی گفت
مرا حسب و نسب و شرافت شما معلوم نیست آن بزرگ گفت که من
صحیح النسبین صدیقی استم - زبیر ازدها بمن اثر نمی کند اگر شما

بخواهند تجربه نمایند که قاضی گفت که در مدار کیران میباشد این را اعتبار نیست
آن بزرگ صدیقی گفت که شما را بجه طور اعتبار آید قاضی اوده گفت که
شما بروم بروند و نسب نامه خود بهم بر سلطان و قاضی و مفتی و دیگر اکابران
روم نویسانیده بیارند آن وقت مرا یقین صحیح الذبسی شما خواهد بود آن بزرگ
گفت من این چندین نسب نامه می آورم لیکن بعد آوردن هیچ عذر شما قبول
نخواهم کرد - قاضی اقرار کرد که بعد آوردن چندین نسبنامه هیچ عذر نخواهم
نمود - آن بزرگ بروم رفته نسبنامه خود بخط کوفی بهر پیر سلطان و قاضی
و مفتی و دیگر اکابران روم آورد قاضی مسطور دختر خود را بان بزرگ کتختا
کرد حالا درخاند فرزند آن بزرگ آن نسب نامه موجود است *

The *برک* mentioned in the above statement is one of the author's ancestors.

About his grand father *Shaykh Khayr Allāh*, the author observes on fol. 8b as follows:—

جدنا شیخ خیرالله که بسیار فضایل و کمالات می داشتند قصه خواند
نماز نجات بست و دو سال در درگاه حضرت مخدوم شاه لعل پیر و کثرت اوزار
و وظائف ایشیا مشهور است و حالا استمداد بر آوردن حاجات از روح
پاک مزار شریف ایشان جاری است با دختر خرد مولوی الهداک ابن مولوی
الله بخش ابن شیخ عبدالعزیز کتختا شدم الخ *

Colophon :

اما بعد میگوید اضعف العباد و مصطفیٰ علی والا جاهی ابن خیرالدین خان
ابن شیخ خیرالله قزوقی فاروقی گویاموئی که در سنه یک هزار یک و صد و نود و دو
هجری در بندر چیناپتن در عهد ایالت مظهر قدرت ربانی باب
والاجاه امیر الہند عده الملک آصف الدولہ انور الدین خان بہادر ظفر یاب جنگ
صیاد سردار الخ *

The copy was transcribed at the request of Nawab's Imadal. Daulah Imam al-Din Khān Bahādur Zafar Jang in A.H. 1244.

There is a seal at the end of the Ms. which reads thus : " فضل احمد خان 1210 "

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلاة والسلام على سيد المرسلين خاتم النبيين

محمد وآله واصحابه اجمعين الخ *

End :

بہق احمد سالار ثقلین
 کہ کردی از طفیشش کونین *
 زمین و آسمان در سائیکہ اوست
 زمدمج جملہ بہتر پائیگہ اوست *
 بہق دین او جملہ صنافش
 بہق راز پاک داتش *

No. 579. جذب القلوب

JAZBAL-QULŪB.

Substance, paper. Size, 8×5 inches. Pages, 342. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good.
 Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Abd al-Haqq b. Sayf al-Din al-Turk al-Dihlavi al-Bukhari.

عبد الحق بن سيف الدين الترك الدهلوی البخاری *

A complete Persian copy of the work styled Jazb al-Qulūb describing the history and topography of Medinah. The author died in A.H. 1052/A.D. 1642. He is the well-known author of the Akhbār al-Akhyār اخبار الاخبار, the Tārīkh-i-Huqqi تاریخ حقی and many other works. The author began this work in A.H. 998/A.D. 1590 while still in Medinah and finished it in A.H. 1001/A.D. 1593, in Delhi. (fol. 6ʼ).

وابتدائے تسوید این حروف آن در سنہ ثمان و تسعین و تسع مائتہ در
 مدینہ طیبہ بودہ و توفیق تہذیبی آن در سنہ احدی و الف در بلدہ دہلی یافتہ *

The full title of the work is Jazbal al-Qulub ila Daral-Mahbub جذب القلوب
 الی دار المحبوب According to the authors statement appearing on fol. 6a in the
 preface, this work is chiefly based on similar works such as the Arabic Wafa'al-
 Wafa' bi- Akbari Daral-Mustafa ونا الوفا با اخبار دار المصطفیٰ Samhudi's Iqtifa'al-
 Wafa' خلاصۃ الوفا and the Khulāsat al-Wafa' bi-akhbāri Dāral-Mustafā انصاف الوفا
 با اخبار دار المصطفیٰ *

The present copy was probably transcribed in A.H. 1112. A complete copy of this
 work is noticed in Pr. Ber. Cat., p. 512, the date of transcription of which is not
 mentioned. Jazb al-Qulūb has been printed in Lucknow, A.H. 1282, A.D./1865.

See ibe, Muhammad 'Abd Allah Mehkari

Beginning :

صد شکر کہ از تشنگی غم رستم
 چون قطرہ بدر یائے کرم پیوستم
 برگشتی توفیق ازل بندبشتم
 وز زمزم قدس چہرہ دل شستم *

End :

بعضی از غرباء بعدوان تضرع وانکسار در حضور ذیض الانوار آن حضرت
 صلی الله علیه و سلم ذوق وتوجه انشاء نموده و خوانده امید که مسموح سماع رفائی
 آنحضرت شده باشد سبھانک رب العزت عما یصفون و سلام علی المرسلین والحمد لله
 رب العالمین برحمتک یا ارحم الراحمین الخ *

BIOGRAPHIES.

No. 580. سوانحات ممتاز

SAWĀNIHĀT-I MUMTĀZ.

Substance, papor. Size, 10½×9 inches. Pages, 27. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, new.

Exten , incomplete.

Author, Khayral-Din Hasan Ghulām-i-Dhāmin b. Itikhār al. Daulah Hāfiz Muhammad Nāsir Khān.

خیر الدین حسن غلام مامن بن افتخار الدوله حافظ محمد ناصر خان *

Probably a restored copy of the transcript described under D. No. 447 Part III, Vol. I, above, wherein details regarding the life of the author and the present work are furnished. The author was born in A.H. 1194. A.D. 1780. The title of *سوانحات ممتاز* was conferred on him in A.H. 1249.

The present copy is incomplete at the end. A complete copy of the work is noticed in *Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, No. 502* wherein Dr. Ethe states that no other copy of this rare work is known.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

The following note appears on the title page.

سوانحات ممتاز بر مجمل سوانح دولت عظیم من تصنیف غلام آل محمد
 خورشید الملک افتخار الدوله محمد ناصر خان مصمم جنگ سلمه الله تعالی *

Beginning :

شکر خدا ور د زبان کیریم *

حمداً • تواتراً شکرأ • تکثراً بخدای عزوجل که بر نوع نکات جهان رابه کسوت
 رنگارنگ و کونا کون جلوه ظهور داده الخ *

End :

رو بروی درهازه کلس محل درخت زورود آمده از دست بکیم بردار خاص
 جامه کاژه ولایتی یا بندگالی با سنجاف سبز در بر کرده و کمر بند کجراتی زیب میان
 نموده برنشانی زخم گوی انگشت شهادت دست *

No. 581. کلمات الشعراء

KALIMAT AL-SHU'ARĀ'

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 125. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mirzā Muhammad Afdhal. میرزا محمد افضل

A restored copy of the Ms. described under D. No. 442, Part III, Vol. I, above.

The well-known Tazkirah of the persian poets of India. Besides a Tazkirah-writer, the author was also a good poet and was acquainted with almost all learned men of his age. His Takhallus was Sarkhush. He died according to the Khazanaḥ-i 'Āmirah in A.H. 1127 A.D. 1715. The work is also styled Tazkirah-Sarkhash. It was composed in A.H. 1093 A.D. 1682. copies of the same work are noticed in Ethe, Ind O.F. Lib. Cat. Nos. 670-672 and 3024 ; Rieu I, p. 369 ; and A spr. Cat., p. 108 Similar copics are described under D. Nos. 441 and 443, Part III, Vol. I, above.

No. 582. ترجمہ بیتال پچھسی

TARJUMAH-I BAITĀL PACHISI.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 149. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject (Tales).

Author ' Abd al-Karīm b-Ilyās. عید الکریم بن الیاس

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 292, Part III, Vol. I, above, wherein it is wrongly styled Tārīkh-i Rajagān. تاریخ راجگان

Contains a collection of Indian tales, translated into Persian from a Skt. work called Bay'tāl Pachisi. بیتال پچھسی The Persian version was completed, as it seems, during the reign of Shāh Nūr al-Din Jahāngir (reigned A.H. 1014-1037/A.D. 1605-1627), who is enlogized in the preamble on fol. 1b. The work was commenced, as the author states on fol. 2b, at the instanc of Prince Shāh Parwiz, who, in the prime of his youth, was very fond of reading tales and histories. The actual title of the work is not mentioned anywhere in the Ms. Nothing is known bout ' Abd al-Karim b. Ilyās, except the fact that he lived during the reign of Emperor Jahāngir.

The work is divided into twenty-five Hikāyāt all dealing with fabulous tales. The Urdu version of the original work has been lithographed in A.D. 1872 at Cawnpore.

No: 583. تاریخ حضرت موسی

TĀRĪKH-I-HADHRAT MŪSĀ.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Pages, 301. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mu'in b. Hāji Muhammad al-Farāḥī معین بن حاجی محمد الفراهی

The other works herein are (1) Nūr al-'uyūm fol. 152 b (2) Zinat al-Qāri fol. 198 b (3) Al-Muntakhab al-Tajwid fol. 201 b and (4) Qawā'id al-Qur'ān.

A detailed biography of the Prophet Moses, completed in A.H. 904/ A.D. 1498, 1499. The author calls himself on fol. 2a, Mu'in Miskin. But his full name seems to be Mu'n al-Din Muhammad Amīn al-Farāḥī al-Harawī, who, according to Tazkirah-writers died in A.H. 907/A.D. 1501, 1502. He is the well-known author of the M'arij al-Nubuwaḥ معارج النبوة (copies of which are noticed in Rien I, p.149; Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 138-144), Rudhat al-Wā'izīn روضته الواعظین Tafsir-i Hadā'iq al-Hadā'iq fi 'Kashfī Asrār al-Daqā'iq تفسیر حدائق الحقائق فی كشف اسرار الدقائق Ahsan al-Qiṣaṣ احسن القصص and many other works (see foll. 1-3). Most of these works have been printed. More details regarding the life of the author are furnished in Rieu I, pp. 149-150.

The present work known by different titles, such as قصه موسی 'قصه موسی' and معجزات موسی. It is styled in Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 247. Tārīkh-i Mūsawī تاریخ موسی. The work is preceded by a short preface in which the author states how he had applied himself to the study of Traditions and Islamic Law. Headings are in red ink. Arabic passages in Naski character.

The owner of the copy seems to be Ghulām Muhammad b. 'Abd al-Wahāb.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ربنا اتنا من ادنك رحمتہ و هي لنا من امرنا رشد الحمد لله نعمده و نستعينه
و نو من به اما بعد ہي كويد بندہ ضعيف المسكين بعون الله
القوي المتين ختم له ولجميع المؤمنین بالخير کہ اين فقير به بضاعت باوجود
عدم استطاعت مد - چهل سال تقريباً با مر خطير تذکر اقدام مي نمود الصخ *

End :

اگر درد دلم را چاره بودي

غم را در جهان غمخوار بودي *

چه نقصان آمدے درکار خويان

کہ قتل عاشقان يکبار بودي *

بدانکہ درين تحقیقات و اشارات ديگر هست کہ در تفسير بحرالدر رايزاد

نموده ايم و اين نسخه را اين مقدار اکتفا بود والله المستعان *

No. 584. سری بهاگوت

SRI BHĀGAVAT.

Substance, paper. Size, 9½ × 6¼ inches. Pages, 552. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

A Persian rendering of the Bhāgavat Purāna. The present copy contains only a portion of the original. It is divided into a number of Babs and Faṣls. The author of the original is Vyāsa, who is considered to be one of the great Hindu seers. The work has been translated in many languages and has been repeatedly printed. A copy of the same is noticed in Etne, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, No. 1952, but its beginning differs from that of the present copy. The last fourteen pages contain passages in Hindi.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1242.

Scribe, Haqiqat Roy.

Colophon :

تمام شد این پوران سری بهاگوت بتاریخ هفتم ماه ذی الحجه سنه ۱۲۴۲
روز جمعه از دست حقیرتقصیر بنده حقیقت رانی ولد ناول در حد آباد خدبسته
صورت تحریر یافت *

Beginning .

زبان صدق بیان بید پوران بدان ناطق است پیش از آفرینش همه بود
بعد از آن بقدرت آفرید کار برحق باد پیدا شد از حرکت باد و بر روی آب
حبابی بهم رسید و آن حباب به بیضه تبدیل گشت و از آن بیضه مظهر کل که آن
رانا رائن گویند ظهور کرد از ناف او کل نیلوفری بر آمد و از ساق آن گل موجودی
پیدا آمد که آن را برهما خوانند و برهما اطراف را پر از آب دیده بخود فرو ماند که
من از کجا آمدم و برائے چه پیدا شده ام درین حیرت باز در آن ساق نیلوفر فرو
رفت تا صد سال بیابان داشت چون بانتهائی آن نتوانست باز بالا آمد و هم
دوران حیرت آوازے از غیب شنید که تب تب یعنی عبادت بکن برهما
عبادت مشغول شد الخ *

End :

وہا نامری بهاگوت بمنزل امر است یعنی آجیات در دنیا چنانچه
دیوتها در سرگ لوک اندرت میخورند و نمی میرند در دنیا اگر کسی باعقاد
بخواند و شنود زنده جاوید میشود و از آمد و شد عالم وامبر ویکت میشود *

POETRY.

No. 585. منتخب حدیقه

MUNTAKHAB-I HADĪQAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, 8×4½ inches. Pages 62. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Hakīm Sanā'ī. حکیم سنائی

A short ethics-mystical treatise in persian verse, abridged from Sanā'īs, well-known Hadīqat al-Haḡiqah. The title of the work does not appear anywhere in the Ms.

The copy is hopelessly damaged.

The following is the only verre (fol. 30a) where the Takhallūs of the poet occurs :—

اندوین دوست از پی یا-ی
..... اکذرن سنائی آبادی *

Different copies containing Farid al-Din 'Attār's selections from the same Hadīqah are noticed in Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 577 and Spr., Cat., p. 353.

The Hadīqat al-Haḡiqah was probably composed in A.H. 534 or 535. According to the following verse appearing on the margin of fol. 2b, the date seems to be A.H. 528.

پانصد و بیست و هشت ز آخر سال
بدکبیر نظم نغز یافت کمال *

But this is the date of composition of Sanā'ī's second Mathnawī styled Tariqal-Tahqiq طریق التحقیق from which, it appears, the above verse is taken. The most probable date of Sanā'ī's death is A.H. 545/A.D. 1150. For further notices, refer Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Nos. 914-928 ;

Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., Nos. 192, 264 (4), 329 and 516, Bk. Lib. Cat., Vol. 1, Nos. 19-24 ; Ricu II., pp. 549-550 ; Brn. camb. un Lib. Cat., pp. 294-298 ; and Nos. 107-110, Part III, Vol. I above.

Gilted columns and margins throughout. Copious extracts on margins selected from different works especially from the Persian version of the Kimiyā-i Sa'ādat کیمیای سعادت of Muhammad al-Ghazālī of Tūs (d. A.H. 505). Spaces for headings have been left blank. The first few pages are embellished.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ای درون پرور

کفر و دین هر دو پیش

* وحده لا شریک له کر یان الخ *

..... میان گناه

End :

* معنی اندر میان خط سیاه *

.....

* آب کاغذ نگاردار چو نو *

No. 586. دیوان انوری

DĪWĀN-I ANWARĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 9¼ × 5½ inches. Pages, 461. Lines, 16 on a page. Condition, good.

Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Auhad al-Din 'Ali Anwarī اور عبدالدین علی انوری

A collection of the poetical works of Anwarī, the greatest Qasīdah-writer of Persia, who was a favourite poet of Sultān Sanjar to whom most of his Qasīdahs are addressed.

He died in A.H. 585/A.D. 1189 Sprenger places the date of his death in A. H. 586/A.D. 1190 (vide Spr. Cat., p. 332) and Daulat Shāh in A.H. 556/A.D. 1160. Abū al-Fadhl collected the poets' Diwān and wrote a short preface to it. The oldest copy of the Ms. was transcribed in A.H. 692 and now found in the Oudh Library (Vide Spr. Cat. No. 99).

The present copy contains:—

Qasīdahs in alphabetical order, except the first on fol. 1b, which begins with : المقدره له بالمع الخ The first Qasīdah in alphabetical order, on fol. 2b, beginning : سیه رفعت و کوه رتار الخ Foll. 2a/64 contain Qasīdahs. arranged in alphabetical order. From fol. 162b onward, the Qasīdahs are spersed with Muqatta'āt, Ghazals, Rubā'is and Fards. Muqatta'at, for example, appear on fol. 164b, beginning with زمن بد عهد راجه میگردی الخ and this is immediately followed on fol. 165a by Ghazals, beginning with :

رخت دل اندر سرزلف تو نهادیم

بر رخ زغم عشق تو خوننا به کشادیم

A few Rubā'is are inserted on fol 169a and thence a series of Qasīdahs in alphabetical order begin on fol. 169b, disjoined, however, by a few Ghazals, Qīṭā'ās and Rubā'is. From a close study of the contents, it appears that the Ghazals, Qīṭā'āts and Rubā'is are inserted in those Qasīdahs the Qawāfi of which corresponds to those of these, though the alphabetical order of the Qasīdahs is kept intact.

For further notices on Anwar's poetical works; refer Spr. Cat. p. 33 i; Rieu II, pp. 554a-556a; Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat. Vol. I, pp. 582-587; and Bk. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 33-37; and Nos. 67 and 205c (4). Part III. Vol. I above.

Occasional marginal notes. A few miscellaneous verses on the first and last pages. The fly-leaf bears a number of seals which are not decipherable.

Colophon, on fol. 233a.

بعذایت الهی کتاب دیوان انوری بملکت صوبہ خاندیس بعمل
خان عالی شان رفیع القدر و انمکان بهره ور خان خفران پناه نجابت
خان بتاریخ نوز دہم شہر ذیقعدہ سنہ ۳۷۰ عاتم کبیری مطابق سنہ ۱۱۱۱ ہجری
از دست شیخ نور محمد بن شیخ رحمت اللہ مرتوم گشت *

Date of transcription, A.H. 1104. Scribe, Shaykh Nūr Muhammad.

Beginning :

مقدرے نہ بآنت بقدرت مطلق
کند بشکل نجاری چو ...

End :

چہارکس یا بے کہ مہجوری منند
کر بجوری از ثریا تاثیرے *
قاضی طوسی سعید بیہقی
تاجک غم زادو کافی ہارے *

No. 587. تصائد خاقانی *

QAṢĀ'ID-I KHĀQĀNĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 9 × 6½ inches. Pages, 336. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Afdhal al-Dīn Badīl Ibrāhīm b. 'Alī Najjār Khāqānī of Shirwān,
افضل الدین بدیل ابراہیم بن علی نجار خاقانی الشروانی *

A good collection of Khāqānī's Qasidas arranged in alphabetical order; slightly defective at the end. It begins with poems rhyming in الف and breaks off in a poem rhyming in م. According to one of the verses of his ode to Isfahān, Khāqānī, also called حسن العجم, was born in A.H. 500/A.D. 1106. The date of his death is variously given as A.H. 582, 588 and 595/A.D. 1186, 1192 and 1199; but the latest date (A.D. 1199) which is, as also given by Rieu in his Persian catalogue Vol. II, p. 550a, is the most probable one. (Kh. 587-2).

complete poetical works including his Qasidahs are contained in two Volumes described under Nos. 85 and 86. Part III, Vol. I, above (see also Nos. 82-84 and 87, Part III, Vol. I above). A very rare commentary on his famous Tuhfat-al-'Irāqayn شرح توفيق العراقيين, composed by Sayyid Ismā'il Abjadi is described under D. No. 612 below wherein it is styled Sharh-i Tuhpat al-'Iraqayn, شرح توفيق العراقيين

For further detailed notices on Khāqānī's life and works, refer Spr. Cat., p. 461; Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Nos. 950-970; Rieu II, p. 558; Bk. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 39-45; and Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 201-203.

The former part of the present copy contains a series of long Qasidahs in praise of the holy prophet (peace be on him) and the latest part in eulogy of his contemporaries up to fol. 135a the Qasidahs are numbered in red, but in the remaining folios spaces are left blank. The fly-leaf contains the following note:

تصانف خاتاي عليه الرحمة از معرفت مشفق عبدالصمد صاحب خريد
نموده شد محمد فاضل دغبي عنه *

Occasional interlinear glosses. Neat and clear Nasta'liq. Khāqānī's, poetical works have been lithographed in Lucknow, A.D. 1879.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

اي پندج نوبه كوفتم در دار ملك لا
لا در چهار بالش وحدت كشد ترا الخ *

End :

اوديد آن نماز كه قايم برن الف
كاهي بديو هفت سري بر كند لگام *

No. 588. شرح تصانف خاتاي (محببت نامه) *

SHARH-I QASĀ'ID-I KHĀQĀNĪ (MUHABBAT NĀMAH).

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5 inches. Pages, 856. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Abd al-Wahhāb b. Muhammad al-Husaynī al-Hasanī al-Māmūrī Ghinā'ī, عبدالوهاب بن محمد الحسيني الحسنی المعموری غنائی

An elaborate persian commentary on Khāqānī's Qasidahs. The author flourished about A.H. 1090/A.D. 1679. He calls this commentary (fol. 5b) Muhabbat Nāmah, محبت نامه. Copies of this commentary are described in W. Pr. Ber. Cat., p. 770 and G. Flügel I, p. 509. Flügel's copy begins with:

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم - وجه خاتاي كشور سنخزوري و سلطاني ملك
بلاغت گستري الخ *

Copies of this Ms. are rare. Many commentaries on Khaqanī's Kulliyāt have been written, such as the Rūh Afzā by Qabūl Muhammad described, in Spr. Cat., p. 463; the Sharh-i Diwān-i Khāqānī by Muhammad b. Da'ūd b. Muhammad, dated A.H. 995/A.D. 1587, noticed in Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, No. 968, and one more commentary by 'Alawi Lāhijī (Vide Rieu II, p. 562).

On fol. 233b of the present Ms. the following inscription is found: صحیح البیاض
In the middle of the copy two pages are left blank.

The fly-leaf bears a seal which is not decipherable.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1241.

Scribe, Muhammad Khalil Bayg.

Preface to the commentary, on fol. 1b, beginning.

خاقانی کشور سخنوری و سلطان ملک بلاغت گستری سزاوار قلم گیر
بلاغت و ابرعتی است که تیغ پدیدریخ زبان را از نیام ان من البیان اسحرا الصخ *

Text, on fol. 5b, beginning :

دل من پیر تعلیم است و من طفل زبان دانش
دم تسلیم سر عشر و سرزا نود بستایش *

Commentary, on fol. 5b, beginning :

در بحر ایزج مژمن سالم بروزن مفاعیلن مفاعیلن و فاعیل در شرح
کلمش راز از شیخ زاده لاهی مذکور و مسطور است که در اصطلاح عرفان آن
نیت انسان بر دست چه دل و عقل تفضل علم و کمالات و مظهر تقلب ظهور
ذات الهی الصخ *

Beginning :

خاقانی کشور سخنوری و سلطان ملک بلاغت گستری الصخ *

End :

و مرتق اسم آت رتاق است بمعنی مصالیح و آت جامها که مقصد ازان
احسان و انسانیت بمصالح خلعت است یعنی چه احسان و انسانیت بنیت
کنم که ترا از من ناریکتر و وصال ترا بمن ارزانی دارد قدوقع الفراع من تحریر
هذا النسخ الشریفه فی تصدیه ایلور بتاریخ پنجم شهر صفر سنه ۱۲۱۲ قبل العباد
میر محمد خلیل بیگ ساکن اکبر آباد و نیز شهر گجرات *

ار که خواند دعا طمع دارم

ز نیک من بنده گنه گارم *

تمت تمام شد *

No. 589. * دیوان ظہیر فارابی

DĪWĀNI. ZAHĪR FĀRYĀBĪ.

Substance, paper. Size. 11×9½ inches. Pages, 147. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Zahir Fāryābī, ظہیر فارابی

A restored copy of the Ms. described under D. No. 29. Part III, Vol. I above wherein details regarding the life of the poet are furnished. See also Rieu II, p. 563; Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 724-726, 566 and 971; and Ivanow A.S.B. Cat., Nos. 463-794, 802, 923 (23), 925 (38), 927 (34), 934 and 1142.

No. 590. * اسکندر نامہ بحری

ISKANDAR NĀMAH-I BAHRĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 9½×5 inches. Pages, 251. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Nizāmi Ganjawī. نظامی گنجوی

The well-known Persian Mathnawī of Nizāmi with his full name Jamāl al-Dīn Abū Muhammad Ilyās b. Yūsuf b. Muayyid Nizām al-Dīn Nizāmi Ganjawī, who, according to most of the Tazkirah-writers was born in A.H. 535/A.D. 1140 and died A.H. 599/A.D. 1202.

The Iskandar Nāmah is divided into two parts; the first part is called Sharaf-Nāmah-i Iskandari. The second part is styled variously, such as Khirad Nāmah-i Iskandari, Iqbal Nāmah-i Iskandari or Iskandar Nāmah-i Bahri. Our present copy comprises only the second part of his work and relates to Alexander's adventures on sea. This work was composed in A.H. 599/A.D. 1202. It has been lithographed, Bombay A.H. 1277/A.D. 1860 and Lucknow A.H. 1879.

Further notices on Nizāmi's life and his works may be found in Spr. Cat., pp. 519-521; D.R.B., Ind Off. Lib. Cat., pp. 25-28; Rieu II, pp. 564-575; Bk. Lib. Cat. Vol. I, pp. 48-62; Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 595-610; and Avonow, A.S.B. Cat., pp. 226-210. A similar copy dated A.H. 1166 is noticed under D. No. 118, Part III, Vol. I, above.

The present copy is much damaged and worm-eaten, but is still in readable condition. This copy has been restored in the Library. Centre and margin-ruled pages throughout 'unwāns in red.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1162.

Scribe, Maqsūd' Ali.

Beginning :

خرد بر کعبا گنجهي آرد پديد
بنام خدا سازد آنرا کلید الخ *

End :

که تا از سوي خوش گوار افکنم
غمي کان گر فتست جان و تنم *

No. 591. اسکندر نامه بحري *

ISKANDAR NĀMAH-I BAHRI.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 213. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 590 above.

No. 592. شرح اسکندر نامه (منتخب الشروح) *

SHARH-I ISKANDARNĀMAH (MUNTAKHAB AL-SHURŪH).

Substance, paper. Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ inches. Pages, 378. Lines, 21 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Maulvi Badr 'Alī 'Azīm Ābādī and Mir Husayn 'Alī Jaunpūrī.
مولوی بدر علی عظیم آبادی و میر حسین علی جاوہوری

A Persian commentary on the first part of Nizāmi's Iskandar Namah. This work is styled on fol. 1a, Muntakhab al-Shurūh منتخب الشروح. The author states in the Khūtimah on fol. 189a that there were many commentaries extant, but that none was satisfactory. The present work is an abridged edition of the well-known commentaries written on the Iskandar Namah. It was compiled during the time of Lord Minto, the Governor-General of India at the instance of the members of the College Council of Calcutta and was lithographed for the first time in A.H. 1228. It appears that the present copy is transcript of a printed one. Different commentaries on the Iskandar Namah are noticed in Etbe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 1018-1027; Spr. Cat., pp. 522-523 and Rièu II, pp. 820b and 859a.

The copy is dated A.H. 1249.

Scribe, Ghulām Ahmad.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام علي سيد المرسلين والى الطيبين
وصحبه الطاهرين الخ *

End :

از انمي كه جائرا بدو پوش باد
 مرا شربت و شاه را نوش باد *
 مراد از نوش آبجيات است *

No. 593. شرح مخزن اسرار *

SHARH-I MAKHZAN-I ASRĀR.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 594. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good.
 Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muhammad b-Qiwām b-Rustum b-Ahmad b-Mahmūd.

محمد بن قوام بن رستم بن احمد بن محمود المعروف بقرخي *

A detailed Persian commentary on Nizāmī's (b. A.H. 538/A.D. 1140, 1141) *Makhzan-i Asrār* (Comp. A.H. 572/A.D. 1176), compiled by the famous commentator, Muhammad b-Qiwām, a contemporary of Maulānā Mughīth al-Dīn Hānsawī (fol. 3a). He speaks of his two other commentaries or glosses to Nizāmī's *Iskandar Nāmah* and *Sharaf Nāmah*. (fol. 4a). He speaks also of a similar commentary written by a certain learned man (fol. 3b) :—

Two similar copies are described in *Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vo. I, p. 605* and *Spr. Cat., p. 521*. The present copy is good and complete. It was transcribed for Mahmūd 'Alī Khān Šāhib from a transcript of A.H. 1246. The work was probably composed in A.H. 1091.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1255.

Scribe, 'Abd Allāh.

Beginning :

حمد و سياس مر فتاحي را كه فاتحه او كتاب منتاج اقبال خزائن
 غيب الخ *

End :

وانكه بفرمود نوشتن برود
 عفو كنش جرم بيا مرز ازو *

No. 594. مظهر العجائب *

MAZHAR AL-'AJĀ-IB.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 148. Lines, 25 on a page. Condition, good.
 Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farid al-Dīn 'Attār, شيخ فریدالدین عطار

The other works herein are (1) *Muṣibat Namah* fol. 388*a*, (2) *Lisān al-Ghayb* fol. 466*a*, (3) *Ilāhī Nāmah* fol. 517*a*.

A *Mathnawī* in Persian verse by the great *sūfī* poet Muhammad b-Abī Bakr Ibrāhīm Farīd al-Dīn 'Attār who was born in A.H. 513/A.D. 1109 and killed in A.H. 627/A.D. 1230. For detailed notices on the life and works of the poet refer *Spr. Cat.*, pp. 346-358 : *Etthe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I, pp. 612-627 ; and 430 ; *Rieu I*, p. 344, and 77 pp. 576-580 ; and Ivanow, *A.S.B. Cat.*, Nos. 235, 264, 446, 477, 479, 480, 485, 487, 794, 906 and 923.

In the following verses on fol. 3*b*, the author says that his *Mazhar al-'Ajā-ib* is the best of all his works :—

دین کتب بسنیا دارم در جهان
 ایک عظمی را عجائب نیک دان *
 عظمی کل عجایب حیدر است
 در میان سالکان او حیدر است *

The metre of the *Mathnawī* changes on fol. 51*a* which begins with :

خداوندان تری دانائے اسرار
 کنه کارم ز فعل خود فکهدار *

Date of transcription, not known.

Scribe, Najābat 'Alī.

Beginning :

آفرین جان آفرین برجان جان
 زانکه هست او آشکارا و نهان الخ *

End :

ختم اینم باشد در جهان
 غیر این معنی نگویم در عیان *

No. 595 . * مصیبت نامه

MUṢIBAT NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, 12½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 150. Lines, 24 on a page. Condition, good.
 Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Dīn 'Attār,

Begins on fol. 388*a* of the MS. described under D. No. 594 above.

A Persian Mathnawī in which are explained many problems of mysticism through the medium of an imaginary character called 'Sālik' who travels all along the universe and converse with the angels and the spirits prophets expediting thereby the mysteries of the universe.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

حمد پاک از جان پاک آن پاک را
کو خلافت داد مشیت خاک را الخ *

End :

روز کار خشک سال طاعتت
این همه وقتتست نم این ساعتت *

No. 596. لسان الغیب *

LISĀN AL-GHAYB.

Substance, paper. Size, 12½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 102. Lines, 25 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Shaykh Farid al-Din 'Attār, شیخ فرید الدین عطار

Begins on fol. 466a of the MS. described under D. No. 594 above.

A Persian Mathnawī on Sufism. The title of the work appears several times in different verses of the MS. spaces for headings are left blank.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

اسم توحید ابتدائے نام اوست
مزغ روحم جملگی در نام اوست *
اسم توحیدم بنام ذات بود
در بیانم عین تحقیقات بود الخ *

End :

راه حتی بنموده ام اندر اسان
نا نکردند راه کم این مردمان *
مرد گمراه را نکردی پهنشین
نانگرددی همچو قارونست راهبر *

No. 597. * الهی نامه

ILĀHĪ NĀMAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 118. Lines, 25 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Dīn 'Aṭṭār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 517a of the MS. described under D. No. 594 above.

A Persian Mathnawī, describing in parables the variety of human wishes. It is in the form of a story of a caliph and six sons. A copy of this work is described in Spr. Cat., p. 358 which begins :—

بنام آنکه ملکش بی زوال است
بوصفتش عقل صاحب نطق لال است *

Beginning :

الهی نامه را آغاز کردم
بنامت نامه را باز کردم *
زبان را در فصاحت راه دادم
دلم را در بلاغت پرکشادم الخ *

End :

مرا بر آن زخود گر میری
که هر چیز که می خواهی ربی *
زمن درین بس آمد تباہی
.....

No. 598. * وصلت نامه

WAṢLAT NĀMAḤ.

کلیات شریخ فریدالدین عطار *

KULLIYĀT-I SHAYKH FARĪD AL-DĪN 'AṬṬĀR.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{8} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 31. Lines, 25 in four centre columns on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Dīn 'Aṭṭār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

The other works herein are (1) Waṣīyyat Nāmaḥ fol. 17b. (2) Mukhtār Nāmaḥ fol. 24a. (3) Pand Nāmaḥ fol. 31b. (4) Bulbul Nāmaḥ fol. 40b (5) Baysar Nāmaḥ fol. 45b. (6) Jawāhir al-Zāt fol. 48b. (7) Ushtur Nāmaḥ fol. 163a. (8). Ḥafl' Wādī fol. 190b. (9) Khusraw Wa Gul fol. 197b (10) Asrār Nāmaḥ fol. 282b.

A Persian Mathnawi

Copies of the same are noticed in Spr. Cat., p. 355; Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., No. 1031, 10 and Bk. Cat., Vol. 1, p. 74.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

ابتدا اول بنام کردگار
خالق هفت و شش و پنج و چهار اله *

End :

بیت حق جمنه را زیبا کند
وین عدو را همه یکتا کند *

No. 599. * وصیت نامه

WAṢṢIYAT NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 13. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Dīn 'Aḥḥār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 17b of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

This is a rare Mathnawī. A copy of this work is described in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 616, wherein Ethe observes: "This very rare Mathnawī (Waṣṣiyat Nāmah), which is probably identical with the Ausaṭ nāmah in Stewart's Catal., p. 60, is only found here and in two Bodleian copies (Bodleian Catal. Nos. 622, 16 and 624, 6)" No copy of this MS. is found in other Libraries.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

اے بناءت کارا را افتتاح
نیست بے نام تو در امرے فلاح *
اے انیس مستمداں نام تو
کار ساز خلق اطب عام تو اله *

End :

میکنی دعوی کہ دل نزد دوئیست
دل بصد جاداری این لایق کیست *
کربدو تفویض فرماید دلت
زوپہ دلدل آید حاصلت *

No. 600. * مختار نامه *

MUKHTĀR NĀMAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 25. Lines, 15 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Din 'Attār, شیخ فرید الدین عطار

Begins on fol. 24a of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

This copy seems to be defective, for it is stated in the preface that Mukhtār Nāmāḥ contains 1020 Rubā'iyāt (quatrains) selected from 6000 quatrain composed by the poet. But the present copy actually contains 250 quatrains without any headings or any arrangements.

This work was composed after the completion of the Khusrau Nāmāḥ, the Asrār Nāmāḥ, the Munṭiq ul-Tayr, the Ilāhī Nāmāḥ, the Musibat Nāmāḥ, the Jawāhri Nāmāḥ, the Sharh al-Qalb and his Diwān, a few Bahs only. The oldest copy of the present work, dated A.H. 1050/A.D. 1616 is described in Etch, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 617.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

حمد و سپاس بیقیاس خداوندی را که اشراق آفتاب آفتاب *

End :

از خانه بر افتاده گدائے بودیم
باخانه شدیم و بادشاهی گشتیم *

No. 601. پند نامه

PAND NĀMAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 18. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Din 'Attār, شیخ فرید الدین عطار

Begins on fol. 31b of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

A defective copy of the Pand Nāmāḥ, the most popular of all the poetic works of 'Attār. The work has been repeatedly printed and translated into various European languages and edited by different scholars.

The copy begins with : ابعدا کردم بنام کردگار خالق خلق از صغار و از کبار
while the original text begins with the familiar line :

حمد بپند هر خدای پاک را آن که ایمان داد مشیت پاک را *

There are frequent handwriting errors throughout the copy. Many words and even lines have been misplaced (see also MS. No. 99, III, I above).

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ابتدا کردیم بنام کردگار
خالق خلق از صغار و از کبار الخ *

End :

پر که آرت این وصیتها بجان
در دو عالم رحمتش بخشد خدای *
تم تم
تتمت تمام شد
کتاب پند نامه *

No. 602. بلبل نامه

BULBUL NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 9. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farid al-Din 'Atfār, شیخ فرید الدین عطار

Begins on fol. 40b of the MS. described under D. No. 593 above.

Deals with the love of the nightingale to the rose. Copies of this work are noticed in Spr. Cat., p. 335 and Ethæ, Ind. OT. Lib. Cat., Vol. 1, p. 613.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known

Beginning :

تلم بردار را از دل عیان کن
سر آغارش بنام غیب دان کن الخ *

End :

یاد خدا بردگی پیش کن
هر چه بجز اوست نرا پیش کن *

No. 603. بے سر نامه *

BAYSIR NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 5. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Dīn 'Attār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 45b of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

A very short Mathnawī dealing with Sūfī maxims.

There are no headings ; no proper arrangement. The work has been printed.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

من بغیر تو نه بینم در جهان
قادرا پروردگار جاودان الهی *

End :

ای که او خود را فناے کل ساخت
اندر آنجا او بقاے کل یافت *

No. 604. * جواهر الذات

JAWĀHIR AL-ZĀT.

Substance, paper. Size, 12½ × 9 inches. Pages, 229. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Dīn 'Attār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 48b of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

This Mathnawī contains the first Daftar of 'Attār's Jawāhir al-Zāt. The original work, it seems is divided into three Daftars or books, a complete copy of which is found in India Office Library (vide Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. p. 620).

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بنام آنکه نور جسم و جان است
خداے آشکار و نهان است *

End :

کهر ریخت نورت در همه جا
تویی بیجا و نورت در همه جا *

No. 605. * اشتر نامه

USHTUR NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, 12½ × 9 inches. Pages, 55. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farid al-Dīn 'Attār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 163a of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

A defective copy. Spaces for headings are left blank.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ابتدا بر نام حق لایزال
صانع اشیا و ابداع جلال الصغ *

End :

.....
میکند هر نوع او اند شد *

No. 606. * هفت وادی *

HAFṬ WĀDĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 13. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farid al-Dīn 'Attār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 190b of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

A Persian Mathnawī. Spaces for headings are left blank. The last verse in this copy corresponds with that in the Asrār Nāmāh. A few pages at the end of the MS. are left out blank.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

حمد پاک از جان پاک آن پاک را الصغ *

End :

شروخی ما پیش چشم مامیار *

No 607. * خسرو و گل *

KHUSRAW WA GUL.

Substance, paper. Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ inches. Pages, 169. Lines, 25 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shaykh Farid al-Dīn 'Attār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 197b of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

The title of the work appears in the following verse on fol. 203b.

بنام خسرو روئے زمین را
نهادم نام خسرو نام این را *

The work is styled in Spr. Cat., p. 352, Gul-Khusrau گل خسرو and this seems to be an abridgement of the Khusrau Nāmah. The present work also is an abridgement of the same work. It is also styled Gul wa Hurmuz گل و هرمز

The poet enumerates in the introductory preface many of his former works including the Mukhtār Nāmah (see No. 600 above) and his Persian Diwān consisting of Ghazals and Qiṭa'āts. From fol. 215*b* onward the copy is written by a different hand. It is not known whether the date given in the colophon below relates to the date of transcription of the present copy alone or of all the works of 'Attār immediately described above :

نہمت الکتاب گل و خسرو تصنیف شیخ فرید الدین عطار بدستخط جان
عالم بتاریخ نوازیم سنہ ۱۱۸۶ ہجری الذہویہ در بلدہ فرخ آباد من
مضافات دارالخلافۃ اکبر آباد *

Beginning :

بنام آنکہ گنج جسم و جان ساخت
طیسم گنج جان ہر دو جہاں ساخت الخ *

End :

کسی کو در دعا آرد مرا یاد
ہمہ وقتی نگہدازش خدا باد *

No. 608 . * اسرار نامہ *

ASRAR NĀMĀH.

Substance, paper. Size, 12½ × 9 inches. Pages, 65. Linos, 25 on a page in four centro columns. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Shaykh Farīd al-Dīn 'Attār, شیخ فریدالدین عطار

Begins on fol. 282*b* of the MS. described under D. No. 598 above.

A Persian Mathnawi.

The title appears on folio 313*b* in the second line.

The work is divided into nineteen Maqūlahs only. There is some confusion in the headings. On fol. 297*a* and fol. 301*b*, appear the eighth and the tenth Maqūlahs respectively ; no mention of the ninth Maqūlah is made. The last two Maqūlahs on fol. 312*a* and 313*b* are wrongly called مقالہ ہستم و چہارم and the مقالہ ہست و پنجم 24th and the 25th, instead of 11th and 19th respectively. This may be an error committed by the scribe.

The work has been lithographed at Tūhrān.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بنام آنکه جان را نور دین داد
 حرد را در خدا دای یغین داد الصخ *

End :

دراں ساعت که جان از تن رہا شد
 در عالم آن زمار، از ہم جدا شد *

No. 609. * مثنوی مولانا روم *

MATHNAWĪ-I MAULĀNĀ RŪM.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{7}{8}$ inches. Pages, 579. Lines, 23 on a page in four centre columns. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Maulānā Jalāl al-Dīn Rūmī, * مولانا جلال الدین رومی *

An old copy of the renowned Mathnawī-i Ma'nawī, composed by Maulānā Jalāl al-Dīn Muhammad b-Muhammad Bahā al-Dīn b-Husayn al-Balkhi, the greatest of the Sūfi poets of Persia, who was born in A.H. 604/A.D. 1207 and died in A.H. 672/A.D. 1273. Different copies of the same work are described under D. Nos. 151-168, part III, Vol. I above.

For particulars regarding the life and wrks of the poet, refer Ethe, Ind. Off Lib. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 1060-1115; Spr. Cat., p. 783; Rien II, p. 584; Ioanow, A.S.B. Cat., Nos. 240, 490, 499, 500, 511, 518, 578, 648, 812, 848, 923 (30), 945, 946 (1), 1125, 1187 and 1341; and Bk. Lib. Cat., Nos. 59-87 and 87-123.

The present copy which formerly belonged to Muhammad Mū'in al Din was probably transcribed before A.H. 1174.

The title page bears two seals which read thus :

محمد نوازش خان
 سنه ۱۲۲۲ *

نوازش علی خان
 سنه ۱۱۷۷ *

The oldest copy found in this Library is described under D. No. 165, Part III, Vol. I, above, being transcribed in A.H. 1070 (not A.H. 1007 as put in the Catalogue). A very old copy of the same work transcribed in A.H. 834, is noticed in Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat., No. 1060.

The present copy consists of the following six Daftars :

(i) On fol. 1b, beginning :

باشند ازک چون حکایت میکنند
 از جدائیها شکایت میکنند الصخ *

(ii) On fol. 51b, beginning :

مدتے این مثنوی ناخیر شد
مہلکے با یست تا خون شیر شد الخ *

(iii) On fol. 92b, beginning :

ای ضیاء الحق حسام الدین بیار
این سیوم دفتر کہ سنت شد سه بار الخ *

(iv) On fol. 140b, beginning :

ای ضیاء الحق حسام الدین توئی
کہ گذشت ازہ بنورت مثنوی الخ *

(v) On fol. 187b, beginning :

شہ حسام الدین کہ نورالنجم است
طالب آغاز سفر پنجم است الخ *

(vi) On fol. 237b, beginning :

ای حیات دل حسام الدین بسے
میل منجور شد بقسم سادسی الخ *

Each Daftar is preceded by a different preface in which Maulānā Hisām al-Dīn Tabrayzī is frequently addressed for inspiration. The work has been repeatedly printed. The copy is not dated and the name of the scribe is not known.

Beginning :

بشنو ازنی چون حکایت میکند
از جدا یها شکایت میکند *
کز نیستان تا مرا بدریده اند
از فزیرم مرد و زن نانیده اند الخ *

End :

تصہ کونہ کن مکن دلہا خراب
ختم شد واللہ اعلم بانصواب *
تمت تمام شد این کلام مثنوی حضرت مولوی ملا روم مثنوی شریف *

مثنوی نہ سپہر * No. 610.

MATHNAWĪ-I NUḤ SEPEHR.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 6 inches. Pages 368. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, much injured, but repaired. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete at the end.

Author, Amīr Khusrau Dehlavi, امیر خسرو دہلوی

A Persian Mathnawī which gives a poetical description of the court of Qutb al-Dīn Mubārak Shāh (d. A.H. 720 or 721/A.D. 1320 or 1321) with an account of the principal events of his time, composed by Amīr Khusrau when he was over sixty years old (fol. 15a).

ہر آفرین کز شصت بالا گذشت
ہمیشہ پیش شاہن والا گذشت *

The work was completed on the 30th of Jamādī al-Thānī A.H. 718/A.D. 1318, seven years before the death of the poet in A.H. 725/A.D. 1325. Copies of the same work are described in Rieu II, 612a, and Etho, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 694.

Out of the nine spheres or گولہ سہوار , the present copy contains five spheres only and a number of Qasīdahs, Ghazals, etc., arranged as given below :

Verses in praise of God and the holy Prophet on foll. 1b—9a.

Spheres

(1) On fol. 9a, beginning :

سپہر برین کز ہمہ برتر است الخ *

(2) on fol. 24b, beginning :

سپہر دوم کوست ... الخ *

(3) On fol. 43b, beginning :

است سپہری کہ سپہوم *

(4) On fol. 42b, beginning :

از زبردست آنکہ سپہر چہارم الخ *

(5) On fol. 79b, beginning :

آن سپہری کہ در میان الخ *

This last سپہر breaks off in fol. 88b with : کشت وزہ در خم الخ and fol. 89a has been left out blank. Every sphere ends with a Ghazal of the author. Qa'sīdahs and poems in praise of God, the holy Prophet and reputed saints and kings on foll. 90a—152a. Foll. 152b—167 contain قطعات and رباعیات in which are reflected the poets own character and thoughts. Satires, on fol. 168a, beginning :

راست آرند در میان دوکس الخ *

Ghazals, not arranged alphabetically, on foll. 172a—184b, beginning :

ای دن ہمیشہ عبرت نظارہ جہاں کن
ظاہر نظر چہ بینی نظارہ نہاں کن الخ *

The copy was much damaged, but now it is well mended and bound. Headings in red ink. Occasional different readings on the margins.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

For notices on Amīr Khusrau, refer Spr. Cat., p. 465; Rieu I, pp. 240-241, II, pp. 609a-616b; Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Nos. 1186-1122; and Bk. Lbi. Cat., Vol. II, pp. 176-193.

Beginning :

اول نگر نگارش توحید کردگار
که این نه سپهر کشت بفر مایش آشکار الضح

End :

مخوان در بوستان و باغ ای دومت
که آنجا دلم کم *.....*

No. 611. شرح غزل حکیم ناصر خسرو *
SHARH-I GHAZAL-I HAKĪM NĀSIR KHUSRAU.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 4. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Maulānā Qādhī Mahmūd Bahri, مولانا قاضی محمود بھری

The other work herein Sharh-i Gulgashtī fol. 3b.

A very short Persian commentary on select Ghazaliyyāt of Abūal-Mu'in Hakīm Nāsir Khusrau, author of the Kanzal-Haqā'iq (d. A.H. 431), written by Maulānā Bahri who flourished towards the first half of the 12th century of Hijrah. He is probably identical with the author of the Dastūr al-'Amal دستور العمل noticed in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 1061; and Ivanow A.S.B. Cat., Vol. I, p. 616, No. 1283. He was a native of کرکی in the province of Bijāpūr. The date of his death is not known. He is also known to have composed the 'Arūs-i 'Irfān عروس عرفان (A.H. 1117 A.D. 1705) and a short Mathnawi styled Manlagan من نکن (Comp. A. H. 1111). He has also composed a short Mathnawi in the Dakhānī, styled Hikāyāt حکایات, a copy of which is noticed in Ivanow, A. S. B. Cat., p. 478.

Only one Ghazal in the present copy is explained and the commentary ends abruptly with the first two lines of the second Ghazal. Eleven pages at the end have been left blank.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بالای نه سپهر دو گوهر مدبر اند
کز نور شان دو عالم و دم منور اند *
برای مستمند من خرافات پسند چنان صوت من بدد که نه سپهر
غالباً کنایه بوجود آدمی باشد الضح *

End :

بحری باز آزیں کہ ہرکس
از دانش و بیدش آشنا نیست *
معلوم کہ این دو در شاہوار
شائستہ درج ہر گدا نیست *

No. 612. شرح تحفۃ العرّاقین *
SHARH-I TUHFAT AL-'IRĀQAYN.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 168. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Sayyid Ismā'il Abjadī, سید اسماعیل ابجدی

A rare and valuable Persian commentary on Khāqānī's Tuhfat Al-'Irāqayn—the famous Mathnawī poem, in which the poet describes his pilgrimage to the holy cities of Mekkah and Medina, with a special reference to 'Irāq-i 'Ajam and 'Irāq-i 'Arab. No mention of the present commentary appears to be made in any one of the catalogues or reference books, except in the Tazkirah-i Gulzār-i Azam, where, on page 23, the author points out that after finishing his other works, Abjadī was engaged in writing a commentary to the Tuhfat al-'Iraḡayn. It seems quite probable that the present is the only extant copy. Three more different commentaries have been written on the Tuhfat al-'Irāqayn—viz. on by Shaykh 'Abd al-Salām, composed in A.H. 1057/A.D.1647.

(Vide Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 591 and Spr. Cat., p.463). Abjadī in his preface (fol. 2a) has made a reference to this commentary. The second commentary is composed by Ghulām Muhammad, which, according to Ethe, Vol. I, p. 591 is noticed in Bodleian Cat., No. 580., A third commentary is written by an anonymous author (vide Ethe Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., p. 1556).

Abjadī's exact date of birth is not found in anyone of the Tazkirahs or catalogues. Even Burhān Khān b-Hasan, the author of the Tauzak-i Wālājāhī and a contemporary of Abjadī has made no reference to it, though he has dedicated a special chapter to him. Nor has Nawāb Muhammad Gouth Khān in his Tazkirah-i Gulzār-i 'Azam made any mention of it. It is certain that Abjadī lived during the reign of Nawab Anwar Khān (d. A.H. 1162/A.D. 1749) and during the latter part of his son and successor, Nawāb Muḡammād 'Alī's reign, who ruled over the Carnatic from A.H. 1162 to A.H. 1210/A.D.1749 to 1795. Almost all Tazkirah-writers and cataloguers have fixed to the date of his death at or as A.H. 1193. It appears that their information is based on the following statement furnished by Nawāb Gouth Khān :

” آخرًا لامر ابجدی در سنہ ۱۱۹۳ ع یکہزار و یک صد و نود و سہ ہجری
ازین دار فانی رخصت ہستی برصفت “ P.291 تذکرہ خزر اعظم (vide

Curiously enough, all European writers and cataloguers including Burhān Khān the author of the *Tanzak-i Wālājāhī* have not touched the question of the date of Abjadi's death; and they could neither accept nor reject as genuine the date furnished by Nawāb Gouth Khān.

It is indeed, difficult to fix the exact date of his death. But it is certain that Abjadi was alive in A.H. 1200/A.D. 1786 and he probably died between A.H. 1200 and 1205/A.D. 1786 and 1791. The best authority for this information is the following internal evidence furnished in the preface on fol. 1*b*. by Abjadi himself:

این بنده پریشان روزگار و شهید دستمه ستم کار مستمند درگاه ایزدی
سید اسماعیل ابجدی از عنفوان بهار شباب تا به هنگام پیری بخانت انتساب
عمر عزیز خود در مشق شبان روزی اشعار آبدار و مطالعه مثنویات دقت
شعار حرف می نمود و بعد الفراغ تصنیف خمسه منظومه مثل انور نامه و
زبدۀ افکار و هفت جوهر و رانج و مرغوب و مودت نامه در سنه یک هزار و دو صدی
بهری بعضی از احباب دانشمند و دوستان موافقت پسند و تلامذۀ عقیدت کیش
و عقیدت مندان صداقت کیش دست استهداد در دامن این ضعیف البنیاد
زده مستدعی بآن شده که در شرح تجنیه العرائین پردازد الخ *

It is clear from this statement that the date of his death is not A.H. 1193 as is generally supposed. Further, it is worth noticing that at the bottom of the last page of a copy of his *Mudat* (see Part III, Vol. I, No. 146 above) the following inscription by an anonymous hand is found: "died 1203 A.H." The handwriting seems to be as old as the Ms. itself. This also supports, to a certain extent, the view that Abjadi died circa A. H. 1200. Burhān Khān observes in the preface to his *Tanzak-i Wālājāhī* (vide Part III, Vol. I., No. 304 above fol. 5*b*) that since Abjadi's *Anwar Namah* (Comp. A. H. 1174/A. D. 1760, 1761) celebrating the exploits of Nawāb Anwar Khān, did not comprise, due to poetical treatment of the subject, all the relevant events and anecdotes connected with the reign of Nawāb Anwar al-Dīn Khān, he commenced writing his *Tanzak-i Wālājāhī* on the request of Nawāb Muhammad Āli Khān in A. H. 1195/A.D. 1781, and finished the first *Daftar* of it and the *Muq-addimah* in A. H. 1200/A. D. 1786 (Vide *Ethe*, *Incl. Off. Lib. Cat.*, Vol. I., P. 196). But it is worth noticing that no mention of Abjadi's death is made either in the *Mudat* or in the work itself, showing thereby, though indirectly, that Abjadi was alive at the time. In this connection, it should also be noted that most of Abjadi's *خمسه منظومه viz-Zubdat al-Afkār*, *انوار نامه* *Anwar Namah*, *افکار* *Rāghib wa-Marghūb*, *هفت جواهر* *Haft Jauhar*, *انج و مرغوب* and *مودت نامه* *Mudat Namah* were transcribed between A. H. 1196 and 1197 (ref Mss. Nos. 2, 146, 112 and 113 above iii, i.) The handwriting of these Mss. seems to be identical. It is possible, though not certain, that the author himself might have been the scribe. In this case, the view that Abjadi died in A. H. 1193 becomes obviously wrong. Anyhow, this will be an interesting subject of later research.

Contents :

Preface, on fol. 1b, beginning :

الحمد لله الذي الهننا حقايق الحق *

Text, on fol. 2b, beginning :

مايم نظاز گان غمناک
زي حقه سبز و مهره خاک الحق *

Commentary, on fol. 2b, beginning :

زي بمعني طرف حقه سبز مراد از آسمان و مهره خاک کنایه از زمين باشد
و بيت ثاني علمت بيان بيست اول است حاصل اول هر دو بيت آنکه ما مردم
از نظر کردن آسمان و زمين غمناک هستيم الحق .

Headings or 'unwāns in red. quotations underlined. Neat and clear Nāsta'liq.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1249. Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

الحمد لله اما بعد آنکه بر خاطر دريا مقاطر روشن نغسان معني
رس الحق *

End :

از هاي مشتق پوايش
دو حلقه کنم بختاک پايش *
عقد بالفتح كره بالكسر رسته مرواويد وايرا بمعني زيرا يعنيه از بين
جهت - حت بمعني بر انگيختن كرامه بمعني قرآن مجيد آمده تهليل
لاله الا الله *

No. 618. (شرح قرآن السعدين) *
NŪR AL-'AYN (SHARH-'QIRĀN AL-SĀIDAYN)

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 6¾ inches. Pages, 106. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Nūral-Haqq. نورالحق

A useful Persian Commentary on Amir Khusran's (d. A. H. 725) famous Mathuawi styled Qirān al-Sa'dayn قرآن السعدين (Comp. A. H. 688/A. D. 1289), by Nural-Haqq, the son of the celebrated 'Abd al-Haqq Dihlawi, Bukhāri. The Qirān al-Sa'dayn gives an account of the meeting Sultān Mu'izz al-Din (A. H. 686-689 A. D. 1287-1290) with his father Nāsir al-Din in A. H. 688/A. D. 1289 at Delhi.

A. H. 1014/A. D. 1605, 1606 is the date of composition of the present work as contained in the following curious verse appearing on fol. 3b in the preface :

چشم عيب از ميان بردارند
مي شود شرح قرآن السعدين *

That is A. H. 1084-70 — A. H. 1014.

In Spr. Cat., P. 471, this verse is wrongly cited as follows :

چشم عیب از میان برون آرید
می شود شرح قرآن السعدین *

Two copies of this work are described in Spr. Cat., P. 471 and Riou II. P. 617b. It seems that these are the only three copies extant. But Spr.'s copy is either defective or the description given by Spr. is wrong. He states on page 471 that the preface to the Nūr al-Ayn was written by some one else. This statement seems to be wrong. No anonymous preface is known to have been written to the work. It was actually written by Nūr al-Haqq himself. Spronger quotes the following passage from the Ms. as the beginning of the commentary :

”خطبه کبریا و جزل سر پادشاهی را که پادشاهی است“

In the present Ms. this passage appears in the middle of the preface, namely, on fol. 2 a. Actually the commentary begins on fol. 4 a, with :

شکر گاری کردن که از روی تعظیم نعمت بخشا نیدد فهم شود الخ *

Two other commentaries to the Qirān al-Sa'dayn are described in Spr. Cat., p. 471, one by Abd al-Rasūl Qāsīm and the other by an anonymous writer. The title of the present work appears on fol. 2a. The actual name of the commentator is Nūr Muhammad but commonly known as Nūr al-Haqq (fol. 2b).

Unwāns in red ink. Occasional marginal notes. The fly leaf bears a seal which is not decipherable.

The copy is dated A.H. 1108.

Scribe and owner of the copy, Shaykh Dāwūd.

Preface, on fol. 1b, beginning:

شکر هزاران هزار بعصرت پروردگار الخ *

Commentary, on fol. 4a, beginning :

شکر گاری کردن کردن که از روی تعظیم نعمت بخشا نیدد فهم شود الخ *

Beginning :

شکر هزاران هزار بعصرت پروردگار خالق اللیل والنهار که برارده خالص
خالق است روح پاک محمدی را مخلوق کردا نیدد و فرستادن درود بپیشمار بران
محرم اسرار در اول و آخر هر ادعیه و افکار نیک با جانب پسندیده الخ *

End :

یعنی اگرچه من برینفنان آبدار مردم عبور بسیار کرده ام اگر از کسی
بر داشته ام

..... خنده دیدم دیدم در زیر چادر میکند - حیا شرم و باران

و معنی اول مقصود است و چادر عبارت از پرده ابر است *

No. 614. دیوان ابن یمن *

DĪWĀN-I- IBN-IY-AMĪN.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 117. Lines, 18-20 on a page: Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Amir Fakhr al-Din Mahmūd b. Yamīn,

امیر فخر الدین محمود بن ابن یمن *

Probably a restored copy of the Ms. described under D. No. 50 (a), Part III, Vol. I, above.

Contains some of the poetical works of Ibn-i Yamīn (d. A.H. 745/A.D. 1345).

Notices on the life and poetical works of Ibn-i Yamīn may be found, in Spr. Cat., pp. 433, 434, Rieu II, p. 825b; Ethe, Ind Off. Lib. Cat. Vol. I, Nos. 1230, 2881; and Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., p. 251, No. 582.

Beginning :

نا نور بر ظهور آوردی

دو جهان شد بیک نفس پیدا *

End :

هم یمن بس که غمت در جگر چاک من است *

No. 615. دیوان حافظ *

DĪWĀN-I HĀFĪZ.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{4} \times 5$ inches. Pages, 346. Lines, 14-15 on a page. Condition, damaged. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shams al-Dīn Muhammad Hāfiz of Shirāz شمس الدین محمد حافظ شیرازی

A collection of the poetical works of the celebrated Hāfiz of Shirāz, the greatest Persian lyric poet, who died in A.H. 791/A.D. 1389 according to the date recorded by Muhammad Gulandām, the friend of the poet and the compiler of his Dīwān.

An elaborate list of the books written about Hāfiz and his poetry may be found in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 720. His Dīwān was first edited by Abū Ṭālib Khān in Calcutta, A.D. 1791 and re-printed in A.D. 1826. Copies of the work are noticed under D. Nos. 14-16. Part III, Vol. I, above.

Detailed notices on Hāfiz and his poetical works may be found in Spr. Cat., p. 415; Rieu II., pp. 627-631; Ethe, Ind Off Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 719-728; Brn., Camb. un. Lib. Cat., pp. 346-351; Bk. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 231-269. Dr.B., Ind Off. Lib. Cat., pp. 48, 49, 52; Avānow, A.S.B. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 587-591; and A.S.B. "Curzon collection." Cat., Nos. 229, 230 and 232.

The present copy contains :

(1) Ghazals, in alphabetical order, on fol. 1 *b*, beginning

الا يا ايها الساعي ادر كاه ساونا ولها انسخ *

(2) Tarjiband, on fol. 161*a*, beginning :

اي داده بباد دوستداري انسخ *

(3) Tarkibband, on fol. 162 *b*, beginning :

سائي اگرت پرواي ميايے انسخ *

(4) Mathnawis, on fol. 164*a*, beginning :

سرفتنده دارد دگر روزگار انسخ *

(5) Muqatta'āt, on fol. 180*a*, beginning :

آصف عهد زمان خان جهان انسخ *

(6) Rubā'iyāt, on fol. 182*a*, beginning :

امشب ز غمت ميان خون خواهم خفت انسخ *

A few pages at the beginning are much damaged. Fol. 98*b* contains a seal which reads thus محمد جعفر امت خاک نعلين. Occasional marginal glosses. The copy is not dated. Apparently very old. Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

الا يا ايها الساعي ادر كاه ساونا ولها انسخ *

End :

در صحبت آنکسي که صاحب پندراست
 کز زهر خوري بدانکه شديرو شکر است *

No. 616. * مسعود بک *

DIWĀN.I MASŪD BEK.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 130. Lines, 18-20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mas,ūd Bek, مسعود بك

A restored copy of the Ms. described under D. No. 50, Part III, Vol. I, above Mas'ūd Bek died in A.H. 800/A.D. 1397, 1398. His original name was Shir Khān. He is the author of various works on sufism such, as the Tamhidāt تمهيدات the Mir'āt al-Ārifin مرآت العارفين (noticed in Ethe. Ind Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 1023 No. 1854) and the unum al-Nas ā ih. The present work is styled in Rieu II, p. 632*a*, No. Or. 312. Nūr al-'Ayn نور العين. The same title appears on fol. 1*a* in the short preface of the author to his Divān. It is also called Nūral-'Ayn or Nūr al-'uyūn. The Divān, contains Ghazals and Ruba'is in alphabetical order:

No. 617. شاهنامه

SHĀH NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 122. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Mirza Muhammad Qasim al-Husaynī of Janābādī Qāsīmī,

مرزا محمد قاسم الحسینی جنابادی قاسمی *

A Persian Mathnawi celebrating the exploits of Shāh Ismā'īl Safawī under whose time as is stated in the prologue on fol. 13a. the poem was commenced, but was not finished till after his death. The date of composition is contained in the following verso appearing on fol. 132-b of the Ms. No. Or. 339 described in Rieu II, p. 661a.

بلطف از سر نظم اگر بگذری

روان بی بتاریخ او آوری *

—A.H. 940/A.D. 1533-34.

No exact date of Qāsīmī's death is known, but so far it is certain that he was still alive in A.H. 979. The Khamsah-i-Qāsīmī, خمسه قاسمی or his five epic poems are well-known. This present poem is one of them. The other four are:—

- (1) Laylā wa Majnūn. لیلی و مجنون
- (2) Gūi wa changān. گوی و چوگان
- (3) Khusrau wa Shirin. خسرو و شیرین
- (4) Shāhrukh Nāmāh. شاهرخ نامہ

(Vide Ethe, Ind. Office Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 790-791 and Rieu II, pp. 660a 661b).

The present poem is variously styled, such as Shāh Nāmāh (شاهنامه) Shahinsha Nāmāh (شاهنشاه نامہ), Ismail Nāmāh (اسماعیل نامہ) and Shāhinsha Nāmāh (شاهنشاه نامہ)

The copy is incomplete at the end. Neither the name of the author nor the title of the work appear anywhere in the Ms.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

خداوند بدیعوں خدائی تراست

بر اقلیم جان بادشاهی تراست *

End :

ز شیر مولاد جنگی

جہاں بیشہ پر ز شیر پلنگی *

No. 618. دیوان آصفی

DĪWĀN-I ĀṢAFĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 110. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Khwājah Āsafi b Muqīm al-Din Ni'mat Allāh.

خواجہ آصفی بن مقیم الدین نعمت اللہ :

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 1, Part I., Vol. III, above.

The poems of Āsafi, who died according to the best authorities in A. H. 923/A.D. 1517. This copy consists chiefly of Ghazals in alphabetical order, with a few Rubā'is at the end.

Detailed notices regarding the life and poetical works of Āsafi may be found in Rieu II., P. 651 : Spr. Cat., pp. 20, 71, and 310 : Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 1393-1397 : and Ivanow, A. S. B. Cat., Nos. 647, 923 (58), 926 (4), 934, 939 (3) and 952 (1).

No. 619. شرح قصائد عربی

SHARH-I-QAṢĀ'ID-I-URFI.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 152. Lines, 14 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mullā Abū al-Barakāt Munir Laḥūrī * ملا ابوالبرکات منیر لاهوری :

A persian commentary on difficult verses in forty-one select Qaṣīdahs of 'urfi (d. A. H. 999/A.D. 1591). Munir died, according to most of the Tazkirah-writers, in A.H. 1054/A.D. 1644 (vide Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 1148, No. 2078 and Spr. Cat., p. 129). But according to the following statement appearing on fol. 5 a in the preface, the date seems to be quite different.

بموجب اتفاق حسنه شبی از شبهای رمضان المبارک ۱۰۵۷ هجری یکم هزار
پنججاه و هفت هجری از خادمان آنمخدوم ارباب سخن بعد از بست و در سال
ازبرمانپور آمده این اوراق را که بر لطایف طبع آن عزیز مضردانش افتاد که
بمقتضای محبت باطنی بامدتی مهر افشاندہ درکنار گرفتارم آنخ *

It is clear from this statement that in A. H. 1057 Munir was no longer alive ; twenty-two years had already passed since his death. The date of his death should, therefore, be placed in A.H. 1035. بعد از بست و در سال refers without doubt to the death of Munir (vide Bk. Lib. Cat., Vol. II, p. 200).

The present copy contains a preface by an unknown author. The author states in the preface that Munir wrote this commentary at the request of some of his friends, but before he could finish it he died. He speaks highly of Munir's

literary taste and his wonderful skill in poetic art and fine prose-writing and his masterly explanation of difficult Persian verses. Munir died and most of his incomplete works remained uncollected (fol. 4b). Three of his works entitled *Kulliyāt-i-Munir*, کلیات منیر, *Nigaristān-i Munir* نگارستان منیر and *Ruqaāt-i Munir*, رقعات منیر are described under Nos. 94, 205 (a) and 243 Part III Vol. I, above. His *Bahār-i Sukhan*, *Naubādah*, *Kāristān*, *Karnāmah* and *Inshā'-i Munir* are noticed in *Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat.*, pp. 1148-1150.

Other Persian commentaries on 'Urfi are: (1) *The Miftah al-Nukāt* by Mirzā Jān, completed in A. H. 1073/A.D. 1662, 1663 (vide *Spr. Cat.*, p. 530 and *Rieu ii*, p. 668) (2) *The Nigār Nāmah-i Faydhī* by Muhammad Shāfi, completed in A. H. 1111 (vide *Spr. Cat.*, p. 529), 'Urfi's *Qasīdahs*, a complete copy of which is found in this library (vide D. No. 75 iii, i above) are repeatedly printed in India. The English translation of selected *Qasīdahs* of 'Urfi was published in Calcutta in A.D. 1887.

The copy is not dated. Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

فیم آفرینی را سپاس که رشته جان سخن را با تار نفس سخن سنجان پیوند
کرده است *

End :

یعنی موصوف به تهذیب اخلاق میکند و ظاهر است که صفات دیگر
از اینها کل میکند *

No. 620. دیوان مظهر جان جانان

DIWĀN-I MAZHAR JAN JĀNĀN.

Substance, paper. Size. $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$ inches. Pages, 160. Lines, 9 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Jānjānān Mazhar, جان جانان مظهر

Poems of Mazhar, with his full name Shamsal-Dīn Habīb Allah who was born in A. H. 1111 or 1113 and died in Delhi in A. H. 1195/A.D. 1781. A work entitled *Diwān-i Mazhar* دیوان مظهر by Muhammad Na'im Bḥarānchi, and devoted to the life of the poet, is noticed in *Rieu I*, p. 363. It is stated that Mazhar had selected only one thousand verses out of 2000 which he had composed. He has also composed many ghazals in the *Rikhtah* ریخته, a specimen of which is found at the end of the present copy. An album, containing his own selections styled *Ḥurūf-i Jārah* حروف جواهر is to be found in the Ms. described under D. 470, part III, Vol. I above.

The present copy is preceded by a preface in prose containing short auto-biographical notes which have been reproduced in full in Spr. Cat., p. 488. The following note by a different hand appears on the fly-leaf:

انشاء اللہ این کتاب را بعد فراغت نظر ثانی کرده بہر اتفاق قانون فقراتش را وہم عبارات را بہمراہ دلائل خواہم نوشت پس اینکہ عبارات بے طور نوشتہ شدہ است سببش اینست کہ دریک روز ہمہ حاصل مطالب را نوشتہ ام بسبب یاد داشت چرا کہ از خیال کم نگردد و مطالب وغیرہ اکثر برابر نیست بعد فرست درست خواہم کرد *

The Ghazals are not in alphabetical order. Some lines have been left blank. A number of words are missing in the couplets, but in many cases the missing words have been substituted and are marked in red. Besides Ghazals, it contains Mathnavi's Rubā'is, Qita'āt, Farliyāt, Mukhammasāt and a number of chronograms. Written in clear and neat Nasta'liq. Copious marginal and interlinear glosses and explanatory notes.

Further notices on Mazhar may be found in Spr. Cat., p. 488; Bk. Lib. Cat. (Suppl) Vol. I, p. 214 and Avanow, A. S. B. Cat., p. 398. See also D. Nos. 51, 52 and 470, III, I, above.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1274.

Scribe and owner, Haydar Husayn Fārūqī.

Colophon on fol. 80a.

”با تمام رسید کتاب دیوان میرزا مظہر علیہ الرحمہ بوقت مغرب
بتاریخ دوازدهم رمضان المبارک ۱۲۷۳ ہجری این قدر چیز
نایدت ہمراہ“

Beginning of the Urdu ghazal on fol. 80b.

اوس گل کو بہیچنا ہی مچھی خط صبا کے ہات
اسواٹے بکا ہوں چمن میں ہوا کے ہات *

Beginning of the text on fol. 2b.

آبی نزد بروئی گوان خواب بخت ما
با آنکہ گریہ داد بہ سیلاب رخت ما الخ *

End :

دلی دارم خیر داد خواہے
کنوں سر میکنم حرفی و آہے *

No. 621. دیوان وحشت

DIWĀN-I WAHSHAT.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{3}{4} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 265. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mir Jamāl al-Dīn Muḥammad Ṭabāṭabā'i. میر جمال الدین محمد طباطبائی

A restored copy of the Ms. described under D. No. 62, Part III, Vol. I, above.

The lyrical poems of Jamāl al-Dīn Muḥammad Ṭabāṭabā'i, poetically known Wahsha', who probably lived in A. H. 1066.

The original copy D. No. 62, Part III, Vol. I, above from which the present transcript has been restored is a very important old Ms. being transcribed in A. H. 1066, by 'Alī al-Husaynī al-Makkī b. Sayyid Ibrāhīm al-Astarābādi (fol. 1a) or Al-Jurjānī (fol. 163a), who calls himself (fol. 1a) the brother of the poet. According to the following note on fol. 163a the copy was read from the beginning to the end by the poet himself.

این اوراق از اول تا آخر بنظر قائل جمال الدین محمد طباطبائی رسید

It appears that the original is very rare copy, extant only in our Library. It bears three identical seals which read thus :

”بطوف کعبه درگاه سید علی قطب دیهم زمانه ابن ابراهیم *

The following note appears on the fly-leaf:

دیوان سیدت و نجابت پناهی اخوی ... میر جمال الدین محمد
طباطبائی وحشت تخاصر که در عنقوران جوانی بخط خود نوشته ام — علی
الحسینی المکی *

The identity of the author cannot be established with certainty. He is probably identical with Jalāl al-Dīn Muḥammad Ṭabāṭabā'i who came from Iṣfihān to India in A. H. 1044 and died after A. H. 1062 and to whom the authorship of the Pādshah Nāmah پادشاه نامه and the Tauqī'āt تویقات are ascribed. He has also written prose-prefaces to the Diwān-i Abū Ṭālib Kalim' Qudsi and Hakīm Shifā'i. But it is not certain whether this Jalāl al-Dīn Muḥammad was poetically called Wahshat. Several poets with this Takhallaṣ are mentioned in various Tazkirahs. It is noticed that sometimes the names Jalāl and Jamāl are confused by the Tazkirah-writers. The same confusion, it appears has occurred in the name of the present author.

Beginning :

اے نور تو در محفل دل شمع روا تھا
پروانہ حمد تو زبا تھا بدھا تھا الصخ *

End :

اے شاخ خزان دیدہ دل افسردہ ، باش
آید روزی کہ زیب گلزار شود *

No. 622. لیلی و مجنون

LAYLĀ WA MAJNŪN.

Substance, paper. Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 145. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good.
Mode of writing, fair.

Extent, complete.

Author, Maulānā 'Abd Allāh Hātifi مولانا عبد اللہ ہا می

A good copy of the epic poem celebrating the loves of Laylā Majnūn. It was composed by 'Abd Allāh Hātifi of Jām, the reputed Jamis' nephew, who, according to the following verse appearing on fol. 73b composed by Maulānā Habib Allāh, died in A.H. 927/A.D. 1521 :

تاریخ فوت او طلبیدم ز عقل گفت
از شاعر شہان و شہ شاعران طلب *

It is said that Hātifi was unrivalled in his day as a Mathnavi-writer. In the epilogue he describes himself as a rightful successor of Nizāmi and Khusrau. He was a great admirer of Nizāmi and this may be inferred from the verses contained in the Khātimah on foll. 70b and 71a. It is requested that at the request of Shāh Ismā'il, Hātifi commenced writing a Mathnawi celebrating the later's victories. Of this Mathnawi however, he was able to write only a thousand lines which seem to be rare.

Hātifi intended, as he himself states in the epilogue, to write a Khamsah similar to that of Nizāmi and Khusrau. But out of this projected ~~کتاب~~ only four are extant. The first is the present work. The other three are Timūr Nāmah ~~کتاب~~ copies of which are noticed in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, Nos. 1410-1416; Rieu. II, pp. 653a-654b and Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., pp. 649-652, Haft Manzar (Rieu II, p. 653b and Ivanow, A. S. B. Cat., p. 653), and Shirin wa Khusrau. He is known to have composed other works also which are not at present extant.

For further notices on Hātifi's life and works, refer Spr. Cat., Vol. I. pp. 412-422; Rieu II, pp. 653-654; Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I., pp. 776-779; and Ivanow, A.S. B. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 286-288.

A list of other poetic works bearing similar title, namely, Laylā wa Majnūn is given below.

(1) Majnūn wa Laylā (comp. A. H. 698) by Amir Khusrau of Delhi (d. A. H. 725) (2) by Badr al-Din Hilālī of Astrābād (d. A. H. 939) (3) by Dhamirī of Isfahān (d. A. H. 990). (4) by Hindū (comp. probably before A. H. 1055) a copy

of this work is noticed in the Bodl. Cat., No. 1101. (5) by 'Abd al-Rahmān Jāmi (d. A. H. 898), composed in A. H. 889. (6) by Nizāmī (d. A. H. 599), composed in A. H. 584. (7) by Muhammad Qāsīm Qāsīm (d. after A. H. 979). (8) by Rūh al-Amin of Isfahān (d. A. H. 1047).

The name of the present work appears in the following verse on fol. 71b.

این قصه رسید چون با تمام
لیلی مجنون نهادمش نام *

At the end of the MS. on foll. 72a-73b is found a valuable preface in prose containing biographical notes on Hātifi. This ملاحقه نامش عبدالله خواهر زاده begins with and ends with the verse.

از شاعر بهان و به شاعران طلب

The work has been lithographed, Lucknow, A. H. 1279. All pages in the present copy have coloured borders. The fly-leaf bears a seal which is not decipherable.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1247.

Scribe, Muhammad Wajih al-Din Siddiqi.

Beginning :

این نامه که خامه کرد بنیاد
توتیغ قبول رویش باد آخ *

End :

کردند نداء این کهن دیر
کا حسنت احسنت تم بالخیر *

No. 623. قصاید یوسفی

QAṢĀ'ID-I YUSUFĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 76. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition good. Mode of writing, fair. Appearance, new.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Yusufi. یوسفی

A restored copy of the MS. described under D. No. 77, Part III, Vol. I above.

It consists mainly of Qasīdahs. The poet is probably identical with the famous physician Yusuf b. Muhammad of Harāt or otherwise called Mullā or Maulānā Yusufi, the author of Inshā'i Yusufi or Badā'i al-Inshā'. Refer also Nos. 225-229 Part III, Vol. I. For his medical works. See Rien II. P. 475b.

No. 624. دیوان جمال الدین

DIWĀN -I JAMĀL AL-DIN.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 323. Lines, 20 on a page. Language, persian. Character, Nasta'liq. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Subject, poetry.

Author, Jamāl al-Dīn b. 'Abd al-Razzāq Isfahānī

جمال الدين بن عبد الرزاق اصفهانی *

A restored copy of the MS. described under D. No. 13, Part III, Vol. I above.

A collection of Jamāls Qaṣīdahs, Ghazals and Rubā'is. He died according to most Tazkirah-writers in A.H. 588/A.D. 1192.

Brief notices regarding the life of the poet may be found in Spr. Cat. PP. 445 and 446; Ethc, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Nos. 724-725 (869) and Rieu II, P. 581a.

No. 625. شرح دیوان علی بن ابی طالب

SHARH-I DĪWĀN-I 'ALĪ BIN ABĪ TĀLIB.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 600. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Husayn b. Mu'in al-Dīn al-Maybadī حسین بن معین الدین مایبدی

A good Persian commentary upon the alleged Arabic Diwān of 'Alī b. Abī Tālib, the fourth Caliph of Islam. The work was completed in Ṣafar, A.H. 890/A.D. 1485. (Vide Ethc, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, P. 1448, No. 2663, and Rieu I, PP. 19 and 20). The most correct date of Husayn's death may be placed in A.H. 910/A.D. 1504. He is known as the author of some philosophical works and a short treatise on astronomy. His Jām-i Gaytinuma is noticed in Rieu II, P. 812b. No. 7720, III. He used in poetry the 'Takhalluṣ of Mantıqī سنطقی. For further notices on the life and works of the commentator, refer Ethc, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., PP. 1448, 1449 and 1450; Rieu I, PP. 19 and 20, II, P. 812b; and the Bk. Cat., Vol. IX, PP. 182-185.

For the Arabic original, syled Anwār al-'Uqūl min Kalāmi Wassiyy-al-Rasūl, refer No. 43, II, I. above, and the 'Ar. Cat., of the Brit. Mus. P. 276. The genuineness of Hadhrat 'Alis Arabic Diwān may be much doubted. This controversial problem requires much time and space, but it is sufficed to quote the passage appearing on page 19b, Rieu Cat., Vol. I.

"Maibudi found in the religious poems a scribed to 'Alī a convenient text for Ṣūfi comments. So little was he convinced of their genuineness that he says in his preface that he would be glad to think that the Diwān contained a single line proceeding from its reputed author."

The present copy is slightly incomplete at the end. It opens with the first Bayt of 'Ali's Diwān, without the introductory preface known as Fawātih-i Maybudī, فوائج ميبودی, which is divided into seven sections-called فاجه copies of which are noticed in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Nos. 2663-2665; and Rieu I, p. 19, No. 7536. Both the Persian commentary and the Arabic text are written in the Nasta'liq character. The fly-leaf which is not decipherable but the following date appears below it.

بمقام جمادى الثاني ١١٩٣ هجري *

The copy is not dated. Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

الناس من جهته التمثال اكفاء

ابوهم آدم ولام حواء *

مفهوم تعريف اشتاوتست به تعيين و تمميز يعني در زبان سامع الخ *

End :

يخص مناقب اهل البيت حاضرها

لوكان يضبط عدانرمل

مهما تري صاف عقد من مد يحهم

في نظمه وزار الجوتضمينا *

ناله درد No. 626.

NĀLAH-I DARD.

Substance, paper. Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Pages, 198. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Khwājah Mir Dard. خواجه مير درد

The other work herein is Āḥ-i Sard fol. 101a.

A Persian commentary on Mir Dard's selected mystical verses, compiled by the poet himself. He was the son of Khwājah Muhammad Nāsir, poetically called 'Andalib عندليب, the author of the Bāzī-i Hoshafzā and the Nālah-i 'Andalib (Comp. A.H. 1153). Dard wrote, as he states in the preface, a treatise on prayer styled Asrār-i Ṣalāt, when he was only fifteen years old, and another work, entitled Wāridāl-i Dard at the age of twenty-nine, to which he wrote a commentary, called 'Ilm al-Kitāb (fol. 3a and 4b). He has also left a number of other works. He is considered to be one of the greatest mystic poets of the age.

The work has been lithographed in the Kabiri Press (India) A.H. 1266/A.D. 1850.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known. But it seems probable that this work along with his Āḥ-i Sard appearing on fol. 101a was transcribed in A.H. 1262.

Beginning :

حمد الهي کجا اردست من بيد ستگاه کما حقه سر انجام خواهد يا فت تا
زبان خاهه باں تر نمايم الصخ *

End :

والله هو الناصر والمعين وبه نستغفر ونستعين اللهم صل عني سيدنا محمد
صلوة بعد د كل صفات كمالك و بعدد كل انوار جمالك و بعدد انوار جلالك *

No. 627. آه سرد

AH-I SARD.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 6 inches. Pages, 168. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good.

Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Khwājah Mir Dard, خواجه مير درد

Begins on fol. 101a of the MS. described under D. No. 626 above.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1262. Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

حمديكه شايان جناب اقدس الوهيت باشد از بيجكس راصف نهي
آيد الصخ *

End :

اصبغنا واصبغ الملوك الله رب العالمين اللهم اني اسئلك خيرا هذا اليوم
فتحه و نصره و بركته و هداة و اعون بك من شر ما فيه و شر ما بعده يا ناصر يا ناصر
با ناصر *

No. 628. ديوان ترخان *

DĪWĀN-I TIRKHĀN.

Substance, paper. Size, 10¼ × 9½ inches. Pages, 226. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good.

Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Nūr al-Dīn Muhammad Tir Khān, نور الدين محمد ترخان

A restored copy of a rare MS. described under D. No. 12. Part III, Vol. I above.

Contains Ghazals, Qasidahs, Rubā'iyāt and Chronograms, composed by Tir Khān. These poems were composed by the poet as is stated on fol. 2b in the preface, during the reign of Emperor Akbar, in A.H. 981. The original copy of his Diwān found in this Library and described under D. No. 12, Part III, Vol. I above is the oldest extant. No other copy of this MS. is known to be found in any other Libraries. Extract from the preface is furnished below :

” و بعد دوستان هذا بنده قديم الخدمت و اخرالعقيدت كمتريين
 دولتخواهان ... عالي نشان نورالدين محمدالملقب بفان ترخان
 وموقف جلال مير ساند که چون اين بنده کمدين ازسن بست سالگي کمر جدو
 اجتهاد بخدمت ملازمت حضرت بادشاه جم جاه سليمان مغفرت پناه جنت
 آسيان افضل الملوك واسلطين اکمل اهل الملوك بين العالمين قدوة العالمين
 والمحققين ظل الله ناصرالائم والدين مجازي ابو الفتح نصيرالدين محمد
 همايون پادشاه الغازي طاب ثراه وجعل جنته مثواه بسته بود بعد از خدمات
 لائمه شانه درملک اهل نشست وپم صحبتان خاص آنحضرت جاي داشت
 واز زمرة اهل مباحثه محسوب ودر اکثر درسها از شرکاء معدوده وبعض اوقات
 از جمله شاگردان مخصوص بوده استعداد رياضيات خصوص درس اصطولاب
 از آنحضرت جنت منزلت مي نمود در اين اثنا طبع نقادو ذهن وقاد به
 تحصيل نقود علوم نسيه شريعه و حکماء اشتغال ميمود - گاه گاه نظمه بر
 زبان شکسته بيان مي گذشت و به موافقت نام نوي تخلص ميکرد *

ابرالفتح جلال الدين محمد اکبر بادشاه الغازي خلدالله تعالي ملکه
 سلطنة ولا زال برة واهسانه الي يوم الدين واین بنده قديم را بنابر خدمات
 وسابقه ولا حقه نوازش بسيار فرمودند و به خطاب خاني و ترخاني از جمله تخلصها
 است که کسی پيروامون آن نگشته واز اتفاقات حسنه است که ملقب بان شده بنا
 برين تخلصي را برگزيده و چون بنندگان حضرت بواسطه طبع موزون قسايد
 و غزليات و قطعات و رباعيات و نواريخ که در مدح آن حضرت و بادت شانزاده
 عالی تدار عالی مقدار ملک اقتدار برخوردار سعادت يار مول الله تعالي اعمارهم
 و خلد آثارهم گفته شده بود خواست که جمع سازد بتاریخ سنه احدي وثمانين
 وتسع مائة زندگاني از حدود ستين تجاوز نهوده بود ترتيب اين
 ابیات که فايق برد و هزار است و در مدحت آن شاه عالم مدار بوجه
 منابر نمود امید دارد که عمر وفا نماید تا بصد يزار رسد *

ديوان فاني * No. 629.

DĪWĀN-I FĀNĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, 10½ × 9½ inches. Pages, 127. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good.
 Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, incomplete:

Author, Shaykh Muhsin Fāni, شيخ محسن فاني

A restored copy of the work described under D. No. 35, Part III, Vol. I
 above.

No. 630. * دیوان نریدی

DĪWĀN-I NAWĪDĪ.

Substance, paper. Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 19. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good
Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, new.

Extent, complete.

Author, Nawidī, نریدی

A collection of Nawidī's Ghazals. This Nawidī cannot be identified as there are so many poets with the same Takhalluṣ. The present Dīwān is identical with that noticed in Ivanow, A.S.B. Cat., No. 320, pp. 15-19.

Beginning :

در صفت ترک الف {
صد شکر که شد دولت وصل تو مبرسر
گردید ز خورشید رخسار دیده منور الصبح *

End :

از صبح وجود تو تا بشب گاه عدم
چون چشم کشودم نفسی دیدم و بس *

No. 631. * بیاض اشعار متذوقه

BAYĀDH-I ASH'ĀR-I MUTAFARRIQAḤ.

Substance, paper. Size, $6\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Pages, 72. Lines, 4-20 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Mode of writing, bad. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Short selections from a few Persian poets. The arrangement of the contents of the copy is in a hopeless state of confusion. There are no catchwords in the pages. The copy contains the following miscellaneous :

(1) Foll. 1a—13b, a Persian prose treatise on mathematics. Several pages are up-turned. A few select Persian verses are inserted in the pages. The treatise opens with :

دانستن قاعدۀ حساب ضرب قسمت الصبح *

(2) Foll. 14a—18b, another Persian treatise in prose, here styled dealing with نور نامۀ محمد مصطفی صلعم with نور محمدی the Light of the Prophet Mohamed. It begins with :

الحمد لله نزل است که چرخ نور حضرت رسول صلعم آفریده شد الصبح *

Fol. 19 contains a few Persian verses.

(3) Foll. 20a—21a, a Persian fragment in prose, styled *بیان چہارده منعموم* a short description of the fourteen Shi'ate Imāms, beginning :

طرفہ چہارده منعموم پاک اول محمد اکبر بن امیرالمومنین الص *
 (4) Foll. 23a—25b, some verses of the Quran and their effect on magic.

(5) Foll. 27b—30b, a few Urdu verses in praise of Hadhrat 'Ali, composed by one *مقصود علی بیگ مرحوم* beginning :

اقلیم یمین وجود کے سلطان دین ہوئے
 افراسیاب و خسرو خاقان چین ہوئے *

Fol. 31 has lacunæ.

(6) Foll. 32a—36a, Persian verses, selected from various *Diwāns*. The initial verse begins with :

دو عالم چوں یکے دارندہ اشیا بود
 ہر یکے در ذات یکتائی بے ہمتا بود الص *

The copy is written by a number of hands.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

دانستن قاعدہ حساب ضرب قسمت باب اول تضعیف یعنی عدد
 ہم وزن راتحت و فوق نوشتہ الص *

End :

چوتن درلحد اندازی مکن باخاک انبازی
 دران جا رحمت سازی ہوین بیچار یا اللہ *
 شکستہ دل ہمی نالد بدرگاہ تو نصرالدین
 برو رحمت فرماں کن برین گفتار یا اللہ *

No. 632. منتخب اشعار *

MUNTAKHAB ASH'ĀR.

Substance, paper. Size, 8½ × 5¼ inches. Pages, 242. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, much injured. Mode of writing, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

A short anthology containing specimens of poetry, selected from the *Diwāns* of Hāfiz, Šāib and Mirzā Jalāl Asīr. The name of the compiler and the date of compilation are not to be found anywhere in the MS. The copy is much damaged and is slightly incomplete both at the beginning and end. The whole copy is supplied by the same hand.

Contents :

(1) Ghazaliyāt-i Hāfiz (d. A.H. 791), foll. 1a—25b. The Ghazaliyāt are arranged in alphabetical order. Fol. 25 contains some of his select. Rubā'iyāt.

(2) Muntakhab-i Azh'ār-i Sāib (d. A.H. 1088), foll. 27b—68b. Ghazals in alphabetical order.

(3) Muntakhab Ash'ār-i Mirzā Jalāl Asir, an intimate friend of Shāh 'Abbās (d. A.H. 1049). Ghazals in alphabetical order, fol. 69b—121b. A few Ghazals of Asir are missing at the end. The copy abruptly opens with :

لب از مطرب که آبخ *

The date of transcription is not known, but the copy is apparently old. Scribe, not mentioned.

Beginning :

لب از مطرب که دل خوش باد و ی را
شنیدم ناله جان سوزی را آبخ *

End :

دلم آئینه دار سینه صافست
اگر رنجیده رنجیده باشی *

No. 633. * امام‌قیمان

MĀMUQĪMĀN.

Substance, paper. Size, $6\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 30. Lines, 6-10 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, not good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Wisāli, وصالی

The other works herein are (1) Mahmūd Nāmah fol. 16b, (2) Ṭuṭi Nāmah fol. 26b.

The well-known Tarjī-band, called from its two initial words, Māmuqīmā, امام‌قیمان

The copy is written in a bad hand writing. The work has been repeatedly printed.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not mentioned.

No. 634. * محمود نامه

MAHMŪD NĀMAH.

Substance, paper. Size, $6\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 19. Lines, 10-12 on a page. Condition, good. Mode of writing, Nasta'liq. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mahmūd. محمود

Begins on fol. 166 of the MS. described under D. No. 633 above.

A short collection of Ghazals, arranged in alphabetical order.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

ایداغ بزدل ازغم خال تو لاله را
شرمندہ ساخت آہوے چشمت غزالہ را *

End :

یانت چوں محمود بدبھارہ ایاز شوخ را
من سگت اویم مرا ہر بار بودے کاشکے *

LOGIC.

No. 635. * شرح تہذیب

SHARH-I-TAHZĪB.

Size, $9\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 150. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old. Extent, complete.

Author, Jamāluddīn Muḥammad-b-Mahmūd al-Husaynī al-Shahrastānī.

جمال الدين محمد بن محمود الحسینی الشہرستانی

A Persian commentary on the well-known work in Arabic styled. "Tahzib al-Mantiq" تہذیب المنطق of 'Allāmah Sa'd al-Dīn b-'Umar al-Taftūzānī علامہ سعد الدین ابن عمر التفتازانی (d. A.H. 791 or 792/A.D. 1389, 1390).

Date of transcription and the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

سپاس بیخند و دیاس حکیمے را مزد کہ زیار را منطق فصیح و دل را
تصور حق و تصدیق صحیحہ فرامت فرہود الخ *

End :

وہذا بالمقاصد اکتبہ یعنی آنچه مذکور شد واین ظاہر شد
از بیان مذکور *

ASTROLOGY AND ASTRONOMY, ETC.

No. 636. * رسالہ در معرفت اصطراب *

RISĀLAH DAR MA'RIFAT-I UŞṬRLĀB.

Size, $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 48. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Nasir al-Din Ṭūsī. ناصر الدین توسی

A Persian treatise on astrolabe, divided into twenty chapters or بابست Nasir-al-Din Tūsi is the author of a number of works including the Akhlaq-i Nāsiri.

Other copies of the present work are noticed in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat. No. 2254, 2; Rieu II, p. 453a; and the A.S.B. Cat. (Curzon collection), Vol. I, p. 396; No. 569. A detailed commentary on the same is described in Rieu II, p. 453b, wherein it is styled شرح بابست باب در معرفت اصطیلاب

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

Beginning:

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلاة على عباده المقربين خصوصاً علي محمد وآله اجمعين الصخ *

End :

این است تمامی سخنان در معرفت اصطیلاب والله اعلم بالصواب *

No. 637. رساله در معرفت کرد *
RISĀLAH DAR MA'RIFAT-I KURAH.

Size, 9½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 43. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 25a of the MS. described under D. No. 636 above. A short Persian treatise on astronomy, with special reference to the globe, its construction and explanation together with an account of methods for determining the direction of قیام.

The date of transcription and the scribe not mentioned.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلاة على سيدنا
بدانکه این کتاب بدیست در معرفت کره که هر که برین عمل واقف شود
از اصطیلاب مستغنی گردد الصخ *

End :

همه کواکب را امتحان برین کونه باید کرد و همچنین مطالع البروج *

No. 638. رساله فی الهیئته *
RISĀLAH FI AL-HA'Y'AT.

Size, 9½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 103. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Alā al-Din Ali b-Muhammad al-Qoshji,

علاء الدین علی بن محمد القوشجی *

Begins on fol. 46b of the MS. described under D. No. 636 above.

A treatise on astronomy, written for Muhammad II. The author died in A.H. 879/A.D. 1474, 1475. For full details regarding the life and works of the author, refer Rieu II, pp. 455—458; Ethé Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, pp. 1221 and 1223 and also No. 2240.

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين وحمد الشاكرين والصلوة على خير خلقه الصخ *

End :

وبست و دو برابر زمين است و اصغر ثوابت مرصودة بست و سه برابر
زمين است *

No. 639. رساله در علم رياضی *
RISĀLAH DAR 'ILM-I RIYĀDHĪ.

Size, $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 16. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 46b of the MS. described under D. No. 636 above.

This copy which is defective at the beginning seems to be only a part of a larger work, the identity of which cannot be traced out. The present copy is only the 27th Chapter of that larger work. This Chapter deals with the methods of knowing Qiblah by means of a circle.

Date of transcription and the scribe not known. دائرة

Beginning :

باب بست پنجم در دانستن سمت قبله در اقالیم سبعة بطریق دائره
هندی الصخ *

End :

و این تمام عرض بند است از نود کم کرده باشد مانند این چندین
معرض بند همه است چون موافق بود بر صد برین اعتماد افتاد *

No. 640. رساله نجوم *
RISĀLAH-I NUJŪM.

Size, $12 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 5. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 19a of the MS. described under D. No. 96, Part I, Vol. II above
A Persian treatise on astrology.

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

Beginning :

أل ي ع نعلق صريخ الخ *

End :

فسيهان الذي بيده الملكوت كل شيء واليه ترجعون *

No. 641. * رساله در علم نجوم *

RISĀLAH DAR 'ILM-I NUJŪM.

Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 7. Lines, 23 on a page. Condition, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 54b of the MS. described under D. No. 96, Part I, Vol. II, above.

A fragment on the propitious hours for the beginning of various undertakings, with numerous astrological tables, showing the various influences of various constellations at every day, hour, etc. The copy is preceded by the well-known "Fāl Nāmāh" attributed to Imām Ja'far Ṣādiq.

Date of transcription and the name of the author not known.

Beginning :

بر روایت حضرت امام جعفر صادق رضي الله عنه فرموده است الخ *

End :

يا زد هم تاس عطار دوازدهم تاس قمر *

No. 642. * بيان تقسيم ساعات *

BAYĀN-I TAQSĪM-I SĀ'ĀT.

Size, 9½ × 7½ inches. Pages, 140. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

A calendar on the division of time.

The copy is defective both at the beginning and end.

At the end of the copy there is a separate folio containing historical notes regarding the life of Anandram Mukhlis (d. A.H. 1164/A.D. 1757), the author of the Mir'at al-Anwār مرآت الانوار noticed in Rieu III, p. 997.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بیان تقسیم ساعات به کواکب مدعیه بدانکه شبها فرورز رابست و چهار

End :

ساعت است الصخ *
دوم نکاح حضرت یوسف وزلیخا است میوم نکاح حضرت موسی و صفورا است علیه السلام *

No. 643. * تقویم

TAQWĪM.

Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 34. Lines, 26 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Contains astrological tables.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Colophon :

تمت تمام شد تقویم سال اول من تصنیف ملی اشور واد بهواه شنکر

Beginning :

منعم ساکن سجدهلی بندر *
الحمد لله الذي جعل الشمس ضياء والقمر نوراً و قدره و منازل اتعلموا

End :

عدد السنين والحساب الصخ *
قمر در برج حمل اول شام مقارنه زهره تمام شب ۲۱ گهڑی شب گذشته *

MEDICINE.

No. 644. * طب الاکبر جلد اول *

ṬIBB AL-AKBAR (Vol. I).

Size, $11\frac{1}{8} \times 7\frac{1}{8}$ inches. Pages, 432. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muhammad Akbar, known as Muhammad Arzāni

محمد اکبر عرف محمد ارزانی *

Similar to the works described under D. Nos. 368, 369, Part III, Vol. I above.

The present copy contains twelve Babs only. There a few marginal notes supplied by two different hands. The MS. contains two seals which are not decipherable. The work has been printed.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1247.

Scribe, Shaykh Ādam, son of Shaykh ' Abd- al-Qādir.

Beginning :

صحيح تبيين كلا ميکه مشام ناطقده دانش ائين را الصخ *

End :

ازالہ برم از عصر ماؤف مع رعایت قوتہ عمدہ بايد کرد *

No. 645. * ميزان الطب *

MIZĀN AL-TIBB.

Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 302. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muhammad Akbar, محمد اکبر ارزانی

Similar to the works described under D. Nos. 389, 390, Part III, Vol. I above. The work has been printed.

For other works of the author, refer D. Nos. 368, 369, 387, Part III, Vol. I above and D. No. 646 below.

At the end of the MS. there are four pages dealing with urinal diseases.

Date of transcription A.H. 1257 or 1207.

Scribe, Ghulām Muhammad.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين الصخ *

End :

و گفته اند جگر همان سنگ بریان کرده خورا نيدن نفع دارد *

No. 646. * مفرح القلوب *

MUFARRIH AL-QULŪB.

Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 640. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muhammad Akbar, محمد اکبر ارزانی

Similar to the work described under D. No. 387, Part III, Vol. I, above. A commentary on the well-known Arabic book entitled Qānūnchah. قانونچه (Vide D. Nos. 166, 167, Part II, Vol. I above). The present copy contains only the first volume of the مفرح القلوب. The work has been printed at Lucknow, A.D. 1883 (fourth edition).

Date of transcription, 1258.

Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين والصلوة والسلام علي سيد المرسلين الصخ *

End :

چون بحث فنی در غایت غموض بود جهد تمام در بسط کلام نموده
ایم تا طالبان را اطلع بر اسرار این کما حقہ مستحصل باشد انشاء اللہ تعالی *

No. 647. * مناظر الابدال

MANĀZIR AL-ABDĀL.

Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 76. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Maulvi Hakim Muhammad Yahya Nudrat.

مولوی حکیم محمد یحیی ندرت *

A short treatise dealing with the properties and peculiarities of various medical herbs, flowers, roots, etc., arranged in alphabetical order. The work has been printed.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1268.

Scribe, Abu Bakr Jilāni.

Beginning :

شکر و سپاس مر حکیمے رامزد کہ از ناروی صبر در ماں درد ایوب فرمود و حمد
و ثنائے مر شانی را زبید کہ از زلال وصال یوسف سوز درون یعقوب محو نمود
الصخ *

End :

الحمد لله أولا و آخرا و صلي الله علي رسوله ظاهرا و باطنا و آله واصحابه
الطاهرين و سلم كذيرآ *

No. 648. * رساله نسخه جات

RISĀLAH-I NUSKHAḤJĀT.

Size, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Pages, 125. Lines, 13. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Abū Bakr Jilāni, ابوبکر جیلانی

Begins on fol. 47b of the MS. described under D. No. 647, above.

Contains in all 203 prescriptions نسخه جات, prescribed for various diseases, especially venereal and sexual. It deals also with the methods of preparing compound medicaments. It contains some prescriptions in Urdu also.

Date of transcription, not known.

Scribe, Abū Bakr Jilāni.

Beginning :

حمد بيهد آن خدائے عز و جل را سزاوار است و نعمت بيهد و درود
لا بعد آن خانم نبوت را سزاوار است *

End :

نسخه سوئے ريخته بيايد آب نيمون و آمله آس کرده بر سر ماند سوئے
و فتمه بر آيد *

No. 649. رسالہ محمد اکبر *

RISĀLAH-I MUHAMMAD AKBAR.

Size, $10\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 48. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Muhammad Akbar b. Hājī Mīr Muhammad Muqīm

محمد اکبر بن حاجی میر محمد مقیم *

Fragment of a medical work, dealing with diseases of the various parts of the human body with a special reference to the preparation of drugs and medicaments.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي هدانا لهذا الذي كنا لنهتدي لولا ان هدانا الله
وصف الصخ *

End :

چون تمام شیره ادرك در خورد بر آورده بقدر يك برنج همراه پان
بد بند دو چند گرسنگي مي آرد *

No. 650. خلاصه الحكمة در کلیات مجموع الجوامع *

KHULĀṢAT AL-HIKMAH.

Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 618. Lines, 23 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muhammad Husayn b. Muhammad Hādī al-'Alawīyī

محمد حسين بن محمد هادی العلوی *

An abridgement of the author's own medical encyclopaedia entitled مجموع الجوامع. The author is the nephew of Hakim Mu'tamad al-Mulūk 'Alawī Khān b. Hakim Muhammad Hādī al-'Alawī, the author of the well-known work جامع الجوامع. In the preface, the author enumerates the works compiled by him (the author) between A.H. 1185 and 1195. He began compiling the present work on request of his spiritual guide Mīr Muhammad 'Alīy al-Husaynī in A.H. 1195. The work is lithographed in A.H. 1262 (A.D. 1846).

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله الذي خلق الانسان في احسن تقويم الخ *

End :

ولهذا درينجا ذكر نمود باين ختم نمود خاتمه را *

No. 651. رساله مزاج زن و مرد

RISĀLAH-I MIZĀJ-I-ZAN WA MARD.

Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{8}$ inches. Pages, 71. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Jāmī, جامی

A short treatise in Persian verse on the science of sexual intercourse. The name of the author is not known. His Takhallus seems to be Jāmī. as is clear from the following lines :—

On fol. 3a,

پس از گفتن حمد پروردگار

بخوان جاء بيا مدحت شهر يار *

On fol. 7a,

ووافقه نه مرد است آن خفته را

ز جامي بدنبار اين گفته ا *

The author lived during the reign of Sultān 'Abd Allā Qutubshāh of Golkonda (A.H. 1035—1083). He has composed verses in praise of the Sultān. The present work was composed in A.H. 1036, a year after the accession of the Sultān to the throne.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1256.

Scribe, Muhammad Utlmān or Rayhān.

Beginning :

کنم ابتدا من بنام خدا

که پیدا ست از قدرتش دوسرا *

بنازم بر آن حکمت پاک را

که داد شرف این سیه خاک را الخ *

End :

چو خواهی درین کار آئی براه

نخستین ز داد از همت بخواه *

No. 652. رساله نسخه جات
RISĀLAH-I NUSKHAJĀT.

Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Pages, 44. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 35b of the MS. described under D. No. 651 above.

A short treatise in verse on various methods of preparing compound medicines useful for various diseases especially for sexual and venereal complaints.

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

Beginning :

End : در بیان مباشرت کردن با زنان گوید الخ *

و صاحب مرض را دوسه انگشت بخوراند بفضل شفا خواهد شد *

No. 653. طب ، بحربات
ṬIBB-I MUJARRABĀT.

Size, $9\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 24. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Deals with various kinds of compound drugs, their peculiarities and properties. The drugs are arranged in alphabetical order. The title page contains two seals which read thus :

(۱) محمد نعم الله خان (۲) غلام محمد صغی الله خان بهادر
۱۲۱۷

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

باب الالف اتري پهل نمکي برائے ہاضمہ الخ *

End :

برائے اشتہا بودینہ پاؤ آثار و الایحی شش تواء و مصري توله سفوف
کہ تا ہفت روز کہ وقفہ بخورد غذائے لطیف بخورد *

No. 654. رساله در تشریح بدن
RISĀLAH DAR TASHRĪH-I BADAN.

Size, $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 64. Lines, 25 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Deals with various parts of human body. Various diets and cures for diseases are also explained. The work seems to be a Persian translation of a Sanskrit work.

The title page of the MS. bears two seals which read thus :

محمد اسد اللہ
خدم محمد صفی اللہ خان بہادر *
انور الدولہ اوسطو جنک * ۱۲۱۶

Beginning :

Date of transcription, not known.

Scribe, 'Abi al-Rahim Şahhāf.

فہرست مقامہ دوم یعنی تشریح بدن کہ آنرا اشناد بر *
نامندو درین مقامہ شش باب است الخ *

End :

انچه تعلق بدن دارد از وقت ولادت تا وقت موت ہمہ بہ اہمال و
تقصیر کفہ شدہ است *

No. 655. رسالہ در طریق ساختن و پرداختن

RISĀLAH DAR ṬARIQ-I SĀKHTAN WA PARĀKHTAN.

Size, 9¼ × 5½ inches. Pages, 34. Lines, 20-26 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 336 of the Ms. described under D. No. 654 above.

A short treatise on the process of preparing various drugs and the methods of applying them to various diseases and ailments, with a special reference to the methods of حقنہ or clyster. It seems that the present work is a continuation of the Persian translation of the Sanskrit work referred to under D. No. 654 above.

The copy contains a number of handwriting mistakes.

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

Beginning :

مقام پنجم از کتاب واکجہ بہت در بیان طریق ساختن و پرداختن
قداوی است الخ *

End :

جانب اتر یعنی شمال است

جانب دکھن است یعنی جنوب *

No. 656. زبدة الحكم

ZABDATAL-HIKAM.

Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 54. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Shamsal-Din b Nūral-Din Ṭabīb, شمس الدين بن نور الدين طبيب

Similar to the work described under D. No. 362, Part III, Vol. I, above.

Deals with the general principles of hygiene, with a reference to the various properties of diet (عذا), beverages (الشرب), herbs (بقول) pills (حبوب) fruits (ميوه ها) etc. This copy is better than the one referred to above.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

سپاس بيقدياس حضرت پرور دكارے را اجل جلاں كے در خانہ
قمرتش بجهت حفظ صحت ابدان شرابے و غذائے مقدر سموده الصخ *

End :

و اگم در ائذنائے این سهوے مشاہدہ نماید آنرا بنوک خامه الطاف اصلاح
فرماید البیم الهادی الرشاد *

No. 657. تحقیق البحران

TAHQIḤ AL-BUHRĀN.

Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 9. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Hakim Ahmad Allāh Khān Dihlawi. حکیم احمد اللہ خان دہلوی *

Begins on fol. 28a of the Ms. described under D. No. 656 above.

A fragment of the work described under D. No. 656 above.

Refer also similar works described under D. Nos. 351, 352 Part III, Vol. I above. The work was compiled in A. H. 1205.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

فصل چهارم در بیان ایام واتح الوسط الصخ *

End :

پسا باشد کہ طبیعت سادہ را بر مبدیل بحران بعد عشرین بود *

No. 658. دلائل النبض

DALĀ'IL AL-NABDH.

Size, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Page, 15. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Yusuf b Muhammad Yūsufi يوسف بن محمد يوسف

Begins on fol. 33a of the Ms. described under D. No. 656 above.

Similar to the work described under D. No. 388 (a), Part III, Vol. I above.

Yūsufi was the Munshi of the Emperor Humayūn (A. H. 937-963/A. D. 1530-1556). He is the author of the *بدائع الانشا* and *جامع الفوائد* and a number of other medical works. The following chronogram is found at the end of the Ms. :—

تاریخ ساز تا کہ شود روشنی بکبیر
قاروره و چهار صد و سی علاج بر*

قاروره 512+430=A. H. 942.

The Ms. has been printed. (Vide A. J. Arb' Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. II, Part VI, p. 94).

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله النافع الحكيم العليم الخبير*

End :

بد رقم خامسام دلائل الذنبص*

No. 659. دلائل الببول

DALA'IL AL-BAUL.

Size, 8½ × 5½ inches. Pages, 12. Lines, 17 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Yūsuf b Muhammad Yūsufi, يوسف بن محمد يوسف

Begins on fol. 41a of the Ms. described under D. No. 656 above.

Similar to the work described under D. No. 388 (b), Part III, Vol. I, above.

This work has been printed in A. H. 1869.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

بعد حمد و سپاس حکیم مطلق جل ذکره الخ*

End :

وازان جمله امت استفراغ ماده معقنه در بدن جنه در بهران

ادواری و فرق*

No. 660. رساله قوت باه

RISĀLAH-I QUWWAT-I BĀH.

Size, $7\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 80. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Contains prescriptions useful increasing the procreative power.

Date of transcription and the scribe not known.

Beginning :

حب قوت باه الخ *

End :

چنانکه صاحب تذکره تصریح باین معنی نمود *

No. 661. رساله نسخه جات

RISĀLAH-I NUSKHAHJĀT.

Size, $7\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 9. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 41a of the Ms. described under D. No. 660 above. A description of simple and compound medicaments with their properties.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

سرف که چون زنان استعمال نمایند از عرق اعضائے ایشان بوئے خوش

آید الخ *

End :

بعده یکصد یا زده بار سورۀ اخلاص بخواند *

No. 662. معربات اکبري

MUJARRABĀT-I AKBARĪ.

Size, $7\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 41. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muhammad Akbar Arzāni. محمد اکبرارزانی

Begins on fol. 41a of the Ms. described under D. No. 660 above. A fragment of the well-known medical work entitled معربات اکبری. The work has been printed in Bombay A. H. 1276, and in Lucknow A. H. 1280. For Arzani's works, refer Mss. Nos. 368, 369, 387, 393, Part III, Vol. I, above and 646, 650 and 652, Part III, Vol. II, above.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

دیگر جلفی را معجب است و قوت بسیار می آید الصخ *

End :

نسخه برریره بادام کتیزه نشاسته *
۵ عدد قدرے قدرے

No. 663. * نسخه جات معجب *

NUSKHAHJĀT-I-MUJARRAB.

Size, 11 × 7 inches. Pages, 164. Lines, 10 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author; not known.

Contains a number of tested prescriptions collected from the medical works of various physicians, arranged in alphabetical order.

The following is the list of some of the physicians to whom the prescriptions are attributed.

Mir Muhammad Hādi, on fol. 2*b*, Hakīm Fadhl'Ali, on fol. 3*a*, Nawāb 'Alaw. Khān Sāhib, on fol. 7*b*, Imād al-Dīn Mahmūd (*d.* A. H. 1000), on fol. 10*a*. Nawāb Mutamad al-Mulūk, on fol. 34*b*, Mir Muhammad Hādi, father of Muhammad Hāshim, on fol. 35*b*, Hakīm Kamāl al-Dīn Husayn Shirāzī, Mir Muhammad Hāshim, author of the Jamia-l-Jawāmi on fol. 44*b*, Hakimi Ghulām Murtadhā Dakḥani, on fol. 79*a*, and Hakīm Ahmad Allāh Khān Marhūm, on fol. 79*a*, etc.

Many of the physicians mentioned in the work belong to the Carnatic and the compiler himself seems to be a native of the Carnatic. He speaks of the Amīr al-Umara Bahādur on fol. 73*a* :—

“واین ماء اللحم برائے سرکار امیر الامرا بہادر تالیف شد“

Hakīm Ahmad Allah Khān, the court physician of the Nawāb of the Carnatic, who was still alive in A. H. 1216 (*vide* Waqi'āt-i-Azfarī p. 331) is mentioned on foll. 79*a* and 79*b*. He came to the Carnatic at the invitation of the Nawāb only after A. H. 1162. The exact date of the compilation of the present work cannot be ascertained.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1232.

Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

حرف الالف اطر يفل جهت - اليخونديان مرقي و صعود ابخره بدماغ
نافع است پوست هليله زرد پوست هليله كايبي هليله سيده الخ *

End :

صفت دار چيني باديان مصطفي رومي انيسون زر بناد حمله برابو
نبات سنيد همچند هم شرب دو درم ناسه درم *

No. 664. * رياض الطب

RIYĀDH AL-ṬIBB.

Size, $10\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 150. Lines, 15-16 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Muhammad Radhā al-Ṭabīb, محمد رضا الضبيب

A description of the various diseases of the body and its special parts from the head downward. The copy is only the second part of the Riyādh al-Ṭibb. A special مظهر or chapter is devoted to the diseases of the children. The work was compiled in A.H. 1096/A. D. 1685 by Muhammad Ridhā al-Ṭabīb. He is not identical with the copyist named Muhammad Ridhā al-Ṭabīb al-Shirāzī (A. H. 1194).

A similar copy of the work is described in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib., Cat., Vol. I, pp. 1274-75 wherein it is styled Riyādh-i 'Ālamgiri. The second part or رياض ثابيه is divided into twelve مظهر, but the present copy contains five مظهر only and a portion of the sixth مظهر which ends on fol. 75b.

A few pages at the end of the Ms. are left blank.

Date of transcription, A.H. 1192.

Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

الهم لا ينصر غيرك في كل الارادة ولا معين لذاني جميع العاجات فوق
وفق يا محبيب الدعوات واختم يا خالق الحروف والكمالات حتي اكتسب
الرياض الثانية التي تد عهدة (6) في الرياض الاولى *

End :

وعود خام و سعد و گلنار و پوست اثار ، نمک پرکدام یکجزو کوفته
مسواک کند *

تہفتہ المؤمنین * No. 665.

TUHFATAL-MU' MININ.

Size, $13\frac{1}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{8}$ inches. Pages, 448. Linos, 17-21 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, Muhammad Mu'min Husayn b-Mir Muhammad Zaman.

محمد مؤمن حسین ابن میر محمد زمان *

Same work as that described under D. Nos. 401-404. Part III, Vol. I, above.

This copy contains only the first three تشخیص of Part I which is actually divided into five تشخیص.

The work has been lithographed.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

سبحانک اللهم یا قدوس الخ *
 پیر کو کی اسم تر کی جزرست کہ بفارسی زردک نا منذ واللہ اعلم بکفریہ
 بماہیہ الاشیاء تمت الكتاب *

End :

تہفتہ المؤمنین * No. 666.

TUHFAT AL-MŪ' MININ.

Size, pages, 794. Linos, 17 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mir Muhammad Mu'min Husayni. میر محمد مؤمن حسین

Same work as that described under D. No. 665 above. This is a complete copy of the Tuhfata-Mu'minin.

Colophon, on fol. 397b :—

حسب الفرود خانصاحب قبلہ فیاض زمان عباس قلیخان مد ظلہ الرحمن
 تہفتہ المؤمنین در مفردات خواص الاشیاء از تالیفات حکیم میر محمد حسین
 مؤمن در مدت سہ ماہ من مقام ہالایور بہارہ شکستہ بستہ اول خلق اللہ
 منیرزا اسد اللہ تسوید پذیرفت *

Date of transcription, A. H. 1172.

Scribe, Mirzā Asad Allāh.

Beginning :

سبحانک اللهم یا قدوس یا طیب الذفوس الخ *

End :

دیگر عود ریزہ کردہ قرع خراشتمہ ویکت شود زہد بیک بالا کردہ محکم
 نماید و آہستہ آتش دہد صعود کند و قرع را انہویہ اندودہ در تیل کنجہ
 دارد عودیک *

No. 667. * مجموعه شمسی

MAJMU'AH-I SHAMSI.

Size, 9×5½ inches Pages, 76. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, injured. Appearance, old.
Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

A treatise dealing with the common diseases of women. This work is not identical with the work on astronomy styled مجموعه شمسی and noticed under D. No. 2953, Ethe. Ind. Off. Lib. Cat. Vol. I.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

حمد بیدد و شکر بیدد مرخدای را عزوجل که آدمی را از همه
مخصوصات بهتر آفرید اقد خلقنا الانسان في احسن تقویم الخ *

End :

هر چهار نوع دفع سرخ باده آنست که اول بد یوچه پاسگه و جزان
سرخي کم کند و شکم پراند و استنراغ کند و اسهال آرد و شکم براند چون
خواهد که بعد زان معالجت کند *

No. 668. * خلاصه الحکما

KHULĀṢAT AL-HUKMĀ.

Size, 9×5½ inches. Pages, 65. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, injured. Appearance, old.
Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 39 b of the Ms. described under D. No. 668 above.

A very interesting treatise on the diseases of horses and their proper treatment. The name of the author is not mentioned. The copy was transcribed in Aurangabad, but the date of transcription and the name of the scribe are not known.

Beginning :

چند باب در معالجات اسبان جمع کرده که مشتمل است برینچ باب
بتوفیق الله تعالی و این کتاب را خلاصه الحکما نام نهاده دستور اطبا کرده الخ *

End :

چنانکه آن روغن چکیده در آن کانه باندازد نگاهدارد انروغن موازنه
یک ماشه باهرگ تببول بخورد گرسنگی غالب شود و در وقت چکانیدن
روغن این اسم را بخواند با طنطور طیرا طوا رأ *

No. 669. * شفاء المعجور *

SHIFĀ' AL-MAJDŪR.

Size, 9 × 5½ inches pages, 52. Lines, 8 on a page. Condition, injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Hakim Ahmad Allāh Khān احمد الله خان

Deals with particular diseases of human body. This copy was transcribed by the author himself.

For details regarding his life and other works, refer راجعات اطهری and D. Nos. 351, 352, part III, Vol. I and 657, Part III, Vol. II, above.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1207.

Scribe, Hakim Ahmad Allāh Khān.

Beginning :

حمد لا يزال و ثناء باكمال حکیمه راسد که تاثیر هر دو ائی و تدبیر هر دای
بدست او بود الصخ *

End :

دیگر خرف جدید استخوان کهنه بدیخ نی نشاسته تخم خربوزه برنج
مغسول حب البان قسط جمله مساری عمره سازند دیگر بکار برند *

No. 670. * رساله در طب *

RISĀLAH DAR ṬIBB.

Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 14. Lines, 19 on a page. Condition, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 102a of the Ms. described under D. No. 96, Part I, Vol. I, above.

Contains prescriptions and deals with the various methods of preparing single and compound medicaments useful for various diseases of the human body.

The copy is defective both at the beginning and end.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

چون نرم غلیظه گردد زعفران ناکیکو ترنفل عقرقره الصخ *

End :

وگنگی موقوف نموده بر سفید یک مشت اضافه نمایند *

No. 671. * تعبیر نامه

TA'BIR NĀMAH.

Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 14. Lines, 2 on a page. Condition, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 24a of the Ms. described under D. No. 96, Part I, Vol. I, above.

A short treatise in verse on the interpretation of dreams by an anonymous author. The copy is incomplete at the beginning. At the end of the Ms. on fol. 29a, appears a short fragment in Persian prose, styled Ta'bir Nāmah, the authorship of which is ascribed to Imām Ja'far Sādiq. It opens with,

حضرت امام الحق سلطان دین چندین فرموده اند الخ *

Fol. 29b contains a few Urdu verse on divination by geomancy (رمل).

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

شراب از دیدۀ در خواب الوان
بیابی ایمن ازوے راحت جان *
..... از جمله علت بار باند
فراغ خاطر و نعمت رساند *

End :

اگر تفذیل بر افروختن زبیدان
که عادل تو شوی قاصی ز سلطان *

No. 672. * رساله در رمل

RISĀLAH DAR RAMAL.

Size, 12 × 7½ inches. Pages, 5. Lines, 10 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 21b of the Ms. described under D. No. 96, Part I, Vol. I, above.

A short tract on fortune-telling by means of numerical figures. The copy is imperfect both at the beginning and end.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

باب اول اگر پرسد غایب باز آید اگر دو ماند نیاید حصه باشد
 اگر سه ماند در رزاق باشد اگر همد مرد وزن اول چسان بمیرد الخ *

End :

اگر دو ماند بر آید اگر سه ماند عرض چند حصول بر آید اگر چهار
 ماند هرگز عرض بر نیاید اگر پرسد [۱۴۱] *

No. 673. * تفصیل تعبیرات خواب ***TAFSIL-I TA'BIRAT-I KHWAB.**

Size, 12×7½ inches. Pages, 6. Lines, 20 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begin on fol. 37a of the Ms. described under D. No. 96, Part I., Vol. I, above.

A tract in verse on the interpretation of dreams. The title of the work appears on fol. 37a. A copy similar to this is noticed in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, No. 2279, where it is styled Ta'bir Nāmah. تعبير نامه

There is difference between the two copies, for example, in the present copy the first line begins with :

چنین گفتند در تعبیر خوش راز
 کرت باید شنوتا گویمت باز *

Ethe's copy begins with :

معبر گفت در تعبیر خوش راز
 کرت باید شنوتا گویمت باز *

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

چنین گفتند در تعبیر الخ *

End :

نماند دولت و اقبال قایم
 برو آید زغم اندوه دایم *

No. 674. * برهان قاطع ***BURHĀN-I QĀṬI.**

Size, 14½×9½ inches. Pages, 1092. Lines, 21 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Muhammad Husayan b. Khalaf al-Tabrayzi.

محمد حسین بن خلف التبریزی *

The well-known Persian dictionary, compiled by Muhammad Husayn with the Takhallus 'Burhān' at the request of Sultān 'Abd Allāh Qutub Shāh of Golkunda who reigned A.H. 1035-1038/ A.D. 1626-1672. The first page of the copy is profusely decorated.

The Burhān-i qaṭ'i has been repeatedly printed.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1130.

Beginning :

اے رہنمائے ہر زبان در افواہ الصخ *

End :

گفتہ اند کہ جنت ماویہ باشد واللہ اعلم بالصواب *

No. 675. * حل اللغات

HALL AL-LUGHĀT.

Size, 11½ × 7¼ inches. Pages, 34. Lines, 15-19 on a page. Condition, slightly injured. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 113 of the Ms. described under D. No. 208, Part II, Vol., II above.

A short glossary, arranged in alphabetical order, probably composed by Taj b. Muhammad. The copy is defective both at the beginning and the end. Reckless handwriting. A few pages have been left out blank.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

Beginning :

انباع بیرون آوردن: آب از چشمها و جز آن افرا حقیر بودن الصخ *

End :

یاسمین کلی است از دو خوشبو یمین سمت راست و طرف راست و سوگند
یانع میوه رسید *

No. 676. * صرف میر

ŞARF-İ MİR.

Size, 9¼ × 6¼ inches. Pages, 83. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

The other works herein are (1) Nuskhah-i Munsha'ibah fol. 44r (2) Zubdat al-Şarf fol. 48b.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mir Sayyid Sharif Jurjāni, میر سید شریف جرجانی

The well-known standard work on Arabic inflexion intended for beginners.

Date of transcription, 1223.

Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين بدان اسعدك الله انسخ *

End :

چوں سار زید و سائرتہ و خرج زید واستخرجہ واللہ الموفق للخیر نعمت *

No. 677. * نسخہ منشعبہ *

NUSKHAH-I MUNSHA'IBAH.

Size, 9½ × 6¼ inches. Pages, 7. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 44a of the Ms. described under D. No. 676 above.

Many pages in the copy have been left out blank.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

No. 678. * زبده الصرف *

ZUBDAT AL-ŞARF.

Size, 9½ × 6¼ inches. Pages, 26. Lines, 7 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 48b of the Ms. described under D. No. 676 above.

No. 679. * صرف میر *

ŞARF-I MİR.

Size, 7¾ × 4¾ inches. Pages, 70. Lines, 11 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mir Sayyid Sharif Jurjāni, * میر سید شریف جرجانی *

Similar to the work described under D. No. 676 above. The title page of the copy contains a seal which reads thus * عبد الصمد خان بہادر دہلی جنک ۱۱۸۵ *

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

NO. 680. * میزان

MIZÂN.

Size, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ inches. Pages, 20. Lines, 10-12 on a page. Condition, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

The other works herein are (1) Nuskhaḥ-i Munsha'ibah, fol. 11a (2) Şarf-i Mir, fol. 22 b (3) Zubtatal-Şarf, fol. 42a (4) Sharh-al-'Awāmil, fol. 27b (5) Al-'Awāmil, fol. 68b.

Similar to the works described under D. Nos. 460, 461, Part III, Vol. I above.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1237.

Scribe, not known.

No. 681. * نسخه منشعہ

NUSKHAḤ-I MUNSHA'IBAḤ.

Size, $11 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 20. Lines, 10-12 on a page. Condition, fair. Appearance, old.

Extent, incomplete.

Author, not known.

Begins on fol. 11a of the Ms. described under D. No. 680 above.

Date of transcription and the name of the author not known.

No. 682. * صرف میر

SĀRF-I MIR.

Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ inches. Pages, 35. Lines, 21 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Mir Sayyid Sharif Jurjāni, میر سید شریف جرجانی

Begins on fol. 226 of the Ms. described under D. No. 680 above.

At the end of the copy are found the well-known versified Persian Pines in grammar.

Date of transcription and the name of the scribe not known.

No. 683. * زبدة الصرف

ZUBDAT AL-ŞARF

Size, $11\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Pages, 14. Lines, 21 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Zahir b-Mahmūd b-Mas'ūd al-'Alawi ظہیر بن محمود بن مسعود العاری

Begins on fol. 42a of the Ms. described under D. No. 680 above

Date of transcription, A. H. 1238.

Scribe, Sayyid Najib Allāh. سید نجیب اللہ

No. 684. * فصول اکبری

FUṢŪL-I AKBARI.

Size, 8½ × 5¼ inches. Pages, 240. Lines, 6 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, 'Ali Akbar, علی اکبر

The well-known standard work on etymology.

There are copious interlinear and marginal notes throughout.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1268.

Scribe, Ghulām Husayn Khān.

No. 685. * نحو میر

NAHW-I MĪR.

Size, 11½ × 7½ inches. Pages, 20. Lines, 15 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old

Extent, complete.

Author, Mir Sayyid Sharif Jurjānī, میر سید شریف جرجانی

Begins on fol. 27a of the Ms. described under D. No. 208, Part II, Vol. 1, above.

The well-known primer of Arabic syntax. Muhammad Darwaysh is the owner of the copy.

Date of transcription and the name of the author not known.

No. 686. * منتخب النحو

MUNTAKHAB AL-NAHW.

Size, 8½ × 6 inches. Pages, 82. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, Amir Haydar Husayn Bilgrami, امیر حیدر حسین بلگرامی

Begins on fol. 57b of the Ms. described under D. No. 701 below.

A treatise dealing with the Arabic syntax as applied to the Persian language. The work was compiled (fol. 2a) in A. H. 1214. Two other copies of the present work are described in Rieu II, p. 857b, No. 1 and in Ethe, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat Vol. I, p. 1607. The other works written by the author are the *Swānih-i Akbar* تاریخ الاصلاحات, *Muntakhab-al-Şarf* منتخب الصرف and *Tahqīqal-İstīlāh* توضیح الاصطلاحات.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1252.

Scribe, Mahmūd 'Alī Sa'īd b. Hāfiz Muhayal-Dīn Husayin.

Beginning :

حمد فاضل اشياء حق جل علاه که کدام نمر بدان جویم که شائسته
جذاب او آید شکر آرای او را بکدام کلمه فصیح و کلام بلیغ گویم الخ *

End :

چنانچه کدام کس آمد چنانچه کاش خامه مرا بخیر کوداند *

No. 687. * کتاب جدولی *

KITĀB-I JADWALĪ.

Size, 7½ × 4½ inches. Pages, 116. Lines, 13 on a page. Condition, good. Appearance, old.

Extent, complete.

Author, not known.

A treatise on the conjugation of Arabic verbs and the various methods of trilateral (ثلاثی) and quadrilateral (رباعی) forms. This work is styled in the Ethé, Ind. Off. Lib. Cat., Vol. I, p. 1310, Dastur-i Mubtada (دستور مبتدا). A similar copy is noticed in Rien II, p. 525a, No. 11 without any title. The correct title of the work seems to be as styled under D. No. 687 above.

Date of transcription, A. H. 1214.

Scribe, not known.

Beginning :

الحمد لله رب العالمين بدان اسعدك الله في الدارين الخ *

End :

اقشعر ارمعل ابرعر اشمعن *

A DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE
OF THE
ISLAMIC MANUSCRIPTS
IN THE
GOVERNMENT ORIENTAL MANUSCRIPTS
LIBRARY, MADRAS

BY

T. CHANDRASEKHARAN, M.A., L.T.
Curator, Government Oriental Manuscripts Library, Madras

(Prepared under the orders of the Government of Madras)

VOLUME II

- D. Nos. from 87 to 102 (Hindustani)**
- D. Nos. from 198 to 218 (Arabic)**
- D. Nos. from 537 to 687 (Persian)**

PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT
GOVERNMENT PRESS
M A D R A S
1 9 5 0

72

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

1950

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

1950

RESEARCH REPORT

10

BY

DR. J. R. OPPENHEIMER

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

1950

RESEARCH REPORT

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

1950

RESEARCH REPORT

1950

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

INTRODUCTION

The Second Volume of the Descriptive Catalogue of Hindustani, Arabic and Persian manuscripts is prepared on the same plan as that of the first volume. The numbering of the manuscripts and pagination of this volume are in continuation of Volume I. In Volume I of this series, the Hindustani and Arabic manuscripts were given continuous serial numbers, while Persian manuscripts were given a separate serial number. Nos. 37 and 38 described in Part I of that volume are in Arabic language and therefore they should be brought over to Part II. Thus the number of Hindustani manuscripts described in Volume I, Part I, is 36 and the number of Arabic manuscripts is 161 beginning from 37 to 197. As a result of this, there will be no manuscript in Arabic bearing Nos. 1—36. In the present Volume II serial number is given separately for each language in continuation of the numbers in Volume I.

This volume contains descriptive notices on theology, sufism, philosophy, medicine, etc., in the respective languages. Part I contains the descriptive notices of Hindustani manuscripts (Nos. 37—102), Part II contains Arabic manuscripts (Nos. 198—218) and Part III, Persian manuscripts (Nos. 537—687). Attention is drawn below to some of the more important and interesting manuscripts described herein.

D. No. 62 "Isharat-al-Ghafilin" (Urdu).—An ethico-mystical work in the form of a Mathnavi, principally based on the verses of the Holy Quran, traditions and a number of Persian verses, with their mystical significance in Dakhani verse by Mohamed Ashiq Hoshi. He flourished, it appears, during the reign of Walajah, the Nawab of Arcot, who ruled over the Carnatic from A.H. 1162 to A.H. 1210 (A.D. 1749—1795).

*D. No. 578 "Tazkirat-al-Ansab" (Persian).—*A rare and valuable Persian work written by Mustafa Ali Walajahi b. Khyr-al-dinkhan. It was written in A.H. 1192 during the reign of Nawab Walajah Amir-al-Hind Umdat-al-mulk Anwar-al-dinkhan who ruled over the Carnatic from A.H. 1162 to A.H. 1210 (A.D. 1749-1795). This manuscript contains a very useful interesting genealogical description of the author's paternal and maternal ancestors and contemporaries among whom are scholars, poets, commanders, Nawabs, great men of piety, well-known Shykh, authors and great men of eminence. His information is based on the authentic oral accounts furnished by one of his relations and what he himself had personally seen and experienced.

*R. No. 628 "Diwan e-Tarkhan" (Persian).—*A restored copy of a rare manuscript described under D. No. 12, Part III, Volume I.

No other copy of this manuscript is known to be found in any other libraries. This rare manuscript contains Qasidas, Rubaiyat (Quatrains) and Chronograms composed by Tarkhan during the reign of Emperor Akbar, A.H. 981.

T. CHANDRASEKHARAN,

Curator.

GOVERNMENT ORIENTAL MANUSCRIPTS LIBRARY,

MADRAS,

28th June 1950.

PART I--URDU.

CONTENTS.

	Descriptive numbers
1 Theology	37-60
2 Sufism	61-69
3 Poetry	70-89
4 Medicine	90-93
5 Grammar	94-95
6 Dreams, Gemancy, Divination, etc.	96-101
7 Dictionary	102

PART I—URDU.

SUBJECTS INDEX.

Theology.

Name of work.	Descriptive number	Name of work.	Descriptive number.
Kthir-al-Fāwaid	37	Risālah-i-Man Mowhan	49
Khazanah-i-Hasanāt	38	Risālah-i-jag sowhan	50
Chār Kursi	39	Risālah-i-Arām dil	51
Dastani-i-Ajib	40	Debāche-i-Hasht Bihist	52
Chār Kura	41	Risālah-i-Man depak	53
Risālah-i-Man depak	42	Risālah-i-Man Haran	54
Risālah dar Namāz	43	Risālah-i-Man Mowhan	55
Tāj-al-Nisa	44	Risālah-i-jag Sowhan	56
Aqāid Dakhani	45	Risālah-i-Aram dil	57
Dibācha-i-Hasht Bihisht	46	Risālah-i-Rāhat-i-jān	58
Risālah-i-Mandepak	47	Risālah-i-Man dar Pan	59
Risālah-i-Man Haran	48	Risālah-i-Man jivan	60

Sufism.

Risālah-i-Man Lagan	61	Risālah-i-Tasawwf	66
Ishārat-al-Ghafilin	62	Do.	67
Mathnavi-i-Mirat-al-Anwār	63	Do.	68
Mathnavi-i-Mirāt-al-Anwar	64	Risālah-i-Aqāed-i-Dakhani	69
Risālah-i-Tasawwuf	65		

Poetry.

Qasāid-wa-Hazliyāt-i-Sawdu	70	Asrār-i-Ishq	80
Chaman-i-Nāz	71	Kitab-i-Dabistan (Dusra Chaman)	81
Chaman-i-Nāz	72	Qissah-i-Dallālah-Muhtālah	82
Mathnavi-i-Mir Taqi	73	Qissah-i-jamjāh	83
Divān-i-Sawdu	74	Qissah-i-L'al wa Gauhar	84
Divān-i-Wali	75	Mathnavi-i-Sa'd	85
Bayādh-i-Ashār-i-Mutafarriqa	76	Qissah-e-Dakhani	86
Do.	77	Hikāyāt	87
Ash'ari-i-Hindi	78	Tarjumah-i-Mantiq-al-Tair	88
Dawhary	79	Do.	89

Medicine.

Tibbe-i-Shifa	90	Risālah-i-Nuskhājāt	92
Nuskhājāt	91	Nuskhājāt	93

Grammar.

Risālah-i-aw e - Hindi	94	Qawāed-Dakhani	96
--------------------------------	----	------------------------	----

Dreams, Gemancy, Divination, etc.

Kulliyat-ti-Amaliyyat	96	Tarjumah-e-Fāl-i-Qurān	99
Fāl Nāmāh	97	Majami-al-Fawāed	100
Ahmadi Fāl	98	Majmu'ah Dar Ulūm-i-Chayb	101

Dictionary.

Farhang-i-urki, Fārsi, Arabi	102
--------------------------------------	-----

PART I—HINDUSTANI MANUSCRIPTS.

AUTHOR INDEX.

	Descriptive No.		Descriptive No.
A		M—cont.	
Ahmed Khan Shirāni—		Risālah-i-Man dar pan	59
Char Kurshi	39, 41	Risālah-i-Man Haran	48, 54
Arif-al-Din—		Risālah-i-Man jeewan	60
Qissah-i-Dallālah wa Muhtalah	84	Risālah-i-Man Mowhan	49, 55
G		Risālah-i-Rāhat-i-jan	58
Ghulam Husain Muhammed—		Moulana Qadi Md, Mahmūd	
Asrār-i-Ishq	80	Bahri
K		Risalah-i-Man Lagan	61
Kamtareen—		Muhammed Mirān—	
Qissah-i-jamjah	83	Risālah-i-Tasawwuf	65, 67
M		Muhammed Mirza Sowda—	
Meer Muhammed Taqi—		Diwān Sowda	74
Mathnavi-i-Md. Taqi	73	Q	
Mirza Rafi Mohammed Sowda—		Qādir Ali Kamtar—	
Qasāed wa Hazilyat Sowda	70	Ahmadi Fāl	98
Miskeen—		Qādri—	
Chamman-i-Naz	71, 72	Kulliyat-i-Amaliyyat	96
Muhammed Abdul Wahid—		S	
Dāstān-i-Ajeeb	40	Sa'd—	
Muhammed Ashiq Husain—		Mathnavi-i-Sa'd	85
Ishārat-al-Ghafilin	62	Syed Imam-al-dīn ali Dehlavi Kāmil-	
Muhammed Bāqir Āgah—		Khazānah-i-Hasanāt	38
Aqāed-i-Dakhani	45	Syed Shah Abd-al-Nabi Qādri—	
Dsbacha-i-Hasht-Bihisht	46	Majmu-al-Fawāed	100
Hasht Bihisht	52	Shah Wali allah Qadri—	
Risālah-i-Ārām dil	51, 57	Mathnavi-i-Mirat-i-Anwār	63, 64
Risālah-i-jag Sowhan	50, 56	Shaykh Wajēh-al-Dīn Wajdi—	
Risālah-i-Man depak	42, 47 and 53	Tar-jumah-i-Mantiq-al-Tair	88, 89
		W	
		Wali—	
		Diwān-i-Wali	75

GENERAL INDEX.

NOTE.—The names printed in *italics* are those of the works described.

	PAGE		PAGE
(Dr.) Abdul Haq, M.A., Principal, Muslim College, Madras	556	Fatah Muhammed	549
Abdul Husain	586	Fath-al-Masâil	557
Abd-al-Sattâr, T.	553	Fatawah-i-Âlamgiri	547
Abu-al-Fadhâl Husain	600	Fatwah-i-jahangiri	548
Ahmad Ali Khân	548	Fatwah-i-Kabiri	549
Ahmad Khan Shirâni	550 to 552,	Fatwah-i-Masoodi	549
Ahmad	560	Fatwah-i-Nâsiri	549
Ahmadi Fâl	602, 603	Fawâed-i-Badriyyah	557
Al Futûhât-al-Makkiyyah	577	Fort William College	596
Amin-al-din ali Khan Giryân	572	Ghulam Ali Bacîsha	551
Anwâr-al-Dowlah	547	Ghulam Dastagir	597
Anwar Ali Khan Bahâdur	548	Ghulam Husain Muhammed	586
Aqâid-i-Dakani	555, 556	Ghulam Jeelani	588
Âqil	586	Ghulam Muha'yaddin	597
Arabia	556	Guldastah-i-Karnatic	556
Arûdh-i-Irfân	568	Gurgi	568
Asâbah-fi-Mârifat-al-Sahâbah	557	Habîb-al-Nisa	588
Ash'ar-i-Hindi	585	Hadrat Fath-Allah Shah Wali	551
<i>Asrar-i-Ishq</i>	586	Hâfiz Pir	550
<i>Do.</i>	588, 589	Haidar Ali Khan	551
Badar-al-Dawlah	557	Haidar Wali	551
Bâgh-i-jânfiza	592	Hajee Maknâi	551
Bahar-al-din	568	Hameed Khân	553
Bâqir Husain Khân Naiti	555	Hasan-al-din Khan Bahadur	589
<i>Bayadh-i-Âsh'ar-i-Mutafarriqa</i>	584	<i>Hasht Bihisht</i>	562
<i>Do.</i>	553	<i>Do.</i>	559, 567
British Museum	557	Hydar Khan	591
Bijâpûr	568	<i>Hikâyât</i>	592
Bombay	556, 557	Hyderabad	593, 596
Calcutta	596	Imam Husain	586
<i>Chaman-i-Nâz</i>	581, 583	<i>Ishârat-al-Ghâflîn</i>	572
<i>Do.</i>	582	Jag Sowhan	561
Chittoor	550 577,	Jawâhir-al-Aqdain	557
Dastûr-al-Amal-i-Shahi	606	Jazb-al-Quloob	557
Dawhary	585	John Gilchrist	592, 596
<i>Deebacha-i-Hasht Bihisht</i>	557	Kâlahasti	577
<i>Do.</i>	555	Kâmil-al-Tabîr	600
Delhi	590	Kamtarin	590
<i>Diwân-i-Sowda</i>	584	Kanz-al-Daqâeq	547
<i>Diwân-i-Wali</i>	587	Kashmir	574
Fairoz Shah	587	<i>Kathîr-al-Fawâed</i>	547
<i>Fal nâmah</i>	601	<i>Khazânah-i-Hasanât</i>	548
<i>Do.</i>	598	<i>Do.</i>	540
Faqr-al-Hind	548	Khazânat-al-Rasûl	548
<i>Faḥang-i-Turki, Farsi, Angrazi</i>	607	Khizar	550
<i>Do.</i>	553	<i>Kitâb-i-Dabistan</i> (dus chaman)	589
		Kitâb-i-Khazânat Allah	54
		Kolâr	550, 551

	* PAGE		PAGE
<i>Kulliyāt-i-Amaliyyat</i>	598	Pir Husain	577
Kurnool	590	Pir Khān	590
Lālah Bālāji Rām	596	Qādhi Mahmūd Bahri	568
Maārij-al-Nubuwwat	557	Qādir Ali Kamtar	602
Madanapalle	550	Qādir	598
Madras	556, 557, 590, 596	<i>Qasā'id-wa-Hazliyat-i-Sowda</i>	580
Mahmood Bahri	571	Qasim Ibn-i-Imam Taqi	579
<i>Mafna-al-Fawā'id</i>	605	<i>Qawā'id-i-Dakhani</i>	597
Do.	598, 606	<i>Qissah-i-Dakhani</i>	591
<i>Majmu'ah-dar Ulūm-i-Ghayb</i>	606	<i>Qissah-i-Dallālah Muhtālah</i>	589
Do.	598	Do.	553
Majmu'ah-i-Mathnaviyāt-i-Miskeen.	553	<i>Qissah-i-janjāh</i>	590
Makzan-i-Nikāt	590	<i>Qissah-i-La'l-wa-Gauhar</i>	590
Man Lagan	571	<i>Qissah-i-Malikah-i-Misar</i>	590
Man Mowhan	560, 561	Qiyām-al-din.	590
Mansūr-bin Nāsir-bin Ibrāhīm	579	Qurān	595, 549
<i>Mathnavi-i-Mirat-al-Anwār</i>	575, 576	Rāhat-jān	566
<i>Mathnavi-i-Mir Taqi</i>	583	Rahman Khan	553
<i>Mathnavi-i-Sa'd</i>	590	Raudhat-al-Ahbāh	557
Mazhar Ali Hylerabadi	556	Raudhat-al-Safa	584
Miftāh-al-Salāt	548, 549	Raudhat-al-Sālihīn	586
Mirza Rafi-al-din Sowda	580	Risālah-i-Ārām dil	555, 562, 563
Miskin	581	<i>Risālah-i-Ārām dil</i>	561, 564
Mulai-al-din Khan	551	Risālah-i-Aqāed-i-Dakhani	576
Mulai-al-din Muhammad-bin-Allah- Tāial Hātīmi.	577	<i>Risālah-i-Aqāed-i-Dakhani</i>	579
Muhammad Abdul Ghani	556	<i>Risālah-dar Namaz</i>	554
Muhammed Ashiq Hoshi	572, 574	Risālah dar Ilm-i-Nujūm	598
Muhammed Bāqir Āgāh	554 to 559, 561, 563 to 567, 576.	Risālah dar Ramal	598
Muhammed Ghouth	550, 578, 579	Risālah dar Tibb	599
Muhammed Imam-al-din Ibn-i-Ali.	602	Risālah-i-jag Sowhan	555, 563
Muhammed Ismāil	555	<i>Risālah-i-jag Sowhan</i>	560, 564
Muhammed Miran	576 to 578	Risālah-i-Mandīpak	553, 555
Muhammed Qāsim	552	<i>Risālah-i-Mandīpak</i>	553, 558, 563
Muhammed Tipū	596	Risālah-i-Manharan	555
Muntakhab	593	<i>Risālah-i-Manharan</i>	559, 563
Murwāgle	551	Risālah-i-Man Mowhan	555, 563
Mysore	550	<i>Risālah-i-Man Mowhan</i>	559, 564
Nabi Bādshah	605	Risālah-i-Man dar pan	563
Nawwāb	587	<i>Risālah-i-Man dar pan</i>	566
Nazarband Baygam	586	<i>Risālah-i-Man jīwan</i>	567
Nūr-al-Idhāh	547	<i>Risālah-i-Man Lagan</i>	568
<i>Nushajāt</i>	504, 595	<i>Risālah-i-Nushajāt</i>	595
Pāchāh Miyān	555	<i>Risālah-i-Qawā'id-i-Hindī</i>	596
Pahār Khān	553	<i>Risālah-i-Rahat-i-jān</i>	563
Panohi Bācha	592	Risālah-i-Rahat-i-jān	565
Panj Ganj	576	<i>Risālah-i-Tasawwuf</i>	576 to 578
Paris	556, 557	Risālah-i-Wajūdiyyah	575, 576
		Risālah-i-Zubān-i-Rikhta	596, 597
		Rome	586, 588
		Sayid Imam-al-Dinali	549

	PAGE		PAGE
Sayid Imān-al-din Ali Dehlavi Kūmil.	548	Tā'bir Nāmah	598
Sayid Muhammed Ājiz	590	Tā'bir Namah	598
Sayid Shah Abdul Nabi Qādri	605	Tā'id-al-ādād	572
Shah Habeob-allah Qādri	575	Tafsil-i-Tabirāt-Khwah	598
Shah Safoer-allah	575	Tafsir-i-Muhammadi	548
Shah Wali-allāh-Qādri	575, 576	Tāj-al-Nisa	554
Shaikh Ibrāhīm	594	Tāj-al-Nisa	555
Shaikh Fatah Muhammed Muhaddith Burhanpuri.	548	Tarjumah-i-Fāl-i-Qurān	598
Shaikh Muhai-al-din Arabi	577, 578	Tarjumah-i-Fāl-i-Qurān	604
Shaikh Muhammed Baqir	570	Tarjumah-i-Fatawah-i-Ālamgiri	548
Shaikh Sharf-al-din	600	Tarjumah-i-Mantiq-al-Tair	592, 593
Shaikh Wajih-al-din Wajdi	592	Tibb-i-Shifa	593
Sahms-al-din	599	Tirnal Khaidi (Tripliano)	560, 596
Sharh-i-Futūh-al-Haramain	548	Tuhfat-al-Akhhār	557
Sharh-i-Kur'ima	548	Tuhfat-i-Āshiqān	592
Sharh-i-Takmil-al-Iman	548	Tuhfat-al-Gharib	557
Shawāhid-al-Nubuwwat	557	Uthman Khān	551
Sikandar	550	Wafa-al-Wafa	557
Sirāj-al-Imām Muhammed Abdul Ghani.	547	Wāljāh	572
Sultan Haidar Ali Khan	550	Wazoer Bibi	555
Sultan Aurangzaib Gāzi	570	Yurupmen Dakhani Makhtūtāt	586
		Zahid Muhammed	562
		Zunnūr ali Khan Bahadur	560

PART II—ARABIC

CONTENTS.

	Descrip- tive numbers.		Descrip- tive numbers
Theology	198-201	Grammar	205-216
Phylosophy	202	Miscellaneous	217-218
Logic	203-204		

PART II—ARABIC

SUBJECT INDEX.

Name of work.	Descrip- tive numbers.	Name of work.	Descrip- tive numbers
THEOLOGY.			
Dalâil-al-Khairût	198	Asma'-i-Ghauth-al-A'zam	200
Darûd-i-Mas'ûd	199	Anwâr-al-'Uqûl fî 'Ash'âri wusi-al-Rasûl.	201
PHILOSOPHY.			
Sharh-i-Hidâyat-al-Hikmah ..	202		
LOGIC.			
Sharh-al-Tahzib	203	Risûlah fi-al-Mantiq	204
GRAMMAR.			
Al fawaid-al-dhiya'iyâh	205	Kitâb-i-Dhareeri	211
Kashf-al-Niqâb An Mukhadrât-i-Mulhat-al-i,râb ..	206	Ilal-al-Khalil	212
Al Rishâd fi Sharh-al-Irshad ..	207	Zanjâni	213
Al awâmil	208	Shafiyah	214
Al Kâfiyah	209	Sharh-al-awâmil	215
Al awâmil	210	Sharh-al-Awâmil	216
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Al Hikâyât	217	Gharib-al-Maqâmât	218

PART II—ARABIC

AUTHOR INDEX

	Descrip- tive numbers.		Descrip- tive numbers.
A		J	
Abdul Qadir b. Ahmad b. Ali-al-Fākihi Kashf-al-Niqāb 'An Mukhadrāt-i-Mulhat al-'irāb ..	206	Jamāl-al-din Abū Amar Uthman b. Umar known as ibn-al-Hājib.	209
Abd-al-Qadir b. Abd-al-Rahman jurjāni Al-Awāmil.	208-210	Al Kāfiyah	214
Abd-al-Rahman b. Alawi b. Muhammad-al Aydarūs.		M	
Anwār-al-'uqūl fi 'Ash'āri wasi-al Rasūl.	201	Maula Shaikr Abd-al-Salam .. .	
Abd-al-Wahāb b. Ibrāhīm-al-Zanjāni .		Sharh-al-Tabzib	203
Zanjāni	213	Muhammed b. Sharif-al-Husain .. .	
Abū Abdullah Muhammad b. Sulayman b. Abubakar jazūli.		Al Rishād fi Sharh-al-Irshad .. .	207
Dalāil-al-Khairat	198	Mulla Nūr-al-dīn Abd-al-Rahman al-jāmi	
Abu-al-Hasanali b. Muhammed b. Ibrahim al-Dhariri.		Al fawā'id-al-Ziya 'iyah	205
Kitab-i-Dharreri	211	S	
H		Syed Ahmed Kabir-al-Rafā'ī .. .	
Husain b. Mu'inuddn-al-Maybady. . .		Asma,-i-Ghauth-al-A'zam	200
Sharhu-Hidāyat-al-Hikmah	202	U	
		Umar b. ali b-al-Mubarak-al-Mausili.	
		Gharib-al-Maqāmat	218

GENERAL INDEX.

(NOTE.—The names printed in italics those of the works described.)

	PAGE		PAGE
Abd-al-Qadir Jeelāni	609	Isāghuji	610
Abd-al-Qadir b Ahmed b-ali-al fakihi.	613	Jamal-al-din Abū Amar 'Uthmān b Umar (Ibn-al-Hajib).	614
Abd-al-Qadir b-Abd-al-Rahman-al-jurjāni.	614-615	Jamal-al-Din abu Uthmān Umar b. al Hājib.	616
Abd-Allah-Muhammed b-Sulayman b-Abubakar juzūli.	608	Jamshīd b-Muhammed b-Masūd-al-Husaini-al-Zawwāri.	614
Abd-al-Rahman b-alarī b-Muham- -ad-al-Aydarūs.	610	<i>Kashf-al-Niqāb'an Mukhkadsat-Mulhat-al-i'rūb.</i>	613
Abd-al-Wahāb b-Ibrūhim-al-Zan- -jani.	616	<i>Kitāb-i-Dharīri</i>	615
Abu-al-Hasan Ali b-Muhammed b-Ibrāhīm Dharīri.	615	Do.	614
Allāmah Taftazāni	611	Maqāmāt-al-Hariri	618
<i>Al awāmil</i>	614-615	Maula Shayk Abd-al-Salam	611
<i>Al fawā'id-al-Diya'iyah</i>	612	Mazra-i-Hasanāt	608
<i>Al Hikāyāt</i>	617	Muhammed Darwaysh	614
<i>Al Kaftah</i>	613	Muhammad b-Muhammed-al- -Hariri.	618
<i>Al Kāfiyah</i>	614	Muhammed Salm	616
Al Rashād	613	Muhammed Sharief Husayn	613
Al Qāsim b-ali-al-Hariri	618-613	Mulla Abd-Allah Yazdi	611
<i>Anwār-al-'uqūl fi-Ash'ari wasi-al- -Kasūl.</i>	610	Mulla Jalāl-al-din Dawwāni	611
Arcot	609	Mulla Nūr-al-din Abd-al-Rahman jāmi.	613
<i>Asma'i-Ghauth-al-'Azam</i>	609	Nahw-i-Mir	614
Athir-al-din Mufadhal Umar-al- -Abhari.	610	<i>Risālatun-fi-al-Mantiq</i>	612
Aurād Khan (Ghālīb) Muhammed Khan.	609	<i>Shāfiyah</i>	616
<i>Dalā'il-al-Khairāt</i>	608	Sharh-al-Awāmil	614
<i>Darūd-i-Mas'ūd</i>	609	<i>Sharh-al-Awāmil</i>	617
<i>Gharīb-al-Maqāmāt</i>	618	<i>Sharh-al-Tahzīb</i>	611
Hall-al-Lughāt	614	Sharh-i-Mulla jāmi	614
Husain b-Muhammad-al-Maybadi.	610	<i>Sharhu-Hidāyat-al-Hikmah</i>	610
Ibn-i-Hājib	613	Syed Ahmed Kabīr-al-Rafā'i	609
Ibrāhīm	609	Tahzīb-al-Mantiq	611
<i>Mal-al-Khalīlī</i>	615	Turāb Ali	611
		Umar b-Ali b-al-Mubārak-al-Mau- -silī.	618
		Zanjani	616

PART III—PERSIAN

CONTENTS.

	Descriptive numbers.		Descriptive numbers
Theology	537-564	Astrology and Astronomy, etc. ..	636-643
Sufism and Ethics	565-572	Medicine	644-670
History	573-579	Dreams and fortune telling ..	671-673
Biographies	580-584	Dictionary	574-575
Poetry	585-634	Etymology	576-687
Logic	635		

PART III—PERSIAN

SUBJECT INDEX.

Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.	Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.
THEOLOGY.			
Tafsīr-i-Azīzi (Fath-al-Aziz)	537	Kitāb-al-Rasāil	554
Tafsīr-i-Husayni	538	Ta'īd-al-Haqq fi T'dīd-al-firaq ..	555
Nūr-al-Uyūn	539	Ijām-al-'Alām Bi Ujūbi Nasb-al-Imām.	556
Zinat-al-Qāri	540	Nahr-al-Zindīq bi ithbāti Khilāfat-al-Siddīq.	557
Al Muntakhab-al-Tajwīd	541	Al Tahqīq-al-Anīq fi Bayāni afdhaliyyat-al-Siddīq.	558
Qawā'id-al-Qur'ān	542	Lubb-al-Lubāb fi fadha'il-al-Ashāb.	559
Fiqh-i-Umdat-al-Islām	543	Daf-al-waswās-al-Khannās-al-ārīdh fi Hadīth-al-Mirāth wa-al-fidak wa qirtas.	560
Fiqh-i-Umdat-al-Islām	544	Maqami-al-Hadīd fi Qami Matā'in-al-Manhaj wa-al-Tajrīd.	561
Mālā Buddha Shāfa'i	545	Al Barq-al-wāmidh li Hafawat-al-Rawāfidh.	562
Tarjumah-i-Kanz-al-Daqa'iq	546	Kashf-al-astar an Mushabahati-al-Rawāfidhi bi-al-Kuffār.	563
Asās-i-Islām	547	Al Hijaj-al-Nahidha fi Hukm-al-Rafidha.	564
Risālah-i-Auqāt-al-Salāt	548		
Sharh-i-Nām-i-Haq	549		
Takmil-al-Imān	550		
Lu'lū-i-Majālis	551		
Sharh-i-Nakshabi	552		
Ma'rifat-al-Mazāhib	553		
SUFISM AND ETHICS.			
Al Insān-al-Kāmil	565	Dānish nāmah	569
Zakhīrat-al-Mulūk	566	Gulzār-i-Hāll (Shash Chaman) ..	570
Lawāmi-al-Ishrāq	567	Zfar Nāmah	571
A'zamu Sawati-al-Afāq fi Sharhi Lawāmi-al-Ishnāq.	568	Pand-i-Luqmān Hakīm	572
HISTORY.			
Tārīkh-i-Ali 'Adil Shāht	573	Akbar Nāmah	577
Tārīkh-i-Jahān Gusha'i	574	Tazkira -al-ansāb	575
Ma'idat-al-Fawā'id	575	Jazb-al-Qulūb	579
Qaum-i-Nawa'it	576		
BIOGRAPHIES.			
Sawānihat-i-Mumtāz	580	Tārīkh-i-Hadhrat Mūsa	583
Kalimāt-al-Shu'ara	581	Sri Bhāgavat	584
Tarjumah-i-Baitāl Pachisi	582		
POETRY.			
Muntakhab-i-Hadiqah	585	Mazhar-al-Ajāib	594
Diwān-i-Anwari	586	Musibat Nāmah	595
Qasā'id-i-Khāqāni	587	Lisān-al-Ghayb	596
Sharh-i-Qasā'id-i-Khāqāni (Muhabat nāmah).	588	Ilāhi Nāmah	597
Diwān-i-Zahīr Fār Yābi	589	Waslat Nāmah	598
Iskandar Nāmah	590	Wassiyat Nāmah	599
Iskandar Nāmah-i-Bahri	591	Mukhtār Nāmah	600
Sharh-i-Iskandar Nāmah (Muntakhab-al-Shurūh).	592	Pand Nāmah	601
Sharh-i-Makhzan-i-Asrār	593	Bul bul Nāmah	602
		Basir Nāmah	603

POETRY—cont.

Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.	Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.
Jawāhir-al-zāt	604	Sharh-i-Qasā'id-i-Urfi	619
Ushtur Nāmāh	605	Diwān-i-Mazhar-i-jān-i-jānān	620
Haft Wādi	606	Diwān-i-Wahshat	621
Khusraw wa Gul	607	Layla wa Majnūn	622
Asrār-Nāmāh	608	Qasā'id-i-Yūsufi	623
Mathnavi-i-Maulāna Rūm	609	Diwān-i-jamāl-al-dīn	624
Mathnavi-i-Nuh Sepehr	610	Sharh-i-Diwān-i-Ali bin Abi Tālib.	625
Sharh-i-Ghazal-i-Hakim Nāsir Khusrau.	611	Nālah-i-Dard	626
Sharh-i-Tuhfat-al-Iraqyn	612	Āh-i-Sard	627
Nūr-al-'Ayn Sharh-i-Qīran-al-Sa'dayn.	613	Diwān-i-Tarkhān	628
Di-wān-i-Ibn-i-Yamin	614	Diwān-i-Fāni	629
Diwān-i-Hāfiz	615	Diwān-i-Nawādi	630
Diwān-i-Masūd bek	616	Bayādh-i-Ash'ār-i-Mutafarriqa	631
Shah Nāmāh	617	Muntakhab Ash'ār	632
Diwān-i-Asifi	618	Mā muqimān	633
		Mahmūd Nāmāh	634

LOGIC.

Sharh-i-Tahzīb	635
------------------------	-----

ASTROLOGY AND ASTRONOMY.

Risālah-dar Ma'rifat-i-Ustarlāb	636	Risālah-i-Nujūm	640
Risālah dar Ma'rifat-i-Kurah	637	Risālah dar ilm-i-Nujūm	641
Risālah fi-al-Hay'at	638	Bayān-i-Taqā'im-i-Sa'āt	642
Risālah-dar ilm-i-Rayādhī	639	Taqwīm	643

MEDICINE.

Tibb Akbar	644	Taqiq-al-Buhrān	657
Mizān-al-Tibb	645	Dalā'il-al-Nabdh	658
Mufarrih-al-Qulūb	646	Dalā'il-al-Baul	659
Manāzir-al-Abdāl	647	Risālah-i-Quwwat-i-Bāh	660
Risālah-i-Nuskhajāt	648	Risālah-i-Nukshajāt	661
Risālah-i-Muhammad Akbar	649	Mujarrabāt-i-Akbari	662
Khulasat-al-Hikmah	650	Nuskhājāt-i-Mujarrab	663
Risālah-i-Mizāj-i-Zan-wa Mard	651	Riyādh-al-Tibb	664
Risālah-i-Nuskhājāt	652	Tuhfat-al-Mūminin	665
Tibb-i-Mujarrabat	653	Tuhfat-al-Mūminin	666
Risālah dar Tashrīh-i-Badan	654	Majmu'a-i-Shamsi	667
Risālah dar Tariq-i-Sākhtan wa 'ardākhtan.	655	Khulasat-al-Hukma	668
Zabdat-al-Hikam	656	Shifa-al-Majdūr	669
		Risālah dar Tibb	670

DREAMS AND FORTUNE TELLING.

Ta,blr Namāh	671	Tafsil-i-Tābirat-i-Khwāb	673
Risālah dar Ramal	672		

DICTIONARY.

Furhan-i-Qāti	674	Hall-al-Lughat	675
-----------------------	-----	------------------------	-----

GRAMMAR.

Sarf-i-mīr	676	Sarf-i-Mīr	682
Nuskhah-i-Munsha'ibah	677	Zabdat-al-Sarf	683
Zabdat-al-Sarf	678	Fusūl-i-Akbari	684
Sarf-i-Mīr	679	Nahw-i-Mīr	685
Mizān	680	Muntakhab-al-Nahw	686
Nuskhah-i-Munsha'ibah	681	Kitāb-i-jadwālī	687

PART III—PERSIAN

AUTHOR INDEX.

(A)		(H)—cont	
Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.	Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.
Abd-al-Haq b. Sayf-al-din-al-Turki-al-Dehlavi al. Bukhari— Jazb-al-Qulüb	579	Husayn b. Ali-al-Wa'iz-al-Kashif— Tafsir-i-Husayni	538
Takmil-al-Imān	550	Husayn b Mu'in-al-dīn al-Maybadi— Sharh-i-Diwān-i-ʿAlī b. Abī Tālib.	625
Abd-al-Karīm b. Ilyas— Tarjumah-i-Baitāl Pachisi ..	582	(I)	
Abd-al-Wahāb b Muḥamed-al-Husayni al-Hasani-al-Mamūri— Sharh-i-Qasā'id Khaqāni (Muḥabbat nāmah)	588	Ibn-i-Sīna— Zfar Nāmah	571
ʿAbid— Asās-i-Islām	547	Ikrām Khān— Qaum-i-Nawā'it	576
Abu Bakr jilāni— Risālah-i-Nuskhājāt	648	Ikhtiyar-b-Ghiyāth-al-dīn-al-Husayni— Sharh-i-Nām-i-Haqq	549
Abu-al-Fadhal b. Mubārak— Akbar Nāmah	577	(J)	
Abū Tāhir b Kamāl— Fiqh-i-Umdat-al-Islām	543-544	Jalāl-al-dīr Rūmi— Mathnavi-i-Maulāna Rūm	609
Afdhal-al-din Badīl Ibrahim b ali Najjār Khaqāni of Shirwān— Qasā'id-i-Khaqāni	587	Jalāl-al-din Muhammad b. as'ad- al-Dawwāni— Lawāmi-al-Ishrāq	567
Alā-al-dīn ali b. Muhammed al-Qoshji— Risālah-fi-al-Hay'at	638	Jamāl-al-dīn Muḥammad b. Mah- mūd al-Husayni-al-Sharastani— Sharh-i-Tahzīb	635
Ali Akbar— Fusūl-i-Akbari	684	Jamāl-al-dīn b. Abd-al-Razzaq Isfahani— Diwān-i-Jamāl-al-dīn	624
Ali ashore b. Bhwā Shankar— Taḡ wīm	648	Jāmi— Risālah-i-Mizāj-i-Zan wa Mard.	651
Amir Fakhr-al-dīn Muhammed b Yamīn— Diwān-i-Ibn-i-yamīn	614	Jān-i-Jānān-Mazhar— Diwān-i-Mazhar-i-Jān-i-jānān ..	620
Amir Khusrau Dehlavi— Mathnavi-i-Nuh Sepehr	610	(K)	
Amir Haydar Husain Bilgrāmi— Muntakhab-al-Nahu	686	Khayr-al-dīn Hasan Ghulami-i- Dhāmin-b. Iftikha-al-dāwlah Hāfiz Muḥammadrāsir Khān— Sawānihāt-i-Mumtāz	580
Aḥmad-al-dīn ali Anwari— Diwān-i-Anwari	586	Khawājah Mir Dard— Āh-i-Sard	627
(B)		Nālah-i-Dard	626
Banwāli dās— Gulzār-i-Hall (Shash Chaman) ..	570	Khawājah Muḥim-al-dīn— Diwān-i-Asafi	618
(D)		(M)	
Dhiya-al-dīn Nakh Shabi— Sharh-i-Nakshabi	552	Mahmūd Tāhir Ghazāli — Ma'rifat-al-Mazāhib	553
(H)		Mahmūd— Mahmūd nāmah	634
Haji Muhammed Imam-al-dīn Khān— Risālah-i-Auqāt-al-Salāt	548	Masūd Bek— Diwān-i-Masūd Bek	516
Hakīm Ahmad-Allah Khān— Shifā-al-Maj dūr	669	Maulana Abd Allah Hatifi— Layla wa Maj nūn	622
Hakīm Ahmad-Allah Khān Dehlavi— Tahqiq-al-Buhrān	657	Maulvi Badar ali Azīm abādi and Mir Husayn al jaun puri— Sharh-i-Iskandar nāmah (Mun- takhab-al-Shurūh)	592
Hakīm Muhammad Yahyah Nud- rat— Manāzir-al-Abdāl	647	Maulvi Ghulam Makhdūm— Ma'idat-al-Fawā'id	575
Hakīm Thanā'i— Muntakhab-i-Hadīqah	585		

(M)—cont. Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.	(M)—cont. Name of the work.	Descriptive numbers.
Mir Jamāl-al-dīn Muhammad Tabā, tābā'i— Diwān-i-Wahshat	621	Muhammad Yūsuf alī— A'zamu sawāti-'al-Āfāq fī Sharhi Lawāmi-al-Ishrāq.	568
Mirza Muhammad Afdhal— Kalimāt-al-Shu'ara	581	Mu'in b. Haji Muhammad-al- Farāhi— Tarikh-i-Hadhrat Mūsa	583
Mirza Muhammad Khasim-al- Husayni of janabadi Qāsimi— Shāh nāmah	617	Mulla Abu-al-Barkāt Munir Lahūri— Sharh-i-Qasāid-i-Urfi	619
Mirza Muhammad Mahdi Khān Astarābādi— Tarikh-i-Jahān Gushai'	574	Mustafa alī Wālājāhi— Tazkirat-al-Ansāb	578
Mir Sayyid Sharif jurjāni— Sarf-i-Mir	676-679	(N)	
Nahw-i-Mir	682 685	Nasir-al-dīn Tūsi— Risālah dar Marifat-i-Ustar lāb.	686
Muhammad Akbar known as Muhammad Arzāni— Tibb-i-Akbar	644	Nasr-Allah b. Muhammad b. jalāl Azdi— Tarjūmah-i-Kanz-al-Daqa'iq	546
Mizān-al-Tibb	645	Nawidi— Diwān-i-Nawidi	630
Mufarrih-al-Qutūb	646	Nizām ganjawi— Iskandar nāmah-i-Bahri	591-590
Mujarrabāt-i-Akbari	662	Nūr-Allah b. Qadhi Sayyid alī Muhammad-al-Husayni-al- Qādri— Tarikh-i-Ali 'Ādil Shahi	573
Muhammad Akbar b. Hajee Mir Muhammad Muqim— Risālah-i-Muhammad Akbar	649	Nūr-al-dīn Muhamad Tarkhān— Diwān-i-Tarkhan	528
Muhammad Ata Allah— Dānish nāmah	569	Nūr-al-Haq— Nūr-al-Ayn Sharh-i-Qirān-al- Sa'dayn	613
Muhammad Husayn b. Muhammad Hādi-al-Alawiyi— Khulāsat-al-Hikmah	650	(Q)	
Muhammad Husayn b. Khalaf-al- Tabrayzi— Burhān-i-Qāti	574	Qādhi Muhammad Bahri— Sharh-i-Ghazal-i-Hakim Nāsir Khusrau.	611
Muhammad b. Qiwām b. Rustam b. Ahmad b. Muhamūd— Sharh- Makhzan- i-Asrār	593	(S)	
Muhammad Bāqir Āgāh— Kitāb-al-Rasā'il	554	Sayid alī b. Shihāb— Zakhir at-al-Mulūk	566
Ta'id-al-Haqq fi T'did-al-fraq	555	Sayid Ismā'il Abjadi— Sharh-i-Tuhfat-al-Iraqayn	612
I'ām-al-'Ālām bi Ujūbi Nasb-al- imām	556	Shah-Abd-al-'Aziz Dēhlavi— Tafsir-i-Azīzi (Fath-al-Azīz)	537
Nahr-al-zindiq bi ithbāti Khilā- fat-al-Siddiq	557	Shams-al-dīn Muhammad Hāfiz of Shirāz— Diwān-i-Hāfiz	615
Al Tahqiq-al-Aniq fī bayāni Afdhaliyyat-al-Siddiq	587	Shams-al-dīn b. Nūr-al-dīn Tabib— Zabdat-al-Hikam	656
Lubb-al-Lubāb fī Fadhā'il-al- ashāb	559	Shaykh Farid-al-dīn Attār— Mazhar-al-Ajāib	594
Daf-al-Waswās-al-Khamās-al- Āridfi Hadīth-al-Mirāth wa-al- Fidak-wa-Qirtas	560	Musibat-nāmah	595
Maqāmi-al-Hadīth fī Qāmi Mata, in-al-manhaj wa-al-Taj rid.	561	Lisān-al-Ghayb	596
Al Barq-al-Wāmidh fī Hafwat-al- Rawāfidh.	562	Ilāhi Nāmah	597
Kashf-al-astār an Mushābahuti- al-Rawāfidhi bi-al-Kuffār.	563	Waslat nāmah	598
Al Hijaj-al-Nāhidha fī Hukm-al- Rāfidhah.	564	I'and nāmah	601
Muhammad Mu'min Husayni— Tuhfat-al-Mū'minin	666-665	Wassiyat-nāmah	599
Muhammad Raza-al-Tabib— Riyādh-al-Tibb	664	Bulbul nāmah	602
		Basir nāmah	603
		Jawāhir-al-Zāt	604
		Ushtur nāmah	605

(S)—cont.		Descriptive numbers.
Name of the work.		
Mukhtār nāmāh		600
Haft wādi		606
Khusraw wa Gul		607
Asrār Nāmāh		608
Shaykh Muhsin Fāni— Diwān-i-Fāni		629
(W)		
Wisāli— Māmuqiman		633
(Y)		
Yār Muhammad b. Kudādād Sa- marqandi Qawāid-al-Qur'ān.		542

(Y)—cont.		Descriptive numbers.
Name of the work.		
Yūsufi— Qasaid-i-Yūsufi		623
Yusuf b. Muhammad Yūsufi— Dala'il-al-Nabdh		658
Dalāil-al-Baul		659
(Z)		
Zahir Faryābi— Diwān-i-Zahir Faryābi		589
Zahir b. Mahmūd b. Masūd-al- alavi— Zabdat-al-Sarif		663

PART III—PERSIAN

GENERAL INDEX.

(Note.—The names printed in italics those of the page works described.)

(A)		(A)—cont.	
	PAGE		PAGE
Abd-al-Aziz	626	Al barq-al Wāmidh	636
Abd-al-Haq b. Syf-al-din-al-Turk- al-Dihlavi-al-Bukhāri	656, 684, 632	<i>Al bar q-al-wamidh li Kāshfi Hafa wat-al-Rawāfidh.</i>	641
Abd-Allah	668	Al Hijaj-al-Nāhidhah	636
Abd-Allah b-Umar	628	<i>Al Hijaj-al-Nahidhah fi Hukm-al- Rāfidhah.</i>	642
Abd-al-Karīm-al-Jitts	643	Ali-al-Husayn-al-Makki b. Sayid Ibrāhīm-al-Astarābādi	602 602
Abd-al-Karim b. Ilyās	658	Ali Akbar	726
Abd-al-Rahmān jāmi	694	Ali Ashore b. Bhawa Shankar	706
Abd-al-Rahīm Sahnāf	712	<i>Al insām-al-Kānīl</i>	642
Abd-al-Samad Khan Bahadur Dilātr jung.	724	<i>Do.</i>	643
Abd-al-Rasūl qāsim	685	<i>Al Muntakhab-al-Tajwid</i>	624
Abd-al-Wahhāb b. Muhammad-al- Husayni-al-Hasani-al-Māmūri Ghinā, i.	664	Al Tahqiq-al-Aniq	636
Abbās qulikhān	718	<i>Al Tahqiq-al-Aniq fi bayani afdh- aliyyat-al-Siddiq.</i>	639
Ābid	629	Amāli	626
Abi Muhammd Muḥayy-al-din	637	Amin-al-din ali Khan Giryan	646
Abjadi	682, 683	Amir Fakhr-al-din Muhammad b. Yamīn.	686
Ahmadābād	684	Amir Hayadar Husain Belgirāmi	726
Abu-al-Muzaffar Ahmad Shah b. Muḥamad Shah b. Ahmad b. Muḥammad Shah b. Muzaffar Shah -al-Sultān.	634, 633	Amir Khusrau Dihlavi	680, 681 684
Abū bakar jilāni	708, 649	Anandrām Mukhlis	705
Abū Tāhir b. Kamāl	626	Anushir wān	648, 649
Abu-al-Fadhal	662, 653	Anwar-al-din Khān Bahadur	655
Abū Talib Khān	680	Anwār-al-dawlah Arastujang	712
Ādam	696	Anwār-al-Uqūl min Kalāmi wa- siyy-al-Rasūl.	695
Afdhal-al-din Badl Ibrāhīm b. al- Najjār Khāqāni of Shirwān	663	Anwar nāmah	683
Afrāsiyāb	700	Aqāsid-i Dakhani	635
<i>Ah - i-Sard</i>	697	Aristotle	648
Ahmad Nāgar	633	Arkot	627
Ahsan-al-Qasas	659	Arus-i- Irfān	681
Ailor	665	<i>Asās-al-Islam</i>	629
Ā, in-i-Akbāri	653	Asrār Nāmah	671, 676
Akbar ābād	665	<i>Asrār Namah</i>	577
<i>Akbar Nāmah</i>	653	Asrār-i-Salāt	696
Akbar	697	Auhad-al-din ali Anwari	662
Akbār-al-Akhyār	656	A'zamu Sawati-al-Afāq fi Sharhi <i>lawami-al- Ishrāq</i>	645
Akhlāq- i-Jalāli	645	Aziz Muhammad-al-Nasafi-al- Buhrāni.	649
<i>Al Awāmīl</i>	725		
Allamah Sa'd-al-din b. Umar-al- Taffāzāni.	702		
Ala-al-dine abi. Muhammad-al- Roshji.	703	(B)	
Alawi Lāhijī	665	Badā'ī-al Lusha	694, 714
		Badr-al-din Hatifi Astarabādi	698
		Bahr-al-zindiq	630
		Bahār- i- Sukhan	690

	PAGE	(F)	PAGE
Banwāli Dās	648	<i>Diwān-i-Nāwidi</i>	699
Bashārāt-i-Mazharīa	690	Fāl nāmāh	705
<i>Baysar Nāmāh</i>	674	Faqīr Jā'ī Muhammad As'ad	645
Do.	671	Dawwāni.	
<i>Bayādh-i-Ash'ār-i-Mutafarriqah</i> ..	699	Farīd-al-dīn Attar	669, 666
<i>Bayan-i-Taqsīm-i-Sa'āt.</i>	705	Fatāwa-i-Khāni	626
Do.	706	Fawātih-i-Maybadi	696
Bazl-al-Dirāyah fi Zikr Dhawābit-al-	636	<i>Figh-i-Umdat-al-Islām</i>	626, 627
Riwayah.		<i>Fusul-i-Akbari</i>	727
Bāzi-i-Hosh Afza	696		
Bijāpūr	681	(G)	
Bombay	715	Ghulam Qādīr	631
<i>Bulbulnāmāh</i>	674	Ghulam āli Muhammad Qurshīd-al	657
Do.	671	Mulk Muhammad Nasir Khan.	
Burhan Khan b. Hasan	682, 683	Ghulam Muhammad b. Abd-al-	659
<i>Burhān-i-qāti</i>	722	Wahāb.	
Do.	723	Ghulam Ahmad	667
Bustān-i-Muhaddithin	619	Ghulam Muhammad	682, 707
Buzurj Mehr	648, 649	Ghulam Muhammad Safi allah	712
		Khān Bahādur.	
(C)		Gūri Wa changān	688
Calcutta	686, 687	Gujrāt	633, 634
	690		665
Carnātic	716	Gulriz	635
Chaināpalān	655	<i>Gulzār-i-Hāl (Shash Chaman)</i> ..	648
		Gūpāmū	654, 655
(D)			
Daf'al-waswās-al-Khannās-al-ārīdh	639	(H)	
fi <i>Hadith-al-Mirāth wa-al-fidak</i>		Habib	644
wa <i>girtās.</i>		Hadāiq-al-Haqaiq fi Kashfi Asrār-	659
Do.	636	al-Daqa'iq.	
Dah Qāidah	643	Hadharat Abū bakar	688, 689
<i>Dala, il-al-Nabdh</i>	713	Hadhrat Omar Farooq	640
Do.	714	Hadhrat 'ali	700
Daulāt Shah	662	Hadhrat Yūsuf wa Zalikha	706
Dala, il-al-Bawl	714	Hadhrat Mūsa wa Safūra	706
<i>Dānish nāmāh</i>	647	Hāfiz Nūr Muhammad	628, 629
Dānish mand Khan	652	Hāfiz Sāib	700
Dārā Shukūh	648	Haft 'Iqlim	645
Dastūr-al-Amal	681	Haft Jawhar	683
Dhāmīri of Asfahān	693	Haft Manzar	693
Dhiyā-al-dīn Nakhshabi	634, 635	<i>Haft wādi</i>	676
<i>Diwān-i-Anwari</i>	662	Do.	671
<i>Diwān-i-Zahir Fāryābi</i>	666	Hāji Khalifat	626
<i>Diwān-i-Ibn-i-yamin</i>	686	Hāji Muhammad Imām-al-dīn	630
<i>Diwān-i-Hāfiz</i>	686	Khān.	
<i>Diwān-i-Masūd bek</i>	687	Hakim Thanā'i	661
<i>Diwān-i-Asaf</i>	689	Hakim Shifā'i	692
<i>Diwān-i-Mazhar-i-Jān-i-jan</i>	690	Hakim Mu'tamad-al-Mulk Alari Khan.	709
<i>Diwān-i-Wahshat</i>	692	Hakim Ahmad-allah Khan Deh-	713
<i>Diwān-i-AbūTālib</i>	692	lavi.	
<i>Diwān-i-Jamāl-al-dīn</i>	695	Hakim Fadhal ali	716
<i>Diwān-i-Tarkhān</i>	697	Hakim Kāmāl-al-dīn Husayn	716
<i>Diwān-i-Fāni</i>	698	Shirāsi.	

(H)—cont.

	PAGE
Hakim Ghulām Murtudha Dakhani.	716
Hakim Ahmad-Allah Khān ..	716, 720
Hall-al-Nusūs	643
<i>Hall-al-Lughat</i>	723
Hamadān	643
Haqiqat Roy	660
Harāt	694
Hwwā	696
Haydar-jang	628
Haydar Husain Fārūqi	691
Hikāyat	681
Humayūn	714
Husain b. ali-al-wa'iz-al-Kāshifi ..	620
Husayn bayg bahādur	645
Husayn b. Mu, in-al-din Maybadi.	695
Hydrābād	652, 660

(I)

Ibn-i-Sinā	648
Ikhtiyār b. Giyāth-al-din-al Husiani	631
Ikrām Khān	652, 653
Ilāhi Nāmāh	669
<i>Ilāhi Namāh</i>	671
I,lām-al- A,lām	636
<i>I,lām-al-A lambi ujubi Nasab-al-</i> <i>Imām.</i>	637
Ilmal- Kitāb	696
Imad-al-din Mahmūd	716
Imām Jafar Sādiq	705, 721
Imām Jafar Tayyār	653
India	662, 692
Inshā-i- Yūsufi	694
Inshā-i- Munir	690
Iqtifa-al-wafa	656
Irāq	645
Isfahān	663, 692
<i>Iskandarnāmāh-e- Bahri</i>	666, 667
<i>Do.</i>	668

(J)

Jalāl-al-din Muhammad b As, ad-al Dawwāni	645
Jalāl-al-din Muhammad Akbar ..	698
Jām-i-gaitinuma	695
Jamal-al-din Muhammad b. Mah- mūd-al-Husayni Sharastani.	702
Jāmi	710
Jāmi-al-Fawāid	714
<i>Jāmi-al-jawāmi</i>	716
Jāmi Alani	677
Jawāhir-al-Tafsīr li Tuhfatl-al Amir.	621

(J)—cont.

	PAGE
Jawāhir-al-zāt	671
<i>Jawāhir-al-zat</i>	675
Jawāhir nāmāh	673
Jazb-al-Quloob ila dār-al-Mahbūb.	632
<i>Jazb-al-Quloob</i>	656
Jurjān	692
Juz, iyyāt wa kulliyāt	635

(K)

Kabiri Press	696
Kalimāt-al-Shu'ara	658
Kalim Qudsī	692
Kamal-al-din Husayn b. ali-al kāshifi.	621
Kanz-al-Haqā, iq	681
Kāristan	690
Karnātic	627
Karnāmāh	690
Kāshf-al-Astār	636
Kāshf-al-Asrār	627
Kāshf-al-Astār 'an Mushābahāt al- Rawāfidhi bil- kuffar.	641
Khams-asi-Khāsimi	688
Khāqāni	665
Kharita-i-jawāhir	690
Khayr l din Khān	654, 655
Khān-al-din Hasan Ghulam-i-Dhā, min b. Iftikhar-al-Dau lh Hafiz muhammed nasir Khān.	657
Khazanah-i Āmirah	658
Khulasat-al-Manāqib	643
<i>Khulāsāt-al-Hikumat</i>	709
<i>Khulāsāt-al-Hukma.</i>	719
Khusraunāmāh	673, 677
<i>Khusrau wa gul</i>	676
<i>Do.</i>	671
Khusrau-wa-Shirin	688
Khusrau	693
Khutb-al-din Mubarak Shah ..	680
Khvajah Asafi b. Muqim-al-din Ni'matallah.	689
Khwājah Mir Dard	696, 697
Khvajah Muhammad Nāsir	696
Kimiya'i Sa'adat	681
Kishan Dās Bhat	646
<i>Kitāb-al-Rasā, il</i>	636
<i>Do.</i>	643
<i>Kitāb-i-jadwalī</i>	727
Kulliyāt-i-Munir	690
Kulliyāt-i-Shaykh Farid-al-din-Attar.	671

(L)

(M)—cont.

	PAGE		PAGE
<i>Lawāmi-al-Ishrāq</i>	645	Maulāna Hisām-al-din Tabrazi ..	679
Do.	646, 647	Maulāna Qādhi Mahmūd Bahri ..	681
Layla wa Majnūn	688	Maulana Abd-allah Hātifi ..	693
<i>Layla wa Majnūn</i>	693	Maulāna Habīb allah	693
<i>ʿIsān-al-Ghayb</i>	669	Maulana Hakim Muhammad Yahya	708
<i>ʿIsān-al-Ghayb</i>	670	Nudrat.	
Lord Minto	667	Mawadat nāmah	683
Lub-al-lubāb	636	<i>Mazhar-al-Ajāsib</i>	668
<i>Lub-al-Lubāb fi Fadḥā, il-al Ashāb.</i>	639	Do.	669
Luoknow	658, 664	Miftah-al-Nukat by Mirzājān ..	690
	694, 707, 715	Mir 'Ali Shīr	621
<i>Lu, lū-i-Majālis</i>	633	Mir'at-al-ʿArifin	637
Luqmān-i-Hakim	650	Mir'at-al-Anwār	705
(M)		Mir jamāl-al-dīn Muḥamad Tabā-	692
Machlibandar	706	tabā'i.	
Madīnah	656	Mir Muhammad Mahdi Khān Asta-	651
Mahmūd Tāhir Ghzāli	635	rābādi.	
Mahmūd ali Khān Sahib	668	Mirza Muhammad Afdhal	658
<i>Mahmūd nāmah</i>	701	Mirza Muhammad Qasim al-Husayni	688
Mahmūd ali Saīd b. Hafiz Muḥay-al-	727	of janābādi Qāsiri.	
dīn Husayn.		Mirza Mazhar	691
<i>Mā'idat-al-Fawā'id</i>	651	Mirza jalāl Asir	700
Do.	652	Mirza Sadallah	718
Majma-al-Bahrayn	626	Mir Muhammad aliyy-al-Husayni.	709
Majmu'ah-i-Shamsi	719	Mir Muhammad Hādi	716
Makhdūm Shah la'iptr	655	Mir Muhammad Hāshim	716
Makhzan-i-Asrār-i-Nizāmi	668	Mir Muhammad Husayn Hakim ..	718
<i>Mālābudda Shāfa'i</i>	627	Mir Syed Sharif jurjāni	723, 724
Malik Muhammad Aslam	628		725, 727
<i>Mamuqimān</i>	701	<i>Mizān</i>	725
Manlagan	681	<i>Mizān-al-Tibb</i>	707
<i>Manāzir-al-Abdāl</i>	708	<i>Mufarriḥ-al-Qulūb</i>	707
Maqāmi-al-Ḥadīd	636	Muhammad Shāhī	627
Maqāmi-al-Ḥadīd fi Qmi Matā, in-	640	Muhammad ali Husayn Khān Tāj-	633
<i>al-Manhaj wa-al-Tajrid.</i>		al-ʿUmara.	
Maq sūd Ali	666	Muhammad Shagr-allah	634
<i>Ma'rifat-al-Mazāhib</i>	635	Muhammad Khāsīm	635
M'arīj-al-Nubuwah	659	Muhammad Bāqir Āgāh	636
Mashāriq-al-Anwār	626	Muhammad Qudrat Rasūl	643
Mashāriq-al-Azwāq	643	Muhammad Yūsuf ali	645
Mastūrat	643	Muhammad Ata'allah	647
Matan-i-Dānishnāmah	648	Muhammad Qāsīm	649
Mathnavi-i-Wali Rām	648	Muhammad Abd-allah Mehkari ..	656
Mathnavi-i-Maulāna Rūm	678	Muhammad Na,ūm Bharanāhī ..	690
<i>Mathnavi-i Nuh sepehr</i>	679	Muhammad Khasim Qasimi	694
Maulana Shah Abdul Aziz Dehlavi	619	Muhammad Akbar Arzāni	706,
Maulvi Ghulām Makhdūm	651		707, 715
Maulvi Allah bakash b. Sheyk Abd	655	Muhammed Akbar b. Hāji Mir Mu-	709
al-Hay.		hammad Muqīm.	
Maulvi Badar ali Azīm abādi and	667	Muhammad Husayn b. Muhammad	709
Mir Husayn ali jaunpūri		Hādi-al-Alaviyyi.	
Inauli vMughith-al-dī Hansawi ..	668	Muhammad Uthmān	710
		gMuhammad Ni,mallah Khān ..	71

(M)—cont.

	PAGE
Muhammad Safiallah Khān	711
Muhammad Asad-Allah	712
Muhammad Raza-al-Tabīb	717
Muhammad Mu'min Husayn b. Mir Muhammad Zaman.	718
Muhammad Husayn b. Khalaf al- Tabrayzi.	722
Muhammad Husayn	723
Muhammad darwaysh	726
Muhammad Ghazālī of T ^h	661
Muhammad Fāzil	664
Muhammad b. Dāūd b. Muhammad	665
Muhammad Khatīl bayg	665
Muhammad b. Qiwām b. Rustum b. Ahmad b. Mahmūd.	668
Muhammad Mu, in-al-dīn	678
Muhammad Nāzish Khān	678
Muhammad Gul Andām	686
Muhammad jā'ar	687
Muhammad Wajih al-din Siddiqi.	694
Muhit	628
Mu, in b. Hāji Muhammad-al-Farāhi.	659
<i>Mujarrāb-i-Akhbāri</i>	715
Mukhtar-al-Ikhtiyār	631
Mukhtār nāmah	671, 677
<i>Muhtar</i> nāmah	673
Mulla jalāl-al-dīn Muhammad b. as, ad Dawwāni.	646
Mullah Abu-al-Barakat Munir Lahūri.	689
Mullah Hatifi.	694
Munajat	643
Muntakhab-al-Tajwid	659
<i>Muntakhab-i-Hadiqa</i>	661
<i>Muntakhab Ashar</i>	700
Muntakhab Ash'ār Mirza jalāl Asir.	701
Muntakhab-i- Ash, āri-Sāid	701
<i>Muntakhab-al-nawh</i>	726
<i>Muntakhab-la-sarf</i>	631
Muqaddamah-al-Salāt	669
<i>Musibat namah</i>	654
Mustafa-ali Walājāhi	655

(N)

Nadir Shāh	651
<i>Nahr-alsindiq bi ithdāti Khilāfat at Siddiq.</i>	638
<i>Nahw-i-Mir</i>	726
Najābat Khan	663
Najābat Ali	669
Najm Wuhammad	633, 634
<i>Nālah-i-Dard</i>	626
<i>Nālah-i-Andalib</i>	636

(N)—cont.

	PAGE
Nām-i-Haqq	631
Nasr-Allah-b. Muhammad Jamāl Azdi.	628
Nasr-al-dīn Muhammad Humāyūn.	698
Nasr al-dīn	700, 684
Nasr-al-dīn Tusi	702
Nanbādah	690
Nawwāb Gauth Khan Bahādur	646, 648 682, 683
Nawwāb Azīmjah Bahādur	648
Nawwab Muhammad Mahfooz Khan Shamāt Jang.	648
Nawwāb Anwar-al-dīn Khān	654, 638
Nawwāb Imad-al-Daulah Imam- al-i-dīn Khān Bahādur Zafar jang.	655
Nawwāb Muhammad Ali	682, 683
Nawwāb Mutamad-al-Mulk	716
Nawwab Alavi Khān Sāhib	716
Nigāristan-e-Munir	690
Nigārnāmah-e-Faydhi	690
Nizāmial-dīn Ambathari	654
Nizām ganjai	666, 667 693
<i>Nūr-al-Uyūn</i>	622, 659
Nur-Allah-b-Qadhi Sayyed Ali Muhamed-al-Husayni-al-Qādri.	650
<i>Nur-al-Ayn Sharh-i-Qirān a l</i> <i>Sa-l-dayn.</i>	684, 685, 687
Nūr-al-Haqq	684, 685
Nūr Muhammad	685
Nūr-al-dīn Muhammad Tarkhān	697, 698
Nūr-Nāmah	699
<i>Nushkājāt-i-Mujarrab</i>	716
<i>Nushka-i-Munshaiyah</i>	724, 725

(P)

Padashāh nāmah	692
Pand-i-Luqmān Hakīm	635, 649
<i>Pand nāmah</i>	673
Do.	671
Pārah-i-Am	619

(Q)

Qabūl Muhammad	665
Qadhi Irthidha Ali Khān Sahib	619
Qāmūs	652, 653
Qānūncha	707
Qaas'id-i-Oani	663
Qa. a'id-i-Khaqāni	664
Qa. a'id-Yusufi	694
Qaum-i-Nawāit	652
Qawaid-i-Qurān	625
Do.	659

(R)

(S)

	PAGE		PAGE
Rāghib wa Marghoob	683	Shams-al-din Muhammad Hafiz of Shīrāz	686
Rajah wali	648	Shams-al-din Habib-Allah	690
Ranjit Singh	648	Shams-al-din b. Nur-al-din Tabib	713
Raudhat-al-Ābidīn	632	Sharh-i-Tahāwi	626
Raudhat-al-Wā'izīn	652	Sharh-i-Nām-i-Haqq	631
Risālah-e-Auqāt-al-Salāt	630	Sharh-i-Nakshabi	634
Risālah-i-Daf-al-waswās	642	Sharh-i-Du'ā-i-Suryāni	635
Risālat-al-Istiāhāt	643	Sharh-i-Qasā'id-i-Khaqani	664
Risālah dar Ma'rifati Usturlāb	702	(Muhabbat nāmah).	
Risālah dar Ma'rifati Kurah	703	Sharh-i-Gulshan-i-Rāz	665
Risālah fi-al-Ha'yah	703	Sharh-i-Ikandar nāmah	667
Risālah Dar Ilmi-Riyādhī	704	(Muntakhab-al-Sarf).	
Risālah-i-Nujūm	704, 705	Sharaf nāmah	668
Risālah-i-Nuskhajāt	708, 711, 715	Sharh-i-Makhzan-i-Aerār	668
Risālah-i-Muhammad Akbar	709	Sharh-al-Qalb	673
Risālah-i-Mizāj i Zan wa mard	710	Sharh-e-Ghazal-i-Habim Nasir- khusrau.	681
Risālah dar Tashrih-i-badan	711	Sharh-e-Tuhfat-al-Irāqayn	682
Risālah dar Tariq-i-Sakhtan wa pardakhtan.	712	Sharh-i-Qirān-al-Sa'dayn	685
Risālah-i-Quwwat-i-Bāh	715	Sharh-i-Qasā'id-i-Urfi	689
Risālah-dar Tibb	720	Sharh-i-Diwān-i-Ali b. Abi Talib.	695
Riyālahdar Ramal	721	Sharh-i-Tahzīb	702
Rujād-al-Tibb	717	Sharh-al-Awāmil	725
Rūh Afzā	665	Shaykh Abd-al-Qādir b. Qadhi Shaykh Ibrahim b. Shaykh nimallah Khattābi Farūqi Qannuji.	654
Rūh-al-Amin of Asfahān	694	Shaykh Khayrallah	655
Ruqah-i-Durrat-al-Nādiri	651	Shaykh Nūr Muhammad b. Shaykh Rahmatullah.	663
Ruqāat-i-Munir	690	Shaykhzādah Lāhiji	665
		Shaykh Farid-al-din Attār	668, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677
(S)		Shaykh Abd-al-Salām	682
Siha-al-Barjadh	665	Shaykh Dāūd	685
Sarf-i-Mīr	723, 724, 725	Shaykh Muhsin Fāni	698
Sawānihāt-i-Mumtāz	657	Shaykh Ādam son of Shaykh- Abd-al-Qadir.	706
Sawānihāt-i-Akbari	726	Shifā-al-Majdūr	720
Sayid-al-Masha'ik Sayid Burhan Mahmūd.	633	Shir Khān	687
Sayid Ali b. Shihāb	643, 692	Shirin wa Khusrau	693
Sayid Ali Tayyib Khān wālā	646	Silk-i-Sulūk	635
Sayid Isma'il Abjadi	664	Sirāj-al-Umara Nawāb Azam jāh Bahādur.	630
Shāh Abd-al-Rahim Dehlavi	619	Sri Bhāgarat	660
Shāh Raḍ'al-din Dehlavi	619	Sultān ali Ādil Shah II of Bijāpūr.	650
Shāh Abd-al-Qādir Dehlavi	619	Sultān Sanjar	662
Shāh Wali-Allah Dehlavi	619	Sultān Mu'iz-al-din	684
Shah Kalimallah	643	Sultān Abd-Allah Qutub Shah of Golkonda.	710
Shāh Nur-al-din Jahangir	658		710, 723
Shāh Parwiz	658	Syed jāh Muhammad Khān	621
Shāh nāmah	688		
Shah Ismā'il Safawi	688		
Shāh ruḥ nāmah	688		
Shāh Ismā'il Hātifi	693		
Shah Abbās	701		

(S)	PAGE	(T)	PAGE
Syed Muhammad Khan Bahadur.	619	Tuhfat-al-Irāqayn	664
Syed Isma'īl Abjadi	682	<i>Tuhfat-al-Mu'minin</i>	718
Syed Najīb Allah	Tutinamah	635
(T)		(U)	
<i>Ta'bir Nāmāh</i>	721	Ubayd-Allah Bahadur Khān	625
<i>Do.</i>	722	Umm-al-Nasā'ih	687
<i>Tafsīr-i-Ta'birāt-i-Khwāb</i>	722	Urfi	690
Tafsīr-i-Azizi (Fath-al-Aziz)	619	<i>Ushūr namāh</i>	675
<i>Tafsīr-i-Husaini</i>	620	<i>Do</i>	671
<i>Tahqīq-al-Buhrān</i>	713	(V)	
Tahqīq-al-Istilāhāt	726	Vayāsa	660
Tahzīb-al-Mantiq	702	(W)	
Te'id-al-Haqq	636	Wafa-al-Wafa biAkhbāriDār-al-Mustafa.	656
<i>Te'id-al-Haqq fi T'adid-al-firaq</i>	637	Waqa'i i-Nimat Khān Āli	652
Te'id-al-A'dād	646	Waqi-'āt-i-Azfarī	716, 720
Tāj Muhammad	723	Waridāt-i-Dard	696
Takmil-al-Imān	632	<i>Wasiyyat nāmāh</i>	672
Tamhidūt	687	<i>Do.</i>	671
<i>Taq Wīm</i>	706	<i>Waslat nāmāh</i>	671
Tārghīb-al-Salāt	626	Wisāli	701
<i>Tārikh-i-Āli Adil Shā'ri</i>	650	(Y)	
<i>Tārikh-i-jahān Gushā'i</i>	651	Yāqūb	708
Tārikh-i-Haqqi	656	Yār Muhammad b. Khudā-dād Samarqandi.	625
Tārikh-i-Rājagān	658	Yūsuf	708
<i>Tārikh-i-Hadhrat Mūsa</i>	659	Yūsuf b. Muḥammad Yūsufi	714
Tārikh-al-Tahqīq	661	(Z)	
<i>Tarjumah-i-Kanz-al-Daqāiq</i>	628	Zabdat-al-Afkār	683
<i>Tarjumah-i-Baital Paolisi</i>	658	<i>Zabdat-al-Hikama</i>	713
Tauqī'āt	692	<i>Zabdat-al-Sarf</i>	724, 725
Tauzak-i-Wālājahi	682, 683	<i>Zafar nāmāh</i>	648
Tazkirah-i-Gulzār-i-Azam	646, 682	Zahir b. Muḥammad b. Mas'ud-al-Alavi	725
<i>Tazkirat-al-Ansāb</i>	654	<i>Zakhirat-al-Mulūk</i>	643
<i>Tibb-i-Akbar</i>	706	<i>Zinaal-Qari</i>	623, 656
<i>Tibb-i-Mujarrabat</i>	711		
Taimūr Nāmāh	693		
Tirmazi	626		
Tuhfat-i-Ithna Ashariyyah	619		

Year	Country	Value	Year	Country	Value
1970	Algeria	100	1970	Algeria	100
1971	Algeria	100	1971	Algeria	100
1972	Algeria	100	1972	Algeria	100
1973	Algeria	100	1973	Algeria	100
1974	Algeria	100	1974	Algeria	100
1975	Algeria	100	1975	Algeria	100
1976	Algeria	100	1976	Algeria	100
1977	Algeria	100	1977	Algeria	100
1978	Algeria	100	1978	Algeria	100
1979	Algeria	100	1979	Algeria	100
1980	Algeria	100	1980	Algeria	100
1981	Algeria	100	1981	Algeria	100
1982	Algeria	100	1982	Algeria	100
1983	Algeria	100	1983	Algeria	100
1984	Algeria	100	1984	Algeria	100
1985	Algeria	100	1985	Algeria	100
1986	Algeria	100	1986	Algeria	100
1987	Algeria	100	1987	Algeria	100
1988	Algeria	100	1988	Algeria	100
1989	Algeria	100	1989	Algeria	100
1990	Algeria	100	1990	Algeria	100
1991	Algeria	100	1991	Algeria	100
1992	Algeria	100	1992	Algeria	100
1993	Algeria	100	1993	Algeria	100
1994	Algeria	100	1994	Algeria	100
1995	Algeria	100	1995	Algeria	100
1996	Algeria	100	1996	Algeria	100
1997	Algeria	100	1997	Algeria	100
1998	Algeria	100	1998	Algeria	100
1999	Algeria	100	1999	Algeria	100
2000	Algeria	100	2000	Algeria	100
2001	Algeria	100	2001	Algeria	100
2002	Algeria	100	2002	Algeria	100
2003	Algeria	100	2003	Algeria	100
2004	Algeria	100	2004	Algeria	100
2005	Algeria	100	2005	Algeria	100
2006	Algeria	100	2006	Algeria	100
2007	Algeria	100	2007	Algeria	100
2008	Algeria	100	2008	Algeria	100
2009	Algeria	100	2009	Algeria	100
2010	Algeria	100	2010	Algeria	100
2011	Algeria	100	2011	Algeria	100
2012	Algeria	100	2012	Algeria	100
2013	Algeria	100	2013	Algeria	100
2014	Algeria	100	2014	Algeria	100
2015	Algeria	100	2015	Algeria	100
2016	Algeria	100	2016	Algeria	100
2017	Algeria	100	2017	Algeria	100
2018	Algeria	100	2018	Algeria	100
2019	Algeria	100	2019	Algeria	100
2020	Algeria	100	2020	Algeria	100